IP4855CX25

SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated voltage level translator with EMI filter and ESD protection

Rev. 1 — 13 September 2012

Product data sheet

1. General description

The device is an SD 3.0-compliant 6-bit bidirectional dual voltage level translator. It is designed to interface between a memory card operating at 1.8 V or 2.9 V signal levels and a host with a fixed nominal supply voltage of 1.2 V to 3.3 V. The device supports SD 3.0 SDR50, DDR50, SDR25, SDR12 and SD 2.0 High-Speed (50 MHz) and Default-Speed (25 MHz) modes. The device has an integrated switchable voltage regulator to supply the card-side I/Os, built-in EMI filters and robust ESD protections (IEC 61000-4-2, level 4).

2. Features and benefits

- Supports up to 100 MHz clock rate
- Feedback channel for clock synchronization
- SD 3.0 specification-compliant voltage translation to support SDR50, DDR50, SDR25, SDR12, High-Speed and Default-Speed modes
- Low dropout voltage regulator to supply the card-side I/Os
- Low power consumption by push-pull output stage with break-before-make architecture
- Integrated pull-up and pull-down resistors: no external resistors required
- Integrated EMI filters suppress higher harmonics of digital I/Os
- Integrated 8 kV ESD protection according to IEC 61000-4-2, level 4 on card side
- Level shifting buffers keep ESD stress away from the host (zero-clamping concept)
- Pb-free, RoHS compliant and free of halogen and antimony (Dark Green compliant)
- 25-ball WLCSP; pitch 0.4 mm

3. Applications

SD, MMC or microSD memory card interfaces in portable electronic applications supporting different interface voltage modes of the SD 3.0 specification, such as mobile and smart phone, digital camera and card reader in (laptop) computer.

4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

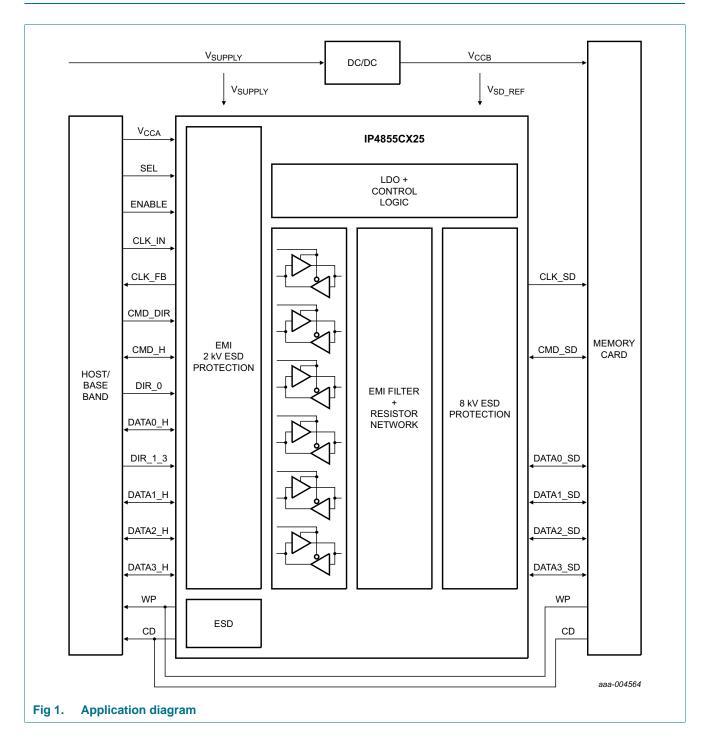
Type number	Package	ackage						
	Name	Description	Version					
IP4855CX25/P	WLCSP25	wafer level chip-size package; 25 bumps (5 \times 5)	IP4855CX25					

[1] Size $2.04 \times 2.04 \times 0.5$ mm



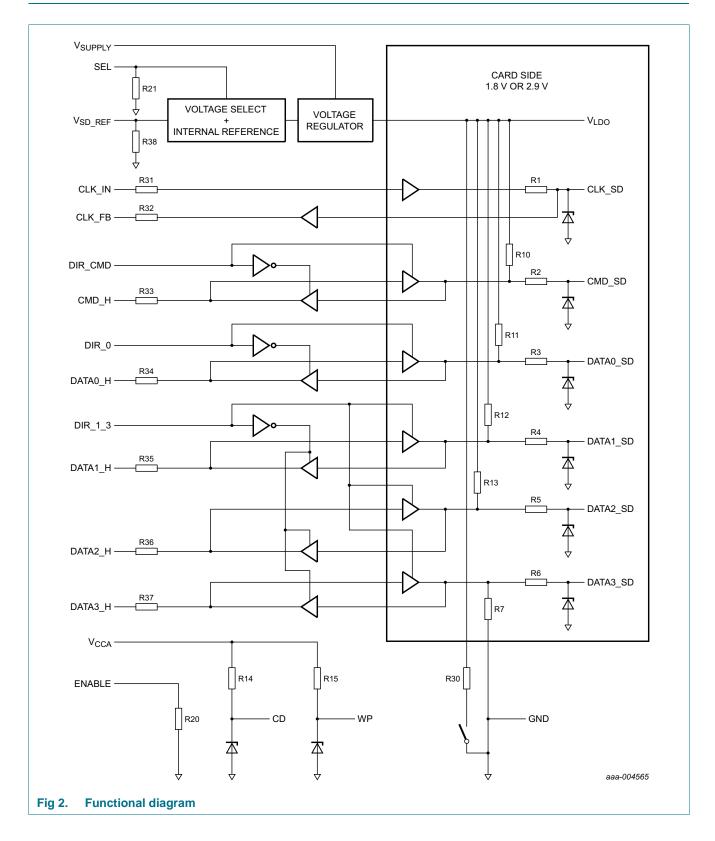
SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

5. Block diagram



SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator

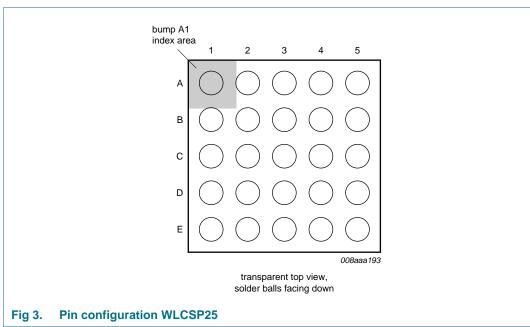
6. Functional diagram



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7. Pinning information

7.1 Pinning



Pin allocation table

Pin Symbol Pin Symbol Pin **Symbol** Pin **Symbol** Pin **Symbol** Α1 DATA2_H Α2 DIR_CMD АЗ DIR_0 A4 V_{SUPPLY} Α5 DATA2_SD В1 DATA3_H B2 SEL ВЗ V_{LDO} В5 DATA3_SD V_{CCA} C1 CLK_IN C2 **ENABLE** C3 **GND** CLK_SD C4 C5 V_{SD_REF} D1 DATA0_H D2 CMD_H D3 CD D4 CMD_SD D5 DATA0_SD E1 DATA1_H E2 CLK_FB E3 DIR_1_3 E4 WP E5 DATA1_SD

7.2 Pin description

Table 2.

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol [1]	Pin	Type [2]	Description
DATA2_H	A1	I/O	data 2 input or output on host side
DIR_CMD	A2	I	direction control input for command
DIR_0	А3	I	direction control input for data 0
V _{SUPPLY}	A4	S	supply voltage (from battery or regulator)
DATA2_SD	A5	I/O	data 2 input or output on memory card side
DATA3_H	B1	I/O	data 3 input or output on host side
SEL	B2	I	card side I/O voltage level select
V _{CCA}	В3	S	supply voltage from host side
V_{LDO}	B4	0	internal supply decoupling
DATA3_SD	B5	I/O	data 3 input or output on memory card side

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 Table 3.
 Pin description ...continued

Symbol [1]	Pin	Type [2]	Description
CLK_IN	C1	I	clock signal input on host side
ENABLE	C2	I	device enable input
GND	C3	S	supply ground
V _{SD_REF}	C4	I	reference voltage for the internal voltage regulator
CLK_SD	C5	0	clock signal output on memory card side
DATA0_H	D1	I/O	data 0 input or output on host side
CMD_H	D2	I/O	command input or output on host side
CD	D3	0	card detect switch biasing output
CMD_SD	D4	I/O	command input or output on memory card side
DATA0_SD	D5	I/O	data 0 input or output on memory card side
DATA1_H	E1	I/O	data 1 input or output on host side
CLK_FB	E2	0	clock feedback output on host side
DIR_1_3	E3	I	direction control input for data 1, data 2, data 3
WP	E4	0	write protect switch biasing output
DATA1_SD	E5	I/O	data 1 input or output on memory card side

^[1] The pin names relate particularly to SD memory cards, but also apply to microSD and MMC memory cards.

8. Functional description

8.1 Level translator

The bidirectional level translator shifts the data between the I/O supply levels of the host and the memory card. Dedicated direction control signals determine if a command and data signals are transferred from the memory card to the host (card read mode) or from the host to the memory card (card write mode). The voltage translator has to support several clock and data transfer rates at the signaling levels specified in the SD 3.0 standard specification.

Table 4. Supported modes

Bus speed mode	Signal level (V)	Clock rate (MHz)	Data rate (MB/s)
Default-Speed	3.3	25	12.5
High-Speed	3.3	50	25
SDR12	1.8	25	12.5
SDR25	1.8	50	25
SDR50	1.8	100	50
DDR50	1.8	50	50

^[2] I = input, O = output, I/O = input and output, S = power supply

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8.2 Enable and direction control

The pin ENABLE enables/disables the Low DropOut (LDO) and is used to put the host-side, card-side I/O drivers into high-ohmic 3-state mode.

Table 5. I/O function control signal truth table

Control		Host-side		Memory card-side		
Pin	Level ^[1]	Pin	Function	Pin	Function	
Pin ENABLE =	HIGH and V _{CCA}	≥ 1.62 V				
DIR_CMD	Н	CMD_H	input	CMD_SD	output	
	L	CMD_H	output	CMD_SD	input	
DIR_0	Н	DATA0_H	input	DATA0_SD	output	
	L	DATA0_H	output	DATA0_SD	input	
DIR_1_3	Н	DATA1_H DATA2_H DATA3_H	input	DATA1_SD DATA2_SD DATA3_SD	output	
	L	DATA1_H DATA2_H DATA3_H	output	DATA1_SD DATA2_SD DATA3_SD	input	
-	-	CLK_IN	input	CLK_SD	output	
-	-	CLK_FB	output	-	-	
Pin ENABLE =	LOW or V _{CCA} ≤	0.8 V				
DIR_CMD	X	CMD_H	high-ohmic	CMD_SD	high-ohmic	
DIR_0	Χ	DATA0_H	high-ohmic	DATA0_SD	high-ohmic	
DIR_1_3	X	DATA1_H DATA2_H DATA3_H	high-ohmic	DATA1_SD DATA2_SD DATA3_SD	high-ohmic	
-	-	CLK_IN	input	CLK_SD	high-ohmic	
-	-	CLK_IN	high-ohmic	-	-	

^[1] H = HIGH; L = LOW and X = irrelevant.

8.3 Integrated voltage regulator

The low dropout voltage regulator delivers supply voltage for the voltage translators and the card-side input/output stages. It has to support 1.8 V and 3 V signaling modes as stipulated in the SD 3.0 specification. The switching time between the two output voltage modes is compliant with SD 3.0 specification. Depending on the signaling level at pin SEL, the regulator delivers 1.8 V (SEL = HIGH) or 2.9 V (SEL = LOW, $V_{SD_REF} < 1$ V). For card supply voltage, see Section 8.4.

Table 6. SD card side voltage level control signal truth table

Input		Output				
SEL[1]	V _{SD_REF}	V_{LDO}	Pin[2]	Function		
Н	irrelevant	1.8 V	DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD, CLK_SD	low supply voltage level (1.8 V _{typ})		
L	< 1 V	2.9 V	DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD, CLK_SD	high supply voltage level (2.9 V _{typ})		
	> 1.5 V	V_{SD_REF}	DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD, CLK_SD	supply voltage level based on V _{SD_REF}		

^[1] H = HIGH and L = LOW.

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^[2] Host-side pins are not influenced by SEL.

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8.4 Memory card voltage tracking (reference select)

The device can track the memory card supply via pin V_{SD_REF} . This allows achieving optimum interoperability by perfectly matching input/output levels between voltage translator and memory card in the 3 V signaling mode. Therefore, the voltage regulator aims to follow the reference voltage provided at input V_{SD_REF} directly . If tracking of the memory card supply is not desired, connect pin V_{SD_REF} to ground so the voltage regulator refers to an integrated voltage reference. For 1.8 V (SEL = HIGH) signaling, the voltage regulator is referred to the internal reference which is independent of the voltage at V_{SD_REF} .

8.5 Feedback clock channel

The clock is transmitted from the host to the memory card side. The voltage translator and the Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) tracks introduce some amount of delay. It reduces timing margin for data read back from memory card, especially at higher data rates. Therefore, a feedback path is provided to compensate the delay. The reasoning behind this approach is the fact that the clock is always delivered by the host, while the data in the timing critical read mode comes from the card.

8.6 EMI filter

All input/output driver stages are equipped with EMI filters to reduce interferences towards sensitive mobile communication.

8.7 ESD protection

The device has robust ESD protections on all memory card pins as well as on the V_{SD_REF} and V_{SUPPLY} pins. The architecture prevents any stress for the host: the voltage translator discharges any stress to supply ground.

Pins Write Protect (WP) and Card Detection (CD) might be pulled down by the memory card which has to be detected by the host. Both signals must be HIGH if no card is inserted. Therefore the pins are equipped with International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) system-level ESD protections and pull-up resistors connected to the host supply V_{CCA} .

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9. Limiting values

Table 7. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage	4 ms transient			
		on pin V _{SUPPLY}	-0.5	+6.0	V
		on pin V _{CCA}	-0.5	+4.6	V
VI	input voltage	4 ms transient at I/O pins	-0.5	+4.6	V
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1000	mW
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+150	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
V _{ESD}	electrostatic discharge voltage	IEC 61000-4-2, level 4, all memory card-side pins, $V_{\text{SUPPLY}}, V_{\text{SD_REF}}, \text{WP}$ and CD to ground	[1] -8000	+8000	V
		Human Body Model (HBM) JEDEC JESD22-A114F; all pins	-2000	+2000	V
		Machine Model (MM) JEDEC JESD22-A115; all pins	-200	+200	V
I _{lu(IO)}	input/output latch-up current	JESD 78B: $-0.5 \text{ V}_{CC} < \text{V}_{I} < 1.5 \text{ V}_{CC}$; $\text{T}_{j} < 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-100	+100	mA

^[1] All system level tests are performed with the application-specific capacitors connected to the supply pins V_{SUPPLY}, V_{LDO} and V_{CCA}.

10. Recommended operating conditions

Table 8. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage	on pin V _{SUPPLY}	[1]	2.5	-	5.5	V
		on pin V _{CCA}		1.1	-	3.6	V
VI	input voltage	host side	[2]	-0.3	-	$V_{CCA} + 0.3$	V
		memory card side		-0.3	-	$V_{O(reg)} + 0.3$	V
C _{ext}	external capacitance	recommended capacitor at pin V_{LDO}		-	1.0	-	μF
ESR	equivalent series resistance	at pin V _{LDO}		0	-	50	mW
C _{ext}	external	recommended capacitor at pin V _{SUPPLY}		-	0.1	-	μF
	capacitance	recommended capacitor at pin V _{CCA}		-	0.1	-	μF

^[1] By minimum value the device is still fully functional, but the voltage on pin V_{LDO} might drop below the recommended memory card supply voltage.

^[2] The voltage must not exceed 3.6 V.

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 Table 9.
 Integrated resistors

 T_{amb} = 25 °C; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R_{pd}	pull-down resistance	R7; tolerance ±30 %		329	470	611	$k\Omega$
		R30; tolerance ±30 %		70	100	130	Ω
		R38; tolerance ±30 %		200	350	500	kΩ
		R20, R21; tolerance ±30 %		200	350	500	kΩ
R _{pu}	pull-up resistance	R10; tolerance ±30 %		10.5	15	19.5	kΩ
		R11 to R13; tolerance ±30 %		49	70	91	kΩ
		R14 and R15; tolerance ±30 %		70	100	130	kΩ
R_s	series resistance	card side; R1 to R6; tolerance ±20 %	<u>[1]</u>	32	40	48	Ω
		host side; R31 to R37; tolerance ±20 %	<u>[1]</u>	26	33	40	Ω

^[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization.

11. Static characteristics

Table 10. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; $T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); $C_{ext} = 1 \ \mu F$ at pin V_{LDO} ; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
Supply v	oltage regulator for ca	ard-side I/O pin: V _{LDO}				
V _{O(reg)}	regulator output	SEL = LOW; $V_{SD_REF} < 1 \text{ V}$; $V_{SUPPLY} \ge 2.9 \text{ V}$	2.75	2.9	3.0	V
	voltage	SEL = LOW; $V_{SD_REF} > 1.5 \text{ V}$; $V_{SUPPLY} \ge V_{SD_REF}$	V _{SD_REF} - 0.15	V_{SD_REF}	V _{SD_REF} + 0.05	V
		SEL = HIGH; V _{SUPPLY} ≥ 2.5 V	1.7	1.8	1.95	V
V _{do(reg)}	regulator dropout voltage	SEL = LOW; $V_{SUPPLY} \le 2.9 \text{ V}$; $I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$	-	-	150	mV
Host-sid	e input signals: CMD_	H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H, CLK_IN				
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		$\begin{array}{c} 0.625 \times \\ V_{CCA} \end{array}$	-	V _{CCA} + 0.3	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	$\begin{array}{c} 0.25 \times \\ V_{CCA} \end{array}$	V
ILI	input leakage current	V _{CCA} = 1.8 V; ENABLE = LOW	-	-	1.0	nA
Host-sid	e control signals					
SEL, EN	ABLE, DIR_0, DIR_1_3	, DIR_CMD				
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		0.625 × V _{CCA}	-	V _{CCA} + 0.3	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	$\begin{array}{c} 0.35 \times \\ V_{CCA} \end{array}$	V
V _{SD_REF}						
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		1.5	-	3.63	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		-0.3	-	1.0	V

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 Table 10.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; $T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); $C_{ext} = 1 \ \mu F$ at pin V_{LDO} ; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
Host-sid	e output signals: CLK	_FB, CMD_H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H				
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$I_O = 2 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ (card side)}$	$0.75 \times V_{CCA}$		-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$I_O = -2 \text{ mA}$; $V_I = V_{IL}$ (card side)	-	-	0.125 × V _{CCA}	V
Card-sid	e input signals: CMD_	SD and DATA0_SD to DATA3_SD				
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	$\begin{array}{c} 0.625 \times \\ V_{O(reg)} \end{array}$	-	V _{O(reg)} + 0.3	V
		SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	$\begin{array}{c} 0.625 \times \\ V_{O(reg)} \end{array}$	-	V _{O(reg)} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	-0.3	-	$0.25 \times V_{O(reg)}$	V
		SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	-0.3	-	$\begin{array}{c} 0.25 \times \\ V_{O(reg)} \end{array}$	V
Card-sid	e output signal					
CMD_SD	and DATA0_SD to DA	TA3_SD, CLK_SD				
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$I_O = -4$ mA; $V_I = V_{IH}$ (host side); SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \times \\ V_{O(reg)} \end{array}$	-	V _{O(reg)} + 0.3	V
		$I_O = -2$ mA; $V_I = V_{IH}$ (host side); SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	$0.75 \times V_{O(reg)}$	-	V _{O(reg)} + 0.3	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$I_O = 4$ mA; $V_I = V_{IL}$ (host side); SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	-0.3	-	$0.125 \times V_{O(reg)}$	V
		I_O = 2 mA; V_I = V_{IL} (host side); SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	-0.3	-	$0.125 \times V_{O(reg)}$	V
I _{O(sc)}	short-circuit output current	card-side pins connected to ground; host-side input signals = HIGH; V _{SD_REF} = 3.6 V; V _{SUPPLY} = 5.5 V; V _{CCA} = 3.6 V; SEL = LOW; DIR_1_3, DIR_CMD, DIR_0 = HIGH	-	-	100	mA
Bus signa	al equivalent capacitano	ce				
C _{ch}	channel capacitance	$V_I = 0 \text{ V; } f_i = 1 \text{ MHz; } V_{SUPPLY} = 3.5 \text{ V; } V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	<u>[2]</u>			
		host side	-	3.5	5	pF
Current 4	consumption	card side	-	5	10	pF
	static supply current	ENABLE = HIGH (active mode);				
I _{CC(stat)}	static supply current	all inputs = HIGH; DIR = LOW				
		SEL = LOW (2.9 V interface)	-	-	100	μΑ
		SEL = HIGH (1.8 V interface)	-	-	100	μΑ
I _{CC(stb)}	standby supply current	ENABLE = LOW (inactive mode)	-	-	1	μΑ

^[1] Typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

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^[2] EMI filter line capacitance per data channel from I/O driver to pin; C_{ch} is guaranteed by design.

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12. Dynamic characteristics

12.1 Voltage regulator

Table 11. Voltage regulator

 $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit			
Voltage reg	Voltage regulator output pin: V _{LDO}								
t _{startup(reg)}	regulator start-up time	V_{CCA} = 1.8 V; V_{SUPPLY} = 3.5 V; C_{ext} = 1 μ F; see <u>Figure 5</u>	-	-	100	μS			
t _{f(O)}	output fall time	V _{O(reg)} = 2.9 V to 1.8 V; SEL = LOW to HIGH; see <u>Figure 4</u>	-	-	1	ms			
t _{r(o)}	output rise time	V _{O(reg)} = 1.8 V to 2.9 V; SEL = HIGH to LOW; see <u>Figure 4</u>	-	-	100	μS			

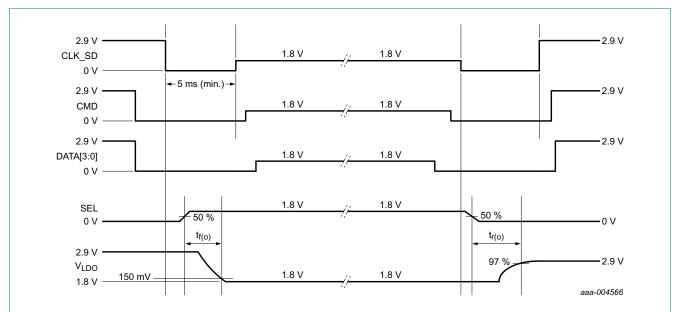
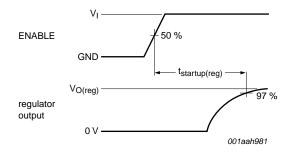


Fig 4. Regulator mode change timing



Measuring points: ENABLE signal at 0.5 $\rm V_{CCA}$ and regulator output signal at 0.97 $\rm V_{O(reg)}$

Fig 5. Regulator start-up time

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12.2 ESD characteristic of pin write protect and card detect

Table 12. ESD characteristic of write protect and card detect

At recommended operating conditions; $T_{amb} = +25$ °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ESD prot	ection pins: WP and C	D				
V_{BR}	breakdown voltage	TLP; I = 1 mA	-	8	-	V
r _{dyn}	dynamic resistance	positive transient	<u>[1]</u> -	0.5	-	Ω
		negative transient	<u>[1]</u> _	0.5	-	Ω

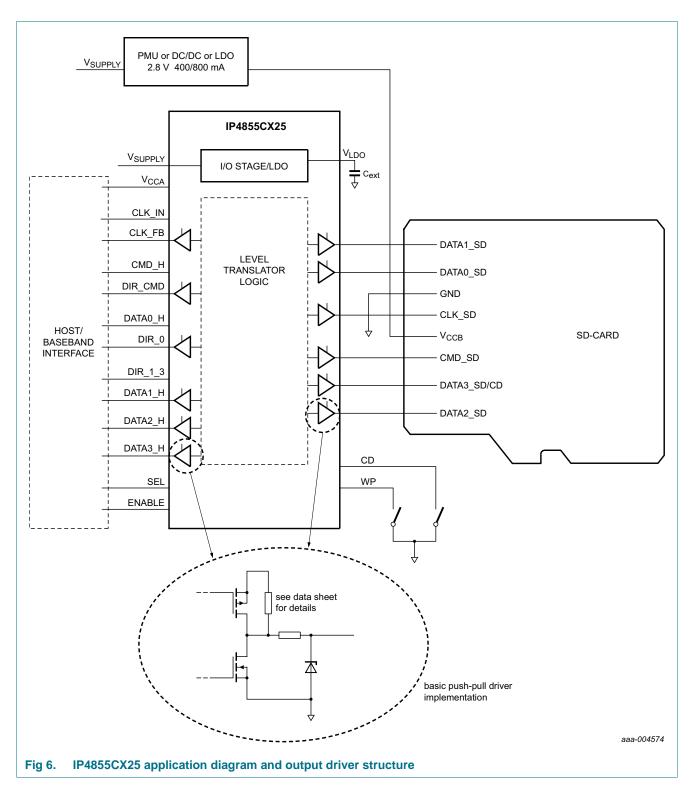
^[1] TLP according to ANSI-ESD STM5.5.1/IEC 62615 Z_0 = 50 Ω ; pulse width = 100 ns; rise time = 200 ps; averaging window = 50 ns to 80 ns

13. Application information

The IP4855CX25 is optimized to connect SD 3.0 and SD 2.0 compatible memory cards to 1.8 V base band/host interfaces. While the internal I/O interface towards the memory card is supplied by the IP4855CX25 integrated voltage regulator, any connected memory card has to be supplied from an external source. Using for example DDR50 or SDR50 modes requires a power supply with up to 400 mA DC current capabilities.

Place IP4855CX25 as close as possible to the card holder to minimize the influence of trace length on the timing values. The trace length between IP4855CX25 and the card has a much bigger influence on the timing than the identical length between the host interface and the IP4855CX25.

SD 3.0-compliant memory card integrated dual voltage level translator



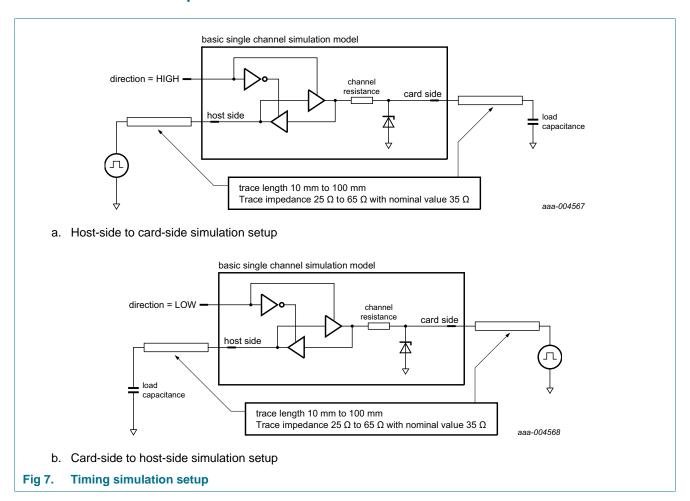
One main task of the level translator is to shift the signal within the SD 3.0 specification. Therefore, the following simulation results show the low impact of the device. Use the clock feedback channel for a compensation of delay introduced by PCB traces and IP4855CX25.

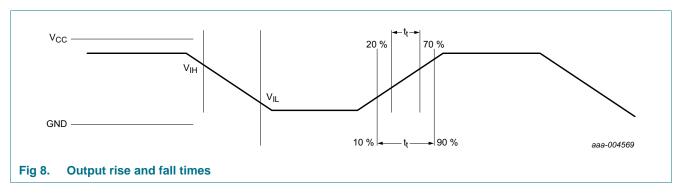
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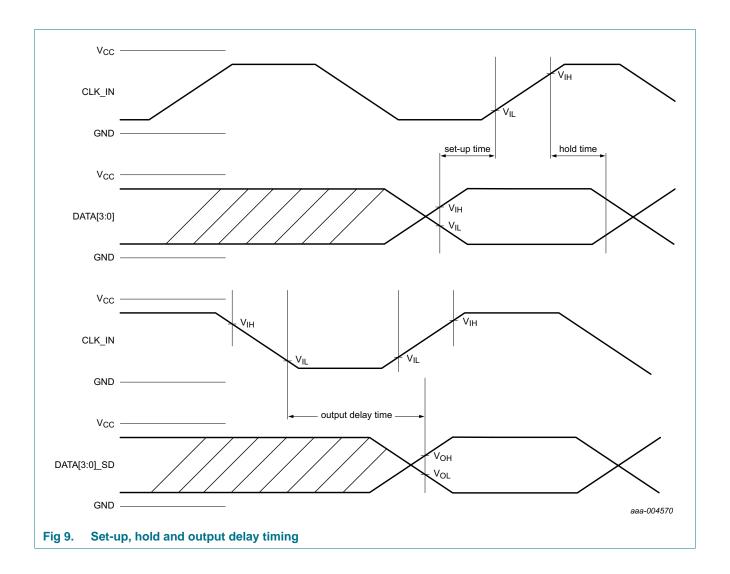
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13.1 Simulation setup for transition time, propagation delay and set-up/hold times





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13.2 Interface voltage timing data

Table 13. Output rise and fall times card side

 $V_{SUPPLY} = 4 \ V$; unless otherwise specified; track impedance 35 Ω , track length (to and from IP4855CX25) 15 mm; $R_{\text{source}} = 50 \ \Omega$; see <u>Figure 7</u> for set-up circuit and <u>Figure 8</u> for timing diagram; $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \ V$; transition time is the same as output rise time and output fall time

	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур	Max	Unit
Memory	card-side output pir	ns: CLK_SD, CMD_SD and DATA0_SD to DATA3_	SD; 2.9 V mo	ode (SEL	= LOW)	
Reference	e points at 20 % and	70 %				
t _t	transition time	C _L = 10 pF				
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.9 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{LDO} = 3.6 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	0.8	1.0	1.2	ns
		worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.7 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
		C _L = 20 pF	<u>[1]</u>			
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.9 V	1.4	1.6	1.9	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{LDO} = 3.6 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	1.3	1.6	1.8	ns
	worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.7 V	1.4	1.6	1.9	ns	
Reference	e points at 10 % and	90 % [2]				
t	transition time	C _L = 10 pF				
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.9 V	1.9	2.1	2.4	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{LDO} = 3.6 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	1.9	2.0	2.2	ns
		worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.7 V	2.0	2.2	2.4	ns
		C _L = 20 pF	[1]			
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.9 V	2.9	3.1	3.4	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{LDO} = 3.6 \text{V}$	2.9	3.0	3.2	ns
		worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 2.7 V	2.9	3.2	3.5	ns
Memory	card-side output pir	ns: CLK_SD, CMD_SD and DATA0_SD to DATA3_	SD; 1.8 V mo	ode (SEL	= HIGH)	
Reference	e points at 20 % and	70 %				
t	transition time	C _L = 10 pF				
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.8 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{LDO} = 1.95 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	0.8	1.0	1.2	ns
		worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.7 V	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
t	transition time	worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.7 V C_L = 20 pF	0.8	1.1	1.3	ns
t	transition time			1.6	1.3	ns
t	transition time	C _L = 20 pF	<u>[1]</u>			
t	transition time	C_L = 20 pF nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.8 V	1.4	1.6	1.9	ns
	transition time e points at 10 % and	C_L = 20 pF nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.8 V best case; T_{amb} = -40 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.95 V worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.7 V	1.4 1.3	1.6 1.6	1.9 1.8	ns ns
Reference		C_L = 20 pF nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.8 V best case; T_{amb} = -40 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.95 V worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.7 V	1.4 1.3	1.6 1.6	1.9 1.8	ns ns
t _t Reference	e points at 10 % and	C_L = 20 pF nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.8 V best case; T_{amb} = -40 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.95 V worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.7 V	1.4 1.3	1.6 1.6	1.9 1.8	ns ns
Reference	e points at 10 % and	C_L = 20 pF nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.8 V best case; T_{amb} = -40 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.95 V worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.7 V 90 % [2] C_L = 10 pF	1.4 1.3 1.4	1.6 1.6 1.6	1.9 1.8 1.9	ns ns ns

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Table 13. Output rise and fall times card side ...continued

 $V_{SUPPLY} = 4 \text{ V}$; unless otherwise specified; track impedance 35 Ω , track length (to and from IP4855CX25) 15 mm; $R_{\text{source}} = 50 \Omega$; see <u>Figure 7</u> for set-up circuit and <u>Figure 8</u> for timing diagram; $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V}$; transition time is the same as output rise time and output fall time

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур	Max	Unit
t _t	transition time	$C_L = 20 pF$	<u>[1]</u>			
	nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.8 V		2.9	3.1	3.4	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{LDO} = 1.95 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	2.9	3.0	3.2	ns
		worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{LDO} = 1.7 V	2.9	3.2	3.5	ns

^[1] A capacitive load of C_L = 20 pF is out of the range of allowed SD-card interface parasitic capacitance.

Table 14. Output rise and fall times host side

 $V_{SUPPLY} = 4.0 \text{ V}$; SEL = LOW; $V_{O(reg)} = 2.9 \text{ V}$; unless otherwise specified; track impedance 35 Ω , track length (to and from IP4855CX25) 15 mm; $R_{source} = 50 \Omega$; see <u>Figure 7</u> for set-up circuit and <u>Figure 8</u> timing diagram; transition time is the same as output rise time and output fall time

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Host-sid	e output pins: CLK_I	FB, CMD_H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H (3.3 V host)				
Referenc	e points at 20 % and 7	70 %				
t _t	transition time	$C_L = 5 pF$				
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{CCA} = 3.3 V	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 3.6 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb} = +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 2.7 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
Reference points at 10 % and 90 % [1]						
t _t transition time		$C_L = 5 pF$				
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{CCA} = 3.3 V	1.0	1.3	1.5	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 3.6 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	1.0	1.2	1.4	ns
		worst case; T_{amb} = +85 °C; V_{CCA} = 2.7 V	1.3	1.4	1.6	ns
Host-sid	e output pins: CLK_I	FB, CMD_H and DATA0_H to DATA3_H (1.8 V host)				
Referenc	e points at 20 % and 7	70 %				
t _t	transition time	C _L = 5 pF				
		nominal case; T_{amb} = +25 °C; V_{CCA} = 1.8 V	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.9 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb} = +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.62 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	0.5	0.6	0.7	ns
Referenc	e points at 10 % and 9	90 % [1]				
t _t	transition time	$C_L = 5 pF$				
		nominal case; $T_{amb} = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.8 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	1.0	1.3	1.5	ns
		best case; $T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.9 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	1.0	1.2	1.4	ns
		worst case; $T_{amb} = +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CCA} = 1.62 ^{\circ}\text{V}$	1.3	1.4	1.6	ns

^[1] Reference points 90 % and 10 % are not required according to the SD 3.0 specification.

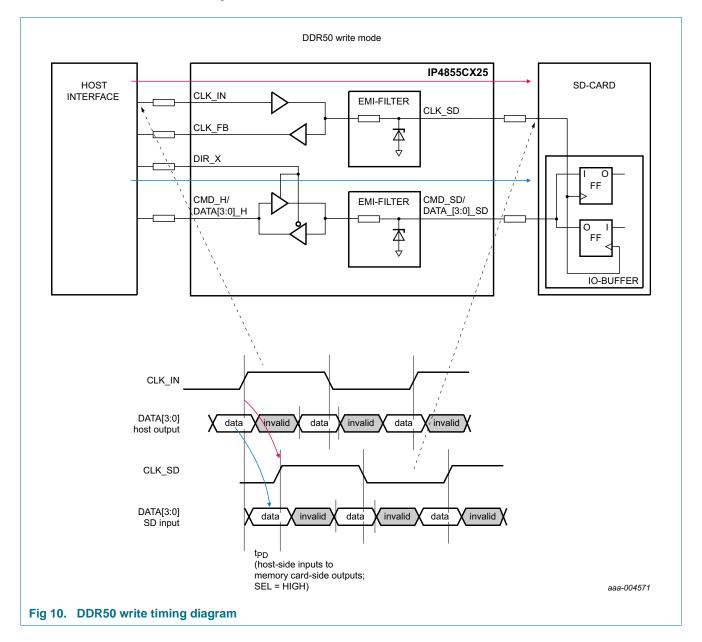
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13.3 DDR50 mode timing details

The Default-Speed (DS) and High-Speed (HS) modes use 3.3 V signaling and offer a maximum of 25 MB/s. Besides these modes, IP4855CX25 also supports the SDR12, SDR25 and DDR50 modes using 1.8 V signaling and up to 50 MB/s.

Especially the DDR50 mode introduces a basic change in the timing behavior of the SD card interface. The SDR12 and SDR50 modes are similar to the DS and HS modes.

Any delay on all relevant signal lines (as shown in the timing diagram in <u>Figure 10</u>) is uncritical for SD card write operations as long as the skew between the different signals is small enough.



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In contrast to the write cycle, the read cycle is more complex to analyze and depends on the IP4855CX25 delay, the maximum delay added by the PCB and the additional setup time of the SD card.

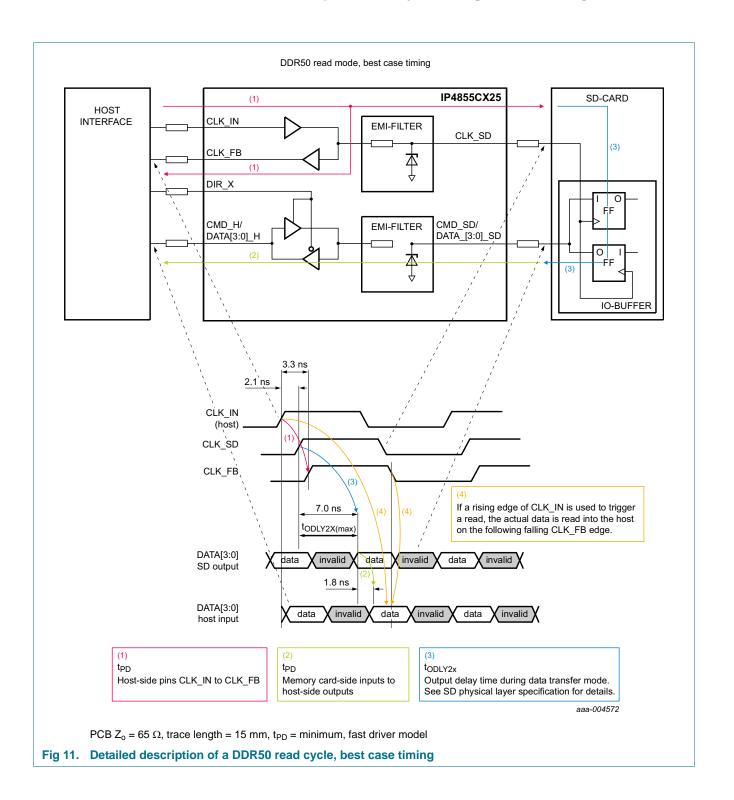
Table 15. DDR50 read mode: parameters for best case and worst case timings

Parameter	Best case timing (Figure 11)	Worst case timing (Figure 12)
PCB output impedance Z _o	65 Ω	25 Ω
Symmetrical trace length	15 mm per side	100 mm per side
t _{PD}	minimum	maximum
Driver model	fast	slow

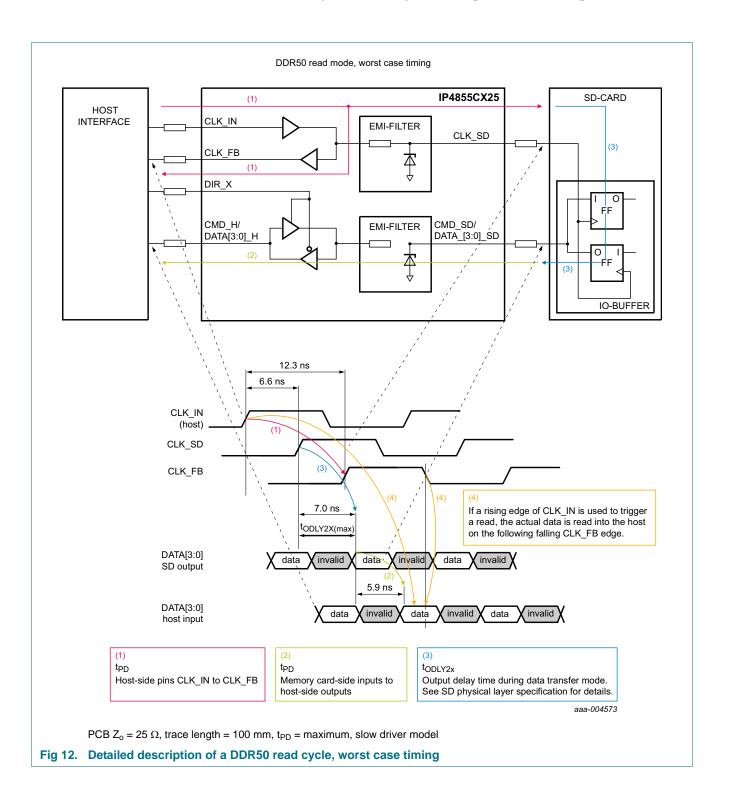
The same mechanism is triggered on each falling clock edge too, as the DDR50 mode uses both edges of the clock signal for data transfer.

According to the SD 3.01 physical layer specification, the maximum delay between CLK_IN (CLK_SD signal) at the SD card and data out from the SD card (DATA[3:0]_SD out) is 7.0 ns. This value is specified for a load of $C_L \le 25$ pF.

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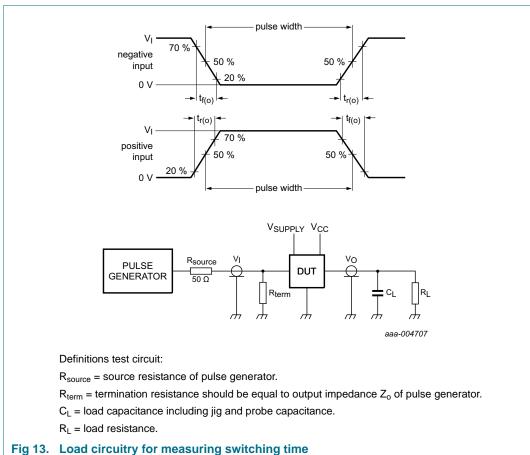
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14. Test information



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15. Package outline

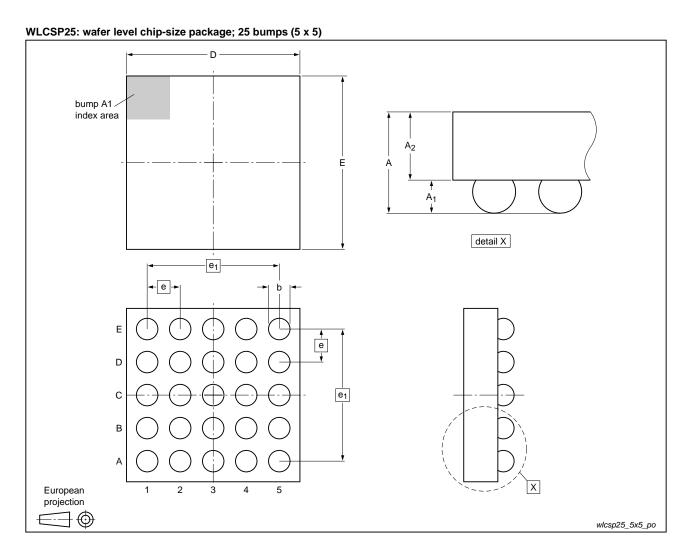


Fig 14. Package outline IP4855CX25 (WLCSP25)

Table 16. Dimensions of IP4855CX25 for Figure 14

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
A	0.44	0.47	0.50	mm
A ₁	0.18	0.20	0.22	mm
A_2	0.25	0.27	0.29	mm
b	0.21	0.26	0.31	mm
D	1.99	2.04	2.09	mm
E	1.99	2.04	2.09	mm
е	-	0.4	-	mm

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16. Design and assembly recommendations

16.1 PCB design guidelines

For optimum performance, use a Non-Solder Mask PCB Design (NSMD), also known as a copper-defined design, incorporating laser-drilled micro-vias connecting the ground pads to a buried ground-plane layer. This results in the lowest possible ground inductance and provides the best high frequency and ESD performance. For this case, refer to Table 17 for the recommended PCB design parameters.

Table 17. Recommended PCB design parameters

Parameter	Value or Specification [1]
PCB pad diameter	250 μm
Micro-via diameter	100 μm (0.004 inch)
Solder mask aperture diameter	325 μm
Copper thickness	20 μm to 40 μm
Copper finish	AuNi or OSP
PCB material	FR4

^[1] OSP: Organic Solderability Preservation FR4: Flame Retard 4

16.2 PCB assembly guidelines for Pb-free soldering

Table 18. Assembly recommendations

Parameter	Value or Specification
Solder screen aperture diameter	290 μm
Solder screen thickness	100 μm (0.004 inch)
Solder paste: Pb-free	SnAg (3 % to 4 %) Cu (0.5 % to 0.9 %)
Solder/flux ratio	50/50
Solder reflow profile	see <u>Figure 15</u>

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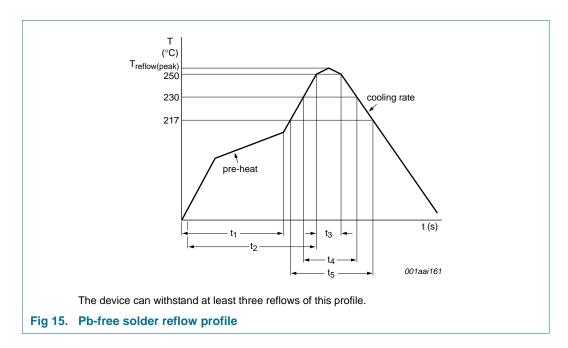


Table 19. Reflow soldering process characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{reflow(peak)}	peak reflow temperature		230	-	260	°C
t ₁	time 1	soak time	60	-	180	s
t_2	time 2	time during T \geq 250 $^{\circ}C$	-	-	30	s
t ₃	time 3	time during T \geq 230 °C	10	-	50	S
t_4	time 4	time during T > 217 $^{\circ}$ C	30	-	150	s
t ₅	time 5		-	-	540	s
dT/dt	rate of change of	cooling rate	-	-	-6	°C/s
	temperature	pre-heat	2.5	-	4.0	°C/s

17. Abbreviations

Table 20. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
DUT	Device Under Test
EMI	ElectroMagnetic Interference
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
FR4	Flame Retard 4
MMC	MultiMedia Card
NSMD	Non-Solder Mask Design
OSP	Organic Solderability Preservation
PCB	Printed-Circuit Board
RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances
SD	Secure Digital
WLCSP	Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package

IP4855CX25

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18. Revision history

Table 21. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
IP4855CX25 v.1	20120913	Product data sheet	-	-

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19. Legal information

19.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
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