

## MOSFET

Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor

## CoolMOS™ CE

500V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor  
IPA50R380CE

## Data Sheet

Rev. 2.2  
Final

## 1 Description

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. CoolMOS™ CE series combines the experience of the leading SJ MOSFET supplier with high class innovation while representing a cost appealing alternative compared to standard MOSFET in target applications. The resulting devices provide all benefits of a fast switching SJ MOSFET while not sacrificing ease of use. Extremely low switching and conduction losses make switching applications even more efficient, more compact, lighter and cooler.



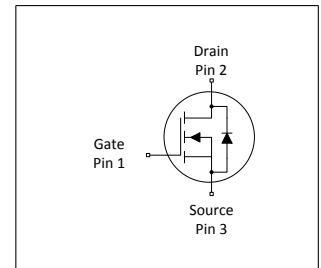
## Features

- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM  $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$  and  $E_{oss}$
- Very high commutation ruggedness
- Easy to use/drive
- Pb-free plating, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for consumer grade applications according to JEDEC (J-STD20 and JESD22)

## Applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching PWM stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, Adapter, LCD & PDP TV and Lighting.

*Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.*



**Table 1 Key Performance Parameters**

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	550	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.38	$\Omega$
$Q_{g,typ}$	24.8	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	32.4	A
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	2.54	$\mu J$
Body diode $di/dt$	500	A/ $\mu s$

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPA50R380CE	PG-TO 220 FullPAK	5R380CE	see Appendix A

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## 2 Maximum ratings

at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

**Table 2 Maximum ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current <sup>1)</sup>	$I_D$	-	-	9.9 6.3 4.0	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; TO-220 $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; TO-220 FullPAK $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ; TO-220 FullPAK
Pulsed drain current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	32.4	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	-	-	173	mJ	$I_D=4\text{A}$ ; $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$
Avalanche energy, repetitive	$E_{AR}$	-	-	0.26	mJ	$I_D=4\text{A}$ ; $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$
Avalanche current, repetitive	$I_{AR}$	-	-	4.0	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{DS} = 0\dots 400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage	$V_{GS}$	-20 -30	-	20 30	V	static; AC ( $f > 1\text{ Hz}$ )
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	-	-	29.2	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	50	Ncm	M2.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	$I_S$	-	-	5.4	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	32.4	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt <sup>3)</sup>	dv/dt	-	-	15	V/ns	$V_{DS} = 0\dots 400\text{V}$ , $I_{SD} \leq I_S$ , $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum diode commutation speed <sup>3)</sup>	di/dt	-	-	500	A/ $\mu\text{s}$	$V_{DS} = 0\dots 400\text{V}$ , $I_{SD} \leq I_S$ , $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$
Insulation withstand voltage for TO-220 FullPAK	$V_{ISO}$	-	-	2500	V	$V_{rms}$ , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $t=1\text{ min}$

## 3 Thermal characteristics

**Table 3 Thermal characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$	-	-	4.28	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	-	80	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	leaded
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	$T_{sold}$	-	-	260	$^\circ\text{C}$	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

<sup>1)</sup> Limited by  $T_{j,max}$ . Maximum duty cycle  $D=0.75$

<sup>2)</sup> Pulse width  $t_p$  limited by  $T_{j,max}$

<sup>3)</sup>  $V_{DClink}=400\text{V}$ ;  $V_{DS,peak} < V_{(BR)DSS}$ ; identical low side and high side switch with identical  $R_G$

## 4 Electrical characteristics

**Table 4 Static characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	500	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	2.50	3	3.50	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=0.26mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	-	-	1	$\mu A$	$V_{DS}=500V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{DS}=500V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.34	0.38	$\Omega$	$V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.2A, T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.2A, T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate resistance	$R_G$	-	3	-	$\Omega$	$f=1\text{ MHz}, \text{open drain}$

**Table 5 Dynamic characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	-	584	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=100V, f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	-	40	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=100V, f=1MHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>1)</sup>	$C_{o(er)}$	-	32	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>2)</sup>	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	133	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}, V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	7.2	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$
Rise time	$t_r$	-	5.6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	35	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$
Fall time	$t_f$	-	8.6	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=13V, I_D=3.9A,$ $R_G=3.4\Omega$

**Table 6 Gate charge characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	-	3.1	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$	-	13.1	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$
Gate charge total	$Q_g$	-	24.8	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.3	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.9A, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10V$

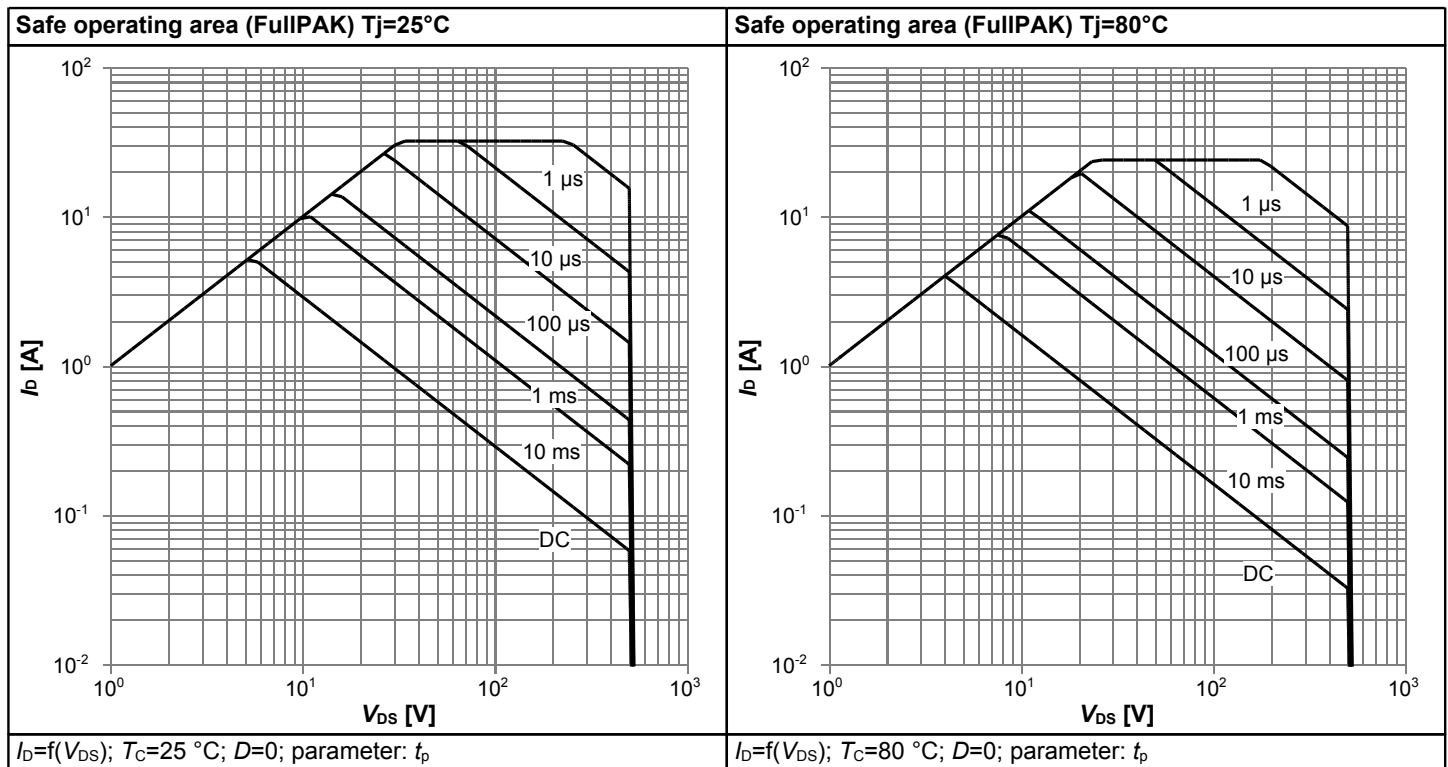
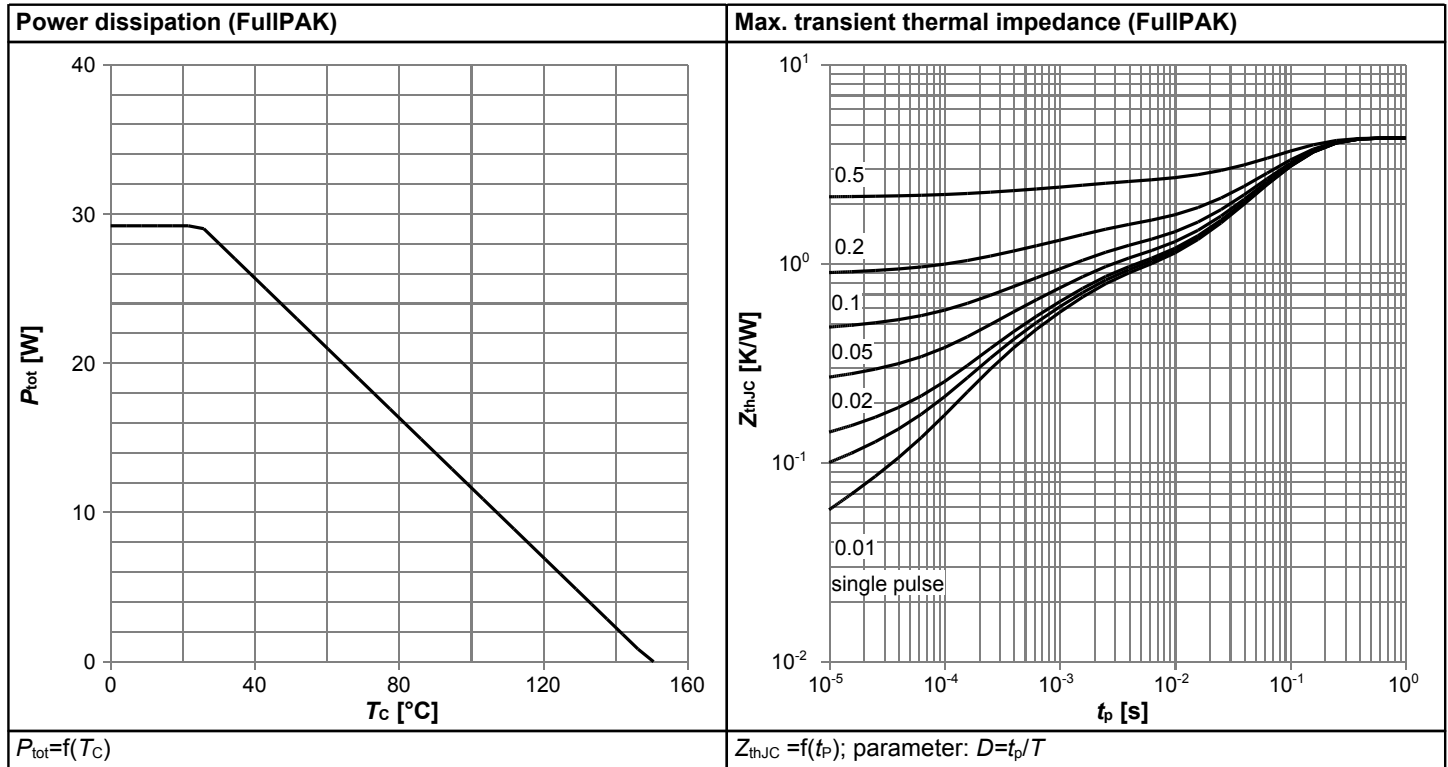
<sup>1)</sup>  $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 400V

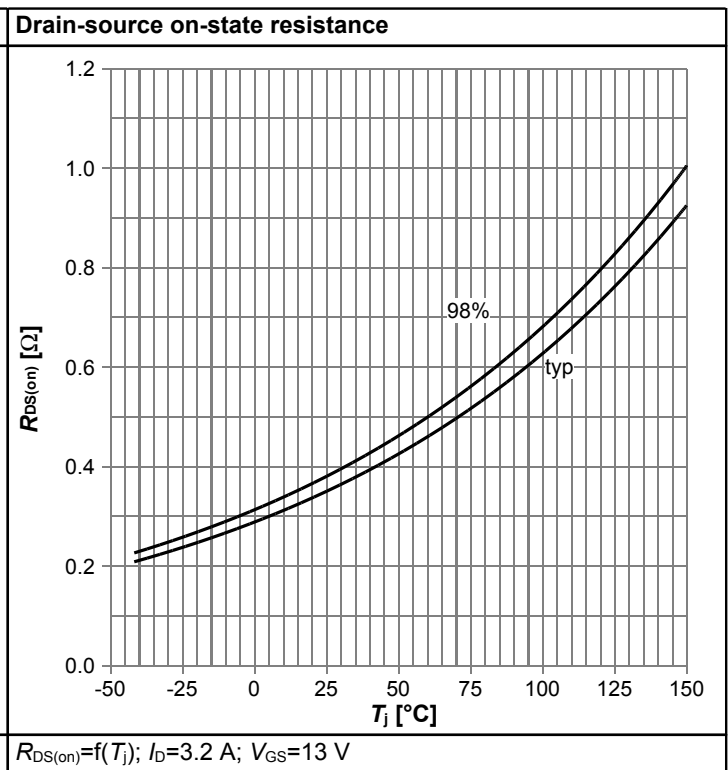
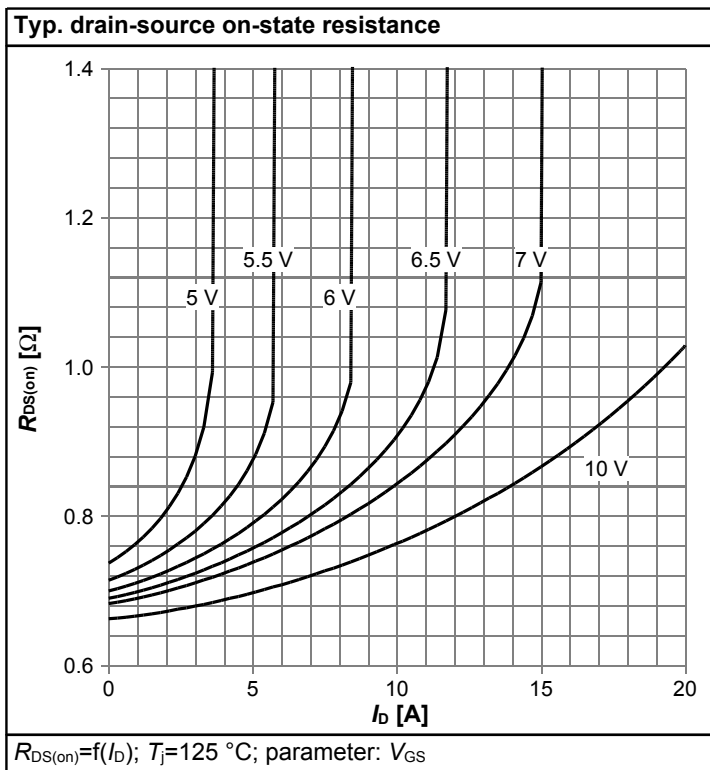
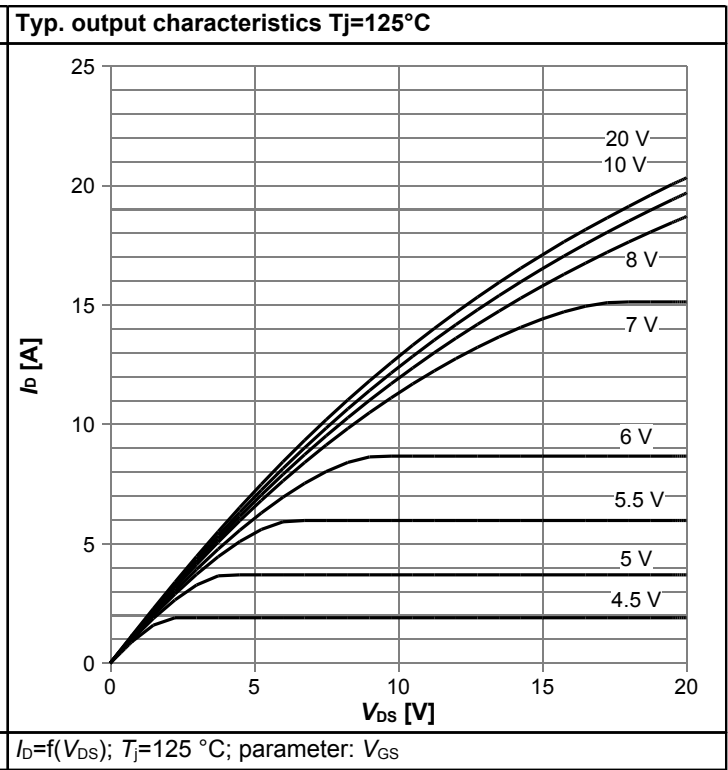
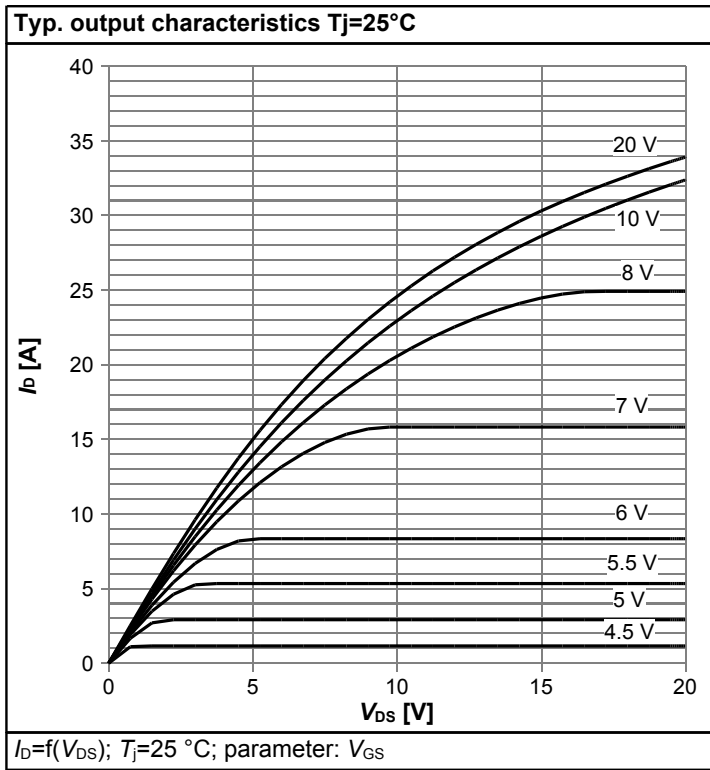
<sup>2)</sup>  $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 400V

**Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics**

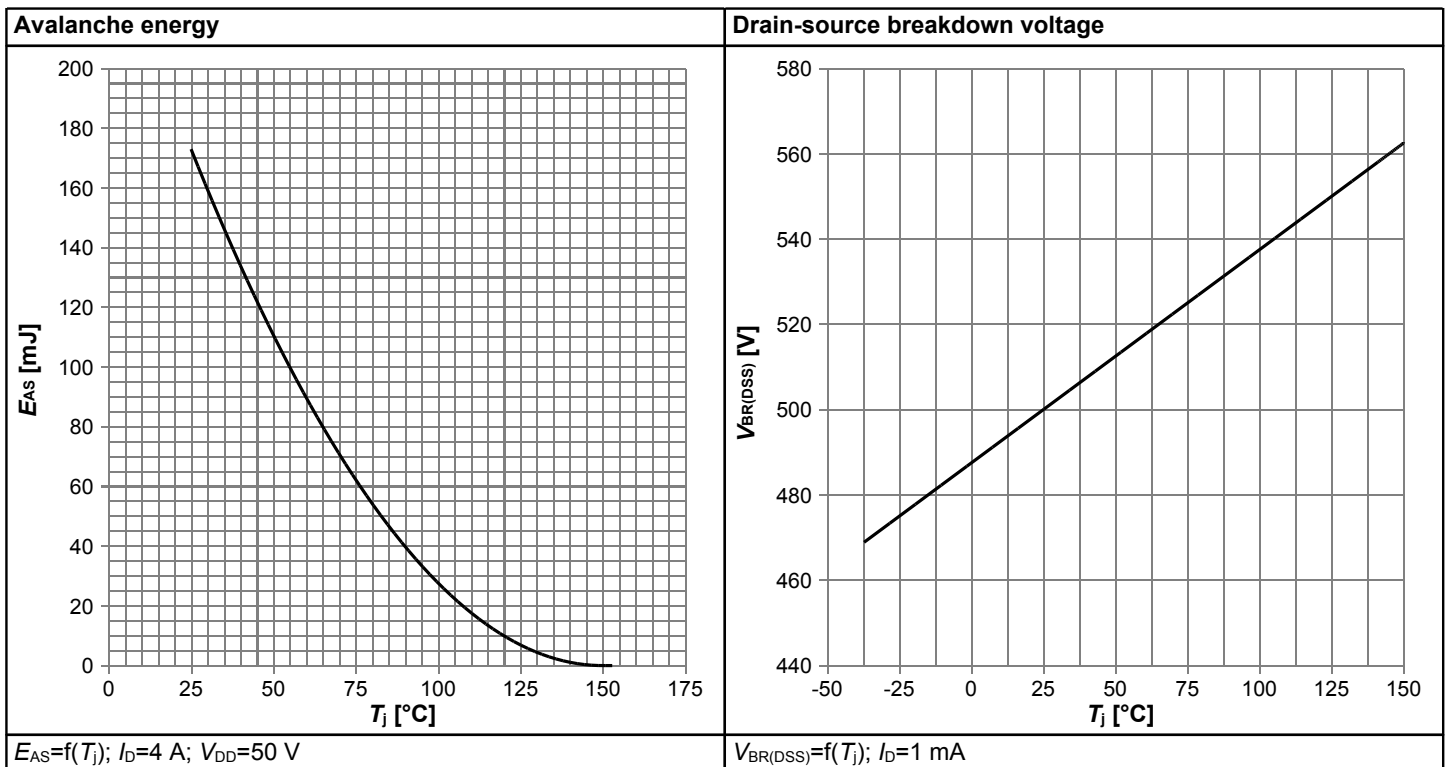
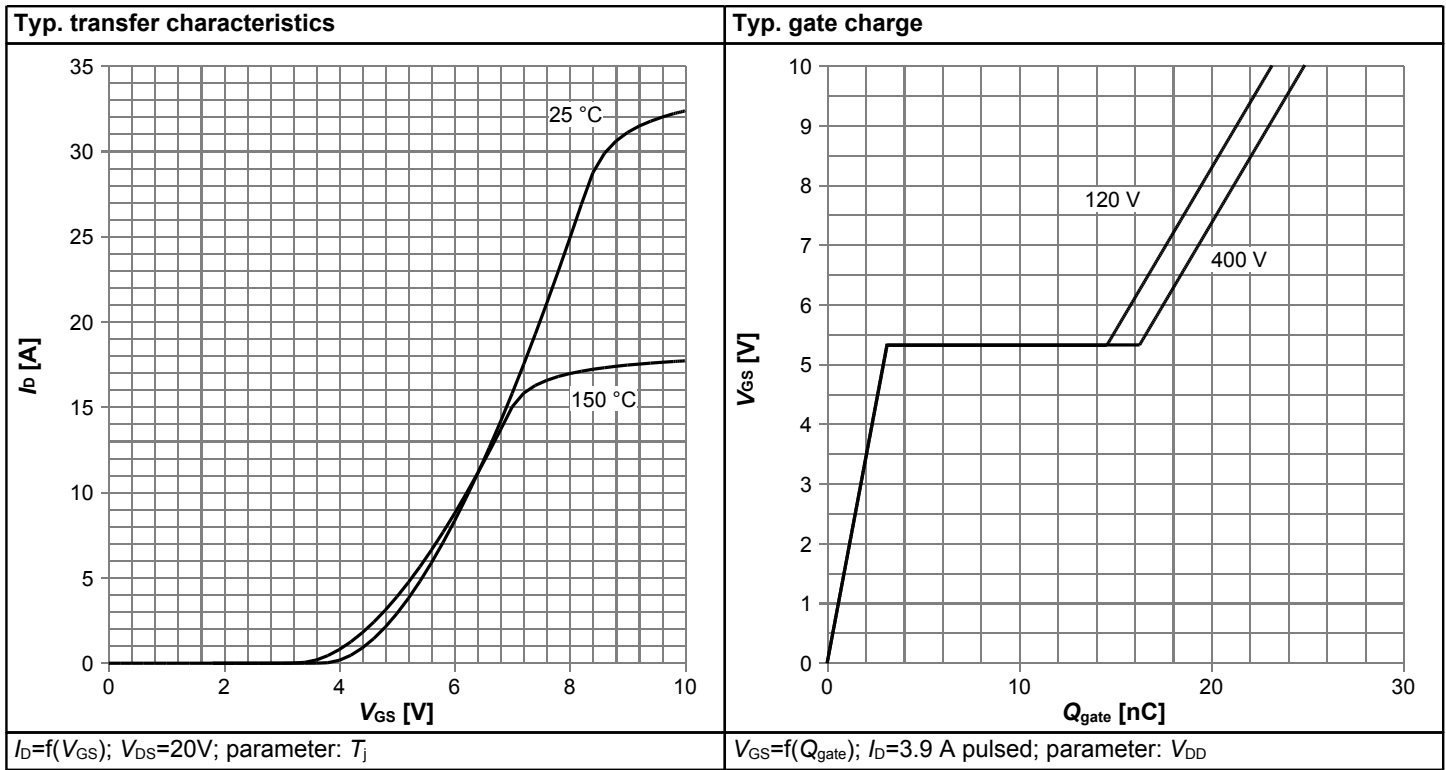
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	-	0.85	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_F=3.9A, T_j=25^\circ C$
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	-	207	-	ns	$V_R=400V, I_F=3.9A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	-	1.7	-	$\mu C$	$V_R=400V, I_F=3.9A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$	-	15.5	-	A	$V_R=400V, I_F=3.9A, di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$

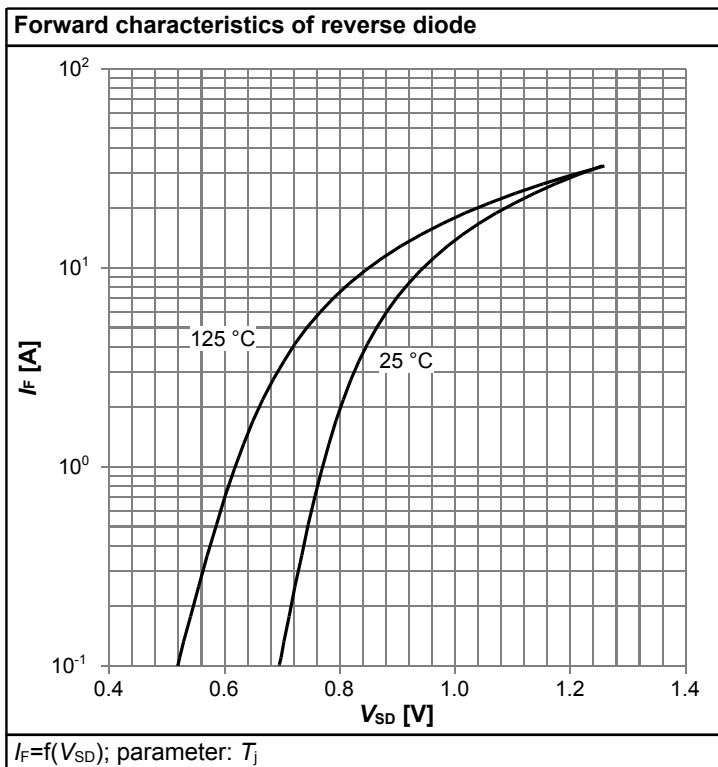
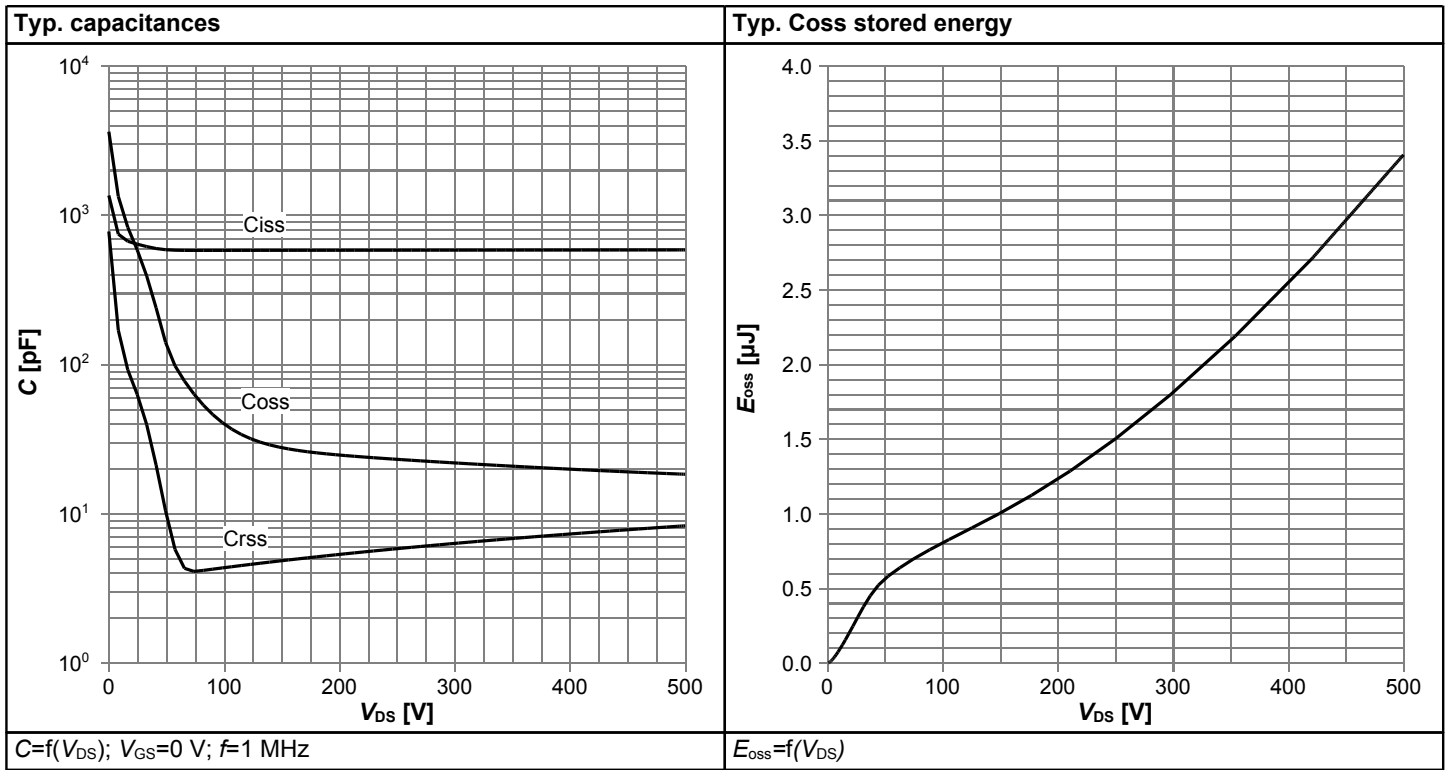
### 5 Electrical characteristics diagrams





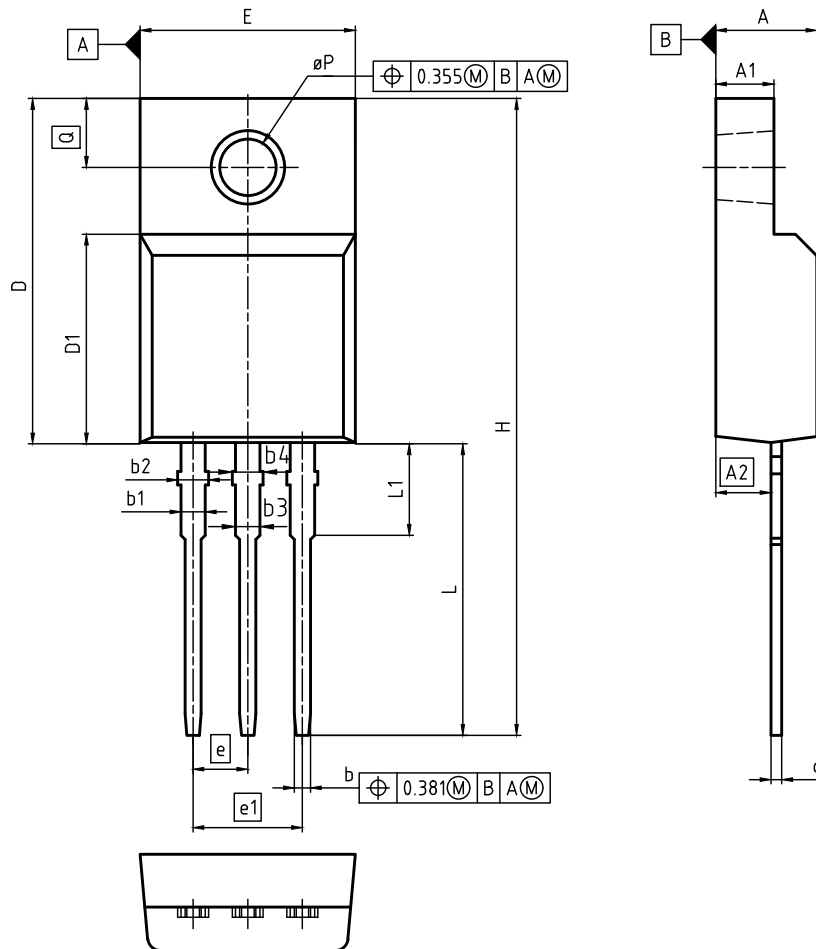








## 7 Package Outlines



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.50	4.90	0.177	0.193
A1	2.34	2.85	0.092	0.112
A2	2.42	2.86	0.095	0.113
b	0.65	0.90	0.026	0.035
b1	0.95	1.38	0.037	0.054
b2	0.95	1.51	0.037	0.059
b3	0.65	1.38	0.026	0.054
b4	0.65	1.51	0.026	0.059
c	0.40	0.63	0.016	0.025
D	15.67	16.15	0.617	0.636
D1	8.97	9.83	0.353	0.387
E	10.00	10.65	0.394	0.419
e	2.54 (BSC)		0.100 (BSC)	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H	28.70	29.75	1.130	1.171
L	12.78	13.75	0.503	0.541
L1	2.83	3.45	0.111	0.136
øP	2.95	3.38	0.116	0.133
Q	3.15	3.50	0.124	0.138

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Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 220 FullPAK, dimensions in mm/inches

## 8 Appendix A

### Table 11 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS Webpage: [www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)
- IFX Design tools: [www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)

## Revision History

IPA50R380CE

**Revision: 2014-06-12, Rev. 2.2**

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2011-06-08	Release of final data sheet
2.1	2011-06-16	-
2.2	2014-06-12	Release of final datasheet

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