HLMB-K305-F00xx/HLMB-K505-F00xx

3mm Auto Insertable LED Lamps



Data Sheet

Description

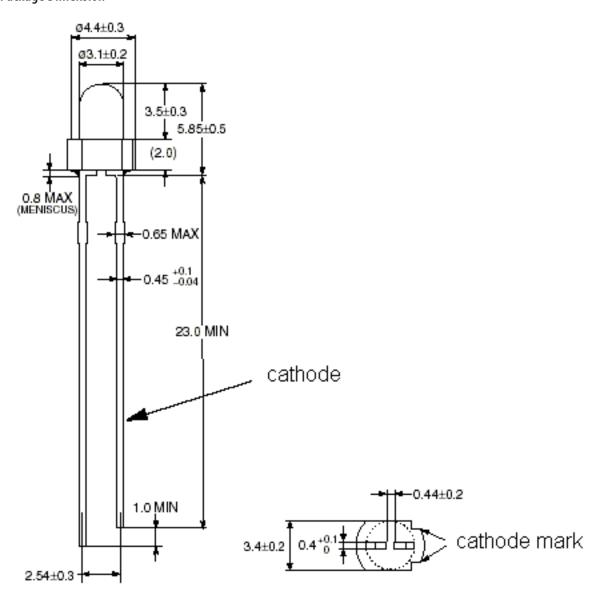
The product is capable of withstanding automatic insertion and wave soldering processes.

Designed with a thick epoxy flange and soft leadframe material, it is ideal for clinch and cut operations. The product is suitable for lead-free application.

Package Dimension

Features

- 3mm Auto Insertable Package
- Tinted and Non-diffused Lens
- Lead-Free Leadframe



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Epoxy Meniscus may extend about 1mm (0.040") down the leads.

Absolute Maximum Rating $T_A=25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	HLMB-K305 (Yellow)	HLMB-K505 (Green)	Units	
Peak Forward Current	60	90	mA	
DC Current	20	30	mA	
Reverse Voltage (I _R =100μA)	5		V	
Operating Temperature	-20 to +85		°C	
Storage Temperature	-30 to +85		°C	
Wave Solder Temperature	260°C for 5 seconds [1.6mm (0.060 in.) from body]			

Optical and Electrical Characteristics at $T_A{=}25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Description	Part Number	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Conditions
lv	Luminous Intensity	HLMB-K305	9.2	35	<u> </u>	mcd	I _F =10mA
		HLMB-K505	10.6	46			
λреак	Peak Wavelength	HLMB-K305		583		nm	Measurement at Peak
		HLMB-K505		565			
λ_{d}	Dominant Wavelength	HLMB-K305		585		nm	
	-	HLMB-K505		571			
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Halfwidth	HLMB-K305		36		nm	
		HLMB-K505		28			
20 ½	Viewing Angle	All		40		degree	I _F =10mA
θ _{J-PIN}	Thermal Resistance	All		290		°C/W	
ts	Speed of Respond	HLMB-K305	·	90	<u> </u>	ns	
		HLMB-K505		500			
C	Capacitance	HLMB-K305		15		pF	Vf=0, f=1MHz
		HLMB-K505		18		-	
V _F	Forward Voltage	HLMB-K305		2.0	2.6	V	I _F =10mA
		HLMB-K505		2.1	2.7		
I _R	Reverse Current	All			100	mA	V _R = 5V

Note:

^{1.} The dominant wavelength is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength, which defines the color of the devices.

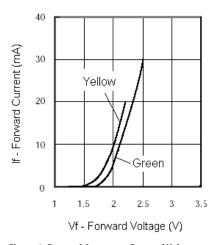


Figure 1. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

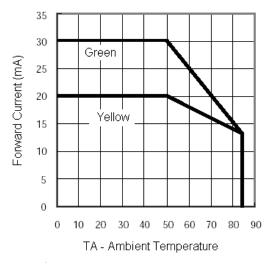


Figure 3. Ambient Temperature vs. Maximum DC Forward Current

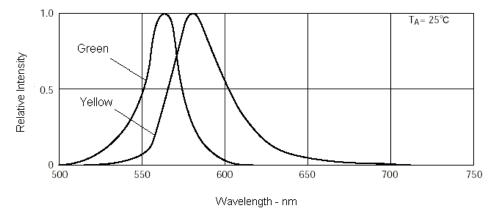


Figure 5. Wavelength vs. Relative Intensity

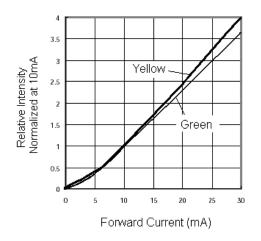


Figure 2. Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current

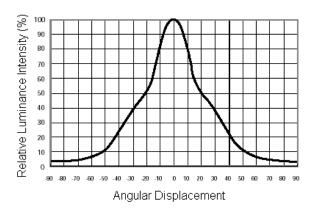


Figure 4. Radiation Pattern

Taping Specifications

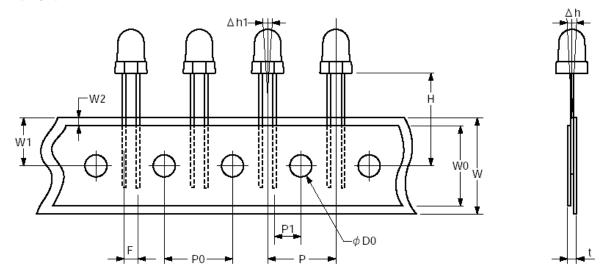


Figure 6. Taping Specifications

Dimension	Option CA (mm)	
Н	18.0 ± 1.0	
F	2.5 +0.8/-0.2	
W	18.0 +1.0/-0.5	
W0	15.0 ± 0.3	
W1	9.0 +0.75/-0.5	
W2	0~2.0	
P	12.7 ±1.3	
P0	12.7 ±1.3	
P1	3.81 ± 0.5	
ØD0	4.0 ± 0.2	
Δh1	0.00 ± 1.0	
Δh	0.00 ± 1.0	
T	1.2 ± 0.2	

Recommended Assembly Condition

A single-sided phenolic printed circuit board (PCB) is preferred. Double-sided PCB and other materials may cause greater lead stress. Recommended through-hole diameter is 0.93 to 1.03mm. Lead length below the PCB should be 1.5 to 2.0mm, and the clinching angle (angle between the lead and PCB) should be 30 ± 10 degrees.

If SMT devices and an adhesive are used on the same PCB as these lamps, the adhesive should be cured before the lamps are auto-inserted. If curing must be done after lamp insertion, the cure temperature and time should not exceed 140°C, 100 seconds. This is the temperature of the surface normal to the IR source.

Solder Condition:

Preheat: Temperature ramp rate of 2 to 4°C per second. Do not exceed 150°C delta temperature between preheat and solder temperatures. The maximum time at preheat should not exceed 30 seconds.

Solder: 245°C ± 5°C, 3 seconds (1.6mm below seating plane).

