International **ICR** Rectifier

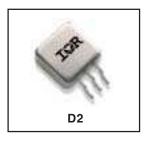
Low Dropout Positive Adjustable Voltage Regulator

Product Summary

Part Number	Output Voltage	Output Current	Package
OM186SR	Adjustable	1.5A	D2

OM186SR Vadj, 1.5A

PD-97307



Description

These three terminal positive adjustable voltage regulators are designed to provide 1.5A with higher efficiency than conventional voltage regulators. The devices are designed to operate to 1.5V input to output differential and the dropout voltage is specified as a function of load current. Devices are pin compatible with older three terminal regulators and are supplied in the easy-to-use hermetic metal D2 package. These devices are ideally suited for Military applications where small size, hermeticity and high reliability are required.

Features

- Operates Down to 1.5V Dropout @ Max Current
- 0.015% Line Regulation
- 0.01% Load Regulation
- 1% Reference Voltage
- Hermetic D2 Surface Mount Package
- Electrically Equivalent to LM1086
- This part is also available in TO-257AA Package as OM186ST

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Output Current	Ι _Ο	1.5	А
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	30	V
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{ ext{ heta}JC}$	4.2	°C/W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-55 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Т _{STG}	-65 to +150	0

Absolute Maximum Ratings @ Tc = 25°C

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Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Reference Voltage	I _{OUT} = 10mA, (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 3.0V	1.238	1.250	1.262	v
	$10\text{mA} \le I_{\text{OUT}} \le I_{\text{FULL LOAD}}, \ 1.5\text{V} \le (\text{V}_{\text{IN}} - \text{V}_{\text{OUT}}) \le 25\text{V}$	1.220	1.250	1.270	
Line Regulation	I_{LOAD} = 10mA, 1.5V \leq (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) \leq 15V	-	0.015	0.2	%
Line Regulation	00	-	0.035	0.2	
Load Regulation	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 3.0V, 10mA \le I_{OUT} \le I_{FULL \ LOAD}$	-	0.5	0.8	
	0@3	-	0.8	1.0	
Dropout Voltage	$\triangle V_{REF} = 1\%$, $I_{OUT} = I_{FULL \ LOAD}$	-	1.3	1.5	V
Current Limit	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 5.0V$	1.5	-	-	A
	$(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) = 25V$	0.075	-	-	
Minimum Load Current	(V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 25V	-	5.0	10	mA
Thermal Regulation	30ms Pulse Width (Guaranteed by design)	-	0.010	0.05	%/W
Ripple Rejection	f = 120Hz, C _{Adj} = 25μF Tantalum I _{OUT} - I _{FULL LOAD} (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) = 3.0V	60	75	-	dB
Adjust Pin Current		-	55	120	
Adjust Pin Current Change	$10mA \le I_{OUT} \le I_{FULL \ LOAD}$	- 0.2	5.0	μA	
	$1.5V \le (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \le 25V$				
Temperature Stability	$-55^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq +125^{\circ}C$	-	0.5	-	%
Long Term Stability	T _J = 125°C, t = 1000hrs	-	0.3	1.0	/0

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Notes

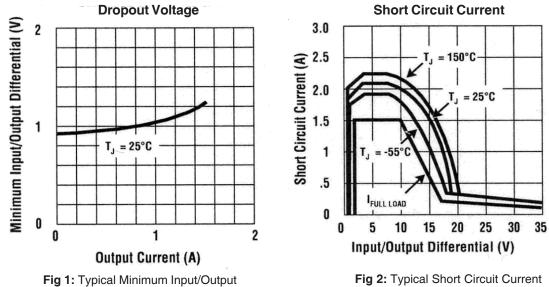
1. Load and line regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing.

Line and load regulation are guaranteed up to the maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation is determined by the input/output differential voltage and output current. Guaranteed maximum power dissipation will not be available over the full input/output voltage range.

3. I FULL LOAD curve is defined as the minimum value of current limit as a function of input to output voltage. Note that power dissipation is only achievable over a limited range of input to output voltage.

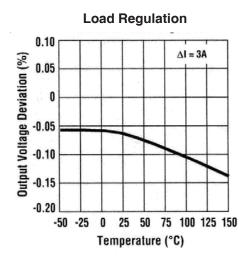
4. Dropout voltage is specified over the full output current range of the device.

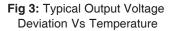
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Differential Vs Output Current







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Application Notes: Stability

The OM186SR Series requires the use of an output capacitor as part of the device frequency compensation. For all operating conditions, the addition of 150μ F aluminum electrolytic or a 22μ F solid tantalum on the output will ensure stability. Normally, capacitors much smaller than this can be used. Many different types of capacitors with widely varying characteristics are available. These capacitors differ in capacitor tolerance (sometimes ranging up to $\pm 100\%$), equivalent series resistance, and capacitance temperature coefficient. The 150μ F or 22μ F values given will ensure stability.

When the adjustment terminal is bypassed to improve the ripple rejection, the requirement for an output capacitor increases. The values of 22μ F tantalum or 150μ F aluminum cover all cases of bypassing the adjustment terminal. Without bypassing the adjustment terminal, smaller capacitors can be used with equally good results and the table below shows approximately what size capacitors are needed to ensure stability.

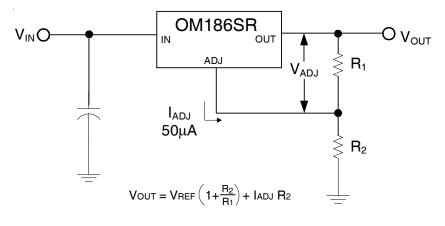
Normally, capacitor values on the order of 100μ F are used in the output of many regulators to ensure good transient response with heavy load current changes. Output capacitance can be increased without limit and larger values of output capacitor further improve stability and transient response of the regulators.

Recommended Capacitor Values

Input	Output	Adjustment
10μF	10μF Tantalum, 50μF Aluminum	None
10μF	22µF Tantalum, 150µF Aluminum	20µF

Output Voltage - Adjustable Regulators

The OM186SR devices develop a 1.25V reference voltage between the output and the adjust terminal (see Fig 4). By placing a resistor, R1 between these two terminals, a constant current is caused to flow through R1 and down through R2 to set the overall output voltage. Normally this current is the specified minimum load current of 10mA. Because I_{ADJ} is very small and constant when compared with the current through R1, it represents a small error and can usually be ignored.



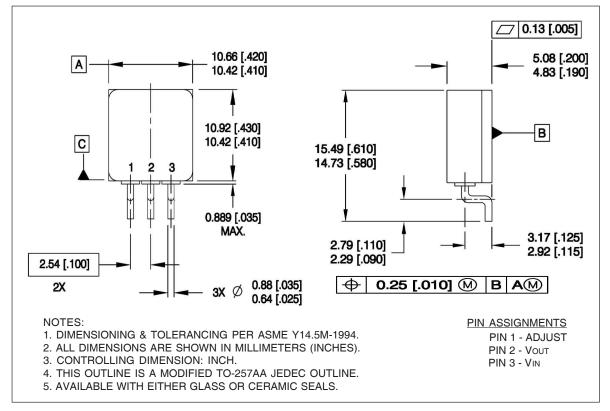


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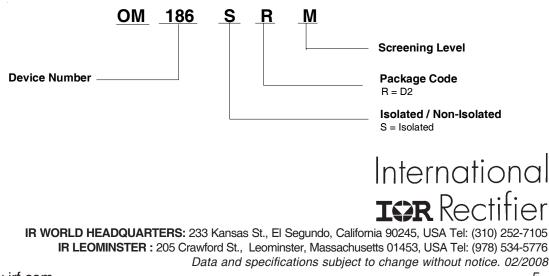
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Case Outline and Dimensions - D2 Package



Part Numbering Nomenclature



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