

HLMP-C115, HLMP-C117, HLMP-C123, HLMP-C215, HLMP-C223, HLMP-C315, HLMP-C323, HLMP-C415, HLMP-C423, HLMP-C515, HLMP-C523, HLMP-C615, HLMP-C623

T-1¾ Super Ultra-Bright LED Lamps



Data Sheet

Description

These non-diffused lamps are designed to produce a bright light source and smooth radiation pattern. A slight tint is added to the lens for easy color identification. This lamp has been designed with a 20 mil lead frame, enhanced flange, and tight meniscus controls, making it compatible with radial lead automated insertion equipment.

Applications

- Ideal for backlighting front panels*
- Used for lighting switches
- Adapted for indoor and outdoor signs

Features

- Very high intensity
- Exceptional uniformity
- Microtint lens for color identification
- Consistent viewability
All colors:
AlGaAs Red
High Efficiency Red
Yellow
Orange
Green
Emerald Green
- 15° and 25° family
- Tape and reel options available
- Binned for color and intensity

Selection Guide

Color	2θ ^{1/2} [1]	Standoff Leads	Part Number	Luminous Intensity I _v (mcd)	
			HLMP-	Min.	Max.
DH AS AlGaAs	15	No	C115	290.0	–
			C115-O00xx	290.0	–
			C115-OP0xx	290.0	1000.0
		Yes	C117-OP0xx	290.0	1000.0
	25	No	C123	90.2	–
C123-L00xx			90.2	–	
Red	15	No	C215	138.0	–
			C215-M00xx	138.0	–
			C215-MN0xx	138.0	400.0
	25	No	C223	90.2	–
			C223-L00xx	90.2	–
			C223-MN0xx	138.0	400.0
Yellow	15	No	C315	147.0	–
			C315-L00xx	147.0	–
			C315-LM0xx	147.0	424.0
	25	No	C323	96.2	–
			C323-K00xx	96.2	–
			C323-KL0xx	96.2	294.0
Orange	15	No	C415	138.0	–
			C415-M00xx	138.0	–
			C415-M0D0xx	138.0	–
			C415-MN0xx	138.0	400.0
	25	No	C423	90.2	–
			C423-L00xx	90.2	–
			C423-LM0xx	90.2	276.0
Green	15	No	C515	170.0	–
			C515-L00xx	170.0	
			C515-LM0xx	170.0	490.0
	25	No	C523	69.8	–
			C523-J00xx	69.8	–
			C523-KL0xx	111.7	340.0
Emerald Green	15	No	C615	17.0	–
			C615-G00xx	17.0	–
	25	No	C623	6.7	–
			C623-E00xx	6.7	–

Part Numbering System

HLMP - C x xx - x x x xx

Mechanical Options

00: Bulk
 01: Tape & Reel, Crimped Leads
 02: Tape & Reel, Straight Leads
 B2: Right Angle Housing, Even Leads
 UQ: Ammo Pack, Horizontal Leads

Color Bin Options

0: Full Color Bin Distribution
 D: Color Bins 4 & 5 only

Maximum Iv Bin Options

0: Open (No Maximum Limit)
 Others: Please refer to the Iv Bin Table

Minimum Iv Bin Options

Please refer to the Iv Bin Table

Viewing Angle & Standoffs Options

15: 15 Degree, without Standoffs
 17: 15 Degree, with Standoffs
 23: 25 Degree, without Standoffs

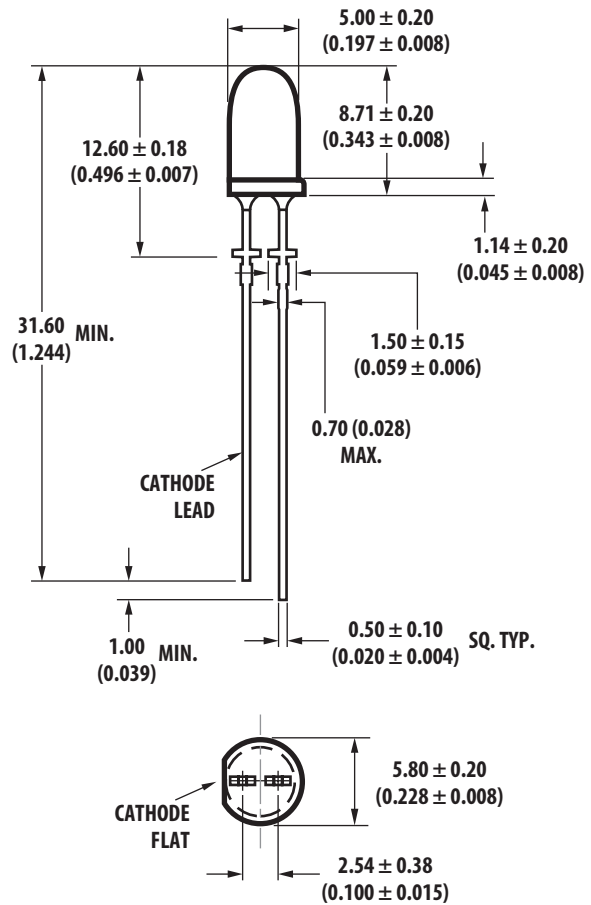
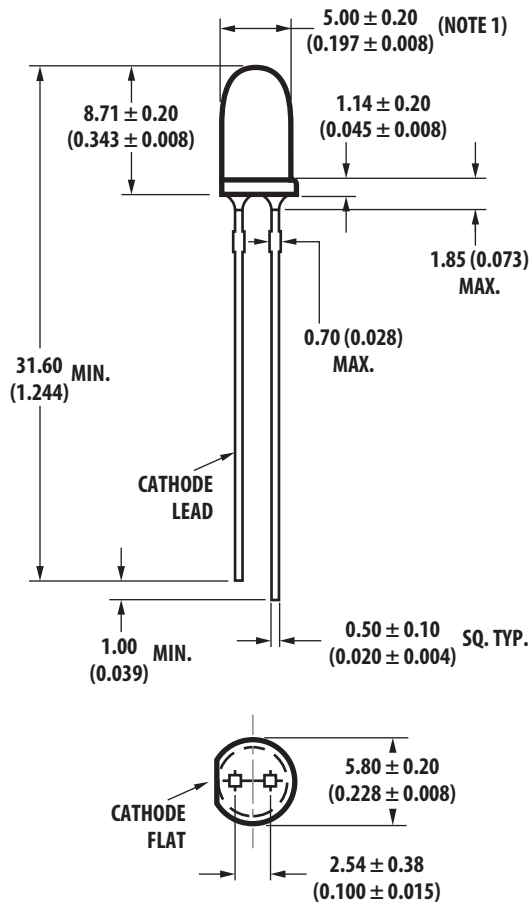
Color Options

1. AS AlGaAs Red
 2. High Efficiency Red
 3. Yellow
 4. Orange
 5. Green
 6. Emerald Green

Package Options

C: T-1 3/4 (5 mm)

Package Dimensions



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. An epoxy meniscus may extend about 0.5 mm (0.020 in.) down the leads.

HLMP-Cx15 and HLMP-Cx23

HLMP-Cx17

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	DH AS AlGaAs Red	High Efficiency Red and Orange	Yellow	High Performance Green and Emerald Green	Units
DC Forward Current ¹	30	30	20	30	mA
Transient Forward Current ² (10 μsec Pulse)	500	500	500	500	mA
Reverse Voltage ($I_r = 100 \mu\text{A}$)	5	5	5	5	V
LED Junction Temperature	110	110	110	110	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	-20 to +100	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	-20 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	-40 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$

Notes:

1. See Figure 5 for maximum current derating vs. ambient temperature.
2. The transient current is the maximum nonrecurring peak current the device can withstand without damaging the LED die and wire bond.

Electrical Characteristics at T_A = 25°C

Part Number	Forward Voltage V _f (Volts) @ I _f = 20 mA		Reverse Breakdown V _r (Volts) @ I _r = 100 μ A Min.	Capacitance C (pF) V _f = 0 f = 1 MHz Typ.	Thermal Resistance R θ _{J-PIN} (°C/W)	Speed of Response τ_s (ns) Time Constant e ^{-t/τ_s} Typ.
	Typ.	Max.				
HLMP-C115 HLMP-C117 HLMP-C123	1.8	2.2	5	30	210	30
HLMP-C215 HLMP-C223	1.9	2.6	5	11	210	90
HLMP-C315 HLMP-C323	2.1	2.6	5	15	210	90
HLMP-C415 HLMP-C423	1.9	2.6	5	4	210	280
HLMP-C515 HLMP-C523	2.2	3.0	5	18	210	260
HLMP-C615 HLMP-C623	2.2	3.0	5	18	210	260

Optical Characteristics at T_A = 25°C

Part Number	Luminous Intensity I _v (mcd) @ 20 mA ^[1]		Peak Wavelength λ_{peak} (nm) Typ.	Color, Dominant Wavelength λ_d ^[2] (nm) Typ.	Viewing Angle 2 $\theta_{1/2}$ (Degrees) ^[3] Typ.	Luminous Efficacy η_v (lm/w)
	Min.	Typ.				
HLMP-C115 HLMP-C117	290	600	645	637	11	80
HLMP-C123	90	200			26	
HLMP-C215	138	300	635	626	17	145
	90	170			23	
HLMP-C315	146	300	583	585	17	500
	96	170			25	
HLMP-C415	138	300	600	602	17	380
	90	170			23	
HLMP-C515	170	300	568	570	20	595
	69	170			28	
HLMP-C615	17	45	558	560	20	656
	6	27			28	

Notes:

1. The luminous intensity, I_v, is measured at the mechanical axis of the lamp package. The actual peak of the spatial radiation pattern may not be aligned with this axis.
2. The dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the device.
3. 2 $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the on-axis intensity.

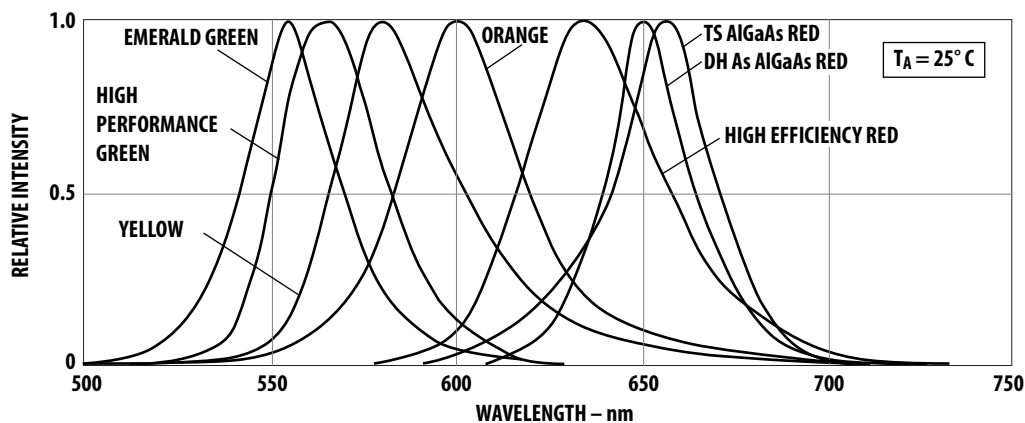


Figure 1. Relative intensity vs. wavelength.

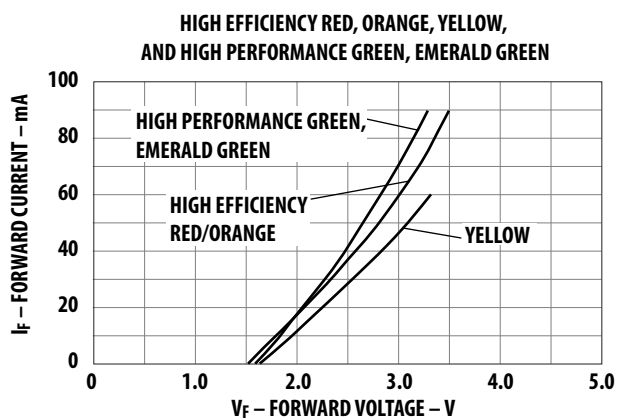
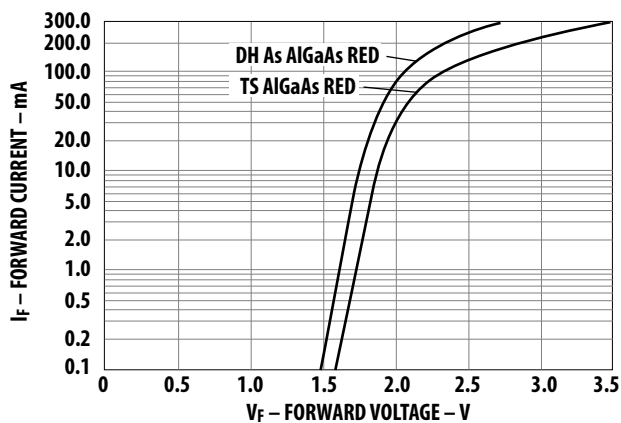


Figure 2. Forward current vs. forward voltage (non-resistor lamp).

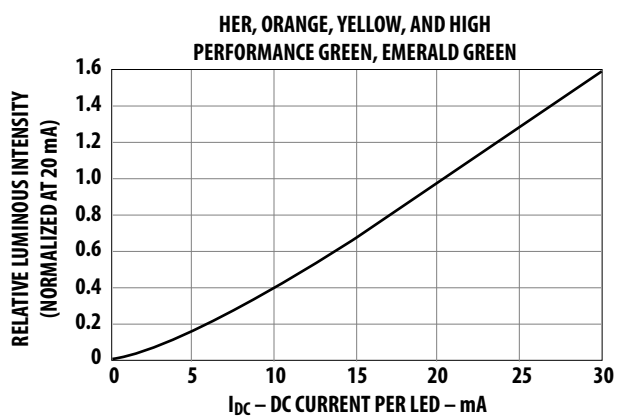
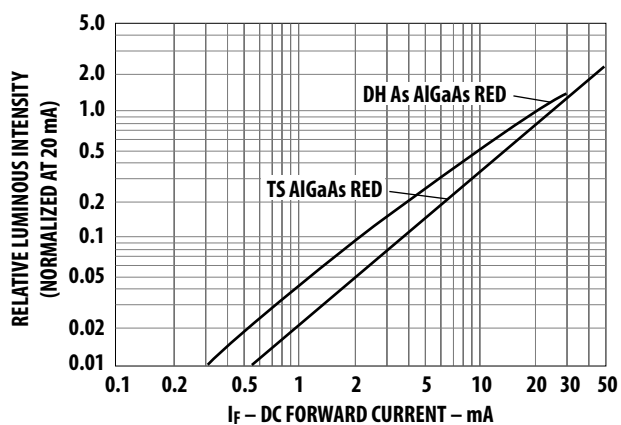


Figure 3. Relative luminous intensity vs. forward current.

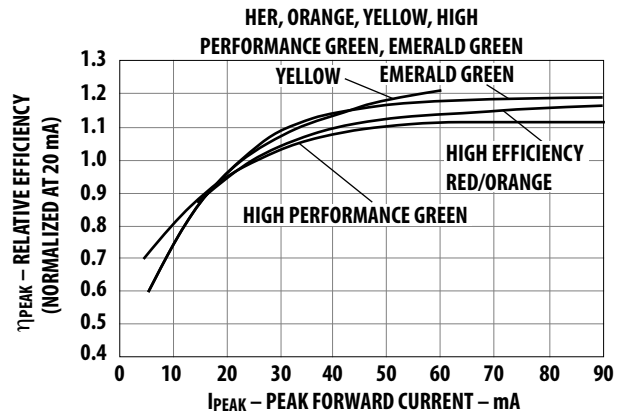
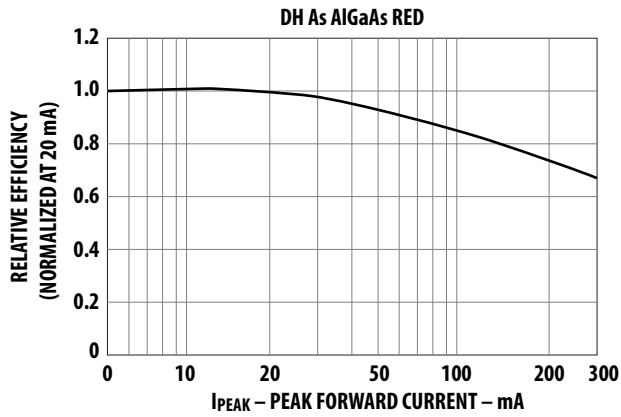


Figure 4. Relative efficiency (luminous intensity per unit current) vs. peak current.

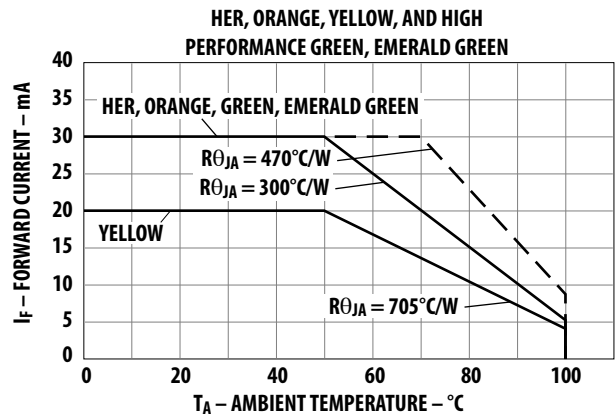
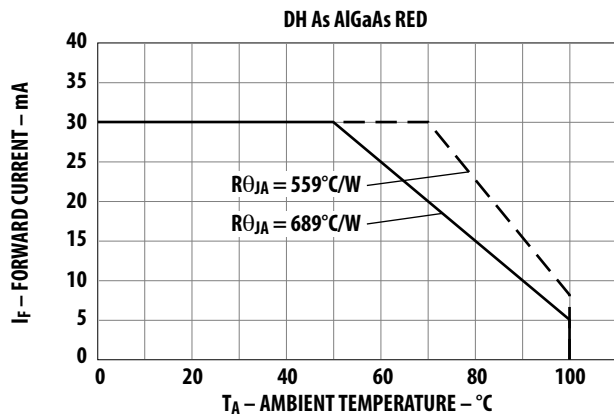


Figure 5. Maximum forward dc current vs. ambient temperature. Derating based on $T_{jMAX} = 110^{\circ}\text{C}$.

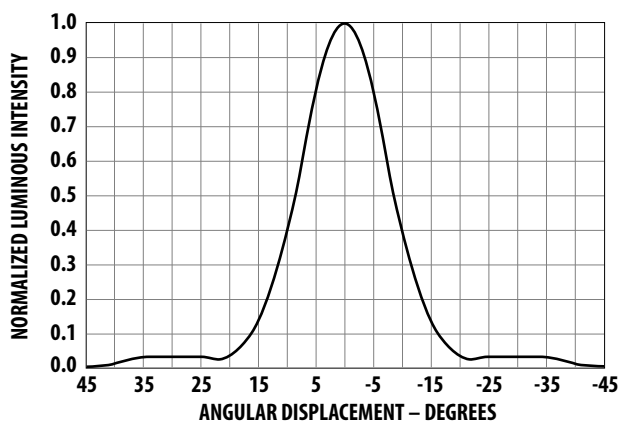


Figure 6. Relative luminous intensity vs. angular displacement. 15 degree family.

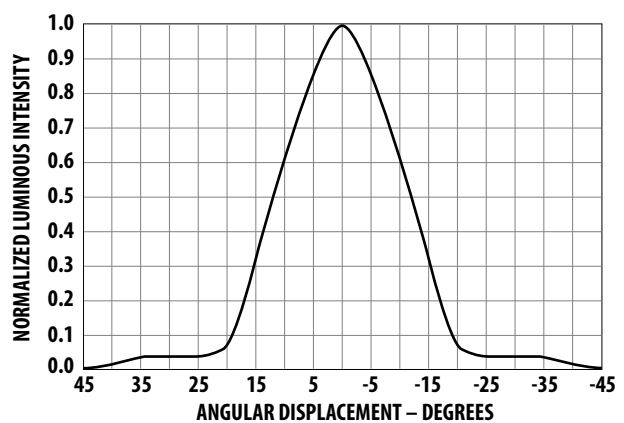


Figure 7. Relative luminous intensity vs. angular displacement. 25 degree family.

Intensity Bin Limits

Color	Bin	Intensity Range (mcd)	
		Min.	Max.
Red/Orange	L	101.5	162.4
	M	162.4	234.6
	N	234.6	340.0
	O	340.0	540.0
	P	540.0	850.0
	Q	850.0	1200.0
	R	1200.0	1700.0
	S	1700.0	2400.0
	T	2400.0	3400.0
	U	3400.0	4900.0
	V	4900.0	7100.0
	W	7100.0	10200.0
	X	10200.0	14800.0
	Y	14800.0	21400.0
	Z	21400.0	30900.0
Yellow	L	173.2	250.0
	M	250.0	360.0
	N	360.0	510.0
	O	510.0	800.0
	P	800.0	1250.0
	Q	1250.0	1800.0
	R	1800.0	2900.0
	S	2900.0	4700.0
	T	4700.0	7200.0
	U	7200.0	11700.0
Green/ Emerald Green	V	11700.0	18000.0
	W	18000.0	27000.0
	E	7.6	12.0
	F	12.0	19.1
	G	19.1	30.7
	H	30.7	49.1
	I	49.1	78.5
	J	78.5	125.7
	K	125.7	201.1
	L	201.1	289.0
	M	289.0	417.0
	N	417.0	680.0
	O	680.0	1100.0
	P	1100.0	1800.0
	Q	1800.0	2700.0
	R	2700.0	4300.0
	S	4300.0	6800.0
	T	6800.0	10800.0
	U	10800.0	16000.0
	V	16000.0	25000.0
	W	25000.0	40000.0

Maximum tolerance for each bin limit is $\pm 18\%$.

Color Categories

Color	Category#	Lambda (nm)	
		Min.	Max.
Green	6	561.5	564.5
	5	564.5	567.5
	4	567.5	570.5
	3	570.5	573.5
	2	573.5	576.5
Yellow	1	582.0	584.5
	3	584.5	587.0
	2	587.0	589.5
	4	589.5	592.0
	5	592.0	593.0
Orange	1	597.0	599.5
	2	599.5	602.0
	3	602.0	604.5
	4	604.5	607.5
	5	607.5	610.5
	6	610.5	613.5
	7	613.5	616.5
	8	616.5	619.5

Tolerance for each bin limit is ± 0.5 nm.

Mechanical Option Matrix

Mechanical Option Code	Definition
00	Bulk Packaging, minimum increment 500 pcs/bag
01	Tape & Reel, crimped leads, minimum increment 1300 pcs/bag
02	Tape & Reel, straight leads, minimum increment 1300 pcs/bag
B2	Right Angle Housing, even leads, minimum increment 500 pcs/bag
UQ	Ammo Pack, horizontal leads, in 1K minimum increment

Note:

All categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all categories.
Please contact your local Avago representative for further clarification/information.

Precautions:

Lead Forming

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering into PC board.
- If lead forming is required before soldering, care must be taken to avoid any excessive mechanical stress induced to LED package. Otherwise, cut the leads of LED to length after soldering process at room temperature. The solder joint formed will absorb the mechanical stress of the lead cutting from traveling to the LED chip die attach and wirebond.
- It is recommended that tooling made to precisely form and cut the leads to length rather than rely upon hand operation.

Soldering Conditions

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to LED component.
- The closest LED is allowed to solder on board is 1.59 mm below the body (encapsulant epoxy) for those parts without standoff.
- Recommended soldering conditions:

	Wave Soldering	Manual Solder Dipping
Pre-heat Temperature	105°C Max.	–
Pre-heat Time	30 sec Max.	–
Peak Temperature	250°C Max.	260°C Max.
Dwell Time	3 sec Max.	5 sec Max.

- Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintained according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave. Customer is advised to periodically check on the soldering profile to ensure the soldering profile used is always conforming to recommended soldering condition.
- If necessary, use fixture to hold the LED component in proper orientation with respect to the PCB during soldering process.
- Proper handling is imperative to avoid excessive thermal stresses to LED components when heated. Therefore, the soldered PCB must be allowed to cool to room temperature, 25°C, before handling.
- Special attention must be given to board fabrication, solder masking, surface plating and lead holes size and component orientation to assure solderability.
- Recommended PC board plated through hole sizes for LED component leads:

LED Component Lead Size	Diagonal	Plated Through Hole Diameter
0.457 x 0.457 mm (0.018 x 0.018 inch)	0.646 mm (0.025 inch)	0.976 to 1.078 mm (0.038 to 0.042 inch)
0.508 x 0.508 mm (0.020 x 0.020 inch)	0.718 mm (0.028 inch)	1.049 to 1.150 mm (0.041 to 0.045 inch)

Note:

Refer to application note AN1027 for more information on soldering LED components.

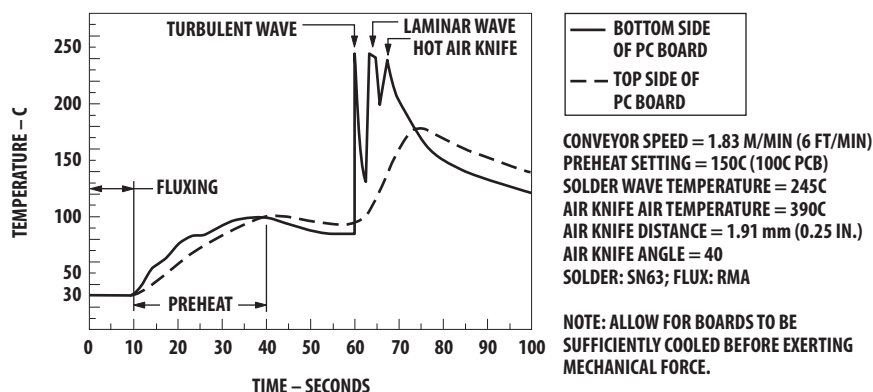


Figure 8. Recommended wave soldering profile.

For product information and a complete list of distributors, please go to our web site: www.avagotech.com