



# N-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET

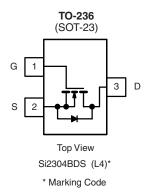
PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I <sub>D</sub> (A)	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)		
30	0.070 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	3.2	2.6		
	0.105 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V	2.6	2.0		

#### **FEATURES**

• Halogen-free Option Available







Ordering Information: Si2304BDS-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)

Si2304BDS-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted						
Parameter		Symbol	5 s	Steady State	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	30		V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20			
Continuous Dunin Comment /T 150 00\8. b	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	- I <sub>D</sub>	3.2	2.6	Δ.	
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C) <sup>a, b</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		2.5	2.1		
Pulsed Drain Current		I <sub>DM</sub>	10		Α	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction) <sup>a, b</sup>		I <sub>S</sub>	0.9	0.62		
Mariana Barra Birata di alah	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	- P <sub>D</sub>	1.08	0.75	W	
Maximum Power Dissipation <sup>a, b</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		0.69	0.48		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55	to 150	°C	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Marine Landing to Australia	t ≤ 5 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	90	115		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>a</sup>	Steady State	' ¹thJA	130	166	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	$R_{thJF}$	60	75		

#### Notes:

- a. Surface Mounted on FR4 board,  $t \le 5 \text{ s.}$
- b. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- c. Surface Mounted on FR4 board.

For SPICE model information via the Worldwide Web: http://www.vishay.com/www/product/spice.htm

# Vishay Siliconix

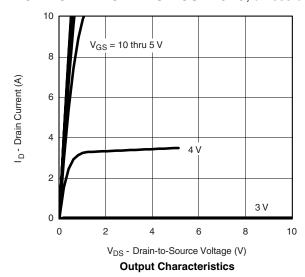


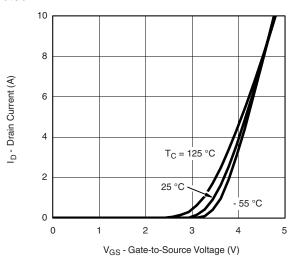
			Limits				
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, } I_D = 250  \mu\text{A}$				V	
Gate-Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$	1.5		3.0	v	
Gate-Body Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
		V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			0.5	μΑ	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 30 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C			10		
		$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 1.0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			1	1	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \ge 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	6			Α	
Due in Course On Braintana a	D	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.5 \text{ A}$	0.055 0.070		0.070		
Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ A}$		0.080	0.105	Ω	
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	g <sub>fs</sub>	$V_{DS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 2.5 \text{ A}$		6.0		S	
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	I <sub>S</sub> = 1.25 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		0.8	1.2	V	
Dynamic							
Gate Charge	$Q_g$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.5 \text{ A}$		2.6	4		
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>gt</sub>			4.6	7	nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 2.5 \text{ A}$		0.8		I IIC	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>			1.15		1	
Gate Resistance	$R_{g}$	f = 1.0 MHz		3.0		Ω	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			225			
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		50		pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			28		ı	
Switching							
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			7.5	12		
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 15 V, $R_L$ = 15 $\Omega$		12.5	20	nc	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D\cong$ 1 A, $V_{GEN}$ = 10 V, $R_g$ = 6 $\Omega$		19	30	ns	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			15	25	in the second	

#### Notes:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted





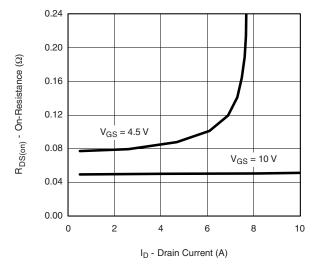
a. Pulse test: PW  $\leq$  300  $\mu s,$  duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.



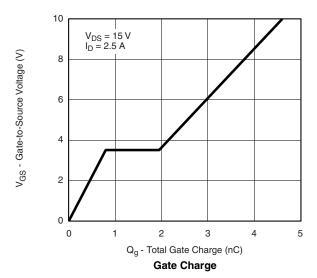


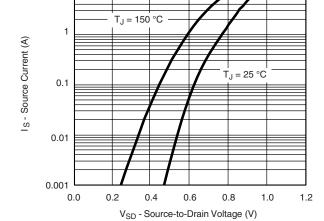


#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

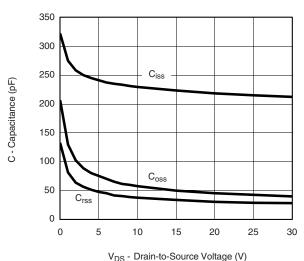


#### **On-Resistance vs. Drain Current**



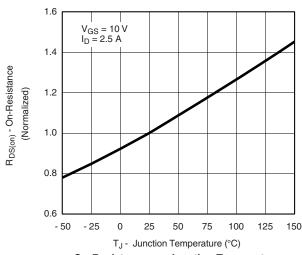


Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

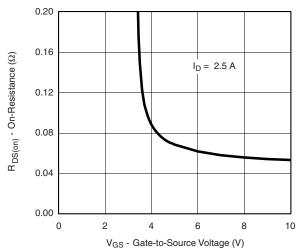


VDS - Dialil-to-Source voltage (V)

### Capacitance



On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

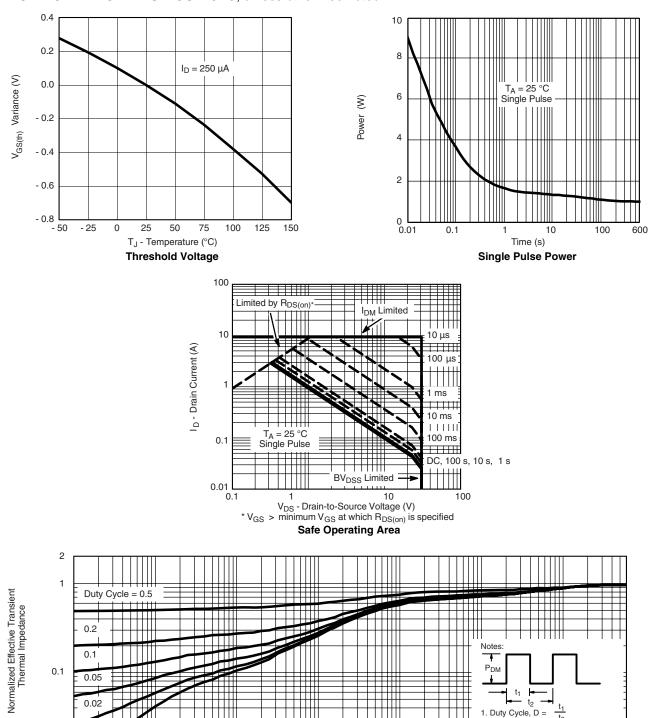


On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Square Wave Pulse Duration (s) Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72503.

10<sup>-1</sup>

0.01

Single Pulse

10<sup>-3</sup>

10-2

 $\pm 111111$ 

t<sub>2</sub>

100

= 130 °C/W

600

2. Per Unit Base = R<sub>thJA</sub>

 $3.\,T_{JM}\, \cdot T_A = P_{DM}Z_{thJA}{}^{(t)}$ 

4. Surface Mounted

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## SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD







Dim	MILLI	METERS	INCHES			
	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Α	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044		
A <sub>1</sub>	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004		
A <sub>2</sub>	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040		
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020		
С	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007		
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120		
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104		
E <sub>1</sub>	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055		
е	0.95 BSC		0.037	74 Ref		
e <sub>1</sub>	1.90 BSC		0.074			
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024		
L <sub>1</sub>	0.64 Ref		0.025 Ref			
S	0.50 Ref		0.020 Ref			
q	3°	8°	3°	8°		
FCN: S-03946-Rev K 09-	lul-01	•				

ECN: S-03946-Rev. K, 09-Jul-01

DWG: 5479

Document Number: 71196 www.vishay.com 09-Jul-01





# **Mounting LITTLE FOOT® SOT-23 Power MOSFETs**

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SOT-23 power MOSFET footprint. In converting this footprint to the pad set for a power device, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

The electrical connections for the SOT-23 are very simple. Pin 1 is the gate, pin 2 is the source, and pin 3 is the drain. As in the other LITTLE FOOT packages, the drain pin serves the additional function of providing the thermal connection from the package to the PC board. The total cross section of a copper trace connected to the drain may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it may be inadequate thermally. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pin is the heat source when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the footprint with copper spreading for the SOT-23 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pin and provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain lead and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the

ambient air. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

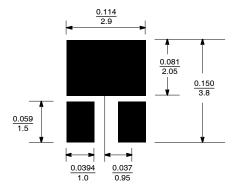


FIGURE 1. Footprint With Copper Spreading

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low-impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

Document Number: 70739 26-Nov-03



#### **RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23**



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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APPLICATION NOTE





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Revision: 11-Mar-11