# 2CL4509 2CL4512 **High Voltage Diodes for Micro-Wave Oven**

#### ■ Features

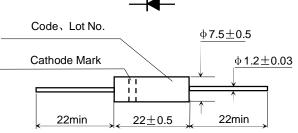
- I<sub>F (AV)</sub> 450mA
- V<sub>RRM</sub> 9kV ,12kV
- High reliability

### ■ Applications

• Rectification for high voltage power supply of magnetron in Micro wave oven and others

#### ■ Outline Dimensions and Mark





Type	Code	Cathode Mark
2CL4509	T4509	
2CL4512	T4512	

■ Limiting Values (Absolute Maximum Rating)

= Elimiting values (Absolute maximum Nating)								
Item	Symbol	Unit		2CL4509	2CL4512			
Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	kV		9	12			
Average Forward Current	I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	mA	450	450 (50H <sub>z</sub> Half-sine wave, Resistance load, T <sub>a</sub> ≤60°C)				
Forward Surge Current	I <sub>FSM</sub>	Α	30	30 (50H <sub>z</sub> Half-sine wave,1cycle,T <sub>a</sub> =25 °C )				
Reverse Surge Current	I <sub>RSM</sub>	mA	100 (W <sub>P</sub> =1ms, Rectangular-wave, One-shot, T <sub>a</sub> =25°C)					
Virtual Junction Temperature	T <sub>(vj)</sub>	$^{\circ}$	130					
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	$^{\circ}$	-40 ~ +130					

<sup>\*</sup>Cooling Requirement: Cathode terminal is fastened to radiating fin that size is more than 50mm×50mm×0.6mm Wind-cooled velocity is more than 0.5m/s

### ■ Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C Unless otherwise specified)

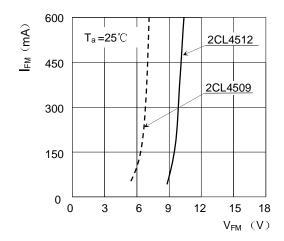
Item	Symbol	Unit	Test Condition	2CL4509	2CL4512
Peak Forward Voltage	$V_{FM}$	<b>V</b>	I <sub>FM</sub> =450mA	≪9	≤11
Peak Reverse Current	I <sub>RRM1</sub>	μ <b>A</b>	$V_{RM}=V_{RRM}$	<b>≤</b> 5	
Avalanche Breakdown Voltage	V (BR)	kV	I <sub>R</sub> =100 µ A	≥9.5	≥12.5

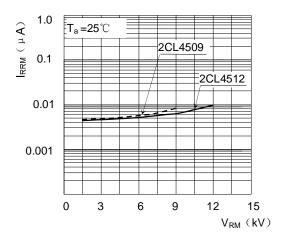


# **Power Semiconductor Technology**

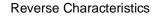
# 2CL4509 2CL4512 High Voltage Diodes for Micro-Wave Oven

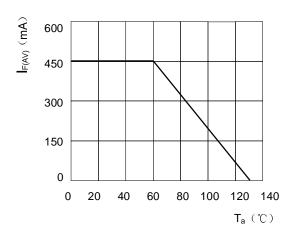
### **■** Characteristics(Typical)

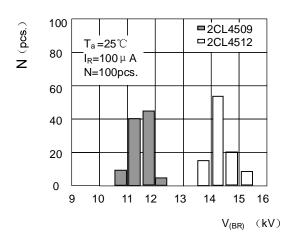




Forward Characteristics



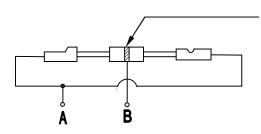




I<sub>F</sub> (AV) —T<sub>a</sub> Derating

Breakdown Voltage Distribution

#### Safety Test



3mm Wide metal film is rolled on the surface middle of diode body

- 1.Insulation Resistance Test:500V DC voltage is added between A and B. The measurement by insulation resistance meter is big than 1000M  $\Omega$ .
- Resistance To Voltage Strength Test: 15kV halfsine wave voltage is added between A and B for one minute and no breakdown or arc in insulation oil.