

# **Gate Turn-off Thyristor**

DS4099-5 January 2014 (LN31739)

#### **APPLICATIONS**

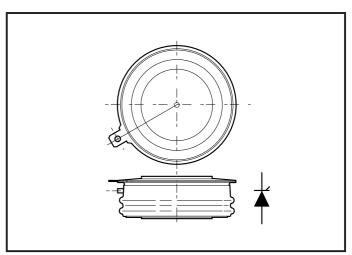
- Variable speed A.C. motor drive inverters (VSD-AC)
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- High Voltage Converters
- Choppers
- Welding
- Induction Heating
- DC/DC Converters

#### **FEATURES**

- Double Side Cooling
- High Reliability In Service
- High Voltage Capability
- Fault Protection Without Fuses
- High Surge Current Capability
- Turn-off Capability Allows Reduction In Equipment Size And Weight. Low Noise Emission Reduces Acoustic Cladding Necessary For Environmental Requirements

# $\begin{array}{ll} \text{KEY PARAMETERS} \\ I_{\text{TCM}} & 600\text{A} \\ V_{\text{DRM}} & 2500\text{V} \\ I_{\text{T(AV)}} & 225\text{A} \end{array}$

dV<sub>D</sub>/dt 1000V/μs di<sub>-</sub>/dt 300A/μs



Outline type code: E. See Package Details for further information.

#### **VOLTAGE RATINGS**

Type Number	Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	Conditions
	V <sub>DRM</sub>	V <sub>RRM</sub>	
DG306AE25	2500	16	$T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}C, I_{DM} = 50mA,$ $I_{RRM} = 50mA, V_{RG} = 2V$

#### **CURRENT RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
I <sub>TCM</sub>	Repetitive peak controllable on-state current	$V_D = 67\%V_{DRM}, T_j = 125^{\circ}C, di_{GQ}/dt = 15A/\mu s, Cs = 1.0\mu F$	600	Α
I <sub>T(AV)</sub>	Mean on-state current	T <sub>HS</sub> = 80°C. Double side cooled. Half sine 50Hz.	225	А
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	RMS on-state current	T <sub>HS</sub> = 80°C. Double side cooled. Half sine 50Hz.	350	Α

# **SURGE RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
I <sub>TSM</sub>	Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current	10ms half sine. T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	3.5	kA
l²t	I <sup>2</sup> t for fusing	10ms half sine. T <sub>j</sub> =125°C	61250	A²s
di <sub>⊤</sub> /dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	$V_D = 2000V$ , $I_T = 600A$ , $T_j = 125^{\circ}C$ , $I_{FG} > 20A$ , Rise time > 1.0 $\mu$ s	300	A/μs
dV <sub>□</sub> /dt	Rate of rise of off-state voltage	To 66% $V_{DRM}$ ; $R_{GK} \le 1.5Ω$ , $T_j = 125°C$	500	V/µs
		To 66% V <sub>DRM</sub> ; V <sub>RG</sub> = -2V, T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	1000	V/µs
L <sub>s</sub>	Peak stray inductance in snubber circuit	-	200	nH

# **GATE RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_{RGM}$	Peak reverse gate voltage	This value maybe exceeded during turn-off	-	16	V
I <sub>FGM</sub>	Peak forward gate current		-	50	А
$P_{FG(AV)}$	Average forward gate power		-	10	W
P <sub>RGM</sub>	Peak reverse gate power		-	6	kW
di <sub>GQ</sub> /dt	Rate of rise of reverse gate current		10	50	A/μs
t <sub>ON(min)</sub>	Minimum permissable on time		20	-	μs
t <sub>OFF(min)</sub>	Minimum permissable off time		40	-	μs

### **THERMAL RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Max.	Units
	DC thermal resistance - junction to heatsink surface	Double side cooled		-	0.075	°C/W
$R_{\text{th(j-hs)}}$		Anode side cooled		-	0.12	°C/W
		Cathode side cooled		-	0.20	°C/W
R <sub>th(c-hs)</sub>	Contact thermal resistance	Clamping force 6.0kN With mounting compound	per contact	-	0.018	°C/W
T <sub>vj</sub>	Virtual junction temperature			-	125	°C
T <sub>OP</sub> /T <sub>stg</sub>	Operating junction/storage temperature range			-40	125	°C
-	Clamping force			5.0	6.0	kN

## **CHARACTERISTICS**

T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C unless stated otherwise						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units	
$V_{TM}$	On-state voltage	At 600A peak, I <sub>G(ON)</sub> = 2A d.c.	-	2.75	V	
I <sub>DM</sub>	Peak off-state current	V <sub>DRM</sub> = 2500V, V <sub>RG</sub> = 0V	-	50	mA	
I <sub>RRM</sub>	Peak reverse current	At V <sub>RRM</sub>	-	50	mA	
$V_{\rm GT}$	Gate trigger voltage	V <sub>D</sub> = 24V, I <sub>T</sub> = 100A, T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	-	0.9	V	
l <sub>GT</sub>	Gate trigger current	V <sub>D</sub> = 24V, I <sub>T</sub> = 100A, T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	-	1.0	А	
I <sub>RGM</sub>	Reverse gate cathode current	V <sub>RGM</sub> = 16V, No gate/cathode resistor	-	50	mA	
E <sub>on</sub>	Turn-on energy	V <sub>D</sub> = 2000V	-	515	mJ	
t <sub>d</sub>	Delay time	$I_{T} = 600A$ , $dI_{T}/dt = 300A/\mu s$	-	1.5	μs	
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	$I_{FG}$ = 20A, rise time < 1.0 $\mu$ s	-	3.0	μs	
E <sub>OFF</sub>	Turn-off energy		-	1000	mJ	
t <sub>gs</sub>	Storage time		-	11.4	μs	
t <sub>gf</sub>	Fall time	I <sub>T</sub> =600A, V <sub>DM</sub> = 2000V	-	1.5	μs	
t <sub>gq</sub>	Gate controlled turn-off time	Snubber Cap Cs = 1.0μF,	-	12.9	μs	
$Q_{GQ}$	Turn-off gate charge	di <sub>GQ</sub> /dt = 15A/μs	-	1300	μС	
$Q_{GQT}$	Total turn-off gate charge		-	2600	μС	
I <sub>GQM</sub>	Peak reverse gate current		-	190	А	

### **CURVES**

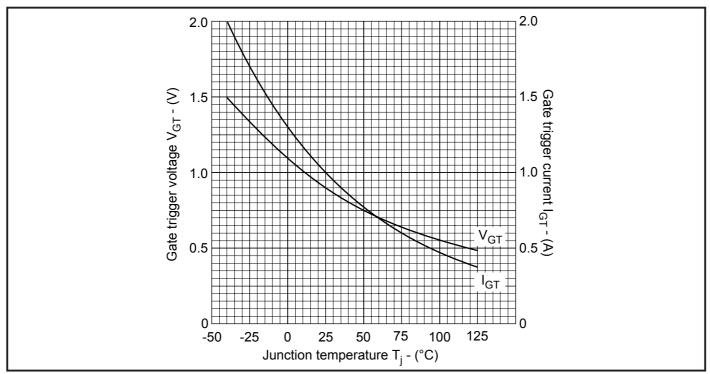


Fig.1 Gate trigger voltage/curremt vs junction temperature

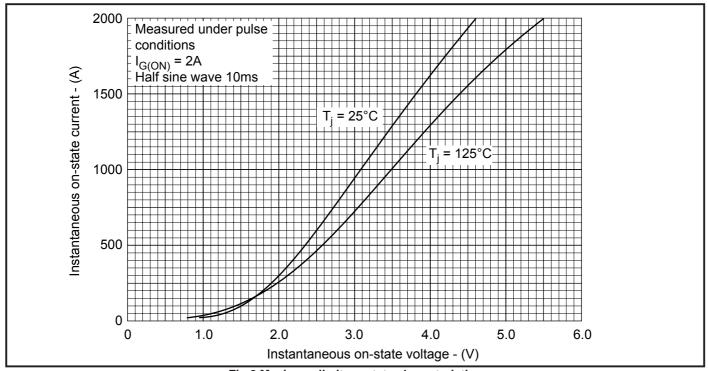


Fig.2 Maximum limit on-state characteristics

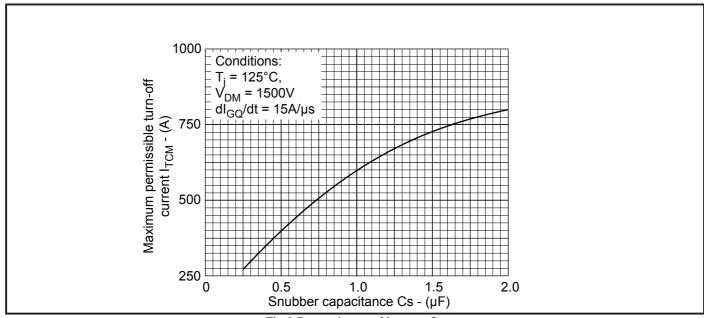


Fig.3 Dependence of I<sub>TCM</sub> on Cs

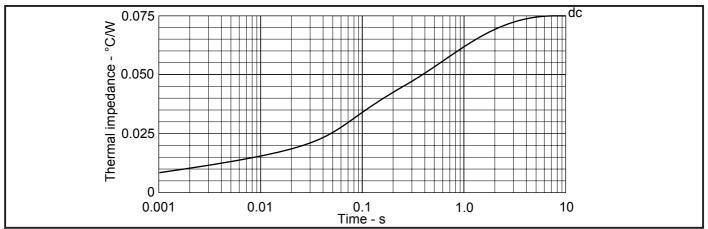


Fig.4 Maximum (limit) transient thermal impedance - double side cooled

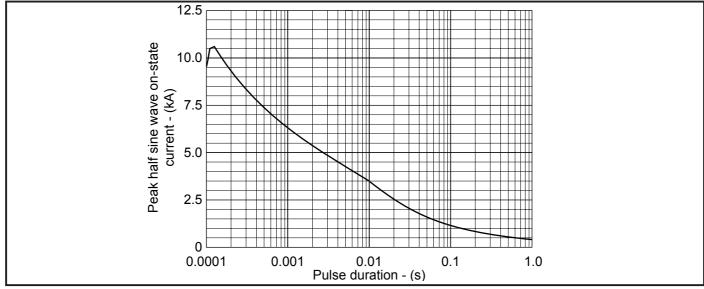


Fig.5 Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current vs time

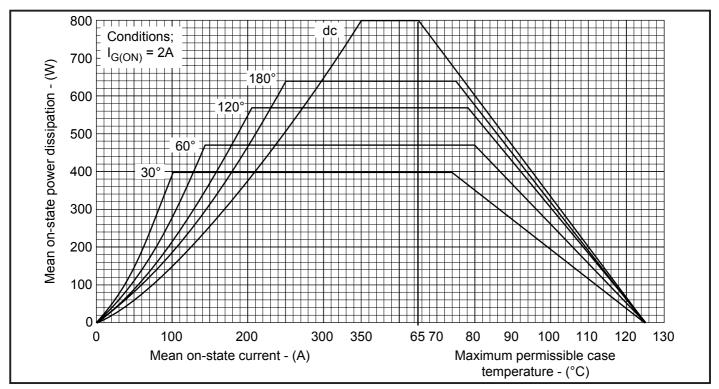


Fig.6 Steady state rectangular wave conduction loss - double side cooled

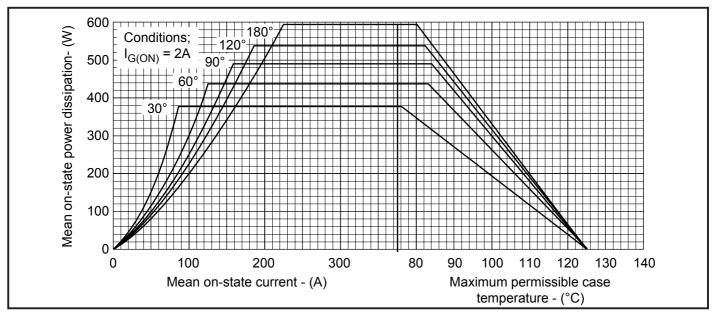


Fig.7 Steady state sinusoidal wave conduction loss - double side cooled

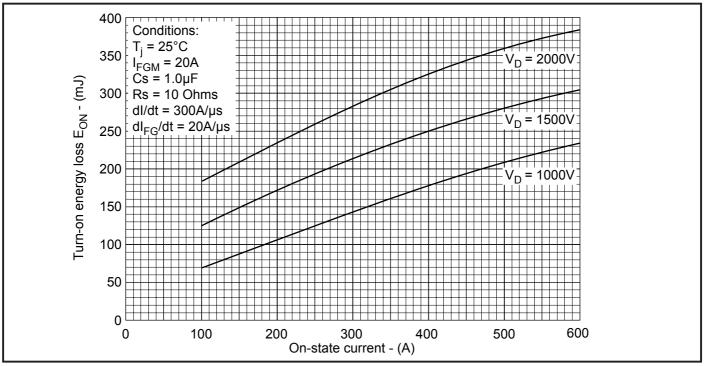


Fig.8 Turn-on energy vs on-state current

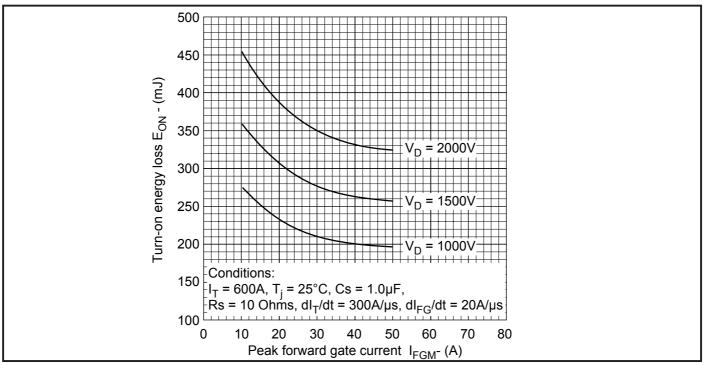


Fig.9 Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current

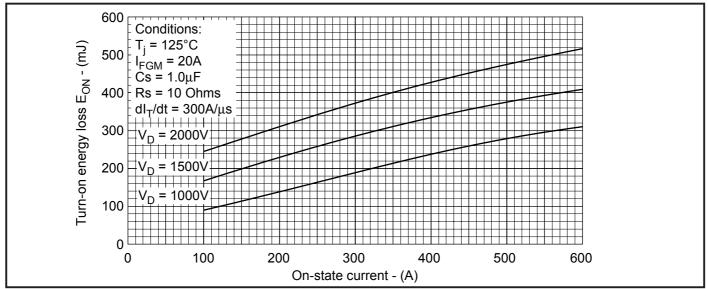


Fig.10 Turn-on energy vs on-state current

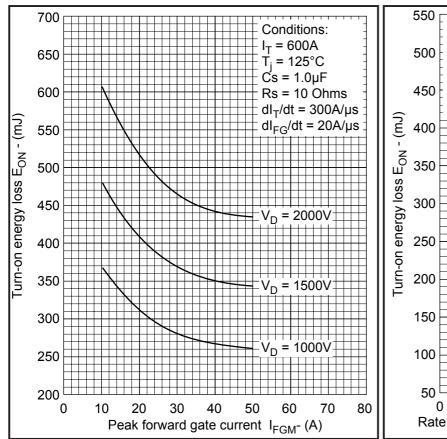


Fig.11 Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current

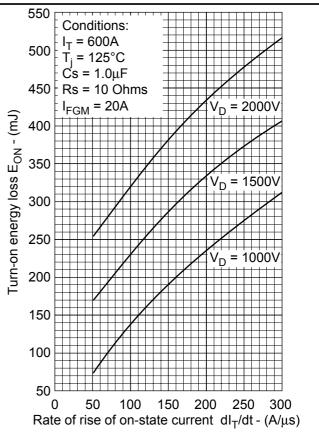


Fig.12 Turn-on energy vs rate of rise of on-state current

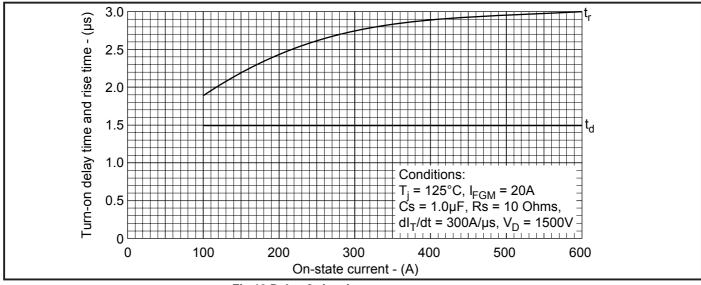


Fig.13 Delay & rise time vs turn-on current

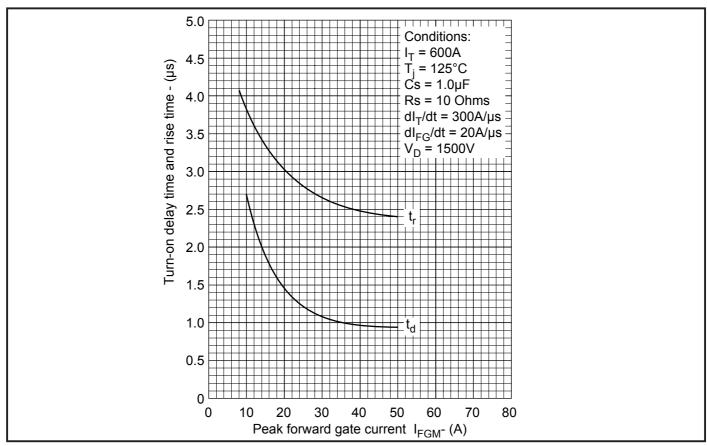


Fig.14 Delay time & rise time vs peak forward gate current

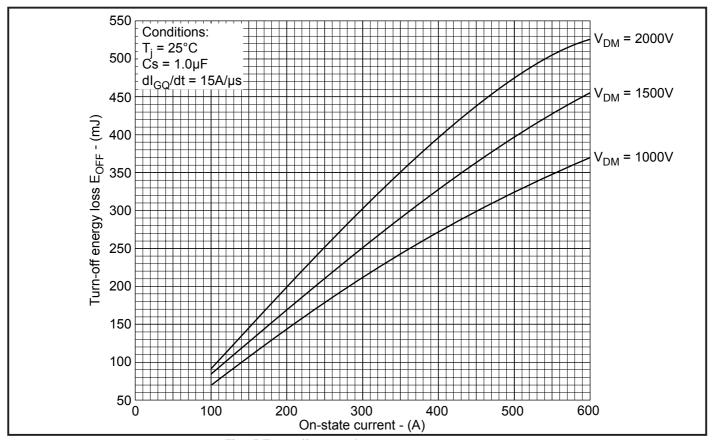


Fig.15 Turn-off energy loss vs on-state current

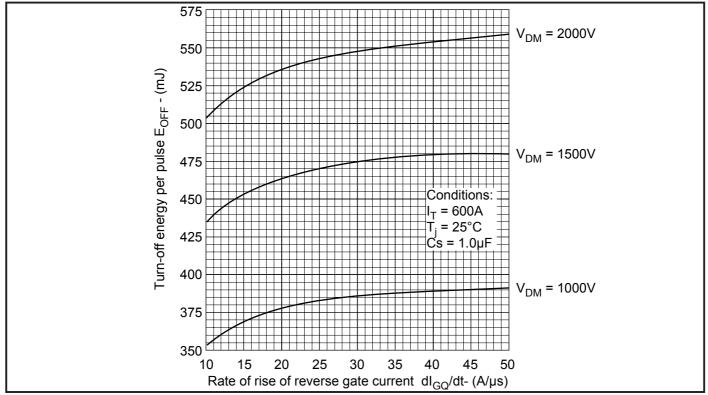


Fig.16 Turn-off energy vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

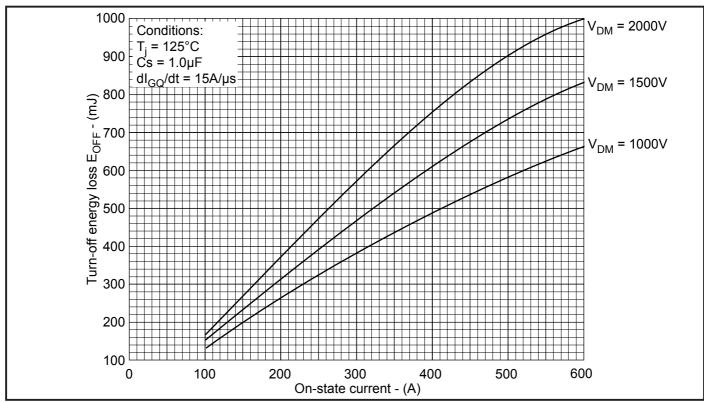


Fig.17 Turn-off energy vs on-state current

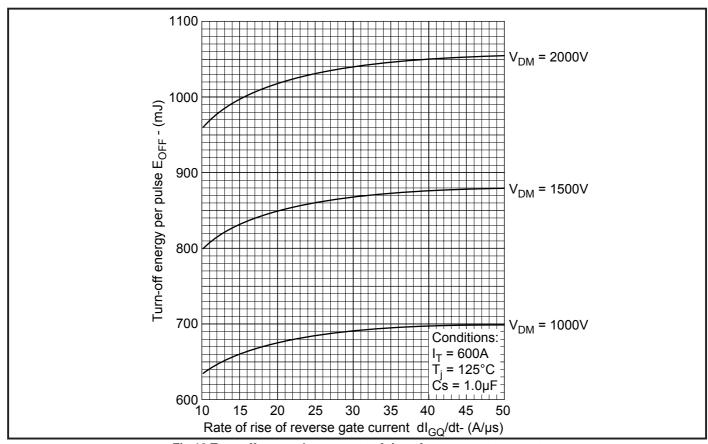


Fig.18 Turn-off energy loss vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

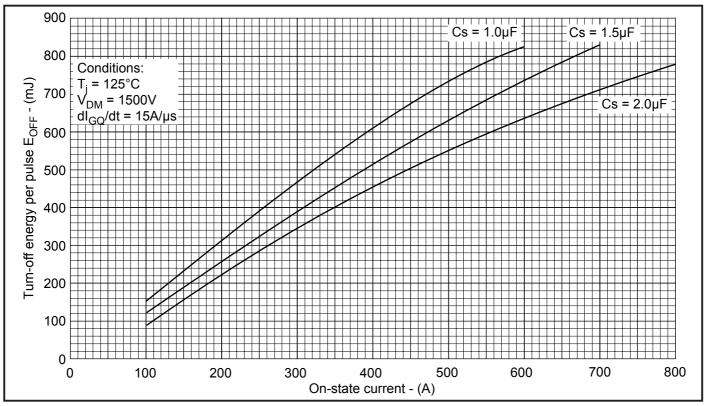


Fig.19 Turn-off energy vs on-state current

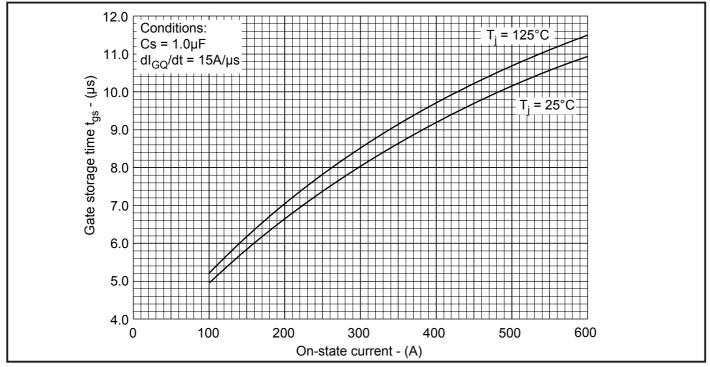


Fig.20 Gate storage time vs on-state current

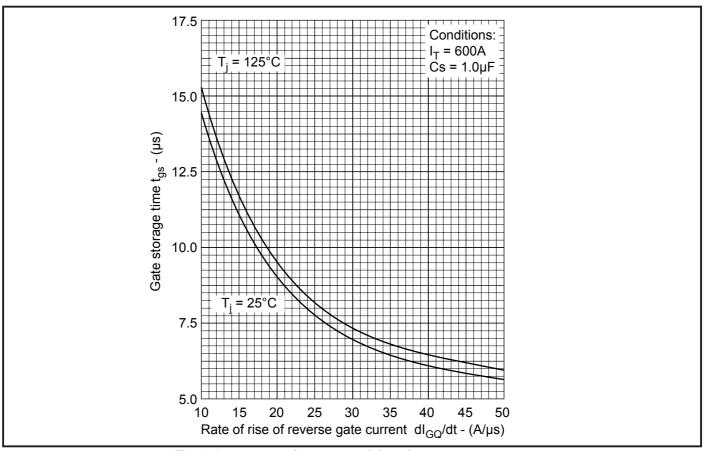


Fig.21 Gate storage time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

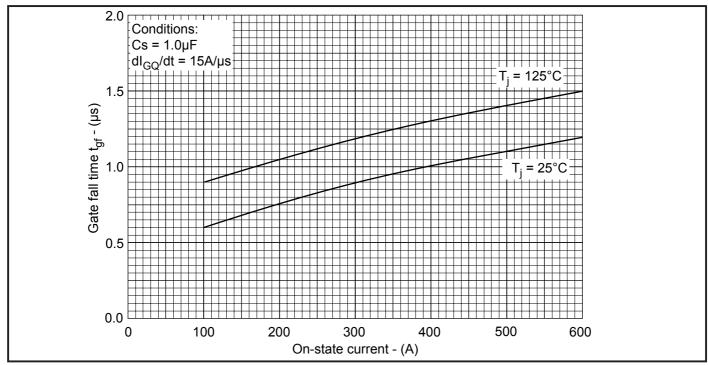


Fig.22 Gate fall time vs on-state current

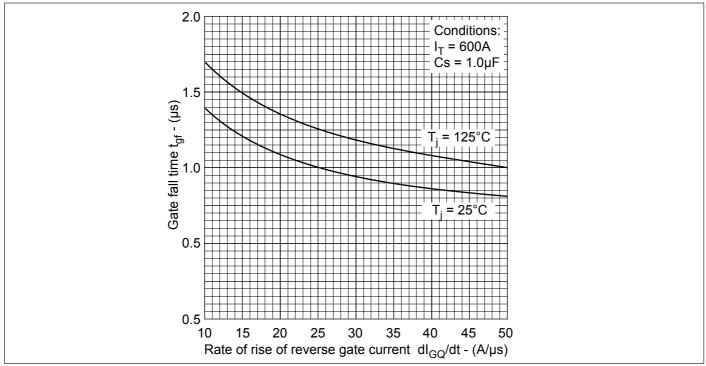


Fig.23 Gate fall time vs rate of rise of revese gate current

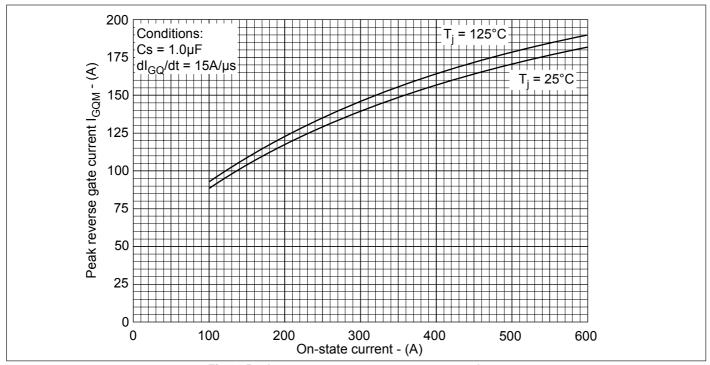


Fig.24 Peak reverse gate current vs on-state voltage

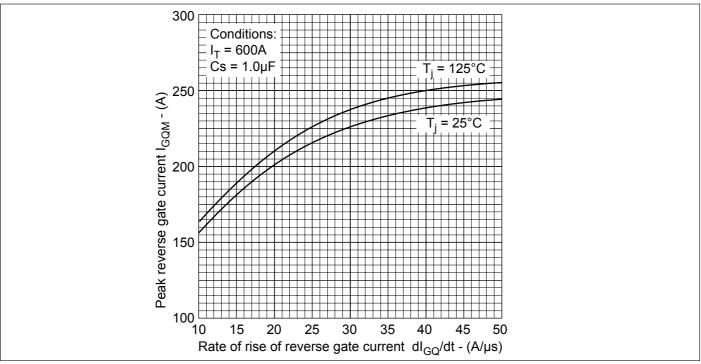


Fig.25 Reverse gate current vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

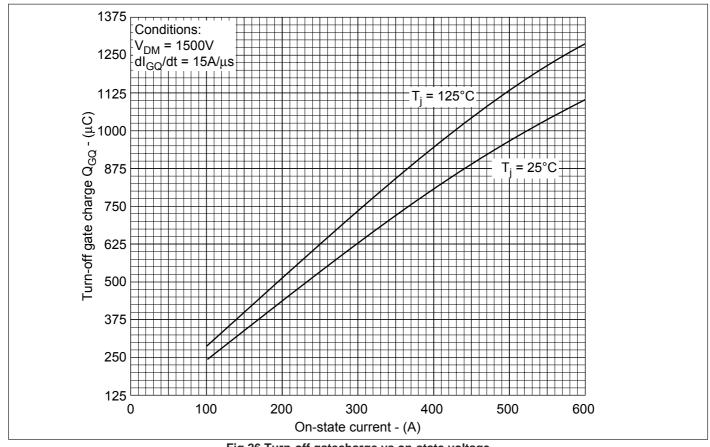


Fig.26 Turn-off gatecharge vs on-state voltage

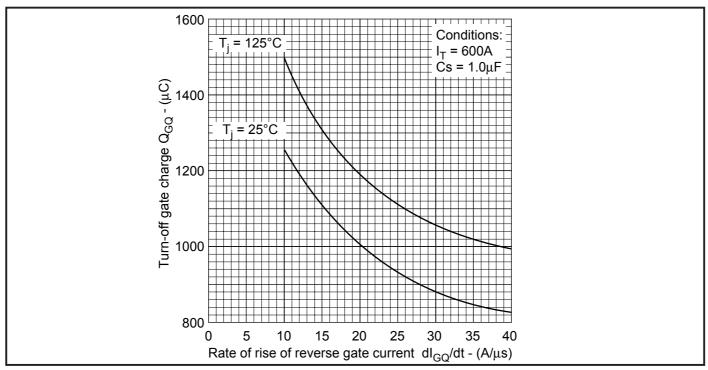


Fig.27 Turn-off gate charge vs rate of rise or reverse gate current

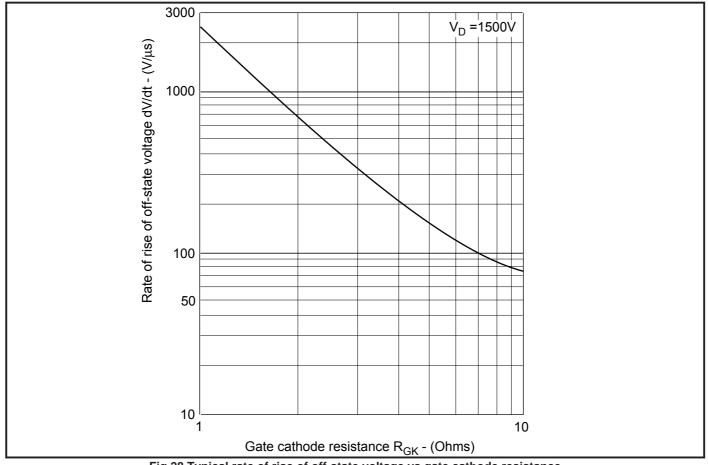


Fig.28 Typical rate of rise of off-state voltage vs gate cathode resistance

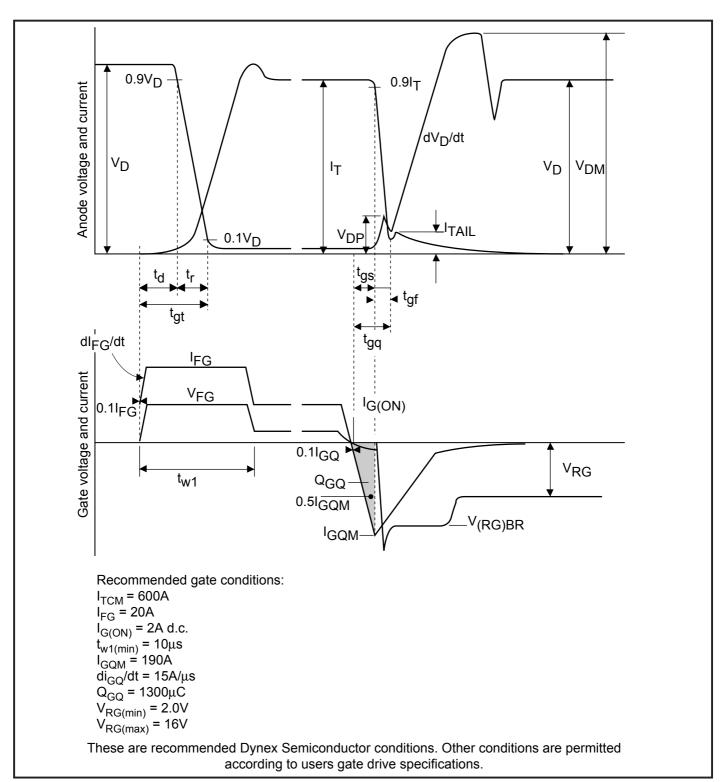
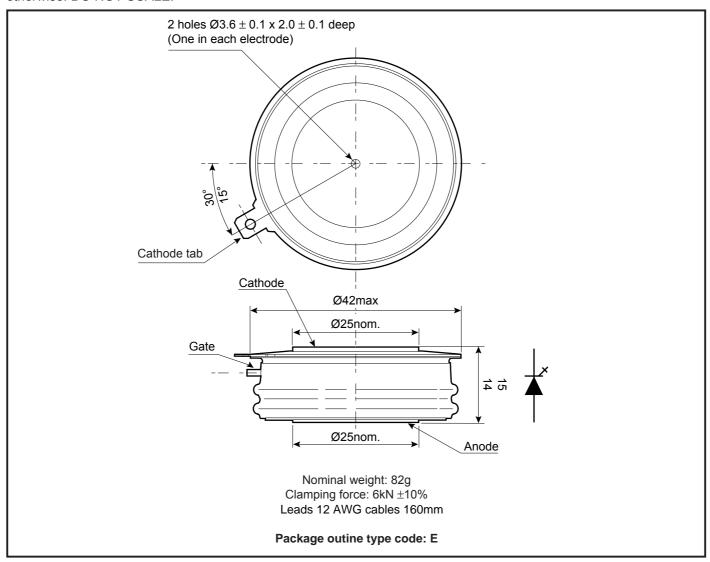


Fig.29 General switching waveforms

# **PACKAGE DETAILS**

For further package information, please contact your local Customer Service Centre. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.



#### **ASSOCIATED PUBLICATIONS**

Title	Application Note	
	Number	
Calculating the junction temperature or power semiconductors	AN4506	
GTO gate drive units	AN4571	
Recommendations for clamping power semiconductors	AN4839	
Use of V <sub>TO</sub> , r <sub>T</sub> on-state characteristic	AN5001	
Impoved gate drive for GTO series connections	AN5177	



#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

This publication is provided for information only and not for resale.

The products and information in this publication are intended for use by appropriately trained technical personnel.

Due to the diversity of product applications, the information contained herein is provided as a general guide only and does not constitute any guarantee of suitability for use in a specific application. The user must evaluate the suitability of the product and the completeness of the product data for the application. The user is responsible for product selection and ensuring all safety and any warning requirements are met. Should additional product information be needed please contact Customer Service.

Although we have endeavoured to carefully compile the information in this publication it may contain inaccuracies or typographical errors. The information is provided without any warranty or guarantee of any kind.

This publication is an uncontrolled document and is subject to change without notice. When referring to it please ensure that it is the most up to date version and has not been superseded.

The products are not intended for use in applications where a failure or malfunction may cause loss of life, injury or damage to property. The user must ensure that appropriate safety precautions are taken to prevent or mitigate the consequences of a product failure or malfunction.

The products must not be touched when operating because there is a danger of electrocution or severe burning. Always use protective safety equipment such as appropriate shields for the product and wear safety glasses. Even when disconnected any electric charge remaining in the product must be discharged and allowed to cool before safe handling using protective gloves.

Extended exposure to conditions outside the product ratings may affect reliability leading to premature product failure. Use outside the product ratings is likely to cause permanent damage to the product. In extreme conditions, as with all semiconductors, this may include potentially hazardous rupture, a large current to flow or high voltage arcing, resulting in fire or explosion. Appropriate application design and safety precautions should always be followed to protect persons and property.

#### **Product Status & Product Ordering:**

We annotate datasheets in the top right hand corner of the front page, to indicate product status if it is not yet fully approved for production. The annotations are as follows:-

Target Information: This is the most tentative form of information and represents a very preliminary specification.

No actual design work on the product has been started.

Preliminary Information: The product design is complete and final characterisation for volume production is in

progress. The datasheet represents the product as it is now understood but details may change. The product has been approved for production and unless otherwise notified by Dynex any product ordered will be supplied to the **current version of the data sheet prevailing at the** 

time of our order acknowledgement.

All products and materials are sold and services provided subject to Dynex's conditions of sale, which are available on request.

Any brand names and product names used in this publication are trademarks, registered trademarks or trade names of their respective owners.

#### **HEADQUARTERS OPERATIONS**

DYNEX SEMICONDUCTOR LIMITED Doddington Road, Lincoln, Lincolnshire, LN6 3LF

United Kingdom.

No Annotation:

Phone: +44 (0) 1522 500500 Fax: +44 (0) 1522 500550 Web: http://www.dynexsemi.com **CUSTOMER SERVICE** 

Phone: +44 (0) 1522 502753 / 502901

Fax: +44 (0) 1522 500020

e-mail: power\_solutions@dynexsemi.com

© Dynex Semiconductor Ltd. Technical Documentation – Not for resale.