1. General description

NPN/PNP low V_{CEsat} Breakthrough In Small Signal (BISS) transistor in a leadless medium power DFN2020-6 (SOT1118) Surface-Mounted Device (SMD) plastic package.

NPN/NPN complement: PBSS4160PAN. PNP/PNP complement: PBSS5160PAP.

2. Features and benefits

- Very low collector-emitter saturation voltage V_{CEsat}
- High collector current capability I_C and I_{CM}
- High collector current gain h_{FE} at high I_C
- Reduced Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) requirements
- High efficiency due to less heat generation
- AEC-Q101 qualified

3. Applications

- Load switch
- Battery-driven devices
- Power management
- Charging circuits
- Power switches (e.g. motors, fans)

4. Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Per transistor	; for the PNP transistor	with negative polarity				
V _{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	60	V
I _C	collector current		-	-	1	Α
I _{CM}	peak collector current	single pulse; t _p ≤ 1 ms	-	-	1.5	Α
TR1 (NPN)						
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I_{C} = 0.5 A; I_{B} = 50 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	-	240	mΩ





Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TR2 (PNP)						
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I_C = -0.5 A; I_B = -50 mA; pulsed; t_p ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	360	mΩ

5. Pinning information

Table 2. Pinning information

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	E1	emitter TR1	6 5 4	C1 B2 E2
2	B1	base TR1		
3	C2	collector TR2	7 8	(TR1)
4	E2	emitter TR2		
5	B2	base TR2		E1 B1 C2
6	C1	collector TR1	Transparent top view DFN2020-6 (SOT1118)	sym139
7	C1	collector TR1	DI 142020-0 (3011110)	
8	C2	collector TR2		

6. Ordering information

Table 3. Ordering information

Type number	Package					
	Name	Description	Version			
PBSS4160PANP	DFN2020-6	plastic thermal enhanced ultra thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 2 x 2 x 0.65 mm	SOT1118			

7. Marking

Table 4. Marking codes

Type number	Marking code
PBSS4160PANP	2M

8. Limiting values

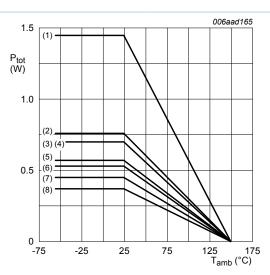
Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit	
Per transistor	Per transistor; for the PNP transistor with negative polarity						
V _{CBO}	collector-base voltage	open emitter		-	60	V	
V _{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage	open base		-	60	V	
PBSS4160PANP	BSS4160PANP All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers. © NXP B.V. 2013. All rights reserved						

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V_{EBO}	emitter-base voltage	open collector		-	7	V
I _C	collector current			-	1	Α
I _{CM}	peak collector current	single pulse; t _p ≤ 1 ms		-	1.5	Α
I _B	base current			-	0.3	Α
I _{BM}	peak base current	single pulse; t _p ≤ 1 ms		-	1	Α
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	370	mW
			[2]	-	570	mW
			[3]	-	530	mW
			[4]	-	700	mW
			[5]	-	450	mW
			[6]	-	760	mW
			[7]	-	700	mW
			[8]	-	1450	mW
Per device						
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 25 °C	[1]	-	510	mW
			[2]	-	780	mW
			[3]	-	730	mW
			[4]	-	960	mW
			[5]	-	620	mW
			[6]	-	1040	mW
			[7]	-	960	mW
			[8]	-	2000	mW
Tj	junction temperature			-	150	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature			-55	150	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-65	150	°C

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².
- [3] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².
- [5] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- 6] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².
- [7] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [8] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².



- (1) 4-layer PCB 70 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (2) FR4 PCB 70 µm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (3) 4-layer PCB 70 µm, standard footprint
- (4) 4-layer PCB 35 μm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (5) FR4 PCB 35 μm , mounting pad for collector 1 cm²
- (6) 4-layer PCB 35 µm, standard footprint
- (7) FR4 PCB 70 µm, standard footprint
- (8) FR4 PCB 35 µm, standard footprint

Fig. 1. Per transistor: power derating curves

9. Thermal characteristics

Table 6. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Per transisto	or						,
uily a)	thermal resistance	in free air	[1]	-	-	338	K/W
	from junction to ambient		[2]	-	-	219	K/W
anii	ambient		[3]	-	-	236	K/W
			[4]	-	-	179	K/W
			[5]	-	-	278	K/W
			[6]	-	-	164	K/W
			[7]	-	-	179	K/W
			[8]	-	-	86	K/W
R _{th(j-sp)}	thermal resistance from junction to solder point			-	-	30	K/W

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Per device	(
R _{th(j-a)} thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	[1]	-	-	245	K/W	
		[2]	-	-	160	K/W	
		[3]	-	-	171	K/W	
			[4]	-	-	130	K/W
			[5]	-	-	202	K/W
		_	[6]	-	-	120	K/W
			[7]	-	-	130	K/W
			[8]	-	-	63	K/W

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- 2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².
- [3] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [4] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 35 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².
- [5] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [6] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB, single-sided 70 μm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².
- [7] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated and standard footprint.
- [8] Device mounted on 4-layer PCB 70 µm copper strip line, tin-plated, mounting pad for collector 1 cm².

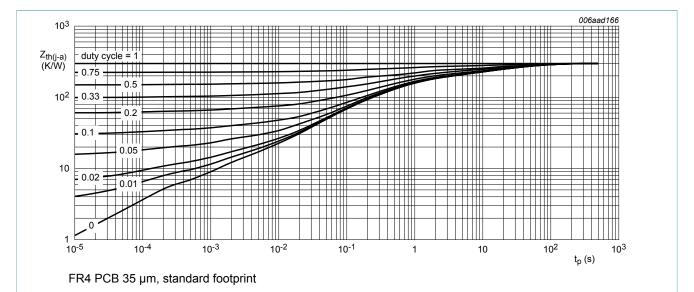
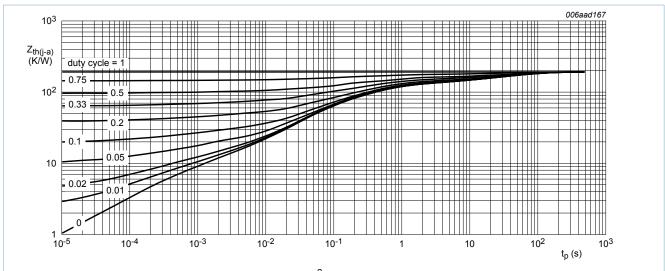
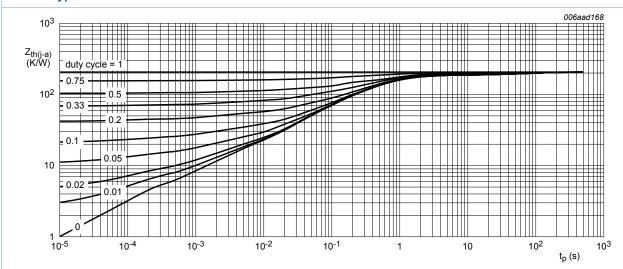


Fig. 2. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



FR4 PCB 35 µm, mounting pad for collector 1 cm²

Fig. 3. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values



4-layer PCB 35 µm, standard footprint

Fig. 4. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

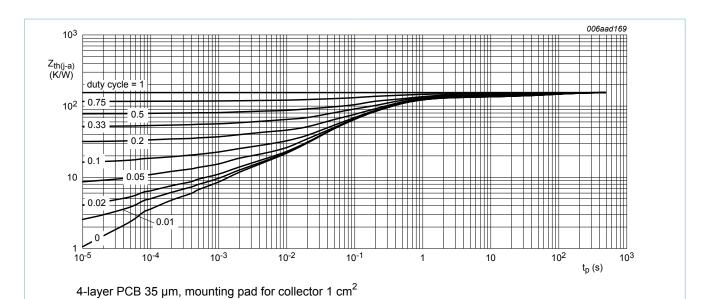


Fig. 5. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

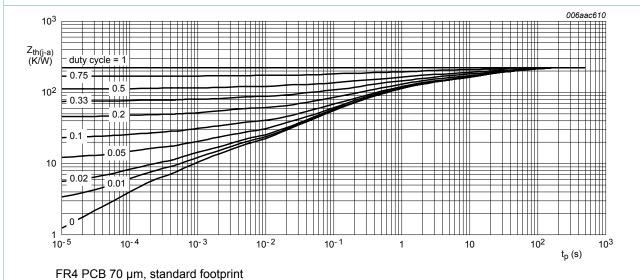


Fig. 6. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

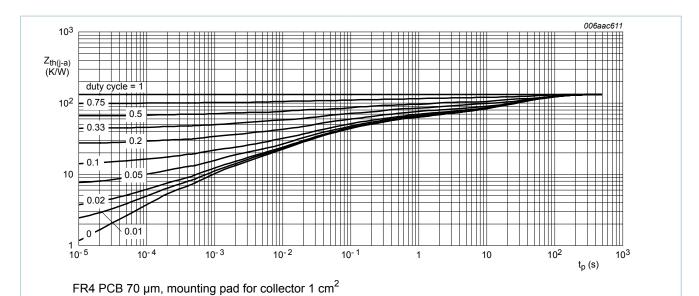


Fig. 7. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

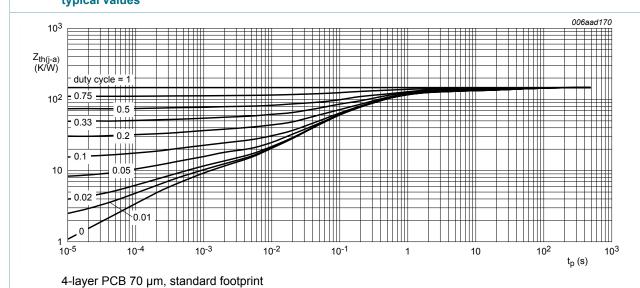


Fig. 8. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

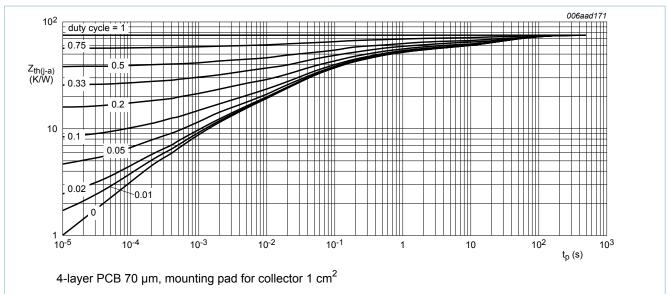


Fig. 9. Per transistor: transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

10. Characteristics

Table 7. Characteristics

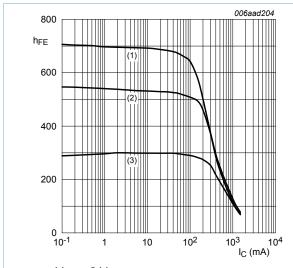
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TR1 (NPN)			,			
I _{CBO}	collector-base cut-off	V _{CB} = 48 V; I _E = 0 A; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	100	nA
	current	V _{CB} = 48 V; I _E = 0 A; T _j = 150 °C	-	-	50	μA
I _{EBO}	emitter-base cut-off current	V _{EB} = 5 V; I _C = 0 A; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	100	nA
h _{FE}	DC current gain	V_{CE} = 2 V; I_{C} = 100 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	290	430	-	
		V_{CE} = 2 V; I_{C} = 500 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300$ μs; $\delta \le 0.02$; T_{amb} = 25 °C	150	220	-	
		V_{CE} = 2 V; I_{C} = 1 A; pulsed; t_{p} ≤ 300 μs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T_{amb} = 25 °C	70	110	-	
V _{CEsat}	collector-emitter	I _C = 500 mA; I _B = 50 mA; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	90	120	mV
	saturation voltage	I_{C} = 1 A; I_{B} = 50 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; \ T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	185	240	mV
		I_{C} = 1 A; I_{B} = 100 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	175	220	mV
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I_{C} = 0.5 A; I_{B} = 50 mA; pulsed; t_{p} ≤ 300 µs; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	240	mΩ

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{BEsat}	base-emitter saturation	I_C = 500 mA; I_B = 50 mA; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	1	V
	voltage	I_C = 1 A; I_B = 50 mA; pulsed; $t_p \le 300 \text{ μs}; \delta \le 0.02 ; T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	-	1.1	V
		I_C = 1 A; I_B = 100 mA; pulsed; $t_p \le 300 \text{ μs}; \delta \le 0.02 ; T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	-	1.1	V
V_{BEon}	base-emitter turn-on voltage	V_{CE} = 2 V; I_{C} = 0.5 A; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; \ T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	-	0.9	V
t _d	delay time	V_{CC} = 10 V; I_{C} = 0.5 A; I_{Bon} = 25 mA;	-	15	-	ns
t _r	rise time	I_{Boff} = -25 mA; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	90	-	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time		-	105	-	ns
t _s	storage time		-	410	-	ns
t _f	fall time		-	130	-	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time		-	540	-	ns
f _T	transition frequency	V_{CE} = 10 V; I_{C} = 50 mA; f = 100 MHz; T_{amb} = 25 °C	90	175	-	MHz
C _c	collector capacitance	V _{CB} = 10 V; I _E = 0 A; i _e = 0 A; f = 1 MHz; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	4	6	pF
TR2 (PNP)						
I _{CBO}		$V_{CB} = -48 \text{ V}; I_{E} = 0 \text{ A}$	-	-	-100	nA
	current	V_{CB} = -48 V; I_{E} = 0 A; T_{j} = 150 °C	-	-	-50	μA
I _{EBO}	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = -5 \text{ V}; I_C = 0 \text{ A}$	-	-	-100	nA
h _{FE}	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = -2 \text{ V; } I_{C} = -100 \text{ mA; pulsed;}$ $t_{p} \le 300 \text{ µs; } \delta \le 0.02 \text{ ; } T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$	170	245	-	
		V_{CE} = -2 V; I_{C} = -500 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; \ T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	120	170	-	
		V_{CE} = -2 V; I_{C} = -1 A; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; \ T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	70	100	-	
V _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation voltage	I_{C} = -500 mA; I_{B} = -50 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 ; T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	-125	-180	mV
		I_{C} = -1 A; I_{B} = -50 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s$; $\delta \le 0.02$; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-390	-550	mV
		I_C = -1 A; I_B = -100 mA; pulsed; $t_p \le 300 \text{ μs}$; $\delta \le 0.02$; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-240	-340	mV
R _{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation resistance	I_{C} = -0.5 A; I_{B} = -50 mA; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s$; $\delta \le 0.02$; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	360	mΩ
V _{BEsat}	base-emitter saturation voltage	I_C = -500 mA; I_B = -50 mA; pulsed; $t_0 \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 ; T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$	-	-	-1	V

PBSS4160PANP

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Mi	п Тур	Max	Unit
		I_C = -1 A; I_B = -50 mA; pulsed; $t_p \le 300 \ \mu s$; $\delta \le 0.02$; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	-1	V
		I_C = -1 A; I_B = -100 mA; pulsed; $t_p \le 300 \ \mu s$; δ ≤ 0.02 ; T_{amb} = 25 °C	-	-	-1.1	V
V_{BEon}	base-emitter turn-on voltage	V_{CE} = -2 V; I_{C} = -0.5 A; pulsed; $t_{p} \le 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \le 0.02 \ ; T_{amb}$ = 25 °C	-	-	-0.9	V
t _d	delay time	V_{CC} = -10 V; I_{C} = -0.5 A; I_{Bon} = -25 mA;	-	15	-	ns
t _r	rise time	I _{Boff} = 25 mA; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	40	-	ns
t _{on}	turn-on time		-	55	-	ns
ts	storage time		-	95	-	ns
t _f	fall time		-	40	-	ns
t _{off}	turn-off time		-	135	-	ns
f _T	transition frequency	V_{CE} = -10 V; I_{C} = -50 mA; f = 100 MHz; T_{amb} = 25 °C	65	125	-	MHz
C _c	collector capacitance	V _{CB} = -10 V; I _E = 0 A; i _e = 0 A; f = 1 MHz; T _{amb} = 25 °C	-	9.5	13	pF



 $V_{CE} = 2 V$

(1) T_{amb} = 100 °C

(2) T_{amb} = 25 °C

(3) $T_{amb} = -55 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig. 10. TR1 (NPN): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values

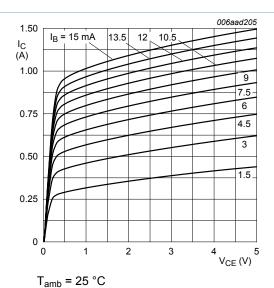
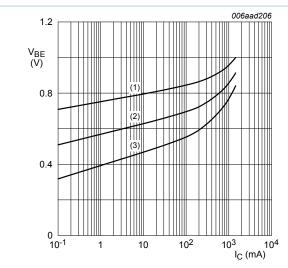


Fig. 11. TR1 (NPN): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



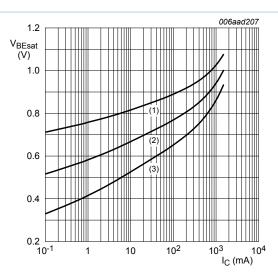
$$V_{CE} = 2 V$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = -55$$
 °C

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(3)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

Fig. 12. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



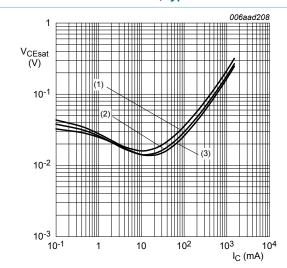
$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = -55 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb}$$
 = 25 °C

(3)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

Fig. 13. TR1 (NPN): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



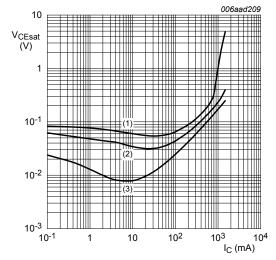
$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb}$$
 = 25 °C

(3)
$$T_{amb} = -55$$
 °C

Fig. 14. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

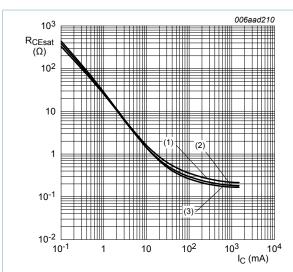


(1)
$$I_C/I_B = 100$$

(2)
$$I_C/I_B = 50$$

(3)
$$I_C/I_B = 10$$

Fig. 15. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



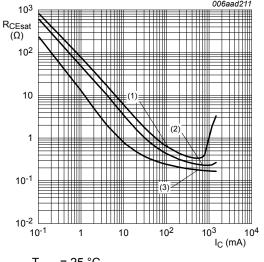
$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(3)
$$T_{amb} = -55$$
 °C

Fig. 16. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



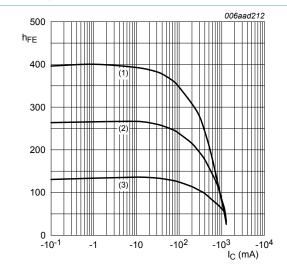
$$T_{amb}$$
 = 25 °C

(1)
$$I_C/I_B = 100$$

(2)
$$I_C/I_B = 50$$

(3)
$$I_C/I_B = 10$$

Fig. 17. TR1 (NPN): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



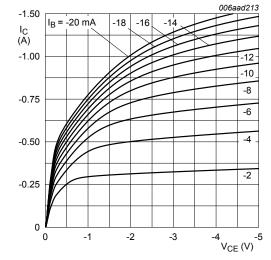
$$V_{CE} = -2 V$$

(1)
$$T_{amb}$$
 = 100 °C

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

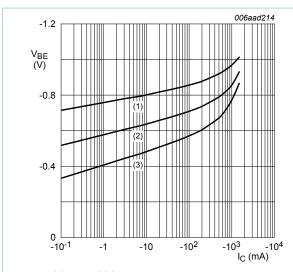
(3)
$$T_{amb} = -55$$
 °C

Fig. 18. TR2 (PNP): DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



T_{amb} = 25 °C

Fig. 19. TR2 (PNP): Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values



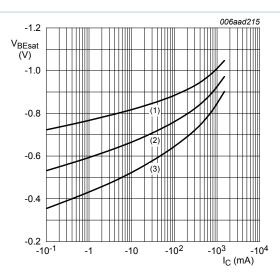
$$V_{CE} = -2 V$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = -55$$
 °C

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(3)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

Fig. 20. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



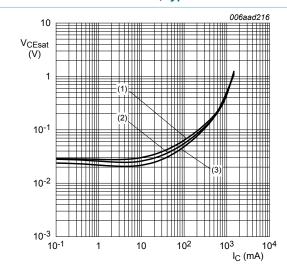
$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = -55 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

$$(3) T_{amb} = 100 °C$$

Fig. 21. TR2 (PNP): Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



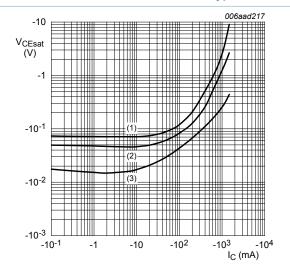
$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb}$$
 = 25 °C

(3)
$$T_{amb} = -55 \, ^{\circ}C$$

Fig. 22. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

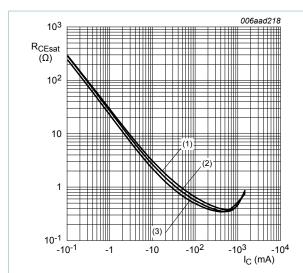


(1)
$$I_C/I_B = 100$$

(2)
$$I_C/I_B = 50$$

(3)
$$I_C/I_B = 10$$

Fig. 23. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



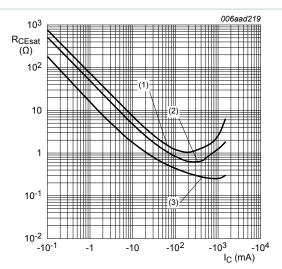
$$I_{\rm C}/I_{\rm B} = 20$$

(1)
$$T_{amb} = 100 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(2)
$$T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$$

(3)
$$T_{amb} = -55 \, ^{\circ}C$$

Fig. 24. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values



$$T_{amb}$$
 = 25 °C

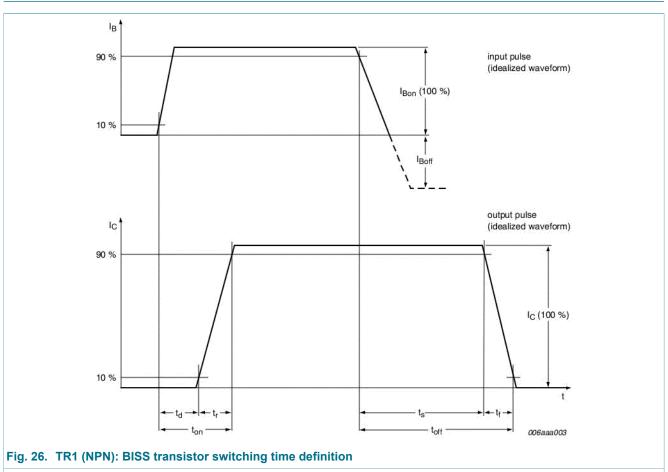
(1)
$$I_C/I_B = 100$$

(2)
$$I_C/I_B = 50$$

(3)
$$I_C/I_B = 10$$

Fig. 25. TR2 (PNP): Collector-emitter saturation resistance as a function of collector current; typical values

11. Test information



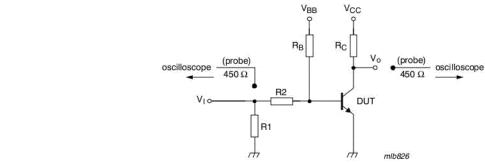
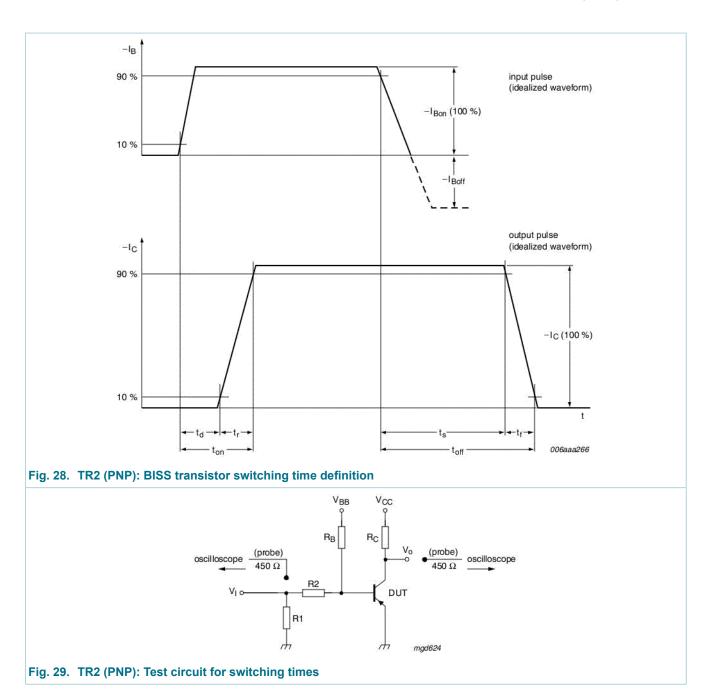


Fig. 27. TR1 (NPN): Test circuit for switching times

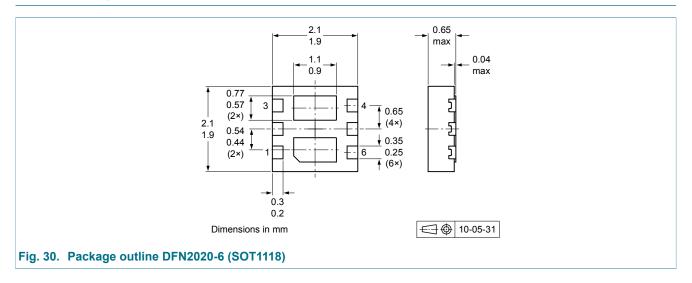


11.1 Quality information

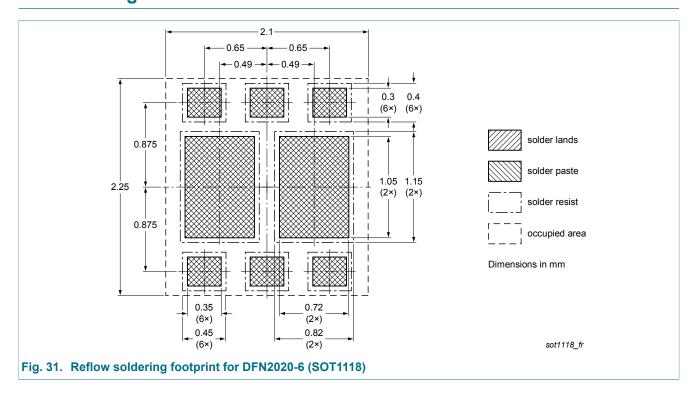
This product has been qualified in accordance with the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard *Q101 - Stress test qualification for discrete semiconductors*, and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

Product data sheet

12. Package outline



13. Soldering



14. Revision history

Table 8. Revision history

- turio or the final motor.						
Data sheet ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes		
PBSS4160PANP v.1	20130114	Product data sheet	-	-		

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Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
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Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

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- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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16. Contents

1	General description	1
2	Features and benefits	1
3	Applications	1
4	Quick reference data	1
5	Pinning information	2
6	Ordering information	2
7	Marking	2
8	Limiting values	2
9	Thermal characteristics	4
10	Characteristics	9
11	Test information	16
11.1	Quality information	
12	Package outline	18
13	Soldering	18
14	Revision history	18
15	Legal information	19
15.1	Data sheet status	19
15.2	Definitions	19
15.3	Disclaimers	19
15.4	Trademarks	20

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