# OC-3/STM-1 RECEIVER WITH CLOCK RECOVERY

## SRC03 Series

## **Product Description**

The SRC03 is a Receiver Module with internal clock, recovery designed to meet or exceed the SONET/SDH optical interface requirements at OC-3/STM-1 (155 Mb/s) data rate. Highly reliable InGaAs/InP PIN photodiodes are used to cover the entire long wavelength range from 1100 nm to 1550 nm.

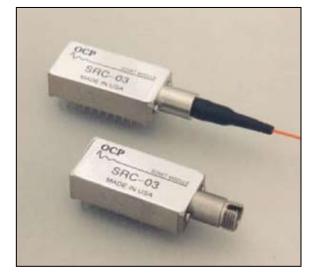
The receiver features a low noise GaAs transimpedance IC with AGC capability to provide an extremely wide dynamic range and high sensitivity. A Phase Lock Loop (PLL) circuit is included to perform the clock recovery function and resampling of the data.

The SRC03 receiver can be operated with dual +5 V and - 5 V supply, or single +5 V supply. The DATA & CLOCK interface signals are differential PECL while the SIGNAL DETECT outputs have TTL interface.

The SRC03 module operate over an operating temperature range of 0°C to +70°C ("H" option) or -40°C to +85°C (" " option). They are housed in a 20-pin dual-in-line metal package with integral ST, FC or SC connector receptacle or 50  $\mu$ m multimode fiber pigtail. The fiber pigtail is terminated with ST, FC or SC connector.

#### **Related OC-3/STM-1 transmitters & receivers**

STX-03-LED: 20-pin LED transmitter STX-03: 20-pin laser transmitter SRX-03: 20-pin receiver without clock recovery SRC-03-S: 24-pin receiver with clock recovery



#### Features

- ☑ Full compliance with SONET/SDH OC-3/ STM-1 specifications
- ☑ Long Reach and Intermediate Reach
- ☑ Phase-Lock-Loop (PLL) Clock Recovery
- ☑ 40°C to +85°C Operating Temperature (option "I")
- ☑ Multi-sourced 20-pin DIP metal package
- ☑ FC, ST, SC-connectorized fiber pigtails or Integral FC, SC or ST connector receptacle
- ☑ PECL DATA & CLOCK interface
- ☑ TTL SIGNAL DETECT interface

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units
Storage Temperature		T <sub>ST</sub>	- 40	+ 85	°C
Operating Temperature	"I" option	T <sub>OP</sub>	- 40	+ 85	°C
	"H" option		0	+ 70	
Operating & Storage Humidity		-	-	85	%
Supply Voltage		V <sub>cc</sub>	0	+ 6.0	V
Lead Soldering Temperature & Time		-	-	260°C, 10 sec	



## COMMUNICATIONS R5.2008.06.18

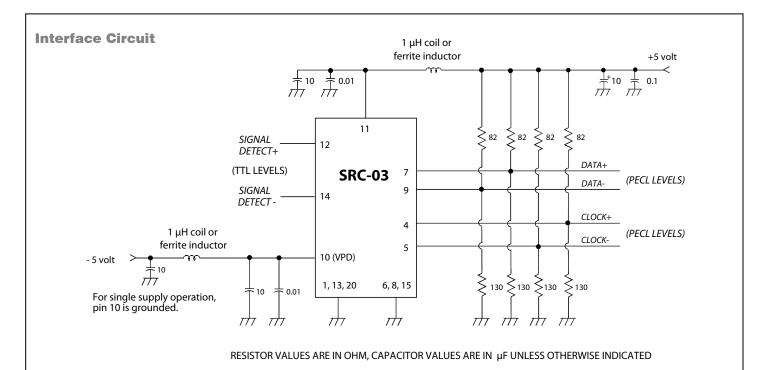
#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

### Receiver Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Currente Matter and 1	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.75	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Voltage <sup>1</sup>	$V_{_{PD}}$	- 10.0	- 5.0	- 2.0	V
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	-	85	120	mA
Output HIGH Voltage (DATA & CLOCK)	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> - 1.20	-	V <sub>cc</sub> - 0.70	V
Output LOW Voltage (DATA & CLOCK)	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> - 2.0	-	V <sub>cc</sub> - 1.70	V
Output HIGH Voltage (SIGNAL DETECT)	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.7	-	V <sub>cc</sub>	V
Output LOW Voltage (SIGNAL DETECT)	V <sub>OL</sub>	0	-	0.5	V
<sup>1</sup> For +5V & - 5V dual supply: $V_{cc}$ = +5V, CASE = GN $V_{pD}$ is the photodiode supply voltage only. $I_{VPD}$ ca For +5V single supply: $V_{cc}$ = +5V, $V_{pD}$ = CASE = GN	n be used for monitori	ing the signal photocu	rrent.		

**Receiver Performance Characteristics** (Over Operating Case Temperature)

Parameter		Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	
Data Rate		В	155	155.52	156	Mb/s	
Receiver Sensitivity (10 <sup>-10</sup> BER) <sup>1</sup>		$P_{_{min}}$	- 34.0	- 36.0	-	dBm	
Maximum Input Optical Power (10 <sup>-10</sup> BER) <sup>1</sup>	Single Supply	P <sub>max</sub>	- 6.0	0	-	dBm	
	Dual Supply		- 3.0	0	-		
Signal Detect Thresholds	Increasing Light Input	$P_{sd+}$	-	-	- 34.0	dBm	
	Decreasing Light Input	$P_{sd}$	- 45.0	-	-	dBm	
Signal Detect Hysteresis			-	0.5	-	dB	
Wavelength of Operation		λ	1100	-	1600	nm	
Output Clock Jitter		$CLK_{I}$	-	-	0.01	Ulrms	
Jitter Tolerance & Transfer Function		compliant with ITU Recommendation G.958					
<sup>1</sup> Specified in Average Optica	al Input Power and measured	d at 1300 nm wa	velength with 2 <sup>23</sup> -1 P	RBS.			



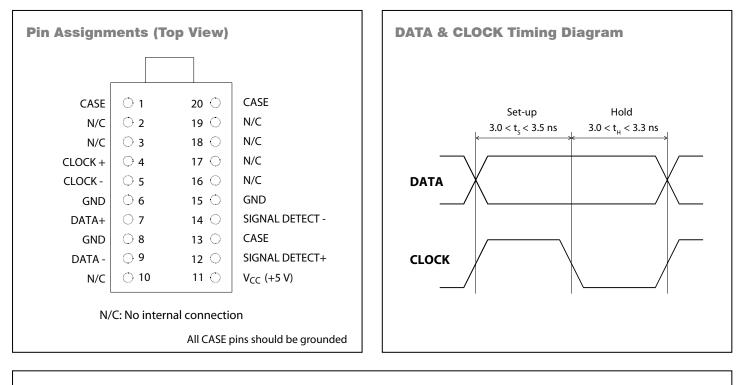
#### **Application Notes**

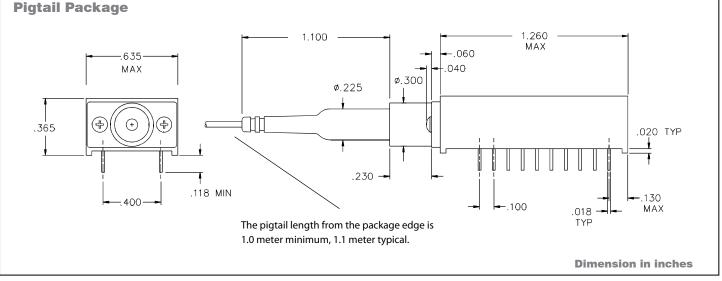
**Receiver Circuit:** The receiver converts the incident optical power to a photocurrent via a high performance PIN photodiode. The photocurrent is converted to a voltage signal by a transimpedance amplifier. This signal is then amplified by additional gain stages and processed through a shaping filter and a comparator to generate the data to the clock recovery circuit. The clock recovery circuit uses a Phase Lock Loop (PLL) to recover the clock from the data and resamples the data to generate clean and reshaped differential DATAoutputs. Also provided are differential recovered CLOCK outputs.

Both differential DATA+ and DATA- as well as CLOCK+ and CLOCK- outputs are open emitter PECL levels requiring termination (50 ohms to  $V_{cc}$  - 2 volts or 510 ohms to *GND* is recommended). For optimum performance, both outputs should be terminated in the same manner, even if only one is used.

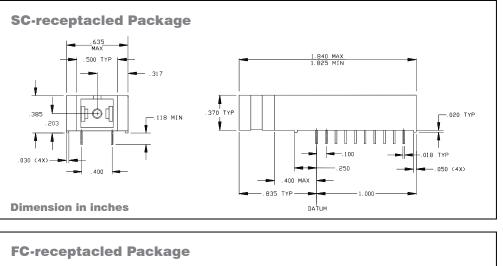
The Signal Detect circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates a logic LOW (TTL) signal when insufficient photocurrent is produced.

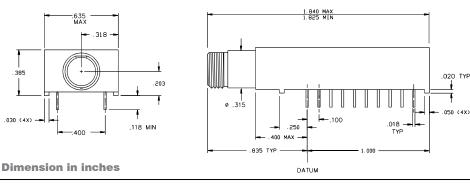
**Interface Circuit:** The power supply line should be wellfiltered. The power supply should be bypassed by 0.01 or 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic chip capacitors placed as close to the receiver module as possible. If the receiver outputs drive long traces or multiple loads, the use of an ECL buffer gate to isolate the receiver from transmission line reflections is recommended.



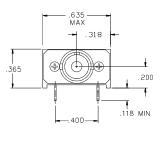


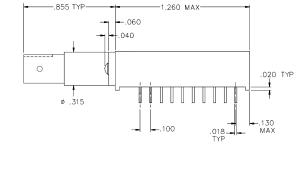




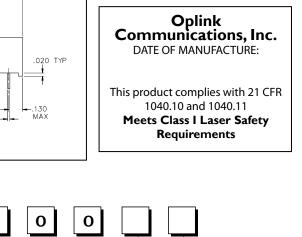


## **ST Receptacle Package**





Laser Safety: All transceivers are Class I Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.

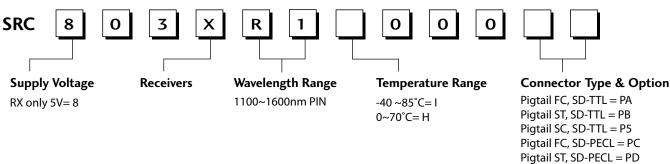


Pigtail SC, SD-PECL = P4



46335 Landing Pkwy Fremont, CA 94538 Tel: (510) 933-7200 Fax: (510) 933-7300 Email: Sales@Oplink.com • www.oplink.com

## **Ordering Information**



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