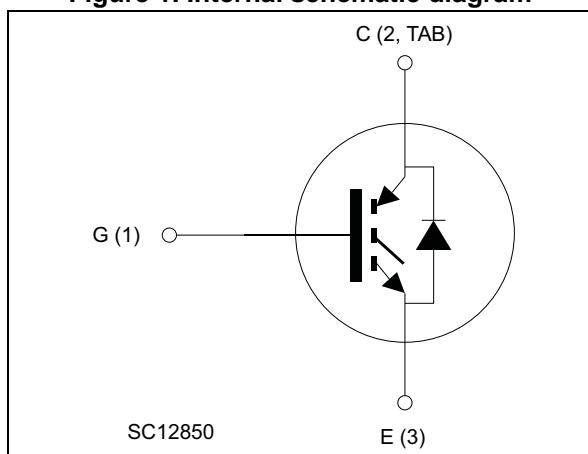


**Figure 1. Internal schematic diagram**



## Features

- Maximum junction temperature:  $T_J = 175 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- High speed switching series
- Minimized tail current
- Very low saturation voltage:  $V_{CE(\text{sat})} = 1.60 \text{ V}$  (typ.) @  $I_C = 40 \text{ A}$
- Tight parameters distribution
- Safe paralleling
- Low thermal resistance
- Very fast soft recovery antiparallel diode
- Lead free package

## Applications

- Photovoltaic inverters
- High frequency converters

## Description

This device is an IGBT developed using an advanced proprietary trench gate and field stop structure. The device is part of the new "HB" series of IGBTs, which represent an optimum compromise between conduction and switching losses to maximize the efficiency of any frequency converter. Furthermore, a slightly positive  $V_{CE(\text{sat})}$  temperature coefficient and very tight parameter distribution result in safer paralleling operation.

**Table 1. Device summary**

Order codes	Marking	Package	Packaging
STGW40H65DFB	GW40H65DFB	TO-247	Tube
STGWT40H65DFB	GWT40H65DFB	TO-3P	Tube

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Electrical ratings</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Electrical characteristics</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1	Electrical characteristics (curve)	6
<b>3</b>	<b>Test circuits</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Package mechanical data</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Revision history</b>	<b>17</b>

# 1 Electrical ratings

**Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0$ )	650	V
$I_C$	Continuous collector current at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	80	A
$I_C$	Continuous collector current at $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	40	A
$I_{CP}^{(1)}$	Pulsed collector current	160	A
$V_{GE}$	Gate-emitter voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$I_F$	Continuous forward current at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	80	A
$I_F$	Continuous forward current at $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	40	A
$I_{FP}^{(1)}$	Pulsed forward current	160	A
$P_{TOT}$	Total dissipation at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	283	W
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_J$	Operating junction temperature	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$

1. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

**Table 3. Thermal data**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{thJC}$	Thermal resistance junction-case IGBT	0.53	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{thJC}$	Thermal resistance junction-case diode	1.14	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{thJA}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	50	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

## 2 Electrical characteristics

$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Table 4. Static characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$	650			V
$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A}$		1.60	2	V
		$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.7		
		$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A}$ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$		1.8		
$V_F$	Forward on-voltage	$I_F = 40 \text{ A}$		1.7	2.45	V
		$I_F = 40 \text{ A}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.4		
		$I_F = 40 \text{ A}$ $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$		1.3		
$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$	5	6	7	V
$I_{CES}$	Collector cut-off current ( $V_{GE} = 0$ )	$V_{CE} = 650 \text{ V}$			25	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GES}$	Gate-emitter leakage current ( $V_{CE} = 0$ )	$V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			250	nA

Table 5. Dynamic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{ies}$	Input capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{GE} = 0$	-	5412	-	pF
$C_{oes}$	Output capacitance		-	198	-	pF
$C_{res}$	Reverse transfer capacitance		-	107	-	pF
$Q_g$	Total gate charge	$V_{CC} = 520 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ , see <a href="#">Figure 28</a>	-	210	-	nC
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-emitter charge		-	39	-	nC
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-collector charge		-	82	-	nC

**Table 6. IGBT switching characteristics (inductive load)**

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A}, R_G = 5 \Omega, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ , see <a href="#">Figure 27</a>	-	40	-	ns
$t_r$	Current rise time		-	13	-	ns
$(di/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on current slope		-	2413	-	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time		-	142	-	ns
$t_f$	Current fall time		-	27	-	ns
$E_{on}^{(1)}$	Turn-on switching losses		-	498	-	$\mu\text{J}$
$E_{off}^{(2)}$	Turn-off switching losses		-	363	-	$\mu\text{J}$
$E_{ts}$	Total switching losses		-	861	-	$\mu\text{J}$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}, I_C = 40 \text{ A}, R_G = 5 \Omega, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}, T_J = 175 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , see <a href="#">Figure 27</a>	-	38	-	ns
$t_r$	Current rise time		-	14	-	ns
$(di/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on current slope		-	2186	-	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time		-	141	-	ns
$t_f$	Current fall time		-	61	-	ns
$E_{on}^{(1)}$	Turn-on switching losses		-	1417	-	$\mu\text{J}$
$E_{off}^{(2)}$	Turn-off switching losses		-	764	-	$\mu\text{J}$
$E_{ts}$	Total switching losses		-	2181	-	$\mu\text{J}$

1. Energy losses include reverse recovery of the diode.
2. Turn-off losses include also the tail of the collector current.

**Table 7. Diode switching characteristics (inductive load)**

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{rr}$	Reverse recovery time	$I_F = 40 \text{ A}, V_R = 400 \text{ V}, di/dt=100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ , see <a href="#">Figure 27</a>	-	62	-	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse recovery charge		-	111	-	nC
$I_{rrm}$	Reverse recovery current		-	3	-	A
$dI_{rr}/dt$	Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$		-	140	-	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$E_{rr}$	Reverse recovery energy		-	72	-	$\mu\text{J}$
$t_{rr}$	Reverse recovery time	$I_F = 40 \text{ A}, V_R = 400 \text{ V}, di/dt=100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}, T_J = 175 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , see <a href="#">Figure 27</a>	-	341	-	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse recovery charge		-	2216	-	nC
$I_{rrm}$	Reverse recovery current		-	13	-	A
$dI_{rr}/dt$	Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$		-	70	-	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
$E_{rr}$	Reverse recovery energy		-	884	-	$\mu\text{J}$

## 2.1 Electrical characteristics (curve)

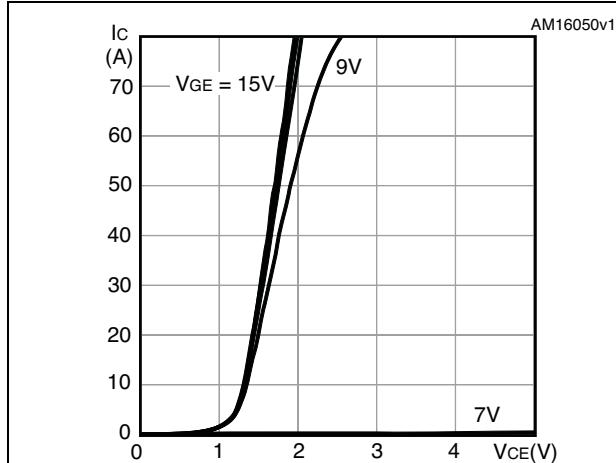
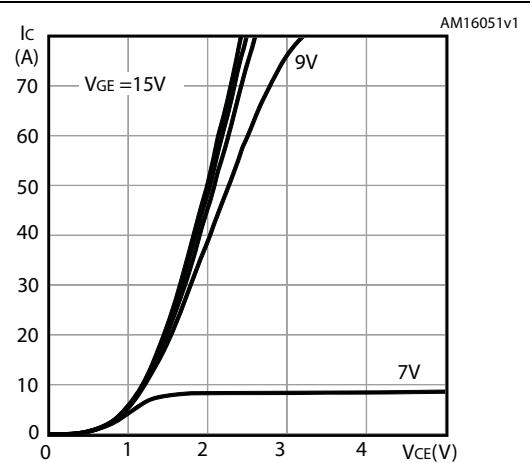
Figure 2. Output characteristics ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )Figure 3. Output characteristics ( $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ )

Figure 4. Transfer characteristics

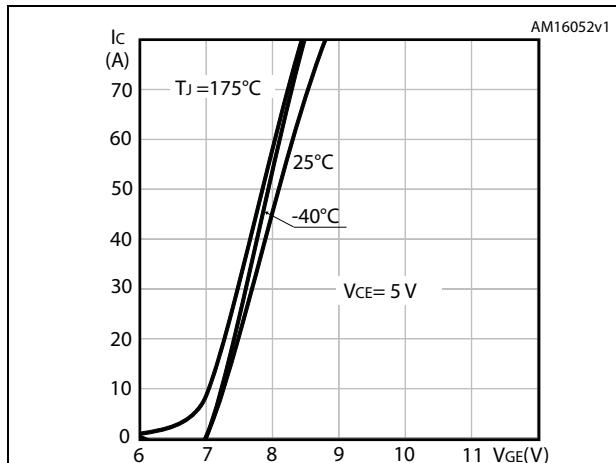


Figure 5. Collector current vs. case temperature

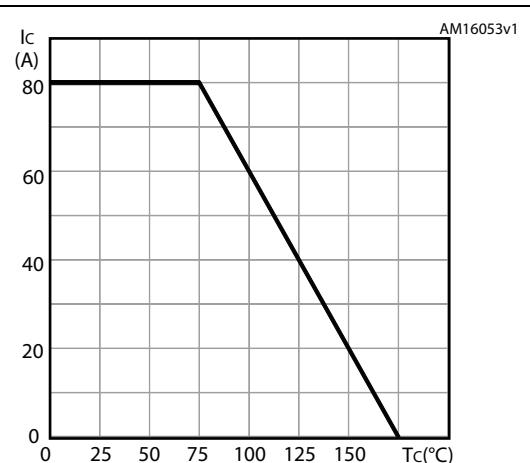
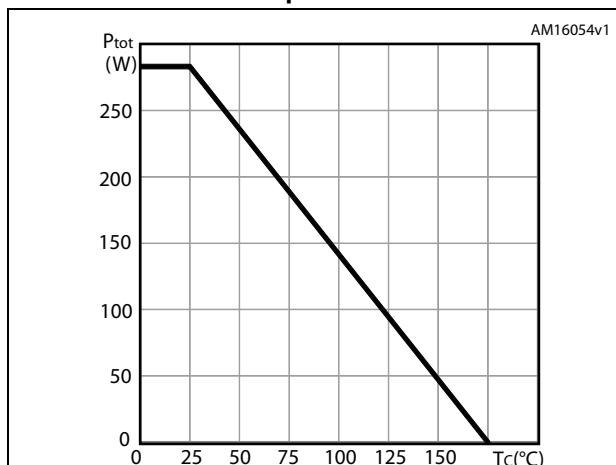
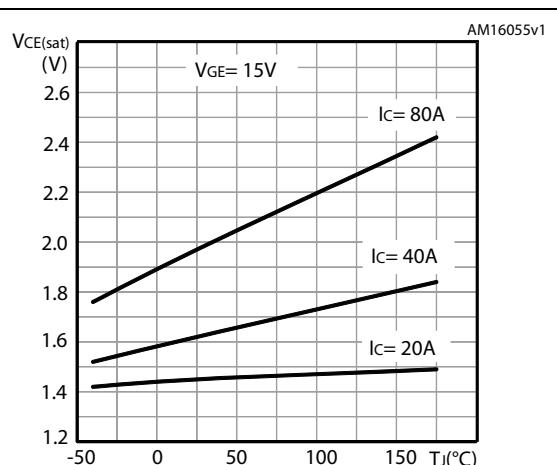
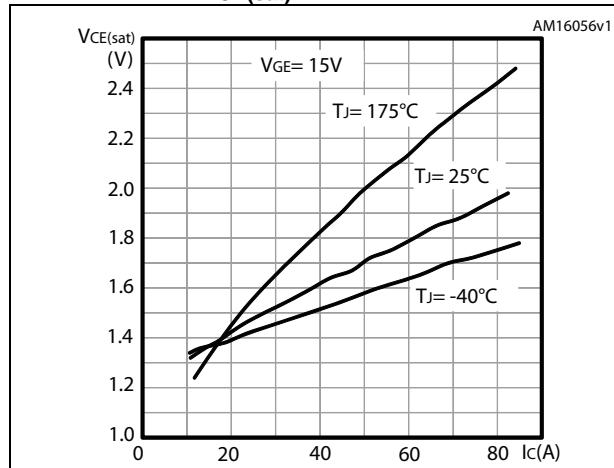
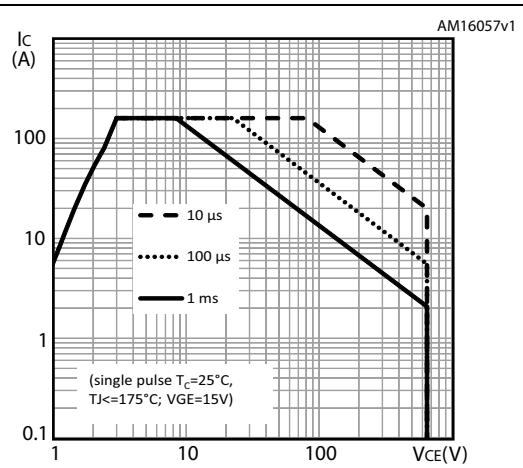
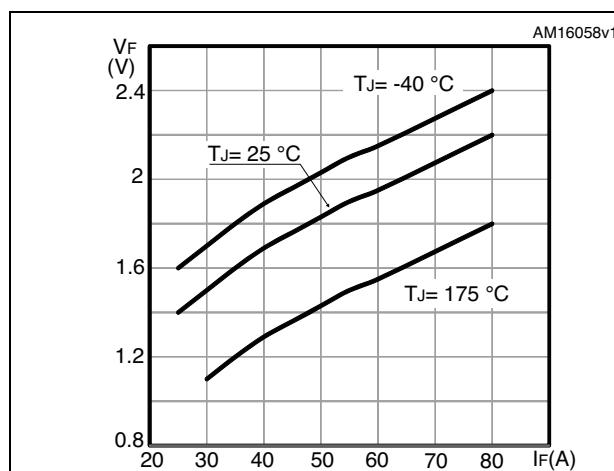
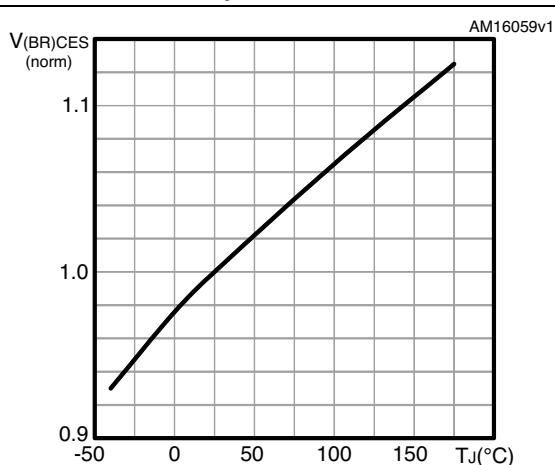
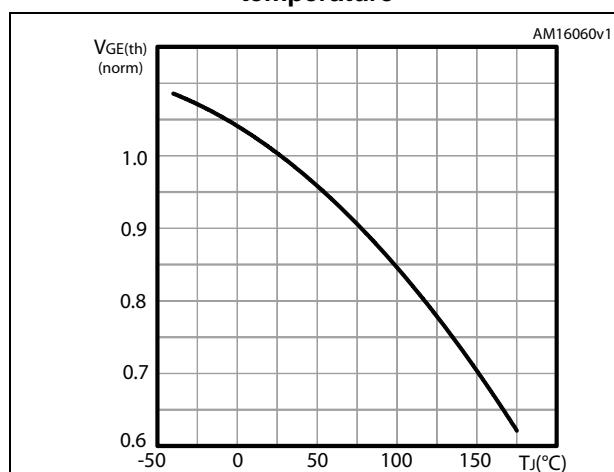
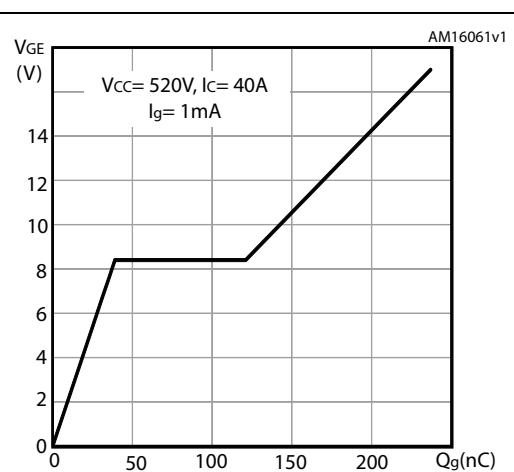
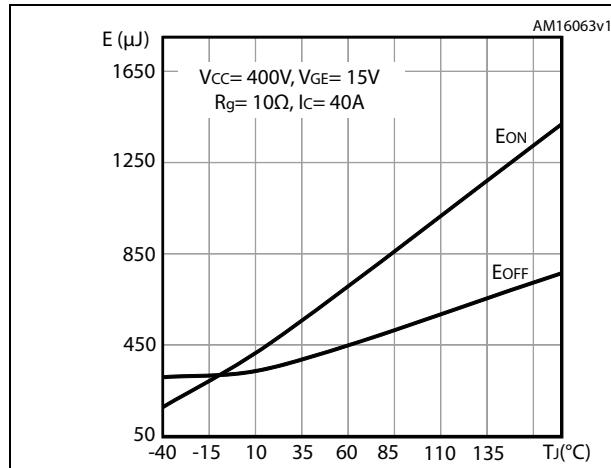
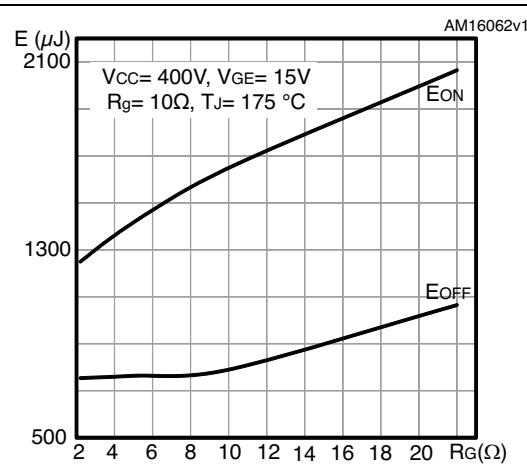
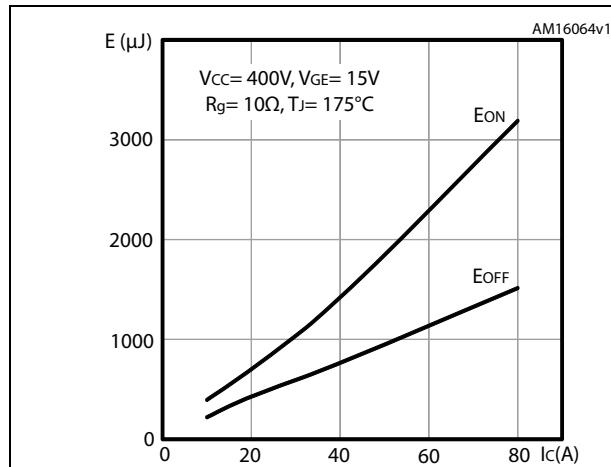
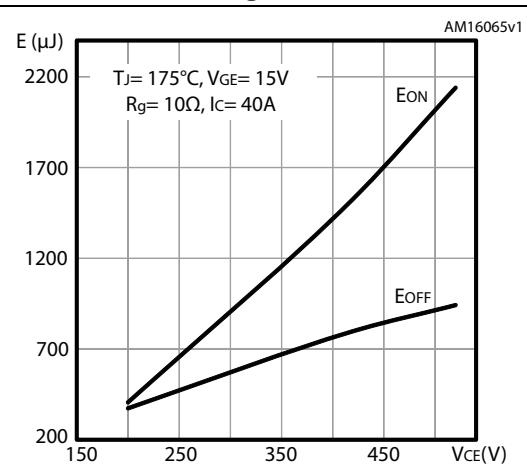
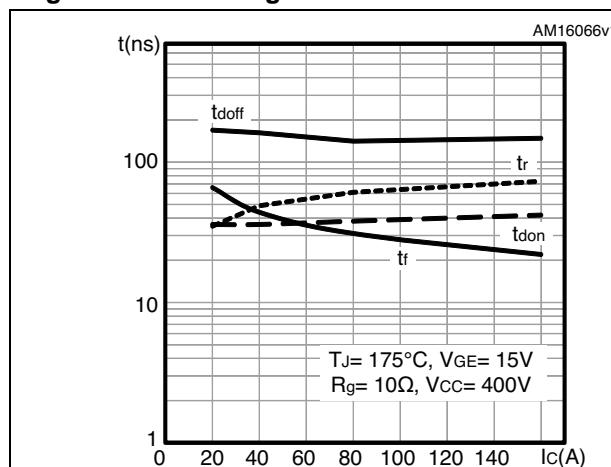
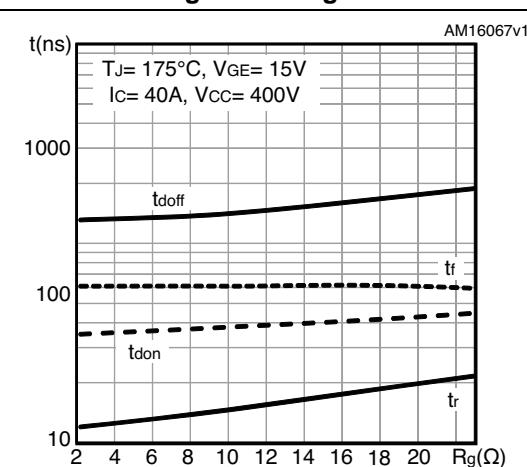
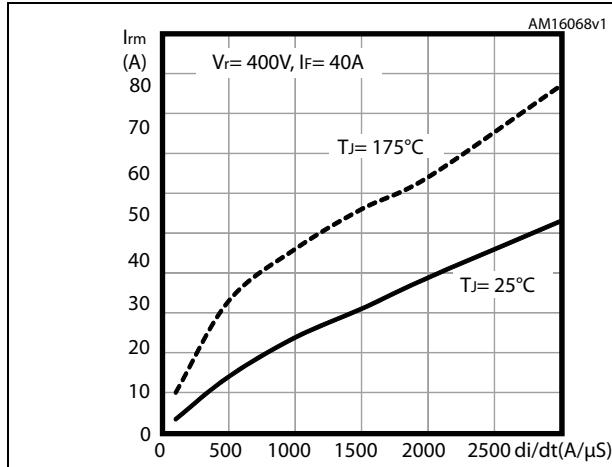
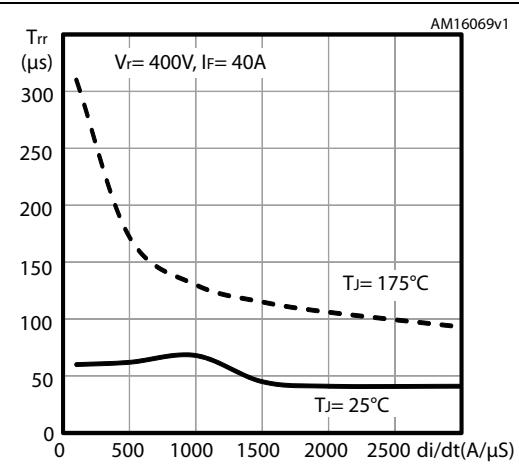
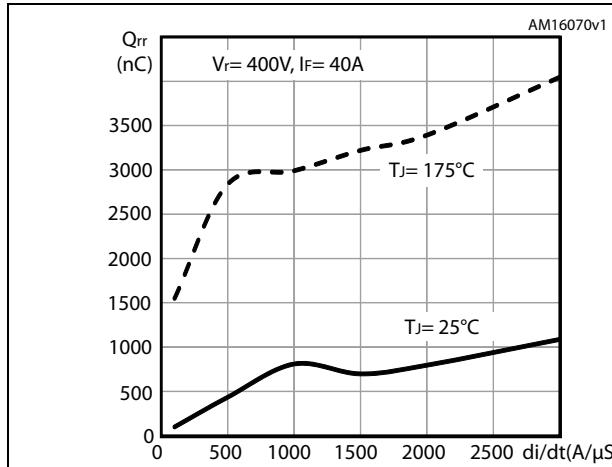
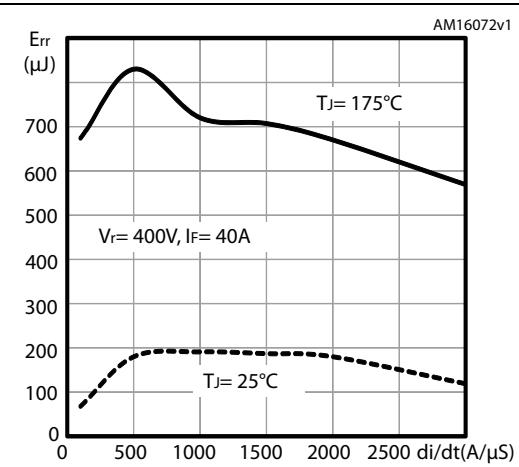
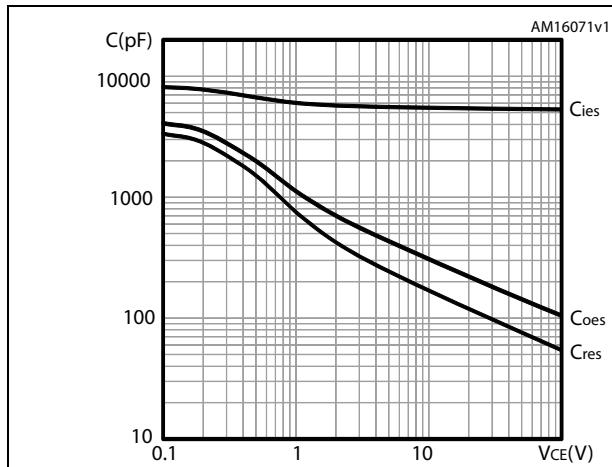


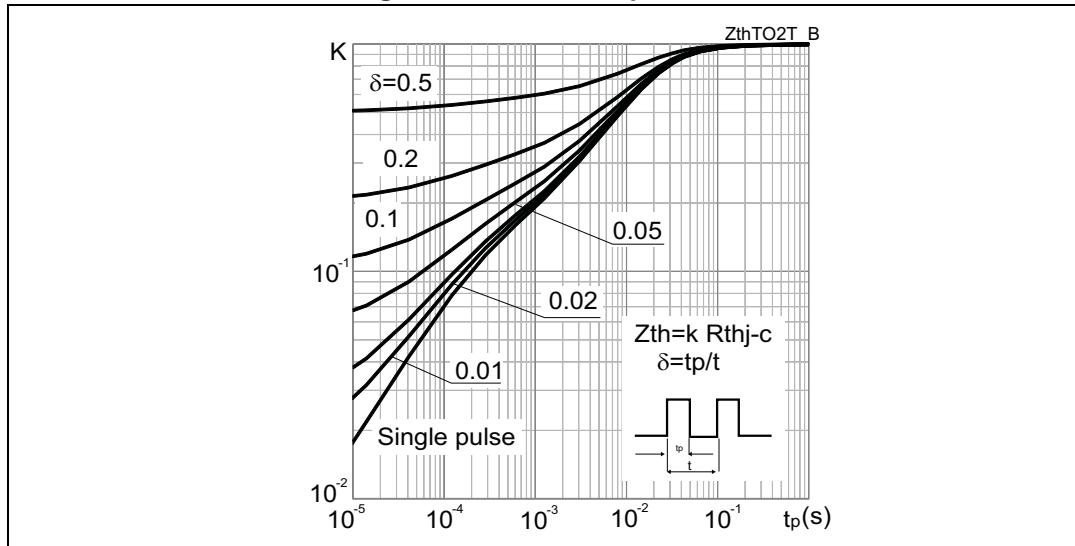
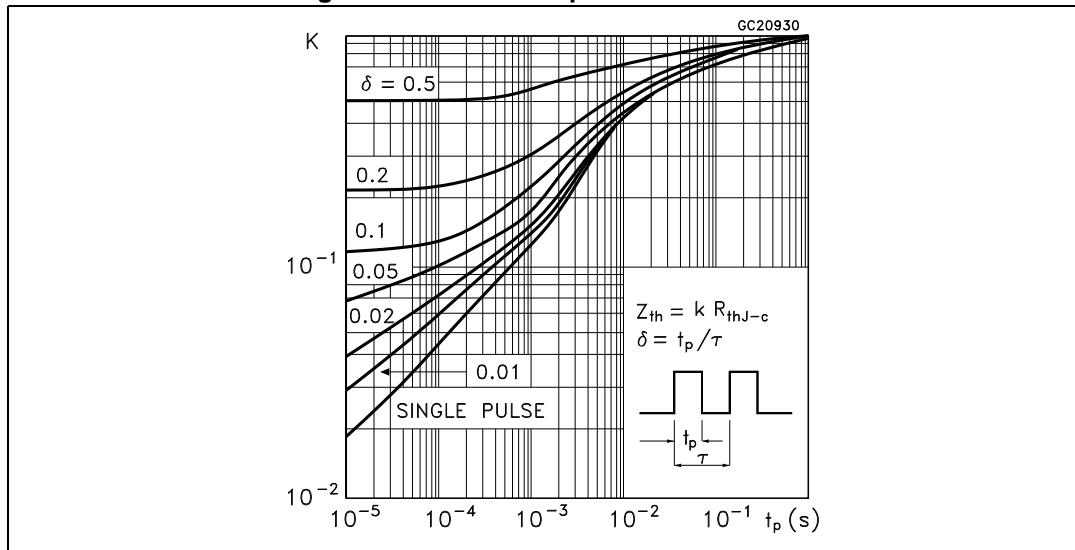
Figure 6. Power dissipation vs. case temperature

Figure 7.  $V_{CE(\text{sat})}$  vs. junction temperature

**Figure 8.  $V_{CE(sat)}$  vs. collector current****Figure 9. Forward bias safe operating area****Figure 10. Diode  $V_F$  vs. forward current****Figure 11. Normalized  $V_{(BR)CES}$  vs. junction temperature****Figure 12. Normalized  $V_{GE(th)}$  vs. junction temperature****Figure 13. Gate charge vs. gate-emitter voltage**

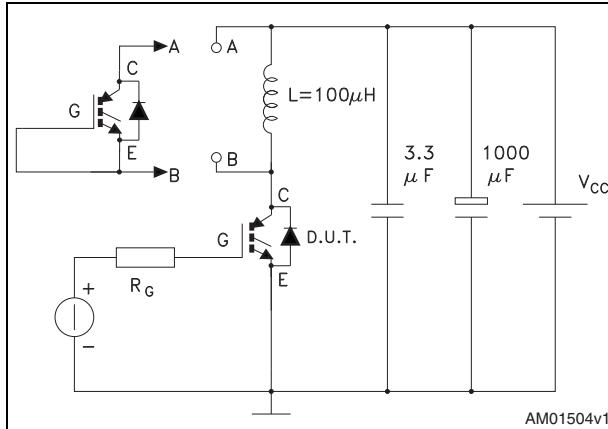
**Figure 14. Switching losses vs temperature****Figure 15. Switching losses vs gate resistance****Figure 16. Switching losses vs collector current****Figure 17. Switching losses vs collector emitter voltage****Figure 18. Switching times vs collector current****Figure 19. Switching times vs gate resistance**

**Figure 20. Reverse recovery current vs. diode current slope****Figure 21. Reverse recovery time vs. diode current slope****Figure 22. Reverse recovery charge vs. diode current slope****Figure 23. Reverse recovery energy vs. diode current slope****Figure 24. Capacitance variations**

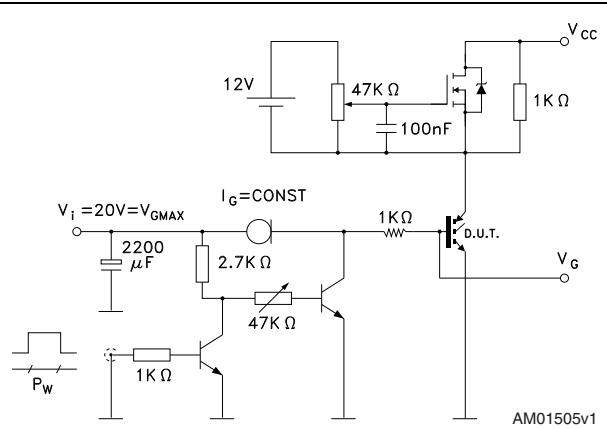
**Figure 25. Thermal impedance****Figure 26. Thermal impedance for diode**

### 3 Test circuits

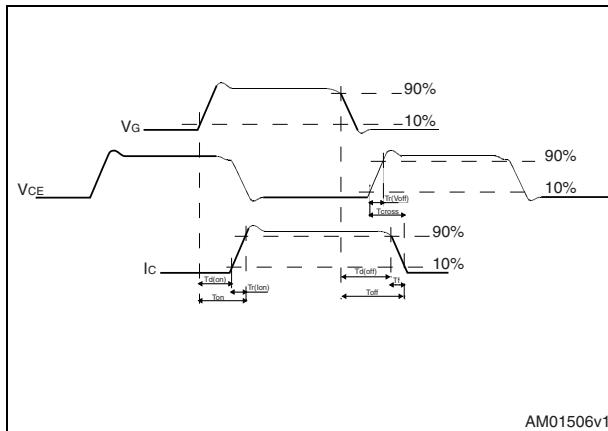
**Figure 27. Test circuit for inductive load switching**



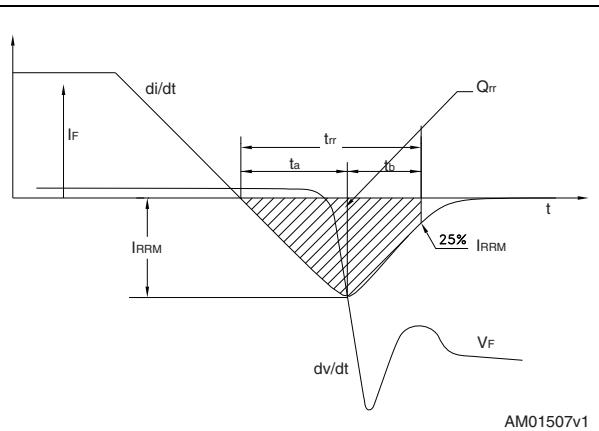
**Figure 28. Gate charge test circuit**



**Figure 29. Switching waveform**



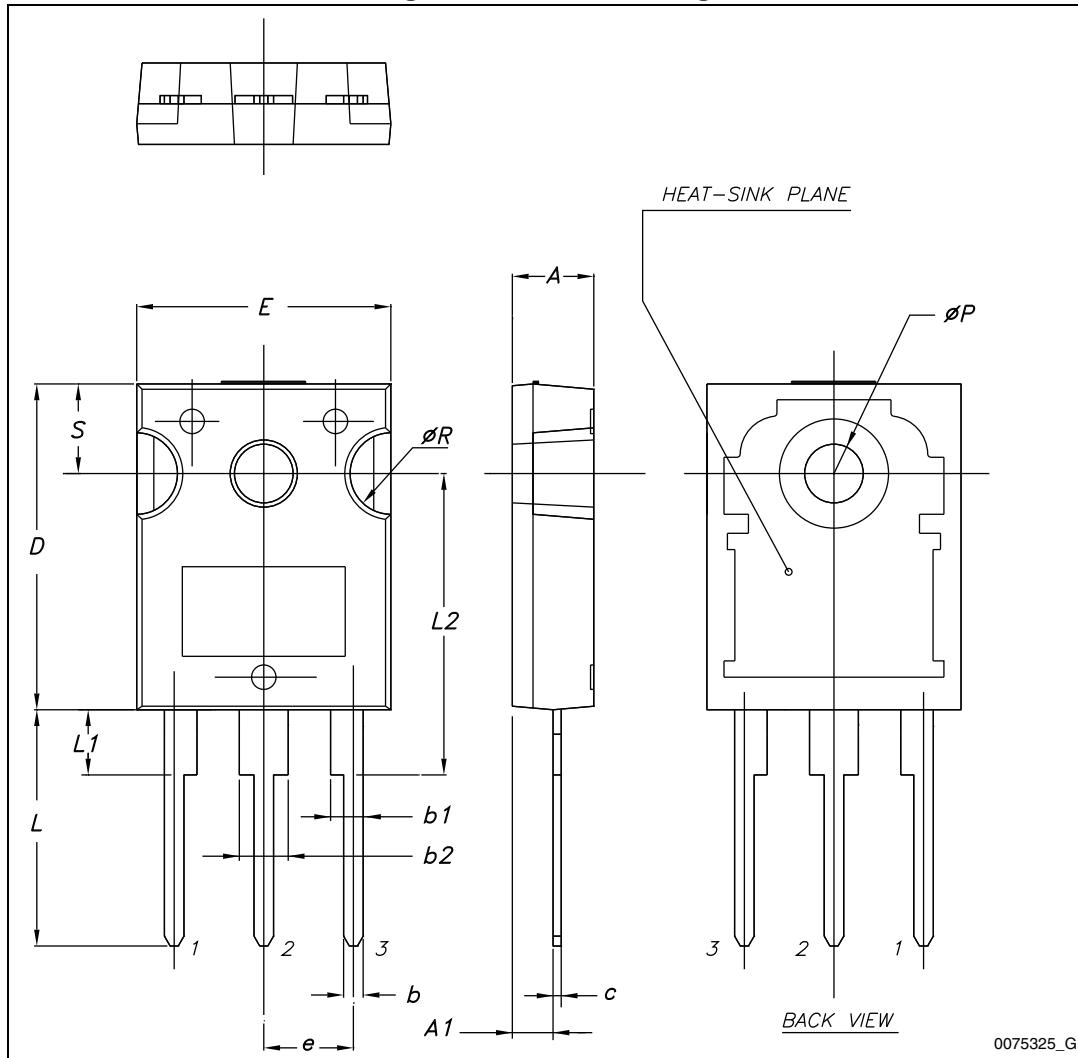
**Figure 30. Diode recovery time waveform**



## 4 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: [www.st.com](http://www.st.com).  
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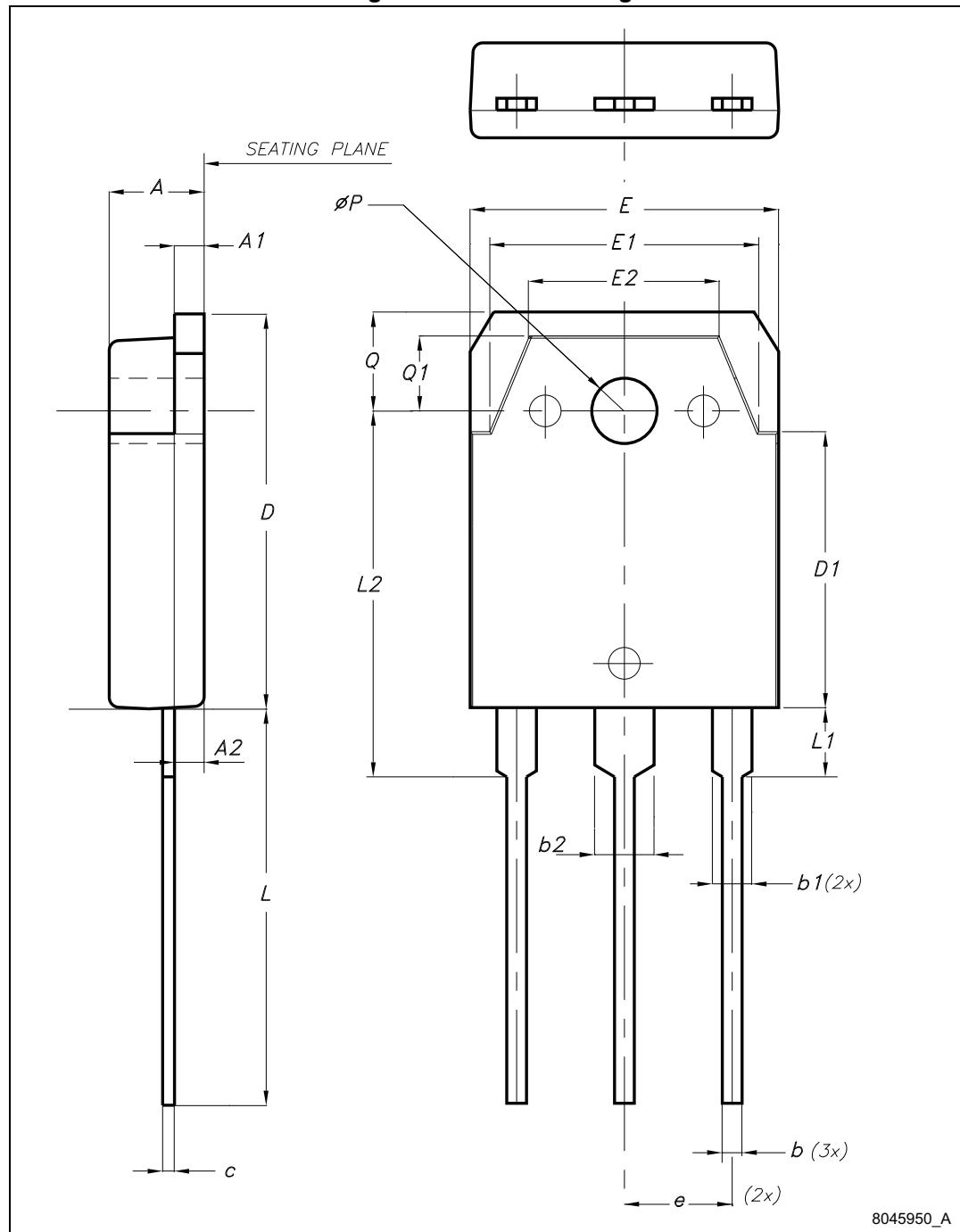
Figure 31. TO-247 drawing



**Table 8. TO-247 mechanical data**

Dim.	mm.		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	4.85		5.15
A1	2.20		2.60
b	1.0		1.40
b1	2.0		2.40
b2	3.0		3.40
c	0.40		0.80
D	19.85		20.15
E	15.45		15.75
e	5.30	5.45	5.60
L	14.20		14.80
L1	3.70		4.30
L2		18.50	
ØP	3.55		3.65
ØR	4.50		5.50
S	5.30	5.50	5.70

Figure 32. TO-3P drawing



8045950\_A

**Table 9. TO-3P mechanical data**

Dim.	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	4.60		5
A1	1.45	1.50	1.65
A2	1.20	1.40	1.60
b	0.80	1	1.20
b1	1.80		2.20
b2	2.80		3.20
c	0.55	0.60	0.75
D	19.70	19.90	20.10
D1		13.90	
E	15.40		15.80
E1		13.60	
E2		9.60	
e	5.15	5.45	5.75
L	19.50	20	20.50
L1		3.50	
L2	18.20	18.40	18.60
øP	3.10		3.30
Q		5	
Q1		3.80	

## 5 Revision history

Table 10. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
12-Mar-2013	1	Initial release.
09-Sep-2013	2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Modified: <math>V_{CE(sat)}</math> values in cover page</li><li>– Modified: <math>V_{CE(sat)}</math>, <math>V_F</math> and <math>V_{GE(th)}</math> typical and max values in <a href="#">Table 4</a></li><li>– Modified: entire typical values in <a href="#">Table 5, 6</a> and <a href="#">7</a></li><li>– Minor text changes</li><li>– Added: <a href="#">Section 2.1: Electrical characteristics (curve)</a></li></ul>
11-Sep-2013	3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Updated <math>T_{STG}</math> value in <a href="#">Table 2: Absolute maximum ratings</a>.</li></ul>
23-Sep-2013	4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– Updated units in <a href="#">Table 6: IGBT switching characteristics (inductive load)</a>.</li></ul>
31-Oct-2013	5	Updated $V_{CE(sat)}$ in <a href="#">Table 4: Static characteristics</a> .
24-Feb-2014	6	Updated title and description in cover page.

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