

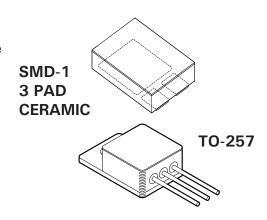
# RAD HARD 1.5A, ADJUSTABLE LINEAR REGULATOR

# 5972RH

M.S.KENNEDY CORP.

**FEATURES:** 

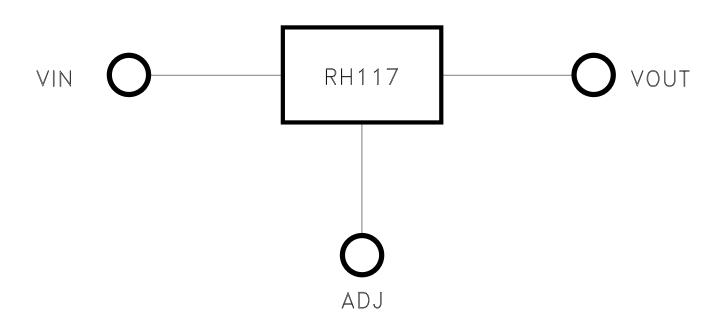
- Manufactured using
  - TECHNOLOGY Space Qualified RH 117 Die
- Total Dose Hardened to 100 Krads(Si) (Method 1019.7 Condition A)
- Output Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Output Current to 1.5 Amps
- Adjustable Output using two External Resistors
- · Available in 3 Lead Form Options: Straight, Up and Down (TO257)
- Available to DSCC SMD 5962R09213



#### **DESCRIPTION:**

The MSK5972RH is a radiation hardened 3-terminal positive adjustable regulator capable of supplying up to 1.5A of current. The output is adjustable using external resistors for a range of Vref to 37V. Excellent line and load regulation characteristics ensure accurate performance. The MSK5972RH has full protection with current and thermal limiting. The MSK5972 is packaged in two space saving packages, the 3 pin power surface mount ceramic SMD-1 or the TO-257 package with 3 lead form options: straight, up and down.

#### **EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC**



#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Satellite System Power Supplies
- Switching Power Supply Post Regulators
- Constant Voltage/Current Regulators
- · High Efficiency Linear Regulators

#### **PIN-OUT INFORMATION**

TC	)-257	SMD-1				
1	ADJ	1	ADJ			
2	VOUT	2	INPUT			
3	VIN	3	OUTPUT			

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

8

VIN	Input Voltage (VIN-VOUT) + 40VDC	Tst	Storage Temperature Range (1)65°C to +150°C
PD	Power Dissipation Internally Limited	$T_{LD}$	Lead Temperature Range
lоит	Output Current		(10 Seconds)
ΤJ	Junction Temperature + 150°C	Tc	Case Operating Temperature
			MSK5972RH40°C to +85°C
			MSK5972(K/H)RH55°C to +125°C

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Parameter	Test Conditions (9)		Group A	oup A MSK5972K/HRH		MSK5972RH			Units	
	1001 00114110			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	010
Reference Voltage	3V <u>&lt;</u> (VIN-VOUT	) <u>&lt;</u> 40V	1	1.20	1.25	1.30	1.15	1.25	1.35	V
	IOUT = 10n	nA	2,3	1.20	-	1.30	-	-	-	V
Line Decoderine	3V≤(VIN-VOUT	)<40V	1	-0.02	-	+0.02	-0.02	-	+0.02	%/V
Line Regulation	IOUT = 10n	nA	2,3	-0.05	-	+0.05	-	-	-	%/V
		Post 100KRAD(Si)	1	-0.03	_	+0.03	-0.03	-	+0.03	%/V
Adiros Bio Comos	2.5V <u>&lt;</u> (VIN-VOU	T)<40V	1	-	40	100	-	40	100	uА
Adjust Pin Current	IOUT = 10n	nA	2,3	-	-	100	-	-	-	uА
Adjust Pin Current Change	2.5V<(VIN-VOU	T)<40V	1	-5.0	0.1	+5.0	-5.0	0.1	+5.0	uA
, rajase i in samone snangs	IOUT = 10n	nA	2,3	-6.0	-	+6.0	-	-	-	uA
Land Danidasian	VIN=VOUT+3V,VOUT<5 10mA <iout<1.5a< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td>-20</td><td>11.5</td><td>+ 20</td><td>-25</td><td>11.5</td><td>+ 25</td><td>mV</td></iout<1.5a<>		1	-20	11.5	+ 20	-25	11.5	+ 25	mV
Load Regulation		2,3	-50	-	+ 50	-	-	-	mV	
		Post 100KRAD(Si)	1	-60	_	+60	-60	-	+60	mV
Current Limit (7)	VIN=VOUT+5V	1	1.5	2.3	-	1.5	2.3	-	Α	
		2,3	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	Α	
Ripple Rejection 2	VOUT = 10V, F = 120H	z, Cadj = 10uF	4	66	-	-	66	-	-	dB
Minumum Load Current 2	(VIN-VOUT) =	40V	1	-	_	5	-	-	5	mA
Thermal Resistance 2	Junction to Case @ 125	°C TO-257 Package	-	-	4.2	4.5	-	4.2	4.5	°C/W
Thermal Resistance 2	Junction to Case @ 125°	C SMD-1 Package	-	-	3.0	3.5	-	3.0	3.5	°C/W

#### **NOTES:**

- ① Output is decoupled to ground using  $10\mu\text{F}$  low ESR capacitors.
- ② Guaranteed by design but not tested. Typical parameters are representative of actual device performance but are for reference only.
- (3) All output parameters are tested using a low duty cycle pulse to maintain TJ = TC.
- Industrial grade and devices shall be tested to subgroup 1 unless otherwise specified.
- (The suffix) Shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2 and 3.
- (a) Subgroup 1 TA = TC = +25 °C Subgroup 2 TA = TC = +125 °C Subgroup 3 TA = TC = -55 °C
- The output current limit function provides protection from transient overloads but it may exceed the maximum continuous rating. Continuous operation in current limit may damage the device.
- ® Continuous operation at or above absolute maximum ratings may adversely effect the device performance and/or life cycle.
- ® Reference DSCC SMD 5962R09213 for electrical specification for devices purchased as such.
- 1 Internal solder reflow temperature is 180°C, do not exceed.

#### **OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

The MSK5972RH develops a nominal 1.25V reference voltage between the output and adjustment terminal. The reference voltage is dropped across program resistor R1 and, since the voltage is constant, a constant current then flows through the output set resistor R2. Since the current from the adjustment terminal represents an error in the programmed output voltage, the MSK5972RH was designed to minimize IADJ and make it very constant with line and load changes. To do this, all quiescent operating current is returned to the output establishing a minimum load current requirement. If there is insufficient load on the output, the output will rise. Figure 1 shows the output voltage calculations.

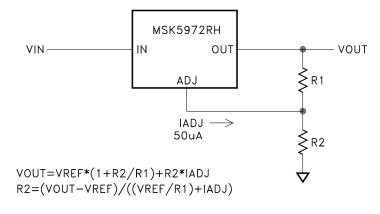


FIGURE 1

#### LOAD REGULATION

The MSK5972RH is capable of providing extremely good load regulation but a few precautions are needed to obtain maximum performance. The current set resistor connected between the adjustment terminal and the output terminal should be tied directly to the output pin as close to the case of the regulator as possible rather than near the load. This eliminates package pin and trace drops from appearing effectively in series with the reference and degrading regulation. For example, a 5V regulator with  $0.05\Omega$  resistance between the regulator and the current set resistor will droop 225mV at 1A due to package pin and trace resistance. The amount of droop can be calculated as follows: (VOUT at 5mA) -  $(1.250-(0.05\Omega*IL))*(1+R2/R1)$ . The ground of R2 can be returned near the ground of the load to provide remote ground sensing and improve load regulation. Figure 2A shows the effect of resistance between the regulator and  $240\Omega$ set resistor.

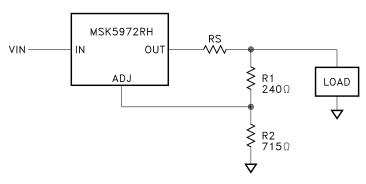
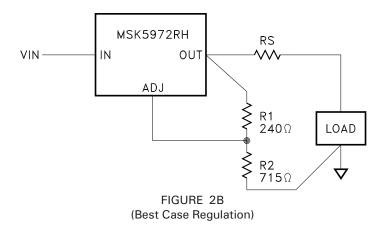


FIGURE 2A (Degraded Regulation)

#### **EXTERNAL CAPACITORS**

Input bypassing with a 1uF tantalum in parallel with a 0.1uF ceramic on the input is suitable in most applications. To maximize transient response and minimize input supply transients more input capacitance can be added. The adjustment terminal can be bypassed to ground on the MSK5972RH to improve ripple rejection. This bypass capacitor prevents ripple from being amplified at higher output voltages. The impedance of the adjust pin capacitor at the ripple frequency should be less than the value of R1. For most application a 10µF bypass capacitor will provide sufficient ripple rejection at any output level. Increases over 10µF do not appreciably improve the ripple rejection at frequencies above 120Hz. Output bypassing with  $1\mu$ F low ESR tantalum in parallel with a  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic attached as close to the regulator's output as possible is best. This will effectively lower the regulator output impedance, increase transient response and eliminate any oscillations. Any increase of the load capacitance larger than  $1\mu F$  will merely improve the loop stability and output impedance. See Figure 3 for typical application schematic.



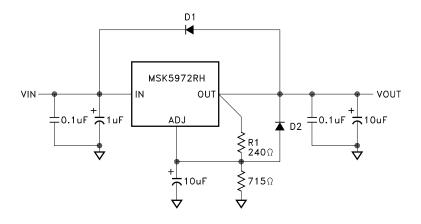
#### **APPLICATION NOTES CONT'D**

#### INPUT VOLTAGE

The MSK5972RH can operate over a wide input voltage range. VIN minimum = VOUT + dropout to a (VIN-VOUT) maximum of 40V. When operating near the minimum input voltage level sufficient overhead must be maintained to eliminate the regulator from dropping out of regulation, reference the dropout curves in the typical performance section. The input level also effects the maximum current that the MSK5972RH can supply, this too can be found in the typical performance section. Dropout, output current and power dissipation must all be considered when selecting the input line level.

#### **PROTECTION DIODES**

When external capacitors are used with any IC regulator it is sometimes necessary to add protection diodes to prevent the capacitors from discharging through low current points into the regulator. Most  $10\mu$ F capacitors have low enough internal series resistance to deliver 20A spikes when shorted. Although the surge is short, there is enough energy to stress MSK5972RH. When an output capacitor is connected to a regulator and the input is shorted or crowbarred, the output capacitor will discharge into the output of the regulator. The discharge current depends on the value of the capacitor, the output voltage of the regulator, and the rate of decrease of VIN. Figure 3 shows an MSK5972RH with protection diodes included. D2 is only required if the adjust pin has external capacitance tied to it .



TYPICAL APPLICATION

FIGURE 3

#### HEAT SINKING

To determine if a heat sink is required for your application and if so, what type, refer to the thermal model and governing equation below.

Governing Equation:  $T_j = Pd x (R_{\theta jc} + R_{\theta cs} + R_{\theta sa}) + Ta$ 

#### WHERE

Tj = Junction Temperature

Pd = Total Power Dissipation

Rejc = Junction to Case Thermal Resistance

Recs = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance

Resa = Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance

Tc = Case Temperature

Ta = Ambient Temperature

Ts = Heat Sink Temperature

#### **EXAMPLE:**

This example demonstrates an analysis on a 10V regulator where the output current is at 0.5 amp and the input is 15V.

Conditions for MSK5972RH:

$$VIN = +15V$$
;  $Iout = 0.5A$ 

- 1.) Assume 45° heat spreading model.
- 2.) Find regulator power dissipation:

Pd = (VIN - VOUT)(Iout)Pd = (15V-10V)(0.5A)

Pd = 2.5W

- 3.) For conservative design, set Tj = +125 °C Max.
- 4.) For this example, worst case Ta = +90 °C.
- 5.)  $R_{\theta}jc = 4.5 \,^{\circ}C/W$  from the Electrical Specification Table.
- 6.) Recs = 0.15 °C/W for most thermal greases.
- 7.) Rearrange governing equation to solve for Resa:

Resa = ((Tj - Ta)/Pd) - (Rejc) - (Recs) = (125°C-90°C)/2.5W - 4.5°C/W - 0.15°C/ = 9.3°C/W

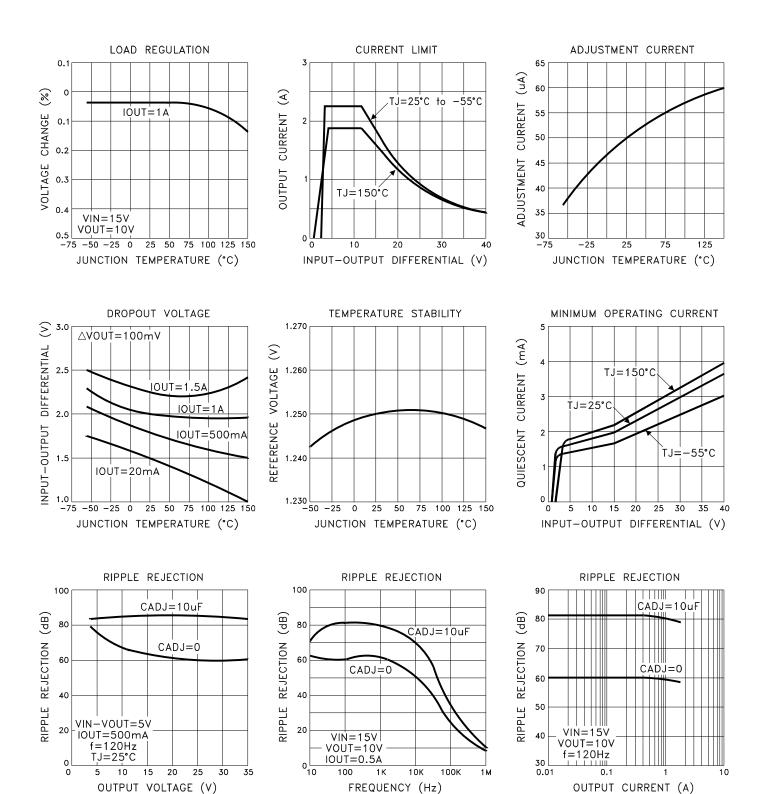
In this case the result is  $9.3^{\circ}$ C/W. Therefore, a heat sink with a thermal resistance of no more than  $9.3^{\circ}$ C/W must be used in this application to maintain regulator circuit junction temperature under  $125^{\circ}$ C.

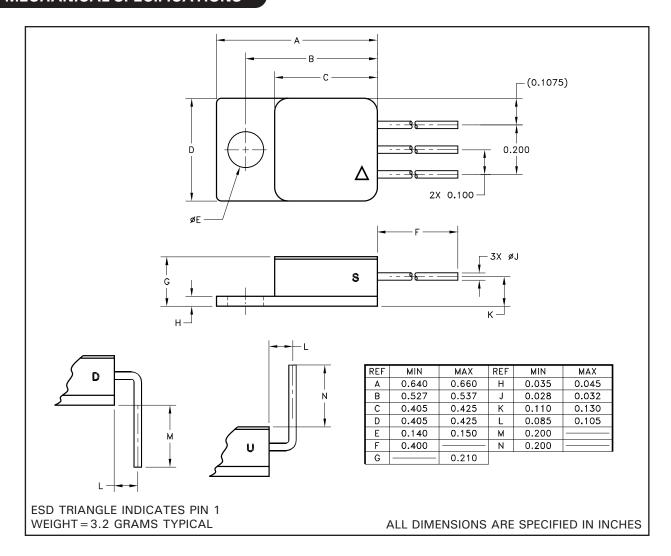
# TOTAL DOSE RADIATION TEST PERFORMANCE

Radiation performance curves for TID testing have been generated for all radiation testing performed by MS Kennedy. These curves show performance trends throughout the TID test process and are located in the MSK5972RH radiation test report. The complete radiation test report is available in the RAD HARD PRODUCTS section on the MSK website.

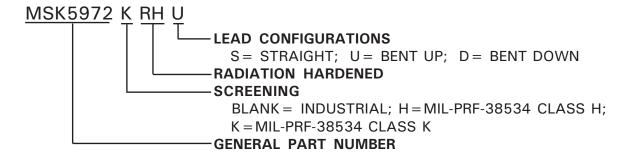
http://www.mskennedy.com/store.asp?pid=9951&catid=19680

## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES**





# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

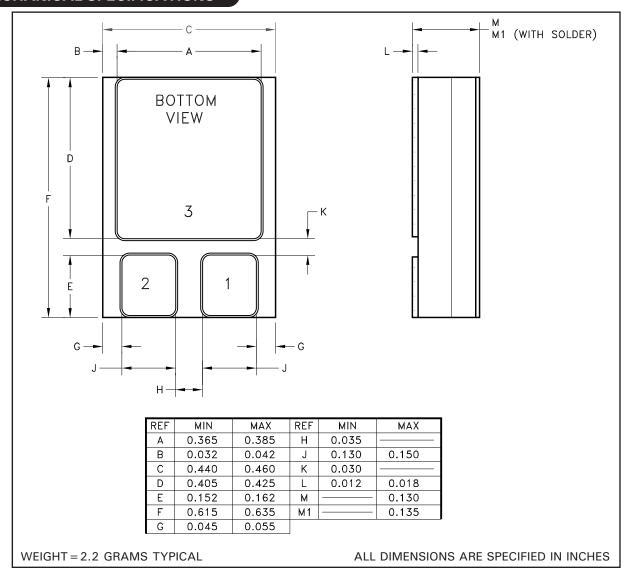


The above example is an adjustable Class K regulator with leads bent up.

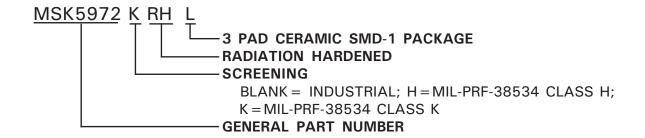
Ordering information for the 3 pad ceramic SMD-1 package is contained on the next page.

NOTE: See DSCC SMD 5962R09213 for DSCC part number options.

#### **MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**



# ORDERING INFORMATION



The above example is an adjustable Class K regulator. NOTE: See DSCC SMD 5962R09213 for DSCC part number options.

## **REVISION HISTORY**

REV	STATUS	DATE	DESCRIPTION	
G	Released	09/14	Format update, add internal note and clarify mechanical specifications.	

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