

### LOW VOLTAGE DETECTOR

NO.EA-056-100201

### OUTLINE

The R3111x series are CMOS-based voltage detector ICs with high detector threshold accuracy and ultra-low supply current, which can be operated at an extremely low voltage and is used for system reset as an example.

Each of these ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, a comparator, resistors for detector threshold setting, an output driver and a hysteresis circuit. The detector threshold is fixed with high accuracy internally and does not require any adjustment.

Three output types, Nch open drain "L" type, Nch open drain "H" type and CMOS type are available.

The R3111x Series are operable at a lower voltage than that for the Rx5VL series, and can be driven by a single battery.

Seven types of packages, TO-92, SOT-89, SOT-23-3, SOT-23-5, SC-82AB, SC-88A and SON1612-6 are available.

### FEATURES

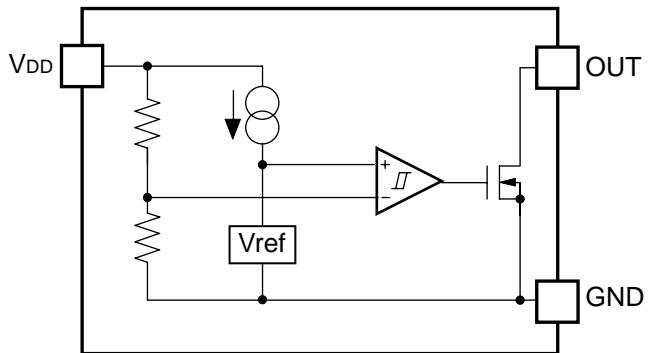
- Supply Current ..... Typ.  $0.8\mu A$  ( $-V_{DET}=1.5V$ ,  $V_{DD}=-V_{DET}-0.1V$ )
- Operating Voltage Range ..... 0.7V to 10.0V ( $T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$ )
- Detector Threshold Range ..... 0.9V to 6.0V (0.1V steps)  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATIONS.)
- Detector Threshold Accuracy .....  $\pm 2.0\%$
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Detector Threshold ..... Typ.  $\pm 100\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Output Types ..... Nch Open Drain "L", Nch Open Drain "H", and CMOS
- Packages ..... SON1612-6, SC-82AB, SC-88A, SOT-23-3, SOT-23-5, SOT-89, TO-92

### APPLICATIONS

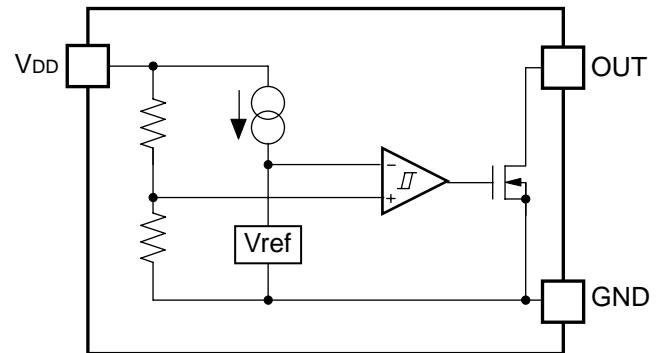
- CPU and Logic Circuit Reset
- Battery Checker
- Window Comparator
- Wave Shaping Circuit
- Battery Back-up Circuit
- Power Failure Detector

## BLOCK DIAGRAMS

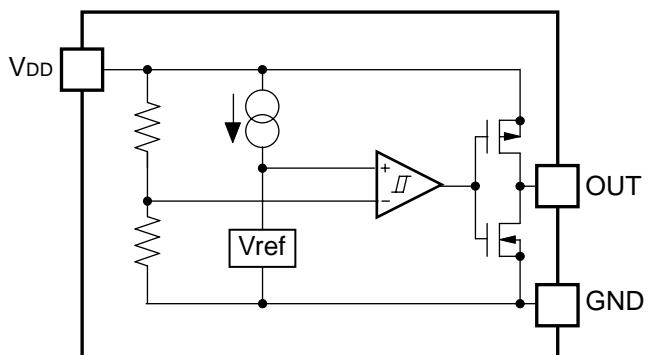
R3111xxxxA



R3111xxxxB



R3111xxxxC



## SELECTION GUIDE

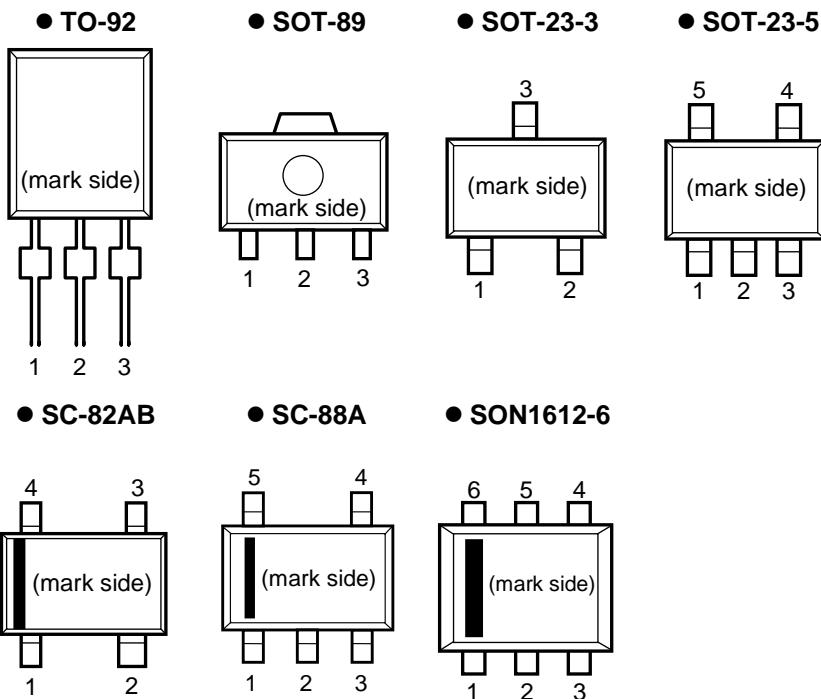
The package type, the detector threshold, the output type and the taping type for the ICs can be selected at the users' request. The selection can be made with designating the part number as shown below;

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R3111Dxx1*-TR-FE	SON1612-6	4,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3111Qxx1*-TR-FE	SC-82AB	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3111Qxx2*-TR-FE	SC-88A	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3111Nxx2*-TR-FE	SOT-23-3	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3111Nxx1*-TR-FE	SOT-23-5	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3111Hxx1*-T1-F	SOT-89	1,000 pcs	Yes	No
R3111Exx1*-TZ-F	TO-92	2,500 pcs	Yes	No

xx: The detector threshold can be designated in the range from 0.9V(09) to 6.0V(60) in 0.1V steps.  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATIONS.)

\* : Designation of Output Type  
 (A) Nch Open Drain (Output "L" at  $V_{DD}=-V_{DET}$ )  
 (B) Nch Open Drain (Output "H" at  $V_{DD}=-V_{DET}$ )  
 (C) CMOS (Output "L" at  $V_{DD}=-V_{DET}$ )

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS



## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

### ● TO-92

Pin No.	Symbol
1	V <sub>DD</sub>
2	GND
3	OUT

### ● SOT-89

Pin No.	Symbol
1	OUT
2	V <sub>DD</sub>
3	GND

### ● SOT-23-3

Pin No.	Symbol
1	OUT
2	GND
3	V <sub>DD</sub>

### ● SOT-23-5

Pin No.	Symbol
1	OUT
2	V <sub>DD</sub>
3	GND
4	NC
5	NC

### ● SC-82AB

Pin No.	Symbol
1	OUT
2	V <sub>DD</sub>
3	NC
4	GND

### ● SC-88A

Pin No.	Symbol
1	OUT
2	NC
3	V <sub>DD</sub>
4	NC
5	GND

### ● SON1612-6

Pin No.	Symbol
1	OUT
2	V <sub>DD</sub>
3	GND
4	NC
5	V <sub>DD</sub>
6	NC

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage	12	V
$V_{OUT1}$	Output Voltage (CMOS)	$V_{SS}-0.3$ to $V_{DD}+0.3$	V
$V_{OUT2}$	Output Voltage (Nch)	$V_{SS}-0.3$ to 12	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current	70	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation (TO-92)*	300	mW
	Power Dissipation (SOT-89)*	900	
	Power Dissipation (SOT-23-3)*	420	
	Power Dissipation (SOT-23-5)*	420	
	Power Dissipation (SC-82AB)*	380	
	Power Dissipation (SC-88A)*	380	
	Power Dissipation (SON1612-6)*	500	
Topt	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C
Tsolder	Lead temperature (Soldering)	260°C, 10s	

\* ) For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- R3111x09xA/C

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		0.882	0.900	0.918	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.027	0.045	0.063	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =0.80V V <sub>DD</sub> =2.90V		0.8 0.9	2.4 2.7	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.05V, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.70V V <sub>DS</sub> =0.50V, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.85V	0.01 0.05	0.05 0.50		mA
		Pch V <sub>DS</sub> =-2.1V, V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5V	1.0	2.0		mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

- R3111x18xA/C

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		1.764	1.800	1.836	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.054	0.090	0.126	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.70V V <sub>DD</sub> =3.80V		0.8 1.0	2.4 3.0	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.05V, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.70V V <sub>DS</sub> =0.50V, V <sub>DD</sub> =1.50V	0.01 1.00	0.05 2.00		mA
		Pch V <sub>DS</sub> =-2.1V, V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5V	1.0	2.0		mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

\*Note1: Minimum operating voltage means the value of input voltage when output voltage maintains 0.1V or less. (In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type, the output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V.)

\*Note2: In the case of CMOS Output type: The time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to ((+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V)/2.

In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type: The output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V, the time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to 2.5V.

● R3111x27xA/C

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		2.646	2.700	2.754	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.081	0.135	0.189	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =2.60V V <sub>DD</sub> =4.70V		0.9 1.1	2.7 3.3	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.05V, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.70V V <sub>DS</sub> =0.50V, V <sub>DD</sub> =1.50V	0.01 1.00	0.05 2.00		mA
		Pch V <sub>DS</sub> =-2.1V, V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5V	1.0	2.0		mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

● R3111x36xA/C

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		3.528	3.600	3.672	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.108	0.180	0.252	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.47V V <sub>DD</sub> =5.60V		1.0 1.2	3.0 3.6	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.05V, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.70V V <sub>DS</sub> =0.50V, V <sub>DD</sub> =1.50V	0.01 1.00	0.05 2.00		mA
		Pch V <sub>DS</sub> =-2.1V, V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5V	1.0	2.0		mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

\*Note1: Minimum operating voltage means the value of input voltage when output voltage maintains 0.1V or less. (In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type, the output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V.)

\*Note2: In the case of CMOS Output type: The time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to ((+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V)/2.

In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type: The output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V, the time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to 2.5V.

## R3111x

### • R3111x45xA/C

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		4.410	4.500	4.590	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.135	0.225	0.315	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =4.34V V <sub>DD</sub> =6.50V		1.1 1.3	3.3 3.9	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.05V, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.70V V <sub>DS</sub> =0.50V, V <sub>DD</sub> =1.50V	0.01 1.00	0.05 2.00		mA
		Pch V <sub>DS</sub> =-2.1V, V <sub>DD</sub> =8.0V	1.5	3.0		mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

### • R3111x54xA/C

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		5.292	5.400	5.508	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.162	0.270	0.378	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =5.20V V <sub>DD</sub> =7.40V		1.2 1.4	3.6 4.2	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.05V, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.70V V <sub>DS</sub> =0.50V, V <sub>DD</sub> =1.50V	0.01 1.00	0.05 2.00		mA
		Pch V <sub>DS</sub> =-2.1V, V <sub>DD</sub> =8.0V	1.5	3.0		mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

\*Note1: Minimum operating voltage means the value of input voltage when output voltage maintains 0.1V or less. (In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type, the output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V.)

\*Note2: In the case of CMOS Output type: The time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to ((+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V)/2.

In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type: The output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V, the time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to 2.5V.

● R3111Q231B

Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		2.254	2.300	2.346	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.069	0.115	0.161	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =2.2V V <sub>DD</sub> =4.3V		0.9 1.1	2.7 3.3	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.10V, V <sub>DD</sub> =6.5V	2.5			mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

● R3111Q441B

Topt=25°C

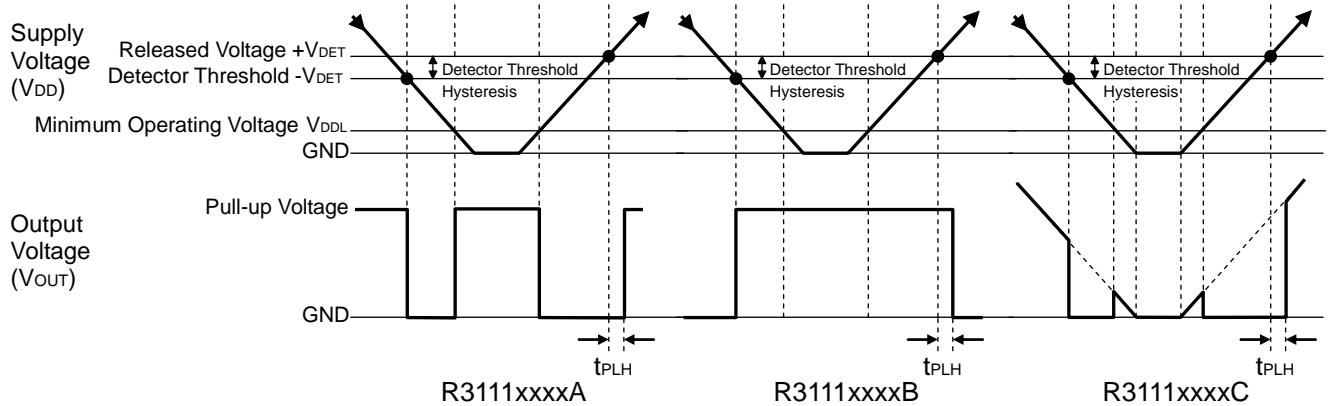
Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V <sub>DET</sub>	Detector Threshold		4.312	4.400	4.488	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Detector Threshold Hysteresis		0.132	0.220	0.308	V
I <sub>SS</sub>	Supply Current	V <sub>DD</sub> =4.24V V <sub>DD</sub> =6.4V		1.1 1.3	3.3 3.9	μA
V <sub>DDH</sub>	Maximum Operating Voltage				10	V
V <sub>DDL</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage <sup>*Note1</sup>	Topt=25°C		0.55	0.70	V
		-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.65	0.80	
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.10V, V <sub>DD</sub> =6.5V	2.5			mA
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Output Delay Time <sup>*Note2</sup>				100	μs
Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> / ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	-40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C

\*Note1: Minimum operating voltage means the value of input voltage when output voltage maintains 0.1V or less. (In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type, the output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V.)

\*Note2: In the case of CMOS Output type: The time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to ((+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V)/2.

In the case of Nch Open Drain Output type: The output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V, the time interval between the rising edge of V<sub>DD</sub> input pulse from 0.7V to (+V<sub>DET</sub>)+2.0V and output voltage level becoming to 2.5V.

## TIMING CHART



## DEFINITION OF OUTPUT DELAY TIME

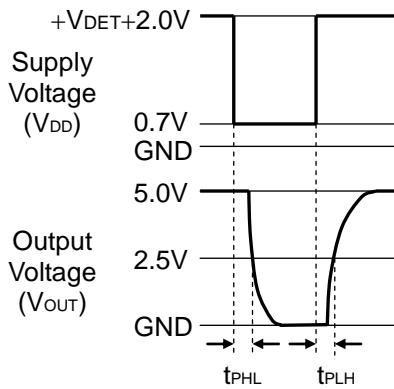
Output Delay Time ( $t_{PLH}$ ) is defined as follows:

1. In the case of Nch Open Drain Output:(R3111xxxxA/B)

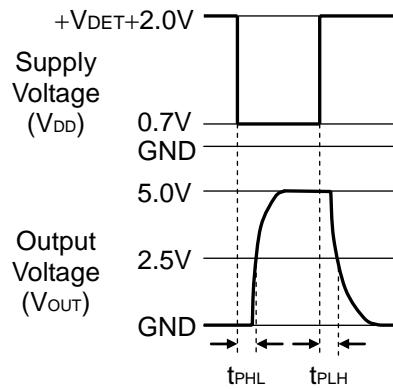
Under the condition of the output pin (OUT) is pulled up through a resistor of  $470\text{k}\Omega$  to 5V, the time interval between the rising edge of  $V_{DD}$  pulse from 0.7V to  $(+V_{DET})+2.0\text{V}$  and becoming of the output voltage to 2.5V.

2. In the case of CMOS Output:(R3111xxxxC)

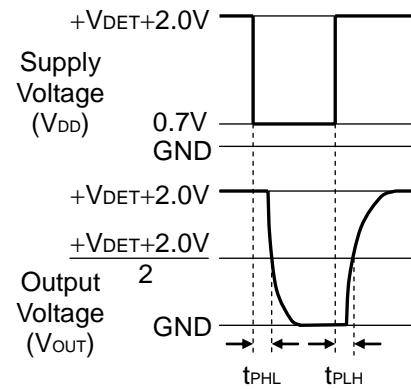
The time interval between the rising edge of  $V_{DD}$  pulse from 0.7V to  $(+V_{DET})+2.0\text{V}$  and becoming of the output voltage to  $((+V_{DET})+2.0\text{V})/2$ .



Nch Open Drain Output  
(R3111xxxxA)



Nch Open Drain Output  
(R3111xxxxB)



CMOS Output  
(R3111xxxxC)



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS BY DETECTOR THRESHOLD

- R3111x09x to R3111x60x

Part Number	Detector Threshold			Detector Threshold Hysteresis			Supply Current 1			Supply Current 2		
	-VDET[V]			VHys[V]			Iss1[μA]			Iss2[μA]		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Condition	Typ.	Max.	Condition	Typ.	Max.
R3111x09xx	0.882	0.900	0.918	0.027	0.045	0.063	VDD= (-VDET) -0.10V	0.8	2.4	0.9	2.7	
R3111x10xx	0.980	1.000	1.020	0.030	0.050	0.070						
R3111x11xx	1.078	1.100	1.122	0.033	0.055	0.077						
R3111x12xx	1.176	1.200	1.224	0.036	0.060	0.084						
R3111x13xx	1.274	1.300	1.326	0.039	0.065	0.091						
R3111x14xx	1.372	1.400	1.428	0.042	0.070	0.098						
R3111x15xx	1.470	1.500	1.530	0.045	0.075	0.105						
R3111x16xx	1.568	1.600	1.632	0.048	0.080	0.112						
R3111x17xx	1.666	1.700	1.734	0.051	0.085	0.119						
R3111x18xx	1.764	1.800	1.836	0.054	0.090	0.126						
R3111x19xx	1.862	1.900	1.938	0.057	0.095	0.133						
R3111x20xx	1.960	2.000	2.040	0.060	0.100	0.140	VDD= (-VDET) -0.13V	0.9	2.7	1.1	3.3	
R3111x21xx	2.058	2.100	2.142	0.063	0.105	0.147						
R3111x22xx	2.156	2.200	2.244	0.066	0.110	0.154						
R3111x23xx	2.254	2.300	2.346	0.069	0.115	0.161						
R3111x24xx	2.352	2.400	2.448	0.072	0.120	0.168						
R3111x25xx	2.450	2.500	2.550	0.075	0.125	0.175						
R3111x26xx	2.548	2.600	2.652	0.078	0.130	0.182						
R3111x27xx	2.646	2.700	2.754	0.081	0.135	0.189						
R3111x28xx	2.744	2.800	2.856	0.084	0.140	0.196						
R3111x29xx	2.842	2.900	2.958	0.087	0.145	0.203						
R3111x30xx	2.940	3.000	3.060	0.090	0.150	0.210	VDD= (-VDET) -0.13V	1.0	3.0	1.2	3.6	
R3111x31xx	3.038	3.100	3.162	0.093	0.155	0.217						
R3111x32xx	3.136	3.200	3.264	0.096	0.160	0.224						
R3111x33xx	3.234	3.300	3.366	0.099	0.165	0.231						
R3111x34xx	3.332	3.400	3.468	0.102	0.170	0.238						
R3111x35xx	3.430	3.500	3.570	0.105	0.175	0.245						
R3111x36xx	3.528	3.600	3.672	0.108	0.180	0.252						
R3111x37xx	3.626	3.700	3.774	0.111	0.185	0.259						
R3111x38xx	3.724	3.800	3.876	0.114	0.190	0.266						
R3111x39xx	3.822	3.900	3.978	0.117	0.195	0.273						
R3111x40xx	3.920	4.000	4.080	0.120	0.200	0.280	VDD= (-VDET) -0.16V	1.1	3.3	1.3	3.9	
R3111x41xx	4.018	4.100	4.182	0.123	0.205	0.287						
R3111x42xx	4.116	4.200	4.284	0.126	0.210	0.294						
R3111x43xx	4.214	4.300	4.386	0.129	0.215	0.301						
R3111x44xx	4.312	4.400	4.488	0.132	0.220	0.308						
R3111x45xx	4.410	4.500	4.590	0.135	0.225	0.315						
R3111x46xx	4.508	4.600	4.692	0.138	0.230	0.322						
R3111x47xx	4.606	4.700	4.794	0.141	0.235	0.329						
R3111x48xx	4.704	4.800	4.896	0.144	0.240	0.336						
R3111x49xx	4.802	4.900	4.998	0.147	0.245	0.343						
R3111x50xx	4.900	5.000	5.100	0.150	0.250	0.350	VDD= (-VDET) -0.20V	1.2	3.6	1.4	4.2	
R3111x51xx	4.998	5.100	5.202	0.153	0.255	0.357						
R3111x52xx	5.096	5.200	5.304	0.156	0.260	0.364						
R3111x53xx	5.194	5.300	5.406	0.159	0.265	0.371						
R3111x54xx	5.292	5.400	5.508	0.162	0.270	0.378						
R3111x55xx	5.390	5.500	5.610	0.165	0.275	0.385						
R3111x56xx	5.488	5.600	5.712	0.168	0.280	0.392						
R3111x57xx	5.586	5.700	5.814	0.171	0.285	0.399						
R3111x58xx	5.684	5.800	5.916	0.174	0.290	0.406						
R3111x59xx	5.782	5.900	6.018	0.177	0.295	0.413						
R3111x60xx	5.880	6.000	6.120	0.180	0.300	0.420						

\*1) In the case of CMOS output type; when the voltage is forced to VDD from 0.7V to (+VDET)+2.0V, time interval between the rising edge of VDD and the reaching point at ((+VDET)+2.0V)/2. In the case of Nch open drain output type : The output pin is pulled up to 5V through 470kΩ, and when the voltage is forced to VDD from 0.7V to (+VDET)+2.0V, time interval between the rising edge of VDD and the reaching point at ((+VDET)+2.0V)/2.

\*2) VDD value when Output Voltage is equal or less than 0.1V. In the case of Nch open drain output type, the output pin is pulled up to 5V through 470kΩ resistor.

Condition 1: T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C

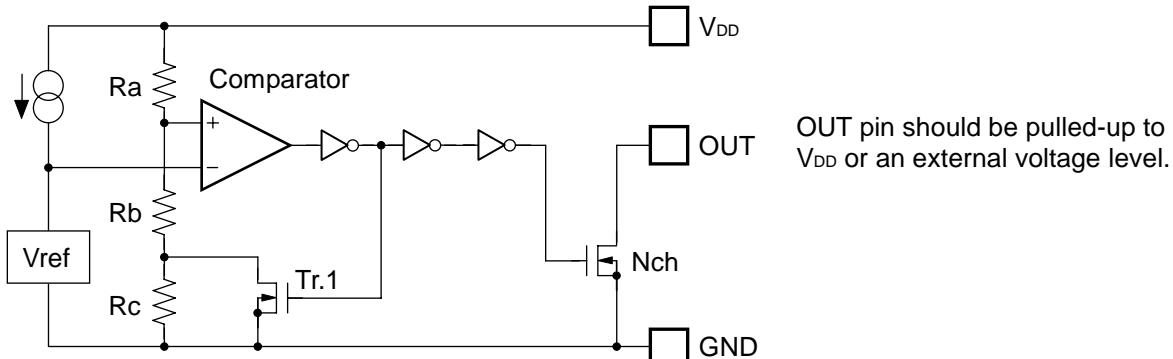
Condition 2: -40°C ≤ T<sub>opt</sub> ≤ 85°C

Output Current 1			Output Current 2 *3			Output Delay Time	Minimum Operating Voltage		Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	
I <sub>OUT1</sub> [mA]			I <sub>OUT2</sub> [mA]			t <sub>PLH</sub> [μs]	V <sub>DDL</sub> [V]		Δ-V <sub>DET</sub> /ΔT <sub>opt</sub> [ppm/°C]	
Condition	Min.	Typ.	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Typ.	Max.	Condition	Typ.
<A/C version> Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.05V V <sub>DD</sub> =0.7V	0.01	0.05	Nch V <sub>DS</sub> = 0.5V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 0.85V	0.05	0.5	100 *1	*2 Condition 1 0.55 Condition 2 0.65	*2 Condition 1 0.70 Condition 2 0.80	-40°C ≤ T <sub>opt</sub> ≤ 85°C
				V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.0V	0.2	1.0				
<B version> Nch V <sub>DS</sub> =0.10V V <sub>DD</sub> =6.5V	2.5	-		V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.5V	1.0	2.0				±100

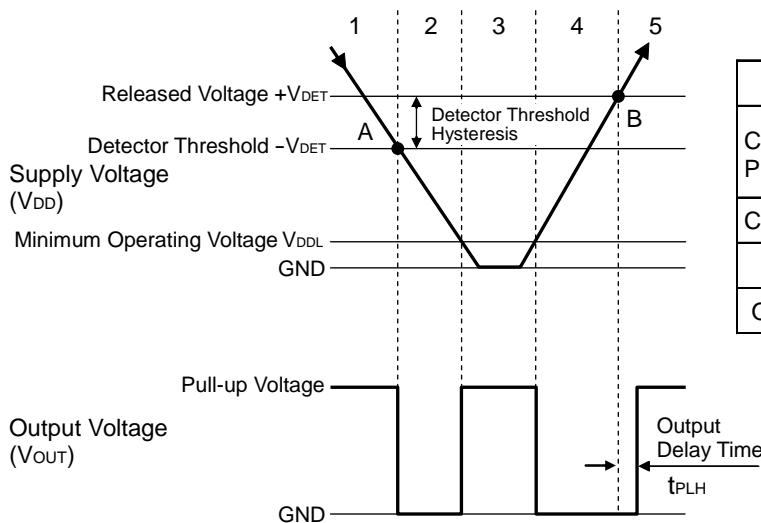
\*3) Only A/C versions.

## OPERATION

- Operation of R3111xxxxA



Block Diagram (R3111xxxxA)



Step	1	2	3	4	5	
Comparator (+) Pin Input Voltage	I	II	II	II	I	
Comparator Output	H	L	Indefinite	L	H	
Tr.1	OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON	OFF	
Output Tr.	Nch	OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON	OFF

$$\text{I } \frac{R_b+R_c}{R_a+R_b+R_c} \times V_{DD}$$

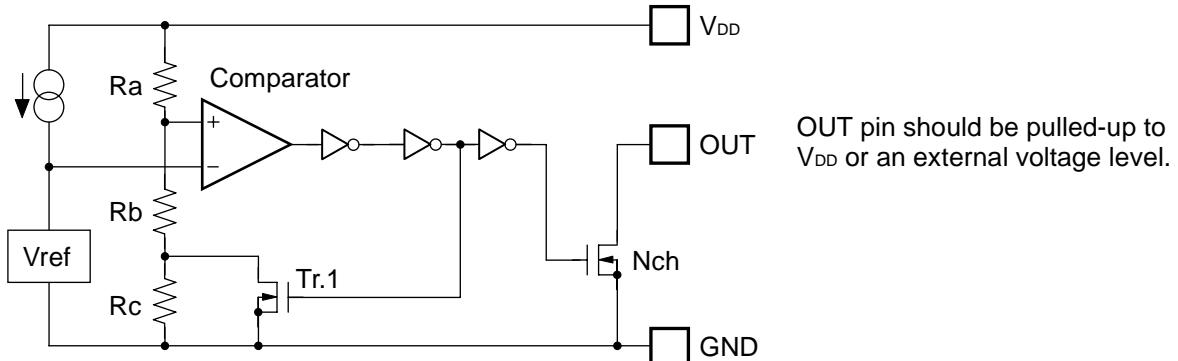
$$\text{II } \frac{R_b}{R_a+R_b} \times V_{DD}$$

Operation Diagram

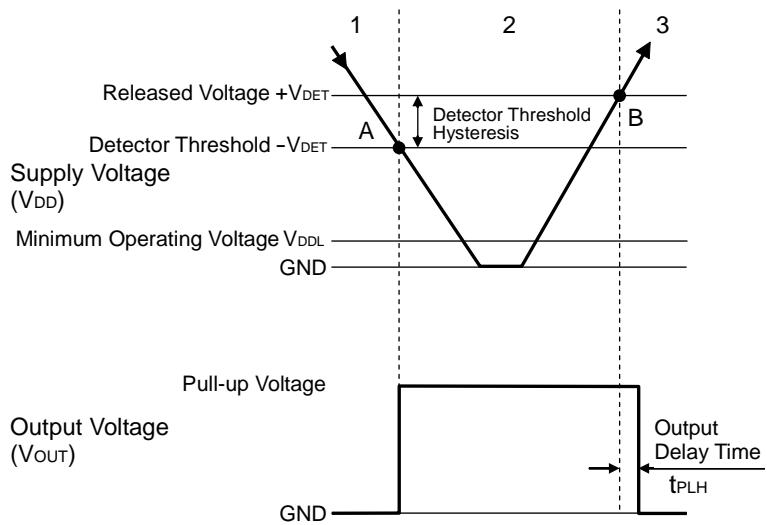
- Explanation of operation

- Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage.
  - Step 2. At Point "A",  $V_{ref} \geq V_{DD} \times (R_b + R_c) / (R_a + R_b + R_c)$  is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ( $-V_{DET}$ ).
  - Step 3. When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage.
  - Step 4. The output Voltage is equal to the GND level.
  - Step 5. At Point "B",  $V_{ref} \leq V_{DD} \times R_b / (R_a + R_b)$  is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", then the output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage. The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ( $+V_{DET}$ ).
- \*) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

- Operation of R3111xxxxB



Block Diagram (R3111xxxxB)



Step	1	2	3
Comparator (-) Pin Input Voltage	I	II	I
Comparator Output	L	H	L
Tr.1	OFF	ON	OFF
Output Tr. Nch	ON	OFF	ON

$$\text{I } \frac{R_b + R_c}{R_a + R_b + R_c} \times V_{DD}$$

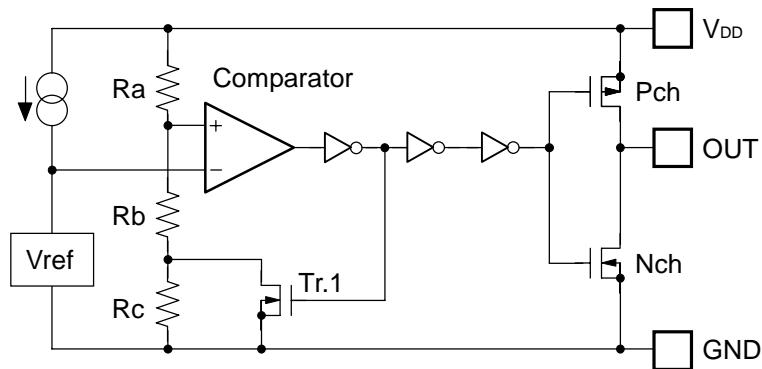
$$\text{II } \frac{R_b}{R_a + R_b} \times V_{DD}$$

Operation Diagram

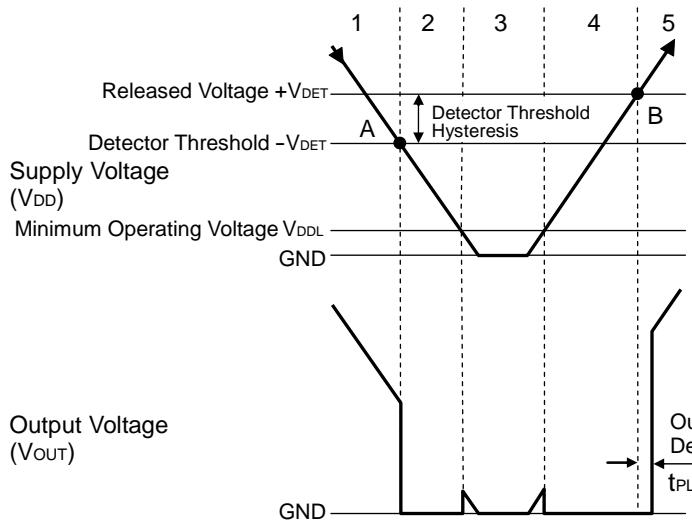
- Explanation of operation

- Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.
- Step 2. At Point "A",  $V_{ref} \geq V_{DD} \times (R_b + R_c) / (R_a + R_b + R_c)$  is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the pull-up voltage. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ( $-V_{DET}$ ).
- Step 3. At Point "B",  $V_{ref} \leq V_{DD} \times R_b / (R_a + R_b)$  is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the GND level. The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ( $+V_{DET}$ ).
- \*) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

- Operation of R3111xxxxC



Block Diagram (R3111xxxxC)



Step	1	2	3	4	5
Comparator (+) Pin Input Voltage	I	II	II	II	I
Comparator Output	H	L	Indefinite	L	H
Tr.1	OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON	OFF
Output Tr.	Pch	ON	OFF	Indefinite	OFF
	Nch	OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON

$$I \quad \frac{Rb+Rc}{Ra+Rb+Rc} \times V_{DD}$$

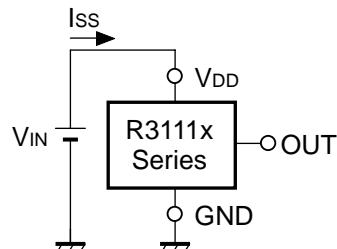
$$II \quad \frac{Rb}{Ra+Rb} \times V_{DD}$$

Operation Diagram

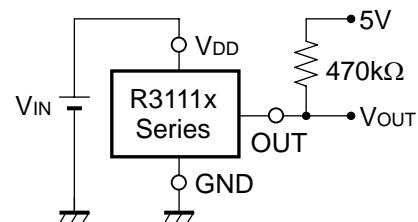
- Explanation of operation

- Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the supply voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ).
- Step 2. At Point "A",  $V_{ref} \geq V_{DD} \times (Rb+Rc)/(Ra+Rb+Rc)$  is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ( $-V_{DET}$ ).
- Step 3. When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite.
- Step 4. The output Voltage is equal to the GND level.
- Step 5. At Point "B",  $V_{ref} \leq V_{DD} \times Rb/(Ra+Rb)$  is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", then the output voltage is equal to the supply voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ). The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ( $+V_{DET}$ ).
- \*) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

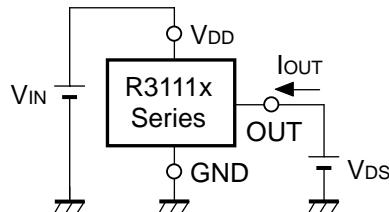
## TEST CIRCUITS



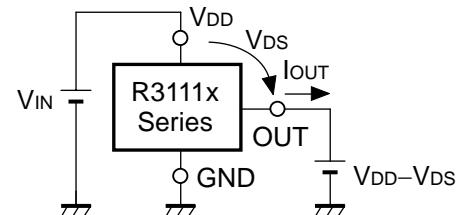
Supply Current Test Circuit



**Detector Threshold Test Circuit**  
 (Pull-up circuit is not necessary for  
 CMOS Output type.)

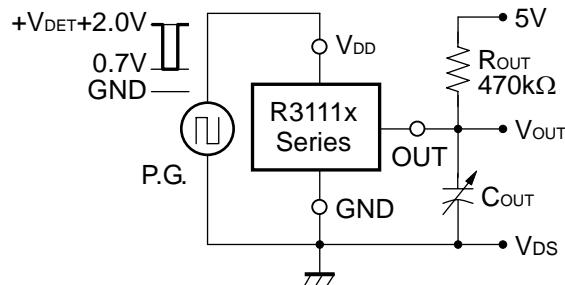


Nch Driver Output Current Test Circuit

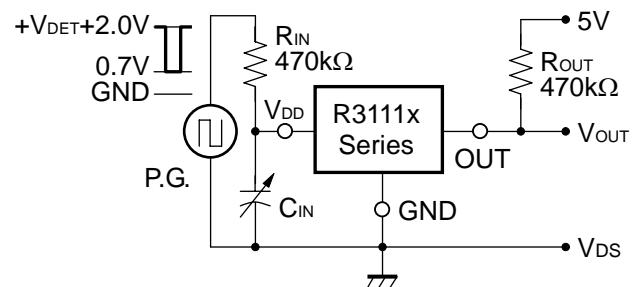


Pch Driver Output Current Test Circuit

\*Apply to CMOS Output type only



**Output Delay Time Test Circuit (1)**  
 (Pull-up circuit is not necessary for  
 CMOS Output type.)

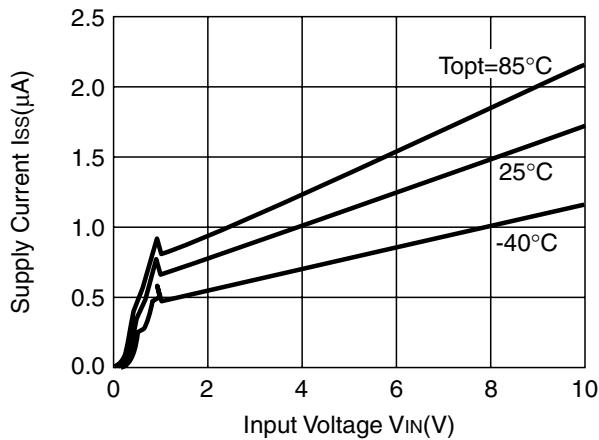


Output Delay Time Test Circuit (2)

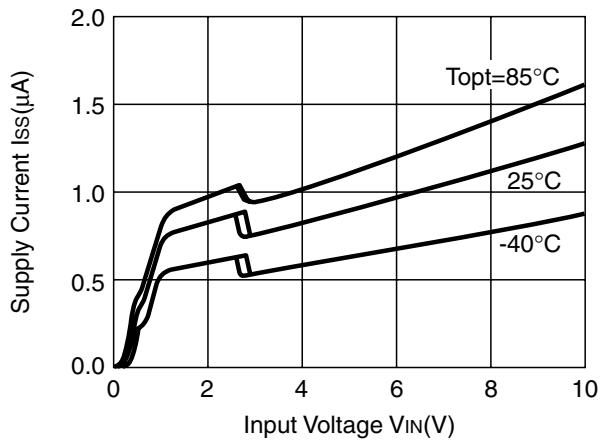
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 1) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

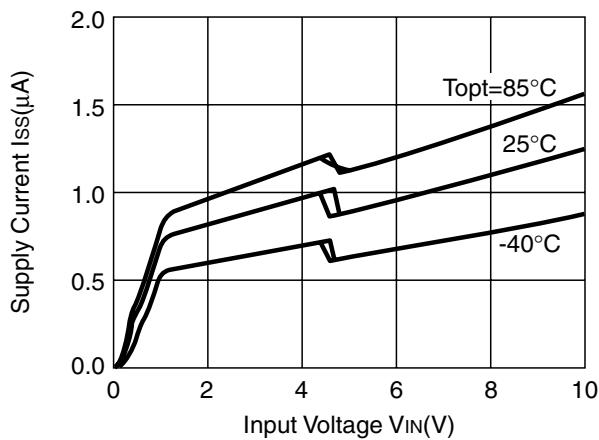
R3111x09xx



R3111x27xx

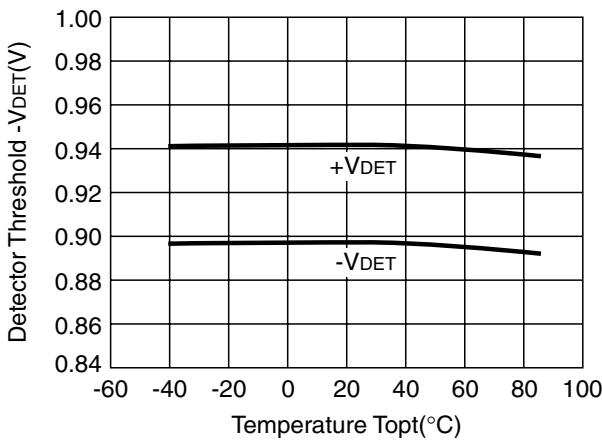


R3111x45xx

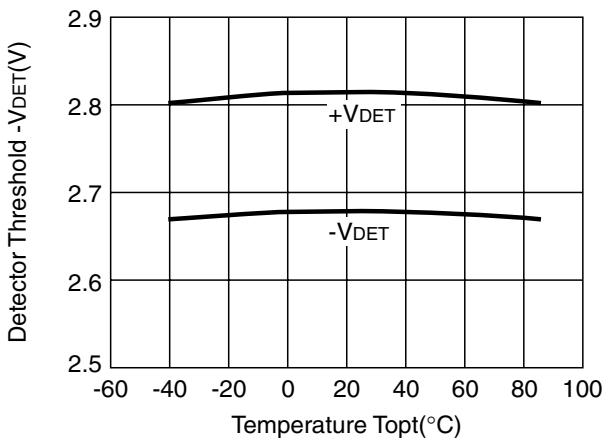


### 2) Detector Threshold Hysteresis vs. Temperature

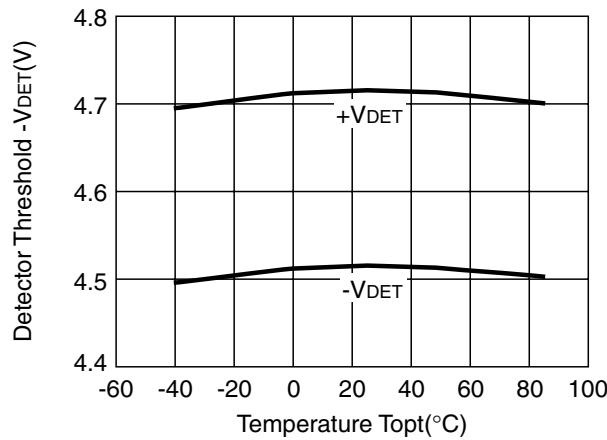
R3111x09xx



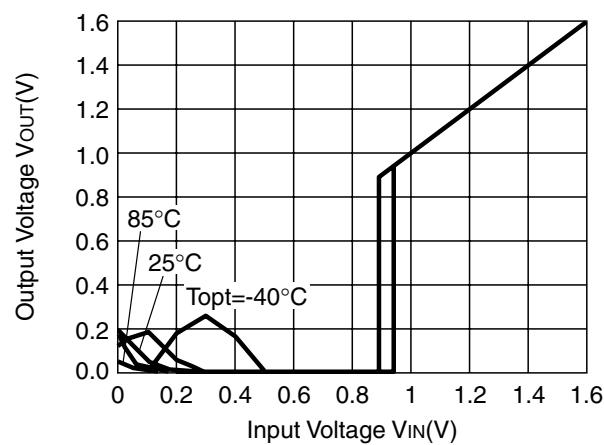
R3111x27xx



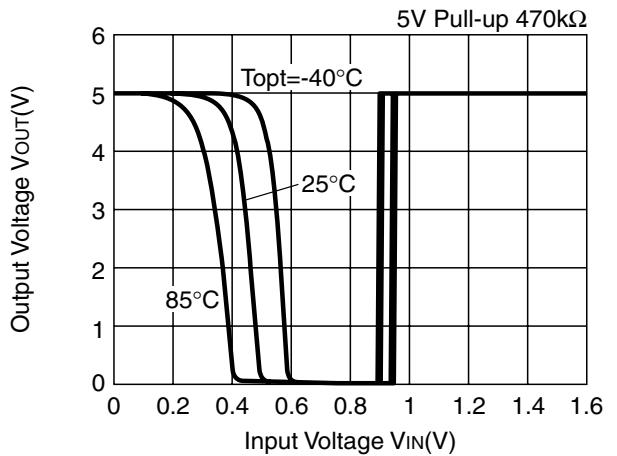
R3111x45xx

**3) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage**

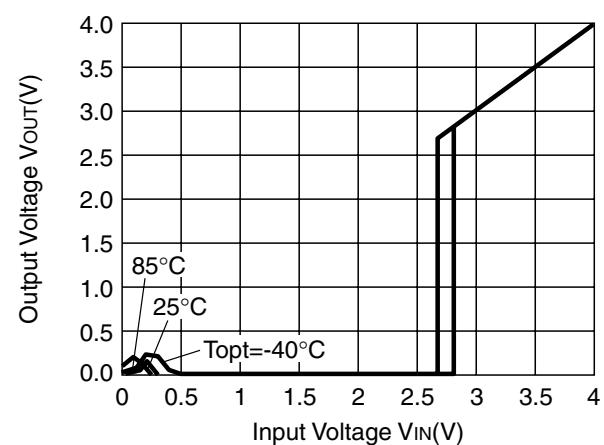
R3111x09xC



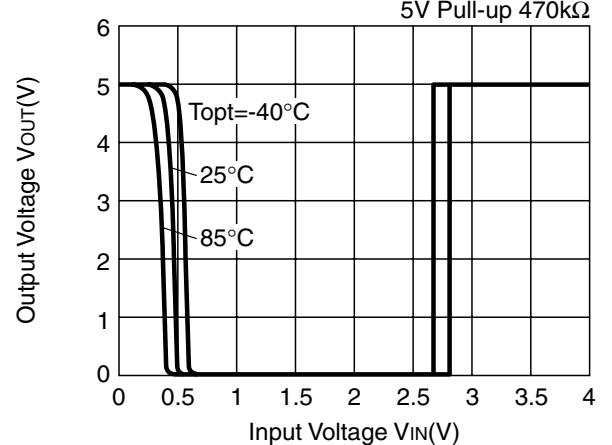
R3111x09xA



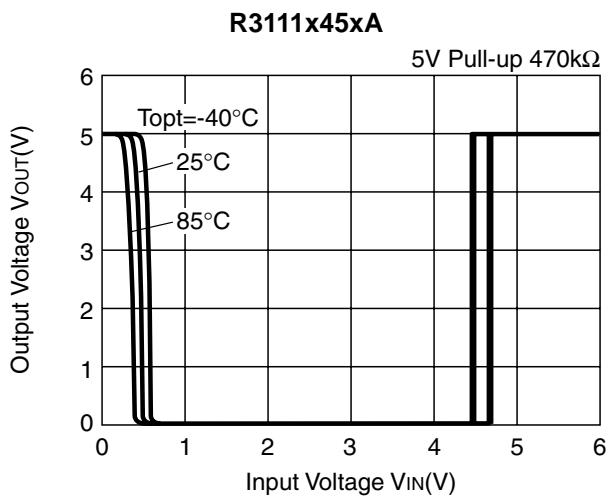
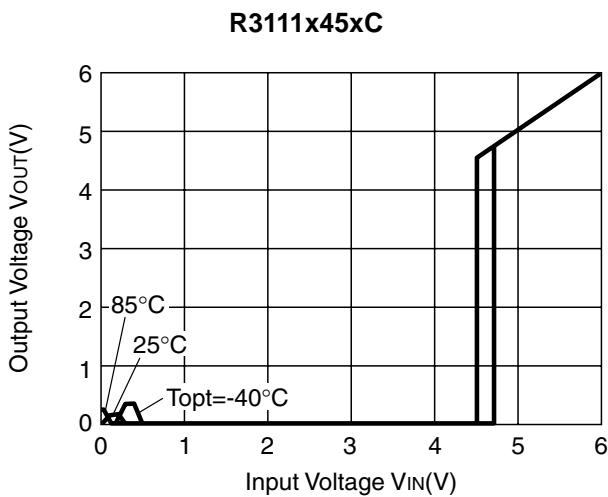
R3111x27xC



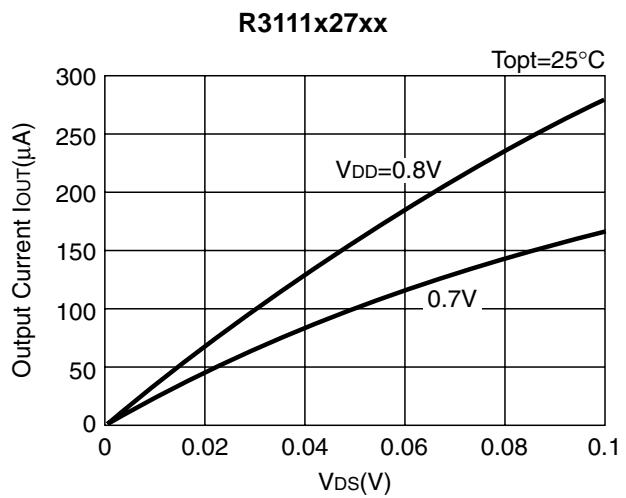
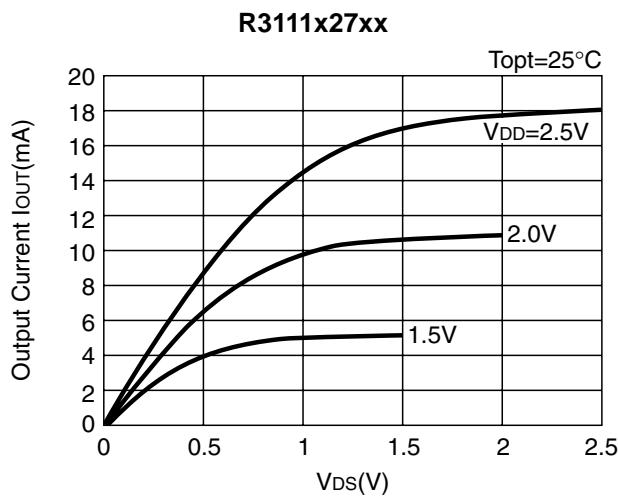
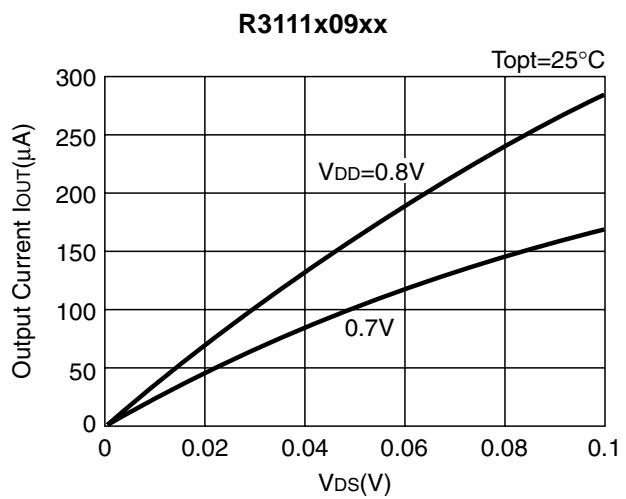
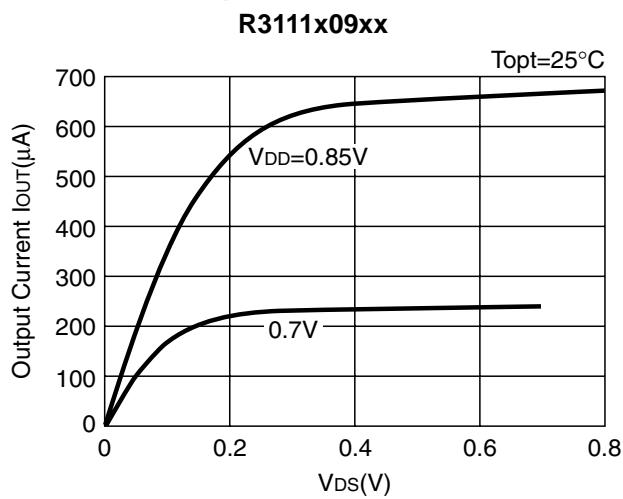
R3111x27xA



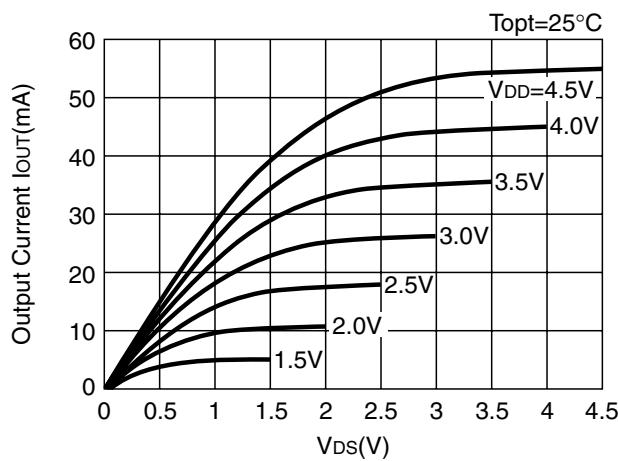
## R3111x



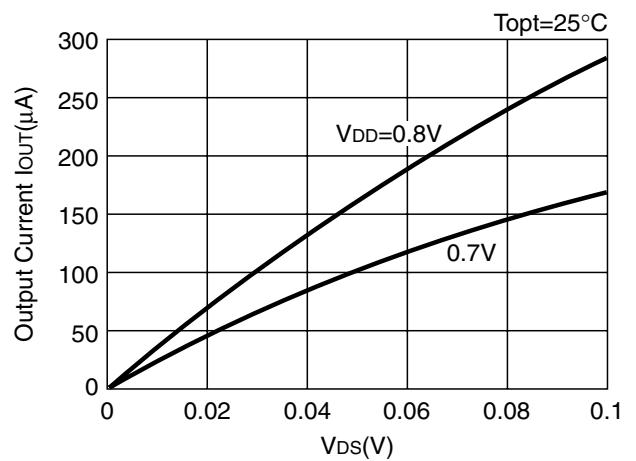
### 4) Nch Driver Output Current vs. $V_{DS}$



R3111x45xx

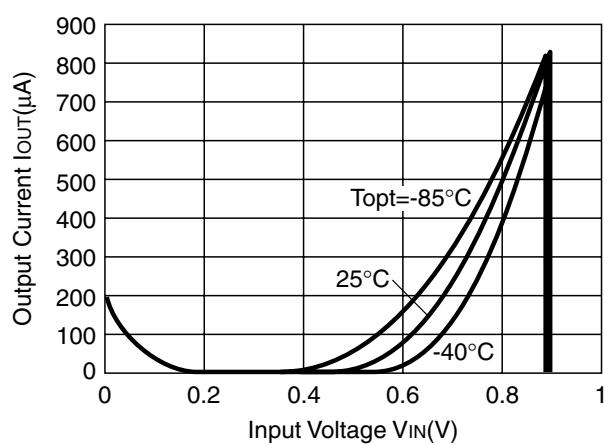


R3111x45xx

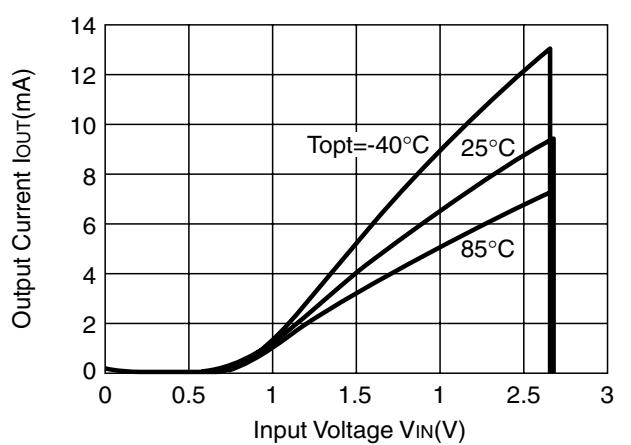


## 5) Nch Driver Output Current vs. Input Voltage

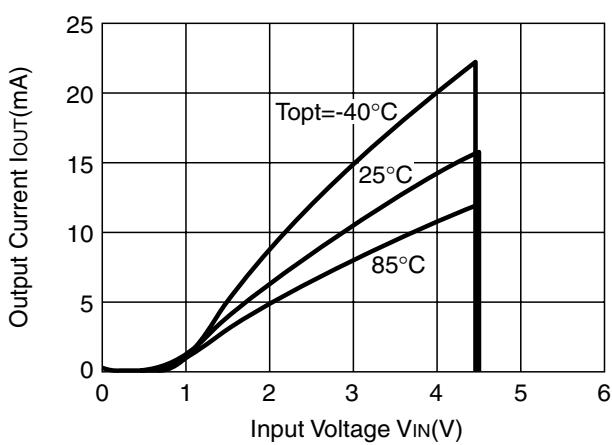
R3111x09xx



R3111x27xx



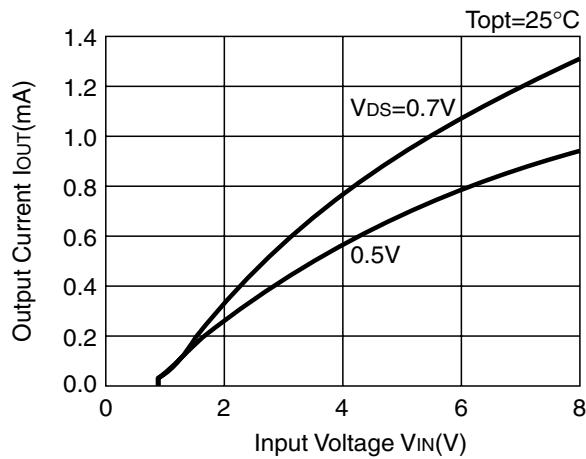
R3111x45xx



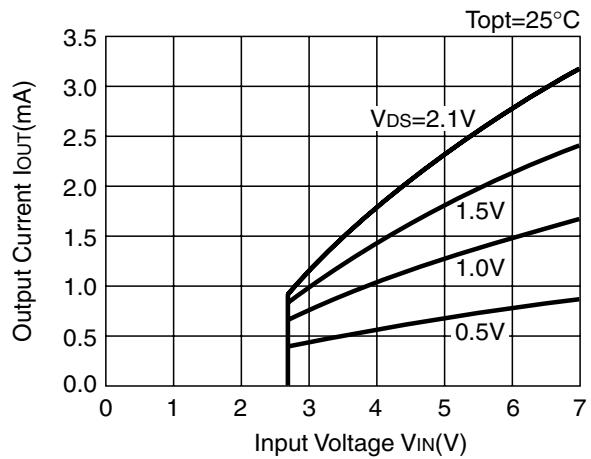
## R3111x

### 6) Pch Driver Output Current vs. Input Voltage

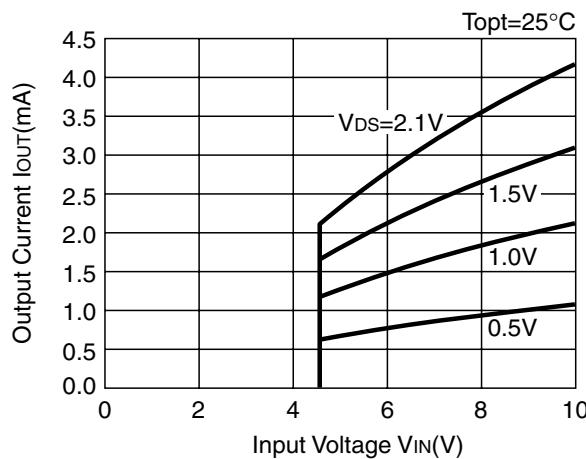
R3111x09xC



R3111x27xC

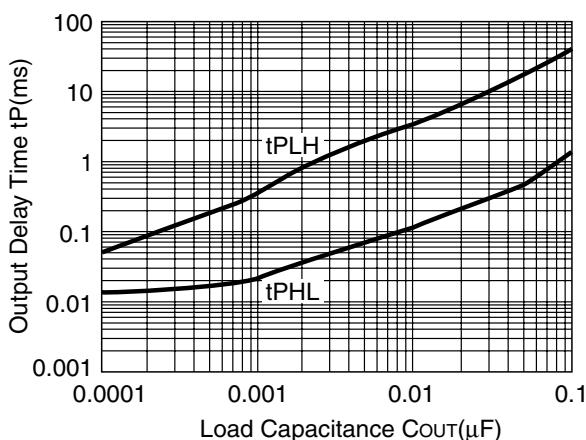


R3111x45xC

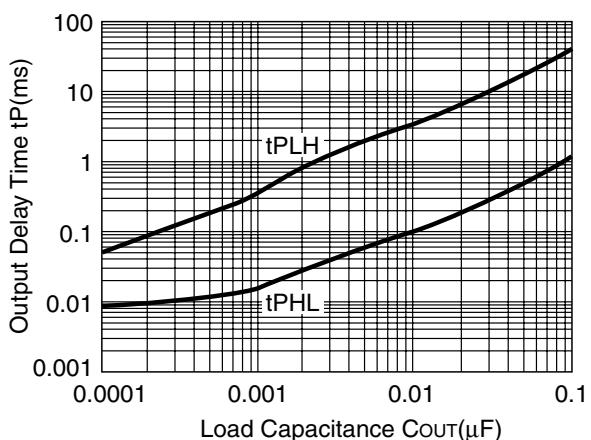


### 7) Output Delay Time vs. Load Capacitance ( $T_{opt}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

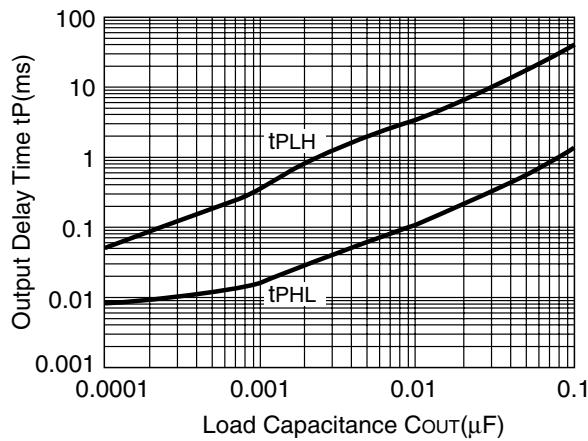
R3111x09xA



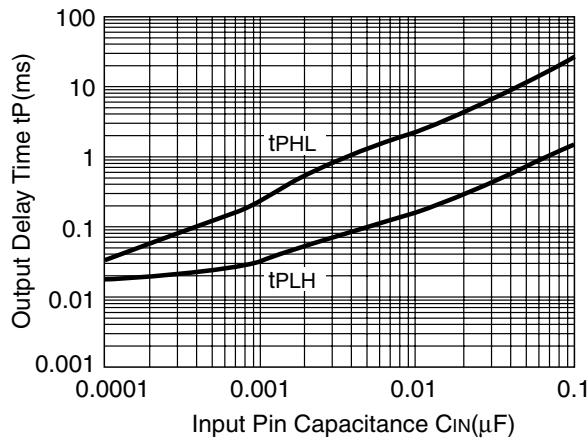
R3111x27xA



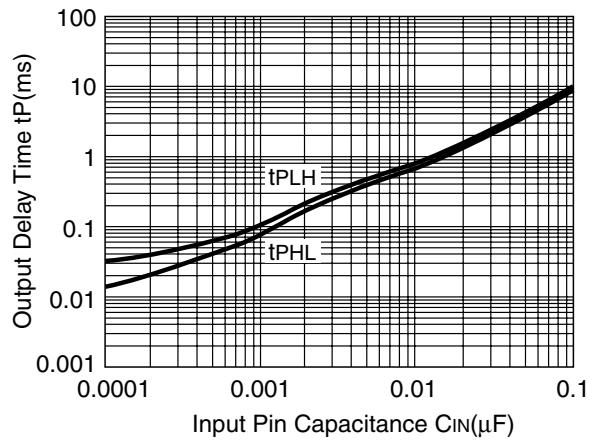
R3111x45xA

**8) Output Delay Time vs. Input Pin Capacitance**

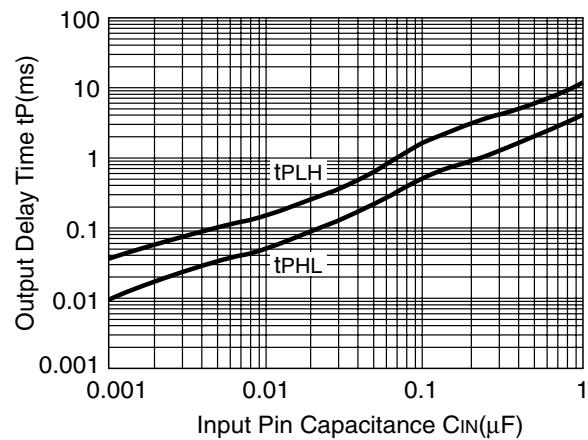
R3111x09xA



R3111x27xA



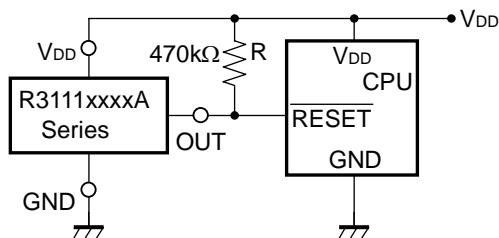
R3111x45xA



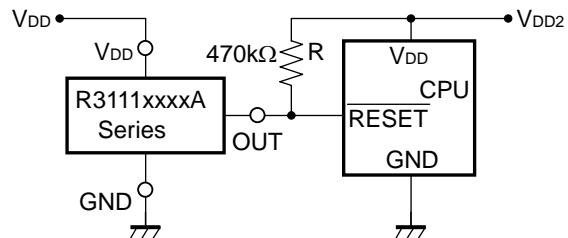
## TYPICAL APPLICATION

- R3111xxxxA CPU Reset Circuit (Nch Open Drain Output)

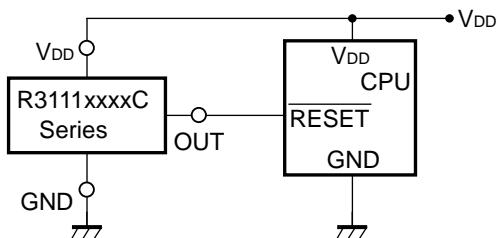
Case 1. Input Voltage to R3111xxxxA is equal to Input Voltage to CPU



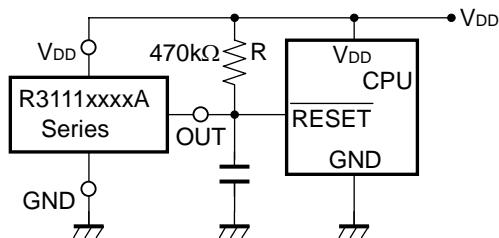
Case 2. Input Voltage to R3111xxxxA is unequal to Input Voltage to CPU



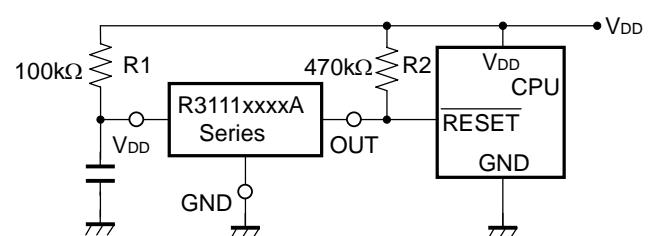
- R3111xxxxC CPU Reset Circuit (CMOS Output)



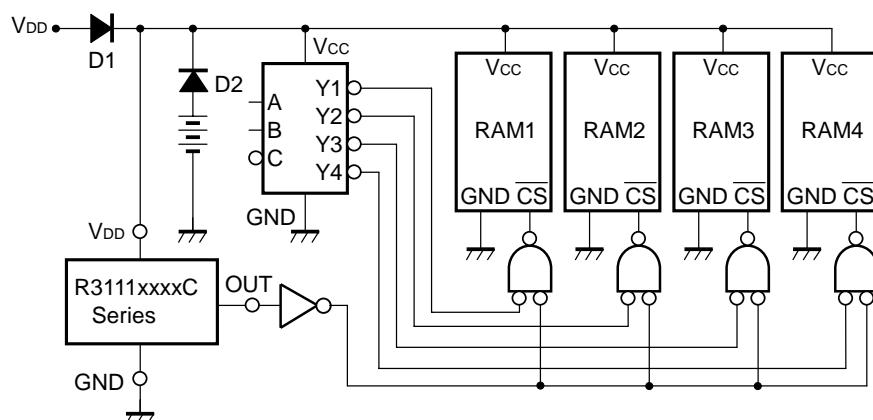
- R3111xxxxA Output Delay Time Circuit 1 (Nch Open Drain Output)



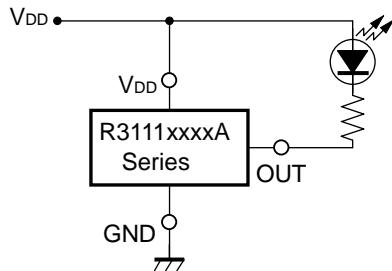
- R3111xxxxA Output Delay Time Circuit 2 (Nch Open Drain Output)



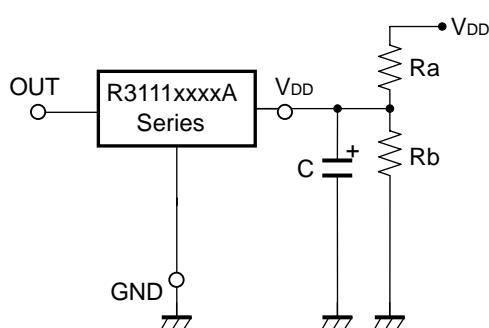
- Memory Back-up Circuit



- **Voltage level Indicator Circuit (lighted when the power runs out)**  
(Nch Open Drain Output)



- **Detector Threshold Adjustable Circuit**  
(Nch Open Drain Output)

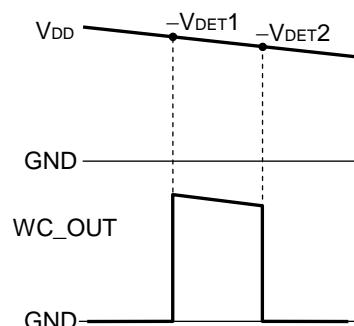
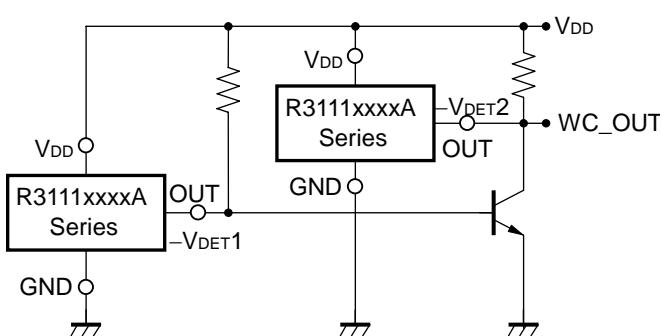


$$\text{Adjusted Detector Threshold} = (-V_{DET}) \times (Ra + Rb) / Rb$$

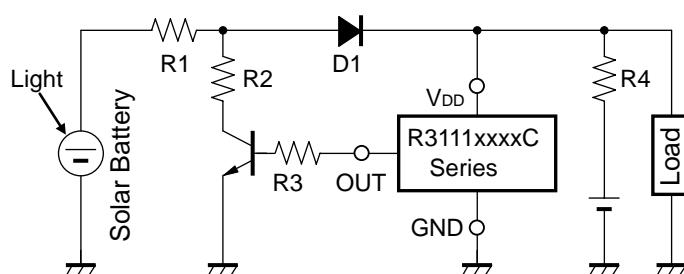
$$\text{Hysteresis Voltage} = (V_{HYS}) \times (Ra + Rb) / Rb$$

\*) If the value of Ra is set excessively large, voltage drop may occur caused by the supply current of IC itself, and detector threshold may vary.

- **Window Comparator Circuit**  
(Nch Open Drain Output)



- **Over-charge Preventing Circuit**

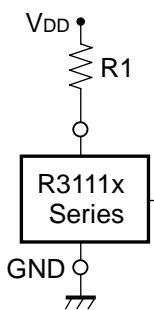


## TECHNICAL NOTES

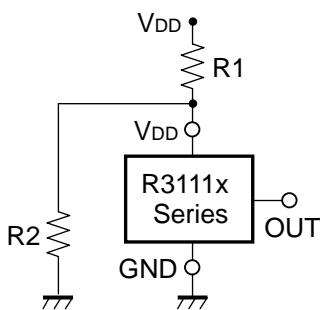
When R3111xxxxA/B (Nch Open Drain Output Type) is used in Figure A or Figure B, if impedance of Voltage Supply pin,  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DD}$  of this IC is large, detector threshold level would shift by voltage dropdown caused by the consumption current of the IC itself. Released voltage may also shift and delay time for start-up might be generated by this usage.

When R3111xxxxC (CMOS Output Type) is used in Figure A or Figure B, Output level could be unstable by cross conduction current which is generated at detector threshold level or at released voltage level, therefore, do not use this IC with the connection in Figure A or Figure B.

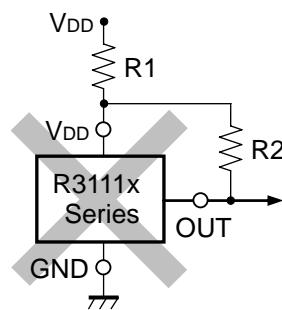
The connection in Figure C may cause the oscillation in both R3111xxxxC (CMOS Output) and R3111xxxxA/B (Nch Open Drain Output), therefore do not use R3111x Series with the connection in Figure C.



**Figure A**



**Figure B**



**Figure C**



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**RICOH COMPANY, LTD.**  
Electronic Devices Company

● Shin-Yokohama office (International Sales)  
3-2-3, Shin-Yokohama, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama City, Kanagawa 222-8530, Japan  
Phone: +81-45-477-1697 Fax: +81-45-477-1698

**RICOH EUROPE (NETHERLANDS) B.V.**

● Semiconductor Support Centre  
Prof. W.H.Keesomlaan 1, 1183 DL Amstelveen, The Netherlands  
P.O.Box 114, 1180 AC Amstelveen  
Phone: +31-20-5474-309 Fax: +31-20-5474-791

**RICOH ELECTRONIC DEVICES KOREA Co., Ltd.**  
11 floor, Haesung 1 building, 942, Daechidong, Gangnamgu, Seoul, Korea  
Phone: +82-2-2135-5700 Fax: +82-2-2135-5705

**RICOH ELECTRONIC DEVICES SHANGHAI Co., Ltd.**  
Room403, No.2 Building, 690#B1 Bo Road, Pu Dong New district, Shanghai 201203,  
People's Republic of China  
Phone: +86-21-5027-3200 Fax: +86-21-5027-3299

**RICOH COMPANY, LTD.**  
Electronic Devices Company  
● Taipei office  
Room109, 10F-1, No.51, Hengyang Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)  
Phone: +886-2-2313-1621/1622 Fax: +886-2-2313-1623



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