

RM 10, RM 10 LP Cores and accessories

Series/Type: B65813, B65814, B65679

Date: June 2013



Core and accessories

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	- Core	B65813	3
	- Threaded sleeve (glued-in)		
FRM0053-L Example of an assembly set	- Insulating washer 2	B65814	7
,			
Also available:	Coil former for power applications	B65814	6
	RM 10 low-profile:		
	Core	B65813P	9



Core B65813

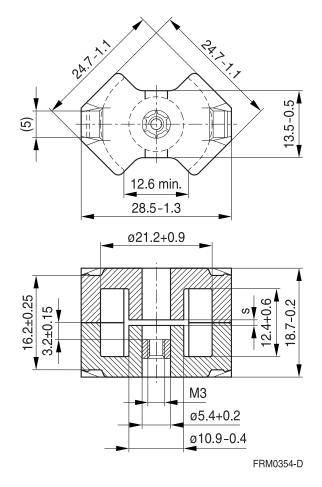
- To IEC 62317-4
- Cores without center hole for transformer applications
- Delivery mode: sets

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

	with center hole	without center hole	
Σ I/A	0.5	0.45	mm−1
l _e	42	44	mm
I _e A _e A _{min}	83	98	mm ²
A _{min}		90	mm ²
V _e	3490	4310	mm ³

Approx. weight (per set)

m	20.7	22	g



Gapped

Material	A _L value	s approx. mm	μ_{e}	Ordering code ¹⁾ -D with center hole -N with threaded sleeve -J without center hole
N48	400 ± 3%	0.21	161	B65813+0400A048
	630 ± 3%	0.13	254	B65813+0630A048
N41	250 ± 3%	0.44	89	B65813J0250A041
	630 ± 5%	0.13	225	B65813J0630J041
	1600 ±10%	0.04	572	B65813J1600K041

¹⁾ Replace the + by the code letter "D" or "N" for the required version.



Core B65813

Ungapped

Material	A _L value	μ _e	P _V	Ordering code
	nH		W/set	-J without center hole
N30	7600 +30/–20%	2720		B65813J0000R030
T38	16000 +40/–30%	5720		B65813J0000Y038
N49	2900 +30/–20%	1040	< 0.75 (50 mT, 500 kHz,100 °C)	B65813J0000R049
N87	4200 +30/–20%	1500	< 2.30 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65813J0000R087
N97	4200 +30/–20%	1500	< 2.00 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65813J0000R097
N41	5500 +30/–20%	1960	< 0.80 (200 mT, 25 kHz, 100 °C)	B65813J0000R041



Accessories B65814

Coil former

Material: GFR thermosetting plastic (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

H

max. operating temperature 180 °C), color code black

Sumikon PM 9630® [E41429 (M)], SUMITOMO BAKELITE CO LTD

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

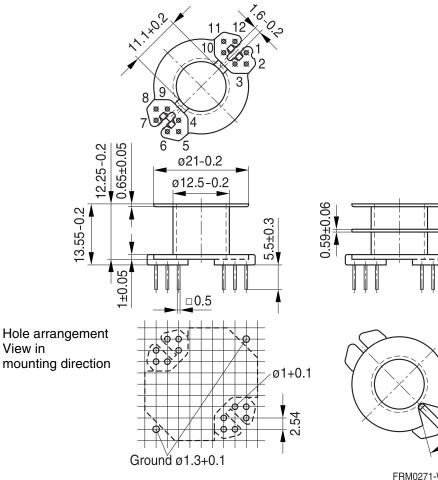
see Data Book 2013, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1" Winding:

Squared pins.

For matching clamp and insulating washers see page 7.

Sections	A _N mm ²	I _N mm	A_R value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	Ordering code
1	41.5	52	43	8 12	B65814N1008D001 B65814N1012D001
2	39	52	46	8 12	B65814N1008D002 B65814N1012D002

12 pins



Version

8 pins

Pins omitted

2, 5, 8, 11

FRM0271-W-E



Accessories B65814

Coil former for power applications

Optimized for automatic winding

Material: GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

F

max. operating temperature 155 °C), color code black

Valox 420-SE0® [E45329 (M)], GE PLASTICS B V

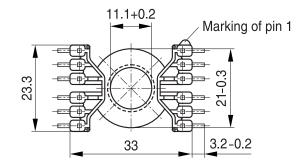
Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

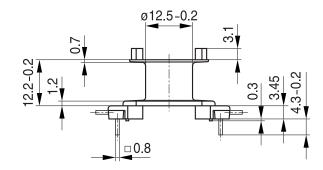
Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

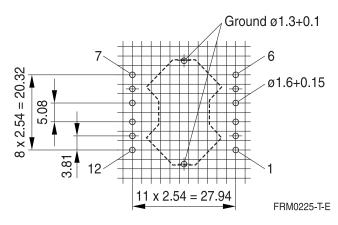
Winding: see Data Book 2013, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

For matching clamp and insulating washer 1 see page 7.

Sections	A _N mm ²	I _N mm	A_R value $\mu\Omega$	Pins	Ordering code
1	41.5	52	43	12	B65814C1512T001







Hole arrangement View in mounting direction (Note half pitch!)



Accessories B65814

Clamp

- With ground terminal, made of stainless spring steel (tinned), 0.4 mm thick
- Solderability to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s
- Also available as strip clamp on reels on request

Insulating washer 1 between core and coil former

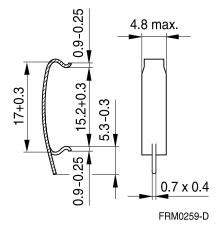
- For tolerance compensation and for insulation
- Made of polycarbonate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085: E 120 °C), 0.08 mm thick Aryphan F685, [E167358 (M)], natural color, LOFO HIGH TECH FILM GMBH

Insulating washer 2 for double-clad PCBs

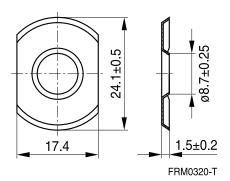
■ Made of polycarbonate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085: E 120 °C), 0.25 mm thick Makrofol FR7-2, [E118859 (M)], natural color, BAYER MATERIALSCIENCE AG

	Ordering code
Clamp (ordering code per piece, 2 are required)	B65814B2203X000
Insulating washer 1 (reel packing, PU = 1 reel)	B65814B5000X000
Insulating washer 2 (bulk)	B65814B2005X000

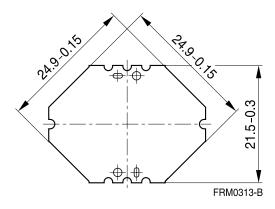
Clamp



Insulating washer 1 (preliminary data)



Insulating washer 2



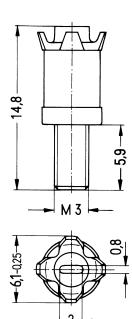


Accessories B65679

Adjusting screw

■ Tube core with thread and core brake made of GFR polyterephthalate Pocan B3235® [E245249 (M)], LANXESS AG

Tube core			Ordering code
$\emptyset \times \text{length (mm)}$	Material	Color code	
4.55 × 6.3	N22	red	B65679E0003X022
4.98 × 6.3	N22	black	B65679E0002X022



FRM0125-M



RM 10 »Low Profile«

Core B65813P

- To IEC 62317-4
- For compact transformers
- Without center hole
- Delivery mode: sets

Magnetic characteristics (per set)

 $\Sigma I/A = 0.34 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

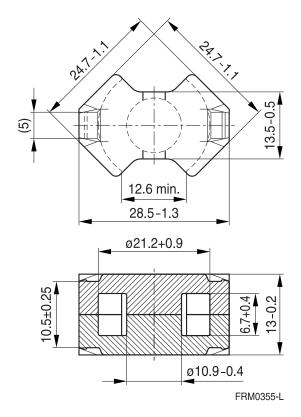
 $I_{e} = 33.9 \text{ mm}$

 $A_e = 99.1 \text{ mm}^2$

 $A_{min} = 90.0 \text{ mm}^2$

 $V_e = 3360 \text{ mm}^3$

Approx. weight 17.2 g/set



Ungapped

Material	A _L value	μ_{e}	P_{V}	Ordering code
	nH		W/set	
N49	3700 +30/–20%	1000	< 0.62 (50 mT, 500 kHz, 100 °C)	B65813P0000R049
N92	4000 +30/–20%	1090	< 1.90 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65813P0000R092
N87	5200 +30/–20%	1410	< 1.72 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65813P0000R087



Cautions and warnings

Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see chapter "Definitions", section 8.1.

Effects of core combination on A_I value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see chapter "Definitions", section 8.2.

Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

NiZn-materials

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

Processing notes

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroid.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mount.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see chapter "Processing notes", section 8.2.
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.

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Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
A	Cross section of coil	mm ²
A_{e}	Effective magnetic cross section	mm ²
A_L	Inductance factor; $A_L = L/N^2$	nH
A_{L1}	Minimum inductance at defined high saturation ($\triangleq \mu_a$)	nH
A_{min}	Minimum core cross section	mm ²
A _N	Winding cross section	mm ²
A_R	Resistance factor; $A_R = R_{Cu}/N^2$	$\mu\Omega = 10^{-6} \Omega$
В	RMS value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m ² , mT
ΔΒ	Flux density deviation	Vs/m ² , mT
Ê	Peak value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m ² , mT
$\Delta \hat{B}$	Peak value of flux density deviation	Vs/m ² , mT
B_{DC}	DC magnetic flux density	Vs/m², mT
B _R	Remanent flux density	Vs/m ² , mT
B_S	Saturation magnetization	Vs/m², mT
C_0	Winding capacitance	F = As/V
CDF	Core distortion factor	mm ^{-4.5}
DF	Relative disaccommodation coefficient DF = d/μ_i	
d	Disaccommodation coefficient	
Ea	Activation energy	J
f	Frequency	s−1, Hz
f _{cutoff}	Cut-off frequency	s ^{−1} , Hz
f_{max}	Upper frequency limit	s⁻¹, Hz
f _{min}	Lower frequency limit	s⁻¹, Hz
f _r	Resonance frequency	s⁻¹, Hz
f_{Cu}	Copper filling factor	
g	Air gap	mm
Н	RMS value of magnetic field strength	A/m
Ĥ	Peak value of magnetic field strength	A/m
H_{DC}	DC field strength	A/m
H _c	Coercive field strength	A/m
h	Hysteresis coefficient of material	10 ⁻⁶ cm/A
h/μ_i^2	Relative hysteresis coefficient	10 ⁻⁶ cm/A
l	RMS value of current	Α
I_{DC}	Direct current	Α
Î	Peak value of current	Α
J	Polarization	Vs/m ²
k	Boltzmann constant	J/K
k_3	Third harmonic distortion	
k _{3c}	Circuit third harmonic distortion	
L	Inductance	H = Vs/A



Symbols and terms

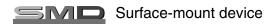
Symbol	Meaning	Unit
ΔL/L	Relative inductance change	Н
L_0	Inductance of coil without core	Н
L _H	Main inductance	Н
Lp	Parallel inductance	Н
L _{rev}	Reversible inductance	Н
L _s	Series inductance	Н
l _e	Effective magnetic path length	mm
I _N	Average length of turn	mm
N	Number of turns	
P_{Cu}	Copper (winding) losses	W
P _{trans}	Transferrable power	W
P _V	Relative core losses	mW/g
PF	Performance factor	
Q	Quality factor (Q = ω L/R _s = 1/tan δ _L)	
R	Resistance	Ω
R_{Cu}	Copper (winding) resistance (f = 0)	Ω
R_h	Hysteresis loss resistance of a core	Ω
ΔR_h	R _h change	Ω
R_i	Internal resistance	Ω
R_p	Parallel loss resistance of a core	Ω
R _s	Series loss resistance of a core	Ω
R_{th}	Thermal resistance	K/W
R_V	Effective loss resistance of a core	Ω
s	Total air gap	mm
Т	Temperature	°C
ΔT	Temperature difference	K
T_{C}	Curie temperature	°C
t	Time	s
t_v	Pulse duty factor	
$tan \ \delta$	Loss factor	
$tan \; \delta_L$	Loss factor of coil	
tan δ_r	(Residual) loss factor at $H \rightarrow 0$	
tan δ_e	Relative loss factor	
tan δ_h	Hysteresis loss factor	
tan δ/μ_i	Relative loss factor of material at $H \rightarrow 0$	
U	RMS value of voltage	V
Û	Peak value of voltage	V
V_e	Effective magnetic volume	mm ³
Z	Complex impedance	Ω
Z_n	Normalized impedance $ Z _n = Z /N^2 \times \varepsilon (I_e/A_e)$	Ω/mm



Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
α	Temperature coefficient (TK)	1/K
α_{F}	Relative temperature coefficient of material	1/K
α_{e}	Temperature coefficient of effective permeability	1/K
^E r	Relative permittivity	
Ф	Magnetic flux	Vs
1	Efficiency of a transformer	
lΒ	Hysteresis material constant	mT ⁻¹
li	Hysteresis core constant	$A^{-1}H^{-1/2}$
\s	Magnetostriction at saturation magnetization	
ι	Relative complex permeability	
ι ₀	Magnetic field constant	Vs/Am
^l a	Relative amplitude permeability	
l _{app}	Relative apparent permeability	
l _e	Relative effective permeability	
ι _i	Relative initial permeability	
$\iota_{p}^{'}$	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
ι _p "	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
I _r	Relative permeability	
^l rev	Relative reversible permeability	
ι _s '	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
ls"	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
l _{tot}	Relative total permeability	
	derived from the static magnetization curve	
)	Resistivity	Ω m $^{-1}$
ZI/A	Magnetic form factor	mm ⁻¹
Cu	DC time constant $\tau_{Cu} = L/R_{Cu} = A_L/A_R$	S
O .	Angular frequency; $\omega = 2 \Pi f$	s ⁻¹

All dimensions are given in mm.





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