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# HM64YGB36100 Series

32M Synchronous Late Write Fast Static RAM (1-Mword  $\times$  36-bit)

REJ03C0271-0100 (Previous ADE-203-1374 (Z) Rev. 0.0) Rev.1.00 Jun.27.2005

## Description

The HM64YGB36100 is a synchronous fast static RAM organized as 1-Mword  $\times$  36-bit. It has realized high speed access time by employing the most advanced CMOS process and high speed circuit designing technology. It is most appropriate for the application which requires high speed, high density memory and wide bit width configuration, such as cache and buffer memory in system. It is packaged in standard 119-bump BGA.

Note: All power supply and ground pins must be connected for proper operation of the device.

## Features

- 2.5 V  $\pm$  5% operation and 1.5 V (V<sub>DDQ</sub>)
- 32-Mbit density
- Synchronous register to register operation
- Internal self-timed late write
- Byte write control (4 byte write selects, one for each 9-bit)
- Optional ×18 configuration
- HSTL compatible I/O
- Programmable impedance output drivers
- Differential HSTL clock inputs
- Asynchronous  $\overline{G}$  output control
- Asynchronous sleep mode
- FC-BGA 119pin package with SRAM JEDEC standard pinout
- Limited set of boundary scan JTAG IEEE 1149.1 compatible

### **Ordering Information**

Type No.	Organization	Access time	Cycle time	Package
HM64YGB36100BP-33	1M×36	1.6 ns		119-bump 1.27 mm 14 mm × 22 mm BGA PRBG0119DC-A (BP-119F)

Note: HM: Hitachi Memory prefix, 64: External Cache SRAM, Y: V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V, G: Late Write SRAM, B: V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 1.5 V

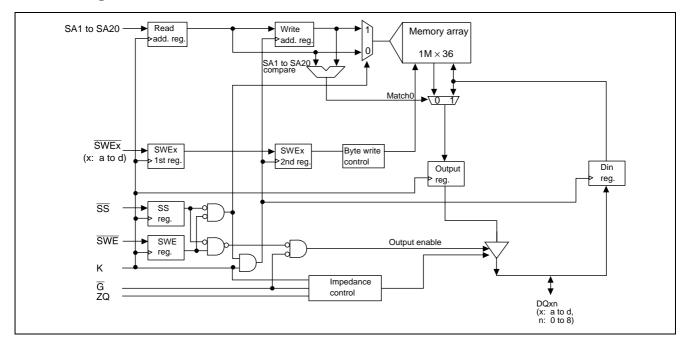


## **Pin Arrangement**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	V <sub>DDQ</sub>	SA14	SA13	NC	SA6	SA7	V <sub>DDQ</sub>
В	NC	SA15	SA12	SA20	SA5	SA9	NC
С	NC	SA16	SA11	V <sub>DD</sub>	SA4	SA8	NC
D	DQc7	DQc8	V <sub>SS</sub>	ZQ	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQb8	DQb7
E	DQc5	DQc6	V <sub>SS</sub>	SS	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQb6	DQb5
F	V <sub>DDQ</sub>	DQc4	V <sub>SS</sub>	G	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQb4	V <sub>DDQ</sub>
G	DQc3	DQc2	SWEc	NC	SWEb	DQb2	DQb3
Н	DQc1	DQc0	V <sub>SS</sub>	NC	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQb0	DQb1
J	V <sub>DDQ</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	$V_{REF}$	V <sub>DD</sub>	$V_{REF}$	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DDQ</sub>
K	DQd1	DQd0	V <sub>SS</sub>	К	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQa0	DQa1
L	DQd3	DQd2	SWEd	ĸ	SWEa	DQa2	DQa3
М	V <sub>DDQ</sub>	DQd4	V <sub>SS</sub>	SWE	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQa4	V <sub>DDQ</sub>
N	DQd5	DQd6	V <sub>SS</sub>	SA17	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQa6	DQa5
Р	DQd7	DQd8	V <sub>SS</sub>	SA19	V <sub>SS</sub>	DQa8	DQa7
R	NC	SA10	M1	V <sub>DD</sub>	M2	SA1	NC
Т	NC	NC	SA18	SA3	SA2	NC	ZZ
U	$V_{DDQ}$	TMS	TDI	TCK	TDO	NC	$V_{DDQ}$

(Top view)

## **Block Diagram**



## **Pin Descriptions**

Name	I/O type	Descriptions	Notes
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply	Core power supply	
V <sub>SS</sub>	Supply	Ground	
V <sub>DDQ</sub>	Supply	Output power supply	
V <sub>REF</sub>	Supply	Input reference, provides input reference voltage	
K	Input	Clock input, active high	
K	Input	Clock input, active low	
SS	Input	Synchronous chip select	
SWE	Input	Synchronous write enable	
SAn	Input	Synchronous address input	n: 1 to 20
SWEx	Input	Synchronous byte write enables	x: a to d
G	Input	Asynchronous output enable	
ZZ	Input	Power down mode select	
ZQ	Input	Output impedance control	1
DQxn	I/O	Synchronous data input/output	x: a to d
			n: 0 to 8
M1, M2	Input	Output protocol mode select	
TMS	Input	Boundary scan test mode select	
ТСК	Input	Boundary scan test clock	
TDI	Input	Boundary scan test data input	
TDO	Output	Boundary scan test data output	
NC		No connection	

M1	M2	Protocol	Notes
V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	Synchronous register to register operation	2
Notes: 1 ZQ i	s to be connecte	d to $V_{ss}$ via a resistance RQ where 175 Q < RQ < 300 Q. If ZQ = V	on open output

Notes: 1. ZQ is to be connected to V<sub>SS</sub> via a resistance RQ where 175  $\Omega \le$  RQ  $\le$  300  $\Omega$ . If ZQ = V<sub>DDQ</sub> or open, output buffer impedance will be maximum.

2. Mode control input pins M1 and M2 are set at power-up and will not change the states during the SRAM operates.

This SRAM supports only single clock, pipelined read protocol. Other settings are not applicable.

Mode control pin M2 can be set to  $V_{DDQ}$  instead of  $V_{DD}$ .



## **Truth Table**

ZZ	SS	G	SWE	SWEa	SWEb	SWEc	SWEd	K	ĸ	Operation	DQ (n)	DQ (n+1)
Н	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	Sleep mode	High-Z	High-Z
L	Н	×	×	×	×	×	×	L-H	H-L	Dead (not selected)	×	High-Z
L	×	Н	Н	×	×	×	×	×	×	Dead (dummy read)	High-Z	×
L	L	L	Н	×	×	×	×	L-H	H-L	Read	×	D <sub>OUT</sub> (a, b, c, d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	L	L	L	L	L-H	H-L	Write a, b, c, d byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (a, b, c, d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	Н	L	L	L	L-H	H-L	Write b, c, d byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (b, c, d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	L	Н	L	L	L-H	H-L	Write a, c, d byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (a, c, d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	L	L	Н	L	L-H	H-L	Write a, b, d byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (a, b, d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	L	L	L	Н	L-H	H-L	Write a, b, c byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (a, b, c) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	Н	Н	L	L	L-H	H-L	Write c, d byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (c, d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	L	Н	Н	L	L-H	H-L	Write a, d byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (a, d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	L	L	Н	Н	L-H	H-L	Write a, b byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (a, b) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	Н	L	L	Н	L-H	H-L	Write b, c byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (b, c) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	Н	Н	Н	L	L-H	H-L	Write d byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (d) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	Н	Н	L	Н	L-H	H-L	Write c byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (c) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	Н	L	Н	Н	L-H	H-L	Write b byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (b) 0 to 8
L	L	×	L	L	Н	Н	Н	L-H	H-L	Write a byte	High-Z	D <sub>IN</sub> (a) 0 to 8

 Notes:
 1. H: V<sub>IH</sub>, L: V<sub>IL</sub>, X: V<sub>IH</sub> or V<sub>IL</sub>

 2.
 SWE, SS, SWEa to SWEd and SA are sampled at the rising edge of K clock.

## **Programmable Impedance Output Drivers**

Output buffer impedance can be programmed by terminating the ZQ pin to  $V_{SS}$  through a precision resistor (RQ). The value of RQ is five times the output impedance desired. The allowable range of RQ to guarantee impedance matching with a tolerance of 15% is 250  $\Omega$  typical. If the status of ZQ pin is open, output impedance is maximum value. Maximum impedance also occurs with ZQ connected to  $V_{DDQ}$ . The impedance update of the output driver occurs when the SRAM is in high-Z. Write and deselect operations will synchronously switch the SRAM into and out of high-Z, therefore will trigger an update. At power up, the output buffer is in high-Z. It will take 4,096 cycles for the impedance to be completely updated.

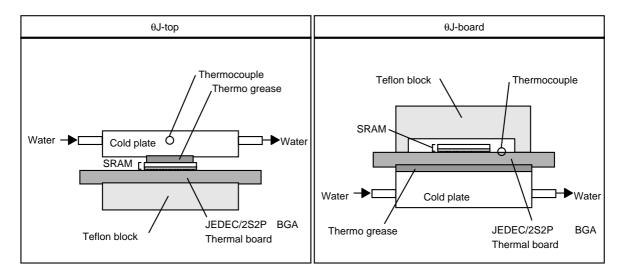
## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Notes
Input voltage on any pin	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5 to V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.5	V	1, 4
Core supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	–0.5 to +3.13	V	1
Output supply voltage	V <sub>DDQ</sub>	–0.5 to +2.1	V	1, 4
Operating temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	0 to +85	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to +125	°C	
Output short-circuit current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	25	mA	
Latch up current	ILI	200	mA	
Package junction to top thermal resistance	θJ-top	6.5	°C/W	5
Package junction to board thermal resistance	θJ-board	12	°C/W	5

Notes: 1. All voltage is referenced to  $V_{SS}$ .

2. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted the operation conditions. Exposure to higher voltages than recommended voltages for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

- 3. These CMOS memory circuits have been designed to meet the DC and AC specifications shown in the tables after thermal equilibrium has been established.
- 4. The following supply voltage application sequence is recommended: V<sub>SS</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>DDQ</sub>, V<sub>REF</sub> then V<sub>IN</sub>. Remember, according to the absolute maximum ratings table, V<sub>DDQ</sub> is not to exceed 2.1 V, whatever the instantaneous value of V<sub>DDQ</sub>.
- 5. See figure below.



Note: The following DC and AC specifications shown in the tables, this device is tested under the minimum transverse air flow exceeding 500 linear feet per minute.

## **Recommended DC Operating Conditions**

					(Ta = 0)	to +85°C)
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Power supply voltage: core	V <sub>DD</sub>	2.38	2.50	2.63	V	
Power supply voltage: I/O	V <sub>DDQ</sub>	1.40	1.50	1.60	V	
Input reference voltage: I/O	V <sub>REF</sub>	0.60	0.75	0.90	V	1
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.10		V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.30	V	4
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.30		$V_{REF} - 0.10$	V	4
Clock differential voltage	V <sub>DIF</sub>	0.10		V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.30	V	2, 3
Clock common mode voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	0.60		0.90	V	3

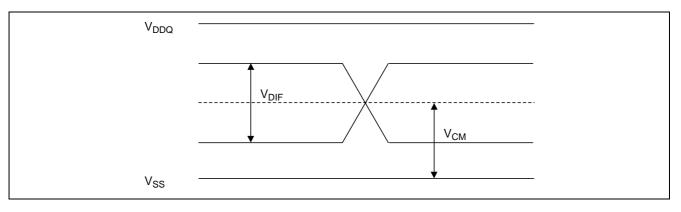
Notes: 1. Peak to peak AC component superimposed on  $V_{REF}$  may not exceed 5% of  $V_{REF}$ .

2. Minimum differential input voltage required for differential input clock operation.

3. See figure below.

4. V<sub>REF</sub> = 0.75 V (typ).

#### **Differential Voltage / Common Mode Voltage**





## **DC Characteristics**

(Ta = 0 to +85°C,  $V_{\text{DD}}$  = 2.5 V  $\pm$  5%)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes			
Input leakage current	ILI		2	μA	1			
Output leakage current	ILO	<u> </u>	5	μA	2			
Standby current	I <sub>SBZZ</sub>	<u> </u>	150	mA	3			
V <sub>DD</sub> operating current, excluding output drivers	I <sub>DD</sub>		550	mA	4			
Quiescent active power supply current	I <sub>DD2</sub>		200	mA	5			
Maximum power dissipation, including output drivers	Р	<u> </u>	2.3	W	6			

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>	—	V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.4	V	7
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{DDQ} - 0.4$	—	V <sub>DDQ</sub>	V	8
ZQ pin connect resistance	RQ	—	250	—	Ω	
Output "Low" current	I <sub>OL</sub>	(V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2) / {(RQ/5) - 15%}		(V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2) / {(RQ/5) + 15%}	mA	9, 11
Output "High" current	I <sub>OH</sub>	(V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2) / {(RQ/5) + 15%}		(V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2) / {(RQ/5) - 15%}	mA	10, 11

Notes: 1.  $0 \le V_{IN} \le V_{DDQ}$  for all input pins (except V<sub>REF</sub>, ZQ, M1, M2 pin)

2.  $0 \le V_{OUT} \le V_{DDQ}$ , DQ in high-Z

3. All inputs (except clock) are held at either V<sub>IH</sub> or V<sub>IL</sub>, ZZ is held at V<sub>IH</sub>, I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA. Specification is guaranteed at +75°C junction temperature.

4.  $I_{OUT} = 0$  mA, read 50% / write 50%,  $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$  max, frequency = min. cycle

5.  $I_{OUT} = 0$  mA, read 50% / write 50%,  $V_{DD} = V_{DD}$  max, frequency = 3 MHz

6. Output drives a 12 pF load and switches every cycle. This parameter should be used by the SRAM designer to determine electrical and package requirements for the SRAM device.

- 7. RQ = 250  $\Omega$ , I<sub>OL</sub> = 6.8 mA
- 8. RQ = 250  $\Omega$ , I<sub>OH</sub> = -6.8 mA
- 9. Measured at  $V_{OL} = 1/2 V_{DDQ}$
- 10. Measured at  $V_{OH} = 1/2 V_{DDQ}$

11. The total external capacitance of ZQ pin must be less than 7.5 pF.



## **AC Characteristics**

#### $(Ta = 0 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%)$ Single Differential Clock Register-Register Mode

		HM64Y	HM64YGB36100BP				
			-33				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes		
CK clock cycle time	t <sub>кнкн</sub>	3.3		ns			
CK clock high width	t <sub>KHKL</sub>	1.3		ns			
CK clock low width	t <sub>KLKH</sub>	1.3		ns			
Address setup time	t <sub>AVKH</sub>	0.3		ns	2		
Data setup time	t <sub>DVKH</sub>	0.3		ns	2		
Address hold time	t <sub>KHAX</sub>	0.6		ns			
Data hold time	t <sub>KHDX</sub>	0.6	—	ns			
Clock high to output valid	t <sub>KHQV</sub>	—	1.6	ns	1		
Clock high to output hold	t <sub>KHQX</sub>	0.65	—	ns	1, 6		
Clock high to output low-Z (SS control)	t <sub>KHQX2</sub>	0.65	—	ns	1, 4, 6		
Clock high to output high-Z	t <sub>KHQZ</sub>	0.65	2.0	ns	1, 3, 6		
Output enable low to output low-Z	t <sub>GLQX</sub>	0.1	—	ns	1, 4, 6		
Output enable low to output valid	t <sub>GLQV</sub>		2.0	ns	1, 4		
Output enable high to output high-Z	t <sub>GHQZ</sub>		2.0	ns	1, 3		
Sleep mode recovery time	t <sub>ZZR</sub>	20.0		ns	5		
Sleep mode enable time	t <sub>ZZE</sub>	<u> </u>	15.0	ns	1, 3, 5		

Notes: 1. See figure in "AC Test Conditions".

2. Parameters may be guaranteed by design, i.e., without tester guardband.

3. Transitions are measured  $\pm 50$  mV of output high impedance from output low impedance.

4. Transitions are measured  $\pm 50$  mV from steady state voltage.

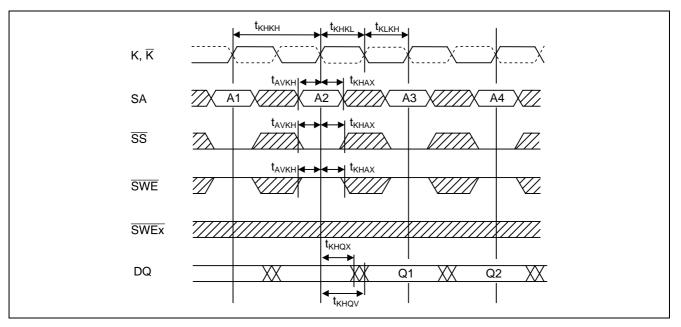
5. When ZZ is switching, clock input K must be at the same logic level for the reliable operation.

6. Minimum value is verified by design and tested without guardband.

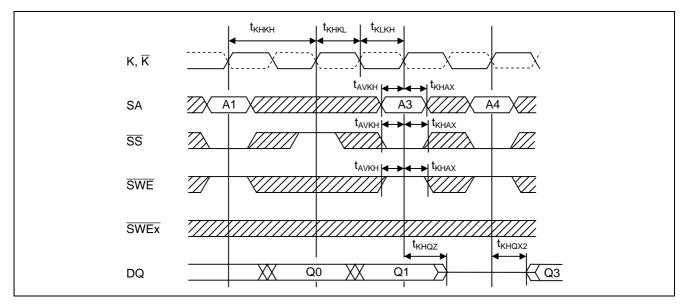


## **Timing Waveforms**

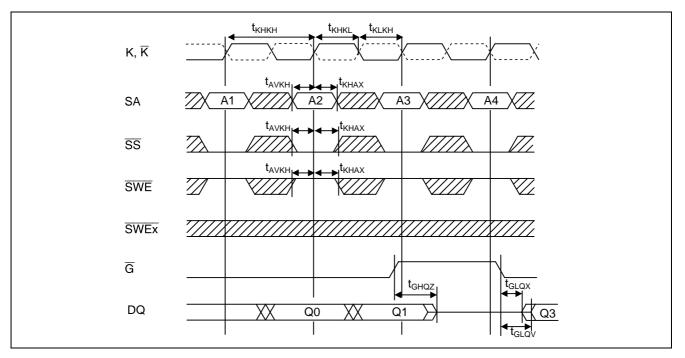
## Read Cycle-1



## Read Cycle-2 (SS Controlled)



## Read Cycle-3 ( $\overline{G}$ Controlled)

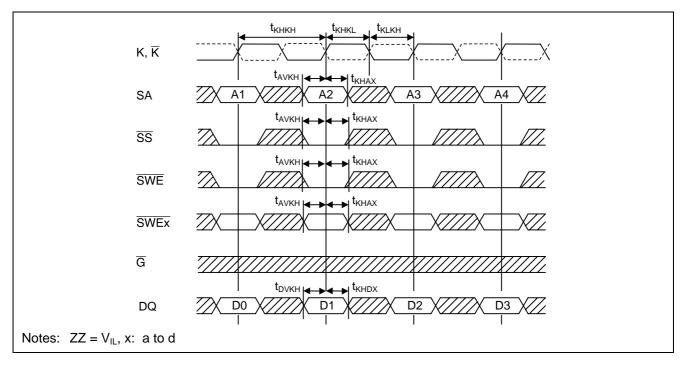


#### Read operation

During read cycle, the address is registered during the first rising clock edge, the internal array is read between this first edge and second edge, and data is captured in the output register.



### Write Cycle

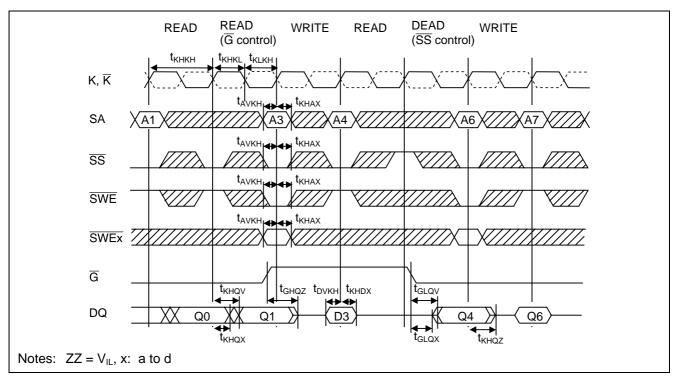


#### Write operation

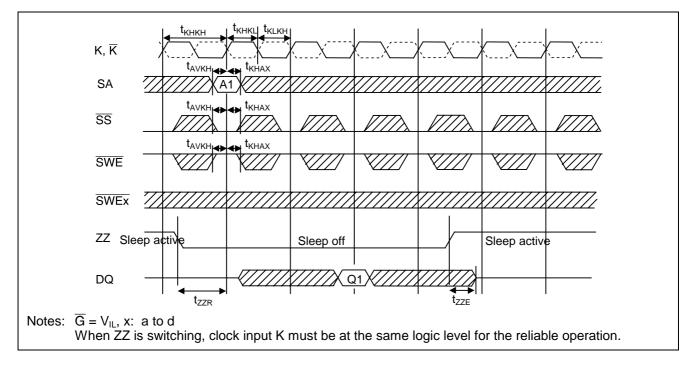
During write cycle, the write data follows the write address by one cycle. All N bits of address are presented during the same cycle. Any subsequent read to this address should get the latest data. Because in the actual implementation the data will be written into the SRAM array only after the next write address is received, a one-entry buffer is needed to hold the write data and to allow bypassing of data from the write buffer to the output if there is a read of the same address.



### **Read-Write Cycle**



### **ZZ** Control





## **Input Capacitance**

				$(V_{DD} =$	$= 2.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{DDQ}} = 1.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	2, f = 1 MHz
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Pin name	Notes
Input capacitance	CIN	—	4	pF	SAn, <del>SS</del> , <del>SWE</del> , <del>SWEx</del>	1, 3
Clock input capacitance	C <sub>CLK</sub>	—	5	pF	K, K	1, 2, 3
I/O capacitance	CIO	_	5	pF	DQxn	1, 3

Notes: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

2. Exclude  $\overline{G}$ 

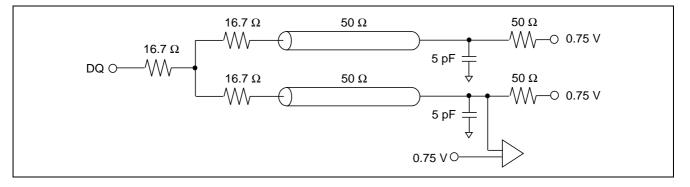
3. Connect pins to GND, except  $V_{\text{DD}},\,V_{\text{DDQ}},$  and the measured pin.

## **AC Test Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Unit	Note
Input and output timing reference levels	V <sub>REF</sub>	0.75	V	
Input signal amplitude	V <sub>IL</sub> , V <sub>IH</sub>	0.25 to 1.25	V	
Input rise / fall time	tr, tf	0.5 (10% to 90%)	ns	
Clock input timing reference level		Differential cross point		
V <sub>DIF</sub> to clock		0.75	V	
V <sub>CM</sub> to clock		0.75	V	
Output loading conditions		See figure below		

Note: Parameters are tested with RQ = 250  $\Omega$  and V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 1.5 V.

### **Output Loading Conditions**





## **Boundary Scan Test Access Port Operations**

#### Overview

In order to perform the interconnect testing of the modules that include this SRAM, the serial boundary scan test access port (TAP) is designed to operate in a manner consistent with IEEE Standard 1149.1 - 1990. But does not implement all of the functions required for 1149.1 compliance. The HM64YGB series contains a TAP controller. Instruction register, boundary scans register, bypass register and ID register.

## **Test Access Port Pins**

Symbol I/O	Name
ТСК	Test clock
TMS	Test mode select
TDI	Test data in
TDO	Test data out

Note: This device does not have a TRST (TAP Reset) pin. TRST is optional in IEEE 1149.1. To disable the TAP, TCK must be connected to  $V_{SS}$ . TDO should be left unconnected. To test boundary scan, the ZZ pin needs to be kept below  $V_{REF} - 0.4$  V.

## **TAP DC Operating Characteristics**

 $(Ta = 0 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C)$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Notes
Boundary scan input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	1.4 V	3.6 V	
Boundary scan input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	–0.3 V	0.8 V	
Boundary scan input leakage current	ILI	–10 μA	+10 μA	1
Boundary scan output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>		0.2 V	2
Boundary scan output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.1 V	<u> </u>	3

Notes: 1.  $0 \le V_{IN} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$  for all logic input pin

3.  $I_{\text{OH}}$  = -2 mA at  $V_{\text{DD}}$  = 2.5 V.



<sup>2.</sup>  $I_{\text{OL}}$  = 2 mA at  $V_{\text{DD}}$  = 2.5 V.

## **TAP AC Operating Characteristics**

				$(Ta = 0 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C)$	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Test clock cycle time	t <sub>тнтн</sub>	67		ns	
Test clock high pulse width	t <sub>THTL</sub>	30		ns	
Test clock low pulse width	tтьтн	30		ns	
Test mode select setup	t <sub>MVTH</sub>	10		ns	
Test mode select hold	t <sub>THMX</sub>	10		ns	
Capture setup	t <sub>CS</sub>	10		ns	1
Capture hold	t <sub>CH</sub>	10		ns	1
TDI valid to TCK high	t <sub>DVTH</sub>	10		ns	
TCK high to TDI don't care	t <sub>THDX</sub>	10		ns	
TCK low to TDO unknown	t <sub>TLQX</sub>	0		ns	
TCK low to TDO valid	t <sub>TLQV</sub>		20	ns	

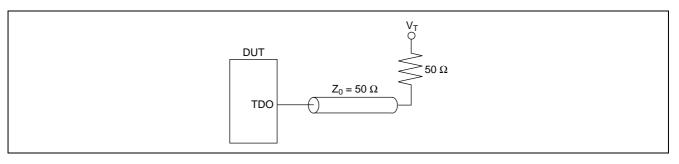
 $(V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V})$ 

Note: 1.  $t_{CS}$  +  $t_{CH}$  defines the minimum pause in RAM I/O pad transitions to assure pad data capture.

## **TAP AC Test Conditions**

Temperature	$0^{\circ}C \le Ta \le +85^{\circ}C$
Input timing measurement reference level	1.1 V
Input pulse levels	0 to 2.5 V
Input rise/fall time	1.5 ns typical (10% to 90%)
Output timing measurement reference level	1.25 V
Test load termination supply voltage $(V_T)$	1.25 V
Output load	See figure below

### Boundary Scan AC Test Load





#### t<sub>THTH</sub> t<sub>THTL</sub> t<sub>TLTH</sub> тск t<sub>MVTH</sub> t<sub>THMX</sub> $\langle XX \rangle$ TMS XXXXX $\langle XXXX \rangle$ XXXXX Х (XX)(XXX) t<sub>DVTH</sub> t<sub>THDX</sub> TDI XX> XX ХΧ XX) XX> XX XXX t<sub>TLQV</sub> TDO XX XX $\langle \chi$ XX X XX t<sub>TLQX</sub> t<sub>CS</sub> t<sub>CH</sub> RAM XXX ХΧ ХΧ ХΧ ADDRESS

## **TAP Controller Timing Diagram**

## **Test Access Port Registers**

Register name	Length	Symbol	Note
Instruction register	3 bits	IR [2:0]	
Bypass register	1 bit	BP	
ID register	32 bits	ID [31:0]	
Boundary scan register	70 bits	BS [70:1]	

## **TAP Controller Instruction Set**

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	Operation
0	0	0	SAMPLE-Z	Tristate all data drivers and capture the pad value
0	0	1	IDCODE	
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Tristate all data drivers and capture the pad value
0	1	1	BYPASS	
1	0	0	SAMPLE	
1	0	1	BYPASS	
1	1	0	PRIVATE	Do not use. They are reserved for vendor use only
1	1	1	BYPASS	

Note: This device does not perform EXTEST, INTEST or the preload portion of the PRELOAD command in IEEE 1149.1.



## Boundary Scan Order (HM64YGB36100)

Bit #	Bump ID	Signal name	Bit #	Bump ID	Signal name
1	5R	M2	36	3B	SA12
2	4P	SA19	37	2B	SA15
3	4T	SA3	38	3A	SA13
4	6R	SA1	39	3C	SA11
5	5T	SA2	40	2C	SA16
6	7T	ZZ	41	2A	SA14
7	6P	DQa8	42	2D	DQc8
8	7P	DQa7	43	1D	DQc7
9	6N	DQa6	44	2E	DQc6
10	7N	DQa5	45	1E	DQc5
11	6M	DQa4	46	2F	DQc4
12	6L	DQa2	47	2G	DQc2
13	7L	DQa3	48	1G	DQc3
14	6K	DQa0	49	2H	DQc0
15	7K	DQa1	50	1H	DQc1
16	5L SWEa		51	3G	SWEc
17	4L	K	52	4D	ZQ
18	4K	К	53	4E	SS
19	4F	G	54	4B	SA20
20	5G	SWEb	55	4H	NC
21	7H	DQb1	56	4M	SWE
22	6H	DQb0	57	3L	SWEd
23	7G	DQb3	58	1K	DQd1
24	6G	DQb2	59	2K	DQd0
25	6F	DQb4	60	1L	DQd3
26	7E	DQb5	61	2L	DQd2
27	6E	DQb6	62	2M	DQd4
28	7D	DQb7	63	1N	DQd5
29	6D	DQb8	64	2N	DQd6
30	6A SA7		65	1P	DQd7
31	6C SA8		66	2P	DQd8
32	5C SA4 67 3T SA <sup>2</sup>		SA18		
33	5A	SA6	68	2R	SA10
34	6B	SA9	69	4N	SA17
35	5B	SA5	70	3R	M1

Notes: 1. Bit#1 is the first scan bit to exit the chip.

2. The NC pads listed in this table are indeed no connects, but are represented in the boundary scan register by a "Place Holder". Place holder registers are internally connected to V<sub>SS</sub>.

3. In boundary scan mode, differential input K and K are referenced to each other and must be at the opposite logic levels for the reliable operation.

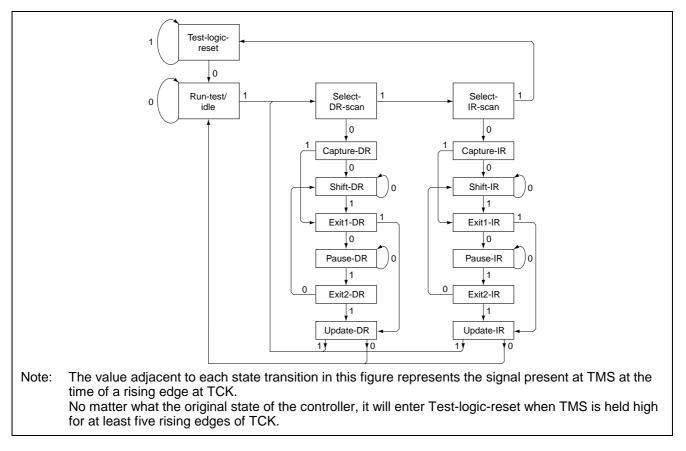
- 4. ZZ must remain  $V_{IL}$  during boundary scan.
- 5. In boundary scan mode, ZQ must be driven to  $V_{DDQ}$  or  $V_{SS}$  supply rail to ensure consistent results.
- 6. M1 and M2 must be driven to  $V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{DDQ}$  or  $V_{SS}$  supply rail to ensure consistent results.



## **ID Register**

Part	Revision number (31:28)	Device density and configuration (27:18)	Vendor definition (17:12)	Vendor JEDEC code (11:1)	Start bit (0)
HM64YGB36100	0000	0100000100	XXXXXX	0000000111	1

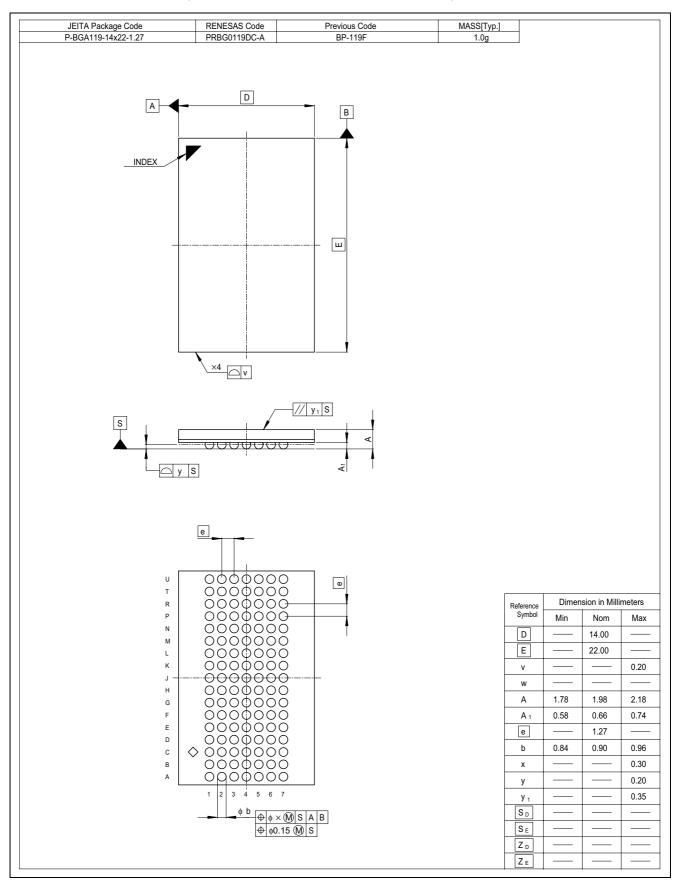
## **TAP Controller State Diagram**





## **Package Dimensions**

### HM64YGB36100BP Series (PRBG0119DC-A / Previous Code: BP-119F)





**Revision History** 

			Description		
Rev.	Date	Page	Page Summary		
0.0	Dec. 5, 2002	_	Initial issue		
1.00	Jun. 27, 2005	1 5 19	Change format issued by Renesas Technology Corp. Ordering Information Addition of Renesas package codes Change of Programmable Impedance Output Drivers Package Dimensions Addition of Renesas package codes Changed to Renesas formats		

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