## Switch Mode Power Supply S8JX (15/35/50/100/150/300/600-W Models)

## S8JX-G Series

## Easy-to-use, Widely range from 15 W to 600 W (Output Voltage: 5 V to 48 V)

- Easy Mounting:

Front-mounted type, DIN rail-mounted type are available.
Screw-mount at the top. (except 300-/600-W models)

- Safety standards:

UL 508/60950-1
cUL CSA C22.2 No. 107.1
cUR CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1
EN 50178 (= VDE 0160) Over voltage category III
EN 60950-1 (= VDE 0805 Teil 1)

- EMC: Conforms to EN 61204-3.
(EMI:EN55011 ClassA)
- Free-warranty period:

2 years (3 years for 300-/600-W models)
(Not including fans)



- Input conditions:

The input voltage range of $15-\mathrm{W}, 35-\mathrm{W}$, $50-\mathrm{W}, 100-\mathrm{W}$, and $150-\mathrm{W}$ models has been increased to 80 to 370 VDC (EC Directives and safety standards do not apply.).

## S8JX-P Series

## NEW

## S8JX-P Series with EMI ClassB and Power Factor Correction is newly added to S8JX Series.

(Applicable to all capacities from 50 W to 600 W )

- Limits for harmonic current emissions (conforms to EN61000-3-2)
- Conforms to EMI EN55011 Class B
- Applicable to input free voltage: 100 to 240 VAC
- Extended DC input voltage range: 80 to 370 VAC * DC input is not subject to EC directives and safety standards.
- Warranty period (charge free): 5 years (except for the fan)
- Easy mounting: Front-mounting bracket type and DIN-Rail mounting type are included as standard with the product. Screw-mount at the top. (except 300-/600-W models)
- Safety standards
- UL508/60950-1, cUL CSA C22.2 No.107.1, cUR CSA C22.2 No.60950-1
- EN50178 (=VDE0160) Over voltage category III EN60950-1 (=VDE0805 Teil1)
<Applicable only for 300 W and $600 \mathrm{~W}>$
- High capacity application-covered functions are included as standard with the product.
- Alarm detection function, Remote control function, Remote sensing function

Refer to Safety Precautions on page 53.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 300-/600-W ( } 24 \mathrm{~V} \text { ) Models } \\
& \text { Upcoming }
\end{aligned}
$$

The standards, performance and functions of 300-/600-W models detailed in this manual differ slightly from those at the time products were launched. Your understanding is appreciated.

## S8JX

## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend

Note: Not all combinations are possible. Refer to List of Models in Ordering Information on page 3.

## 15-/35-/50-/100-/150-W Models

## S8JX-G <br> $1 \frac{\square}{2} \frac{\square}{4}$

1. Power Ratings

015: 15 W
035: 35 W
050: 50 W
100: 100 W
150: 150 W
2. Output Voltage

05: 5 V
12: 12 V
15: 15 V
24: 24 V
48: 48 V
3. Configuration (15/35/50/100/150 W model)

None: Open-frame
C: Covered
4. Configuration/mounting

None: Front-mounting
D: DIN Rail-mounting

## S8JX-G $\frac{\square \square \square}{1} \frac{\square \square}{2} \frac{\square}{3}$

1. Power Ratings
2. Output Voltage

300: 300 W
05: 5V
12: 12 V
24: 24 V
48: 48 V
3. Configuration/mounting (covered type)

C: Front-mounting
CD: DIN Rail-mounting
Note: Estimates can be provided for coatings and other specifications that are not given in the datasheet. Ask your OMRON representative for details.

Ordering Information

## List of Models

Note: For details on normal stock models, contact your nearest OMRON representative.

| Configuration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Input voltage | Power ratings | Output voltage (VDC) | Output current |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

*1. The front-mounting bracket is included as standard with the product.
*2. A front-mounting bracket is not included with the product.
*3. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

|  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*1. The front-mounting bracket is included as standard with the product.
*2. A front-mounting bracket is not included with the product.
*3. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

Ratings, Characteristics, and Functions

*1. When a load is connected that has a built-in DC-DC converter, the overload protection may operate at startup and the Power Supply may not start. Refer to Overload Protection on page 19.
*2. Do not use an Inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning.
*3. Rated input voltage: 100 or 200 VAC at $100 \%$ load.
*4. Output characteristics: Specified at power supply output terminals.
*5. If the output voltage adjuster ( $\mathrm{V} . \mathrm{ADJ}$ ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the allowable voltage range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that load is not damaged.
*6. For details, refer to Overload Protection on page 19.
*7. To reset the protection, turn OFF the input power for seven minutes or longer and then turn it back ON.
*8. The weight indicated is for Front-mounting, Open-frame Power Supply.
*9. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

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*3. Rated input voltage: 100 or 200 VAC at $100 \%$ load.
*4. Output characteristics: Specified at power supply output terminals.
*5. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the allowable voltage range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that load is not damaged.
*6. For details, refer to Overload Protection on page 19.
*7. To reset the protection, turn OFF the input power for seven minutes or longer and then turn it back ON.
*8. The weight indicated is for Front-mounting, Open-frame Power Supply.
*9. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

| Item |  | Input specification Power ratings $* 1$ | 100/200 V switchable | 100 to 240 V input |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 150 W at 5 V | $150 \mathrm{~W} \text { at } 12 \mathrm{~V}$ | 150 W at 24 or 48 V |
| Efficiency |  |  |  | 5-V Models | 78\% min. | --- |
|  |  | 12-V Models | --- | 79\% min. | --- |
|  |  | 24-V Models | --- | --- | 86\% min. |
|  |  | 48-V Models | --- | --- | 85\% min. |
| Input | Voltage *2 |  | Switchable between 100 to 120 VAC (allowable range: 85 to 132 VAC ) and 200 to 240 VAC (allowable range: 170 to 264 VAC). | 100 to 240 VAC (allowable range: 85 to 264 VAC) |  |
|  |  |  | 80 to 370 VDC *9 |
|  | Frequency $* 2$ |  |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}(47$ to 450 Hz ) |  |  |
|  | Current *3 | 100 V input | 3.5 A max. | 3.6 A max. | 3.5 A max. |
|  |  | 200 V input | 2.1 A max. | 2.2 A max. | 2.1 A max. |
|  | Power factor |  | ---- |  |  |
|  | Harmonic current emissions |  | --- |  |  |
|  | Leakage current $* 3$ | 100 V input | 0.5 mA max. |  |  |
|  |  | 200 V input | 1 mA max. |  |  |
|  | Inrush current (for a cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) ${ }^{3}$ | 100 V input | 20 A max. |  |  |
|  |  | 200 V input | 40 A max. |  |  |
|  | Noise filter |  | Yes |  |  |
| Output *4 | Voltage adjustment range $* 5$ |  | -10\% to 15\% (with V. ADJ) (48-V models: $\pm 10 \%$ ) |  |  |
|  | Ripple *3 |  | 2\% (p-p) max. |  |  |
|  | Input variation influence |  | 0.4\% max. (with AC input voltage) |  |  |
|  | Load variation influence |  | 0.8\% max. (0 to 100\% load, rated input voltage) |  |  |
|  | Temperature variation influence |  | $0.05 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. (at rated input and output) |  |  |
|  | Startup time |  | 500 ms max . (up to $90 \%$ of output voltage at rated input and output) |  |  |
|  | Hold time $* 3$ |  | 20 ms min . |  |  |
| Additional functions | Overload protection $* 6$ |  | $105 \%$ to $175 \%$ of rated load current, voltage drop, automatic reset | $105 \%$ to $175 \%$ of rated load current, voltage drop, intermittent, automatic reset |  |
|  | Overvoltage protection $* 7$ |  | Yes |  |  |
|  | Overheat protection |  | No |  |  |
|  | Parallel operation |  | No |  |  |
|  | Series operation |  | Yes (For up to two Power Supplies; external diodes required.) |  |  |
|  | Protective circuit operation indicator |  | No |  |  |
| Other | Ambient operating temperature |  | Refer to the derating curve in Engineering Data on page 16 (with no icing or condensation). |  |  |
|  | Storage temperature |  | -25 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing or condensation) |  |  |
|  | Ambient operating humidity |  | 25\% to $85 \%$ (Storage humidity: $25 \%$ to $90 \%$ ) |  |  |
|  | Dielectric strength |  | 3.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and outputs; detection current: 20 mA ) 2.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and PE terminals; detection current: 20 mA ) 1.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all outputs and PE terminals; detection current: 20 mA ) |  |  |
|  | Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (between all outputs and all inputs/PE terminals) at 500 VDC |  |  |
|  | Vibration resistance |  | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.375-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 2 h each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |  |  |
|  | Shock resistance |  | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 3$ times each in $\pm \mathrm{X}, \pm \mathrm{Y}, \pm \mathrm{Z}$ directions |  |  |
|  | Output indicator |  | Yes (Color: Green) |  |  |
|  | EMI | Conducted Emissions | Conforms to EN 55011 Group 1 Class A and based on FCC Class A *9 |  |  |
|  |  | Radiated Emissions | Conforms to EN 55011 Group 1 Class A *9 |  |  |
|  | EMS | Electrostatic Discharge | Conforms to EN61000-4-2 |  |  |
|  |  | Radiated Electromagnetic Field | Conforms to EN61000-4-3 |  |  |
|  |  | Electrical Fast Transient/Burst | Conforms to EN61000-4-4 |  |  |
|  |  | Surge | Conforms to EN61000-4-5 |  |  |
|  |  | Conducted Disturbance | Conforms to EN61000-4-6 |  |  |
|  |  | Voltage Dips/Short Interruptions | Conforms to EN61000-4-11 |  |  |
|  | Approved standards *9 |  | UL Listed: UL 508 (Listing), UL UR: UL 60950-1 (Recognition) |  |  |
|  |  |  | cUL Listed: CSA C22.2 No. 1 cUR: CSA C22.2 No. 60950 |  |  |
|  |  |  | EN/VDE: EN50178 (= VDE 01 (Terminal block: Based on D | 0), Over voltage catego N 50274 (VDE 0660-5 | $\text { N 60950-1 (= VDE } 0805 \text { Teil 1) }$ |
|  | SEMI |  | --- |  |  |
|  | Weight *8 |  | 800 g max. | 700 g max. ${ }^{\text {l }}$ 600 g max. |  |

*1. When a load is connected that has a built-in DC-DC converter, the overload protection may operate at startup and the Power Supply may not start. Refer to Overload Protection on page 19.
*2. Do not use an Inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning.
*3. Rated input voltage: 100 or 200 VAC at $100 \%$ load.
*4. Output characteristics: Specified at power supply output terminals.
*5. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the allowable voltage range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that load is not damaged.
*6. For details, refer to Overload Protection on page 19.
*7. To reset the protection, turn OFF the input power for seven minutes or longer and then turn it back ON.
*8. The weight indicated is for Front-mounting, Open-frame Power Supply.
*9. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

| Item |  | Input specification Power ratings *1 | 100/200 V (Selected) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 600 W |
| Efficiency |  |  | 5 V models | 71\% min. 300 W | 72\% min. |
|  |  | 12V models | 75\% min. | 78\% min. |
|  |  | 24V models | 82\% min. | 80\% min. |
|  |  | 48 V models | 82\% min. | 80\% min. |
| Input | Voltage *2 |  | 100 to 120 VAC (allowable range: 85 to 132 VAC) 200 to 240 VAC (allowable range: 170 to 264 VAC) (Switchable) |  |
|  | Frequency $* 2$ |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( 47 to 450 Hz ) |  |
|  | Current *3 | 100 V input | 8 A max. | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \mathrm{~A} \max .(5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}) \\ & 14 \mathrm{~A} \max .(24 \mathrm{~V}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 200 V input | 4.5 A max. | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \text { A max. }(5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}) \\ & 8 \mathrm{~A} \max .(24 \mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Power factor |  | --- |  |
|  | Harmonic current emissions |  | --- |  |
|  | Leakage current $* 3$ | 100 V input | 0.5 mA max. |  |
|  |  | 200 V input | 1 mA max. |  |
|  | Inrush current (for a cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) $* 3$ | 100 V input | 25 A max. | 30 A max. |
|  |  | 200 V input | 50 A max. | 60 A max. |
|  | Noise filter |  | Yes |  |
| Output *4 | Voltage adjustment range $* 5$ |  | -10\% to 15\% (with V. ADJ) (48-V models: $\pm 10 \%$ ) |  |
|  | Ripple *3 |  | 2.8\% (p-p) max.(5V) *6 2\% (p-p) max. (12V, 24V, 48V) | $\begin{aligned} & 3.8 \%(p-p) \max .(5 \mathrm{~V}) * 6 \\ & 2 \%(p-p) \max .(12 \mathrm{~V}) * 6 \\ & 2 \%(p-p) \max .(24 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Input variation influence |  | 0.4\% max. |  |
|  | Load variation influence |  | 0.8\% max. (0 to 100\% load, rated input voltage) |  |
|  | Temperature variation influence |  | $0.05 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. |  |
|  | Startup time |  | 650 ms max . | 500 ms max . |
|  | Hold time $* 3$ |  | 20 ms min . |  |
| Additional functions | Overload protection $* 7$ |  | $105 \%$ to $175 \%$ of rated load current, Inverted L voltage drop, the circuit will be shut OFF when the overload exceeds $5 \mathrm{~s} .(5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}) * 10$ voltage drop, intermittent, automatic reset. ( $24 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}$ ) | $105 \%$ to $175 \%$ of rated load current, Inverted L voltage drop, the circuit will be shut OFF when the overload exceeds 5 s . $* 10$ |
|  | Overvoltage protection $* 8$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Yes }(5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}) * 10 \\ \text { Yes }(24 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}) * 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Yes *10 |
|  | Overheat protection |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Yes }(5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}) * 10 \\ \text { No }(24 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}) * 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Yes *10 |
|  | Parallel operation |  | Yes (up to 5 units) |  |
|  | Series operation |  | Yes (For up to two Power Supplies; external diodes required.) |  |
|  | Protective circuit operation indicator |  | Yes (color: red) (5V, 12V) <br> No (24V, 48V) | Yes (color: red) |
| Other | Ambient operating temperature |  | Refer to the derating curve in Engineering Data on page 16 (with no icing or condensation). |  |
|  | Storage temperature |  | -25 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing or condensation) |  |
|  | Ambient operating humidity |  | 25\% to $85 \%$ (Storage humidity: $25 \%$ to $90 \%$ ) |  |
|  | Dielectric strength |  | 3.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and outputs; detection current: 25 mA ) 2.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and PE terminals; detection current: 25 mA ) 1.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all outputs and PE terminals; detection current: 25 mA ) |  |
|  | Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (between all outputs and all inputs/PE terminals) at 500 VDC |  |
|  | Vibration resistance |  | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.375-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 2 h each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |  |
|  | Shock resistance |  | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 3$ times each in $\pm \mathrm{X}, \pm \mathrm{Y}, \pm \mathrm{Z}$ directions |  |
|  | Output indicator |  | Yes (Color: Green) |  |
|  | EMI | Conducted Emissions $* 3$ | Conforms to EN 55011 Group 1 Class A and based on FCC Class A *11 |  |
|  |  | Radiated Emissions | Conforms to EN 55011 Group 1 Class A *11 *12 |  |
|  | EMS | Electrostatic Discharge | Conforms to EN61000-4-2 |  |
|  |  | Radiated Electromagnetic Field | Conforms to EN61000-4-3 |  |
|  |  | Electrical Fast Transient/Burst | Conforms to EN61000-4-4 |  |
|  |  | Surge | Conforms to EN61000-4-5 |  |
|  |  | Conducted Disturbance | Conforms to EN61000-4-6 |  |
|  |  | Voltage Dips/Short Interruptions | Conforms to EN61000-4-11 |  |
|  | Approved standards $* 13$ |  | UL UR: UL 508 (Recognition), UL 60950-1 (Recognition) |  |
|  |  |  | cUR: CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 |  |
|  |  |  | EN/VDE: EN50178 (= VDE 0160), Over voltage category III, EN 60950-1 (= VDE 0805 Teil 1) (Terminal block: Based on DIN 50274 (VDE 0660-514)) |  |
|  | Weight *9 |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 1,800 \mathrm{~g} \max .(5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}) \\ 1,600 \mathrm{~g} \text { max. }(24 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2,500 g max. |

*1. When a load is connected that has a built-in DC-DC converter, the overload protection may operate at startup and the Power Supply may not start. Refer to Overload Protection on page 19.
*2. Do not use an Inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning.
*3. Rated input voltage: 100 or 200 VAC at $100 \%$ load.
*4. Output characteristics: Specified at power supply output terminals.
*5. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the allowable voltage range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that load is not damaged.
*6. Measurement methods are based on JEITA standard RC-9131A. Refer to Ripple Noise Voltage on page 55.
*7. For details, refer to Overload Protection on page 19.
*8. To reset the protection, turn OFF the input power for three minutes or longer and then turn it back ON.
$* 9$. The weight indicated is for Front-mounting Power Supply.
$* 10$.The protection-ON alarm indicator will light as soon as the output is interrupted. For resetting, turn OFF the input power, leave for more than three minutes, and then turn it back ON again.
*11.Noise values depend on the wiring methods and other factors. Insert noise filters and cores in the input and output lines.
300 W, 5 V: Two E04SR401938 (manufactured by SEIWA) on the output line.
300 W, 12 V: One E04SR401938 (manufactured by SEIWA) on the output line.
600 W, 5 V or 12 V: One FN2450G-16-61 (manufactured by Schaffner) on the input line.
One E04RC613620 (manufactured by SEIWA) on the output line.
*12.For the $600-\mathrm{W}, 5-\mathrm{V}$ and $12-\mathrm{V}$ models, class A compliance was met with an aluminum plate placed under the Power Supply. *13.The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

S8JX

## Connections

## Block Diagrams

S8JX-G01505 $\square$ (15 W) S8JX-G01512 $\square$ ( 15 W )
S8JX-G01515 $\square$ ( 15 W ) S8JX-G01524 $\square$ (15 W)


S8JX-G01548 $\square$ (15 W)


S8JX-G03505 $\square \square$ (35 W)
S8JX-G03512 $\square$ (35 W) S8JX-G03515 $\square \square$ (35 W) S8JX-G03524 $\square$ (35 W)


S8JX-G03548 $\square$ (35 W)


S8JX-G05005 $\square$ (50 W)
S8JX-G05012 $\square \square$ (50 W) S8JX-G05024 $\square$ (50 W)


S8JX-G05048 $\square$ (50 W)


S8JX-G100 $\square \square \square$ (100 W)


S8JX-G15005 $\square$ ( 150 W )


Note: Set the input voltage switch to "115V" for 100 to 120 VAC and to " 230 V " for 200 to 240 VAC.

S8JX-G15012 $\square \square$ (150 W)
S8JX-G15024 $\square \square$ (150 W)
S8JX-G15048 $\square$ (150 W)


S8JX-G30005 $\square \square$ (300 W)
S8JX-G30012 $\square \square$ (300 W)


Note: Short-circuit the input voltage selector terminals if the input is 100 to 120 VAC.
Keep the terminals open if the input is 200 to 240 VAC.

S8JX-G30024 $\square \square$ (300 W)


S8JX-G60005 $\square$ ( 600 W)
S8JX-G60012 $\square$ (600 W)
S8JX-G60048 $\square$ (600 W)


Note: Short-circuit the input voltage selector terminals if the input is 100 to 120 VAC. Keep the terminals open if the input is 200 to 240 VAC.

S8JX-G60024 $\square$ ( 600 W )


Note: Short-circuit the input voltage selector terminals if the input is 100 to 120 VAC. Keep the terminals open if the input is 200 to 240 VAC.

## Construction and Nomenclature

## Nomenclature



Note: The S8JX-G05024CD is shown above.

| No. | Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | DC Output <br> Terminals (-V), (+V) | Connect the load lines to these terminals. |
| 2 | AC Input Terminals (L), (N) | Connect the input lines to these terminals. *1 |
| 3 | Protective Earth Terminal (PE) ( $\stackrel{\text { O }}{ }$ ) | Connect the ground line to these terminals. *2 |
| 4 | Output Voltage Adjuster (V. ADJ) | It is possible to increase or decrease the output voltage. |
| 5 | Output Indicator (DC ON: Green) | Lights green while a direct current (DC) output is ON. |
| 6 | Input voltage switch | Switches the internal circuits according to the input voltage. <br> "115V": 100 to 120 VAC <br> "230V": 200 to 240 VAC |

*1. The fuse is located on the (L) side. It is NOT user-replaceable. For a DC power input, connect the low side to the positive ( + ) terminal.
*2. This is the protective earth terminal specified in the safety standards. Always ground this terminal.

## 300-W 5V, 12V Model



300-W 24V, 48V Model


## 300-W Model

| No. | Name | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | DC Output <br> Terminals (+V), (-V) | Connect the load lines to these terminals. |
| 2 | AC Input Terminals <br> $(\mathrm{L}),(\mathrm{N})$ | Connect the input lines to these terminals. *1 |
| 3 | Protective Earth <br> Terminal (PE) ( $\rightleftharpoons)$ | Connect the ground line to these terminals. *2 |
| 5 | Input Voltage <br> Selector Terminals | Short-circuit the terminals if the input is 100 to 120 <br> VAC and open the terminals if the input is 200 to 240 <br> VAC. |
| 6 | Output Indicator <br> (DC ON: Green) | Lights green while a direct current (DC) output is ON. <br> Adjuster (V. ADJ) |
| 7 | Protection-ON <br> Alarm Indicator <br> (ALM: Red) | It is possible to increase or decrease the output <br> voltage. |
| 8 | The red indicator will be lit if the overvoltage or <br> overheat protection circuit is triggered. This indicator <br> will also be lit when overload is detected. *3 |  |
| Operation Parallel | Set the selector to PARALLEL if the Units are in <br> parallel operation. |  |

*1. The fuse is located on the ( L ) side. It is NOT user-replaceable.
*2. This is the protective earth terminal specified in the safety standards. Always ground this terminal.
$* 3$. This is not applicable to $24-\mathrm{V}$ and $48-\mathrm{V}$ models.


## Reference Values

| Reliability (MTBF) | S8JX-G15012 $\square \square$ and <br> S8JX-G15005 $\square \square$ | S8JX-G30005 $\square \square$ and <br> S8JX-G300012 $\square \square$ | S8JX-G6000 $\square \square \square$ | Other models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 240,000 hrs | $200,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ | $170,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ | $250,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ |
|  | MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failures, which is calculated according to the probability of accidental device <br> failures, and indicates reliability of devices. <br> Therefore, it does not necessarily represent a life of the product. |  |  |  |
| Life expectancy | 10 yrs. min. | The life expectancy indicates average operating hours under the ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a load rate of $50 \%$. <br> Normally this is determined by the life expectancy of the built-in aluminum electrolytic capacitor. |  |  |
| Definition |  |  |  |  |

## S8JX

## Engineering Data

## Derating Curves (Standard Mounting)



Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged. Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the above graph)
2. If there is a derating problem, use forced air-cooling.
3. For Customers Using a DC Input

When using an input voltage of less than 100 VDC, reduce the load calculated with the above derating curve by at least the following coefficients.
$35-\mathrm{W}$ and $100-\mathrm{W}$ ( $5-\mathrm{V}$ or $12-\mathrm{V}$ output) models: 0.8
50-W/150-W models:
$15-\mathrm{W}$ and $100-\mathrm{W}$ (24-V or 48-V output):
0.85 (DC power cannot be input only to the S8JX-G15005 $\square \square$.)

300-/600-W 24V, 48V Models

## Single Unit Operation



## Parallel Operation


_ Solid line Front-mounting,
Bottom-mounting,
DIN Rail mounting,
Side mounting
(300W 5V, 12V/
600W 24V, 48V Models)
Dotted line side mounting
(300W 24V, 48V Models)

Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged. Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the above graph).
2. If there is a derating problem, use forced air-cooling.

600-W 5V, 12V Models

## Single Unit Operation



Parallel Operation


Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged. Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the above graph).

## Mounting

## 15-/35-/50-/100-/150-W Models

The following three mounting methods are possible.
(A). Front-mounting: Refer to Mounting Bracket Provided with Front-mounting Power Supplies (A) on page 25.
(B). Bottom-mounting
(C). Side-mounting

Note: Additional mounting methods are also available using DIN Rail-mounting models.

Standard Mounting


Note: 1. Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the standard mounting method only.
2. When mounting the Power Supply, mounting it to a metal plate ( $*$ ) is recommended.
3. Install the Power Supply so that the air flow circulates around the Power Supply, as the Power Supply is designed to radiate heat by means of natural air flow.


DIN Rail mounting


Note: 1. Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the standard mounting method only.
2. When mounting the Power Supply, mounting it to a metal plate ( $*$ ) is recommended.
3. Do not cover the air holes (provided at fan mounted side and the opposite side) to have enough aircooling.

## 300-W 24V, 48V Model

Front-mounting

Bottom-mounting



DIN Rail mounting


Note: 1. Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the standard mounting method only.
2. When mounting the Power Supply, mounting it to a metal plate ( $*$ ) is recommended.
3. Install the Power Supply so that the air flow circulates around the Power Supply, as the Power Supply is designed to radiate heat by means of natural air flow.
600-W Model

Front-mounting


Bottom-mounting



Note: 1. Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the standard mounting method only.
2. When mounting the Power Supply, mounting it to a metal plate (*) is recommended.
3. Do not cover the air holes (provided at fan mounted side and the opposite side) to have enough air-cooling.

## Overload Protection

The Power Supply is provided with an overload protection function that protects the power supply from possible damage by overcurrent. When the output current rises above $105 \%$ to $175 \% \mathrm{~min}$. of the rated current, the protection function is triggered, decreasing the output voltage. When the output current falls within the rated range, the overload protection function is automatically cleared.
Note: 1. When a load is connected that has a built-in DC-DC converter, the overload protection may operate at startup and the power supply may not start.
2. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged if a short-circuited or overcurrent state continues during operation.
3. Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with frequent inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.

## (Reference value)

15-/35-/50-/100-/150-W (12-/24-/48-V) Models


150-W, 5-V Models


300-W 24V, 48V Model



If an excessive current flows for 5 s or more, the output will be turned OFF and simultaneously the protection-ON alarm indicator will be lit. To reset the S8JX, turn OFF the power, leave the S8JX for at least three minutes, and then turn it ON again.

## Overvoltage Protection

## 15-/35-/50-/100-/150-W Models

Consider the possibility of an overvoltage and design the system so that the load will not be subjected to an excessive voltage even if the feedback circuit in the power supply fails. When an excessive voltage that is approximately $130 \%$ of the rated voltage or more is output, the output voltage is shut OFF, preventing damage to the load due to overvoltage. Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least seven minutes and then turning it back ON again.

## 300-/600-W Models

Consider the possibility of an overvoltage and design the system so that the load will not be subjected to an excessive voltage even if the feedback circuit in the Power Supply fails. When an excessive voltage that is approximately $120 \%$ of the rated voltage or more is output, the output voltage is shut OFF, preventing damage to the load due to overvoltage (Except $300-\mathrm{W} 24 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}$ models ). Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minute and then turning it back ON again.

## (Reference value)



Note: Do not turn ON the power again until the cause of the overvoltage has been removed.

## Overheat Protection

## 300-W 5V, 12V/600-W Model

If the internal temperature rises excessively as a result of fan failure or any other reason, the overheat protection circuit will be triggered to shut OFF the output voltage and simultaneously the protection-ON alarm indicator will be lit. Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minutes and then turning it back ON again.

## Inrush Current, Startup Time, Output Hold Time



Note: A maximum startup time of 500 ms is required ( 650 ms for 300 W ). Construct a system configuration that considers the startup time of other devices.

## Front-mounting Models

S8JX-G015 $\square$ (15 W)
S8JX-G015 $\square$ C ( 15 W )
S8JX-G035 $\square$ ( 35 W )
S8JX-G035 $\square$ C (35 W)


Panel mounting holes dimensions


S8JX-G100 $\square$ ( 100 W )
S8JX-G100 $\square$ C ( 100 W )
S8JX-G15024 (150 W)
S8JX-G15024C ( 150 W )
S8JX-G15048 (150 W)


S8JX-G050 $\square$ ( 50 W )
S8JX-G050 $\square$ ( 50 W)



## S8JX-G15005 (150 W)

## S8JX-G15005C (150 W)



Panel mounting holes dimensions


S8JX-G15012 (150 W) S8JX-G15012C (150 W)

Panel mounting holes dimensions


S8JX-G30005C (300 W)
S8JX-G30012C (300 W)


S8JX-G30024C (300 W)
S8JX-G30048C (300 W)


Common Precautions

S8JX-G60005 $\square$ (600 W)
S8JX-G60012 $\square$ ( 600 W )


S8JX-G60024C ( 600 W ) S8JX-G60048C ( 600 W )


Mounting Bracket Provided with Front-mounting Power Supplies (A)
15-/35-/50-/100-/150-W Models

S82Y-J00F Front-mounting Bracket


## Front-mounting Method

Temporarily attach the enclosed mounting bracket as shown in the illustration on the right, hook the holes (parts a) in the Power Supply on hooks on the mounting bracket (parts b), and secure the Power Supply with two mounting screws.

Note: Mounting screws are



Note: To provide ventilation space, the body will shift forward by 23.6 mm from the mounting surface.

Separately purchasable mounting brackets (Please ask your dealer for details of delivery.)

## For 15-W/30-W/50-W/100-W/150-W/300-W/600-W models (separately purchasable)

Bracket for changeover from S82J-series
The mounting-hole pitch of mounting brackets A - I below is identical to that of our product S82J. These brackets can be used for switchover with the S82J-series.

| Models compatible with the S82J-series | Mounting Orientation | Products names | Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50-W models | Underside mounting | Mounting bracket A (For S8JX-G-series 50-W models) | S82Y-JX05B |
| 100-W 24 V models |  | Mounting bracket B (For S8JX-G-series 100-W 24 V models) | S82Y-JX10B |
| $100-\mathrm{W} 5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}, 150-\mathrm{W} 24 \mathrm{~V}$ models |  | Mounting bracket C (For S8JX-G-series 100-W $5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{~W}$ models) | S82Y-JX15B |
| 100-W $5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}, 150-\mathrm{W} 24 \mathrm{~V}$ models | Front mounting | Mounting bracket D (For S8JX-G-series 100-W $5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}, 150 \mathrm{~W}$ models) | S82Y-JX15F |
| 25-W models | Underside mounting | Mounting bracket E (For S8JX-G-series 30-W models) | S82Y-JX03B |
| 300-W models | Underside mounting | Mounting bracket F (For S8JX-G-series 300-W models) | S82Y-JX30B |
|  | Front mounting | Mounting bracket G (For S8JX-G-series 300-W models) | S82Y-JX30F |
| 600-W models | Underside mounting | Mounting bracket H (For S8JX-G-series 600-W models) | S82Y-JX60B |
|  | Front mounting | Mounting bracket I (For S8JX-G-series 600-W models) | S82Y-JX60F |

Note: Mounting brackets (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I) are compatible with S82J mounting holes.

## Mounting Bracket A

S82Y-JX05B


Screws used
A: Accessories (2 locations)
Be sure to use the accessory screws.
Mounting screw tightening torque
(recommended): $0.49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
B: M3 (2 locations)

## Mounting Bracket B



Screws used
A: Accessories (2 locations)
Be sure to use the accessory screws.
Mounting screw tightening torque
(recommended): $0.49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
B: M4 (2 locations)

## Mounting Bracket C

S82Y-JX15B


## Mounting Bracket D

S82Y-JX15F
Method of Mounting


Screws used
A: Accessories (2 locations)
Be sure to use the accessory screws Mounting screw tightening torque
(recommended): $0.49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
B: M4 (2 locations)

## Mounting Bracket E

S82Y-JX03B
Method of Mounting



EA

Screws used
A: Accessories (2 locations)
Be sure to use the accessory screws.
Mounting screw tightening torque
(recommended): $0.49 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

## Mounting Bracket F <br> S82Y-JX30B



# Method of Mounting 



Thickness $=3.2$

## Mounting Bracket G

S82Y-JX30F


Method of Mounting


A: Accessories (4 locations)
Be sure to use the accessory screws.
Note: For ventilation of the back surface, the body should be placed 21.6 mm in front of the mounting side.

## Mounting Bracket H

S82Y-JX60B


Method of Mounting


Screws used
A: Accessories (4 locations)
Be sure to use the accessory screws.
B: M4 (4 locations)
Screws of a length that will not project beyond the
 (Although there are 8 holes in the bracket body, only 4 of these are used.)

## Mounting Bracket I

S82Y-JX60F
Method of Mounting



Screws used
A: Accessories (4 locations)
Be sure to use the accessory screws
Note: For ventilation of the back surface, the body should be placed 23.6 mm in front of
the mounting side. the mounting side.

## DIN Rail-mounting Models



S8JX-G100 $\square$ ( 100 W ) S8JX-G100 $\square \square$ CD ( 100 W ) S8JX-G15024D (150 W) S8JX-G15024CD (150 W) S8JX-G15048D (150 W) S8JX-G15048CD (150 W)


## S8JX

S8JX-G15005D (150 W) S8JX-G15005CD (150 W)

nput voltage switch
S8JX-G15012D (150 W) S8JX-G15012CD (150 W)


S8JX-G30005CD (300W)
S8JX-G30012CD (300W)


Note: Use a metal DIN Rail when mounting a 300-W model to a DIN Rail.
S8JX-G30024CD (300 W) S8JX-G30048CD (300 W)


Note: Use a metal DIN Rail when mounting a 300-W model to a DIN Rail.

DIN Rail (Order Separately)

## Mounting Rail <br> (Material: Aluminum)



| Model |
| :---: |
| PFP-100N |
| PFP-50N |

## Mounting Rail

(Material: Aluminum)


## End Plate



Note: 1. If there is a possibility that the Unit will be subject to vibration or shock, use a steel DIN Rail. Otherwise, metallic filings may result from aluminum abrasion.
2. If the Unit may be subjected to sliding to either side, attach an End Plate (model PFP-M) on each side of the Unit.

Terminal Cover (Order Separately)

| Terminal Cover model | Applicable Power Supply and applicable location |
| :--- | :--- |
| S82Y-JX-C4P | S8JX-G-300W, 24-V or 48-V output |
|  | S8JX-G-600W, 24-V or 48-V output |
| S82Y-JX-C5P | S8JX-G-300W, input |
|  | S8JX-G-600W, input |
|  | S8JX-G-15W |
|  | S8JX-G-30W |
|  | S8JX-G-50W |
|  | S8JX-G-100W |
|  | S8JX-G-150W, 12-V, 24-V or 48-V model |

## Replacement Fan (sold separately)

| Model |
| :---: |
| S82Y-JXFAN |

## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend

Note: Not all combinations are possible. Refer to List of Models in Ordering Information on page 34.

## 50-/100-/150-W Models

## S8JX-P $\underset{1}{\square} \square \frac{\square}{2} \frac{\square}{3} \frac{\square}{4}$

1. Power Ratings

050: 50 W
100: 100 W
150: 150 W
2. Output Voltage

05: 5 V
12: 12 V
24: 24 V
48: 48 V
3. Configuration (50/100/150 W model)

None: Open-frame
C: Covered
4. Configuration/mounting

None: Front-mounting
D: DIN Rail-mounting

## 300-/600-W Models

## S8JX-P $\frac{\square \square \square \square}{1} \frac{\square}{2}$

1. Power Ratings
2. Output Voltage

300: 300 W
05: 5V
12: 12 V
24: 24 V
48: 48 V
3. Configuration/mounting (covered type)

C: Front-mounting
CD: DIN Rail-mounting
N : Without mounting bracket
Note: Estimates can be provided for coatings and other specifications that are not given in the datasheet. Ask your OMRON representative for details.

## Ordering Information

## List of Models

Note: For details on normal stock models, contact your nearest OMRON representative.

| Configuration |  | Input voltage | Power ratings | Output voltage (VDC) | Output current | Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Open-frame Power Supplies | Front-mounting *1 |  | 50 W | 5 V | 10 A | S8JX-P05005 |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 4.2 A | S8JX-P05012 |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P05024 |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 1.1 A | S8JX-P05048 |
|  |  |  | 100 W | 5 V | 20 A | S8JX-P10005 |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 8.5 A | S8JX-P10012 |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 4.5 A | S8JX-P10024 |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P10048 |
|  |  |  | 150 W | 5 V | 30 A | S8JX-P15005 |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 13 A | S8JX-P15012 |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 6.5 A | S8JX-P15024 |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 3.3 A | S8JX-P15048 |
|  | DIN Rail-mounting *2 |  |  | 5 V | 10 A | S8JX-P05005D |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 4.2 A | S8JX-P05012D |
|  |  |  | 50 W | 24 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P05024D |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 1.1 A | S8JX-P05048D |
|  |  |  |  | 5 V | 20 A | S8JX-P10005D |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 8.5 A | S8JX-P10012D |
|  |  |  | W | 24 V | 4.5 A | S8JX-P10024D |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P10048D |
|  |  |  |  | 5 V | 30 A | S8JX-P15005D |
|  |  |  | 150 W | 12 V | 13 A | S8JX-P15012D |
|  |  |  | 150 W | 24 V | 6.5 A | S8JX-P15024D |
|  |  | (free) |  | 48 V | 3.3 A | S8JX-P15048D |
| Covered Power Supplies | Front-mounting *1 | ( 80 to 370 VDC *3) |  | 5 V | 10 A | S8JX-P05005C |
|  |  |  | 50 W | 12 V | 4.2 A | S8JX-P05012C |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P05024C |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 1.1 A | S8JX-P05048C |
|  |  |  |  | 5 V | 20 A | S8JX-P10005C |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 8.5 A | S8JX-P10012C |
|  |  |  | 100 W | 24 V | 4.5 A | S8JX-P10024C |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P10048C |
|  |  |  |  | 5 V | 30 A | S8JX-P15005C |
|  |  |  | 150 W | 12 V | 13 A | S8JX-P15012C |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 6.5 A | S8JX-P15024C |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 3.3 A | S8JX-P15048C |
|  | DIN Rail-mounting *2 |  | 50 W | 5 V | 10 A | S8JX-P05005CD |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 4.2 A | S8JX-P05012CD |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P05024CD |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 1.1 A | S8JX-P05048CD |
|  |  |  | 100 W | 5 V | 20 A | S8JX-P10005CD |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 8.5 A | S8JX-P10012CD |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 4.5 A | S8JX-P10024CD |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 2.1 A | S8JX-P10048CD |
|  |  |  | 150 W | 5 V | 30 A | S8JX-P15005CD |
|  |  |  |  | 12 V | 13 A | S8JX-P15012CD |
|  |  |  |  | 24 V | 6.5 A | S8JX-P15024CD |
|  |  |  |  | 48 V | 3.3 A | S8JX-P15048CD |

*1. The front-mounting bracket is included as standard with the product.
*2. A front-mounting bracket is not included with the product.
*3. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

| Configuration |  | Input voltage | Power ratings | Output voltage (VDC) | Output current | Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Covered Power Supplies | Front-mounting *1 | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC } \\ & \text { (free) } \\ & (80 \text { to } 370 \text { VDC } * 3 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 300 W | 24 V | $\begin{gathered} \hline 14 \mathrm{~A} \\ \text { peak current } 16.5 \mathrm{~A} \\ (200 \mathrm{VAC}) \end{gathered}$ | S8JX-P30024C Upcoming |
|  |  |  | 600 W | 24 V | 27 A peak current 31 A (200 VAC) | S8JX-P60024C Upcoming |
|  | DIN Rail-mounting *2 |  | 300 W | 24 V | $\begin{gathered} 14 \mathrm{~A} \\ \text { peak current } 16.5 \mathrm{~A} \\ \text { (200 VAC) } \end{gathered}$ | S8JX-P30024CD |
|  |  |  | 600 W | 24 V | $\begin{gathered} 27 \mathrm{~A} \\ \text { peak current } 31 \mathrm{~A} \\ (200 \mathrm{VAC}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | S8JX-P60024CD Upcoming |
|  | Without mounting brackets *2 |  | 300 W | 24 V | 14 A peak current 16.5 A $(200 \mathrm{VAC})$ | S8JX-P30024N Upcoming |
|  |  |  | 600 W | 24 V | 27 A peak current 31 A (200 VAC) | S8JX-P60024N Upcoming |

*1. The front-mounting bracket is included as standard with the product.
*2. A front-mounting bracket is not included with the product.
*3. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).

## Ratings, Characteristics, and Functions

| Item |  | Input specification Power ratings $* 1$ | 100 to 240 V input |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 50 W | 100 W | 150 W |
| Efficiency |  |  | 5-V Models | 73\% min. | 78\% min. | 79\% min. |
|  |  | 12-V Models | 76\% min. | 78\% min. | 78\% min. |
|  |  | 24-V Models | 77\% min. | 81\% min. | 81\% min. |
|  |  | 48-V Models | 80\% min. | 81\% min. | 82\% min. |
| Input | Voltage $* 2$ |  | 100 to 240 VAC (allowable range: 85 to 264 VAC) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 80 to 370 VDC *9 |  |  |
|  | Frequency $* 2$ |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ( 47 to 63 Hz ) |  |  |
|  | Current *3 | 100 V input | 0.75 A max. | 1.4 A max. | 2.1 A max. |
|  |  | 200 V input | 0.4 A max. | 0.75 A max. | 1.1 A max. |
|  | Power factor |  | 0.9 min . |  |  |
|  | Harmonic current emissions |  | Conforms to EN61000-3-2 |  |  |
|  | Leakage current $* 3$ | 100 V input | 0.5 mA max. |  |  |
|  |  | 200 V input | 1 mA max. |  |  |
|  | Inrush current (for a cold start at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) $* 3$ | 100 V input | 17.5 A max. |  |  |
|  |  | 200 V input | 35 A max. |  |  |
|  | Noise filter |  | Yes |  |  |
| Output *4 | Voltage adjustment range $* 5$ |  | $-10 \%$ to $15 \%$ (with V. ADJ) (48-V models: $\pm 10 \%$ ) |  |  |
|  | Ripple *3 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \%(p-p) \text { max. } \\ & \text { This shall be } 3 \%(p-p) \text { or less when the ambient temperature is less than } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { (for only } 5 \mathrm{~V} \text { type). } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | Input variation influence |  | $0.4 \%$ max. with AC input voltage |  |  |
|  | Load variation influence |  | 0.8\% max. (0 to 100\% load, rated input voltage) |  |  |
|  | Temperature variation influence |  | $0.05 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. (at rated input and output) |  |  |
|  | Startup time |  | $1,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ max. |  |  |
|  | Hold time $* 3$ |  | 20 ms min . |  |  |
| Additional functions | Overload protection $* 6$ |  | $105 \%$ to $160 \%$ of rated load current, voltage drop, intermittent, automatic reset | $105 \%$ to $160 \%$ of rated load current, voltage drop, automatic reset |  |
|  | Overvoltage protection $* 7$ |  | Yes |  |  |
|  | Overheat protection |  | No |  |  |
|  | Parallel operation |  | No (However, backup operation is possible; external diodes required.) |  |  |
|  | Series operation |  | Yes (For up to two Power Supplies; external diodes required.) |  |  |
|  | Protective circuit operation indicator |  | No |  |  |
| Other | Ambient operating temperature |  | Refer to the derating curve in Engineering Data on page 42 (with no icing or condensation). |  |  |
|  | Storage temperature |  | -25 to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing or condensation) |  |  |
|  | Ambient operating humidity |  | 25\% to $85 \%$ (Storage humidity: $25 \%$ to $90 \%$ ) |  |  |
|  | Dielectric strength |  | 3.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and outputs; detection current: 20 mA ) <br> 2.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all inputs and PE terminals; detection current: 20 mA ) <br> 1.0 kVAC for 1 min . (between all outputs and PE terminals; detection current: 20 mA ) |  |  |
|  | Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (between all outputs and all inputs/PE terminals) at 500 VDC |  |  |
|  | Vibration resistance |  | 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 0.375-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 2 h each in $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$, and Z directions |  |  |
|  | Shock resistance |  | $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, 3$ times each in $\pm \mathrm{X}, \pm \mathrm{Y}, \pm \mathrm{Z}$ directions |  |  |
|  | Output indicator |  | Yes (Color: Green) |  |  |
|  | EMI | Conducted Emissions | Conforms to EN 55011 Group 1 Class B and based on FCC Class B *9 |  |  |
|  |  | Radiated Emissions | Conforms to EN 55011 Group 1 Class B *9 |  |  |
|  | EMS | Electrostatic Discharge | Conforms to EN61000-4-2 |  |  |
|  |  | Radiated Electromagnetic Field | Conforms to EN61000-4-3 |  |  |
|  |  | Electrical Fast Transient/Burst | Conforms to EN61000-4-4 |  |  |
|  |  | Surge | Conforms to EN61000-4-5 |  |  |
|  |  | Conducted Disturbance | Conforms to EN61000-4-6 |  |  |
|  |  | Voltage Dips/Short Interruptions | Conforms to EN61000-4-11 |  |  |
|  | Approved standards $* 9$ |  | UL Listed: UL 508 (Listing), UL UR: UL 60950-1 (Recognition) |  |  |
|  |  |  | cUL Listed: CSA C22.2 No.107.1 <br> cUR: CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 <br> EN/VDE: EN50178 (= VDE 0160) Over voltage category III, EN 60950-1 (= VDE 0805 Teil 1) (Terminal block: Based on DIN 50274 (VDE 0660-514)) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | SEMI |  | SEMI F47-0706 (200-VAC input) |  |  |
|  | Weight *8 |  | 370 g max . | 550 g max. | 590 g max . |

*1. When a load is connected that has a built-in DC-DC converter, the overload protection may operate at startup and the Power Supply may not start. Refer to Overload Protection on page 44.
*2. Do not use an Inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning
*3. Rated input voltage: 100 or 200 VAC at $100 \%$ load.
*4. Output characteristics: Specified at power supply output terminals.
*5. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the allowable voltage range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that load is not damaged.
*6. For details, refer to Overload Protection on page 44.
*7. To reset the protection, turn OFF the input power for three minutes or longer and then turn it back ON
*8. The weight indicated is for Front-mounting, Open-frame Power Supply.
*9. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).


## S8JX

*1. When a load is connected that has a built-in DC-DC converter, the overload protection may operate at startup and the Power Supply may not start. Refer to Overload Protection on page 44.
*2. Do not use an Inverter output for the Power Supply. Inverters with an output frequency of $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ are available, but the rise in the internal temperature of the Power Supply may result in ignition or burning.
*3. Rated input voltage: 100 or 200 VAC at $100 \%$ load.
*4. Output characteristics: Specified at power supply output terminals.
$* 5$. If the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ) is turned, the voltage will increase by more than the allowable voltage range. When adjusting the output voltage, confirm the actual output voltage from the Power Supply and be sure that load is not damaged.
*6. For details, refer to Overload Protection on page 44.
*7. To reset the protection, turn OFF the input power for three minutes or longer and then turn it back ON.
*8. The range for compliance with EC Directives and safety standards (UL, EN, etc.) is 100 to 240 VAC ( 85 to 264 VAC).
*9. The 24-V models are scheduled to obtain certification in March 2012.
$* 10$.The weight is of the type without a mounting bracket.
*11.S8JX-P600 $\square \square C D: 100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
$* 12.300-\mathrm{W} / 600-\mathrm{W}$ models conform to Class $B$ with an aluminum plate set under the product.

## Connections

## Block Diagrams

S8JX-P050 $\square \square \square$ (50 W)


S8JX-P100 $\square \square \square$ (100 W) S8JX-P150 $\square \square \square \square$ (150 W)


S8JX-P300 $\square \square \square(\mathbf{3 0 0} \mathbf{W})$


S8JX-P600 $\square \square \square$ (600 W)


Construction and Nomenclature

## Nomenclature

| 50-/100-/150-W Models |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | Name | Function |
|  |  | 1 | DC Output Terminals (-V), (+V) | Connect the load lines to these terminals. |
|  |  | 2 | AC Input Terminals <br> (L), (N) | Connect the input lines to these terminals. $* 1$ |
|  |  | 3 | Protective Earth <br> Terminal (PE) ( $\Theta$ ) | Connect the ground line to these terminals. $* 2$ |
|  |  | 4 | Output Voltage <br> Adjuster (V. ADJ) | It is possible to increase or decrease the output voltage. |
|  |  | 5 | Output Indicator (DC ON: Green) | Lights green while a direct current (DC) output is ON. |
| Note: The S8JX-P05005CD is shown above. | Note: The S8JX-P15005C is shown above. |  | fuse is located on er input, connect th the protective earth term | (L) side. It is NOT user-replaceable. For a DC low side to the positive (+) terminal. <br> nal specified in the safety standards. Always ground this terminal |

*1. The fuse is located on the (L) side. Ensure that the (L) side is set to (+).
*2. This is a PE (Protective Earth) terminal defined in safety standards and must be grounded.
*3. Signal input/output connectors are included as standard and implemented in the CN1 before shipment.
In this connector, the circuits of 1-2, 3-4, and 7-8 are shorted. Removal of the connector may deteriorate the output stability and accuracy, so be sure to perform the connection of $+S$ and $-S$ terminals.
Never connect a load to the output voltage monitor terminal (+V, -V).
Note: The S8JX-P60024N is shown above.

| No. | Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Input Terminals (L), (N) | Connect the input lines to these terminals. *1 |
| 2 | Protective Earth Terminal (PE) ( $\stackrel{\text { ( }}{\ominus}$ ) | Connect the ground line to these terminals. *2 |
| 3 | DC Output Terminals (-V), (+V) | Connect the load lines to these terminals. |
| 4 | Output Indicator (DC ON: Green) | Lights green while a direct current (DC) output is ON. |
| 5 | Output Voltage Adjuster (V. ADJ) | It is possible to increase or decrease the output voltage. |
| 6 | Alarm indicator (ALM: Red) | This lamp lights up at the time of output voltage deterioration or fan stoppage, and in standby mode by remote control function. |
| 7 | Signal output connector $* 3$ | 1: Output voltage monitor terminal (+V) <br> 2: Remote sensing terminal (+S) <br> 3: Output voltage monitor terminal (-V) <br> 4: Remote sensing terminal (-S) <br> 5: Current balance terminal (CB) <br> 6: Current balance ground terminal (CBG) <br> 7: Remote control terminal (+RC) <br> 8: Remote control terminal (-RC) <br> 9: (Not connected) <br> 10: (Not connected) <br> 11: Alarm detection output terminal (ALMC) (Collector side) <br> 12: Alarm detection output terminal (ALME) (Emitter side) |

## Reference Values

|  | $50 \mathrm{~W}: 190,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $100 \mathrm{~W}: 160,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ |
| Reliability (MTBF) | $150 \mathrm{~W}: 160,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ |
|  | $300 \mathrm{~W}: 160,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ |
|  | $600 \mathrm{~W}: 150,000 \mathrm{hrs}$ |
| Definition | MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failures, which is calculated according to the probability of accidental device |
| failures, and indicates reliability of devices. Therefore, it does not necessarily represent a life of the product. |  |
| Life expectancy | 10 yrs. min. |
| Definition | The life expectancy indicates average operating hours under the ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a load rate of $50 \%$. |
|  | Normally this is determined by the life expectancy of the built-in aluminum electrolytic capacitor. |

## Engineering Data

## Derating Curves (Standard Mounting)

50-/100-W Models

Front-mounting, DIN Rail mounting, Bottom-mounting, Side-mounting


Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged. Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the above graph).
2. If there is a derating problem, use forced air-cooling.
3. (For Customers using $100-\mathrm{W}$ type for a DC Input) When using an input voltage of less than 100 VDC , reduce the load calculated with the above derating curve by at least the following coefficients.
When using a voltage exceeding 340 VDC, the ambient temperature should be $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or less.

## S8JX-P 100-W Models



300-/600-W Models


Ambient Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged. Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the above graph).
2. The ambient temperature is defined at a location 50 mm forward from the center of the front surface of the product.
3. (For Customers using 300-/600-W type for a DC Input) Reduce the load calculated with the above derating curve by at least the following coefficients.
S8JX-P 300-/600-W Models


## 150-W Models

Front-mounting, DIN Rail mounting, Bottom-mounting


Horizontal-side-mounting


Note: 1. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged. Do not use the Power Supply in areas outside the derating curve (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the above graph).
2. If there is a derating problem, use forced air-cooling.
3. (For customers using 150-W type for a DC Input)

When using an input voltage of less than 100 VDC, reduce the load calculated with the above derating curve by at least the following coefficients.
When using a voltage exceeding 340 VDC, the ambient temperature should be $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or less.
S8JX-P 150-W Models


## Mounting

## 50-/100-/150-W Models

The following three mounting methods are possible.
(A). Front-mounting: Refer to Mounting Bracket Provided with Front-mounting Power Supplies (A) on page 52.
(B). Bottom-mounting
C. Side-mounting

Note: Additional mounting methods are also available using DIN Rail-mounting models.


## Standard Mounting



Note: 1. Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the standard mounting method only.
2. When mounting the Power Supply, mounting it to a metal plate $(*)$ is recommended.
3. Install the Power Supply so that the air flow circulates around the Power Supply, as the Power Supply is designed to radiate heat by means of natural air flow.


Note: 1. Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the standard mounting method only.
2. When mounting the Power Supply, mounting it to a metal plate (*) is recommended.
3. Do not cover the air holes (provided at fan mounted side and the opposite side) to have enough air-cooling.

## Remote sensing function

This function is used when compensating the voltage drop of the load line.
The remote sensing function is operated by connecting $+S$ terminal (2 pin on CN) to +side of the load terminal and -S terminal (4 pin on CN) to -side of the load terminal.
When the remote sensing function is not used, using a connector provided as standard enables the connection between +S and +V terminals ( 1 pin on CN ) and between -S and $-V$ terminals ( 3 pin on CN) respectively.


Note: 1. Use a two-core shield wire for connection line ( $* 1$ ).
2. If the voltage drop on a load line ( $* 2$ ) is large, the output voltage of the power supply may rise by the voltage drop amount and activate the overvoltage protection. Therefore, be sure to use as thick a wire as possible.
3. Be sure to use the voltage drop at 0.3 V or less.
4. If the load line is long, be sure to use an electrolytic capacitor between the load terminals. As the used electrolytic capacitor may be heated by ripple current due to the connected load, be sure to use an electrolytic capacitor having an allowable ripple current exceeding the used ripple current.
5. Opening status of $+S$ and $-S$ terminals may deteriorate the output stability and accuracy. Therefore, be sure to connect $+S$ and -S terminals.
6. Remove a connector provided as standard and prepare a harness separately.

## Remote control function

This function is to turn ON/OFF the output by an external signal using +RC terminal ( 7 pin on CN ) and -RC terminal ( 8 pin on CN ) while input voltage remains applied. To use this function, connect a switch or a transistor to +RC and -RC terminals.
When not in use, use the standard supplied connector to short-circuit $+R C$ and -RC terminals.


| Level | Output voltage | Built-in fan |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Short or $\mathrm{L}(0-0.8 \mathrm{~V})$ | ON | Rotation |
| Open or $\mathrm{H}(2.4-12 \mathrm{~V})$ | OFF | Stop |

Max. applied voltage: 12 V max., Counter voltage: -1 V max.,
Sink current: $\mathbf{3 . 5} \mathrm{mA}$
Note: 1. If counter voltage is applied to remote control terminals,
output voltage cannot be turned ON/OFF.
Please remember this when wiring.
2. Use a twist wire or a two-core shield wire for connection line.
3. Remote control circuit is disconnected from input and output circuits.
4. Remove a connector provided as standard and prepare a harness separately.

## Alarm detection function

When output voltage drops due to overcurrent protection, overvoltage protection, or overheat protection in operation or input voltage drop, when the built-in fan stops, or when the Power Supply goes standby by remote control, the alarm indicator (LED: red) lights up to indicate the output voltage trouble. In addition, the transistor outputs that outside.

Transistor output: 30 VDC max., 50 mA max.
Residual voltage when the function is ON: 2 V max., leakage current when the function is OFF: 0.1 mA max.
Detection voltage: approximately $80 \%$ of the output voltage setting value
When trouble is detected, the transistor output is turned OFF (nonconductive pins 11-12 on CN) and the LED (red) lights up.


Vce max: DC30V Ic max : 50mA
Note: 1. The alarm detection function monitors the voltage at the Power Supply output end. To check an accurate voltage, measure a voltage at the load end.
2. Remove the standard supplied connector and prepare a connector separately.

## Overload Protection

The Power Supply is provided with an overload protection function that protects the power supply from possible damage by overcurrent. When the output current rises above $105 \%$ to $160 \% \mathrm{~min}$. of the rated current, the protection function is triggered, decreasing the output voltage. When the output current falls within the rated range, the overload protection function is automatically cleared.
Note: 1. When a load is connected that has a built-in DC-DC converter, the overload protection may operate at startup and the power supply may not start.
2. Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged if a short-circuited or overcurrent state continues during operation.
3. Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with frequent inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.

## (Reference value)




## Overvoltage Protection

## 50-/100-/150-W Models

Consider the possibility of an overvoltage and design the system so that the load will not be subjected to an excessive voltage even if the feedback circuit in the power supply fails. When an excessive voltage that is approximately $130 \%$ of the rated voltage or more is output, the output voltage is shut OFF, preventing damage to the load due to overvoltage. Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minutes and then turning it back ON again.

## 300-/600-W Models

Consider the possibility of an overvoltage and design the system so that the load will not be subjected to an excessive voltage even if the feedback circuit in the Power Supply fails. When an excessive voltage that is approximately $130 \%$ of the rated voltage or more is output, the output voltage is shut OFF, preventing damage to the load due to overvoltage and simultaneously the alarm indicator will be lit. Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minute and then turning it back ON again.
(Reference value)


Note: Do not turn ON the power again until the cause of the overvoltage has been removed.
Output peak current (300-W 24V, 600-W 24V Models)
The following conditions should be satisfied for the peak current value.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - } \mathrm{t} 1 \quad \leq 10 \mathrm{~s} \\
& \text { - Ip } \leq \text { rated peak current } \\
& \text { - lave } \leq \text { rated current } \\
& \text { Duty }=\frac{\mathrm{t} 1}{\mathrm{t} 1+\mathrm{t} 2} \times 100[\%] \leq 35 \%(180 \text { to } 240 \mathrm{VAC})
\end{aligned}
$$



Note: 1. Do not hold peak load current over 10 seconds. In addition, you should not use duty cycle under conditions beyond above figure. It may cause damage in its power supply.
2. Please derate peak load current depending on ambient temperature and mounting orientation.
3. Please keep the average current of peak load cycle from becoming more than the rated value.

## Overheat Protection

300-/600-W Models
If the internal temperature rises excessively as a result of fan failure or any other reason, the overheat protection circuit will be triggered to shut OFF the output voltage and simultaneously the protection-ON alarm indicator will be lit. Reset the input power by turning it OFF for at least three minutes and then turning it back ON again.

Inrush Current, Startup Time, Output Hold Time


Note: A maximum startup time of $1,000 \mathrm{~ms}$ is required. Construct a system configuration that considers the startup time of other devices.

## Front-mounting Models

S8JX-P050 $\square \square$ (50 W)
S8JX-P050 $\square$ C (50 W)


Panel mounting holes dimensions


S8JX-P100 $\square$ (100 W)
S8JX-P100 $\square \square$ ( 100 W )
S8JX-P15012 (150 W)
S8JX-P15012C (150 W)
S8JX-P15024 (150 W)
S8JX-P15024C (150 W)


## suo!pnejodd uowmos

S8JX-P15048 (150 W)
S8JX-P15048C (150 W)


## S8JX-P15005 (150 W) S8JX-P15005C (150 W)



S8JX-P300 $\square$ C (300 W)


S8JX-P300 $\square$ N (300 W)

Panel mounting holes dimensions


S8JX-P600 $\square \square$ ( 600 W )


S8JX-P600 $\square \square$ N (600 W)


## DIN Rail-mounting Models

S8JX-P050 $\square \mathrm{D}$ (50 W) S8JX-P050 $\square$ CD (50 W)


S8JX-P100 $\square \square$ (100 W) S8JX-P100 $\square$ CD (100 W) S8JX-P15012D (150 W) S8JX-P15012CD (150 W) S8JX-P15024D (150 W) S8JX-P15024CD (150 W) S8JX-P15048D (150 W) S8JX-P15048CD (150 W)


S8JX-P15005D (150 W)
S8JX-P15005CD (150 W)
s8JX-P15005CD (150 W)




Note: Use a metal DIN Rail when mounting a 300-W model to a DIN Rail.

## S8JX-P600ロロCD (600 W)



Note: Use a metal DIN Rail when mounting a 600-W model to a DIN Rail.

Mounting Bracket Provided with Front-mounting Power Supplies (A)

## S82Y-J00F Front-mounting

Bracket


## Front-mounting Method

Temporarily attach the enclosed mounting bracket as shown in the illustration on the right, hook the holes (parts a) in the Power Supply on hooks on the mounting bracket (parts b), and secure the Power Supply with two mounting screws.

Note: Mounting screws are not provided.


## DIN Rail (Order Separately)

## Mounting Rail

(Material: Aluminum)


## Mounting Rail

(Material: Aluminum)


## End Plate



Note: 1. If there is a possibility that the Unit will be subject to vibration or shock, use a steel DIN Rail. Otherwise, metallic filings may result from aluminum abrasion.
2. If the Unit may be subjected to sliding to either side, attach an End Plate (model PFP-M) on each side of the Unit.

## Terminal Cover (Order Separately)

| Terminal Cover model | Applicable Power Supply and <br> applicable location |
| ---: | :--- |
| S82Y-JTC1 | S8JX-P50W |
|  | S8JX-P100W |
|  | S8JX-P150W 12-V, 24-V or 48-V output |

Replacement Fan (sold separately)

| Product | Model |
| :---: | :---: |
| Replacement fan unit for 300-W models | S82Y-JXP30FAN |
| Replacement fan unit for 600-W models | S82Y-JXP60FAN |

## Safety Precautions

## Refer to Safety Precautions for All Power Supplies.

@ CAUTION
Minor electric shock, fire, or Product failure may occasionally occur. Do not disassemble, modify, or repair the Product to touch the interior of the
 Product.

Minor burns may occasionally occur. Do not touch the Product while power is being supplied or immediately after power is turned OFF.

Fire may occasionally occur. Tighten terminal screws to the specified torque.
M3.5, M4:1.13 N•m.
(The DC output terminal of S8JX-G15005 $\square \square$ and
S8JX-P15005:1.56 N.m.)
M5:2.25 N.m.

Minor injury due to electric shock may occasionally occur. Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Always close the terminal cover after wiring.

Minor electric shock, fire, or Product failure may occasionally occur. Do not allow any pieces of metal or conductors or any clippings or cuttings resulting
 from installation work to enter the Product.

## Precautions for Safe Use

## Mounting

- Take adequate measures to ensure proper heat dissipation to increase the long-term reliability of the Product.
- The $300 \mathrm{~W} 24 \mathrm{~V}, 48 \mathrm{~V}$ models of S8JX-G series are designed to radiate heat by means of natural air-flow. Be sure to allow convection in the atmosphere around devices when mounting. Do not use in locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the range of the derating curve.
- The $300 \mathrm{~W} 5 \mathrm{~V}, 12 \mathrm{~V}, 600 \mathrm{~W}$ models of S8JX-G series, and 600 W models of S8JX-P series are designed to radiate heat by means of forced air-flow. Do not cover the air holes (provided at fan mounted side and the opposite side) to have enough air-cooling.
- The screws must not protrude beyond the following values inside the Power Supply when screw holes provided on the chassis are used.
$15 \mathrm{~W}, 35 \mathrm{~W}, 50 \mathrm{~W}, 100 \mathrm{~W}$, or $150 \mathrm{~W}: 4 \mathrm{~mm}$
300 W or 600 W of S8JX-P series: 6 mm
300 W or 600 W of S8JX-G series: 8 mm
Mounting screw tightening torque (recommended value) : $0.54 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$.
- Front mounting is possible using provided mounting bracket.
- When cutting out holes for mounting, make sure that cuttings do not enter the interior of the Products.
- Improper mounting will interfere with heat dissipation and may occasionally result in deterioration or damage of internal parts. Use the standard mounting method only.
- The internal parts may occasionally deteriorate and be broken due to adverse heat radiation. Do not loosen the screw on the side face of the main body.
- When mounting two or more Power Supplies side-by-side, allow at least 20 mm for S8JX-G series and 15 mm for S8JX-P series spacing between them.
- Provide a space of at least 20 mm back and forth for S8JX-G series, and 50 mm back and forth for S8JX-P series when mounting $300-\mathrm{W}$ and $600-\mathrm{W}$ models as well.
- Use the metal plate as the mounting panel.
- Minor fire may occasionally occur. Set the input voltage switch to the input voltage that is to be used ( $150-\mathrm{W}, 5-\mathrm{V}$ models of S8JX-G series only).

15-/35-/50-/100-/150-W Models

| Standard Mounting | Standard Mounting <br> (Front-mounting and DIN Rail-mounting) |
| :--- | :--- |
| (Bottom-mounting) |  |



Standard Mounting (Horizontal Mounting)


S8JX-G Series 300-W 5V, 12V Model


S8JX-G Series 300-W 24V, 48V Model
Standard Mounting
(Front-mounting and DIN Rail-mounting)


Standard Mounting
(Bottom-mounting)

*1. Convection of air
*2. 20 mm min. ( 15 mm min. for S8JX-P series)
*3. Use a metal plate as the mounting surface.

S8JX-P Series 300-W Models


S8JX-G Series 600-W Models


S8JX-P Series 600-W Models

*1. Convection of air
*2. 20 mm min. ( 15 mm min. for S8JX-P series)
*3. Use a metal plate as the mounting surface.

## Wiring

- Connect the ground completely. A protective earthing terminal stipulated in safety standards is used. Electric shock or malfunction may occur if the ground is not connected completely.
- Minor fire may possibly occur. Ensure that input and output terminals are wired correctly.
- Do not apply more than 75 N force to the terminal block when tightening it.
- Be sure to remove the sheet covering the Product for machining before power-ON so that it does not interfere with heat dissipation.
- Use the following material for the wires to be connected to the S8JX to prevent smoking or ignition caused by abnormal loads.


## Recommended Wire Type

| 15 W, 35 W |  | AWG12 to AWG20 (a cross section of 0.517 to $3.309 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) <br> UL-certified temperature of at least $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50W, 100W, 150 W (except for 5 V) |  | AWG12 to AWG16 (a cross section of 1.309 to $3.309 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) <br> UL-certified temperature of at least $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $60 / 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 150 W at 5 V | Input side | AWG12 to AWG16 (a cross-section of 1.309 to $3.309 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) <br> UL-certified temperature of at least $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $60 / 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Output side | AWG8 to AWG14 (a cross-section of 2.081 to $8.368 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) <br> UL-certified temperature of at least $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $60 / 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| S8JX-G series 300 W 5, 12 V 600 W 5V, 12 V S8JX-P series 300 W, 600 W | Input side | AWG12 to AWG20 (a cross section of 0.517 to $3.309 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) UL-certified temperature of at least $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $60 / 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Output side | AWG6 to AWG20 (a cross section of 0.517 to $13.30 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) UL-certified temperature of at least $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $60 / 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| S8JX-G series 300 W 24V, 48V, 600 W 24V, 48V |  | AWG12 to AWG20 (a cross section of 0.517 to $3.309 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) UL-certified temperature of at least $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $60 / 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| * The rated current for the output terminals on the S8JX-G30005 $\square$, S8JXG30012■П, S8JX-G60005■, S8JX-G60012■, S8JX-P300 $\square$ and S8JXP600 $\square$ is 60A for each terminal. The rated current for the output terminals on the S8JX-G30024 $\square \square$, S8JX-G30048 $\square \square$, S8JX-G60024■, and S8JXG60048 $\square$ is 20 A for each terminal. Use two terminals together if the current flow is higher than the rated terminal current. |  |  |

## Method of Manufacturing Connector Harness for Signal I/O

For S8JX-P Series 300-/600-W models, PHD connectors manufactured by JST Mfg. Co., Ltd. should be used.

| Connector <br> used | S12B-PHDSS | Manufactured <br> by JST Mfg. <br> Co., Ltd. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Housing | PHDR-12VS |  |
| Terminal | SPHD-001T-P0.5 or BPHD-001T-P0.5 |  |

To ensure correct wiring, the following points should be borne in mind when manufacturing the connector. It is recommended that the JST Mfg. Co., Ltd. catalog be read for further details.

- Electric cable size AWG26 to AWG22 should be used.
- The electric cable sheath stripping length should be approximately 2.3 mm .
- Dedicated tool YC (Manufactured by JST Mfg. Co., Ltd.) should be used for crimping of terminals and wiring.
- Although UL12007 (Twisted wire) and other equivalent twisted wires can be used for electric cables, UL1061 with a small outer sheath shape and equivalent twisted wires should be used for AWG22.
- When accommodating crimped terminal wiring in the housing, insert the wiring as far as possible to the back of the housing in a single movement and check for an audible click. In addition, check that wiring inserted in the housing is properly locked in place.


## Installation Environment

- Do not use the Power Supply in locations subject to shocks or vibrations. In particular, install the Power Supply as far away as possible from contactors or other devices that are a vibration source.
- Install the Power Supply well away from any sources of strong, high-frequency noise and surge.


## Ambient Operating and Storage Environments

- Store the Power Supply at a temperature of -25 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(-25$ to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for S8JX-P series) and a humidity of $25 \%$ to $90 \%$.
- The Internal parts may occasionally deteriorate or be damaged. Do not use the Power Supply outside the derating range (i.e., the area shown by shading (1) in the derating curve diagram on page 42.)
- Use the Power Supply at a humidity of $25 \%$ to $85 \%$.
- Do not use the Power Supply in locations subject to direct sunlight.
- Do not use locations where liquids, foreign matter, or corrosive gases may enter the interior of the Product.


## Overload Protection

- Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if a shortcircuited, overload or peak load state continues during operation.
- Internal parts may possibly deteriorate or be damaged if the Power Supply is used for applications with frequent inrush current or overloading at the load end. Do not use the Power Supply for such applications.


## Charging a Battery

When connecting a battery at the load, connect an overcurrent limiting circuit and overvoltage protection circuit.

## Output Voltage Adjuster (V.ADJ)

- The output voltage adjuster (V.ADJ) may possibly be damaged if it is turned with unnecessary force. Do not turn the adjuster with excessive force.
- After completing output voltage adjustment, be sure that the output capacity or output current does not exceed the rated output capacity or rated output current.


## Ripple Noise Voltage

(S8JX-G Series 300-W, 5 V and 600-W 5 V or 12 V Models)
The specified standard for the ripple voltage noise was measured with a measurement circuit that is based on JEITA standard RC-9131A.


## DIN Rail-mounting

To mount the Power Supply to a DIN Rail, pull down the rail stopper until you hear it clicks open, hook portion (A) of the Power Supply onto the DIN Rail, press the Power Supply in direction (B), and then push up the rail stopper to lock the Power Supply in place.

To dismount the Power Supply, pull down portion (C) with a flat-blade screwdriver and pull out the Power Supply.


## Series Operation

Two power supplies can be connected in series. The ( $\pm$ ) voltage output can be accomplished with two Power Supplies.

Series Operation
Correct


Output Voltage ( $\pm$ )
Correct


Note: 1. If the load is short-circuited, a reverse voltage will be generated inside the Power Supply. If this occurs the Power Supply may possibly deteriorate or be damaged. Always connect a diode as shown in the figure. Select a diode having the following ratings.

| Type | Schottky Barrier diode |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dielectric strength (VRRM) | Twice the rated output voltage or above |
| Forward current (IF) | Twice the rated output current or above |

2. Although Products having different specifications can be connected in series, the current flowing through the load must not exceed the smaller rated output current.

## Parallel Operation

## 15-/35-/50-/100-/150-W Models

The Product is not designed for parallel operation.
Parallel Operation
Incorrect


However, the following backup operation is possible. (Requires a mounting diode)


The same model should be used for power supplies $A$ and $B$.

- Type: Schottky Barrier diode
- Withstand voltage (VRRM): Equivalent to or higher than the rated power supply output voltage
- Forward current (IF): Double the rated power supply output current or higher
- The output voltages of power supplies A and B output should be set higher only by a value equivalent to the drop in diode $D_{1}$ and $D_{2}$ forward voltages (VF).
In addition, since power loss occurs resulting from power supply output current (lout) $\times$ diode forward voltage $\left(V_{F}\right)$, the diode should be cooled to ensure that its temperature is kept at the value indicated in the catalog or lower.
- Since power loss occurs due to load power and the diode, care should be exercised to ensure that the rated power (Rated output voltage $\times$ rated output current) for one power supply is not exceeded.


## S8JX-G Series 300-/600-W Models

Parallel operation is possible under $80 \%$ of the rated value.

- To operate in parallel, set the switch to the "PARALLEL" side.
- The length and thickness of each wire connected to the load must be the same so that there is no difference in voltage drop value between the load and the output terminals of each Power Supply.
- It is desirable to set the same value on the voltage adjuster of each Power Supply.


## Parallel Operation

Correct


## S8JX-P Series 300-/600-W Models

Connecting CB terminal (5 pin on CN) and CBG terminal (6 pin on CN ) enables the current balancing function and that allows the parallel operation at $80 \%$ or less of the total output capacity.
Up to five Power Supplies can be connected.

- Use 2-conductor shielded cable as a connection wire ( $* 1$ ).
- Adjust the output voltage difference of each Power Supply to 100 mV or less or $1 \%$ or less of the rated output voltage, whichever is smaller, using the output voltage adjuster (V. ADJ).
During parallel operation, load current may be biased to one side, resulting in damage to internal components.
- Parallel operation is used to increase static capacity. The output voltage may drop with sudden load fluctuations.
- There may be steps in the rising waveform of the output voltage during parallel operation.
- Remove the standard supplied connector and prepare a connector separately.


In Case There Is No Output Voltage

| S8JX-G Series |
| :--- |
| S8JX-P Series 50-100-/150-W Models |

The possible cause for no output voltage may be that the overcurrent or overvoltage protection has operated. The internal protection may operate if a large amount of surge voltage such as a lightening surge occurs while turning ON the Power Supply.
In case there is no output voltage, please check the following points before contacting us:

- Checking overcurrent protected status:

Check whether the load is in overcurrent status or is shortcircuited. Remove wires to load when checking.

- Checking overvoltage or internal protection:

Turn the power supply OFF once, and leave it OFF for at least 7 minutes for S8JX-G series and 3 minutes for S8JX-P series. Then turn it ON again to see if this clears the condition.

## S8JX-P Series 300-/600-W Models

There is a possibility that functions such as over-current protection, over-voltage protection or overheating protection are functioning. In addition, other possible causes include stoppage of the built-in fan and the remote control function (OFF). Please check the following 5 points and, if there is still no output voltage, contact your OMRON sales representative.

## Method of Checking Over-current Protection

- Check (after removing load line) whether or not the load is in overcurrent status (including short circuits).


## Method of Checking Over-voltage Protection

- Switch off the input power supply, and switch back on after at least 3 minutes have elapsed.
- Check whether or not the +S and -S terminals are open.


## Method of Check Overheating Protection

- Switch off the input power supply and switch back on after allowing sufficient time for cooling.


## Checking for Built-in Fan Stoppage

- Check whether or not the built-in fan has stopped. The fan is a replaceable component.


## Checking the Remote Control Function

- Check whether or not the +RC and -RC terminals are in open status. Carry out the regulated connections.


## Switching the AC Input Voltage between 100 and 200 VAC

 S8JX-G Series 150-W, 5-V ModelsThe input voltage can be switched between 100 V and 200 V by using the input voltage switch. Make the setting shown in the following figure for the voltage that will be used. (The input voltage is factoryset to 200 V .)


The input voltage switch is at the back on the bottom of the Power Supply.

"115V": 100 to 120 VAC

"230V": 200 to 240 VAC

## S8JX-G Series 300-/600-W Models

The input voltage can be switched between 100 and 200 V by shorting or opening the input voltage selection terminals. Set the required voltage as shown below. (The voltage is factory-set to 200 V .)


Note: A 300-W model is shown above.

## Fan Replacement

## S8JX-G Series 300-W 5V, 12V/600-W Model

The service life of the fan is approximately 50,000 hours (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). The service life varies, however, depending on the ambient temperature or other surrounding environmental conditions such as dust. As a preventive maintenance measure, replace the fan within approx. two years if it is used at an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Purchase the S82Y-JX FAN Replacement Fan (sold separately) to replace the fan.


Fan Set:
Fan (above), instruction sheet
Replace the fan as shown in the following illustration.


## S8JX-P Series 300-/600-W Models

- Please contact your OMRON sales representative regarding fan replacement. Fans will be replaced at cost. In addition, a replacement fan unit (Model S82Y-JXP $\square \square$ FAN) is available. Please use the curve below as a guideline for the timing of fan replacement.
- Fan replacements made by the customer fall outside the scope of safety standards.
Replacement should be implemented as shown below.



## Read and Understand this Catalog

Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the product. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

## Warranty and Limitations of Liability

## WARRANTY

OMRON's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by OMRON.
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## Application Considerations

## SUITABILITY FOR USE

OMRON shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply to the combination of products in the customer's application or use of the products.

Take all necessary steps to determine the suitability of the product for the systems, machines, and equipment with which it will be used.

Know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to this product.
NEVER USE THE PRODUCTS FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCTS ARE PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

## PROGRAMMABLE PRODUCTS

OMRON shall not be responsible for the user's programming of a programmable product, or any consequence thereof.

## Disclaimers

## CHANGE IN SPECIFICATIONS

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons.
It is our practice to change model numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the products may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special model numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application on your request. Please consult with your OMRON representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased products.

## DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

## PERFORMANCE DATA

Performance data given in this catalog is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of OMRON's test conditions, and the users must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the OMRON Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

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