



# **ML9476**

1/3 or 1/4 Duty, 16-Output LCD Driver

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ML9476 is an LCD driver for dynamic display. It has a function to switch between 1/3 and 1/4 duty. When 1/4 duty is selected, an LCD of up to 64 segments can be driven directly; when 1/3 duty is selected, an LCD of up to 48 segments can be driven directly.

#### **FEATURES**

• Logic power supply voltage : 2.7 to 3.6 V, 4.5 to 5.5 V

Driver power supply voltage
 Operating temperature
 3.5 to 5.5 V
 -40 to +105°C

• 16 segment outputs

1/4 duty : Up to 64 segments can be displayed. 1/3 duty : Up to 48 segments can be displayed.

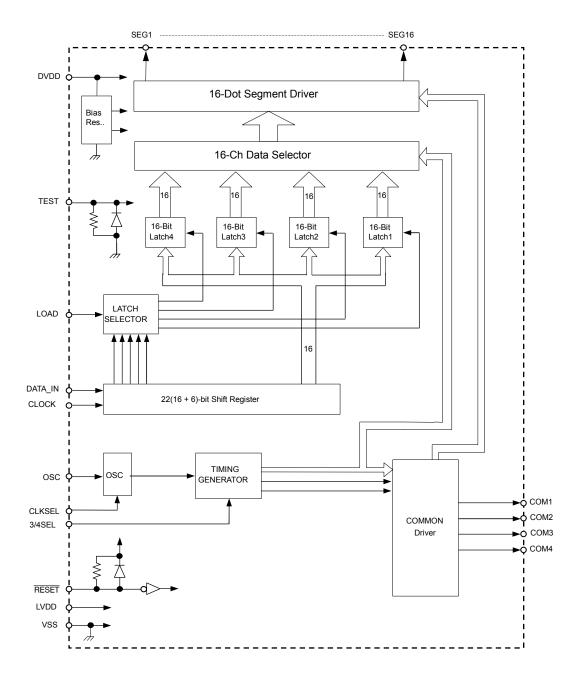
• Serially interfaces with the CPU using the three signal lines of LOAD, DATA\_IN, and CLOCK

• Built-in RC oscillator circuit for LCD AC drive (the CLKSEL pin allows selecting an external clock input)

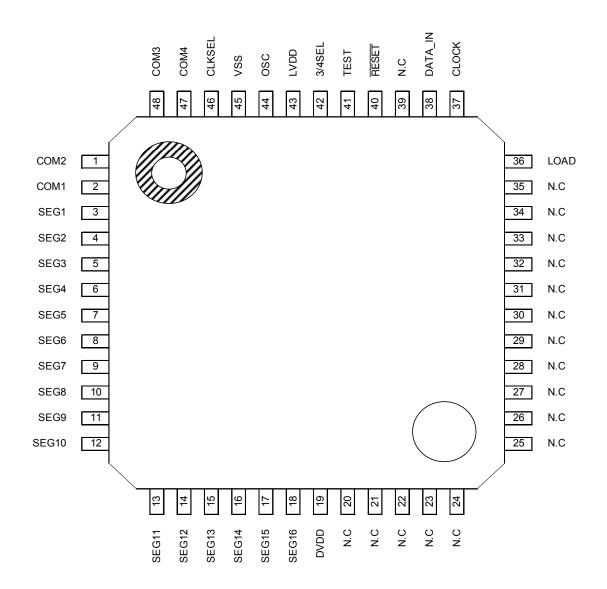
• Built-in voltage-dividing resistor for bias voltage generation

• Package : 48-pin plastic TQFP (TQFP48-P-0707-0.50-K)

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



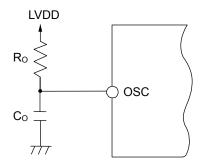
48-Pin Plastic TQFP

N.C : No-Connection pin

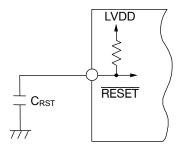
# PIN DESCRIPTION

OSC    I/O   Since an oscillator circuit is susceptible to external noise, make the wirin between this pin and external components as short as possible. An external clock input can be selected by CLKSEL.  The relationship between oscillation frequency f <sub>OSC</sub> and frame frequency f <sub>FRM</sub> is f <sub>FRM</sub> f <sub>SOC</sub> /24***    Serial data input pin. Has a Schmitt circuit built in.  The LCD display is turned on when the input data signal is at a "H" level an turned off when the input data signal is at a "H" level an turned off when the input data signal is at a "H" level an turned off when the input data signal is at a "H" level an turned off when the input data signal is at a "H" level and turned off when the input data signal is at a "H" level and turned off when the input data signal is at a "H" level.    CLOCK	Symbol	I/O	Description
DATA_IN    Serial data input pin. Has a Schmitt circuit built in. The LCD display is turned on when the input data signal is at a "H" level and turned off when the input data signal is at a "L" level.	osc	I/O	An oscillator circuit can be configured by connecting one external resistor and one external capacitor.  Since an oscillator circuit is susceptible to external noise, make the wiring between this pin and external components as short as possible. An external clock input can be selected by CLKSEL.  The relationship between oscillation frequency f <sub>OSC</sub> and frame frequency f <sub>FRM</sub> is:
LOAD  LOAD	DATA_IN	I	Serial data input pin. Has a Schmitt circuit built in. The LCD display is turned on when the input data signal is at a "H" level and
TEST    Used to transfer serially input data to the display latch or write commands.   IC test pin. Has a pull-down resistor built in. Leave this pin open or connect it to VSS when not used.   OSC pin input switching pin. When using the built-in oscillator circuit, set this pin to a "L" level; when inputtin an external clock, set this pin to a "H" level. While this pin is at a "H" level, the oscillator circuit connected is disabled.   3/4SEL	CLOCK	I	Data to the DATA_IN pin is shifted in sync with the rising edges of the shift clock
CLKSEL   I   Leave this pin open or connect it to VSS when not used.	LOAD	ı	
CLKSEL    OSC pin input switching pin. When using the built-in oscillator circuit, set this pin to a "L" level; when inputtin an external clock, set this pin to a "H" level. While this pin is at a "H" level, the oscillator circuit connected is disabled.    3/4SEL	TEST	I	IC test pin. Has a pull-down resistor built in.
I	CLKSEL	I	OSC pin input switching pin.  When using the built-in oscillator circuit, set this pin to a "L" level; when inputting an external clock, set this pin to a "H" level. While this pin is at a "H" level, the
RESET  Reset signal input pin for initializing the IC. Has a Schmitt circuit built in. This pin is enabled by setting it to "L" level. This pin has a built-in pull-up resistor. Normally, this pin, when connected with an external capacitor, performs power-or reset. Output pins for LCD display. Connect to the common pins of the LCD panel When 1/3 duty is selected: Common signals are outputted through the COM1, COM2, and COM3 pins. Leave the COM4 pin open When 1/4 duty is selected: Common signals are outputted through the COM1, COM2, COM3, and COM pins.  Output pins for LCD display. Connect to the segment pins of the LCD panel. For the relationship between each output of these pins and data, see the section "Data Structure."  LVDD — Logic power supply pin.  DVDD — LCD driver power supply pin.  VSS — Ground pin.	3/4SEL	I	1/3- or 1/4-duty switching input pin. When "H" level is input, 1/3 duty is selected
COM1 COM2 COM3 COM4  O Leave the COM4 pin open When 1/3 duty is selected: Common signals are outputted through the COM1, COM2, and COM3 pins. Leave the COM4 pin open When 1/4 duty is selected: Common signals are outputted through the COM1, COM2, COM3, and COM pins.  Output pins for LCD display. Connect to the segment pins of the LCD panel. For the relationship between each output of these pins and data, see the section "Data Structure."  LVDD — Logic power supply pin.  DVDD — LCD driver power supply pin.  VSS — Ground pin.	RESET	I	Reset signal input pin for initializing the IC. Has a Schmitt circuit built in. This pin is enabled by setting it to "L" level. This pin has a built-in pull-up resistor. Normally, this pin, when connected with an external capacitor, performs power-on
SEG1 to SEG16 O For the relationship between each output of these pins and data, see the section on "Data Structure."  LVDD - Logic power supply pin.  DVDD - LCD driver power supply pin.  VSS - Ground pin.	COM2 COM3	0	Output pins for LCD display. Connect to the common pins of the LCD panel.  - When 1/3 duty is selected:  Common signals are outputted through the COM1, COM2, and COM3 pins.  Leave the COM4 pin open.  - When 1/4 duty is selected:  Common signals are outputted through the COM1, COM2, COM3, and COM4
DVDD – LCD driver power supply pin.  VSS – Ground pin.	SEG1 to SEG16	0	For the relationship between each output of these pins and data, see the section
VSS - Ground pin.	LVDD		Logic power supply pin.
·	DVDD	_	
N. Comparties via Name VIII to a U.S. de com	VSS	_	Ground pin.
N.C No-Connection pin. Normally leave this pin open.	N.C	_	No-Connection pin. Normally leave this pin open.

# \*1: Oscillator circuit configuration



# \*2: Reset circuit configuration



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	LVDD, DVDD	Ta = 25°C	-0.3 to +6.5	V
Input voltage	Vı	Ta = 25°C	-0.3 to LVDD+0.3	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	Ta ≤ 105°C	350	mW
Output current	l <sub>o</sub>	Ta = 25°C	-2.0 to +2.0	mA
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	_	-55 to +150	°C

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Range	Unit
Logic power supply voltage	LVDD	VSS= 0 V	2.7 to 3.6, 4.5 to 5.5	V
LCD drive voltage	DVDD	VSS= 0 V	3.5 to 5.5	V
CLOCK frequency	fcp	_	0.01 to 2	MHz
Operating temperature	Ta	_	-40 to +105	°C

Recommended setting range for external parts (for oscillator circuit)

(LVDD = 4.5 to 5.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Oscillator resistor	Ro	_	20	82	kΩ
Oscillator capacitor	Co		0.01	0.047	μF
Frame frequency	f <sub>FRM</sub>		14.6	451.0	Hz

The relationship between external oscillator resistor value, external oscillator capacitor value, and frame frequency is as follows:

 $fFRM = f_{OSC} / 24$ 

 $f_{OSC}$  = 1 / (device coefficient × external oscillator resistor value  $R_O$  × external oscillator capacitor value  $C_O$ ) Device coefficient = 0.6±23%

(LVDD = 2.7 to 3.6 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Oscillator resistor	Ro	_	20	82	kΩ
Oscillator capacitor	Co	_	0.01	0.047	μF
Frame frequency	f <sub>FRM</sub>	_	14.6	451.0	Hz

The relationship between external oscillator resistor value, external oscillator capacitor value, and frame frequency is as follows:

 $fFRM = f_{OSC} / 24$ 

 $f_{OSC} = 1 \ / \ (device \ coefficient \times external \ oscillator \ resistor \ value \ R_O \times external \ oscillator \ capacitor \ value \ C_O)$  Device coefficient =  $0.6 \pm 23\%$ 

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### **DC** Characteristics

 $(LVDD = 2.7 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}, 4.5 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}, DVDD = 3.5 \text{ to } 5.5, Ta = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C)$ 

	1	(LVDD = 2.7 )	0 3.6 V, 4.5 to 5.5	v, DVDD = 3.5 to	5.5, Ta -	
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Applicable pin
	.,,	LVDD = 4.5 to 5.5V	0.8LVDD			*1
	V <sub>IH</sub>	LVDD = 2.7 to 3.6V	0.85LVDD			1
#1 17 : t 1t		LVDD = 4.5 to 5.5V	0.011/00		.,	
"H" input voltage	.,	CLKSEL = "H"	0.8LVDD	LVDD	V	000
	V <sub>IHOSC</sub>	LVDD = 2.7 to 3.6V	0.0511/05			osc
		CLKSEL = "H"	0.85LVDD			
	.,	LVDD = 4.5 to 5.5V		0.2LVDD		*1
	$V_{IL}$	LVDD = 2.7 to 3.6V		0.15LVDD		^1
		LVDD = 4.5 to 5.5V	_			
"L" input voltage		CLKSEL = "H"	0	0.2LVDD	V	
	V <sub>ILOSC</sub>	LVDD = 2.7 to 3.6V				osc
		CLKSEL = "H"		0.15LVDD		
	I <sub>IH1</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = LVDD	_	1	μΑ	*2
"H" input current		V <sub>I</sub> = LVDD		_		000
·	I <sub>IHOSC</sub>	CLKSEL = "H"	_	1	μΑ	osc
	I <sub>IL1</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = 0V	<b>–1</b>	_	μΑ	*2
	I <sub>IL2</sub>	LVDD = 5V	0.000	0.045	mA	
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0V	-0.009	-0.045		RESET
"L" input current		LVDD = 3V	0.004	0.020	mA	RESET
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0V	-0.004	-0.030		
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0V	-1			osc
	I <sub>ILOSC</sub>	CLKSEL = "H"	-1	_	μΑ	USC
	V <sub>OS0</sub>	DVDD = 4.5V	OVDD = 4.5V		V	
		$I_0 = -10 \mu A$	DVDD – 0.8	_	V	-
	V <sub>OS1</sub>	DVDD = 4.5V	2/3DVDD - 0.8	2/3DVDD + 0.8	V	
Segment output		$I_0 = \pm 10 \mu A$	2/30 000 - 0.8	2/30 000 + 0.6	V	SEG1 to
voltage	V <sub>OS2</sub>	DVDD = 4.5V	1/3DVDD - 0.8	1/3DVDD + 0.8	V	SEG16
	V OS2	$I_0 = \pm 10 \mu A$	1/30 000 - 0.0	1/30 000 1 0.0	V	
	V <sub>OS3</sub>	DVDD = 4.5V		0.8	V	
-	V OS3	I <sub>O</sub> = 10μA	_	0.0	V	
Common output voltage	V <sub>OC0</sub>	DVDD = 4.5V	DVDD – 0.77		V	
	<b>V</b> OC0	$I_0 = -10 \mu A$			v	
	V <sub>OC1</sub>	DVDD = 4.5V	2/3DVDD –	2/3DVDD+0.77	V	COM1 to COM4
	<b>V</b> OC1	$I_0 = \pm 10 \mu A$	0.77	2/30000010.77	V	
	Voca	DVDD = 4.5V	1/3DVDD –	1/3DVDD+0.77	V	
	V <sub>OC2</sub>	$I_O = \pm 10 \mu A$	0.77	1700 400 10.17	, v	
	V <sub>OC3</sub>	DVDD = 4.5V		0.77	V	
		I <sub>O</sub> = 10μA		9.77	,	
Dynamic supply	$I_{DVDD+}I_{L}$	*3	_	0.5	mA	LVDD,
current	VDD	~		0.0	111/1	DVDD

<sup>\*1</sup> CLOCK, LOAD, DATA\_IN, RESET, 3/4SEL, and CLKSEL

<sup>\*2</sup> CLOCK, LOAD, DATA\_IN, 3/4SEL, and CLKSEL

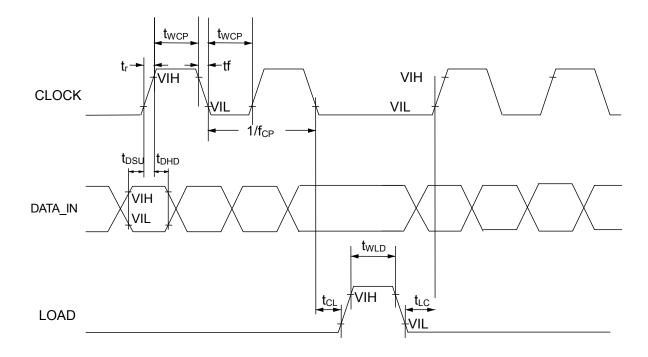
<sup>\*3</sup>  $C_0 = 0.022 \,\mu\text{F}, \, R_0 = 33 \,\text{k}\Omega, \, \text{no load}$ 

# **Switching Characteristics (Serial Interface)**

(LVDD = 2.7 to 3.6 V, 4.5 to 5.5 V, DVDD = 3.5 to 5.5 V,  $Ta = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Clock frequency	f <sub>CP</sub>	_	0.01	2.0	MHz
Clock pulse width	t <sub>WCP</sub>	_	70	_	ns
Rise time, Fall time *4	$t_r$ , $t_f$	_	_	3	μS
Data setup time	t <sub>DSU</sub>	<del>_</del>	50	_	ns
Data hold time	t <sub>DHD</sub>	_	50	_	ns
Load pulse width	t <sub>WLD</sub>	_	100	_	ns
Clock to load time	t <sub>CL</sub>	<u>-</u>	100	_	ns
Load to clock time	t <sub>LC</sub>	_	100	_	ns

# \*4 Applied to CLOCK pin

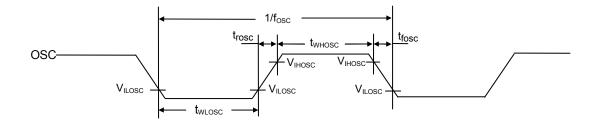


# **Switching Characteristics (External Clock Input to OSC)**

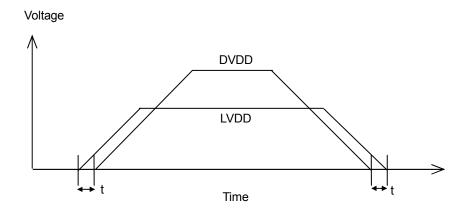
(LVDD = 2.7 to 3.6 V, 4.5 to 5.5 V, DVDD = 3.5 to 5.5 V,  $Ta = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
OSC input frequency	f <sub>osc</sub>	CLKSEL = "H"	0.5	10	kHz
OSC rise time, fall time *5	t <sub>rosc</sub> , t <sub>fOSC</sub>	CLKSEL = "H"	_	1	μS
OSC "H" period	t <sub>whosc</sub>	CLKSEL = "H"	4	_	μS
OSC "L" period	twLosc	CLKSEL = "H"	4	_	μS

# \*5 Applied to OSC pin

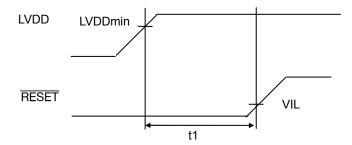


#### **POWER-ON/OFF TIMING**



If LVDD is in the range of 0 V to LVDDmin, make sure that LVDD  $\geq$  DVDD and  $t \geq 0$ [ns] are satisfied. When performing power-on reset with a capacitor connected to the  $\overline{RESET}$  pin, be careful about the relationship between the capacitance value and the rise time of the power supply.

### **INITIALIZATION TIMING**



Drive the  $\overline{RESET}$  pin Low and hold it Low under the condition "t1  $\geq$  0[ns]" until LVDD reaches LVDDmin.

The value of the current of the pull-up resistor is specified for  $\overline{RESET}$  pin.

The customer needs to select an external capacitor that meets the timing requirements shown above.

### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

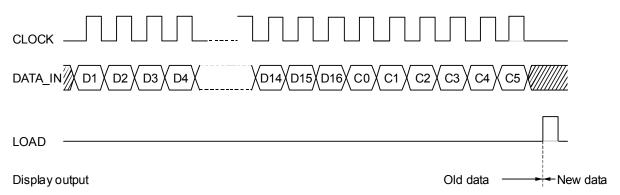
### **Description of Operation**

### • Display data input

As described in the section on "Data Structure," display data consists of a data field, which corresponds to the LCD segments ON and OFF, and a command field, which indicates the input of display data.

Set a value in each of bits C0 and C1 in the command field according to the common output that corresponds to the display data, and set a display data input command in the remaining four bits.

Data that has been input to the DATA\_IN pin is loaded into the shift register on the rising edges of the CLOCK pulses, transferrred to the display data latch during the "H" level period of the LOAD pulse, and then output via the segment driver.

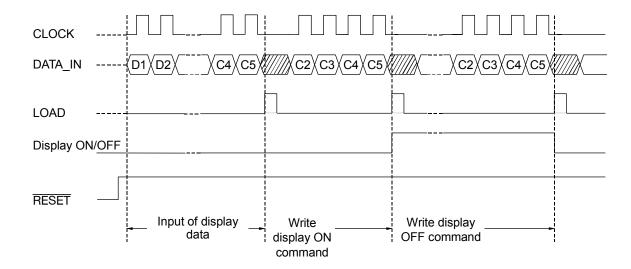


#### • Display ON, display OFF

Display goes off when power-on reset is executed; therefore, to turn display on, write the display ON command (F5).

The display OFF command (F4) is a command that makes all segments go off. By writing the display OFF command, the segments go off irrespective of display data.

The display ON command (F5) is a command that clears a display off state. By writing the display ON command, display goes back to the previous state.



### **List of Commands**

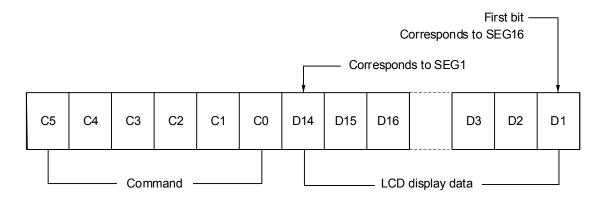
Command name	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0	Description
F0	0	0	0	0	×	×	Disabled
F0'	0	0	0	1	×	×	Disabled
F1	0	0	1	0	0	0	Display data input (corresponds to COM1)
						1	Display data input (corresponds to COM2)
					1	0	Display data input (corresponds to COM3)
						1	Display data input (corresponds to COM4)
F2	0	1	0	×	×	×	Disabled
F3	0	1	1	0	0	0	Disabled
						1 Disabled	
					1	0 Disabled	
						1	Disabled
F3'	0	1	1	1	×	×	Disabled
F4	1	0	1	0	×	× Display OFF	
F5	1	0	1	1	×	× Display ON	
F6	1	1	0	×	×	× Disabled	
F7	1	0	0	×	×	×	Disabled
F8	1	1	1	×	×	×	Disabled

### ×: Don't care

If a "Disabled" command is executed, no transfer is carried out from the shift register to the latch; however, data within the shift register will be rewritten. To transfer correct data to the latch, it is necessary to transfer data again using the F1 command.

### **Data Structure**

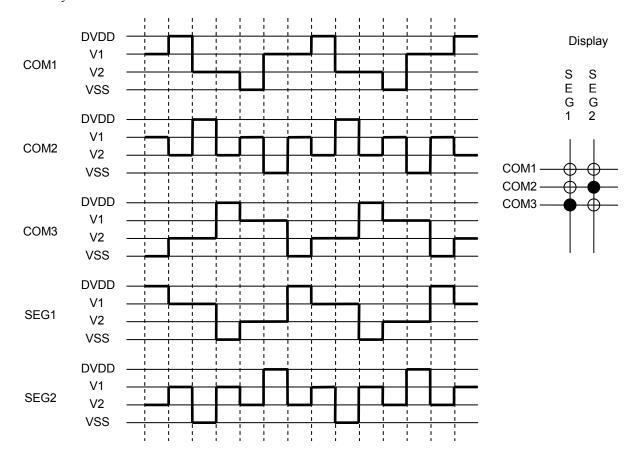
[Input data]



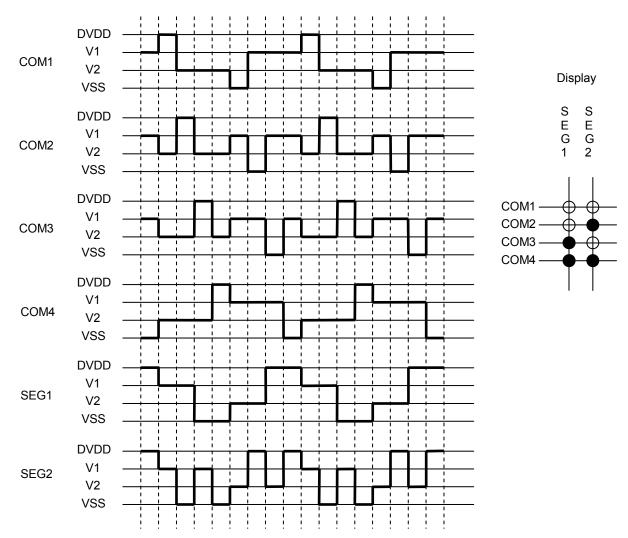
- Note 1: The setting of command F4 or F5 becomes enabled by inputting only the four bits of C2 to C5. (No need to input D1 to D16, C0, or C1.)
- Note 2: If any dummy bits are required because of the transfer bit count, add them before the first bit.
- Note 3: Command execution depends on the value of bits C5 to C0 stored immediately before LOAD goes to a "H" level.

# **Common and Segment Output Waveforms**

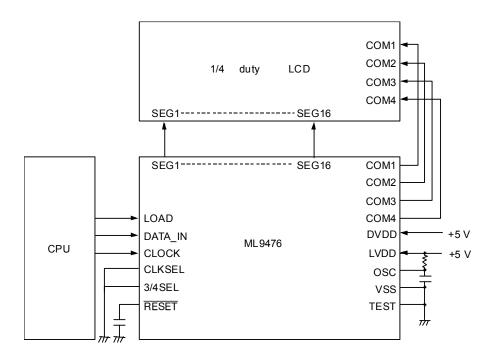
• 1/3 duty





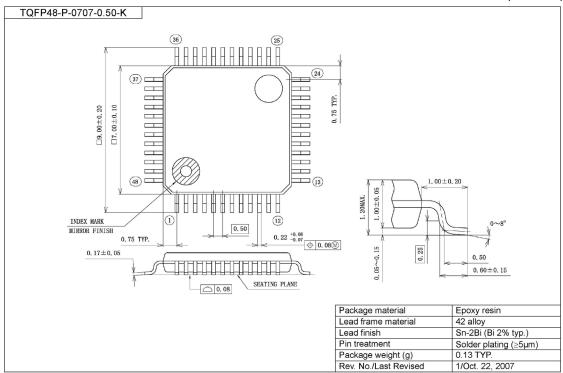


# APPLICATION CIRCUIT



#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

(Unit: mm)



Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The surface mount type packages are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage. Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact ROHM's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

# **REVISION HISTORY**

		F	Page		
Document No.	Date	Previous Edition	Current Edition	Description	
FEDL9476-01	Oct. 1, 2010	_	-	Final edition 1	

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