



# CV210-2A

## Cellular-band Dual-Branch Downconverter



### Product Features

- High dynamic range downconverter with integrated LO and IF amplifiers
- Dual channels for diversity
- +29.5 dBm Input IP3
- +12 dBm Input P1dB
- RF: 800 – 960 MHz
- IF: 200 – 250 MHz
- +5V Single supply operation
- Pb-free 6mm 28-pin QFN package
- Low-side LO configuration
- Common footprint with other PCS/UMTS/cellular versions

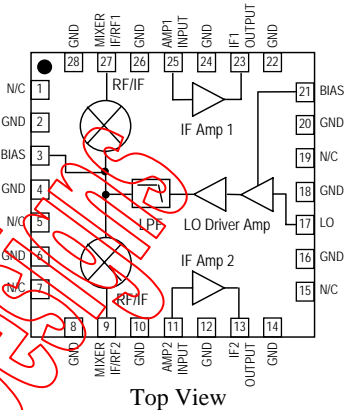
### Product Description

The CV210-2A is a dual-channel high-linearity downconverter designed to meet the demanding performance, functionality, and cost goals of current and next generation mobile infrastructure base stations. It provides high dynamic range performance in a low profile lead-free/RoHS-compliant surface-mount leadless package that measures 6x6 mm square.

It is ideally suited for high dynamic range receiver front ends using diversity receive channels. Functionality includes frequency conversion and IF amplification, while an integrated LO driver amplifier powers the passive mixer. The MCM is implemented with reliable and mature GaAs MESFET and InGaP HBT technology.

Typical applications include frequency downconversion used in CDMA/GSM/TDMA, CDMA2000, W-CDMA, and EDGE 2.5G and 3G mobile base transceiver stations.

### Functional Diagram



### Specifications <sup>(1)</sup>

Parameters	Units	Min	Typ	Max	Comments
RF Frequency Range	MHz		800 - 960		
LO Frequency Range	MHz		550 - 760		
IF Center Frequency Range	MHz		200 - 250		See note 2
% Bandwidth around IF center frequency	%		±7.5		See note 3
IF Test Frequency	MHz		240		
SSB Conversion Gain	dB	8	10	12	Temp = 25 °C
Gain Drift over Temp (-40 to 85° C)	dB	-1.5	±0.3	1.5	Referenced to 25 °C
Input IP3	dBm	+25	+29.5		See note 4
Input IP2	dBm	+33	+39		See note 4
Input 1 dB Compression Point	dBm		+12		See note 4
Noise Figure	dB		10.2		See note 5
LO Input Drive Level	dBm	-2.5	0	+2.5	
LO-RF Isolation	dB		18		P <sub>LO</sub> = 0 dBm
LO-IF Isolation	dB		32		P <sub>LO</sub> = 0 dBm
Branch-Branch Isolation	dB		45		
Return Loss: RF Port	dB		20		
Return Loss: LO Port	dB		20		
Return Loss: IF Port	dB		12		
Operating Supply Voltage	V		+5		
Supply Current	mA	320	360	475	
Thermal Resistance	°C / W			27	
Junction Temperature	°C			160	See note 6

1. Specifications when using the application specific circuit (shown on page 3) with a low side LO = 0 dBm and IF = 240 MHz in a downconverting application at 25° C.
2. IF matching components affect the center IF frequency. Proper component values for other IF center frequencies than shown can be provided by emailing to applications.engineering@wj.com.
3. The IF bandwidth of the converter is defined as 15% around any center frequency in its operating IF frequency range. The bandwidth is determined with external components. Specifications are valid around the total ±7.5% bandwidth, ie. with a center frequency of 240 MHz, the specifications are valid from 240 ± 18 MHz.
4. Assumes the supply voltage = +5 V. IIP3 is measured with Δf = 1 MHz with R<sub>F<sub>in</sub></sub> = -5 dBm / tone.
5. Assumes LO injection noise is filtered at the thermal noise floor, -174 dBm/Hz, at the RF, IF, and Image frequencies.
6. The maximum junction temperature ensures a minimum MTTF rating of 1 million hours of usage.

**End of Life Notice**  
 Last time buy date: **Oct. 9, 2010**  
 Recommended replacement part: **CV210-3AF**

### Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Rating
Operating Case Temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +150 °C
DC Voltage	+5.5 V
Junction Temperature	+220 °C

### Ordering Information

Part No.	Description
CV210-2AF	Cellular-band Dual-Branch Downconverter (lead-free/RoHS-compliant 6x6mm QFN package)
CV210-2APCB240	Fully-Assembled Eval. Board, IF = 240MHz

Operation of this device above any of these parameters may cause permanent damage.

Specifications and information are subject to change without notice.

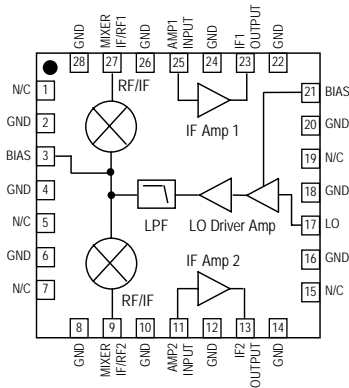


# CV210-2A

## Cellular-band Dual-Branch Downconverter



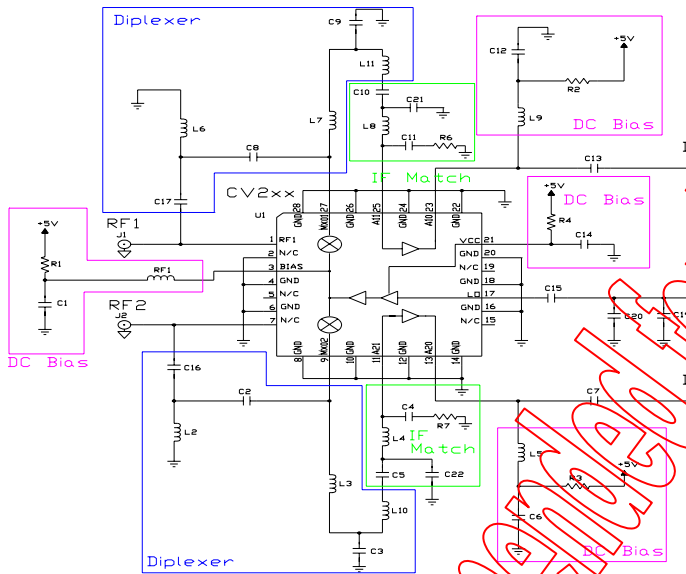
### Device Architecture / Application Circuit Information



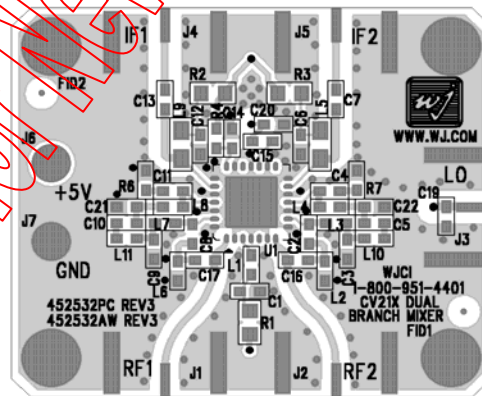
Typical Downconverter Performance Chain Analysis (Each Branch)

Stage	Gain (dB)	Input P1dB (dBm)	Input IP3 (dBm)	NF (dB)	Current (mA)	Cumulative Performance			
						Gain (dB)	Input P1dB (dBm)	Input IP3 (dBm)	NF (dB)
LO Amp / MMIC Mixer	-9	11	30	9.3	85	-9	11	30	9.3
IF Amplifier	19	2	22	1.8	150	10	8	27.5	11
<b>CV210-2A</b>	<b>Cumulative Performance</b>				<b>385*</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>+8</b>	<b>+27.5</b>	<b>11</b>

\* The 2<sup>nd</sup> branch includes another mixer and IF amplifier, which increases the total current consumption of the MCM to be 385 mA.



Printed Circuit Board Material:  
.014" FR-4, 4 layers, .062" total thickness



**CV210-2A:** The application circuit can be broken up into three main functions as denoted in the colored dotted areas above: RF/IF diplexing (blue), IF amplifier matching (green) and dc biasing (purple). There are various placeholders for chip components in the circuit schematic so that a common PCB can be used for all WJ dual-branch converters. Further details are given in the Application Note located on the website titled "CV2xx Series - PWB Design Guidelines".

**IF Amplifier Matching:** The IF amplifier requires matching elements to optimize the performance of the amplifier to the desired IF center frequency. Since IF bandwidths are typically on the order of 5 to 10%, a simple two element matching network, in the form of either a high-pass or low-pass filter structure, is sufficient to match the MMIC IF amplifier over these narrow bandwidths. Proper component values for other IF center frequencies can be found in the IF Amplifier Matching Table or by e-mailing to [sjccapplication.engineering@tqs.com](mailto:sjccapplication.engineering@tqs.com).

**External Diplexer:** In a downconversion application, the incoming RF signal impinges on the switching elements of the mixer; the interaction with these switches produces a signal at the IF frequency. The two signals (RF and IF) are directed to the appropriate ports by the external diplexer. A six-element diplexer is used in the circuit implementation.

**DC biasing:** DC bias must be provided for the LO and IF amplifiers in the converter. R1 sets the operating current for the last stage of the LO amplifier and is chosen to optimize the mixer LO drive level. Proper RF chokes and bypass capacitors are chosen for proper amplifier biasing at the intended frequency of operation. The "+5 V" dc bias should be supplied directly from a voltage regulator.

#### IF Amplifier Matching

Frequency (MHz)	40	50	75	100	125	130	155	169	180	210	240
<b>L7 (nH)</b>	470	430	150	150	120	120	100	82	82	82	56
<b>C17 (pF)</b>	24	15	22	10	8.2	6.8	5.6	5.0	4.7	3.3	3.9
<b>R8 (ohms)</b>	4.7	4.7	3.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
<b>L4 (nH)</b>	470	240	330	330	330	330	330	330	330	220	220

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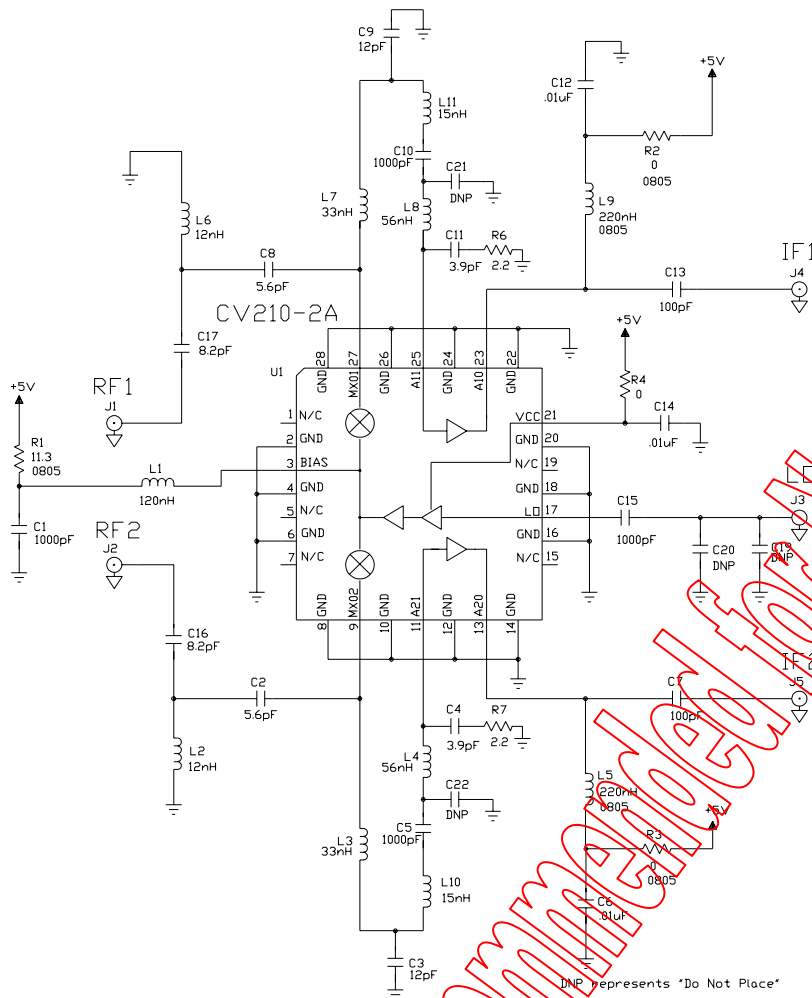


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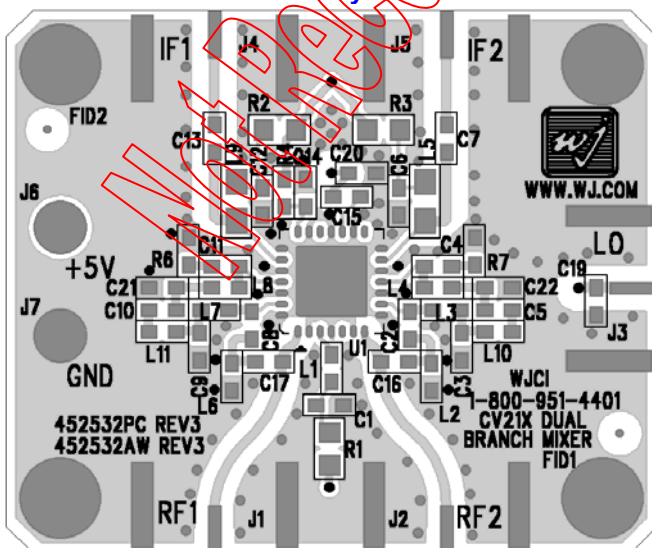
## Application Circuit: IF = 240 MHz (CV210-2APCB240)



### Bill of Materials

Ref. Desig.	Component	Size
R1	11.3 $\Omega$ chip resistor	0805
R2, R3, R4	0 $\Omega$ chip resistor	0603
R6, R7	2.2 $\Omega$ chip resistor	0603
C1, C5, C10, C15	1000 pF chip capacitor	0603
C2, C8	5.6 pF chip capacitor	0603
C3, C9	12 pF chip capacitor	0603
C4, C11	3.9 pF chip capacitor	0603
C6, C12, C14	01 nF chip capacitor	0603
C7, C13	190 pF chip capacitor	0603
C16, C17	8.2 pF chip capacitor	0603
L1	120 nH chip inductor	0603
L2, L6	12 nH chip inductor	0603
L3, L7	33 nH chip inductor	0603
L4, L8	56 nH chip inductor	0603
L5, L9	220 nH chip inductor	0805
L10, L11	15 nH chip inductor	0603
C19, C20, C21, C22	Do Not Place	
U1	CV210-2A WJ Converter	QFN

### PCB Layout



Circuit Board Material: .014" FR-4, 4 layers, .062" total thickness

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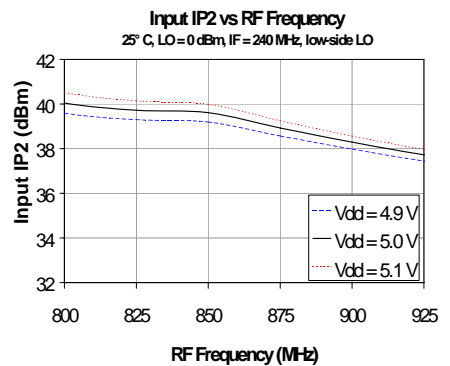
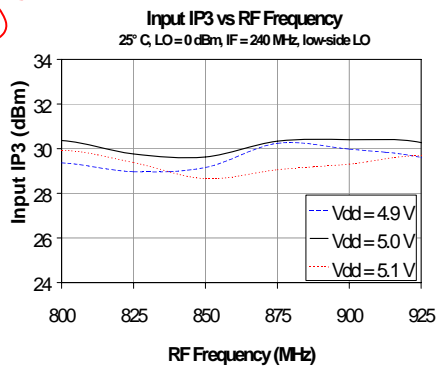
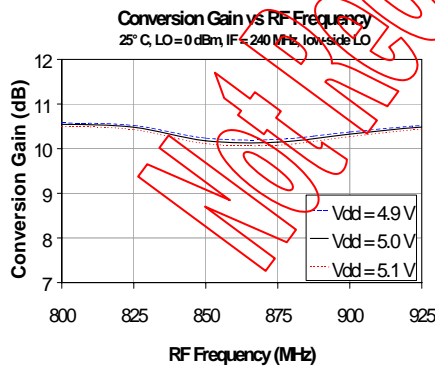
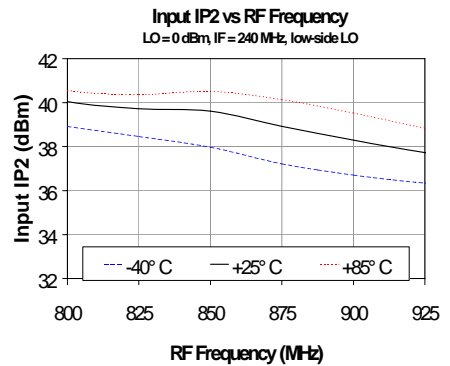
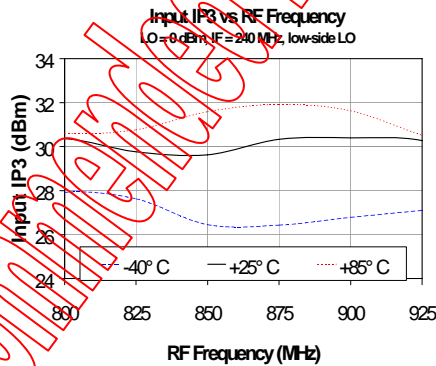
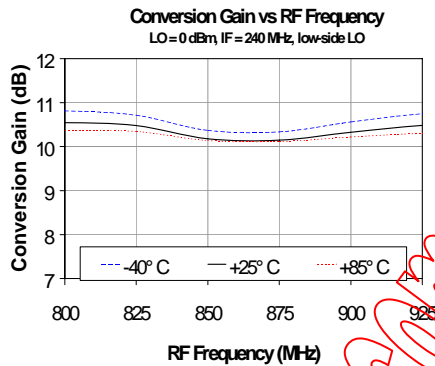
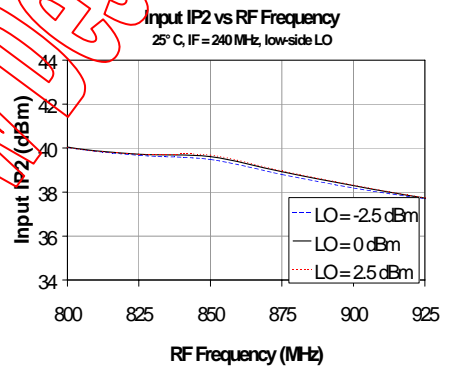
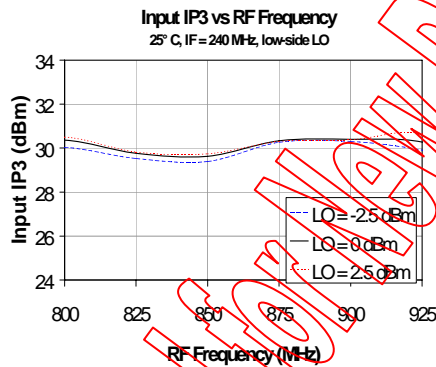
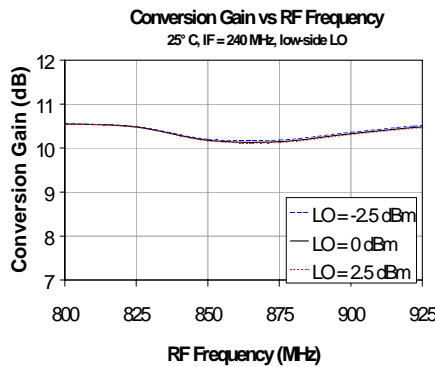
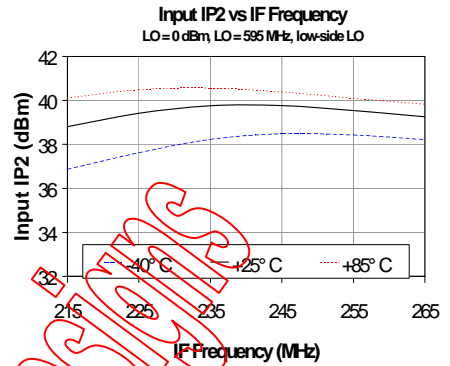
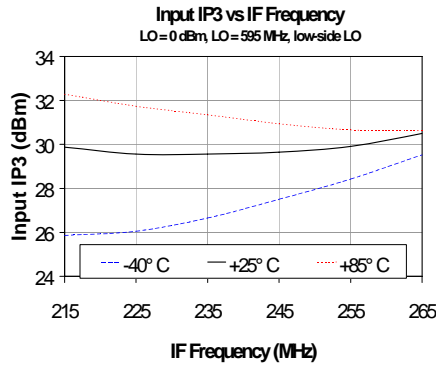
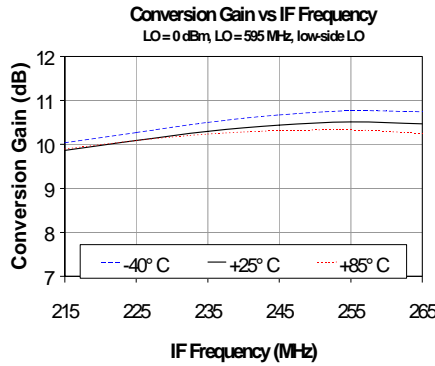


# CV210-2A

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## CV210-2APCB240 Application Circuit Performance Plots



Specifications and information are subject to change without notice.

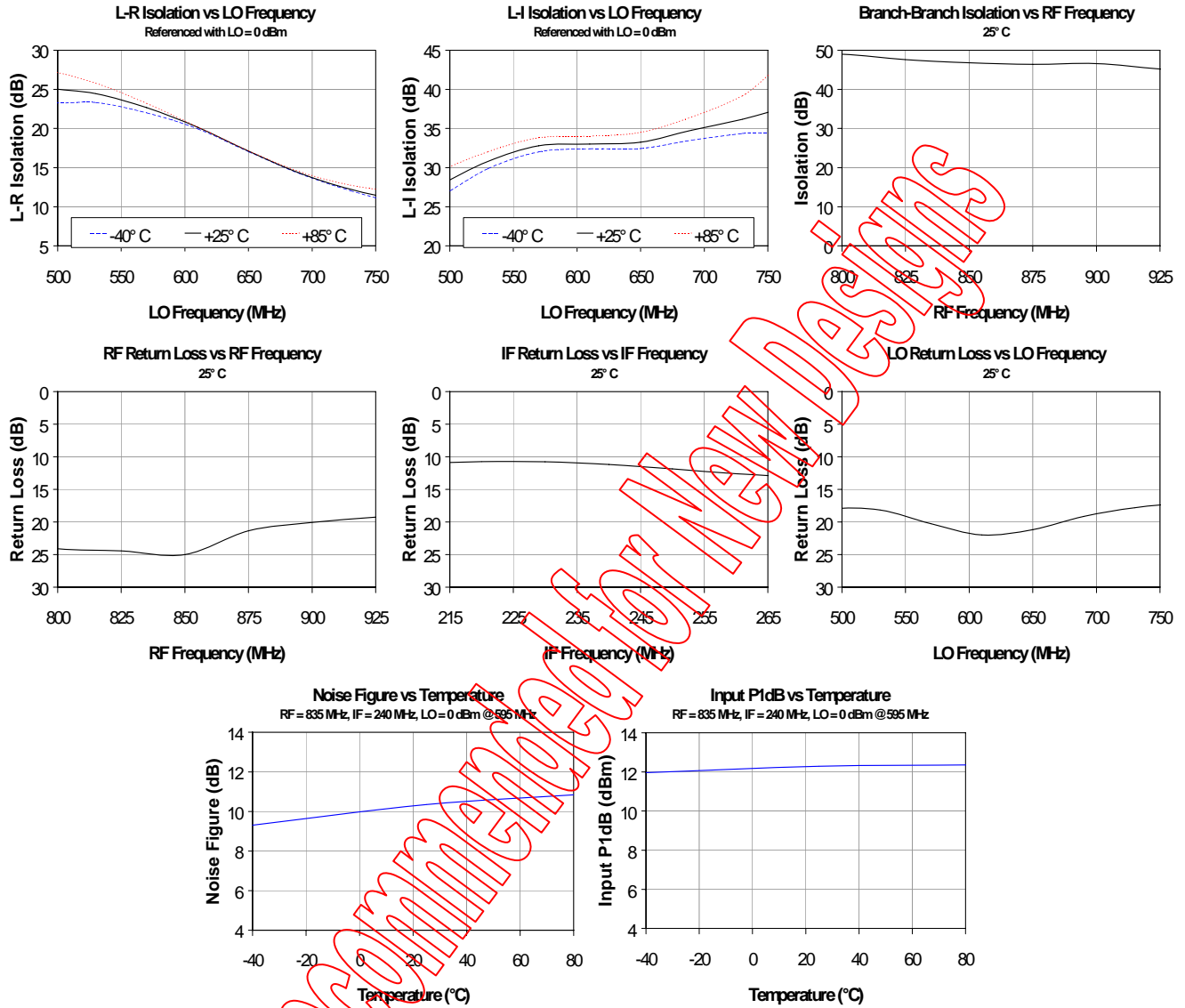


# CV210-2A

Cellular-band Dual-Branch Downconverter



## CV210-2APCB240 Application Circuit Performance Plots (cont'd)



Not Recommended for New Designs

Specifications and information are subject to change without notice.





# CV210-2A

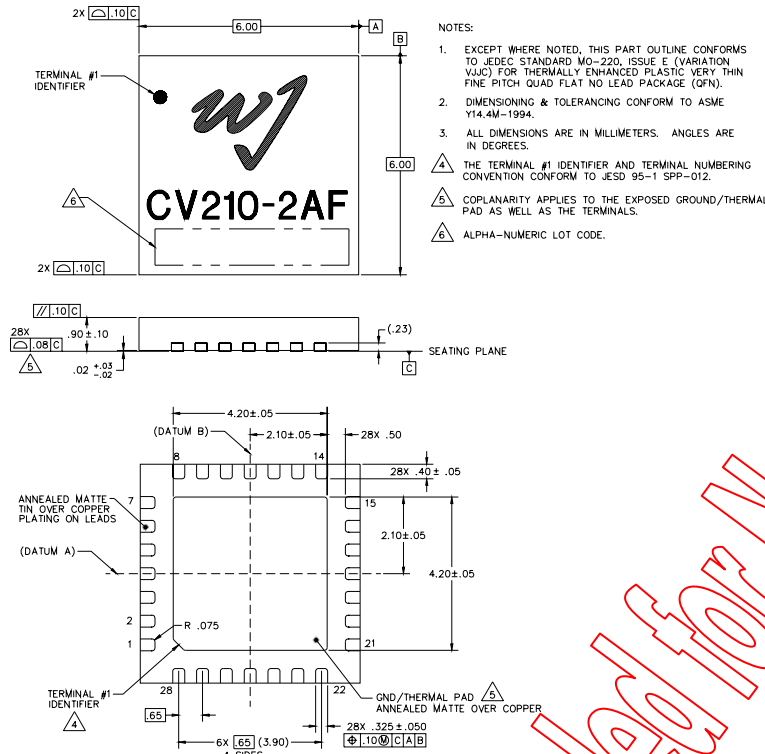
Cellular-band Dual-Branch Downconverter



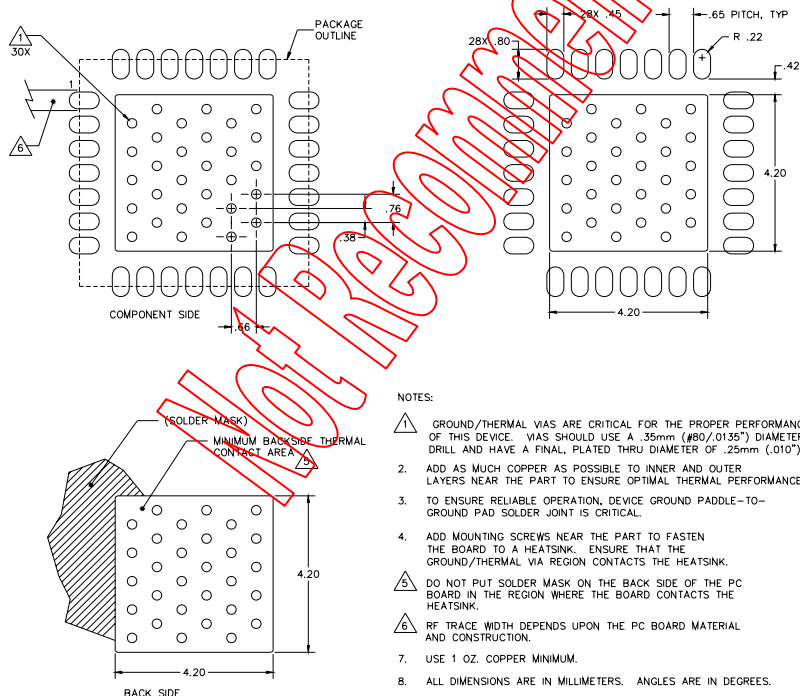
## CV210-2AF Mechanical Information

This package is lead-free/RoHS-compliant. It is compatible with both lead-free (maximum 260°C reflow temperature) and leaded (maximum 245°C reflow temperature) soldering processes. The plating material on the pins is annealed matte tin over copper.

### Outline Drawing



### Mounting Configuration / Land Pattern



### Product Marking

The component will be lasermarked with a "CV210-2AF" product label with an alphanumeric lot code on the top surface of the package.

Tape and reel specifications for this part will be located on the website in the "Application Notes" section.

### ESD / MSL Information



Caution! ESD sensitive device.

**ESD Rating:** Class 1B  
**Value:** Passes  $\geq 500V$  to  $<1000V$   
**Test:** Human Body Model (HBM)  
**Standard:** JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114

**ESD Rating:** Class III  
**Value:** Passes  $\geq 500V$  to  $<1000V$   
**Test:** Charged Device Model (CDM)  
**Standard:** JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101

**MSL Rating:** Level 2 at  $+260^\circ C$  convection reflow  
**Standard:** JEDEC Standard J-STD-020

### Functional Pin Layout

Pin	FUNCTION	Pin	FUNCTION
1	No Connect	15	No Connect
2	GND	16	GND
3	LO Amp Bias	17	LO input
4	GND	18	GND
5	No Connect	19	No Connect
6	GND	20	GND
7	No Connect	21	+5 V
8	GND	22	GND
9	Channel 2 Mixer IF/RF Port (goes to diplexer)	23	Channel 1 IF Amp Output / Bias
10	GND	24	GND
11	Channel 2 IF Amp Input	25	Channel 1 IF Amp Input
12	GND	26	GND
13	Channel 2 IF Amp Output / Bias	27	Channel 2 Mixer IF/RF Port (goes to diplexer)
14	GND	28	GND

Specifications and information are subject to change without notice.