Ordering number : ENA2119A

LC75805PE

ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com

CMOS IC

1/1 to 1/4 Duty General-Purpose LCD Display Driver with LED Driver

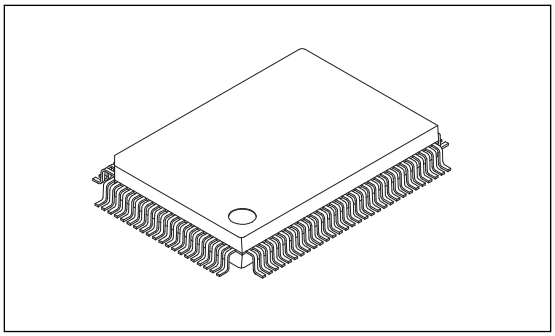
Overview

LC75805PE is the 1/1 to 1/4 duty general-purpose LCD display driver with the LED driver to use for the instrument panel display by control with the controller. In addition, LC75805PE is able to drive up to 48 LED and LCD of up to 140 segments directly, and has a built-in 7ch PWM function for brightness adjustment of LED. Furthermore, because of built-in the oscillator circuit, it is possible to reduce external resister and capacitor for oscillation.

Features

- Switch of Static Drive, 1/2 Duty Drive, 1/3 Duty Drive and 1/4 Duty Drive can be controlled by serial data.
  - Static Drive (1/1 Duty Drive) : Capable of driving up to 38 segments.
  - 1/2 Duty Drive : Capable of driving up to 74 segments.
  - 1/3 Duty Drive : Capable of driving up to 108 segments.
  - 1/4 Duty Drive : Capable of driving up to 140 segments.
- Frame frequency of common and segment output waveform can be controlled by serial data.
- Turning on/off LED can be controlled by serial data. (Capable of driving up to 48 LED)
- Built-in 7ch PWM function for brightness adjustment of LED. (Resolution of 128 steps)
- Frame frequency of LED driver output waveform can be controlled by serial data.
- Serial data input supports CCB format communication with the system controller. (Support 5V operation)
- Backup function and forced turning off all segments by power-saving mode can be controlled by serial data.
- Switch of the internal oscillator operating mode and the external clock operating mode can be controlled by serial data.
- High generality, since display data is displayed directly without the intervention of a decoder circuit.
- The $\overline{\text{INH}}$ pin allows the display to be forced to the off state.
- Built-in Oscillator circuit (Built-in resister and capacitor for oscillation)

- CCB is ON Semiconductor® 's original format. All addresses are managed by ON Semiconductor® for this format.



QIP100E(14X20)

- CCB is a registered trademark of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC.

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 34 of this data sheet.

Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC, 2013
December, 2013

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C, V_{SS} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V_{DD} max	V_{DD}	-0.3 to +6.5	V
Input voltage	$V_{IN}1$	CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$, OSCI	-0.3 to +6.5	V
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}1$	S1 to S38, COM1 to COM4	-0.3 to V_{DD}+0.3	V
	$V_{OUT}2$	LD1 to LD48	-0.3 to +35	
Output current	$I_{OUT}1$	S1 to S38	300	μA
	$I_{OUT}2$	COM1 to COM4	3	mA
	$I_{OUT}3$	LD1 to LD48	30	
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta=95°C	400	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-40 to +95	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +150	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = -40 to +95°C, V_{SS} = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	4.5		5.5	V
Input high-level voltage	$V_{IH}1$	CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$	0.8V_{DD}		5.5	V
	$V_{IH}2$	OSCI	0.8V_{DD}		5.5	
Input low-level voltage	$V_{IL}1$	CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$	0		0.2V_{DD}	V
	$V_{IL}2$	OSCI	0		0.2V_{DD}	
Output pull-up voltage	V_{OUP}	LD1 to LD48, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5V	0		30	V
External clock operating frequency	f_{CK}	OSCI, External clock operating mode [Fig 3]	100	300	600	kHz
External clock duty	D_{CK}	OSCI, External clock operating mode [Fig 3]	30	50	70	%
Data setup time	tds	CL, DI [Fig 1], [Fig 2]	160			ns
Data hold time	tdh	CL, DI [Fig 1], [Fig 2]	160			ns
CE wait time	tcp	CE, CL [Fig 1], [Fig 2]	160			ns
CE setup time	tcs	CE, CL [Fig 1], [Fig 2]	160			ns
CE hold time	tch	CE, CL [Fig 1], [Fig 2]	160			ns
High-level clock pulse width	tϕH	CL [Fig 1], [Fig 2]	160			ns
Low-level clock pulse width	tϕL	CL [Fig 1], [Fig 2]	160			ns
Rise time	tr	CE, CL, DI [Fig 1], [Fig 2]		160		ns
Fall time	tf	CE, CL, DI [Fig 1], [Fig 2]		160		ns
$\overline{INH}$ switching time	tc	$\overline{INH}$, CE [Fig 4], [Fig 5], [Fig 6], [Fig 7]	10			μs

Electrical Characteristics for the Allowable Operating Ranges

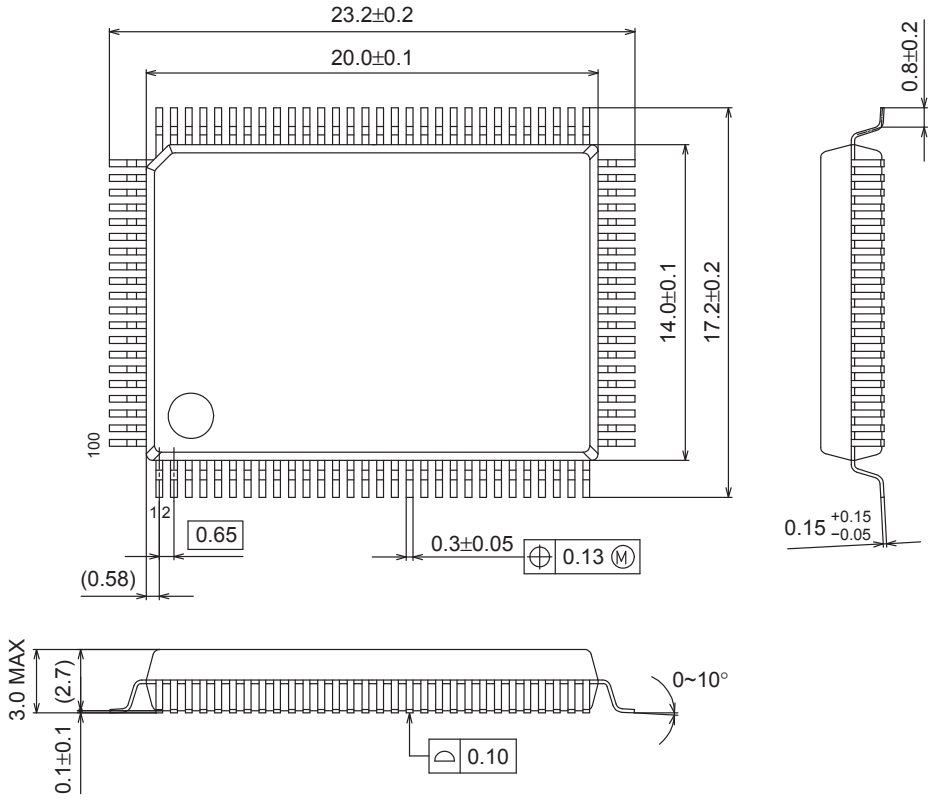
Parameter	Symbol	Pin	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
				min	typ	max	
Hysteresis	V_H	CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$			$0.1V_{DD}$		V
Input high-level current	$I_{IH}1$	CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$	V_I = 5.5V			5.0	μA
	$I_{IH}2$	OSCI	V_I = 5.5V			5.0	
Input low-level current	$I_{IL}1$	CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$	V_I = 0V	-5.0			μA
	$I_{IL}2$	OSCI	V_I = 0V	-5.0			
Output OFF leak current	I_{OFFH}	LD1 to LD48	V_O = 30V			5.0	μA
Output high-level voltage	$V_{OH}1$	S1 to S38	I_O = -20μA	V_{DD}-0.9			V
	$V_{OH}2$	COM1 to COM4	I_O = -100μA	V_{DD}-0.9			
Output low-level voltage	$V_{OL}1$	S1 to S38	I_O = 20μA			0.9	V
	$V_{OL}2$	COM1 to COM4	I_O = 100μA			0.9	
	$V_{OL}3$	LD1 to LD48	I_O = 20mA		0.25	0.5	
Output middle-level voltage	$V_{MID}1$	S1 to S36	1/3 bias I_O = ±20μA	$2/3V_{DD}$ -0.9		$2/3V_{DD}$ +0.9	V
	$V_{MID}2$	S1 to S36	1/3 bias I_O = ±20μA	$1/3V_{DD}$ -0.9		$1/3V_{DD}$ +0.9	
	$V_{MID}3$	COM1 to COM4	1/3 bias I_O = ±100μA	$2/3V_{DD}$ -0.9		$2/3V_{DD}$ +0.9	
	$V_{MID}4$	COM1 to COM4	1/3 bias I_O = ±100μA	$1/3V_{DD}$ -0.9		$1/3V_{DD}$ +0.9	
	$V_{MID}5$	COM1, COM2	1/2 bias I_O = ±100μA	$1/2V_{DD}$ -0.9		$1/2V_{DD}$ +0.9	
Oscillator frequency	fosc	Oscillator circuit	Internal oscillator operating mode	240	300	360	kHz
Current drain	$I_{DD}1$	V_{DD}	Power save mode			15	μA
	$I_{DD}2$	V_{DD}	V_{DD} = 5.5V Output open, Internal oscillator operating mode		750	1500	
	$I_{DD}3$	V_{DD}	V_{DD} = 5.5V Output open, External clock operating mode f_{CK} = 300kHz $V_{IH}2 = 0.9V_{DD}$ $V_{IL}2 = 0.1V_{DD}$		750	1500	

* Electrical Characteristics might be changed for the improvement without notice.

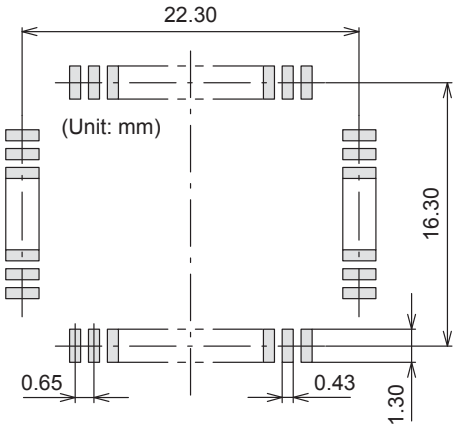
Package Dimensions

unit : mm

PQFP100 14x20 / QIP100E
CASE 122BV
ISSUE A



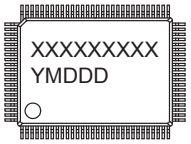
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



NOTE: The measurements are not to guarantee but for reference only.

*For additional information on our Pb−Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

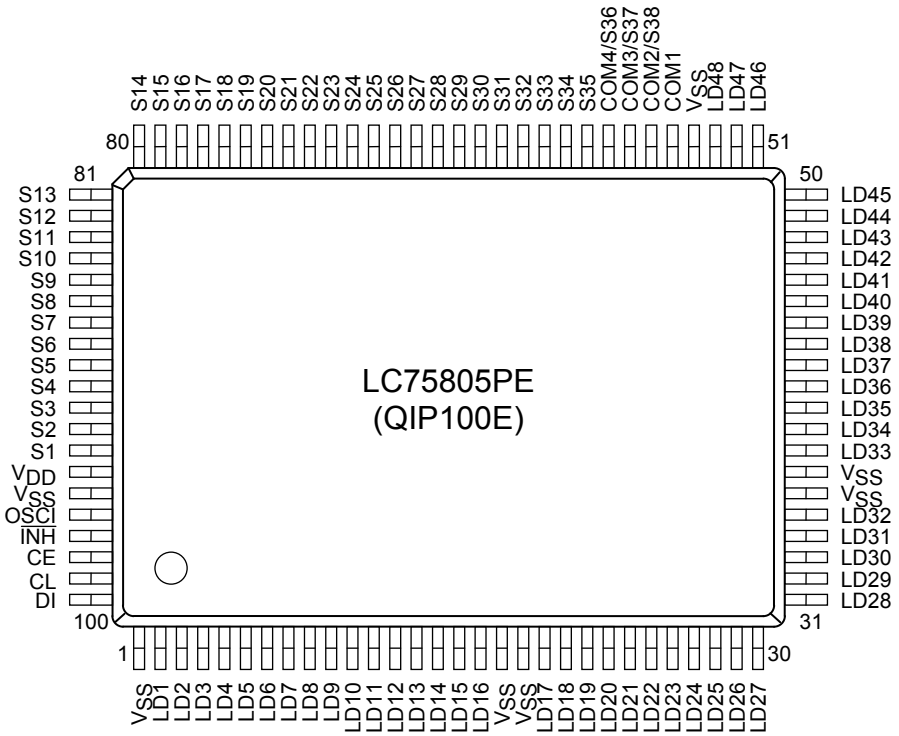
GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXXXX = Specific Device Code
Y = Year
M = Month
DDD = Additional Traceability Data

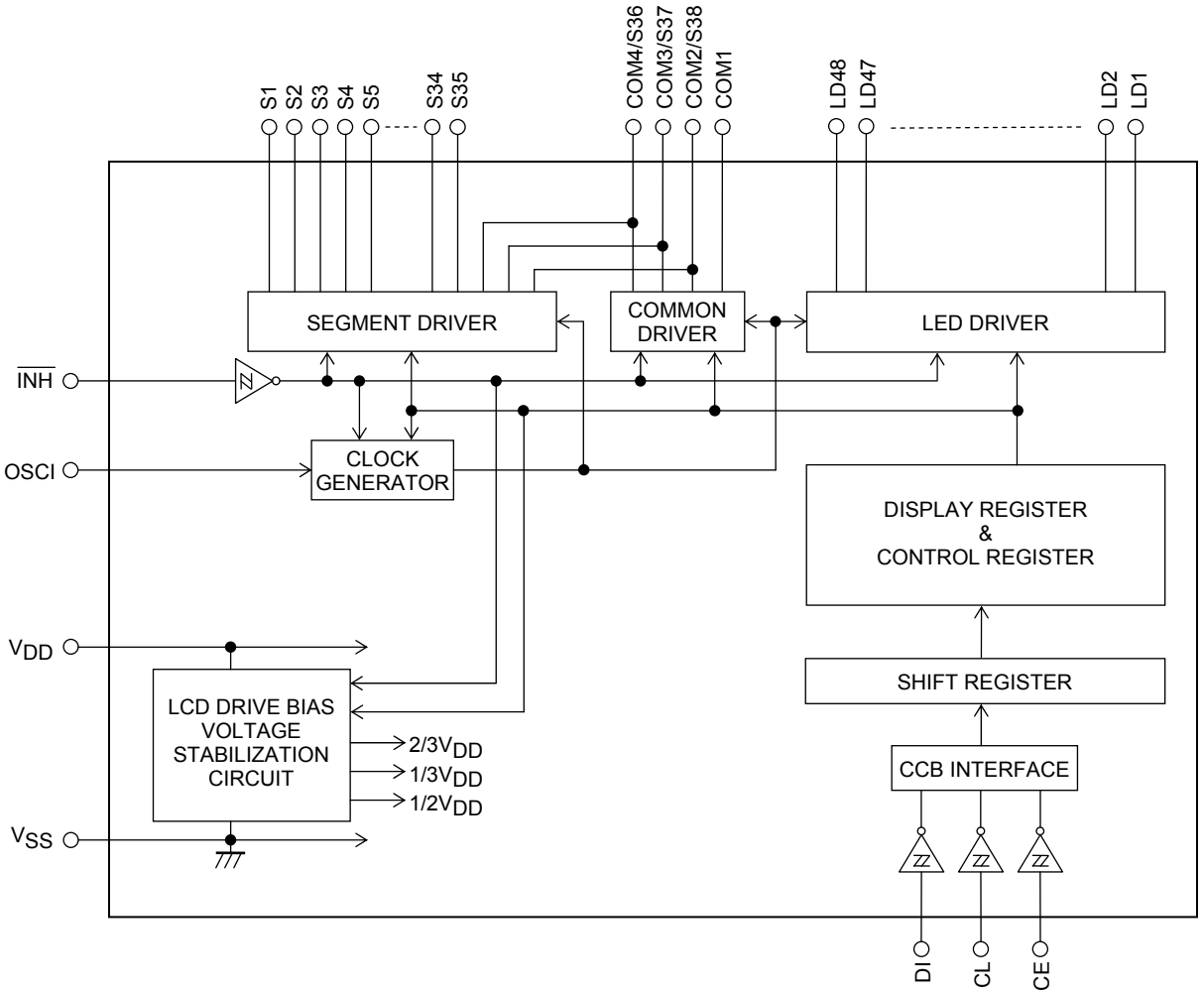
*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb−Free indicator, “G” or microdot “ ▪”, may or may not be present.

Pin Assignment



Top view

Block Diagram



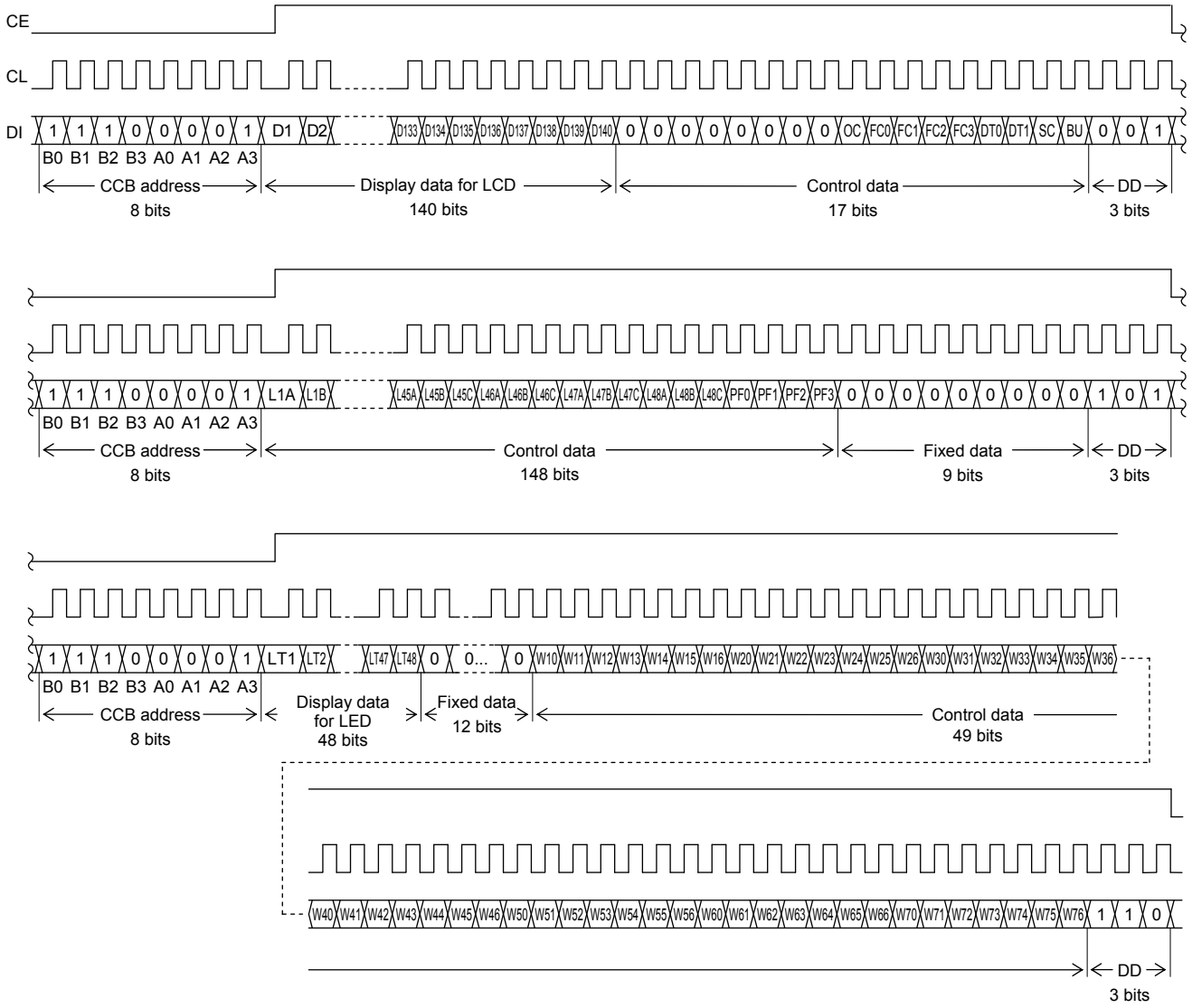
Pin Functions

Symbol	Pin No.	Function	Active	I/O	Handling when unused
LD1 to LD16 LD17 to LD32 LD33 to LD48	2 to 17 20 to 35 38 to 53	These are LED driver output pins that display the display data for LED transferred by serial data input, and high- voltage open-drain output pins. (Pull-up voltage is 30[V] maximum.) In addition, brightness adjustment of LED is possible by PWM function, too.	-	O	OPEN
COM1 COM2/S38 COM3/S37 COM4/S36	55 56 57 58	These are common driver output pins, and Frame frequency is fo [Hz]. COM2/S38, COM3/S37 and COM4/S36 are possible to be used as the segment output by control data.	-	O	OPEN
S35 to S1	59 to 93	These are segment output pins that display the display data for LCD transferred by serial data input.	-	O	OPEN
OSCI	96	This is input pin for the external clock. Input the clock whose frequency (f_{CK}) is between 100 and 600[kHz] at external clock operating mode. Furthermore, connect to GND at internal oscillator operating mode.	-	I	GND
CE CL DI	98 99 100	These are input pins for serial data transfer, and connect to the controller. CE: Chip enable CL: Synchronized clock DI: Transfer data	H ↑ -	I I I	GND
$\overline{INH}$	97	Display off control input pin • $\overline{INH}$ = Low-level (V_{SS}) ...Display forced off LD1 to LD48 = Z (High-impedance) COM1 = L (V_{SS}) COM2/S38 to COM4/S36 = L (V_{SS}) S1 to S35 = L (V_{SS}) Internal oscillator operation is stopped. External clock input is forbidden. • $\overline{INH}$ = High-level (V_{DD})...Display on Internal oscillator operation is possible. (At Internal oscillator operating mode) External clock input is possible. (At External clock operating mode) However, serial data can be transferred during turn off.	L	I	GND
V_{DD}	94	This is power supply pin. Supply the voltage between 4.5V and 5.5V.	-	-	-
V_{SS}	1 18 19 36 37 54 95	These are power supply pins. Connect to GND.	-	-	-

Serial Data Transfer Format

1/4 Duty Drive

(1) When CL is stopped at the low level

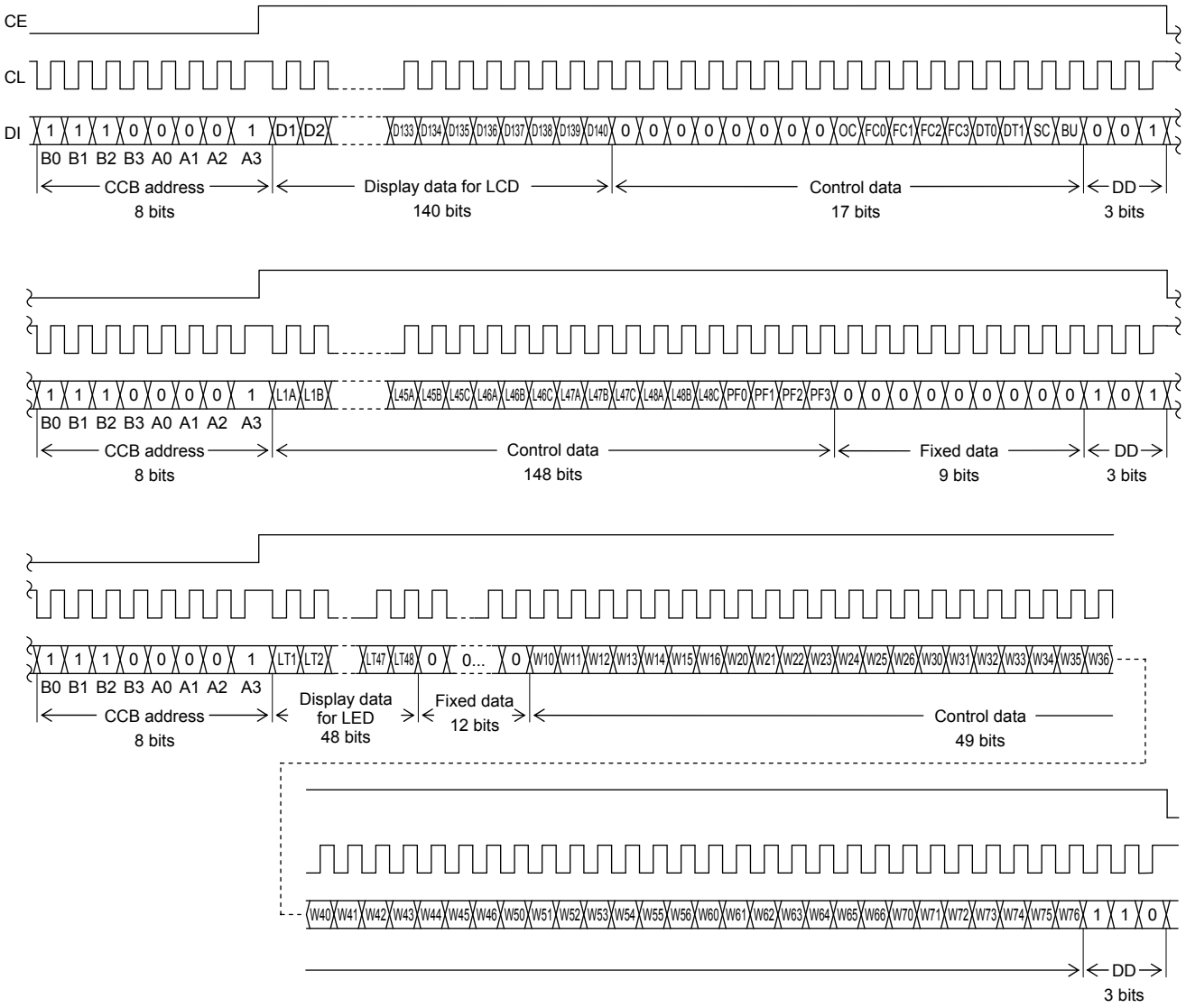


(Note 1) The input of serial data is taken in at the rising edge of CL, and latched at the falling edge of CE. In addition, this IC has the function that counts the number of CL clock to receive the correct serial data. That is to say, because it isn't latched at the falling edge of CE when the number of the count of CL in each serial data is wrong, receiving wrong serial data can be prevented.

(Note 2) DD • • • Direction Data

- CCB address ..... "87H"
- D1 to D140 ..... Display data for LCD
- OC ..... Control data for switch of internal oscillator operating mode and external clock operating mode
- FC0 to FC3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform
- DT0, DT1 ..... Control data for setting of drive scheme (setting of 1/1 to 1/4 Duty Drive scheme) of LCD
- SC ..... Control data for turning on/off segments
- BU ..... Control data for switch of Normal mode and Power-saving mode
- L1A, L1B, L1C to L48A, L48B, L48C ..... Control data for Ch settings of PWM circuits that adjust brightness of LED
- PF0 to PF3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
- LT1 to LT48 ..... Display data for LED
- W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66 W70 to W76 ... PWM data of PWM circuits of LED driver output

(2) When CL is stopped at the high level



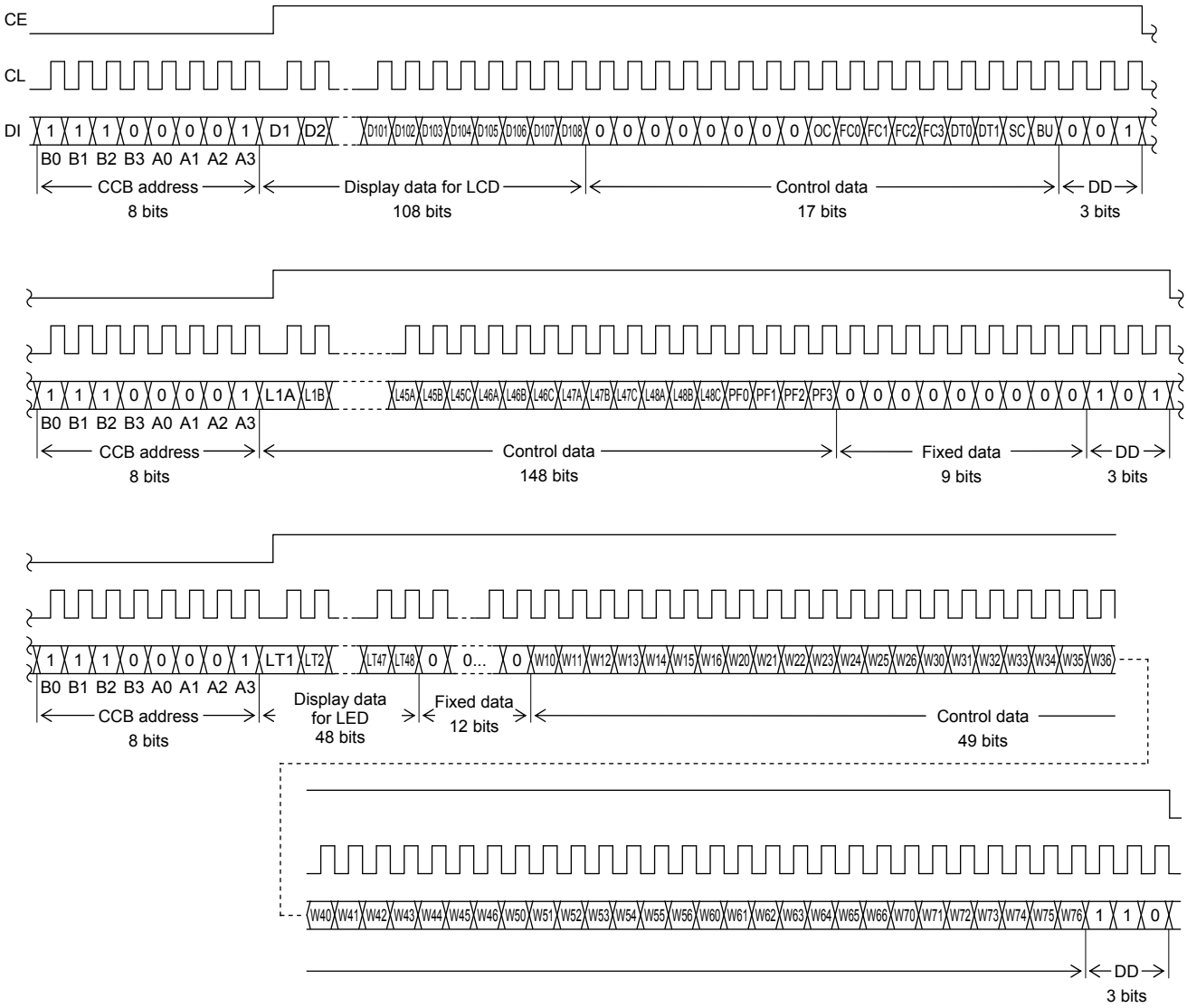
(Note 1) The input of serial data is taken in at the rising edge of CL, and latched at the falling edge of CE. In addition, this IC has the function that counts the number of CL clock to receive the correct serial data. That is to say, because it isn't latched at the falling edge of CE when the number of the count of CL in each serial data is wrong, receiving wrong serial data can be prevented.

(Note 2) DD • • • Direction Data

- CCB address ..... "87H"
- D1 to D140 ..... Display data for LCD
- OC ..... Control data for switch of internal oscillator operating mode and external clock operating mode
- FC0 to FC3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform
- DT0, DT1 ..... Control data for setting of drive scheme (setting of 1/1 to 1/4 Duty Drive scheme) of LCD
- SC ..... Control data for turning on/off segments
- BU ..... Control data for switch of Normal mode and Power-saving mode
- L1A, L1B, L1C to L48A, L48B, L48C ..... Control data for Ch settings of PWM circuits that adjust brightness of LED
- PF0 to PF3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
- LT1 to LT48 ..... Display data for LED
- W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66 W70 to W76 ..... PWM data of PWM circuits of LED driver output

1/3 Duty Drive

(1) When CL is stopped at the low level

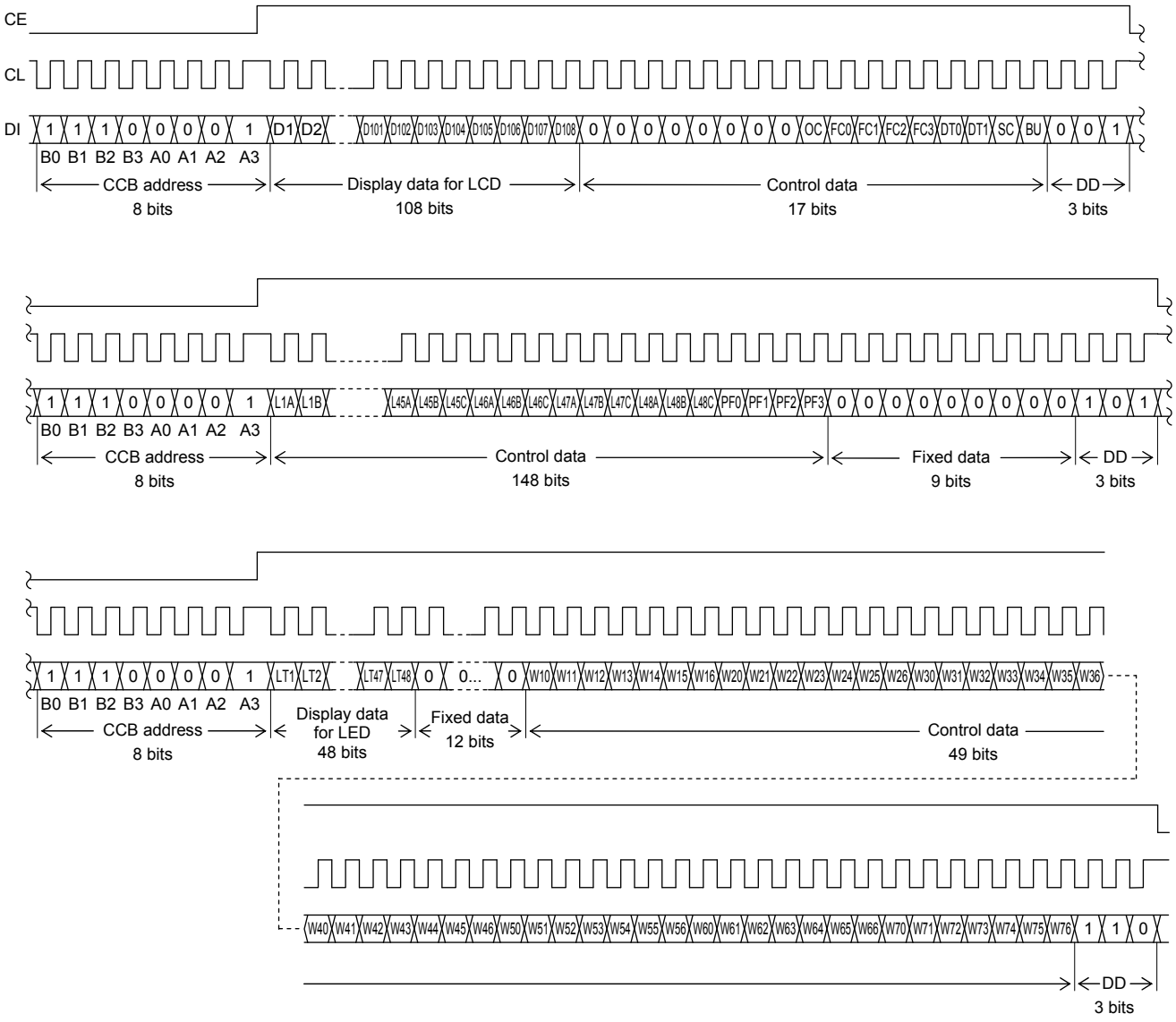


(Note 1) The input of serial data is taken in at the rising edge of CL, and latched at the falling edge of CE. In addition, this IC has the function that counts the number of CL clock to receive the correct serial data. That is to say, because it isn't latched at the falling edge of CE when the number of the count of CL in each serial data is wrong, receiving wrong serial data can be prevented.

(Note 2) DD • • • Direction Data

- CCB address ..... "87H"
- D1 to D108 ..... Display data for LCD
- OC ..... Control data for switch of internal oscillator operating mode and external clock operating mode
- FC0 to FC3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform
- DT0, DT1 ..... Control data for setting of drive scheme (setting of 1/1 to 1/4 Duty Drive scheme) of LCD
- SC ..... Control data for turning on/off segments
- BU ..... Control data for switch of Normal mode and Power-saving mode
- L1A, L1B, L1C to L48A, L48B, L48C ..... Control data for Ch settings of PWM circuits that adjust brightness of LED
- PF0 to PF3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
- LT1 to LT48 ..... Display data for LED
- W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66 W70 to W76 ..... PWM data of PWM circuits of LED driver output

(2) When CL is stopped at the high level



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(Note 2) DD • • • Direction Data

- CCB address ..... "87H"
- D1 to D108 ..... Display data for LCD
- OC ..... Control data for switch of internal oscillator operating mode and external clock operating mode
- FC0 to FC3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform
- DT0, DT1 ..... Control data for setting of drive scheme (setting of 1/1 to 1/4 Duty Drive scheme) of LCD
- SC ..... Control data for turning on/off segments
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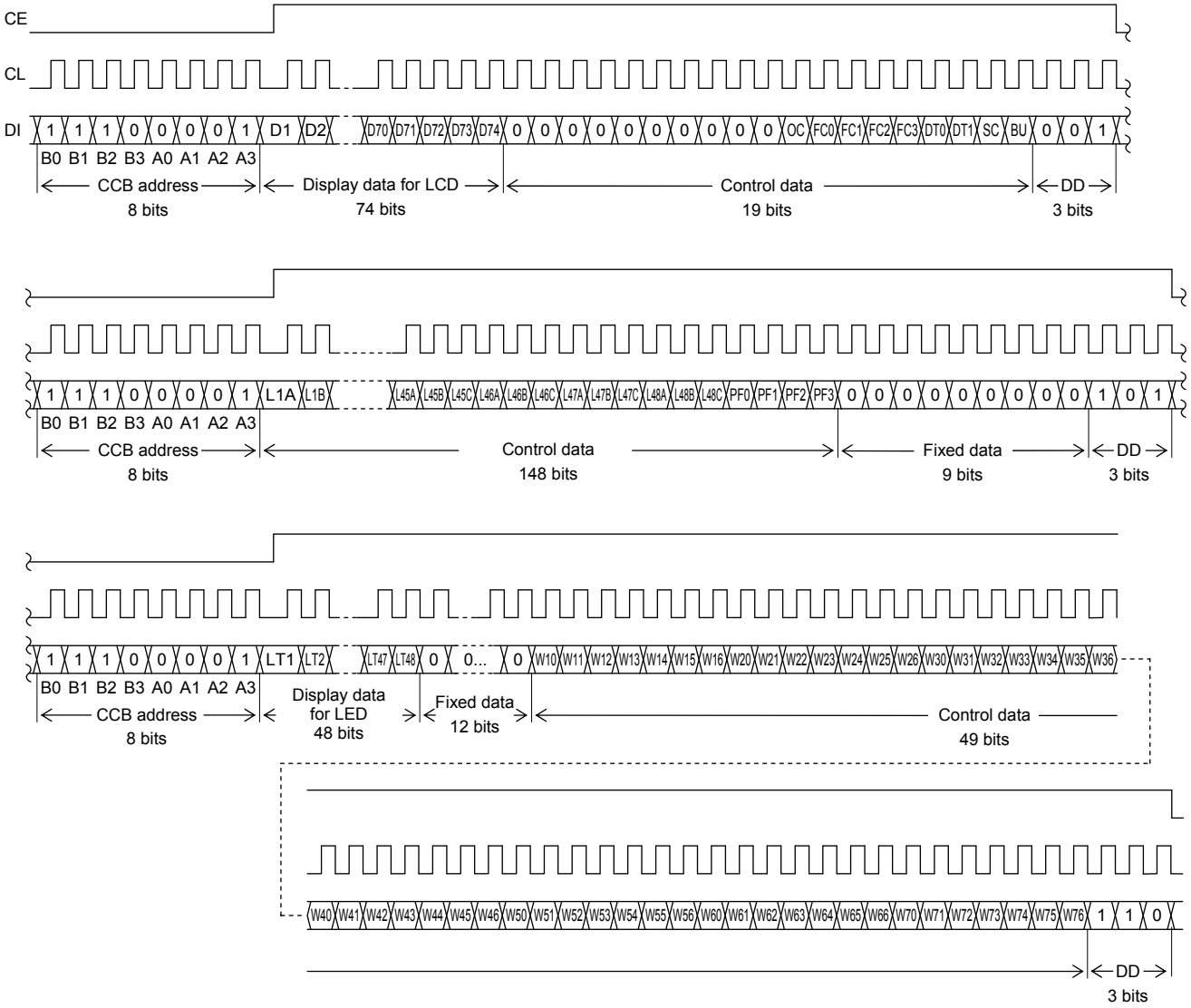
- L1A, L1B, L1C to L48A, L48B, L48C ..... Control data for Ch settings of PWM circuits that adjust brightness of LED
- PF0 to PF3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
- LT1 to LT48 ..... Display data for LED
- W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66 W70 to W76 ..... PWM data of PWM circuits of LED driver output

1/2 Duty Drive

(1) When CL is stopped at the low level

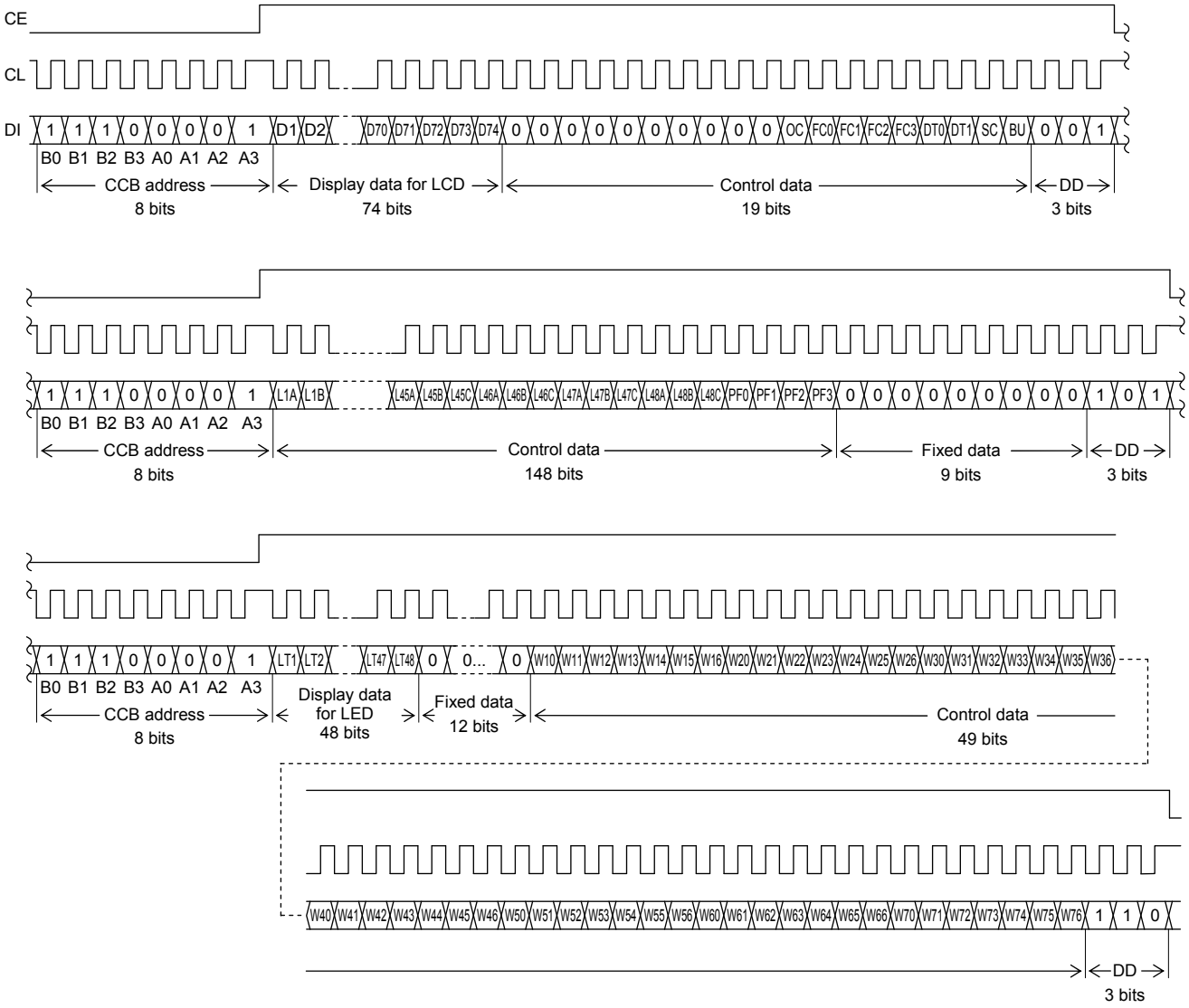


(Note 1) The input of serial data is taken in at the rising edge of CL, and latched at the falling edge of CE. In addition, this IC has the function that counts the number of CL clock to receive the correct serial data. That is to say, because it isn't latched at the falling edge of CE when the number of the count of CL in each serial data is wrong, receiving wrong serial data can be prevented.

(Note 2) DD • • • Direction Data

- CCB address ..... "87H"
- D1 to D74 ..... Display data for LCD
- OC ..... Control data for switch of internal oscillator operating mode and external clock operating mode
- FC0 to FC3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform
- DT0, DT1 ..... Control data for setting of drive scheme (setting of 1/1 to 1/4 Duty Drive scheme) of LCD
- SC ..... Control data for turning on/off segments
- BU ..... Control data for switch of Normal mode and Power-saving mode
- L1A, L1B, L1C to L48A, L48B, L48C ..... Control data for Ch settings of PWM circuits that adjust brightness of LED
- PF0 to PF3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
- LT1 to LT48 ..... Display data for LED
- W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66 W70 to W76 ..... PWM data of PWM circuits of LED driver output

(2) When CL is stopped at the high level



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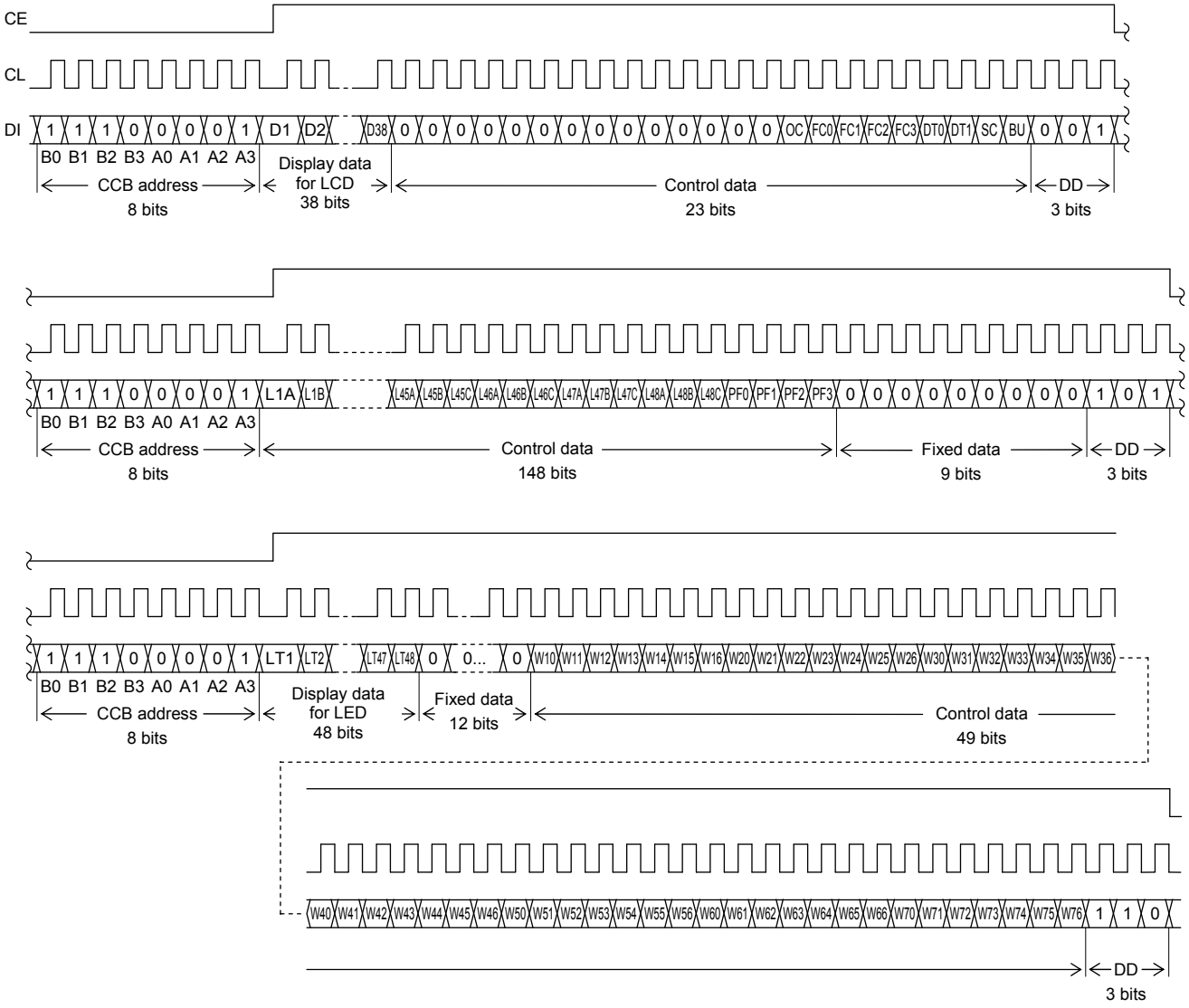
Static Drive (1/1 Duty Drive)

(1) When CL is stopped at the low level



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(Note 2) DD • • • Direction Data

- CCB address ..... "87H"
- D1 to D38 ..... Display data for LCD
- OC ..... Control data for switch of internal oscillator operating mode and external clock operating mode
- FC0 to FC3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform
- DT0, DT1 ..... Control data for setting of drive scheme (setting of 1/1 to 1/4 Duty Drive scheme) of LCD
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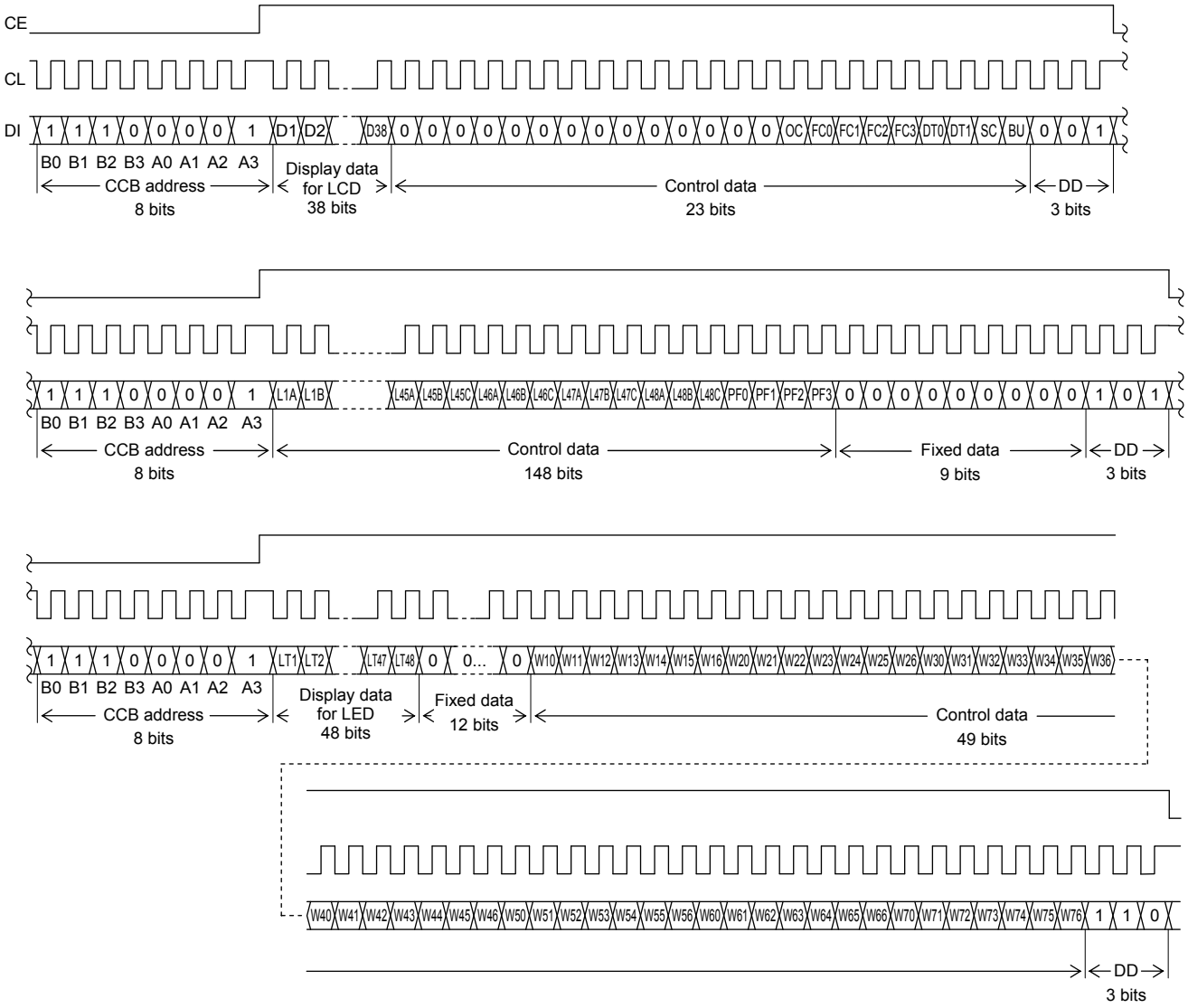
- PF0 to PF3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
- LT1 to LT48 ..... Display data for LED
- W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66 W70 to W76 ..... PWM data of PWM circuits of LED driver output

(2) When CL is stopped at the high level



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- L1A, L1B, L1C to L48A, L48B, L48C ..... Control data for Ch settings of PWM circuits that adjust brightness of LED
- PF0 to PF3 ..... Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
- LT1 to LT48 ..... Display data for LED
- W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66 W70 to W76 ..... PWM data of PWM circuits of LED driver output

Control data Functions

(1) OC … Control data for switch of internal oscillator operating mode and external clock operating mode
This control data bit selects either the internal oscillator operating mode or external clock operating mode.

OC	Fundamental clock operating mode	Input pin (OSCI) state
0	Internal oscillator operating mode	Connect to GND
1	External clock operating mode	Input the clock (f_{CK} = 100 to 600 [kHz]) from the outside

(2) FC0 to FC3 … Control data for setting of the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform
These control data bits set the frame frequency of common and segment output waveform.

FC0	FC1	FC2	FC3	Frame frequency of common and segment output waveform fo [Hz]	
				Internal oscillator operating mode (Control data OC ="0", fosc = 300 [kHz] typ)	External clock operating mode (Control data OC ="1", f_{CK} = 300 [kHz] typ)
0	0	0	0	fosc/4992	f_{CK}/4992
1	0	0	0	fosc/4608	f_{CK}/4608
0	1	0	0	fosc/4224	f_{CK}/4224
1	1	0	0	fosc/3840	f_{CK}/3840
0	0	1	0	fosc/3456	f_{CK}/3456
1	0	1	0	fosc/3072	f_{CK}/3072
0	1	1	0	fosc/2688	f_{CK}/2688
1	1	1	0	fosc/2496	f_{CK}/2496
0	0	0	1	fosc/2448	f_{CK}/2448
1	0	0	1	fosc/2304	f_{CK}/2304
0	1	0	1	fosc/2112	f_{CK}/2112
1	1	0	1	fosc/1920	f_{CK}/1920
0	0	1	1	fosc/1728	f_{CK}/1728
1	0	1	1	fosc/1536	f_{CK}/1536
0	1	1	1	fosc/1344	f_{CK}/1344
1	1	1	1	fosc/1152	f_{CK}/1152

(3) DT0, DT1 … Control data for setting of drive scheme (setting of 1/1 to 1/4 Duty Drive scheme) of LCD
These control bits select 1/4-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive, 1/3-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive, 1/2-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive, or Static Drive (1/1-Duty Drive) of LCD.

DT0	DT1	Drive scheme for LCD	Each pin state		
			COM2/S38	COM3/S37	COM4/S36
0	0	1/4-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive	COM2	COM3	COM4
1	0	1/3-Duty 1/3-Bias Drive	COM2	COM3	S36
0	1	1/2-Duty 1/2-Bias Drive	COM2	S37	S36
1	1	Static Drive (1/1-Duty Drive)	S38	S37	S36

Note) COM2 to COM4: Common output / S38 to S36: Segment output

(4) SC … Control data for turning on/off segments
This control data bit controls the on/off state of the segments.

SC	Display state
0	On
1	Off

Note that when the segments are turned off by setting SC to 1, the segments are turning off by outputting segment off waveforms from the segment output pins.

(5) BU … Control data for switch of Normal mode and Power-saving mode
This control data bit selects either Normal mode or Power-saving mode.

BU	Mode
0	Normal mode
1	Power-saving mode (The oscillation of internal oscillator circuit is stopped when internal oscillator operating mode (OC = [0]), and the receiving of external clock isn't admitted when external clock operating mode (OC = [1]). In addition, common and segment output pins are V_{SS} level, and LED driver output pins are High impedance.)

(6) L1A, L1B, L1C to L48A, L48B, L48C … Control data for Ch settings of PWM circuits that adjust brightness of LED
These control data bits set the Ch of PWM circuit for LED driver output pins, LD1 to LD48.

LnA	LnB	LnC	Ch of PWM circuit for LED driver output LDn
0	0	0	PWM circuit is not selected. (The setting of turning on/off of the duty 100% by Display data LTn for LED is possible.)
1	0	0	PWM circuit (Ch1) is selected.
0	1	0	PWM circuit (Ch2) is selected.
1	1	0	PWM circuit (Ch3) is selected.
0	0	1	PWM circuit (Ch4) is selected.
1	0	1	PWM circuit (Ch5) is selected.
0	1	1	PWM circuit (Ch6) is selected.
1	1	1	PWM circuit (Ch7) is selected.

Note) LnA, LnB, LnC (n = 1 to 48) data are control data that set the Ch of PWM circuit for LED driver output pins LDn (n = 1 to 48).
For example, if (L1A, L1B, L1C) = (1, 0, 0), (L11A, L11B, L11C) = (1, 1, 0) and (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (0, 1, 1) is set, LED driver output pin LD1 select PWM circuit (Ch1) and LED driver output pin LD11 select PWM circuit (Ch3) and LED driver output pin LD21 select PWM circuit (Ch6).

(7) PF0 to PF3 … Control data for setting of the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform
These control data bits set the frame frequency of LED driver output waveform of LED output pin setting PWM circuit (Ch1 to Ch7).

PF0	PF1	PF2	PF3	Frame frequency of LED driver output waveform fp [Hz]	
				Internal oscillator operating mode (Control data OC ="0", fosc = 300 [kHz] typ)	External clock operating mode (Control data OC ="1", f_{CK} = 300 [kHz] typ)
0	0	0	0	fosc/1664	f_{CK}/1664
1	0	0	0	fosc/1536	f_{CK}/1536
0	1	0	0	fosc/1408	f_{CK}/1408
1	1	0	0	fosc/1280	f_{CK}/1280
0	0	1	0	fosc/1152	f_{CK}/1152
1	0	1	0	fosc/1024	f_{CK}/1024
0	1	1	0	fosc/896	f_{CK}/896
1	1	1	0	fosc/768	f_{CK}/768
0	0	0	1	fosc/640	f_{CK}/640
1	0	0	1	fosc/512	f_{CK}/512

Note) If (PF0, PF1, PF2, PF3) = (X, 1, 0, 1), (X, X, 1, 1) are set, the frame frequency (fosc/1408, fCK/1408) of setting (PF0, PF1, PF2, PF3) = (0, 1, 0, 0) is selected.

(8) W10 to W16, W20 to W26, W30 to W36, W40 to W46, W50 to W56, W60 to W66, W70 to W76

… PWM data of PWM circuit for LED driver output

These control data bits set LED lighting time per 1 frame of LED driver output waveform of LED driver output pin setting PWM circuit (Ch1 to Ch7).

Wn0	Wn1	Wn2	Wn3	Wn4	Wn5	Wn6	LED lighting time per 1 frame
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	(3/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	(4/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	(5/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	(6/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	(7/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	(8/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	(9/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	(10/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	(11/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	(12/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	(13/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	(14/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	(15/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	(16/128) × Tp
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	(17/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	(18/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	(19/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	(20/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	(21/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	(22/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	(23/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	(24/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	(25/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	(26/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	(27/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	(28/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	(29/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	(30/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	(31/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	(32/128) × Tp
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	(33/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	(34/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	(35/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	(36/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	(37/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	(38/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	(39/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	(40/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	(41/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	(42/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	(43/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	(44/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	(45/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	(46/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	(47/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	(48/128) × Tp
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	(49/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	(50/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	(51/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	(52/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	(53/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	(54/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	(55/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	(56/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	(57/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	(58/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	(59/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	(60/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	(61/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	(62/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	(63/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	(64/128) × Tp

Wn0	Wn1	Wn2	Wn3	Wn4	Wn5	Wn6	LED lighting time per 1 frame
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	(65/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	(66/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	(67/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	(68/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	(69/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	(70/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	(71/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	(72/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	(73/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	(74/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	(75/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	(76/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	(77/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	(78/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	(79/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	(80/128) × Tp
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	(81/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	(82/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	(83/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	(84/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	(85/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	(86/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	(87/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	(88/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	(89/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	(90/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	(91/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	(92/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	(93/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	(94/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	(95/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	(96/128) × Tp
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	(97/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	(98/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	(99/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	(100/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	(101/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	(102/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	(103/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	(104/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	(105/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	(106/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	(107/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	(108/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	(109/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	(110/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	(111/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	(112/128) × Tp
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	(113/128) × Tp
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	(114/128) × Tp
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	(115/128) × Tp
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	(116/128) × Tp
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	(117/128) × Tp
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	(118/128) × Tp
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	(119/128) × Tp
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	(120/128) × Tp
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	(121/128) × Tp
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	(122/128) × Tp
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	(123/128) × Tp
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	(124/128) × Tp
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	(125/128) × Tp
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	(126/128) × Tp
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	(127/128) × Tp
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(128/128) × Tp

Note) W10 to W16 : PWM data of PWM circuit (Ch1) / W20 to W26 : PWM data of PWM circuit (Ch2)
W30 to W36 : PWM data of PWM circuit (Ch3) / W40 to W46 : PWM data of PWM circuit (Ch4)
W50 to W56 : PWM data of PWM circuit (Ch5) / W60 to W66 : PWM data of PWM circuit (Ch6)
W70 to W76 : PWM data of PWM circuit (Ch7)

$$Tp = \frac{1}{fp}$$

Descriptions of Display data for LCD

(1) Correspondence of output pins to display data for LCD at 1/4 Duty Drive

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4
S1	D1	D2	D3	D4
S2	D5	D6	D7	D8
S3	D9	D10	D11	D12
S4	D13	D14	D15	D16
S5	D17	D18	D19	D20
S6	D21	D22	D23	D24
S7	D25	D26	D27	D28
S8	D29	D30	D31	D32
S9	D33	D34	D35	D36
S10	D37	D38	D39	D40
S11	D41	D42	D43	D44
S12	D45	D46	D47	D48
S13	D49	D50	D51	D52
S14	D53	D54	D55	D56
S15	D57	D58	D59	D60
S16	D61	D62	D63	D64
S17	D65	D66	D67	D68
S18	D69	D70	D71	D72

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3	COM4
S19	D73	D74	D75	D76
S20	D77	D78	D79	D80
S21	D81	D82	D83	D84
S22	D85	D86	D87	D88
S23	D89	D90	D91	D92
S24	D93	D94	D95	D96
S25	D97	D98	D99	D100
S26	D101	D102	D103	D104
S27	D105	D106	D107	D108
S28	D109	D110	D111	D112
S29	D113	D114	D115	D116
S30	D117	D118	D119	D120
S31	D121	D122	D123	D124
S32	D125	D126	D127	D128
S33	D129	D130	D131	D132
S34	D133	D134	D135	D136
S35	D137	D138	D139	D140

For example, the table below lists the output states for the S21 output pin.

Display data				Output pin (S21) state
D81	D82	D83	D84	
0	0	0	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 are off.
0	0	0	1	The LCD segment corresponding to COM4 is on.
0	0	1	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM3 is on.
0	0	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM3 and COM4 are on.
0	1	0	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM2 is on.
0	1	0	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM2 and COM4 are on.
0	1	1	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on.
0	1	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM2, COM3 and COM4 are on.
1	0	0	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 is on.
1	0	0	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM4 are on.
1	0	1	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on.
1	0	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM3 and COM4 are on.
1	1	0	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.
1	1	0	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM4 are on.
1	1	1	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on.
1	1	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 are on.

(2) Correspondence of output pins to display data for LCD at 1/3 Duty Drive

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3
S1	D1	D2	D3
S2	D4	D5	D6
S3	D7	D8	D9
S4	D10	D11	D12
S5	D13	D14	D15
S6	D16	D17	D18
S7	D19	D20	D21
S8	D22	D23	D24
S9	D25	D26	D27
S10	D28	D29	D30
S11	D31	D32	D33
S12	D34	D35	D36
S13	D37	D38	D39
S14	D40	D41	D42
S15	D43	D44	D45
S16	D46	D47	D48
S17	D49	D50	D51
S18	D52	D53	D54
S19	D55	D56	D57

Output Pin	COM1	COM2	COM3
S20	D58	D59	D60
S21	D61	D62	D63
S22	D64	D65	D66
S23	D67	D68	D69
S24	D70	D71	D72
S25	D73	D74	D75
S26	D76	D77	D78
S27	D79	D80	D81
S28	D82	D83	D84
S29	D85	D86	D87
S30	D88	D89	D90
S31	D91	D92	D93
S32	D94	D95	D96
S33	D97	D98	D99
S34	D100	D101	D102
S35	D103	D104	D105
S36/COM4	D106	D107	D108

Note) S36/COM4 pin is selected segment output.

For example, the table below lists the output states for the S21 output pin.

Display data			Output pin (S21) state
D61	D62	D63	
0	0	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are off.
0	0	1	The LCD segment corresponding to COM3 is on.
0	1	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM2 is on.
0	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on.
1	0	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 is on.
1	0	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on.
1	1	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.
1	1	1	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on.

(3) Correspondence of output pins to display data for LCD at 1/2 Duty Drive

Output Pin	COM1	COM2
S1	D1	D2
S2	D3	D4
S3	D5	D6
S4	D7	D8
S5	D9	D10
S6	D11	D12
S7	D13	D14
S8	D15	D16
S9	D17	D18
S10	D19	D20
S11	D21	D22
S12	D23	D24
S13	D25	D26
S14	D27	D28
S15	D29	D30
S16	D31	D32
S17	D33	D34
S18	D35	D36
S19	D37	D38

Output Pin	COM1	COM2
S20	D39	D40
S21	D41	D42
S22	D43	D44
S23	D45	D46
S24	D47	D48
S25	D49	D50
S26	D51	D52
S27	D53	D54
S28	D55	D56
S29	D57	D58
S30	D59	D60
S31	D61	D62
S32	D63	D64
S33	D65	D66
S34	D67	D68
S35	D69	D70
S36/COM4	D71	D72
S37/COM3	D73	D74

Note) S36/COM4 and S37/COM3 pins are selected segment output.

For example, the table below lists the output states for the S21 output pin.

Display data		Output pin (S21) state
D41	D42	
0	0	The LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are off.
0	1	The LCD segment corresponding to COM2 is on.
1	0	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 is on.
1	1	The LCD segment corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.

(4) Correspondence of output pins to display data for LCD at Static Drive (1/1 Duty Drive)

Output Pin	COM1
S1	D1
S2	D2
S3	D3
S4	D4
S5	D5
S6	D6
S7	D7
S8	D8
S9	D9
S10	D10
S11	D11
S12	D12
S13	D13
S14	D14
S15	D15
S16	D16
S17	D17
S18	D18
S19	D19
S20	D20

Output Pin	COM1
S21	D21
S22	D22
S23	D23
S24	D24
S25	D25
S26	D26
S27	D27
S28	D28
S29	D29
S30	D30
S31	D31
S32	D32
S33	D33
S34	D34
S35	D35
S36/COM4	D36
S37/COM3	D37
S38/COM2	D38

Note) S36/COM4, S37/COM3 and S38/COM2 pins are selected segment output.

For example, the table below lists the output states for the S21 output pin.

Display data	Output pin (S21) state
D21	
0	The LCD segment to COM1 is off.
1	The LCD segment to COM1 is on.

Correspondence of output pins to display data for LED

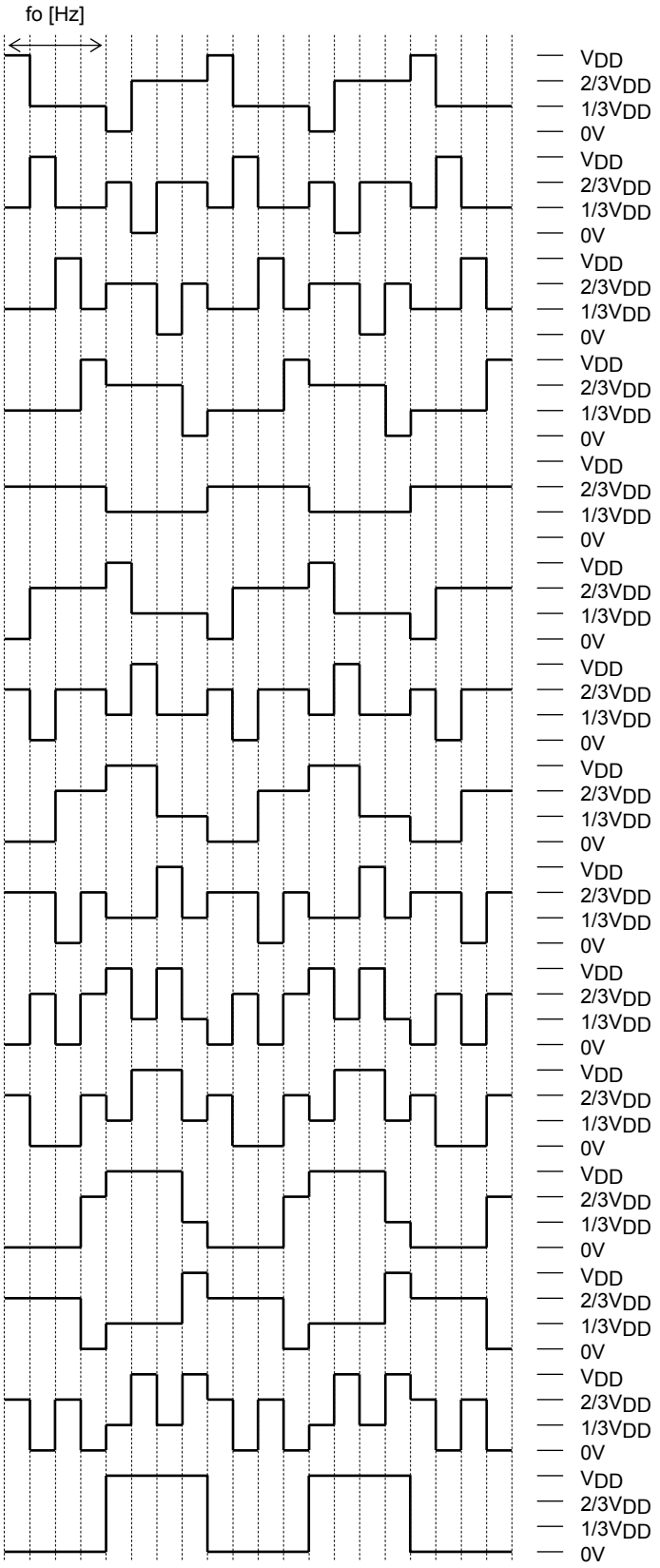
Output Pin	Display data	Output Pin	Display data
LD1	LT1	LD25	LT25
LD2	LT2	LD26	LT26
LD3	LT3	LD27	LT27
LD4	LT4	LD28	LT28
LD5	LT5	LD29	LT29
LD6	LT6	LD30	LT30
LD7	LT7	LD31	LT31
LD8	LT8	LD32	LT32
LD9	LT9	LD33	LT33
LD10	LT10	LD34	LT34
LD11	LT11	LD35	LT35
LD12	LT12	LD36	LT36
LD13	LT13	LD37	LT37
LD14	LT14	LD38	LT38
LD15	LT15	LD39	LT39
LD16	LT16	LD40	LT40
LD17	LT17	LD41	LT41
LD18	LT18	LD42	LT42
LD19	LT19	LD43	LT43
LD20	LT20	LD44	LT44
LD21	LT21	LD45	LT45
LD22	LT22	LD46	LT46
LD23	LT23	LD47	LT47
LD24	LT24	LD48	LT48

For example, the table below lists the output states for the LD21 output pin.

Display data LT21	Output pin (LD21) state
0	LED is off. (High impedance output)

1	LED is on.
	Note) If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (0, 0, 0) is set, the LED by 100% duty is on.
	If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (1, 0, 0) is set, the LED depending on the contents of PWM data,
	W10 to W16, of PWM circuit (Ch1) is on.
	If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (0, 1, 0) is set, the LED depending on the contents of PWM data,
	W20 to W26, of PWM circuit (Ch2) is on.
	If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (1, 1, 0) is set, the LED depending on the contents of PWM data,
	W30 to W36, of PWM circuit (Ch3) is on.
	If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (0, 0, 1) is set, the LED depending on the contents of PWM data,
	W40 to W46, of PWM circuit (Ch4) is on.
	If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (1, 0, 1) is set, the LED depending on the contents of PWM data,
	W50 to W56, of PWM circuit (Ch5) is on.
	If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (0, 1, 1) is set, the LED depending on the contents of PWM data,
	W60 to W66, of PWM circuit (Ch6) is on.
	If (L21A, L21B, L21C) = (1, 1, 1) is set, the LED depending on the contents of PWM data,
	W70 to W76, of PWM circuit (Ch7) is on.

LCD drive waveform (1/4-Duty 1/3-Bias drive, Frame inversion drive)



LCD driver output when all LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 are off.

LCD driver output when only LCD segments corresponding to COM1 are on.

LCD driver output when only LCD segments corresponding to COM2 are on.

LCD driver output when LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM2 are on.

LCD driver output when only LCD segments corresponding to COM3 are on.

LCD driver output when LCD segments corresponding to COM1 and COM3 are on.

LCD driver output when LCD segments corresponding to COM2 and COM3 are on.

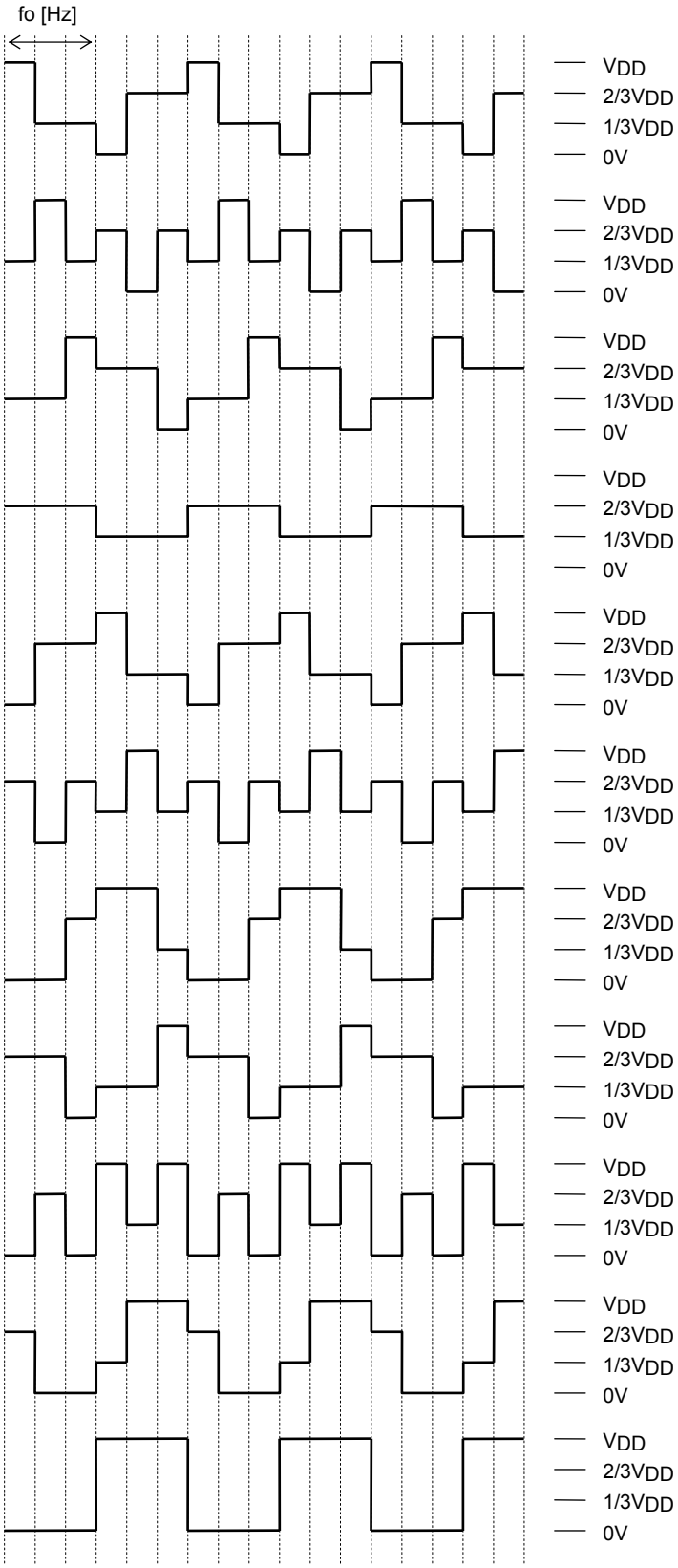
LCD driver output when LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2 and COM3 are on.

LCD driver output when only LCD segments corresponding to COM4 are on.

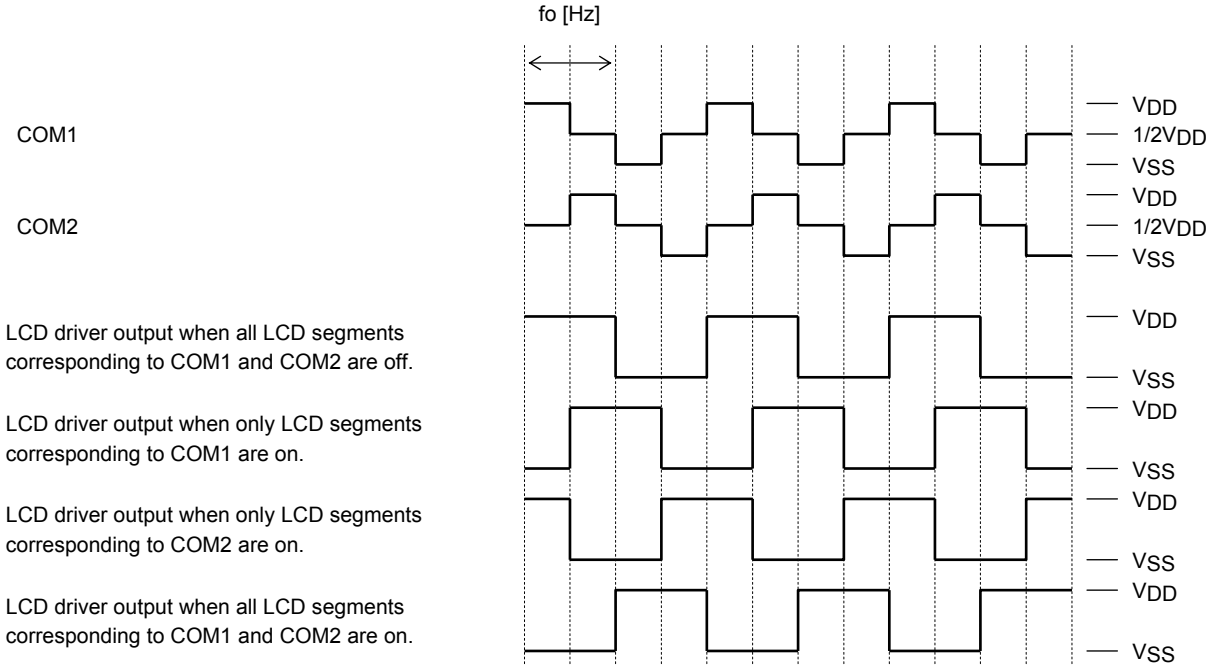
LCD driver output when LCD segments corresponding to COM2 and COM4 are on.

LCD driver output when all LCD segments corresponding to COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 are on.

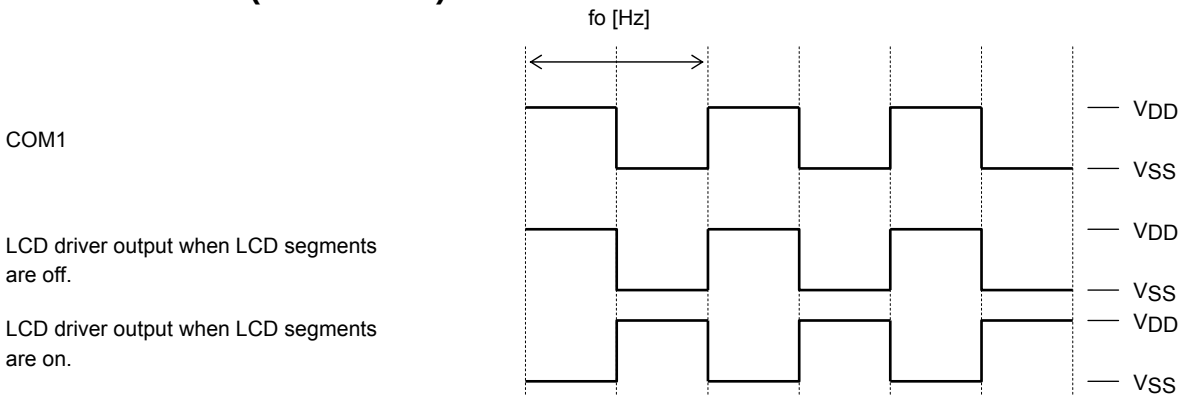
LCD drive waveform (1/3-Duty 1/3-Bias drive, Frame inversion drive)



LCD drive waveform (1/2-Duty 1/2-Bias drive, Frame inversion drive)

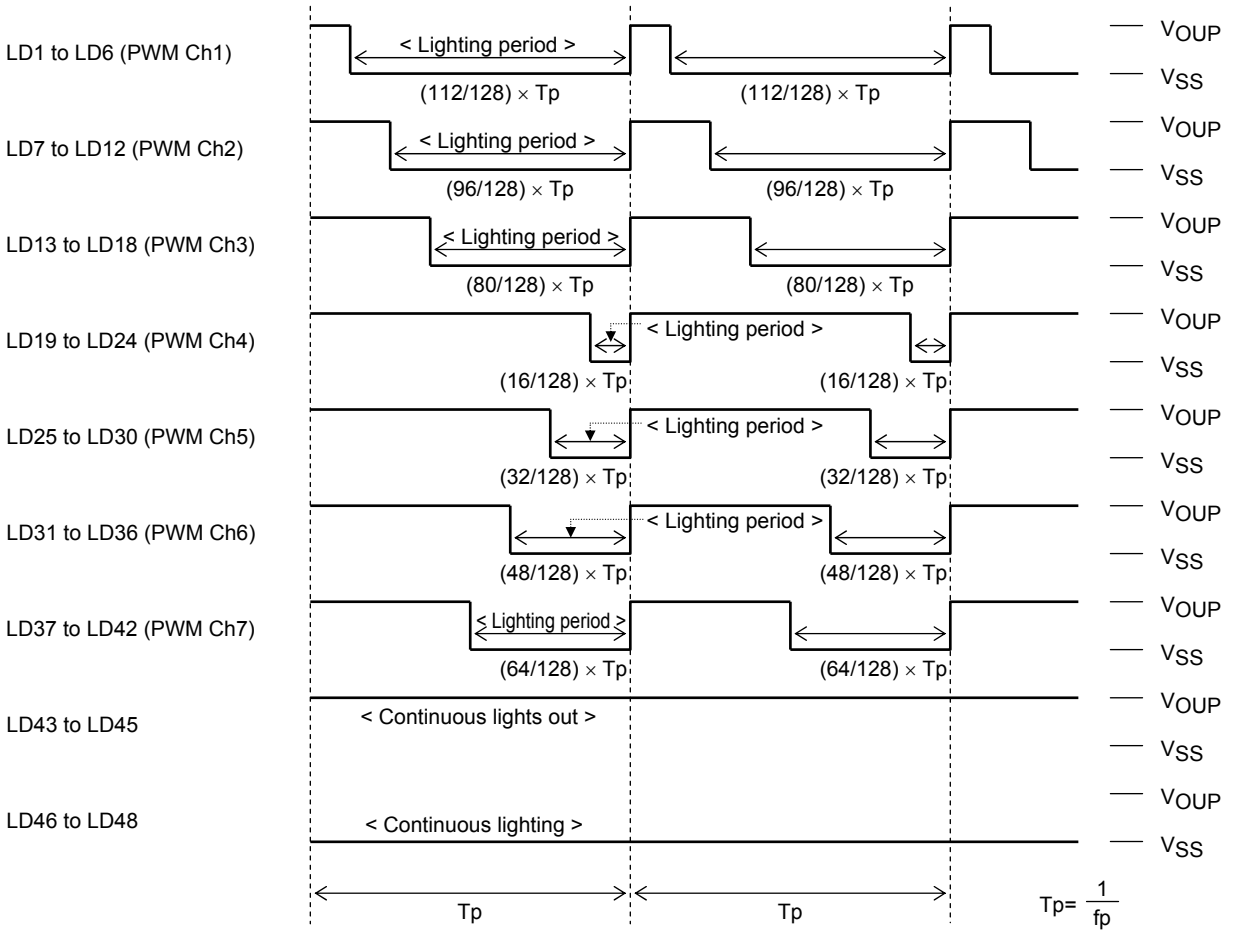


LCD drive waveform (Static Drive)



FC0	FC1	FC2	FC3	Frame frequency of common and segment output waveform fo [Hz]	
				Internal oscillator operating mode (Control data OC = "0", fosc = 300 [kHz] typ)	External clock operating mode (Control data OC = "1", f_{CK} = 300 [kHz] typ)
0	0	0	0	fosc/4992	f_{CK}/4992
1	0	0	0	fosc/4608	f_{CK}/4608
0	1	0	0	fosc/4224	f_{CK}/4224
1	1	0	0	fosc/3840	f_{CK}/3840
0	0	1	0	fosc/3456	f_{CK}/3456
1	0	1	0	fosc/3072	f_{CK}/3072
0	1	1	0	fosc/2688	f_{CK}/2688
1	1	1	0	fosc/2496	f_{CK}/2496
0	0	0	1	fosc/2448	f_{CK}/2448
1	0	0	1	fosc/2304	f_{CK}/2304
0	1	0	1	fosc/2112	f_{CK}/2112
1	1	0	1	fosc/1920	f_{CK}/1920
0	0	1	1	fosc/1728	f_{CK}/1728
1	0	1	1	fosc/1536	f_{CK}/1536
0	1	1	1	fosc/1344	f_{CK}/1344
1	1	1	1	fosc/1152	f_{CK}/1152

LED drive waveform



LT1 to LT6	L1A to L6A	L1B to L6B	L1C to L6C	W10	W11	W12	W13	W14	W15	W16	PWM (Ch)
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	PWM Ch1, (112/128) x Tp

LT7 to LT12	L7A to L12A	L7B to L12B	L7C to L12C	W20	W21	W22	W23	W24	W25	W26	PWM (Ch)
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	PWM Ch2, (96/128) x Tp

LT13 to LT18	L13A to L18A	L13B to L18B	L13C to L18C	W30	W31	W32	W33	W34	W35	W36	PWM (Ch)
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	PWM Ch3, (80/128) x Tp

LT19 to LT24	L19A to L24A	L19B to L24B	L19C to L24C	W40	W41	W42	W43	W44	W45	W46	PWM (Ch)
1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	PWM Ch4, (16/128) x Tp

LT25 to LT30	L25A to L30A	L25B to L30B	L25C to L30C	W50	W51	W52	W53	W54	W55	W56	PWM (Ch)
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	PWM Ch5, (32/128) x Tp

LT31 to LT36	L31A to L36A	L31B to L36B	L31C to L36C	W60	W61	W62	W63	W64	W65	W66	PWM (Ch)
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	PWM Ch6, (48/128) x Tp

LT37 to LT42	L37A to L42A	L37B to L42B	L37C to L42C	W70	W71	W72	W73	W74	W75	W76	PWM (Ch)
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	PWM Ch7, (64/128) x Tp

LT43 to LT45	L43A to L45A	L43B to L45B	L43C to L45C	PWM (Ch)
0	0	0	0	No select PWM, Turning off

LT46 to LT48	L46A to L48A	L46B to L48B	L46C to L48C	PWM (Ch)
1	0	0	0	No select PWM, Turning on

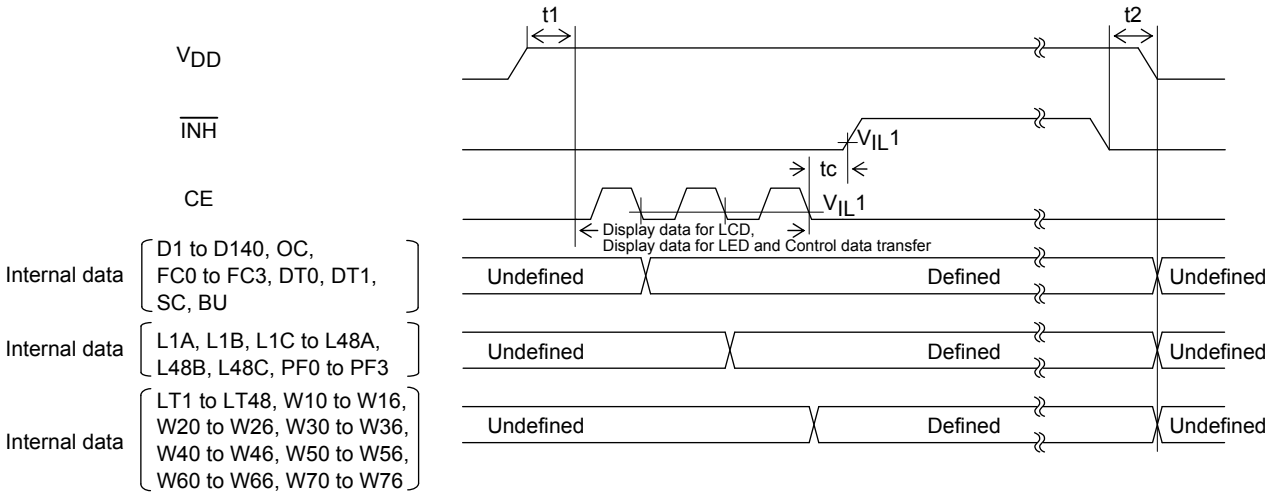
PF0	PF1	PF2	PF3	Frame frequency of LED driver output waveform fp [Hz]	
				Internal oscillator operating mode (Control data OC ="0", fosc = 300 [kHz] typ)	External clock operating mode (Control data OC ="1", f_{CK} = 300 [kHz] typ)
0	0	0	0	fosc/1664	f_{CK}/1664
1	0	0	0	fosc/1536	f_{CK}/1536
0	1	0	0	fosc/1408	f_{CK}/1408
1	1	0	0	fosc/1280	f_{CK}/1280
0	0	1	0	fosc/1152	f_{CK}/1152
1	0	1	0	fosc/1024	f_{CK}/1024
0	1	1	0	fosc/896	f_{CK}/896
1	1	1	0	fosc/768	f_{CK}/768
0	0	0	1	fosc/640	f_{CK}/640
1	0	0	1	fosc/512	f_{CK}/512

Note) If (PF0, PF1, PF2, PF3) = (X, 1, 0, 1) or (X, X, 1, 1) are set, frame frequency (fosc/1408, f_{CK}/1408) of setting (PF0, PF1, PF2, PF3) = (0, 1, 0, 0) is selected.

Display Control and the $\overline{\text{INH}}$ Pin

Since the LSI internal data (1/4 Duty Drive: LCD display data D1 to D140 + LED display data LT1 to LT48 + control data, 1/3 Duty Drive: LCD display data D1 to D108 + LED display data LT1 to LT48 + control data, 1/2 Duty Drive: LCD display data D1 to D74 + LED display data LT1 to LT48 + control data, Static Drive: LCD display data D1 to D38 + LED display data LT1 to LT48 + control data) is undefined when power is first applied, applications should set the $\overline{\text{INH}}$ pin low at the same time as power is applied to turn off the display of LCD and LED (LD1 to LD48 • • • High impedance, COM1 and COM2/S38 to COM4/S36 and S35 to S1 • • • VSS level). The serial data is transferred from the controller during this period, and then input $\overline{\text{INH}}$ ="H" after the serial data is transferred. This procedure prevents meaningless display at power on.
(See [Fig 4], [Fig 5], [Fig 6], [Fig 7])

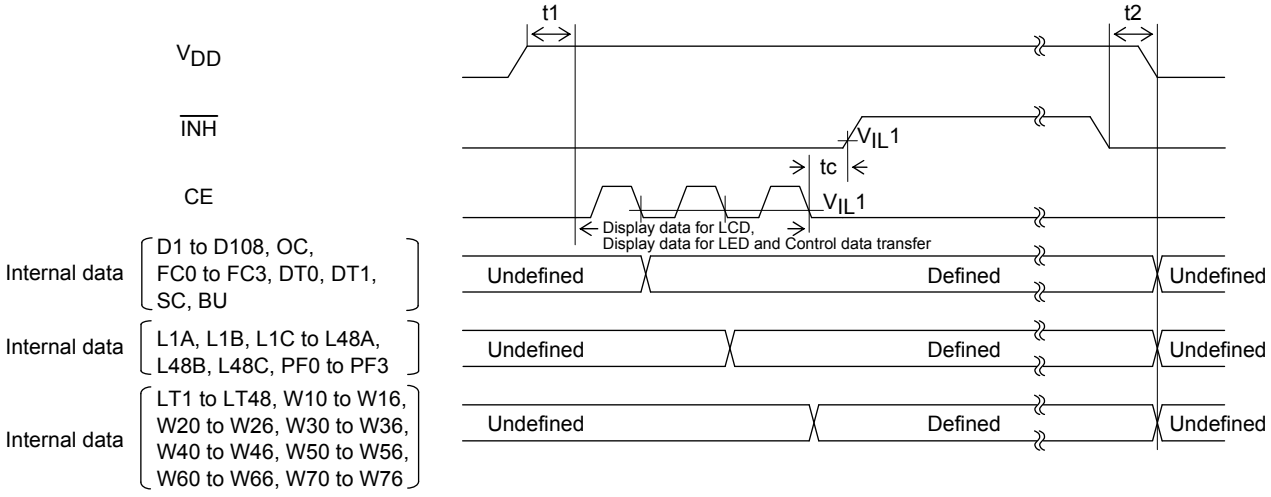
(1) 1/4 Duty Drive



[Fig 4]

Notes: t1>10μs
t2>0
tc…10μs min

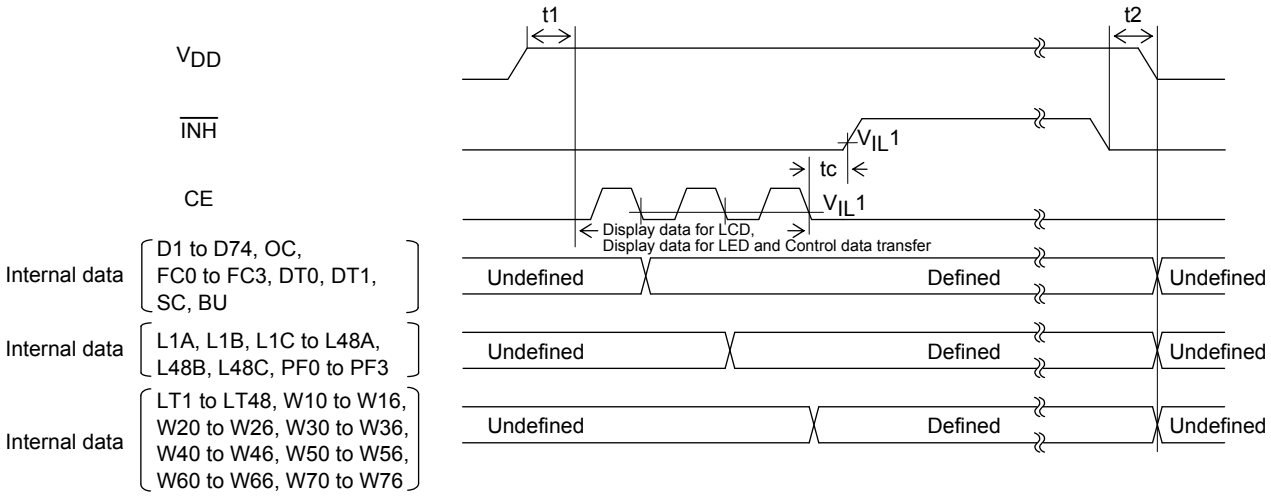
(2) 1/3 Duty Drive



[Fig 5]

Notes: t1>10μs
t2>0
tc…10μs min

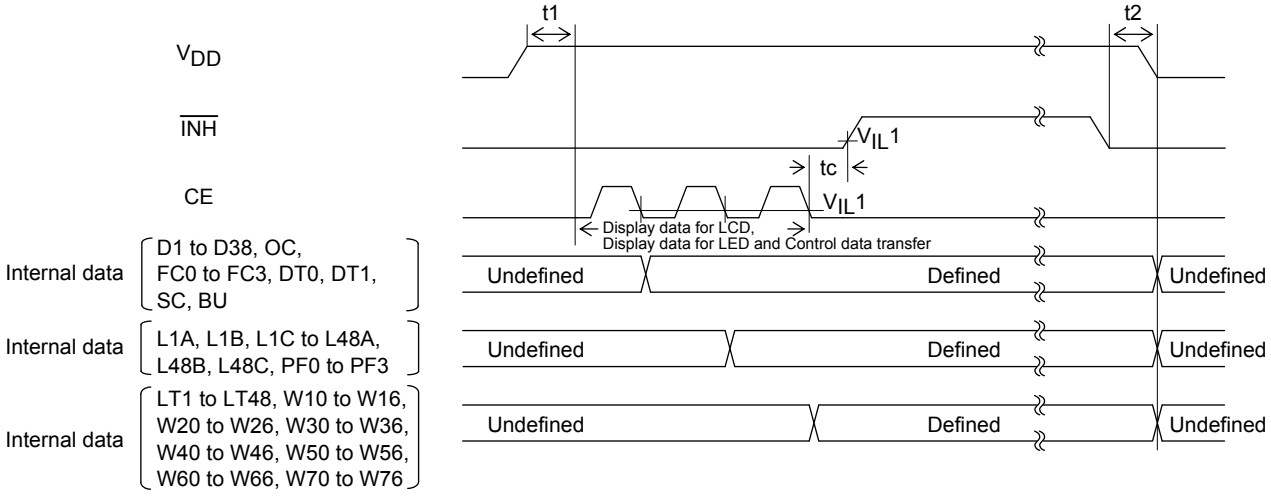
(3) 1/2 Duty Drive



Notes: t1>10μs
t2>0
tc…10μs min

[Fig 6]

(4) Static Drive (1/1 Duty Drive)

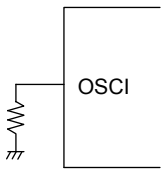


Notes: t1>10μs
t2>0
tc…10μs min

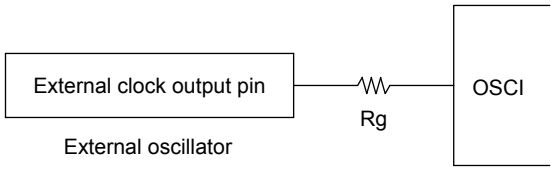
[Fig 7]

OSCI pin Peripheral Circuit

(1) Internal oscillator operating mode (Control data OC =”0”)
Connect OSCI pin to GND if internal oscillator operating mode is selected.

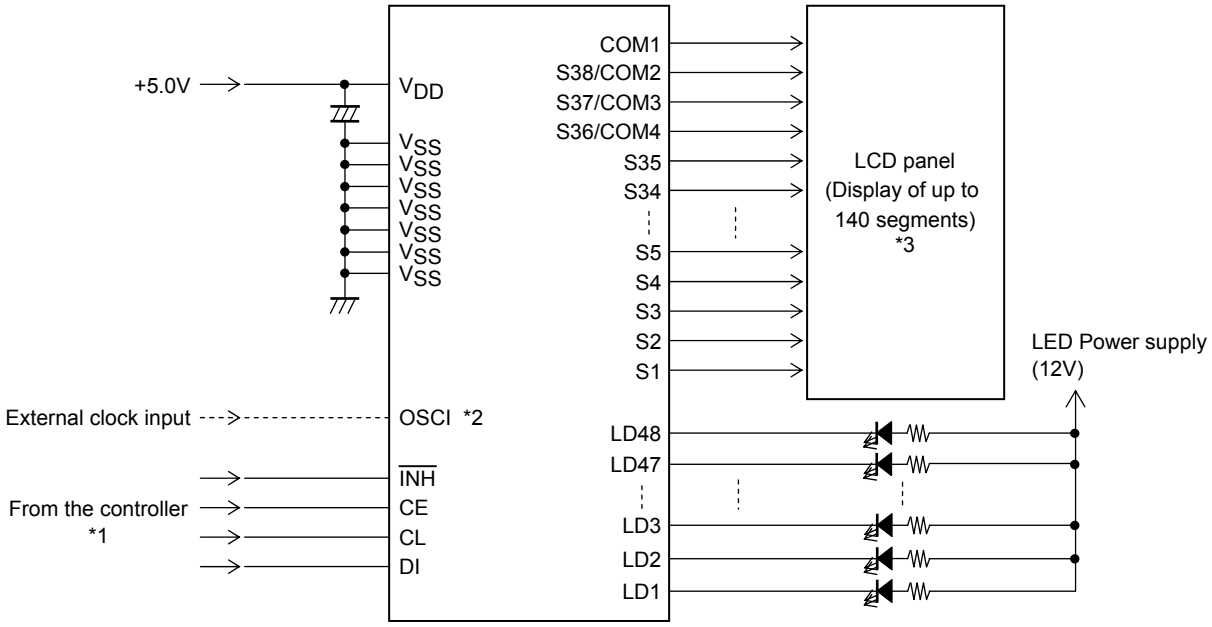


(2) External clock operating mode (Control data OC =”1”)
Input the external clock (f_{CK} = 100 to 600 [kHz]) to OSCI pin if external clock operating mode is selected.



Application Circuit Example 1

1/4-Duty, 1/3-Bias



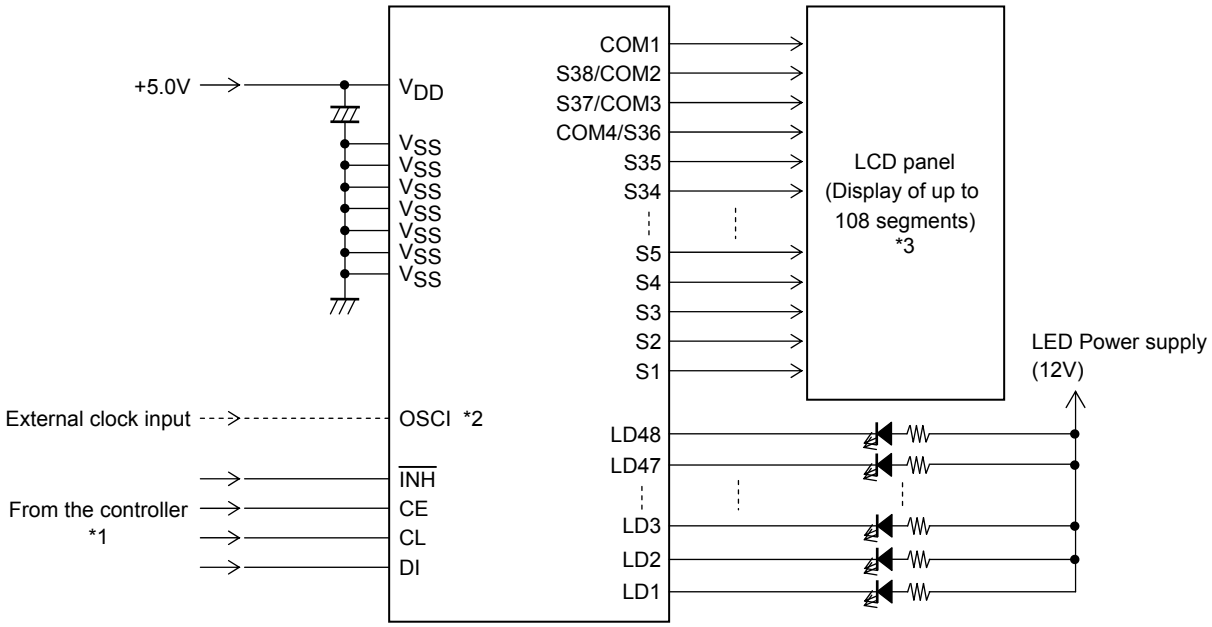
*1 Pins (CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$) connected to the controller are supported 5V.

*2 External clock input pin OSCI is supported 5V. Connect to GND at internal oscillator operating mode, and input the external clock (f_{CK} = 100 to 600 [kHz]) to OSCI pin at external clock operating mode.
(See "OSCI pin peripheral circuit")

*3 Load capacity of the LCD panel is recommended 9000 [pF] or less.

Application Circuit Example 2

1/3-Duty, 1/3-Bias



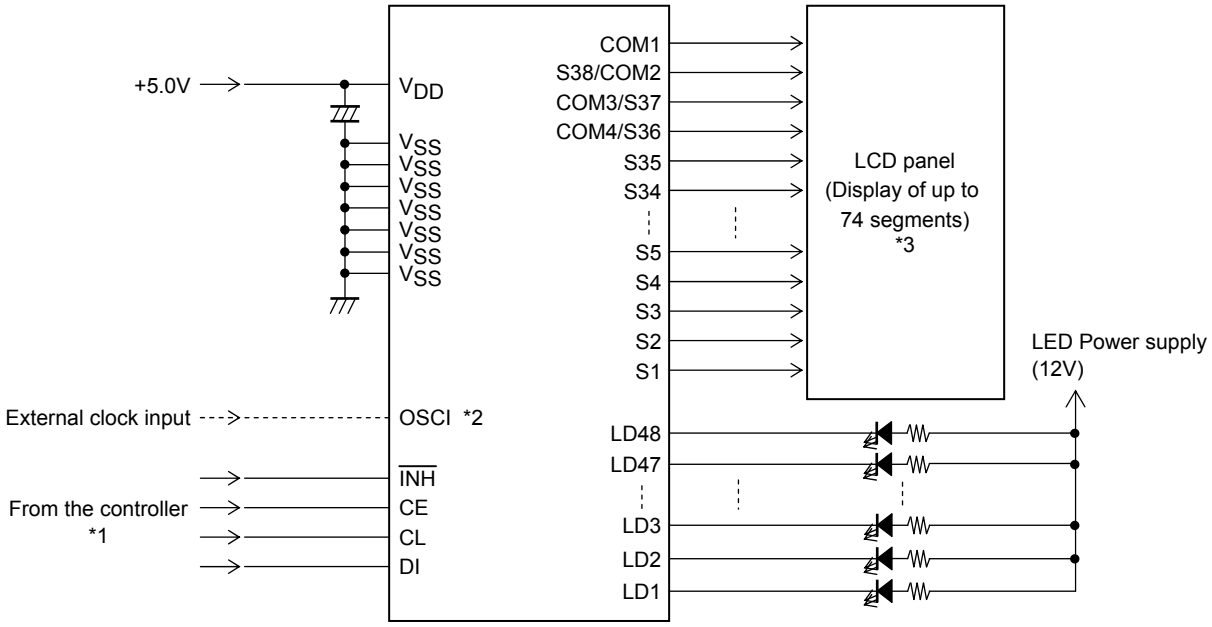
*1 Pins (CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$) connected to the controller are supported 5V.

*2 External clock input pin OSCI is supported 5V. Connect to GND at internal oscillator operating mode, and input the external clock (f_{CK} = 100 to 600 [kHz]) to OSCI pin at external clock operating mode.
(See "OSCI pin peripheral circuit")

*3 Load capacity of the LCD panel is recommended 9000 [pF] or less.

Application Circuit Example 3

1/2-Duty, 1/2-Bias



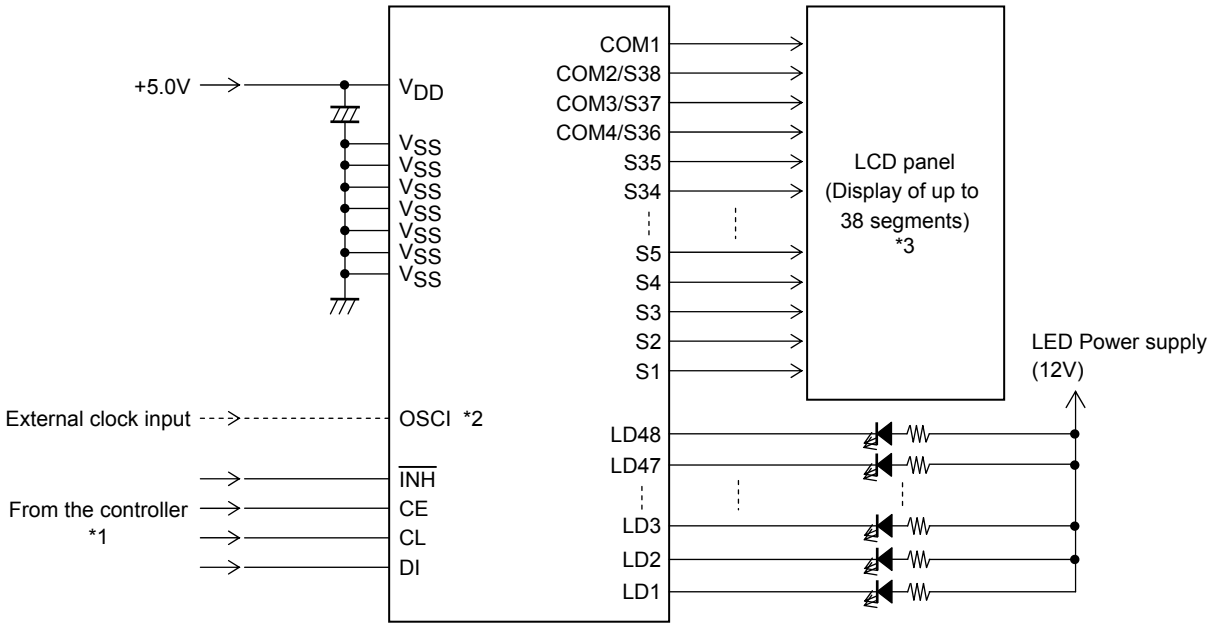
*1 Pins (CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$) connected to the controller are supported 5V.

*2 External clock input pin OSCI is supported 5V. Connect to GND at internal oscillator operating mode, and input the external clock (f_{CK} = 100 to 600 [kHz]) to OSCI pin at external clock operating mode.
(See "OSCI pin peripheral circuit")

*3 Load capacity of the LCD panel is recommended 9000 [pF] or less.

Application Circuit Example 4

Static (1/1-Duty)



*1 Pins (CE, CL, DI, $\overline{INH}$) connected to the controller are supported 5V.

*2 External clock input pin OSCI is supported 5V. Connect to GND at internal oscillator operating mode, and input the external clock (f_{CK} = 100 to 600 [kHz]) to OSCI pin at external clock operating mode.
(See "OSCI pin peripheral circuit")

*3 Load capacity of the LCD panel is recommended 9000 [pF] or less.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping (Qty / Packing)
LC75805PEH-3H	QIP100E(14X20) (Pb-Free / Halogen Free)	250 / Tray Foam
LC75805PES-3H	QIP100E(14X20) (Pb-Free / Halogen Free)	250 / Tray Foam

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