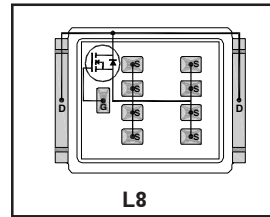


IRF7799L2TRPbF
IRF7799L2TR1PbF

- RoHS Compliant, Halogen Free ①
- Lead-Free (Qualified up to 260°C Reflow)
- Ideal for High Performance Isolated Converter Primary Switch Socket
- Optimized for Synchronous Rectification
- Low Conduction Losses
- High Cdv/dt Immunity
- Low Profile (<0.7mm)
- Dual Sided Cooling Compatible ①
- Compatible with existing Surface Mount Techniques ①
- Industrial Qualified

DirectFET™ Power MOSFET ②
Typical values (unless otherwise specified)

V_{DSS}	V_{GS}	R_{DS(on)}
250V min	± 30V max	32mΩ @ 10V
Q_{g tot}	Q_{gd}	V_{gs(th)}
110nC	39nC	4.0V



Applicable DirectFET Outline and Substrate Outline ①

SB	SC		M2	M4		L4	L6	L8
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Description

The IRF7799L2TR/TR1PbF combines the latest HEXFET® Power MOSFET Silicon technology with the advanced DirectFET™ packaging to achieve the lowest on-state resistance in a package that has a footprint smaller than a D²PAK and only 0.7 mm profile. The DirectFET package is compatible with existing layout geometries used in power applications, PCB assembly equipment and vapor phase, infra-red or convection soldering techniques, when application note AN-1035 is followed regarding the manufacturing methods and processes. The DirectFET package allows dual sided cooling to maximize thermal transfer in power systems.

The IRF7799L2TR/TR1PbF is optimized for high frequency switching and synchronous rectification applications. The reduced total losses in the device coupled with the high level of thermal performance enables high efficiency and low temperatures, which are key for system reliability improvements, and makes this device ideal for high performance power converters.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V _{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	250	V
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	
I _D @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)④	35	A
I _D @ T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)④	25	
I _D @ T _A = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited)③	6.6	
I _D @ T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Package Limited) ④	375	
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ⑤	140	
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ⑥	325	mJ
I _{AR}	Avalanche Current ⑤	21	A

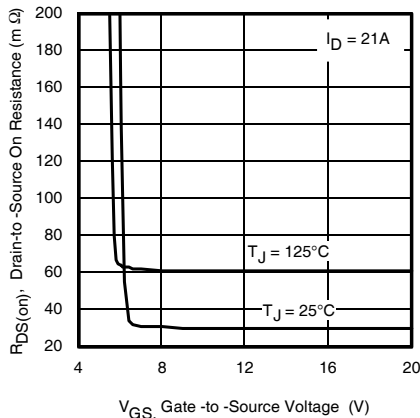


Fig 1. Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

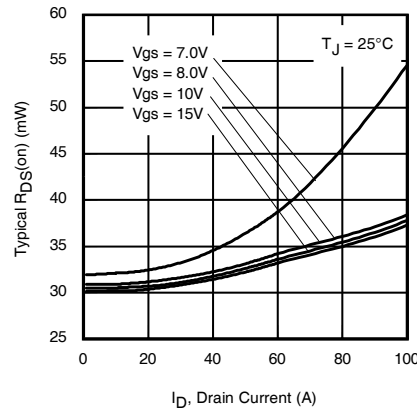


Fig 2. Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

Notes:

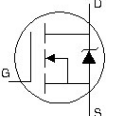
- ① Click on this section to link to the appropriate technical paper.
- ② Click on this section to link to the DirectFET Website.
- ③ Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board, steady state.

- ④ T_C measured with thermocouple mounted to top (Drain) of part.
- ⑤ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ⑥ Starting T_J = 25°C, L = 1.42mH, R_G = 25Ω, I_{AS} = 21A.
- ⑦ Pulse width ≤ 400μs; duty cycle ≤ 2%.

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	250	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$	
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.12	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 2mA$	
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	32	38	m Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 21A$ ⑦	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	4.0	5.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$	
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-13	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$		
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	$V_{DS} = 250V, V_{GS} = 0V$	
		—	—	1	1mA	$V_{DS} = 250V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$	
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$	
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	54	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 21A$	
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	110	165	nC	$V_{DS} = 125V$ $V_{GS} = 10V$ $I_D = 21A$ See Fig. 9	
Q_{gs1}	Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge	—	26	—			
Q_{gs2}	Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge	—	5.7	—			
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	39	—			
Q_{godr}	Gate Charge Overdrive	—	39	—			
Q_{sw}	Switch Charge ($Q_{gs2} + Q_{gd}$)	—	45	—			
Q_{oss}	Output Charge	—	33	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V$	
R_G	Gate Resistance	—	0.73	—	Ω		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	36.3	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 125V, V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑦ $I_D = 21A$ $R_G = 6.2\Omega$	
t_r	Rise Time	—	33.5	—			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	73.9	—			
t_f	Fall Time	—	26.6	—			
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	6714	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1.0MHz$	
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	606	—			
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	157	—			
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	5063	—			$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0MHz$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	217	—			$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 80V, f = 1.0MHz$

Diode Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	35	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ⑤	—	—	140		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 21A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑦
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	132	198	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 21A, V_{DD} = 50V$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	1412	2118	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ⑦

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation ④	125	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation ④	63	
$P_D @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation ①	4.3	
T_P	Peak Soldering Temperature	270	°C
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ③	—	35	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑥	12.5	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑦	20	—	
$R_{\theta J-can}$	Junction-to-Can ⑧⑩	—	1.2	
$R_{\theta J-PCB}$	Junction-to-PCB Mounted	—	0.5	

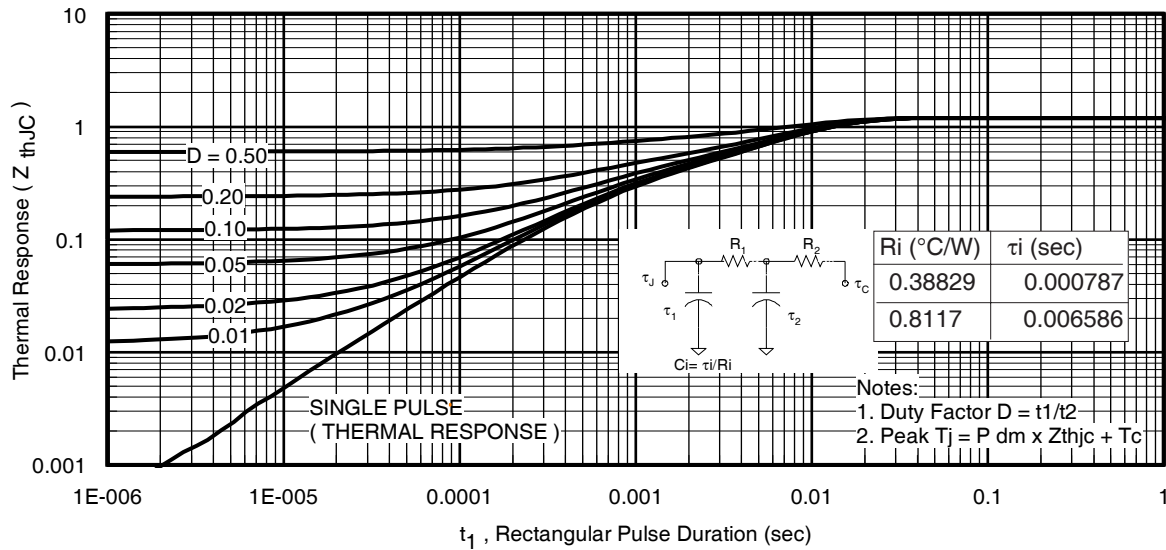
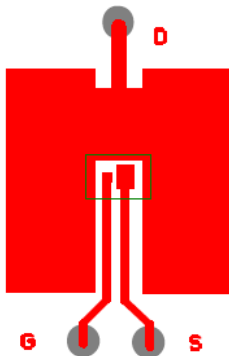


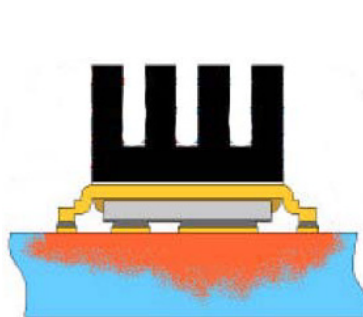
Fig 3. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case ④

Notes:

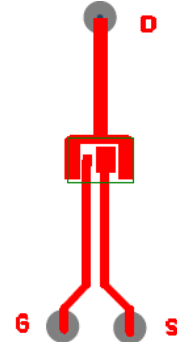
- ③ Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board, steady state.
- ④ T_C measured with thermocouple incontact with top (Drain) of part.
- ⑤ Used double sided cooling, mounting pad with large heatsink.
- ⑥ Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink.
- ⑦ R_{θ} is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .



③ Surface mounted on 1 in. square Cu board (still air).



⑥ Mounted on minimum footprint full size board with metalized back and with small clip heatsink. (still air)



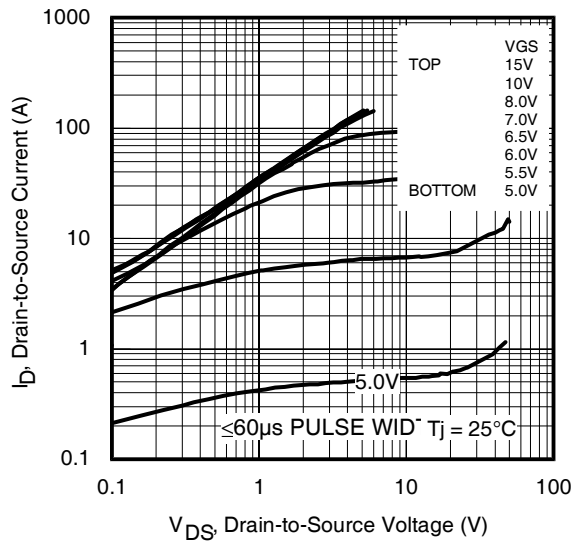


Fig 4. Typical Output Characteristics

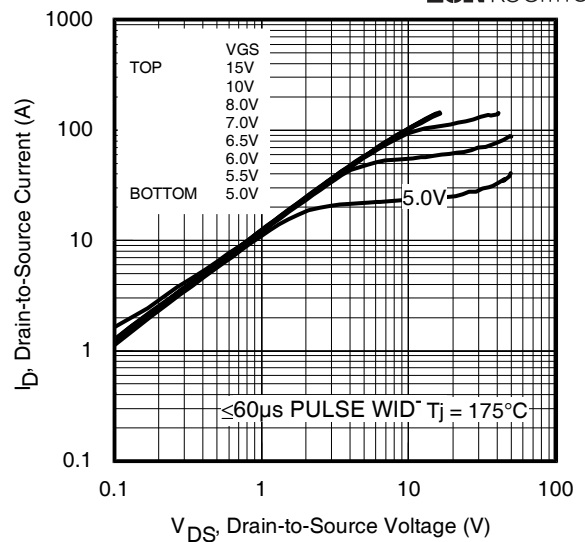


Fig 5. Typical Output Characteristics

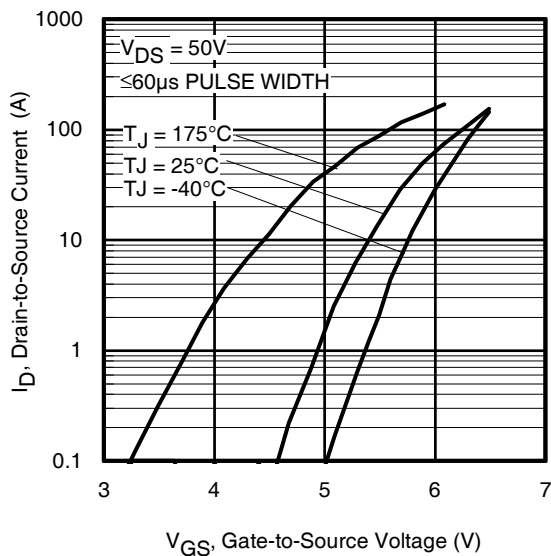


Fig 6. Typical Transfer Characteristics

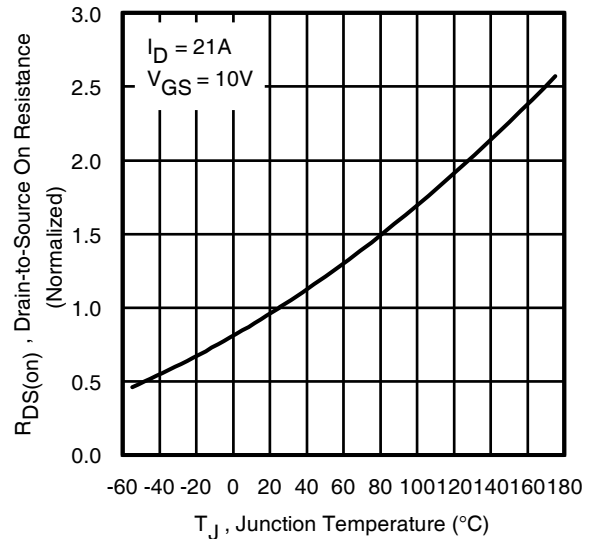


Fig 7. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

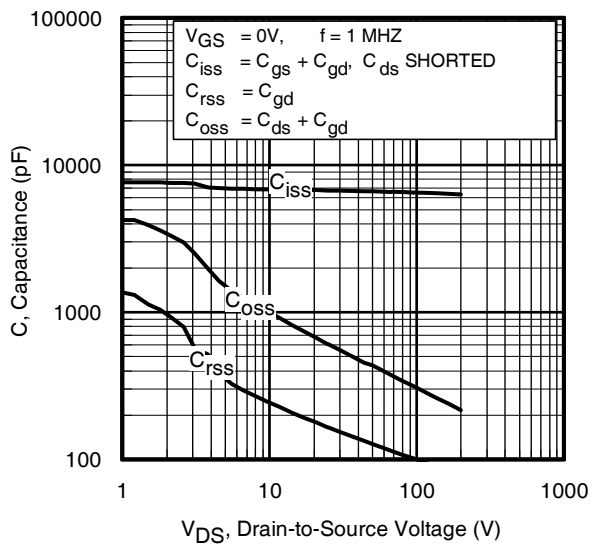


Fig 8. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

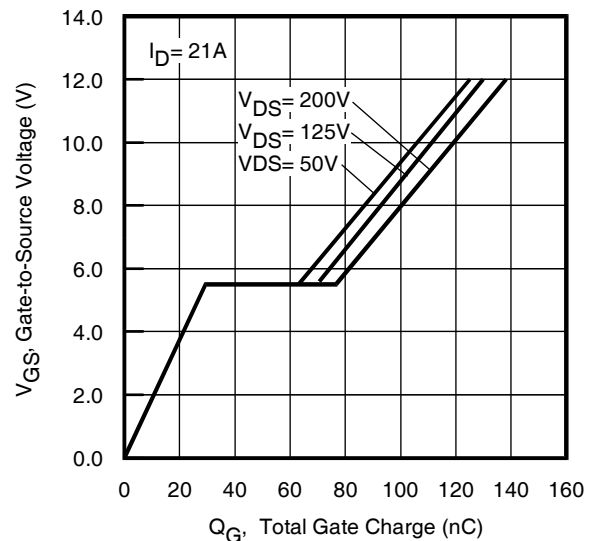


Fig 9. Typical Total Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

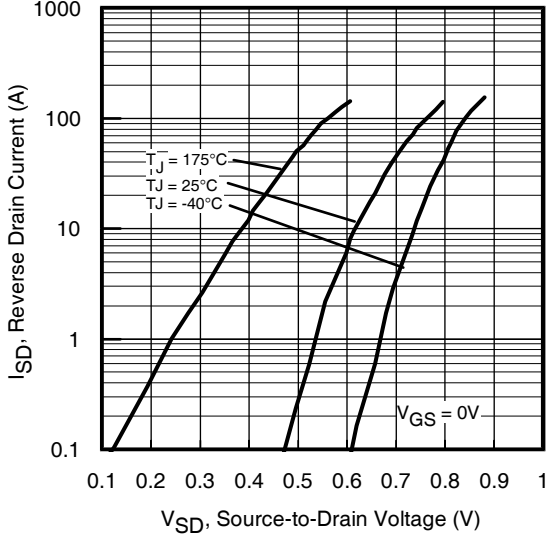


Fig 10. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

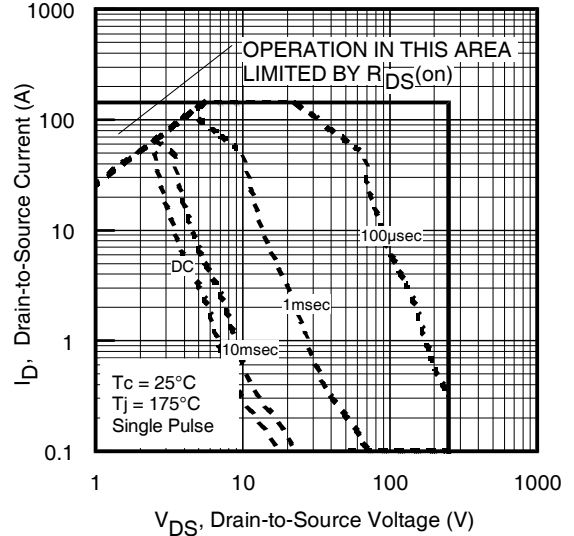


Fig 11. Maximum Safe Operating Area

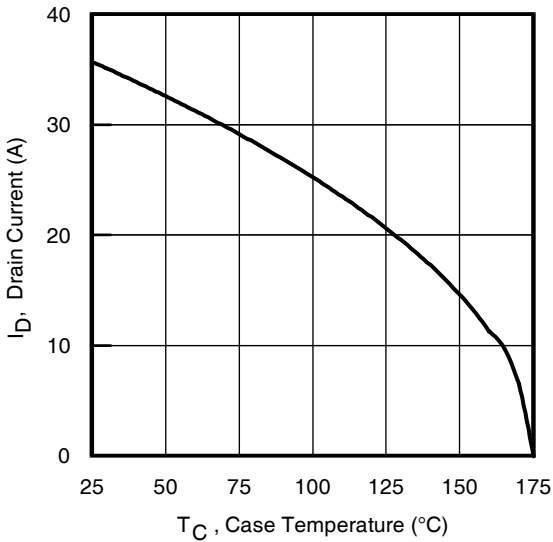


Fig 12. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

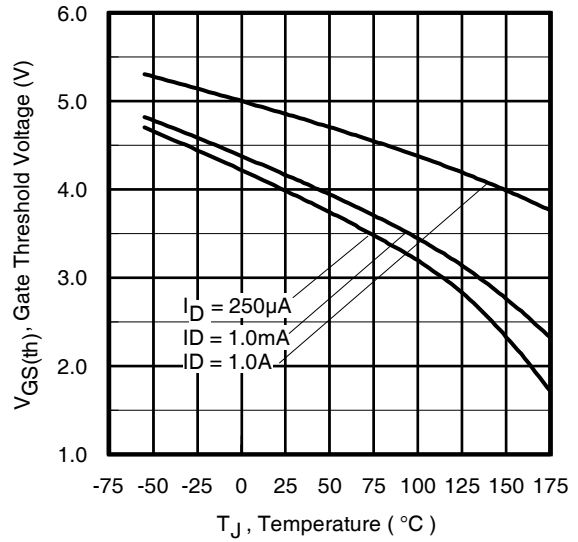


Fig 13. Typical Threshold Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

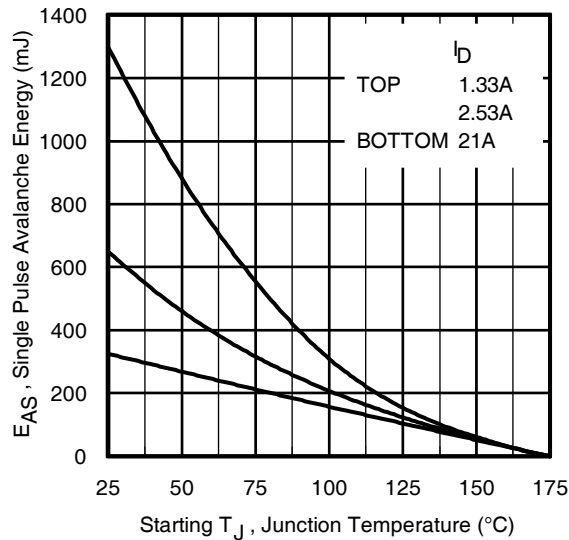


Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

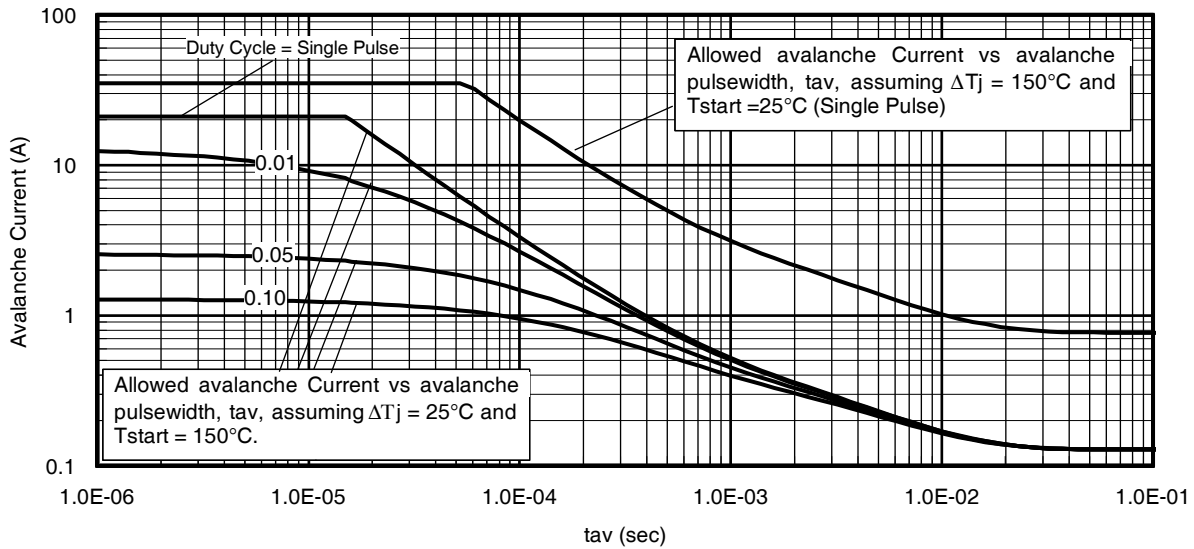


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs. Pulsewidth

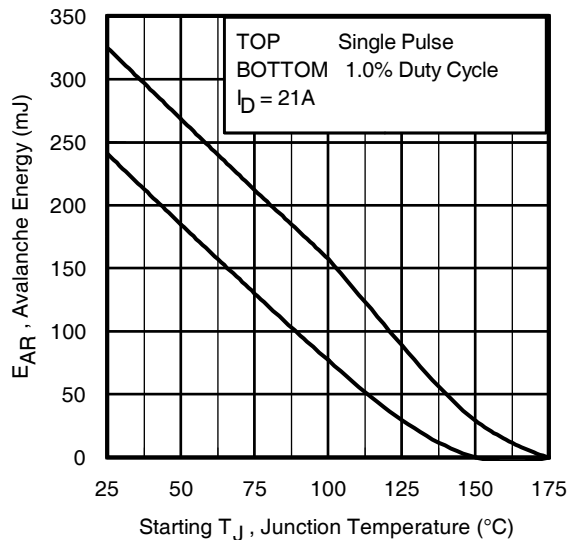


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

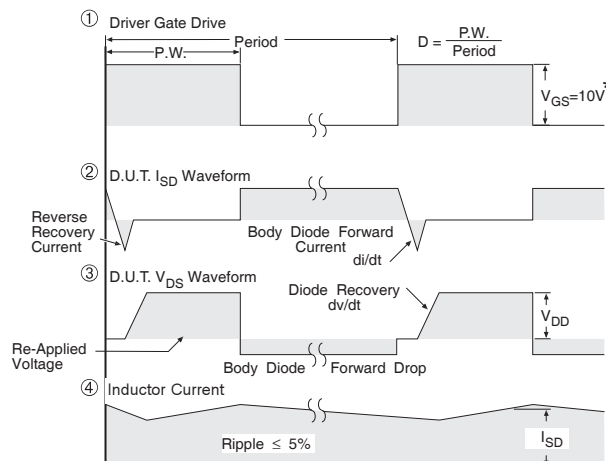
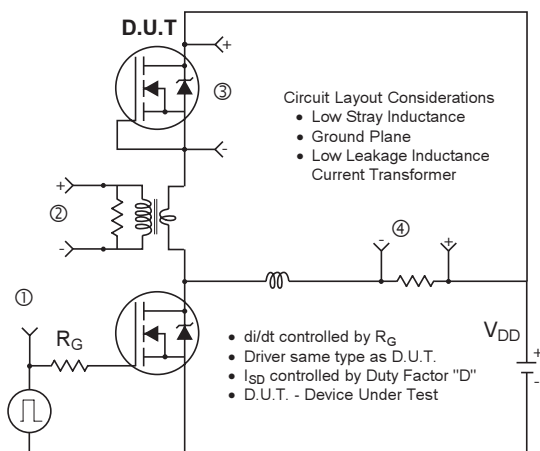
Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 13, 14: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption: Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_a$$



* $V_{GS} = 5V$ for Logic Level Devices

Fig 17. Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

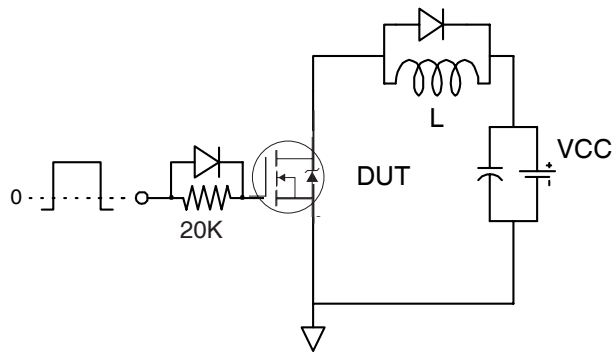


Fig 18a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

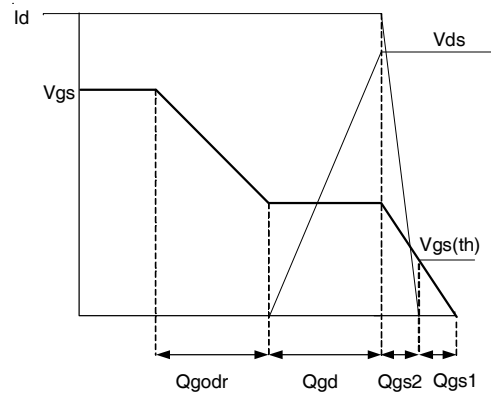


Fig 18b. Gate Charge Waveform

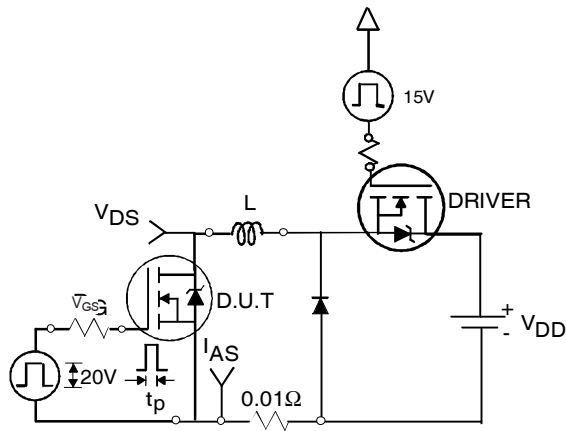


Fig 19a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

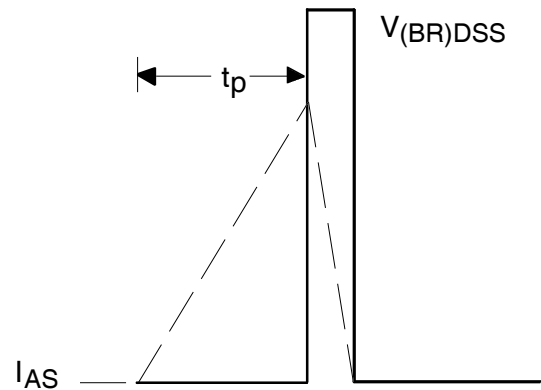


Fig 19b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

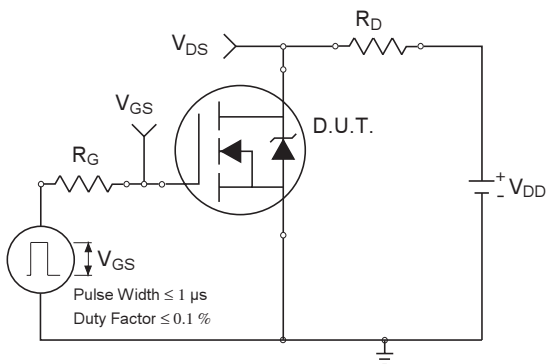


Fig 20a. Switching Time Test Circuit

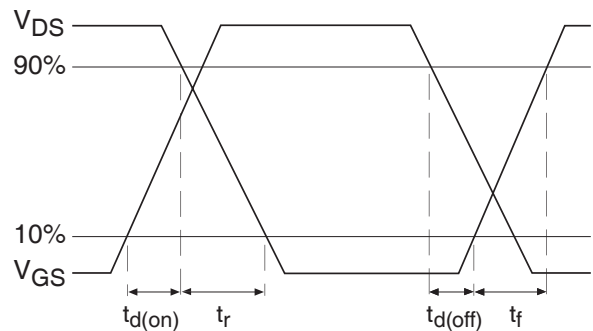
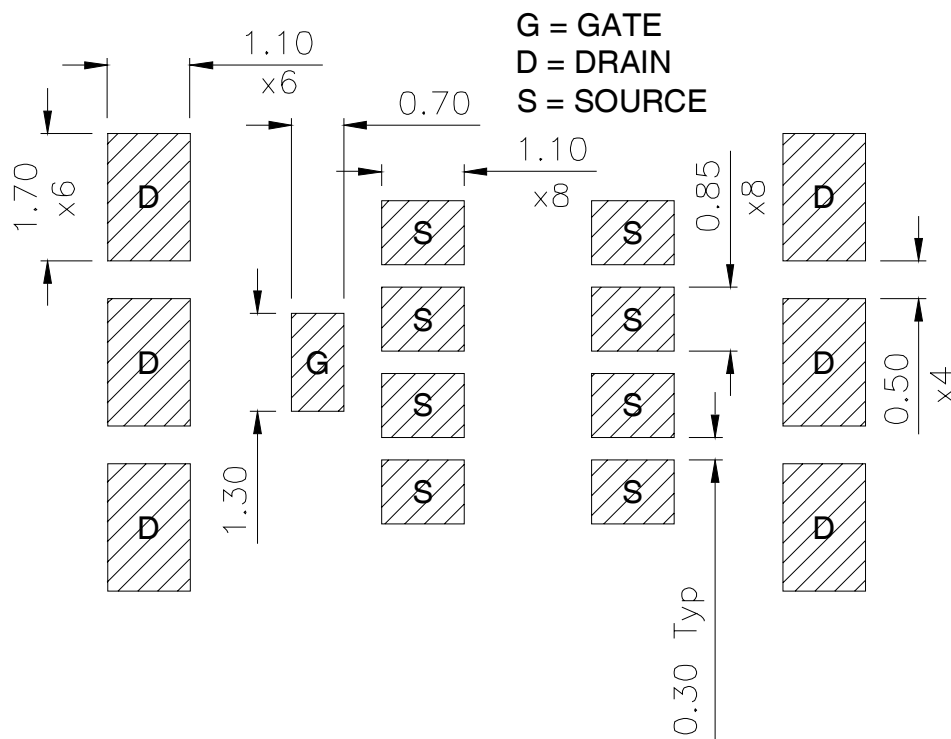
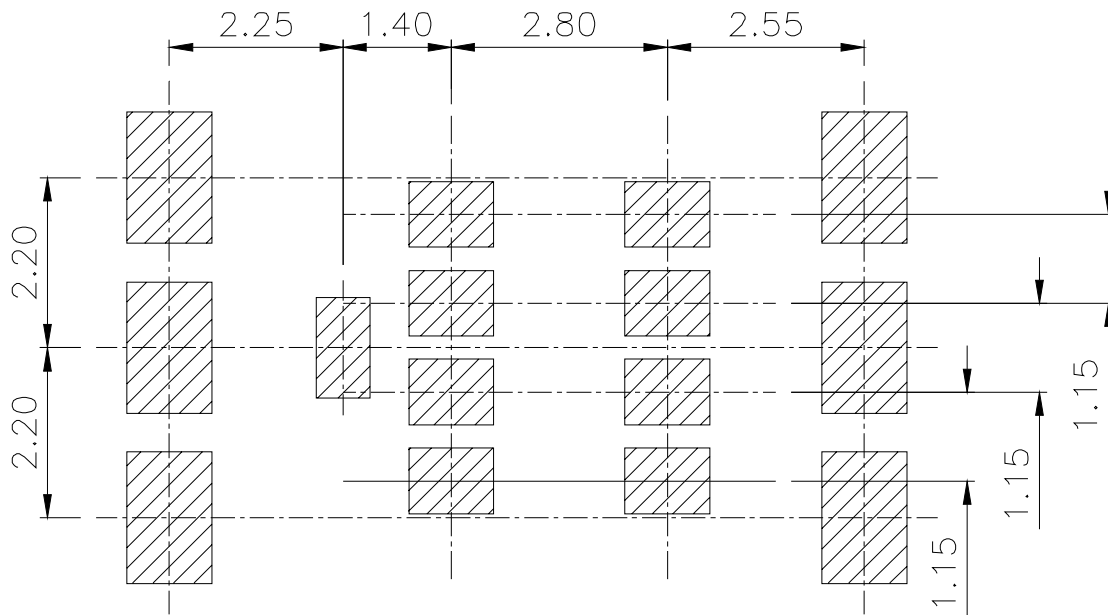


Fig 20b. Switching Time Waveforms

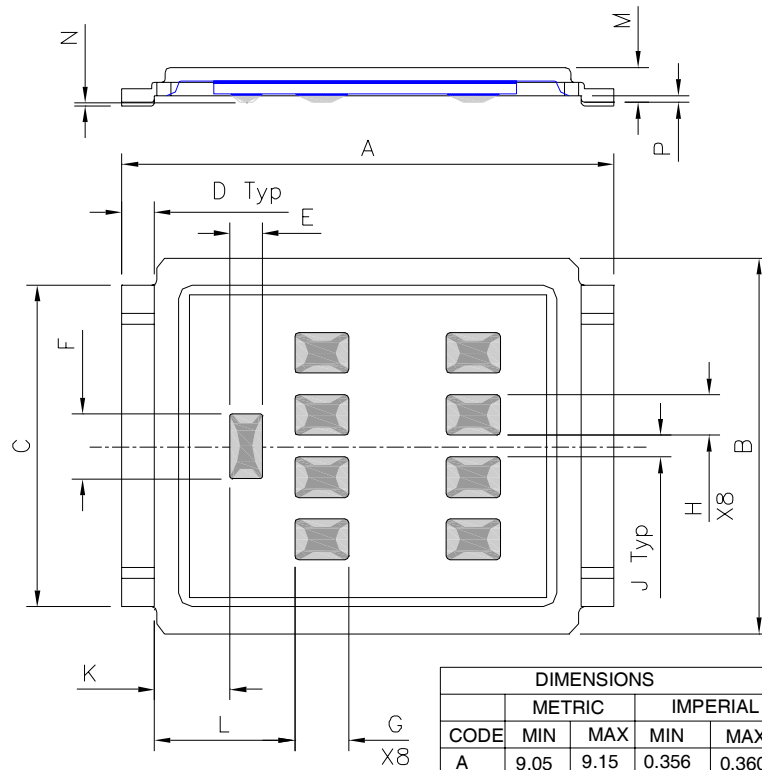
DirectFET™ Board Footprint, L8 (Large Size Can).

Please see AN-1035 for DirectFET assembly details and stencil and substrate design recommendations



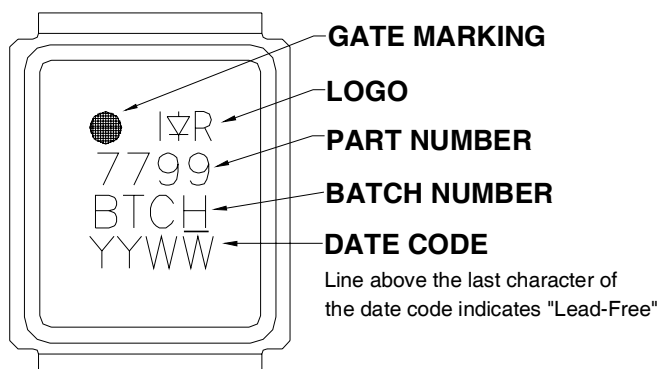
DirectFET™ Outline Dimension, L8 Outline (LargeSize Can).

Please see AN-1035 for DirectFET assembly details and stencil and substrate design recommendations



CODE	DIMENSIONS			
	METRIC		IMPERIAL	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	9.05	9.15	0.356	0.360
B	6.85	7.10	0.270	0.280
C	5.90	6.00	0.232	0.236
D	0.55	0.65	0.022	0.026
E	0.58	0.62	0.023	0.024
F	1.18	1.22	0.046	0.048
G	0.98	1.02	0.015	0.017
H	0.73	0.77	0.029	0.030
J	0.38	0.42	0.015	0.017
K	1.34	1.47	0.053	0.058
L	2.52	2.69	0.099	0.106
M	0.616	0.676	0.0235	0.0274
N	0.020	0.080	0.0008	0.0031
P	0.09	0.18	0.003	0.007

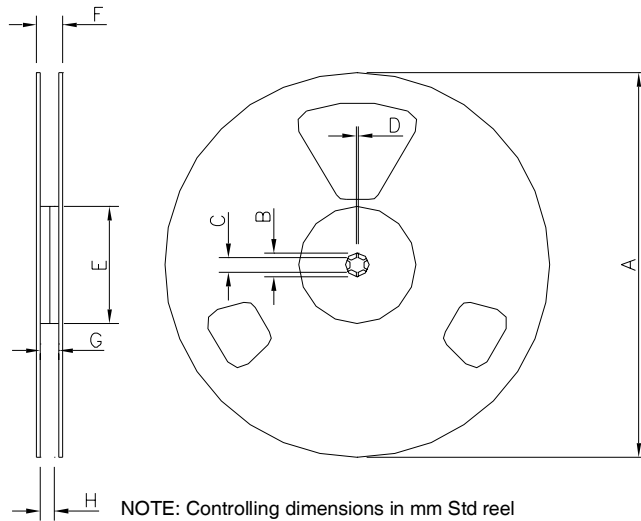
DirectFET™ Part Marking



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package>

IRF7799L2TR/TR1PbF

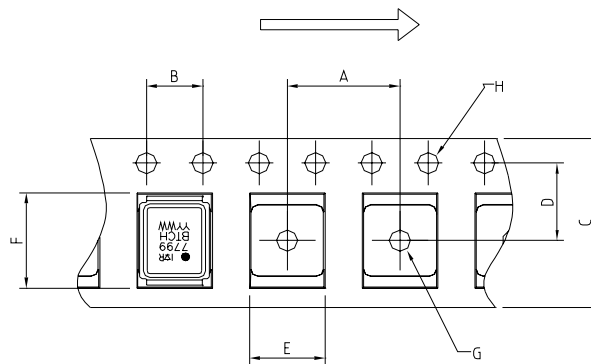
DirectFET™ Tape & Reel Dimension (Showing component orientation).



NOTE: Controlling dimensions in mm Std reel quantity is 4000 parts. (ordered as IRF7799L2PBF).

REEL DIMENSIONS				
STANDARD OPTION (QTY 4000)				
CODE	METRIC		IMPERIAL	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	330.0	N.C	12.992	N.C
B	20.2	N.C	0.795	N.C
C	12.8	13.2	0.504	0.520
D	1.5	N.C	0.059	N.C
E	100.0	N.C	3.937	N.C
F	N.C	22.4	N.C	0.889
G	16.4	18.4	0.646	0.724
H	15.9	18.4	0.626	0.724

LOADED TAPE FEED DIRECTION



NOTE: CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS IN MM

CODE	METRIC		IMPERIAL	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	11.90	12.10	0.469	0.476
B	3.90	4.10	0.154	0.161
C	15.90	16.30	0.626	0.642
D	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299
E	7.20	7.40	0.284	0.291
F	9.90	10.10	0.390	0.398
G	1.50	NC	0.059	NC
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.063

Part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Note
		Form	Quantity	
IRF7799L2TRPbF	DirectFET2 Large Can	Tape and Reel	4000	"TR" suffix
IRF7799L2TR1PbF	DirectFET2 Large Can	Tape and Reel	1000	"TR1" suffix

Qualification Information[†]

Qualification level	Industrial ^{††}	
	(per JEDEC JESD47F ^{†††} guidelines)	
	Comments: This family of products has passed JEDEC's Industrial qualification. IR's Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Industrial level.	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	DFET2	MSL1 (per JEDEC J-STD-020D ^{†††})
RoHS Compliant	Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site
<http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability>

†† Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements.
 Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information:
<http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/salesrep/>

††† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified to MSL1 rating for the Industrial market.
 Additional storage requirement details for DirectFET products can be found in application note AN1035 on IR's Web site.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
IR Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105
 TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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