

**Dual Programmable Transient Voltage Suppressor**
**General Description**

This device has been especially designed to protect 2 new high voltage, as well as classical SLICs, against transient overvoltages.

Positive overvoltages are clamped by 2 diodes. Negative surges are suppressed by 2 thyristors, their breakdown voltage being referenced to  $-V_{BAT}$  through the gate.

This component presents a very low gate triggering current (IGT) in order to reduce the current consumption on printed circuit board during the firing phase.

**Benefits**

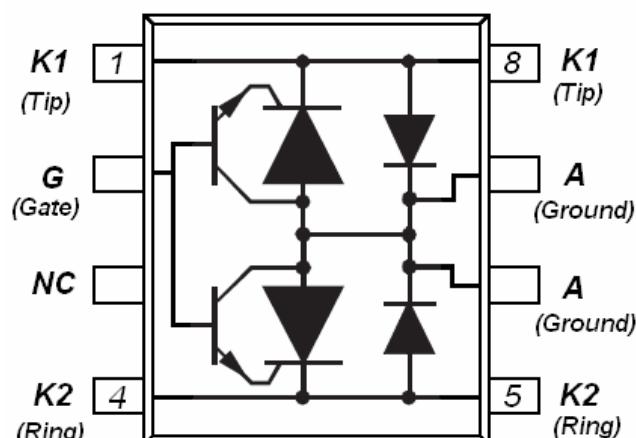
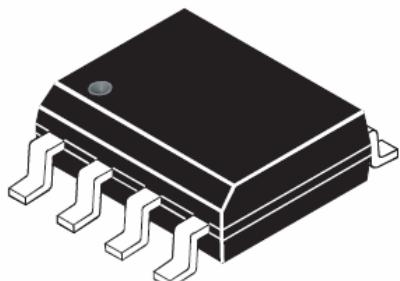
This devices are not subject to ageing and provide a fail safe mode in short circuit for a better protection. Trisils are used to help equipment to meet various standards such as UL1950, IEC950 / CSA C22.2, UL1459 and FCC part68.

**Features**

- Dual line programmable transient voltage suppressor
- Wide negative firing voltage range:  
 $VMGL = -75V$  (S61089)  
 $VMGL = -100V$  (S61089A)  
 $VMGL = -155V$  (S61089B)
- Low dynamic switching voltages: VFP and VDGL
- Low gate triggering current:  $IGT = 5\text{ mA max}$
- Peak pulse current:  $IPP = 30\text{ A (10/1000 s)}$
- Holding current:  $IH > 150\text{ mA}$

**Marking**

TYPE	MARKING
TS61089	SE69
TS61089A	SE69A
TS61089B	SE69B

**SOP-8**


# TS61089

Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units	
Repetitive peak off-state votage, $V_{GK}=0$	TS61089	-90	V	
	TS61089A	-120		
	TS61089B	-170		
Repetitive peak gate-cathode voltage, $V_{KA}=0$	TS61089	-85	V	
	TS61089A	-120		
	TS61089B	-170		
Non-repetitive peak on-state current 10/1000 us (Telcordia(Bellcore)Gr-1089-CORE.Issue 2.February 1999,Section4) 5/320 us (ITU-T K.20, K.21& K.45, K.44 open-circuit voltage wave shape 10/700us) 1.2/50 us (Telcordia(Bellcore)Gr-1089-CORE.Issue 2.February 1999,Section4) 2/10 us (Telcordia(Bellcore)Gr-1089-CORE.Issue 2.February 1999,Section4)	$I_{PPSM}$	30	A	
		40		
		100		
		120		
Non-repetitive peak on-state current. $V_{GG}=-75V$ 50Hz to 60Hz 0.1 s 1 s 5 s 300 s 900 s	$I_{TSM}$	11	A	
		4.8		
		2.7		
		0.95		
		0.93		
Operating free-air temperature range	$T_A$	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-40 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-40 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Thermal Characteristics				
Junction To ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	170	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$	
Parameter Measurement Information				
<p>The graph illustrates the forward conduction characteristic (Quadrant I) and switching characteristic (Quadrant III) of the TS61089. The vertical axis is labeled with current <math>+I</math> at the top and <math>-I</math> at the bottom. The horizontal axis is labeled with voltage <math>+V_{GG}</math> on the right and <math>-V</math> on the left. In Quadrant I, the curve starts at <math>V_F</math> and <math>I_F</math>, passes through <math>I_{FSM} (= I_{TSM} )</math>, and reaches <math>I_{PPSM}</math>. In Quadrant III, the curve starts at <math>V_{(BO)}</math> and <math>I_D</math>, passes through <math>I_H</math>, <math>I_T</math>, <math>I_{TSM}</math>, and reaches <math>I_{PPSM}</math>. The voltage <math>V_{GK(BO)}</math> is also indicated.</p>				
<b>Figure 1. Voltage-Current Charateristic</b> Unless Otherwise Noted, All Voltages are Referenced to the Anode				

## Electrical Parameter

Symbol	Parameter
$I_D$	Off-state current
$I_H$	Holding current
$V_{(BO)}$	Breakover voltage
$V_F$	Forward voltage
$V_{FRM}$	Peak forward recovery voltage
$V_{GK(BO)}$	Gate-cathode impulse breakover voltage
$I_{GKS}$	Gate reverse current
$I_{GT}$	Gate trigger current
$V_{GT}$	Gate-cathode trigger voltage
$C_{KA}$	Cathode-anode off-state capacitance

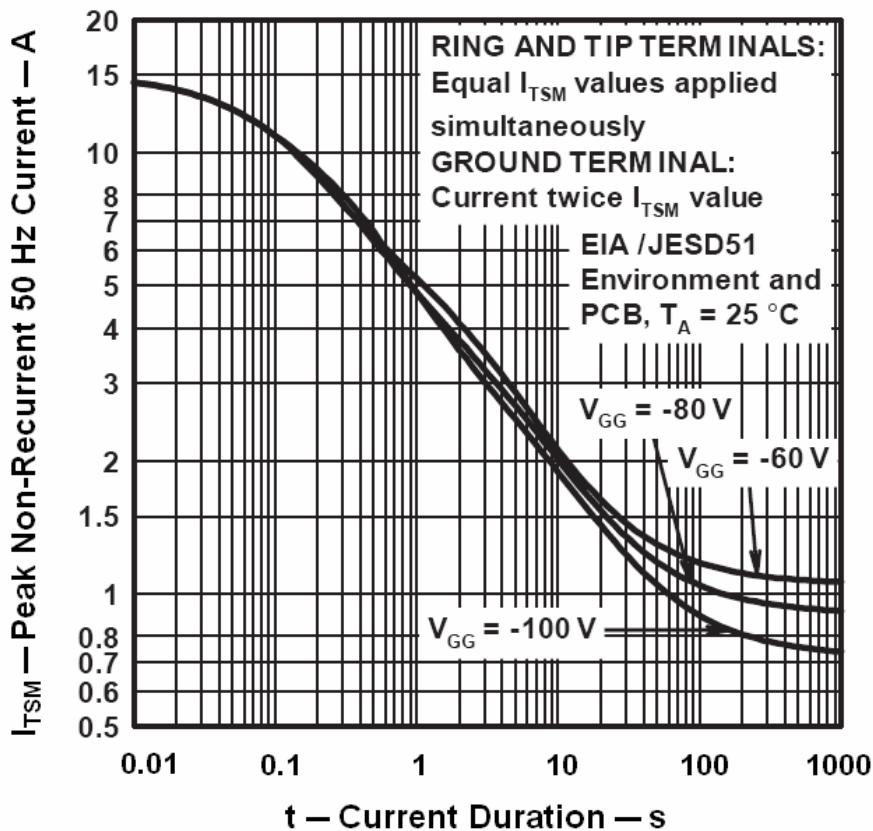
## Electrical Characteristics

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Parameter		Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_D$	Off-state current	$V_D=V_{DRM}, V_{GK}=0$	$T_J=25^\circ C$		-5	uA
$V_{(BO)}$	Breakover voltage	2/10us, $I_{PP}=-56A, R_S=45\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$	$T_J=85^\circ C$		-57	V
		2/10us, $I_{PP}=-100A, R_S=50\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			-60	
		1.2/50us, $I_{PP}=-53A, R_S=47\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			-60	
		1.2/50us, $I_{PP}=-96A, R_S=52\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			-64	
$V_{GK(BO)}$	Gate-cathode impulse Breakover voltage	2/10us, $I_{PP}=-56A, R_S=45\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$	$T_J=25^\circ C$		9	V
		2/10us, $I_{PP}=-100A, R_S=50\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			12	
		1.2/50us, $I_{PP}=-53A, R_S=47\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			12	
		1.2/50us, $I_{PP}=-96A, R_S=52\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			16	
$V_F$	Forward voltage	$I_F = 5 A, T_W = 200 \mu s$			3	V
$V_{FRM}$	Peak forward recovery voltage	2/10us, $I_{PP}=-56A, R_S=45\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$	$T_J=85^\circ C$		6	V
		2/10us, $I_{PP}=-100A, R_S=50\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			8	
		1.2/50us, $I_{PP}=-53A, R_S=47\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			8	
		1.2/50us, $I_{PP}=-96A, R_S=52\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$			12	
$I_H$	Holding current	$I_T = -1 A, dI/dt = 1A/ms, V_{GG} = -48 V$		-150		mA
$I_{GKS}$	Gate reverse current	$V_{GG} = V_{GK} = V_{GKRM}, V_{KA} = 0$	$T_J=25^\circ C$		-5	uA
					-50	
$I_{GT}$	Gate trigger current	$I_T = -3 A, t_{p(g)} \geq 20 \mu s, V_{GG} = -48V$			5	mA
$V_{GT}$	Gate-cathode trigger voltage	$I_T = -3 A, t_{p(g)} \geq 20 \mu s, V_{GG} = -48V$			2.5	V
$Q_{GS}$	Gate switching charge	1.2/50us, $I_{PP}=-53A, R_S=47\Omega, V_{GG}=-48V, C_G=220nF$		0.1		uC
$C_{KA}$	Cathode-anode off-State capacitance	$F=1 MHz, V_d=1V, I_G=0$	$V_D= -3 V$		100	pF
					50	

## Typical Characteristics

## Peak Non-Recurring AC vs. Current Duration



*Fig2. Non-repetitive Peak On-State Current against Duration*

**SOP-8 MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM	Millimeters		
	MIN	TYP	MAX
A			1.75
A1	0.10		0.25
A2	1.35	1.55	1.75
B	0.35	0.42	0.49
C	0.19		0.25
D	4.80	4.90	5.00
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.95	4.00
e		1.27	
L	0.40		0.90
K	0°		8°

