

September 2001 Revised December 2001

# FIN1101 LVDS Single Port High Speed Repeater (Preliminary)

## **General Description**

This single port repeater is designed for high speed interconnects utilizing Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) technology. It accepts and outputs LVDS levels with a typical differential output swing of 350 mV which provides low EMI at ultra low power dissipation even at high frequencies. It can directly accept LVPECL, HSTL, and SSTL-2 for translating directly to LVDS.

#### **Features**

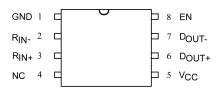
- Greater than 800 Mbps full differential path
- 3.5 ps max random jitter and 135 ps max deterministic jitter
- 3.3V power supply operation
- Wide rail-to-rail common mode range
- Ultra low power consumption
- LVDS receiver inputs accept LVPECL, HSTL, and SSTL-2 directly
- Power off protection
- 6 kV HBM ESD protection
- Meets or exceed the TA/EIA-644-A LVDS standard
- Packaged in 8-pin SOIC and US8 (Preliminary)
- Open circuit, shorted, and terminated fail safe protection

## **Ordering Code:**

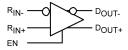
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	Order Number Package Number   FIN1101M M08A		Package Description
ľ			8-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
1	FIN1101K8	MAB08A	8-Lead US8, 0.7mm x 3.1mm x 2.0mm

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code

## **Connection Diagram**



### **Functional Diagram**



## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Name	Description		
R <sub>IN+</sub>	Non-Inverting LVDS Inputs		
R <sub>IN-</sub>	Inverting LVDS Inputs		
D <sub>OUT+</sub>	Non-Inverting Driver Outputs		
D <sub>OUT</sub>	Inverting Driver Outputs		
EN	Driver Enable Pin		
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply		
GND	Ground		

#### **Function Table**

	Inputs	Outputs			
EN	R <sub>IN+</sub>	R <sub>IN</sub>	D <sub>OUT+</sub>	D <sub>OUT</sub>	
Н	Н	L	Н	L	
Н	L	Н	L	Н	
Н	Fail Saf	e Case	Н	L	
L or OPEN	Х	Х	Z	Z	

- H = HIGH Logic Leve
- L = LOW Logic Level X = Don't Care
- X = Don't Care Z = High Impedance

3.0V to 3.6V

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 1)

#### Supply Voltage (V<sub>CC</sub>) -0.5V to +4.6V LVDS DC Input Voltage (V<sub>IN</sub>) -0.5V to +4.6V

LVDS DC Output Voltage (V<sub>OUT</sub>) Driver Short Circuit Current (I<sub>OSD</sub>)

Continuous 10 mA Storage Temperature Range (T<sub>STG</sub>) -65°C to +150°C

Max Junction Temperature (T<sub>J</sub>) Lead Temperature (T<sub>L</sub>)

(Soldering, 10 seconds) 260°C ESD (Human Body Model) 6000V ESD (Machine Model) 600V

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Supply Voltage (V<sub>CC</sub>)

Magnitude of Differential Voltage

100 mV to  $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CC}}$ -40°C to +85°C Operating Temperature (T<sub>A</sub>)

Note 1: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings": are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature and output/input loading variables. Fairchild does not recommend operation of circuits outside databook specification.

#### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Over supply voltage and operating temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified

-0.5V to +4.6V

150°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ (Note 2)	Max	Units
V <sub>TH</sub>	Differential Input Threshold HIGH	See Figure 1			100	mV
V <sub>TL</sub>	Differential Input Threshold LOW	See Figure 1	-100			mV
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage (EN)		2.0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage (EN)		GND		0.8	V
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output Differential Voltage		250	350	450	mV
$\Delta V_{OD}$	V <sub>OD</sub> Magnitude Change from Differential LOW-to-HIGH	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ , Driver Enabled, See Figure 2			25	mV
Vos	Offset Voltage	]	1.125	1.25	1.375	V
ΔV <sub>OS</sub>	Offset Magnitude Change from Differential LOW-to-HIGH				25	mV
Ios	Short Circuit Output Current	D <sub>OUT+</sub> = 0V & D <sub>OUT-</sub> = 0V, Driver Enabled			-8	mA
		V <sub>OD</sub> = 0V, Driver Enabled			±6	mA
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Current (EN, D <sub>INX+</sub> , D <sub>INX-</sub> )	$V_{IN}$ = 0V to $V_{CC}$ , Other Input = $V_{CC}$ or 0V (for Differential Inputs)			±20	μА
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-Off Input or Output Current	$V_{CC} = 0V$ , $V_{IN}$ or $V_{OUT} = 0V$ to 4.6V			±20	μΑ
I <sub>CCZ</sub>	Disabled Power Supply Current	Drivers Disabled			5	mA
Icc	Power Supply Current	Drivers Enabled, Any Valid Input Condition			15	mA
I <sub>PU/PD</sub>	Output Power-Up/ Power Leakage Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V to 1.5V			±20	μА
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Disabled Output Leakage Current	Driver Disabled, $D_{OUT+} = 0V$ to 4.6V or $D_{OUT-} = 0V$ to 4.6V			±20	μΑ
V <sub>IC</sub>	Common Mode Voltage Range		V <sub>ID</sub> /2		V <sub>CC</sub> - (V <sub>ID/</sub> 2)	V
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			3		pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance			4		pF

Note 2: All typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  and with  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ .

## **AC Electrical Characteristics**

Over supply voltage and operating temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
•				(Note 3)		
t <sub>PLHD</sub>	Differential Propagation Delay		0.8		1.8	no
	LOW-to-HIGH		0.6		1.0	ns
t <sub>PHLD</sub>	Differential Propagation Delay	$R_L = 100 \Omega, C_L = 5 pF,$	0.8		1.8	
	HIGH-to-LOW	$V_{ID} = 100 \text{ mV} \text{ to } 1100 \text{ mV},$	0.6		1.0	ns
t <sub>TLHD</sub>	Differential Output Rise Time (20% to 80%)	$V_{IC} = V_{ID}/2$ to $V_{CC-}(V_{ID}/2)$ ,	0.29		0.58	ps
t <sub>THLD</sub>	Differential Output Fall Time (80% to 20%)	Duty Cycle = 50%,	0.29		0.58	ps
t <sub>SK(P)</sub>	Pulse Skew  t <sub>PLH</sub> - t <sub>PHL</sub>	See Figure 3 and Figure 4			0.2	ns
t <sub>SK(PP)</sub>	Part-to-Part Skew (Note 4)				0.5	ns
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency (Note 5)		800			Mbps
t <sub>PZHD</sub>	Differential Output Enable Time from Z to HIGH				10	ns
t <sub>PZLD</sub>	Differential Output Enable Time from Z to LOW	$R_L = 100 \Omega, C_L = 5 pF,$			10	ns
t <sub>PHZD</sub>	Differential Output Disable Time from HIGH to Z	See Figure 5 and Figure 6			10	ns
t <sub>PLZD</sub>	Differential Output Disable Time from LOW to Z				10	ns
t <sub>DJ</sub>	LVDS Data Jitter,	$V_{ID} = 300 \text{ mV}, PRBS = 2^{23} - 1,$		100	135	ps
	Deterministic	V <sub>IC</sub> = 1.2V at 800 Mbps		100		
t <sub>RJ</sub>	LVDS Clock Jitter, Random	V <sub>ID</sub> = 300 mV		2.2	3.5	ps
	(RMS)	V <sub>IC</sub> = 1.2 V at 400 MHz		2.2	3.3	ρδ

Note 3: All typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  and with  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ .

Note 4:  $t_{SK(PP)}$  is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any specified terminals of two devices switching in the same direction (either LOW-to-HIGH or HIGH-to-LOW) when both devices operate with the same supply voltage, same temperature, and have identical test circuits.

 $\textbf{Note 5:} \ Passing \ criteria \ for \ maximum \ frequency \ is \ the \ output \ V_{OD} > 250 \ mV \ and \ the \ duty \ cycle \ is \ better \ than \ 45\% \ / \ 55\% \ with \ all \ channels \ switching.$ 

## **Required Specifications:**

- 1. When the true and complement LVDS outputs (having a  $100\Omega$  connected between outputs) are connected to  $3.75 k\Omega$  resistors and the common point of those  $3.75 k\Omega$  resistors are connected to a voltage source that sweeps from 0V to 2.4V, the DC V<sub>OD</sub> and  $\Delta$ V<sub>OD</sub> are still maintained (see Figure 1).
- When the true and complement LVDS inputs are connected together to a voltage source that sweeps from 0V to 2.4V with respect to the common ground, then the absolute value of the difference in input leakage current is less than 6μA (see Figure 2)
- 3. Pull-down resistor is required on the enable (EN) input.
- Human Body Model ESD and Machine Model ESD should be measured using MIL-STD-883C method 3015.7 standard.

- Latch-up immunity should be tested to the EIA/JEDEC standard number 78 (EIA/JESD78).
- 6. When the true and complement LVDS outputs are connected with  $49.9\Omega$  resistors each to common point, then the common point does not vary by more than 150mV under all process, temperature, and voltage conditions when the outputs switch either from LOW-to-HIGH or from HIGH-to-LOW (see Figure 3,  $C_L = board + pin stray capacitance)$
- 7. When the LVDS inputs are not driven either in High Impedance, shorted together, or terminated with a resistor, the outputs go the HIGH state ( $D_{OUT+} = H$ ,  $D_{OUT-} = L$ ) and the LVDS inputs do not sink or source more than  $20\mu A$ .

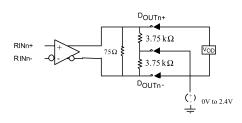


FIGURE 1. Common Mode Supply Test Circuit

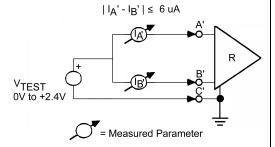


FIGURE 2. Receiver Input Balance Measurements

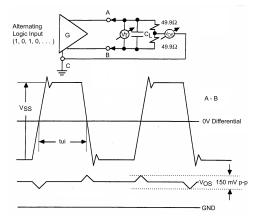


FIGURE 3. Dynamic V<sub>OS</sub> Test Circuit and Waveforms

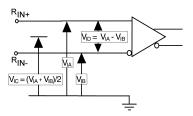


FIGURE 4. Differential Receiver Voltage Definitions and Propagation I and Transition Time Test Circuit

## Required Specifications: (Continued)

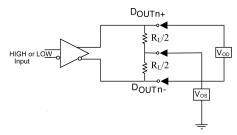
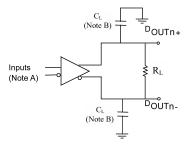


FIGURE 5. Differential Driver DC Test Circuit



Note A: All input pulses have frequency = 10MHz,  $t_R$  or  $t_F$  <= 1ns Note B:  $C_L$  includes all probe and jig capacitances

FIGURE 6. Differential Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit

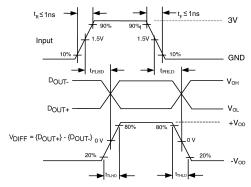
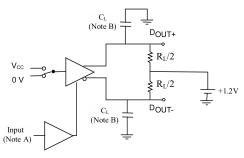


FIGURE 7. AC Waveforms



Note A: All input pulses have frequency = MHz,  $t_R$  or  $t_F$  < = 2 ns Note B:  $C_L$  includes all probe and jig capacitances

# FIGURE 8. Differential Driver Enable and Disable Test Circuit

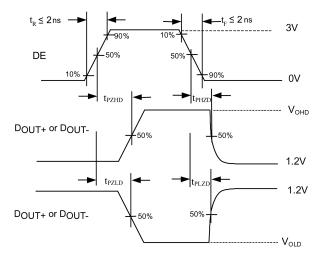
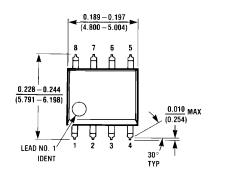
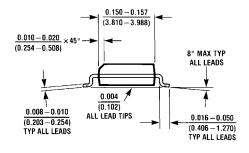
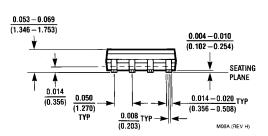


FIGURE 9. Enable and Disable AC Waveforms

# Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

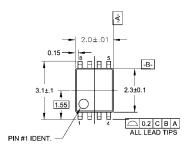


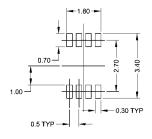




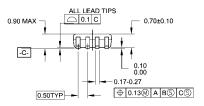
8-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow Package Number M08A

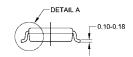
# Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

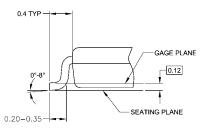




#### LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION







#### NOTES:

- A. CONFORMS TO JEDEC REGISTRATION MO-187
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF BURRS, MOLD FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSIONS.
- D. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

DETAIL A

MAB08AREVB

8-Lead US8, 0.7mm x 3.1mm x 2.0mm Package Number MAB08A (Preliminary)

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