LMX2522/LMX2532 PLLatinum™ Frequency Synthesizer System with Integrated VCOs

Check for Samples: LMX2522, LMX2532

FEATURES

- **Small Size**
  - **Small 5.0 mm x 5.0 mm x 0.75 mm 28-Pin WQFN Package**
- **RF/GPS Synthesizer System**
  - **Integrated RF VCO**
  - **Integrated GPS VCO**
  - **Integrated Loop Filter**
  - **Low Spurious, Low Phase Noise Fractional-N RF PLL Based on 11-bit Delta Sigma Modulator**
  - **10 kHz Frequency Resolution**
- **IF Synthesizer System**
  - **Integer-N IF PLL**
  - **Programmable Charge Pump Current Levels**
  - **Programmable Frequencies**
- **Supports Various Reference Oscillator Frequencies**
  - **19.20/19.68 MHz**
- **Fast Lock Time: 500 µs**
- **Low Current Consumption**
  - **17 mA at 2.8 V**
- **2.7 V to 3.3 V Operation**
- **Digital Filtered Lock Detect Output**
- **Hardware and Software Power Down Control**

APPLICATIONS

- **Korean PCS CDMA Systems with GPS**
- **Korean Cellular CDMA Systems with GPS**

DESCRIPTION

LMX2522 and LMX2532 are highly integrated, high performance, low power frequency synthesizer systems optimized for Korean PCS (K-PCS) with GPS and Korean Cellular (K-Cellular) with GPS, CDMA (1xRTT, IS-95) mobile handsets. Using a proprietary digital phase locked loop technique, LMX2522 and LMX2532 generate very stable, low noise local oscillator signals for up and down conversion in wireless communications devices.

LMX2522 and LMX2532 include a RF voltage controlled oscillator (VCO), a GPS VCO, a loop filter, and a fractional-N RF PLL based on a delta sigma modulator. In concert these blocks form a closed loop RF and GPS synthesizer system. LMX2522 supports the Korean PCS band with GPS and LMX2532 supports the Korean Cellular band with GPS.

LMX2522 and LMX2532 include an Integer-N IF PLL also. For more flexible loop filter designs, the IF PLL includes a 4-level programmable charge pump. Together with an external VCO and loop filter, LMX2522 and LMX2532 make a complete closed loop IF synthesizer system.

Serial data is transferred to the device via a three-wire MICROWIRE interface (DATA, LE, CLK).

Operating supply voltage ranges from 2.7 V to 3.3 V. LMX2502 and LMX2512 feature low current consumption: 17 mA at 2.8 V.

LMX2522 and LMX2532 are available in a 28-pin WQFN package.

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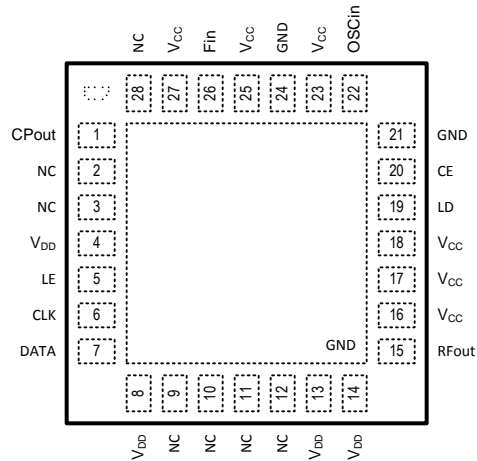
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Functional Block Diagram
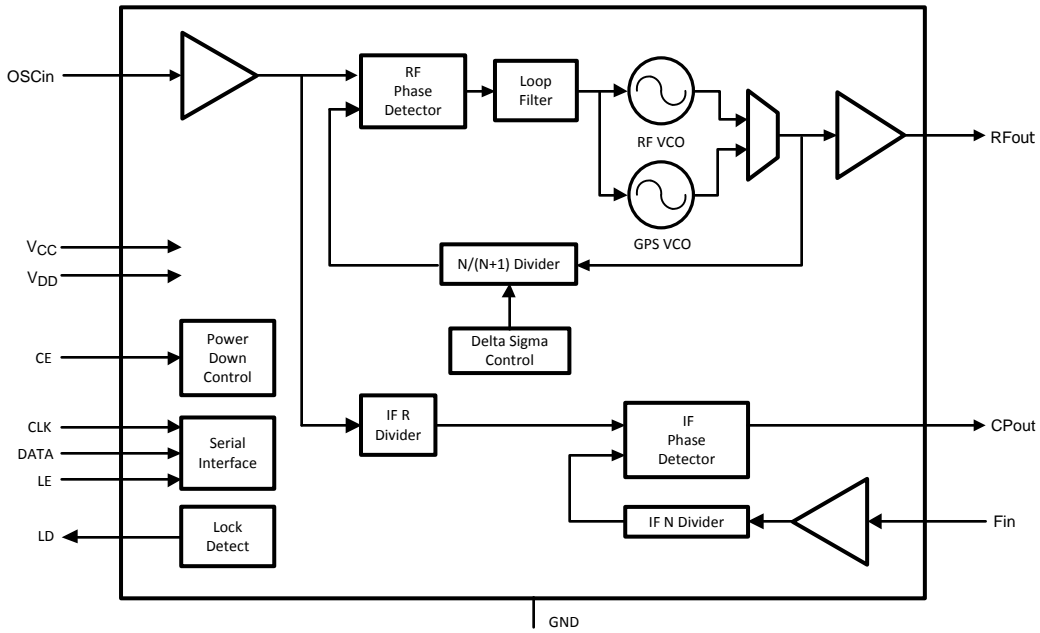
Connection Diagram

NOTE: Analog ground connected through exposed die attached pad.

Figure 1. 28-Pin WQFN (NJB) Package

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin Number	Name	I/O	Description
1	CPout	O	IF PLL charge pump output
2	NC	—	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
3	NC	—	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
4	V_{DD}	—	Supply voltage for IF analog circuitry
5	LE	I	MICROWIRE Latch Enable
6	CLK	I	MICROWIRE Clock
7	DATA	I	MICROWIRE Data
8	V_{DD}	—	Supply voltage for VCOs
9	NC	—	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
10	NC	—	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
11	NC	—	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
12	NC	—	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.
13	V_{DD}	—	Supply voltage for VCOs
14	V_{DD}	—	Supply voltage for VCOs output buffer
15	RFout	O	Buffered VCO output
16	V_{CC}	—	Supply voltage for RF prescaler
17	V_{CC}	—	Supply voltage for charge pump
18	V_{CC}	—	Supply voltage for RF digital circuitry
19	LD	O	Lock Detect
20	CE	I	Chip Enable control pin
21	GND	—	Ground for digital circuitry
22	OSCin	I	Reference frequency input
23	V_{CC}	—	Supply voltage for reference input buffer
24	GND	—	Ground for digital circuitry
25	V_{CC}	—	Supply voltage for IF digital circuitry
26	Fin	I	IF buffer/prescaler input
27	V_{CC}	—	Supply voltage for IF buffer/prescaler
28	NC	—	Do not connect to any node on printed circuit board.

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

Absolute Maximum Ratings[1][2][3]

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}, V_{DD}	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Voltage on any pin to GND	V_I	-0. 3 to V_{DD}+0.3	V
		-0. 3 to V_{CC}+0.3	V
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-65 to 150	°C

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Recommended Operating Conditions indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not ensure specific performance limits. For ensured specifications and test conditions, refer to the Electrical Characteristics section. The ensured specifications apply only for the conditions listed.
(2) This device is a high performance RF integrated circuit with an ESD rating < 2 kV and is ESD sensitive. Handling and assembly of this device should be done at ESD protected work stations.
(3) GND = 0 V.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Ambient Temperature	T_A	-30	25	85	°C
Supply Voltage (to GND)	V_{CC}, V_{DD}	2.7		3.3	V

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 V, T_A = 25 °C; unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
I_{CC} PARAMETERS						
I_{CC} + I_{DD}	Total Supply Current	OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		17	19	mA
(I_{CC} + I_{DD})$_{RF}$	RF PLL Total Supply Current	OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		16	18	mA
I_{PD}	Power Down Current [1]	CE = Low or RF_EN = 0 IF_EN = 0			20	µA
REFERENCE OSCILLATOR						
f_{OSCin}	Reference Oscillator Input Frequency [2]	19.20 MHz and 19.68 MHz are supported	19.20		19.68	MHz
V_{OSCin}	Reference Oscillator Input sensitivity			0.2	V_{CC}	V_{P-P}

(1) In power down mode, set DATA, CLK and LE pins to 0 V (GND).
(2) The reference frequency must also be programmed using the OSC_FREQ control bit. For other reference frequencies, please contact Texas Instruments.

Product Folder Links: *LMX2522 LMX2532*

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 V, T_A = 25 °C; unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
RF VCO							
f_{RFout}	Frequency Range [3]	LMX2522LQ1635	RF VCO	1619.62		1649.62	MHz
		LMX2532LQ0967		954.42		979.35	MHz
		LMX2532LQ1065		1052.64		1077.57	MHz
p_{RFout}	RF Output Power	OB_CRL [1:0] = 11		-2	1	4	dBm
		OB_CRL [1:0] = 10		-5	-2	1	dBm
		OB_CRL [1:0] = 01		-7	-4	-1	dBm
		OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		-9	-6	-3	dBm
	Lock Time [4]	LMX2522LQ1635	30 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	µs
		LMX2532LQ0967	25 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	µs
		LMX2532LQ1065	25 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	µs
	Reference Spurs					-75	dBc
	RMS Phase Error	RF PLL in all band			1.3		degrees
L(f)	Phase Noise	LMX2522LQ1635	@100 kHz offset		-113	-112	dBc/Hz
			@1.25 MHz offset		-138	-136	dBc/Hz
		LMX2532LQ0967	@100 kHz offset		-117	-115	dBc/Hz
			@900 kHz offset		-139	-138	dBc/Hz
		LMX2532LQ1065	@100 kHz offset		-117	-115	dBc/Hz
			@900kHz offset		-139	-138	dBc/Hz
	2nd Harmonic Suppression					-25	dBc
	3rd Harmonic Suppression					-20	dBc
GPS VCO							
f_{RFout}	Operating Frequency	LMX2522LQ1635	GPS VCO		1355.04		MHz
		LMX2532LQ0967			1490.04		MHz
		LMX2532LQ1065			1391.82		MHz
p_{RFout}	Output Power		OB_CRL [1:0] = 11	-2	1	4	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 10	-5	-2	1	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 01	-7	-4	-1	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 00	-9	-6	-3	dBm
	Lock Time [4]		From RF to GPS PLL		600	800	µs
	Reference Spurs					-75	dBc
	RMS Phase Error		RF PLL in all band		1.3		degrees
L(f)	Phase Noise		@100 kHz offset		-113	-112	dBc/Hz
			@1.25 MHz offset		-138	-136	dBc/Hz
	2nd Harmonic Suppression					-25	dBc
	3rd Harmonic Suppression					-20	dBc

(3) For other frequency ranges, please contact Texas Instruments.
(4) Lock time is defined as the time difference between the beginning of the frequency transition and the point at which the frequency remains within +/- 1 kHz of the final frequency.

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 V, T_A = 25 °C; unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
IF PLL							
f_{Fin}	Operating Frequency (5)	LMX2522LQ1635	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 10, Default Value		440.76		MHz
		LMX2532LQ0967	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 00, Default Value		170.76		MHz
		LMX2532LQ1065	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 01, Default Value		367.20		MHz
p_{Fin}	IF Input Sensitivity			-10		0	dBm
$f_{\Phi IF}$	Phase Detector Frequency				120		kHz
I_{CPout}	Charge Pump Current		IF_CUR [1:0] = 00		100		µA
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 01		200		µA
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 10		300		µA
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 11		800		µA
DIGITAL INTERFACE (DATA, CLK, LE, LD, CE)							
V_{IH}	High-Level Input Voltage			0.8 V_{DD}		V_{DD}	V
				0.8 V_{CC}		V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Low-Level Input Voltage			0		0.2 V_{DD}	V
				0		0.2 V_{CC}	V
I_{IH}	High-Level Input Current			-10		10	µA
I_{IL}	Low-Level Input Current			-10		10	µA
	Input Capacitance				3		pF
V_{OH}	High-Level Output Voltage			0.9 V_{DD}			V
				0.9 V_{CC}			V
V_{OL}	Low-Level Output Voltage					0.1 V_{DD}	V
						0.1 V_{CC}	V
	Output Capacitance					5	pF
MICROWIRE INTERFACE TIMING							
t_{CS}	Data to Clock Set Up Time			50			ns
t_{CH}	Data to Clock Hold Time			10			ns
t_{CWH}	Clock Pulse Width High			50			ns
t_{CWL}	Clock Pulse Width Low			50			ns
t_{ES}	Clock to Latch Enable Set Up Time			50			ns
t_{EW}	Latch Enable Pulse Width			50			ns

(5) Frequencies other that the default value can be programmed using Words R4 and R5. See Programming Description for details.

Serial Data Input Timing
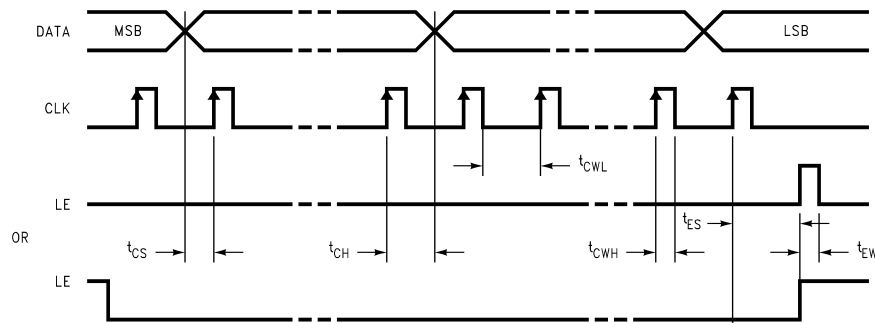
FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

LMX2522/32 is a highly integrated frequency synthesizer system that generates LO signals for PCS, Cellular CDMA and GPS systems. These devices include all of the functional blocks of a PLL, RF VCO, prescaler, RF phase detector, and loop filter. The need for external components is limited to a few passive elements for matching the output impedance and bypass elements for power line stabilization.

In addition to the RF circuitry, the IC also includes IF frequency dividers, and an IF phase detector to complete the IF synthesis with an external VCO and loop filter. Table 4 summarizes the counter values to generate the default IF frequencies.

Using a low spurious fractional-N synthesizer based on a delta sigma modulator, the circuit can support 10 kHz channel spacing for PCS, Cellular CDMA and GPS systems.

The fractional-N synthesizer enables faster lock time, which reduces power consumption and system set-up time. Additionally, the loop filter occupies a smaller area as opposed to the integer-N architecture. This allows the loop filter to be embedded into the circuit, minimizing the external noise coupling and total form factor. The delta sigma architecture delivers very low spurious, which can be a significant problem for other PLL solutions.

The circuit also supports commonly used reference frequencies of 19.20 MHz and 19.68 MHz.

FREQUENCY GENERATION

RF-PLL Section

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

LMX2522 – PCS CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{8 \times RF\_B + RF\_A + (RF\_FN / f_{OSC}) \times 10^4\} \times f_{OSC}$$

where

- $(RF\_A < RF\_B)$

LMX2532 – Cellular CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{6 \times RF\_B + RF\_A + (RF\_FN / f_{OSC}) \times 10^4\} \times f_{OSC}$$

where

- $(RF\_A < RF\_B)$
- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- RF_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter ($2 \leq RF\_B \leq 15$)
- RF_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter ($0 \leq RF\_A \leq 7$ for LMX2522 or $0 \leq RF\_A \leq 5$ for LMX2532)
- RF_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter ($0 \leq RF\_FN < 1920$ for f_{OSC} = 19.20 MHz or $0 \leq RF\_FN < 1968$ for f_{OSC} = 19.68 MHz)
- f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency

Product Folder Links: *LMX2522 LMX2532*

GPS-PLL SECTION

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

LMX2522 – PCS CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{6 \times RF\_B + RF\_A + (RF\_FN / f_{OSC}) \times 10^4\} \times f_{OSC}$$

where

- $(RF\_A < RF\_B)$

LMX2532 – Cellular CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{8 \times RF\_B + RF\_A + (RF\_FN / f_{OSC}) \times 10^4\} \times f_{OSC}$$

where

- $(RF\_A < RF\_B)$
- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- RF_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter ($2 \leq RF\_B \leq 15$)
- RF_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter ($0 \leq RF\_A \leq 5$ for LMX2522 or $0 \leq RF\_A \leq 7$ for LMX2532)
- RF_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter ($0 \leq RF\_FN < 1920$ for $f_{OSC} = 19.20$ MHz or $0 \leq RF\_FN < 1968$ for $f_{OSC} = 19.68$ MHz)
- f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency

PCS CDMA applications using the LMX2522, if the GPS frequency is 1355.04 MHz, Table 1 provides the proper register settings:

Table 1. Settings for GPS (1355.04 MHz) in LMX2522 PCS CDMA application

Reference Frequency	RF_B	RF_A	RF_FN
19.20 MHz	11	4	1104
19.68 MHz	11	2	1680

Cellular CDMA applications using the LMX2532, in which the GPS frequency is 1490.04 MHz, then Table 2 provides the proper register settings:

Table 2. Settings for GPS (1490.04 MHz) in LMX2532 Cellular CDMA application

Reference Frequency	RF_B	RF_A	RF_FN
19.20 MHz	9	5	1164
19.68 MHz	9	3	1404

Cellular CDMA applications using the LMX2532, in which the GPS frequency is 1391.82 MHz, then Table 3 provides the proper register settings:

Table 3. Settings for GPS (1391.82 MHz) in LMX2532 Cellular CDMA application

Reference Frequency	RF_B	RF_A	RF_FN
19.20 MHz	9	0	942
19.68 MHz	8	6	1422

Product Folder Links: *LMX2522 LMX2532*

IF-PLL SECTION

$f_{VCO} = \{16 \times IF\_B + IF\_A\} \times f_{OSC} / IF\_R$

where

- $(IF\_A < IF\_B)$
- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- IF_B: Preset divide ratio of the binary 9-bit programmable counter ($1 \leq IF\_B \leq 511$)
- IF_A: Preset divide ratio of the binary 4-bit swallow counter ($0 \leq IF\_A \leq 15$)
- f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency
- IF_R: Preset divide ratio of the binary 9-bit programmable reference counter ($2 \leq IF\_R \leq 511$)

From the above equation, the LMX2522/32 generates the fixed IF frequencies as summarized in Table 4.

Table 4. IF Frequencies

Device Type	f_{VCO} (MHz)	IF_B	IF_A	f_{OSC}/IF_R (kHz)
LMX2522LQ1635	440.76	229	9	120
LMX2532LQ0967	170.67	88	15	120
LMX2532LQ1065	367.20	191	4	120

VCO FREQUENCY TUNING

The center frequency of the RF VCO is mainly determined by the resonant frequency of the tank circuit. This tank circuit is implemented on-chip and requires no external inductor. The LMX2522/32 actively tunes the tank circuit to the required frequency with the built-in tracking algorithm.

BANDWIDTH CONTROL AND FREQUENCY LOCK

During the frequency acquisition period, the loop bandwidth is significantly extended to achieve frequency lock. Once frequency lock occurs, the PLL will return to a steady state condition with the loop bandwidth set to its nominal value. The transition between acquisition and lock modes occurs seamlessly and extremely fast, thereby, meeting the stringent requirements associated with lock time and phase noise. Several controls (BW_DUR, BW_CRL and BW_EN) are used to optimize the lock time performance.

SPURIOUS REDUCTION

To improve the spurious performance of the device one of two types of spurious reduction schemes can be selected:

- A continuous optimization scheme, which tracks the environmental and voltage variations, giving the best spurious performance over changing conditions
- A one time optimization scheme, which sets the internal compensation values only when the PLL goes into a locked state.

The spurious reduction can also be disabled, but it is recommended that the continuous optimization mode be used for normal operation.

POWER DOWN MODE

The LMX2522 and LMX2532 include a power down mode to reduce the power consumption. The LMX2522/32 enters into the power down mode either by taking the CE pin LOW or by setting the power down bits in Register R1. Table 5 summarizes the power down function. If CE is set LOW, the circuit is powered down regardless of the register values. When CE is HIGH, the IF and RF circuitry are individually powered down by setting the register bits.

Table 5. Power Down Configuration[1]

CE Pin	RF_EN	IF_EN	RF Circuitry	IF Circuitry
0	X	X	OFF	OFF
1	0	0	OFF	OFF
1	0	1	OFF	ON
1	1	0	ON	OFF
1	1	1	ON	ON

(1)   X = Don't care.

LOCK DETECT

The LD output can be used to indicate the lock status of the RF PLL. Bit 21 in Register R0 determines the signal that appears on the LD pin. When the RF PLL is not locked, the LD pin remains LOW. After obtaining phase lock, the LD pin will have a logical HIGH level. The output can also be programmed to be ground at all times.

Table 6. Lock Detect Modes

LD Bit	Mode
0	Disable (GND)
1	Enable

Table 7. Lock Detect Logic Table[1][2][3][4][5]

RF PLL Section	LD Output
Locked	HIGH
Not Locked	LOW

(1)   LD output becomes low when the phase error is larger than t_{W2}.
(2)   LD output becomes high when the phase error is less than t_{W1} for four or more consecutive cycles.
(3)   Phase Error is measured on leading edge. Only errors greater than t_{W1} and t_{W2} are labeled.
(4) t_{W1} and t_{W2} are equal to 10 ns.
(5)   The lock detect comparison occurs with every 64th cycle of f_R and f_N.
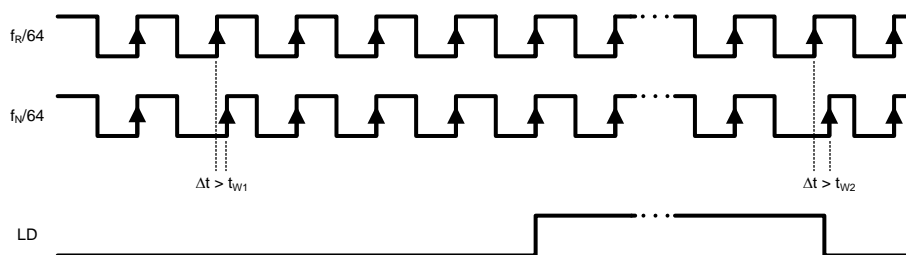
Figure 2. Lock Detect Timing Diagram Waveform
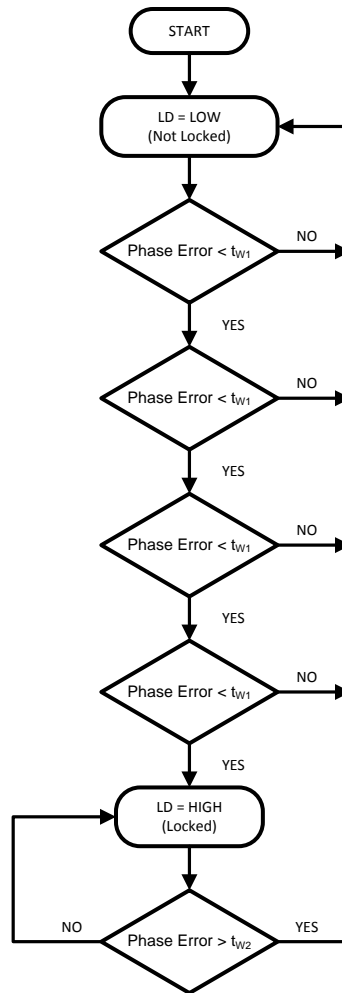
Figure 3. Lock Detect Flow Diagram

MICROWIRE INTERFACE

The programmable register set is accessed via the MICROWIRE serial interface. The interface comprises three signal pins: CLK, DATA, and LE. Serial data (DATA) is clocked into the 24-bit shift register on the rising edge of the clock (CLK). The last bits decode the internal control register address. When the Latch Enable (LE) transitions from LOW to HIGH, data stored in the shift registers is loaded into the corresponding control register.

Programming Description

CONTROL REGISTER CONTENT MAP

The serial interface has a 24-bit shift register to store the incoming data bits temporarily. The incoming Data is loaded into the shift register from MSB to LSB. The Data is shifted at the rising edge of the Clock signal. When the Latch Enable signal transitions from LOW to HIGH, the data stored in the shift register is transferred to the proper register depending on the address bit settings. The selection of the particular register is determined by the control bits indicated in boldface text.

At initial start-up, the MICROWIRE loading requires 4 default words (registers R3, loaded first, to R0, loaded last). After the device has been initially programmed, the RF VCO frequency can be changed using a single register (R0). If an IF frequency other than the default value for the device is desired the SPI_DEF bit should be set to 0, the desired values for IF_A, IF_B, and IF_R entered and words R6 to R0 should be sent.

The control register content map describes how the bits within each control register are allocated to the specific control functions.

Table 8. Complete Register Map

Register	MSB								SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION															LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
R0 (Default)	SPI_DEF	RF_SEL	RF_LD	SPUR_CRL	RF_B [3:0]				RF_A [2:0]			RF_FN [10:0]												**0**	**0**
R1 (Default)	IF_FREQ [1:0]		OSC_FREQ	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SPUR_RDT [1:0]		0	0	1	0	1	OB_CRL [1:0]		RF_EN	IF_EN	**0**	**1**
R2 (Default)	IF_CUR[1:0]		0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	**1**	**0**
R3 (Default)	BW_DUR [1:0]		BW_CRL [1:0]		BW_EN	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	VCO_CUR [1:0]		**0**	**1**	**1**
R4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	IF_A [3:0]				IF_B [8:0]										**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**
R5	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	IF_R [8:0]									**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**
R6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**

NOTE: **Bold** numbers represent the address bits.

Product Folder Links: LMX2522 LMX2532

R0 REGISTER

The R0 register address bits (R0 [1:0]) are "00".

The SPI_DEF bit selects between using the default IF counter values and user programmable values. The use of the default counter values requires that only words R0 to R3 (registers R3, loaded first, to R0, loaded last) be sent after initial power up.

The RF_LD bit activates the lock detect output of the LD pin (pin 19). The lock detect mode shows the lock status of the RF PLL. The waveform of the lock detect mode is shown in Figure 2, in the Functional Description section on **LOCK DETECT**.

The SPUR_CRL bit is set to 1 only in the GPS mode with the LMX2532LQ1065 when a 19.68 MHz reference oscillator is used.

The RF N counter consists of the 4-bit programmable counter (RF_B counter), the 3-bit swallow counter (RF_A counter) and the 11-bit delta sigma modulator (RF_FN counter). The equations for calculating the counter values are presented below.

Table 9. R0 REGISTER

Register	MSB	SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION																					LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field																					Address Field	
R0 (Default)	SPI_DEF	RF_SEL	RF_LD	SPUR_CRL	RF_B [3:0]				RF_A [2:0]			RF_FN [10:0]											0	0

Name	Functions
SPI_DEF	**Default Register Selection** 0 = OFF (Use values set in R0 to R6) 1 = ON (Use default values set in R0 to R3)
RF_SEL	**RF Select Configuration** See Table 10. RF_SEL Configuration below
RF_LD	**RF Lock Detect** 0 = Hard zero (GND) 1 = Lock detect
SPUR_CRL	**Spur Control** 1 = LMX2532LQ1065 in GPS mode with 19.68 MHz reference oscillator only 0 = All other options
RF_B [3:0]	**RF_B Counter** 4-bit programmable counter 2 ≤ RF_B ≤ 15
RF_A [2:0]	**RF_A Counter** 3-bit swallow counter 0 ≤ RF_A ≤ 7 for LMX2522 0 ≤ RF_A ≤ 5 for LMX2532
RF_FN [10:0]	**RF Fractional Numerator Counter** 11-bit programmable counter 0 ≤ RF_FN < 1920 for f_{OSC} = 19.20 MHz 0 ≤ RF_FN < 1968 for f_{OSC} = 19.68 MHz

Table 10. RF_SEL Configuration

Device Type	RF_SEL = 0	RF_SEL = 1
LMX2522	GPS	K-PCS
LMX2532	K-Cellular	GPS

RF N Counter Setting:

Counter Name	Symbol	Function
Modulus Counter	RF_FN	RF N Divider
Programmable Counter	RF_B	N = Prescaler x RF_B + RF_A + (RF_FN / f_{OSC}) 10^4
Swallow Counter	RF_A	

Pulse Swallow Function:

$f = \{Prescaler \times RF\_B + RF\_A + (RF\_FN / f_{OSC}) \times 10^4\} \times f_{OSC}$ where (RF_A < RF_B)

where

- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)

Prescaler Values:

Device Type	RF Prescaler	GPS Prescaler
LMX2522	8	6
LMX2532	6	8

- RF_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter (2 ≤ RF_B ≤ 15)
- RF_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ RF_A ≤ 7 for prescaler of 8 or 0 ≤ RF_A ≤ 5 for prescaler of 6)
- RF_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter (0 ≤ RF_FN < 1920 for f_{OSC} = 19.20 MHz; 0 ≤ RF_FN < 1968 for f_{OSC} = 19.68 MHz)
- f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency

NOTE: For the use of reference frequencies other than those specified, please contact Texas Instruments.

R1 REGISTER

The R1 register address bits (R1 [1:0]) are "01".

The IF_FREQ bits selects the default IF frequency applicable to the specific CDMA system. For the LMX2522 the default IF frequency is 440.76 MHz, and for the LMX2532 the default IF frequencies are 367.20 MHz and 170.76 MHz, depending on variant.

Reference Frequency Selection bit (OSC_FREQ) selects either 19.20 MHz or 19.68 MHz for the reference oscillator frequency.

The internal spurious reduction scheme is controlled by the SPUR_RDT [1:0] bits. There are two different spur reduction schemes: a continuous tracking mode and a single optimization mode. The continuous tracking mode will adjust for variations in voltage and temperature. The single optimization mode fixes the internal compensation parameters only when the PLL goes into the locked state. The spur reduction can also be disabled, but it is recommended that the continuous mode be used for normal operation.

The OB_CRL [1:0] bits determine the power level of the RF output buffer. The power level is set according to the system requirement.

The two bits, RF_EN and IF_EN, logically select the active state of the RF/GPS synthesizer system and the IF PLL, respectively. The entire IC can be placed in a power down state by using the CE control pin (pin 20).

Table 11. R1 REGISTER

Register	MSB													SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION												LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field																						Address Field	
R1 (Default)	IF_ FREQ [1:0]		OS C_ FR EQ	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SPUR_ RDT [1:0]		0	0	1	0	1	OB_ CRL [1:0]		RF _ EN	IF_ EN	0	1

Name	Functions
IF_FREQ [1:0]	**IF Frequency Selection** 00 = 170.76 MHz (LMX2532LQ0967) 01 = 367.20 MHz (LMX2532LQ1065) 10 = 440.76 MHz (LMX2522LQ1635)
OSC_FREQ	**Reference Frequency Selection** 0 = 19.20 MHz 1 = 19.68 MHz
SPUR_RDT [1:0]	**Spur Reduction Scheme** 00 = No spur reduction 01 = Not Used 10 = Continuous tracking of variation (Recommended) 11 = One time optimization
OB_CRL [1:0]	**RF Output Power Control** 00 = Minimum Output Power 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum Output Power
RF_EN	**RF Enable** 0 = RF Off 1 = RF On
IF_EN	**IF Enable** 0 = IF Off 1 = IF On

R2 REGISTER

The R2 Register address bits (R2 [1:0]) are "10".

The IF_CUR [1:0] bits program the IF charge pump current. Considering the external IF VCO and loop filter, the user can select the amount of IF charge pump current to be 100μA, 200μA, 300μA or 800μA.

Table 12. R2 REGISTER

Register	MSB	SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION																						LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field																						Address Field	
R2 (Default)	IF_CUR[1:0]		0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	**1**	**0**

Name	Functions
IF_CUR [1:0]	**IF Charge Pump Current** 00 = 100 µA 01 = 200 µA 10 = 300 µA 11 = 800 µA

Product Folder Links: *LMX2522 LMX2532*

R3 REGISTER

The R3 register address bits (R3 [2:0]) are "011".

Register R3 contains the controls for the phase lock bandwidth controls (BW_DUR, BW_CRL and BW_EN). The duration of the digital controller portion of the bandwidth control is set by BW_DUR [1:0]. The minimum time set with 00 and increasing durations to the maximum value set with 11. BW_CRL [1:0] sets the phase offset criterion for the bandwidth controller. Once the phase offset between the reference clock and the divided VCO signal are within the set criterion, the bandwidth control stops. The maximum phase offset is set with 00 and decreases to the minimum value set with 11. BW_EN enables the bandwidth control in the locking state.

The VCO dynamic current is also controlled in register R3 with VCO_CUR [1:0]. The minimum value corresponds to 00 and increases to a maximum value set at 11.

Table 13. R3 REGISTER

Register	MSB								SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION															LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field																					Address Field		
R3 (Default)	BW_DUR [1:0]		BW_CRL [1:0]		BW_EN	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	VCO_CUR [1:0]		0	1	1

Name	Functions
BW_DUR [1:0]	**Bandwidth Duration** 00 = Minimum value (Recommended) 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum value
BW_CRL [1:0]	**Bandwidth Control** 00 = Maximum phase offset (Recommended) 01 = 10 = 11 = Minimum phase offset
BW_EN	**Bandwidth Enable** 0 = Disable 1 = Enable (Recommended)
VCO_CUR [1:0]	**VCO Dynamic Current** 00 = Minimum value 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum value (Recommended)

R4 REGISTER

The R4 register address bits (R3 [3:0]) are "0111".

Register R4 is used to set the IF N counters if the default value is not desired. This register is only active if the SPI_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

The IF N counter consists of the 9-bit programmable counter (IF_B counter) and the 4-bit swallow counter (IF_A counter). The equations for calculating the counter values are presented below.

Table 14. R4 REGISTER

Register	MSB											SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION												LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field																				Address Field			
R4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	IF_A [3:0]				IF_B [8:0]									0	1	1	1

Name	Functions
IF_A [3:0]	**IF A Counter** 4-bit swallow counter 0 ≤ IF_A ≤ 15
IF_B [8:0]	**IF B Counter** 9-bit programmable counter 1 ≤ IF_B ≤ 511

IF Frequency Setting:

f_{VCO} = {16 x IF_B + IF_A} x f_{OSC} / R where (IF_A < IF_B)

where

- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of IF voltage controlled oscillator (IF VCO)
- IF_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 9-bit programmable counter (1 ≤ IF_B ≤ 511)
- IF_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ IF_A ≤ 15)
- IF_R: Preset divide ratio of binary 9-bit programmable reference counter (2 ≤ IF_R ≤ 511)
- f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency

Product Folder Links: LMX2522 LMX2532

R5 REGISTER

The R5 register address bits (R5 [4:0]) are "01111".

Register R5 is used to set the IF_R divider if the default value is not desired. This register is only active if the SPI_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

Table 15. R5 REGISTER

Register	MSB	SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION																						LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field																			Address Field				
R5	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	IF_R [8:0]									0	1	1	1	1

Name	Functions
IF_R [8:0]	**IF R Counter** 9-bit programmable counter $2 \leq IF\_R \leq 511$

R6 REGISTER

The R6 register address bits (R6 [5:0]) are "011111".

Register R6 is used for internal testing of the device and is not intended for customer use. This register is only active if the SPI_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

Table 16. R6 REGISTER

Register	MSB	SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION																						LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field																		Address Field					
R6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1

Product Folder Links: *LMX2522 LMX2532*

REVISION HISTORY

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LMX2522LQ1635	NRND	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-30 to 85	25221635	
LMX2522LQ1635/NOPB	ACTIVE	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-30 to 85	25221635	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSIONS

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMX2522LQ1635	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1
LMX2522LQ1635/NOPB	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

*All dimensions are nominal

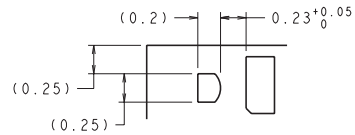| Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMX2522LQ1635	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	213.0	191.0	55.0
LMX2522LQ1635/NOPB	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	213.0	191.0	55.0

NJB0028A

(3.8)

(□3.2)

(3.8)

(28X 0.5)

(28X 0.25)

(24X 0.5)
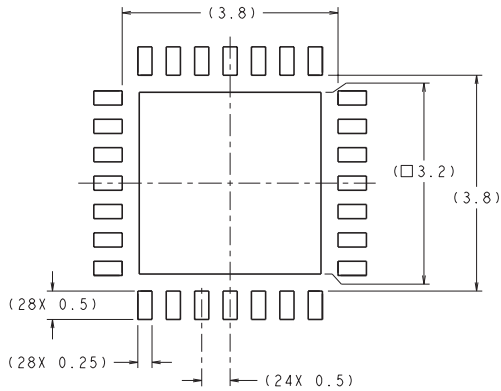
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN
1:1 RATION WITH PKG SOLDER PADS

DETAIL A
SCALE:40X

(0.2)

0.23⁺⁰·⁰⁵₀

(0.25)

(0.25)

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

PIN 1 INDEX AREA

5±0.1

5±0.1

B

A

0.8 MAX

(0.2)

C

SEE DETAIL A

PIN 1 ID

□ 3.2±0.1

0.1 MAX
ALL LEADS

28

1

7

8

4X 3

22

14

21

15

28X 0.5±0.05

28X 0.25±0.05

24X 0.5

⊕ 0.1 Ⓜ C AⓈ BⓈ

LQA28A (REV B)
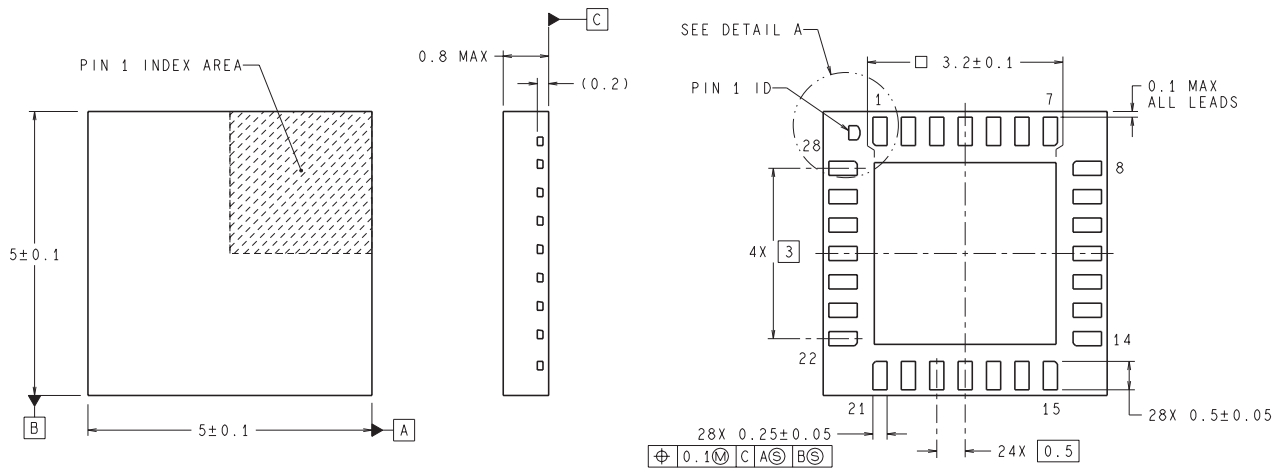
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