

# PLL Frequency Synthesizer

# Technical Data

#### HPLL-8001

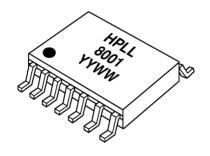
#### **Features**

- Low Operating Current Consumption (4 mA, typ.)
- High Input Sensitivity, High Input Frequencies (50 MHz)
- Synchronous Programming of the Counters (n-, n/a-, r-counters)
- Switchable Modulus Trigger Edge
- Large Dividing Ratios for Small Channel Spacing, A counter 0 to 127, N counter 3 to 16,380, R counter 3 to 65,535
- Serial Control 3-wire Bus: Data, Clock (<10 MHz), Enable
- Switchable Polarity and Programmable Phase Detector Current
- 2 Programmable Outputs
- Digital Phase Detector Output Signals (e.g. for External Charge Pump)
- DRFI, DVFI Outputs (e.g. for Prescaler Standby)
- Lock Detect Output with Gated Anti-backlash Pulse (quasi digital lock detect)

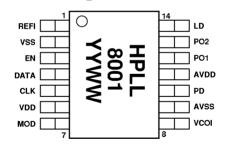
### **Applications**

- GSM Handsets and Base Stations
- PCS/PCN
- DECT
- Wireless LAN

### Plastic SOP-14



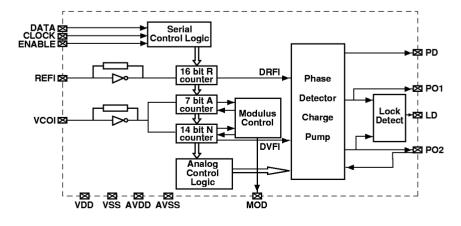
### **Pin Configuration**



# Description

The HPLL-8001 is a phase-locked loop (PLL) frequency synthesizer intended for use in a frequency generation loop with an external dual modulus prescaler and VCO. The VCO frequency is divided by the dual modulus prescaler, which is then fed to the internal A and N counters. The reference frequency is fed to an internal R counter to define the channel spacing. Both frequencies are compared in the phase detector which drives the charge pump. A lock detect is provided to monitor the lock state of the loop. All blocks are programmed by a serial 3-wire bus interface.

## **Functional Block Diagram**



## HPLL-8001 Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>[1]</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Units	Absolute Maximum
$V_{\rm CC}$	Supply Voltage	V	7
$P_{\mathrm{T}}$	Power Dissipation <sup>[2, 3]</sup>	mW	400
P <sub>in</sub>	RF Input Power	dBm	+15
$T_{\rm j}$	Junction Temperature	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	150
$T_{ m STG}$	Storage Temperature	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	-65 to 150

Thermal Resistance <sup>[2]</sup> :	
$\theta_{ m jc}=150^{\circ}{ m C/W}$	

#### Notes:

- 1. Permanent damage may occur if any of these limits are exceeded.
- 2.  $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ .
- 3. Derate at 7 mW/°C for  $T_{\text{case}} > 90 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Recommended operating range of  $V_{cc}$  = 2.7 to 5.5V,  $T_a$  = -40 to +85°C.

# **HPLL-8001 Summary Characterization Information**

Standard test conditions apply unless otherwise noted.

Current	Consumption			
Symbol	Parameters and Test Condition	Units	Тур.	
$I_s$	Current Consumption <sup>[1]</sup>		mA mA μA	6.8 3.1 0.06

#### Note:

 $1. \;\; F_{VF} = 50 \; \text{MHz}, \; V_{VF} = 150 \; \text{mVrms}, \; F_{RF} = 50 \; \text{MHz}, \; V_{RF} = 150 \; \text{mVrms}, \; I_{PD} = 0.250 \; \text{mA}, \; I_{REF} = 100 \; \mu\text{A}$ 

# VCO Input Frequency (pin 8), Reference Input Frequency (pin 1)

Symbol	Parameters a	Units	Тур.					
$\mathbf{F}_{ ext{REFI}}$	Reference Frequency Range	$V_{\rm REFI}$ = 100 mVrms	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 4.5 V	m MHz	4 - 60			
		$V_{\mathrm{REFI}} = 100 \; \mathrm{mVrms}$	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 2.7 V	MHz	4 - 30			
$F_{VCOI}$	Oscillator Frequency Range <sup>[2]</sup>							
	Dual Mode	$V_{V\! m COI}$ = 200 mVrms	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 4.5 $V$	MHz	4 - 65			
		$V_{VCOI}$ = 200 mVrms	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 2.7 V	MHz	4 - 30			
	Single HF Mode	$V_{ m VCOI}$ = 200 mVrms	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 4.5 V	MHz	4 - 160			
		$V_{ m VCOI}$ = 200 mVrms	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 2.7 V	MHz	4 - 100			
	Single LF Mode	$V_{ m VCOI}$ = 100 mVrms	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 4.5 V	MHz	4 - 90			
		$V_{VCOI}$ = 100 mVrms	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ = 2.7 V	MHz	4 - 35			

#### Note:

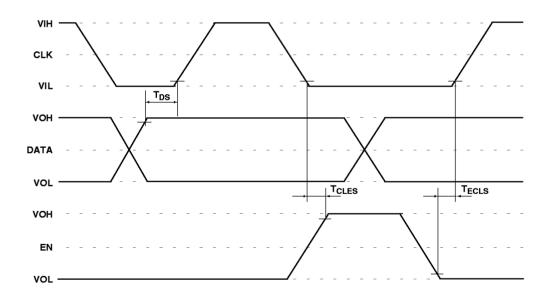
2. Minimum Slew Rate = 4 V/ms, Input Capacitance = 4 pF Input Current low = 150  $\mu$ A, Input Current high = 150  $\mu$ A

Inputs EN (pin 3), Data (pin 4), CLK (pin 5)

Symbol	Parameters and Test Conditions	Units	Min	Тур	Max
$V_{ m IL}$	Voltage Input Low at $I_{\rm IL}$ = 10 $\mu A$	V			$0.3V_{ m DD}$
$V_{\mathrm{IH}}$	Voltage Input High at $I_{IH}$ = 100 $\mu A$	V	$0.7V_{ m DD}$		
$\mathbf{F}_{ ext{CLK}}$	Clock Frequency	MHz			10
$T_{ m R}$ , $T_{ m F}$	Rise and Fall Time of CLK	μs			1
$T_{CLW}$	CLK Pulse Width (high)	ns			60
$T_{ m DS}$	Data Setup Time	ns			20
T <sub>CLES</sub>	CLK-Enable Setup Time	ns			20
T <sub>ECLS</sub>	Enable-CLK Setup Time	ns			20
$T_{ m ENW}$	EN Pulse Width (high)	ns			60
	Propagation Delay Time (Enable - Port 1)	μs			1

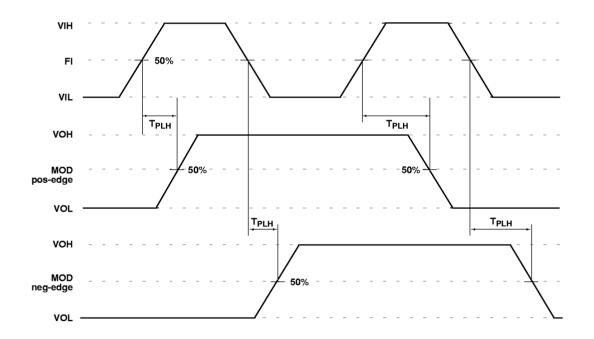
## Note:

These values are valid under the following conditions:  $V_{\rm DD}$  = 2.7 to 5.5 V.



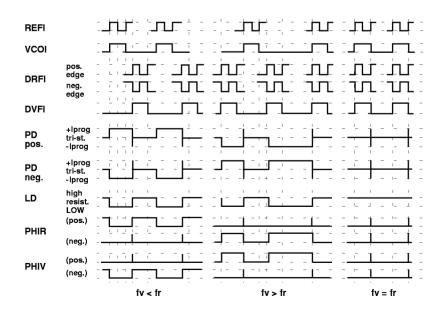
# Output MOD Modulus Control (pin 7)

Symbol	Parameters and Test Conditions	Units	Min	Тур	Max
$V_{ m OH}$	Voltage Output High $I_{OH} = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{DD} = 4.5-5.5 \text{ V}$	V	$V_{\rm DD}$ $-0.4$		
	$I_{OH} = 1.2 \text{ mA}, V_{DD} = 2.7 - 3.3 \text{ V}$	V	$V_{\mathrm{DD}}$ $-0.4$		
$V_{ m OL}$	Voltage Output Low $I_{OL} = 0.5 \text{ mA}, V_{DD} = 4.5 - 5.5 \text{ V}$	V			0.8
	$I_{OL}$ = 0.3 mA, $V_{DD}$ = 2.7 – 3.3 V	V			0.8
$T_{ m R}, T_{ m F}$	Rise and Fall Time $V_{DD} = 4.5 - 5.5  V,  C_L = 5  pF$	ns		1	3
	$V_{\rm DD} = 2.7 - 3.3  V,   C_{\rm L} = 5  \rm pF$	ns		3	6
$T_{ m PHL}, T_{ m PLH}$	Propagation Delay from high to low and low to high				
(VCOI to MOD)	$V_{\rm DD} = 4.5 - 5.5 \text{ V}, \ C_{\rm L} = 5 \text{ pF}$	ns		6	9
	$V_{\rm DD} = 2.7 - 3.3  \text{V}, \ C_{\rm L} = 5  \text{pF}$	ns		15	17



# Output PD Phase Detector (pin 10)

Symbol	Parameters and Test Conditions					
	B14	B13	B12	Units	Тур.	
	0	0	0	mA	0.15	
	0	0	1	mA	0.21	
	0	1	0	mA	0.31	
Icp	0	1	1	mA	0.44	
$(V_{DD} = 4.5 - 5.5V)$	1	0	0	mA	0.63	
	1	0	1	mA	0.89	
	1	1	0	mA	1.26	
	1	1	1	mA	1.69	
		Standby		nA	0.1	
	0	0	0	mA	0.14	
	0	0	1	mA	0.20	
	0	1	0	mA	0.29	
Icp	0	1	1	mA	0.40	
$(V_{DD} = 2.7 - 3.3 \text{ V})$	1	0	0	mA	0.58	
	1	0	1	mA	0.79	
	1	1	0	mA	1.06	
	1	1	1	mA	1.26	
		Standby		nA	0.1	

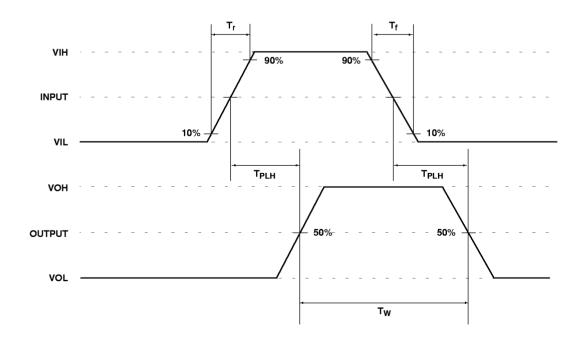


Input-Output PO2	<b>Programmable</b>	Input-Output	(pin 13)

Symbol	Parameters and Test Condition	s Uni	its Min	Тур	Max
$V_{\mathrm{OH}}$	Voltage Output High $I_{OH} = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{DD}$	= 4.5–5.5V V	VDD-0.8		
	$I_{\mathrm{OH}}$ = 1.2 mA, $V_{\mathrm{DD}}$	= 2.7 - 3.3 V	VDD-0.8		
$ m V_{OL}$	Voltage Output Low $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{DD}$	= 4.5 - 5.5 V V	7		0.8
	$I_{\rm OL}$ = 1.2 mA, $V_{\rm DD}$	= 2.7 - 3.3 V	7		0.8
$\mathrm{T_{F}}$	Fall Time $V_{DD} = 4.5 - 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ MF01}, \text{ MF02}$	$C_{\rm L}$ = 10 pF $ m ms$	3	3	4
	$V_{DD} = 2.7 - 3.3 \text{ V, MF01, MF02}$	$C_{\rm L}$ = 10 pF $ m ns$	3	5	6
$\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{R}}$	Rise Time $V_{DD} = 4.5 - 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ MF01, MF02}$	$C_{\rm L} = 10~{ m pF}$ ns	3	6	7
	$V_{DD} = 2.7 - 3.3 \text{ V, MF01, MF02}$	$C_{\rm L} = 10~{ m pF}$ ns	3	12	14
$ m V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage, Iref = 100 μA	V	0.8	1.1	1.3

# Output LD Lock Detect (pin 14)

Symbol	Parameters and Test Conditions			Min	Тур	Max
$V_{ m OL}$	Voltage Output Low	$I_{\rm OL}$ = 0.5 mA, $V_{\rm DD}$ = 5 V	V			0.8
		$I_{OL}$ = 0.5 mA, $V_{DD}$ = 2.7 $V$	V			0.8
$T_{ m F}$	Fall Time	$V_{\mathrm{DD}} = 4.5 - 5.5\mathrm{V}$	ns		5	6
		$V_{\mathrm{DD}} = 2.7 - 3.3V$	ns		8	10



# **HPLL-8001 Pin Description Table**

No.	Mnemonic	Description	Typical Signal
1	REFI	Reference Frequency	High sensitivity preamplifier input for the r-counter.  The input can be AC-coupled for small input signals or DC-coupled for large input signals.
2	VSS	Ground for digital logic	0 V
3	EN	3-wire interface: Enable	Enable line of the serial interface with internal pull-up resistor. When EN=H, the input signal CLK and DATA are internally disabled. When EN=L, the received data is transferred to the latches on the positive edge of the EN signal.
4	DATA	3-wire interface: Data	Serial DATA input with internal pull-up resistor. The last two bits before the EN-signal define the destination address.
5	CLK	3-wire interface: Clock	Clock line with internal pull-up resistor. The serial DATA is read into the internal shift register on the positive edge (see pulse diagram for serial data control).
6	VDD	Positive supply voltage for digital logic	
7	MOD	Mo dulus Control	For an external dual modulus prescaler. The modulus output is low at the beginning of the cycle. When the a-counter has reached its set value, MOD switches to high. When the n-counter has reached its set value, MOD switches to low and the cycle starts again. When the prescaler has the counter factor P or P+1 (P for MOD=H, P+1 for MOD=L), the overall scaling factor is NP+A. The value of the a-counter must be smaller than that of the n-counter. The trigger edge of the modulus signal to the input signal can be selected (see programming tables and MOD A, B) according to the needs of the prescaler.  In single modulus operation and for standby operation, the output is low.
8	VCOI	VCO frequency	High sensitivity preamplifier input for the n-counter. The input can be AC-coupled for small input signals or DC-coupled for large input signals.
9	AVSS	Ground for analog logic	Pins VDD and AVDD and also pins VSS and AVSS must have the same power supply voltage.
10	PD	Phase detector	Tristate charge pump output. The level of the charge pump output current can be programmed using the digital interface. frequency Fv>FR or Fv lagging: p source active frequency Fv>FR or Fv leading: n source active frequency Fv=FR & PLL locked: PD tristate standby mode: PD tristate  The polarity of the output signals of the phase detector can be programmed.
11	AVDD	Positive supply voltage for analog logic	

# HPLL-8001 Pin Description Table, continued

No.	Mnemonic	Description	Typical Signal
12	PO1	Programmable output	$\label{eq:multifunction} \begin{array}{l} \text{Multifunction Output for the signals $F_{RN}$, $\phi_V$, $\phi_{VN}$ and} \\ \text{PROBIT ($F_{RN}$, $\phi_V$ are the inverted signals of $F_{R}$, $\phi_{VN}$).} \end{array}$
13	PO2	Programmable I/O	For the output signals $F_{VN}$ , $\phi_{RN}$ and the input signal IREF - The signals $\phi_R$ and $\phi_V$ are the digital output signals of the phase and frequency detector for use with external active current sources The signals $F_{RN}$ and $F_{VN}$ are the scaled down signals of the reference frequency and VCO-frequencies The programmed bit PROBIT is assigned to PO1 output in the internal charge pump mode. The standby mode does not affect this function In the internal charge pump mode the input signal IREF determines the value of the PD-output current.
14	LD	Lock detect	Unipolar output of the phase detector in the form of a pulsewidth modulated signal. The LD-pulse width corresponds to the phase difference. In the locked state the LD-signal is at H-level. In standby mode the output is resistive.

# Programmable Reference Divider (R Counter Register)

Note: R16 is the MSB of the R counter value. R16 is the first bit which is transferred to the HPLL-8001.

# **Programmable Dividers (N and A Counter Registers)**

### Dual Mode

0	1	N1	N2	N3			N12	N13	N14	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	
Single	Single Mode																
0	1	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5	N6	N7	N8	N10	N11	N12	N13	N14			

**Note:** N14 is the MSB of the N counter value. A7 is the MSB of the A counter value. A7 is the first bit which is transferred to the HPLL-8001.

# Status Registers

1	0	B14	B13	B12	B11	B10	В9	В8	B7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	]
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	---

B1 is the first bit which is transferred to the HPLL-8001.

# B1:

B1	Counter loading						
0	asynchronous counter load						
1	synchronous counter load						

## B2 and B3:

B2	В3	PO1	PO2	Modes
0	0	$F_{ m RN}$	$F_{VN}$	Test Modes
0	1	$\phi_{ m V}$	$\phi_{ m RN}$	External Charge Pump, Mode 1
1	0	$\phi_{ m VN}$	$\phi_{ m RN}$	External Charge Pump, Mode 2
1	1	PROBIT	$I_{ m REF}$	Internal Charge Pump mode

## B4:

B2	PD Polarity							
0	negative							
1	positive							
	positive means increasing VCO							
frequer	ncy with increasing voltage							

## B5 and B6:

B5	<b>B</b> 6	Modes
Standby 2	Standby 1	
0	0	Standby mode 1: All functions
0	1	powered down
1	0	Standby mode 2: Counters, charge pump, and outputs are off. Only preamplifiers stay active
1	1	Normal operation: All functions are active

## B7 and B8:

Anti Backlash Pulse Width									
B8	B7	Typical	Unit						
0	0	10	ns						
0	1	6	ns						
1	0	4	ns						
1	1	2	ns						

# B9 and B10:

B9	B10	Modes
Single/Dual Mode	Preamplifier Select	
0	0	VCOI input: single HF mode
0	1	VCOI input: single LF mode
1	0	VCOI input: dual mode, VCOI trigger LH edge
1	1	VCOI input: dual mode, VCOI trigger HL edge

## B11:

B11	Output bit PROBIT on PO1
0	0
1	1

# B12, B13, and B14:

	B14	B13	B12	Charge pur	mp current
				Тур.	Units
	0	0	0	0.15	mA
	0	0	1	0.21	mA
VDD = 4.5 - 5.5V	0	1	0	0.31	mA
	0	1	1	0.44	mA
	1	0	0	0.63	mA
	1	0	1	0.89	mA
	1	1	0	1.26	mA
	1	1	1	1.69	mA
		Standby	,	0.1	nA
	_		1 -		
	0	0	0	0.14	mA
	0	0	1	0.20	mA
	0	1	0	0.29	mA
VDD = 2.7 - 3.3V	0	1	1	0.40	mA
	1	0	0	0.58	mA
	1	0	1	0.79	mA
	1	1	0	1.06	mA
	1	1	1	1.26	mA
		Standby	•	0.1	nA

# Reduced Status Register

0	0	B14	B13	B12	B11
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----

B11 is the first bit which is transferred to the HPLL-8001.

# **Functional Description**

## Frequency Divider

The division ratio can be calculated as follows:

FVCO =  $(N \times P + A) / R \times FREF$  where,

**FVCO**: Output frequency of the external VCO

**FREF**: Reference oscillator frequency

N: divide ratio of the N counter  $3 \le N \le 16380$ 

A: divide ratio of the A counter  $0 \le A \le 127$ 

**R**: divide ratio of the R counter  $3 \le R \le 65535$ 

P: divide ratio of the external dual modulus prescaler

## Phase Detector and Charge Pump

The phase detector is a digital, edge-sensitive comparator with UP and DOWN outputs. Both outputs can be monitored at the outputs PO1 and PO2. The phase detector drives a charge pump, which is a switch with a tristate state. The output current can be programmed in 8 steps between 0.15 mA and 1.69 mA (VDD = 4.5 to 5.5 V) with a reference current of 100  $\mu$ A.

If VCOI < REFI, the charge pump delivers a positive current to the external loop filter. If VCOI > REFI, the charge pump sinks a negative current from the external loop filter. The charge pump output can be inverted by software.

Anti-backlash pulses are generated to extend the very short phase difference between VCOI and REFI.

### **Programming**

The HPLL-8001 can be programmed through a 3-wire interface. Four different words can be sent over this interface to program the internal registers. All four words consists of a 2-bit address and a variable data portion. When EN=L, the data is transferred. It is loaded into the internal registers at the rising edge of EN. The last two bits which are transferred, form the address bits. When EN=H, the input signals, CLK and DATA, are internally disabled.

The Status registers contains all status information.

The reduced Status register is a reduced version of the status register.

The N and A counter register and the R counter register contain the applicable counter values.

The programming of the device must start with the loading of the status register.

The N, A and R counters can be loaded synchronously or asynchronously. If synchronous loading is selected, all counters are loaded when they reach the value zero. As a result, the phase difference between the divided VCOI and REFI signal remains the same.

For synchronous loading the following order of programming must be followed:

 programming of synchronous loading using the status register

- 2) programming of the R counter
- 3) programming of the N, A counters

The rising edge of EN enables the synchronous loading of all counters at their zero value.

#### Standby

The HPLL-8001 has two standby modes.

In standby mode 1, the whole device is powered down with the exception of the serial interface.

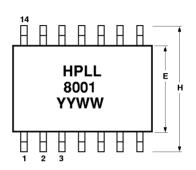
In standby mode 2, the serial interface and the input amplifiers are active. All other parts are powered down.



# **Part Number Ordering Information**

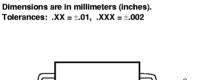
Part Number	No. of Devices	Container
HPLL-8001-BLK	56	Tube
HPLL-8001-TR1	1000	7" Reel

## **Package Dimensions JEDEC Standard SOP-14**

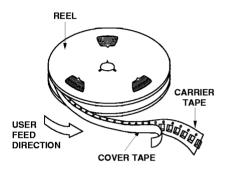


	DIMENSIONS	
SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.
Α	1.35 (0.053)	2.01 (0.079)
A1	0.080 (0.003)	0.300 (0.012)
b	0.330 (0.013)	0.510 (0.020)
D	8.56 (0.337)	8.89 (0.350)
E	3.81 (0.150)	4.09 (0.161)
е	1.27 BSC (0.500)	
Н	5.79 (0.151)	6.40 (0.252)
L	0.300 (0.012)	1.27 (0.050)
θ	0	10

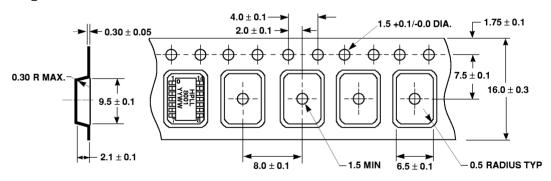
Meets JEDEC outline dimensions. Dimensions are in millimeters (inches).



## **Device Orientation**







**DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS** 

www.hp.com go frf

For technical assistance or the location of your nearest Hewlett-Packard sales office, distributor or representative call:

Americas/Canada: 1-800-235-0312 or 408-654-8675

Far East/Australasia: Call your local HP sales office.

**Japan:** (81 3) 3335-8152

Europe: Call your local HP sales office.

Data subject to change.

Copyright © 1998 Hewlett-Packard Co.

Printed in U.S.A. 5966-1495E (1/98)