ULTRA-SMALL PACKAGE HIGH-PRECISION VOLTAGE DETECTOR

S-1000 Series

The S-1000 series is a series of high-precision voltage detectors developed using CMOS process. The detection voltage is fixed internally with an accuracy of $\pm 1.0\%$. It operates with low current consumption of 350 nA typ. Two output forms, Nch open-drain and CMOS output, are available. CMOS voltage detector, S-1000 Series is the most suitable for the portable equipments with ultra low current consumption, high precision and corresponding to the small package.

■ Features

• Ultra-low current consumption 350 nA typ. $(V_{DD} = detection \ voltage + 1.5 \ V)$

High-precision detection voltage ±1.0%
 Operating voltage range 0.95 to 5.5 V
 Hysteresis characteristics 5% typ.

• Detection voltage 1.5 to 4.6 V (0.1 V step)

Output form
 Nch open-drain output (Active "L")

CMOS output (Active "L")

■ Applications

• Power monitor for microcomputers and reset for CPUs.

Power monitor for portable equipments such as cellular phones, digital still cameras and PDAs.

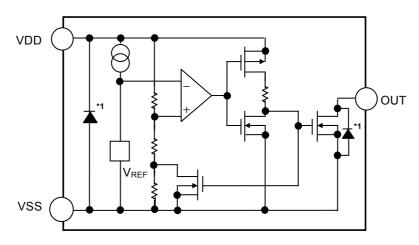
• Constant voltage power monitor for cameras, video equipments and communication devices.

■ Packages

| Package name | Drawing code | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | Package Tape Reel | | | | | | |
| SC-82AB | NP004-A | NP004-A | NP004-A | | | | |
| SOT-23-5 | MP005-A | MP005-A | MP005-A | | | | |
| SNT-4A | PF004-A | PF004-A | PF004-A | | | | |

■ Block Diagrams

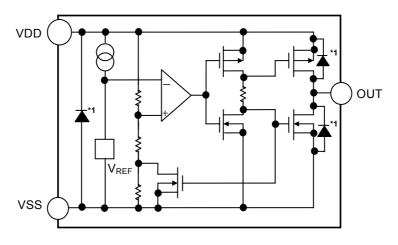
1. Nch open-drain output products



*1. Parasitic diode

Figure 1

2. CMOS output products



*1. Parasitic diode

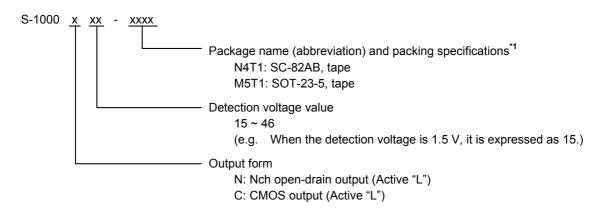
Figure 2

■ Product Name Structure

The detection voltage, output form and packages for S-1000 series can be selected at the user's request. Refer to the "1. **Product name**" for the construction of the product name and "2. **Product name list**" for the full product names.

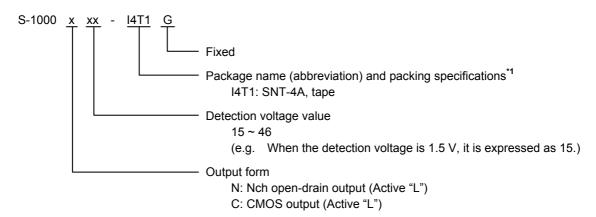
1. Product name

1. 1 SC-82AB, SOT-23-5 packages



*1. Refer to the taping specifications at the end of this book.

1. 2 SNT-4A package



***1.** Refer to the taping specifications at the end of this book.

2. Product name list

2. 1 Nch open-drain output products

Table 1

| District the stress of the str | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Detection voltage range | SC-82AB | SOT-23-5 | SNT-4A | | | | |
| 1.5 ± 1.0% | S-1000N15-N4T1 | S-1000N15-M5T1 | S-1000N15-I4T1G | | | | |
| 1.6 ± 1.0% | S-1000N16-N4T1 | S-1000N16-M5T1 | S-1000N16-I4T1G | | | | |
| 1.7 ± 1.0% | S-1000N17-N4T1 | S-1000N17-M5T1 | S-1000N17-I4T1G | | | | |
| 1.8 ± 1.0% | S-1000N18-N4T1 | S-1000N18-M5T1 | S-1000N18-I4T1G | | | | |
| 1.9 ± 1.0% | S-1000N19-N4T1 | S-1000N19-M5T1 | S-1000N19-I4T1G | | | | |
| 2.0 ± 1.0% | S-1000N20-N4T1 | S-1000N20-M5T1 | S-1000N20-I4T1G | | | | |
| 2.1 ± 1.0% | S-1000N21-N4T1 | S-1000N21-M5T1 | S-1000N21-I4T1G | | | | |
| $2.2\pm1.0\%$ | S-1000N22-N4T1 | S-1000N22-M5T1 | S-1000N22-I4T1G | | | | |
| $2.3\pm1.0\%$ | S-1000N23-N4T1 | S-1000N23-M5T1 | S-1000N23-I4T1G | | | | |
| 2.4 ± 1.0% | S-1000N24-N4T1 | S-1000N24-M5T1 | S-1000N24-I4T1G | | | | |
| 2.5 ± 1.0% | S-1000N25-N4T1 | S-1000N25-M5T1 | S-1000N25-I4T1G | | | | |
| $2.6 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000N26-N4T1 | S-1000N26-M5T1 | S-1000N26-I4T1G | | | | |
| 2.7 ± 1.0% | S-1000N27-N4T1 | S-1000N27-M5T1 | S-1000N27-I4T1G | | | | |
| $2.8 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000N28-N4T1 | S-1000N28-M5T1 | S-1000N28-I4T1G | | | | |
| $2.9 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000N29-N4T1 | S-1000N29-M5T1 | S-1000N29-I4T1G | | | | |
| $3.0 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000N30-N4T1 | S-1000N30-M5T1 | S-1000N30-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.1 ± 1.0% | S-1000N31-N4T1 | S-1000N31-M5T1 | S-1000N31-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.2 ± 1.0% | S-1000N32-N4T1 | S-1000N32-M5T1 | S-1000N32-I4T1G | | | | |
| $3.3 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000N33-N4T1 | S-1000N33-M5T1 | S-1000N33-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.4 ± 1.0% | S-1000N34-N4T1 | S-1000N34-M5T1 | S-1000N34-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.5 ± 1.0% | S-1000N35-N4T1 | S-1000N35-M5T1 | S-1000N35-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.6 ± 1.0% | S-1000N36-N4T1 | S-1000N36-M5T1 | S-1000N36-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.7 ± 1.0% | S-1000N37-N4T1 | S-1000N37-M5T1 | S-1000N37-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.8 ± 1.0% | S-1000N38-N4T1 | S-1000N38-M5T1 | S-1000N38-I4T1G | | | | |
| 3.9 ± 1.0% | S-1000N39-N4T1 | S-1000N39-M5T1 | S-1000N39-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.0 ± 1.0% | S-1000N40-N4T1 | S-1000N40-M5T1 | S-1000N40-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.1 ± 1.0% | S-1000N41-N4T1 | S-1000N41-M5T1 | S-1000N41-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.2 ± 1.0% | S-1000N42-N4T1 | S-1000N42-M5T1 | S-1000N42-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.3 ± 1.0% | S-1000N43-N4T1 | S-1000N43-M5T1 | S-1000N43-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.4 ± 1.0% | S-1000N44-N4T1 | S-1000N44-M5T1 | S-1000N44-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.5 ± 1.0% | S-1000N45-N4T1 | S-1000N45-M5T1 | S-1000N45-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.6 ± 1.0% | S-1000N46-N4T1 | S-1000N46-M5T1 | S-1000N46-I4T1G | | | | |
| 4.b ± 1.0% | 5-1000N46-N411 | 5-1000N46-M511 | 5-1000N46-I411G | | | | |

2. 2 CMOS output products

Table 2

| Detection voltage range | SC-82AB | SOT-23-5 | SNT-4A |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1.5 ± 1.0% | S-1000C15-N4T1 | S-1000C15-M5T1 | S-1000C15-I4T1G |
| 1.6 ± 1.0% | S-1000C16-N4T1 | S-1000C16-M5T1 | S-1000C16-I4T1G |
| $1.7 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C17-N4T1 | S-1000C17-M5T1 | S-1000C17-I4T1G |
| 1.8 ± 1.0% | S-1000C18-N4T1 | S-1000C18-M5T1 | S-1000C18-I4T1G |
| 1.9 ± 1.0% | S-1000C19-N4T1 | S-1000C19-M5T1 | S-1000C19-I4T1G |
| 2.0 ± 1.0% | S-1000C20-N4T1 | S-1000C20-M5T1 | S-1000C20-I4T1G |
| 2.1 ± 1.0% | S-1000C21-N4T1 | S-1000C21-M5T1 | S-1000C21-I4T1G |
| $2.2 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C22-N4T1 | S-1000C22-M5T1 | S-1000C22-I4T1G |
| 2.3 ± 1.0% | S-1000C23-N4T1 | S-1000C23-M5T1 | S-1000C23-I4T1G |
| 2.4 ± 1.0% | S-1000C24-N4T1 | S-1000C24-M5T1 | S-1000C24-I4T1G |
| 2.5 ± 1.0% | S-1000C25-N4T1 | S-1000C25-M5T1 | S-1000C25-I4T1G |
| $2.6 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C26-N4T1 | S-1000C26-M5T1 | S-1000C26-I4T1G |
| $2.7\pm1.0\%$ | S-1000C27-N4T1 | S-1000C27-M5T1 | S-1000C27-I4T1G |
| $2.8 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C28-N4T1 | S-1000C28-M5T1 | S-1000C28-I4T1G |
| $2.9 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C29-N4T1 | S-1000C29-M5T1 | S-1000C29-I4T1G |
| $3.0 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C30-N4T1 | S-1000C30-M5T1 | S-1000C30-I4T1G |
| 3.1 ± 1.0% | S-1000C31-N4T1 | S-1000C31-M5T1 | S-1000C31-I4T1G |
| $3.2 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C32-N4T1 | S-1000C32-M5T1 | S-1000C32-I4T1G |
| $3.3 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C33-N4T1 | S-1000C33-M5T1 | S-1000C33-I4T1G |
| $3.4 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C34-N4T1 | S-1000C34-M5T1 | S-1000C34-I4T1G |
| $3.5 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C35-N4T1 | S-1000C35-M5T1 | S-1000C35-I4T1G |
| $3.6\pm1.0\%$ | S-1000C36-N4T1 | S-1000C36-M5T1 | S-1000C36-I4T1G |
| $3.7 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C37-N4T1 | S-1000C37-M5T1 | S-1000C37-I4T1G |
| $3.8 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C38-N4T1 | S-1000C38-M5T1 | S-1000C38-I4T1G |
| 3.9 ± 1.0% | S-1000C39-N4T1 | S-1000C39-M5T1 | S-1000C39-I4T1G |
| 4.0 ± 1.0% | S-1000C40-N4T1 | S-1000C40-M5T1 | S-1000C40-I4T1G |
| 4.1 ± 1.0% | S-1000C41-N4T1 | S-1000C41-M5T1 | S-1000C41-I4T1G |
| $4.2 \pm 1.0\%$ | S-1000C42-N4T1 | S-1000C42-M5T1 | S-1000C42-I4T1G |
| 4.3 ± 1.0% | S-1000C43-N4T1 | S-1000C43-M5T1 | S-1000C43-I4T1G |
| 4.4 ± 1.0% | S-1000C44-N4T1 | S-1000C44-M5T1 | S-1000C44-I4T1G |
| 4.5 ± 1.0% | S-1000C45-N4T1 | S-1000C45-M5T1 | S-1000C45-I4T1G |
| 4.6 ± 1.0% | S-1000C46-N4T1 | S-1000C46-M5T1 | S-1000C46-I4T1G |

■ Output Forms

1. Output forms in S-1000 series

Table 3

| | Nch open-drain output products | CMOS output products | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|--|
| | (Active "L") | (Active "L") | | |
| S-1000 series | "N" is the last letter of the product name. | "C" is the last letter of the product name. e.g. S-1000C | | |

2. Output form and their usage

Table 4

| Usage | Nch open-drain output products (Active "L") | CMOS output products (Active "L") |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| Different power supplies | Yes | No |
| Active "L" reset for CPUs | Yes | Yes |
| Active "H" reset for CPUs | No | No |
| Detection voltage change by resistor divider | Yes | No |

• Example for two power supplies

Example for one power supply

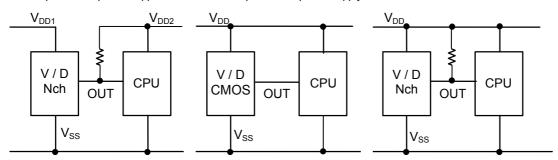


Figure 3

■ Pin Configurations

SC-82AB
Top view
4 3

Figure 4

2

Table 5

| Pin No. | Pin name | Pin description |
|---------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | OUT | Voltage detection output pin |
| 2 | VDD | Voltage input pin |
| 3 | NC ^{*1} | No connection |
| 4 | VSS | GND pin |

^{*1.} The NC pin is electrically open.

The NC pin can be connected to VDD or VSS.

SOT-23-5 Top view

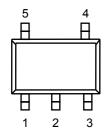


Figure 5

SNT-4A

Top view

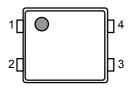


Figure 7

Table 6

| Pin No. | Pin name | Pin description | |
|---------|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1 | OUT | Voltage detection output pin | |
| 2 | VDD | Voltage input pin | |
| 3 | VSS | GND pin | |
| 4 | NC ^{*1} | No connection | |
| 5 | NC ^{*1} | No connection | |

^{*1.} The NC pin is electrically open.

The NC pin can be connected to VDD or VSS.

Table 7

| Pin No. | Pin name | Pin description |
|---------|------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | OUT | Voltage detection output pin |
| 2 | VSS | GND pin |
| 3 | NC ^{*1} | No connection |
| 4 | VDD | Voltage input pin |

^{*1.} The NC pin is electrically open.

The NC pin can be connected to VDD or VSS.

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 8

(Ta = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | | | Symbol | Absolute maximum ratings | Unit |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------|
| Power supply voltage | | | $V_{DD} - V_{SS}$ | 6 | V |
| Output voltage | Nch open-drain output products | | V_{OUT} | $V_{SS} - 0.3 \text{ to } V_{SS} + 6$ | ٧ |
| | CMOS output products | | | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | ٧ |
| Output current | | | I _{OUT} | 50 | mA |
| Power dissipation | 1 | P_D | SC-82AB | 200 | mW |
| | | | SOT-23-5 | 300 | mW |
| | | | SNT-4A | 300 ^{*1} | mW |
| Operating ambient temperature | | | Topr | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperat | ture | | Tstg | -40 to +125 | °C |

^{*1.} At mounted on JEDEC high heat dissipation printed circuit board

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.

8

■ Electrical Characteristics

1. Nch open-drain output products

Table 9

(Ta = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

| ltem | Symbol | Condition | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Measure- ment circuit |
|--|--|---|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Detection voltage*1 | –V _{DET} | - | | $-V_{DET(S)} \times 0.99$ | -V _{DET(S)} | −V _{DET(S)} ×1.01 | ٧ | 1 |
| Hysteresis width | V_{HYS} | - | | $-V_{DET} \times 0.03$ | −V _{DET} ×0.05 | −V _{DET} ×0.07 | V | 1 |
| Current consumption | I _{SS} | $V_{DD} = -V_{DET(S)} + 1.5 \text{ V}$ | S-1000N15 to 39 | _ | 350 | 900 | nA | 2 |
| | | $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ | S-1000N40 to 46 | _ | 350 | 900 | nA | 2 |
| Operating voltage | V_{DD} | _ | | 0.95 | _ | 5.5 | V | 1 |
| Output current | I _{OUT} | Output transistor, Nch, $V_{DS} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, V_{DD} | Output transistor, Nch, $V_{DS} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ | | 2.55 | 1 | mA | 3 |
| Leakage current | I _{LEAK} | Output transistor, Nch, V _{DS} = 5.5 V, V _{DD} = 5.5 V | | _ | - | 100 | nA | 3 |
| Response time | t _{PLH} | - | | - | - | 60 | μs | 1 |
| Detection voltage temperature coefficient ^{*2} | $\frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta \bullet - V_{DET}}$ | Ta = −40 to +85 °C | | _ | ±100 | ±350 | ppm / °C | 1 |

^{*1. -}V_{DET}: Actual detection voltage value, -V_{DET(S)}: Specified detection voltage value (The center value of the detection voltage range in **Table 1, 2**.)

 * 2. The temperature change ratio in the detection voltage [mV / $^{\circ}$ C] is calculated by using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta} \left[mV/^{\circ}C \right]^{*1} = -V_{DET(S)}(typ.) \left[V \right]^{*2} \times \frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta - V_{DET}} \left[ppm/^{\circ}C \right]^{*3} \div 1000$$

- *1. Temperature change ratio of the detection voltage
- *2. Specified detection voltage
- *3. Detection voltage temperature coefficient

Rev.1.0_01

2. CMOS output products

Table 10

(Ta = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

| Item | Symbol | Condition | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Measure- ment circuit |
|--|--|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Detection voltage*1 | $-V_{DET}$ | - | | -V _{DET(S)} ×0.99 | -V _{DET(S)} | -V _{DET(S)} ×1.01 | ٧ | 1 |
| Hysteresis width | V_{HYS} | _ | | $-V_{DET} \times 0.03$ | −V _{DET} ×0.05 | −V _{DET} ×0.07 | V | 1 |
| Current consumption | I _{SS} | $V_{DD} = -V_{DET(S)} + 1.5 \text{ V}$ | S-1000C15 to 39 | _ | 350 | 900 | nA | 2 |
| | | $V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ | S-1000C40 to 46 | _ | 350 | 900 | nA | 2 |
| Operating voltage | V_{DD} | _ | | 0.95 | _ | 5.5 | V | 1 |
| Output current | I _{OUT} | Output transistor, Nch, V _{DS} = 0.5 V, V _{DD} = 1.2 V | | 1.36 | 2.55 | - | mA | 3 |
| | | Output transistor, Pch, $V_{DS} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, V_{DI} | ₀ = 5.5 V | 1.71 | 2.76 | _ | mA | 4 |
| Response time | t_PLH | _ | | _ | _ | 60 | μs | 1 |
| Detection voltage temperature coefficient ^{*2} | $\frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta \bullet - V_{DET}}$ | Ta = −40 to +85 °C | | _ | ±100 | ±350 | ppm/ °C | 1 |

^{*1. -}V_{DET}: Actual detection voltage value, -V_{DET(S)}: Specified detection voltage value (The center value of the detection voltage range in **Table 3, 4**.)

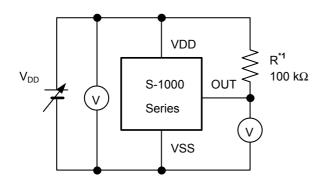
 * 2. The temperature change ratio in the detection voltage [mV / $^{\circ}$ C] is calculated by using the following equation.

$$\frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta} [mV/^{\circ}C]^{*1} = -V_{DET(S)}(typ.) [V]^{*2} \times \frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta - V_{DET}} [ppm/^{\circ}C]^{*3} \div 1000$$

- ***1.** Temperature change ratio of the detection voltage
- *2. Specified detection voltage
- *3. Detection voltage temperature coefficient

■ Measurement Circuits

1.



1. R is unnecessary for CMOS output products.

Figure 7

2.

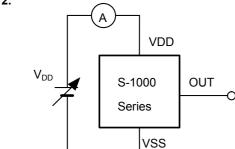


Figure 8

3.

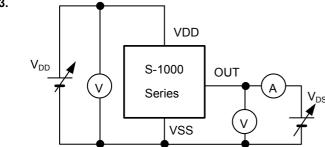


Figure 9

4.

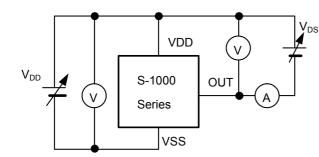


Figure 10

■ Timing Chart

1. Nch open-drain output products

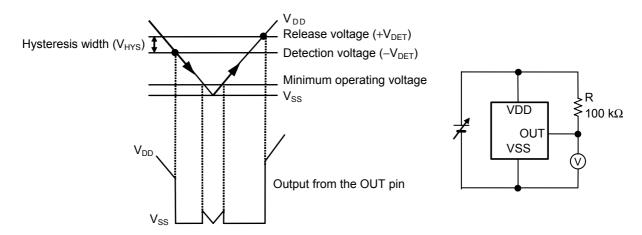
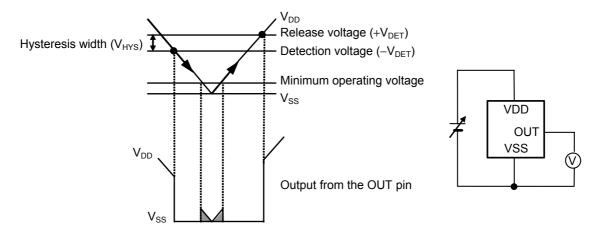


Figure 11

2. CMOS output products

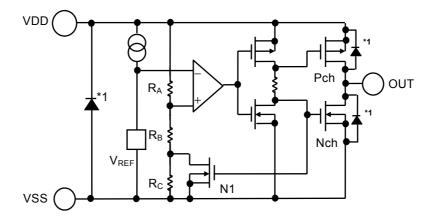


 $\textbf{Remark} \ \ \text{For values of V_{DD} less than minimum operating voltage, values of OUT terminal output is free in the shaded region.}$

Figure 12

■ Operation

- 1. Basic operation: CMOS output (Active "L")
 - (1) When the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) is higher than the release voltage ($+V_{DET}$), the Nch transistor is OFF and the Pch transistor is ON to provide V_{DD} ("H") at the output. Since the Nch transistor N1 in **Figure 13** is OFF, the comparator input voltage is $\frac{(RB+Rc) \bullet V_{DD}}{RA+RB+Rc}$.
 - (2) When the V_{DD} goes below $+V_{DET}$, the output provides the V_{DD} level, as long as the V_{DD} remains above the detection voltage $-V_{DET}$. When the V_{DD} falls below $-V_{DET}$ (point A in **Figure 14**), the Nch transistor becomes ON, the Pch transistor becomes OFF, and the V_{SS} level appears at the output. At this time the Nch transistor N1 in **Figure 13** becomes ON, the comparator input voltage is changed to $\frac{RB \bullet VDD}{RA + RB}$.
 - (3) When the V_{DD} falls below the minimum operating voltage, the output becomes undefined, or goes to the V_{DD} when the output is pulled up to the V_{DD} .
 - (4) The V_{SS} level appears when the V_{DD} rises above the minimum operating voltage. The V_{SS} level still appears even when the V_{DD} surpasses $-V_{DET}$, as long as it does not exceed the release voltage $+V_{DET}$.
 - (5) When the V_{DD} rises above $+V_{DET}$ (point B in **Figure 14**), the Nch transistor becomes OFF and the Pch transistor becomes ON to provide V_{DD} level at the output.



*1. Parasiteic diode

Figure 13 Operation 1

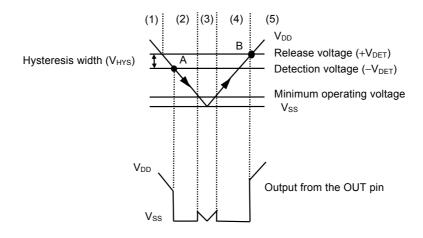
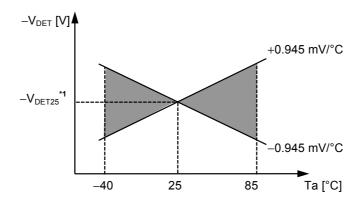


Figure 14 Operation 2

2. Other characteristics

2. 1 Temperature characteristics of detection voltage

The shaded area in Figure 15 shows the temperature characteristics of the detection voltage.



*1. -V_{DET25} is an actual detection voltage value at 25°C.

Figure 15 Temperature characteristics of detection voltage (Example for $-V_{DET} = 2.7 \text{ V}$)

2. 2 Temperature characteristics of release voltage

The temperature change $\frac{\Delta + V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta}$ of the release voltage is calculated by the temperature change $\frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta}$ of the detection voltage as follows:

$$\frac{\Delta + VDET}{\Delta Ta} = \frac{+VDET}{-VDET} \times \frac{\Delta - VDET}{\Delta Ta}$$

The temperature changes of the release voltage and the detection voltage have the same sign consequently.

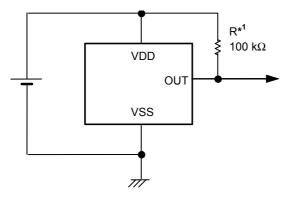
2. 3 Temperature characteristics of hysteresis voltage

The temperature changes of the hysteresis voltage is expressed as $\frac{\Delta + V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta} - \frac{\Delta - V_{DET}}{\Delta Ta}$ and is calculated as

follows:

$$\frac{\Delta + \text{VDET}}{\Delta \text{Ta}} - \frac{\Delta - \text{VDET}}{\Delta \text{Ta}} = \frac{\text{VHYS}}{- \text{VDET}} \times \frac{\Delta - \text{VDET}}{\Delta \text{Ta}}$$

■ Standard Circuit



1. R is unnecessary for CMOS output products.

Figure 16

Caution The above connection diagram and constants do not guarantee correct operation. Perform sufficient evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.

■ Explanation of Terms

1. Detection voltage (-V_{DET}), release voltage (+V_{DET})

The detection voltage $(-V_{DET})$ is a voltage at which the output turns to "L". The detection voltage varies slightly among products of the same specification. The variation of detection voltage between the specified minimum $(-V_{DET})$ Min. and the maximum $(-V_{DET})$ Max. is called the detection voltage range (Refer to **Figure 17**).

Example: For the S-1000C15, the detection voltage lies in the range of $1.485 \le (-V_{DET}) \le 1.515$. This means that some S-1000C15s have $1.485 \ V$ for $-V_{DET}$ and some have $1.515 \ V$.

The release voltage is a voltage at which the output turns to "H". The release voltage varies slightly among products of the same specification. The variation of release voltages between the specified minimum ($+V_{DET}$) Min. and the maximum ($+V_{DET}$) Max. is called the release voltage range (Refer to **Figure 18**). The range is calculed from the actual detection voltage ($-V_{DET}$) of a product and is expressed by $-V_{DET} \times 1.03 \le +V_{DET} \le -V_{DET} \times 1.07$.

Example: For the S-1000C15, the release voltage lies in the range of $1.530 \le (+V_{DET}) \le 1.621$. This means that some S-1000C15s have 1.530 V for $+V_{DET}$ and some have 1.621 V.

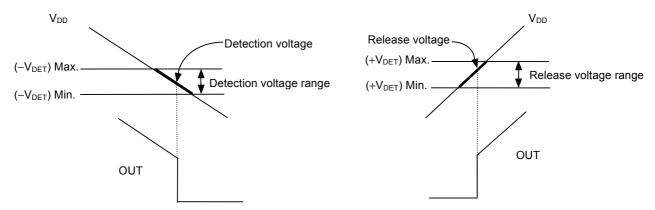


Figure 17 Detection voltage (CMOS output products)

Figure 18 Release voltage (CMOS output products)

2. Hysteresis width (V_{HYS})

The hysteresis width is the voltage difference between the detection voltage and the release voltage (The voltage at point B - The voltage at point $A = V_{HYS}$ in **Figure 14**). The existence of the hysteresis width prevents malfunction caused by noise on input signal.

3. Through-type current

The through-type current refers to the current that flows instantaneously at the time of detection and release of a voltage detector. The through-type current is large in CMOS output products, small in Nch open-drain output products.

4. Oscillation

In applications where a resistor is connected to the voltage detector input (**Figure 19**), taking a CMOS active "L" product for example, the through-type current which is generated when the output goes from "L" to "H" (release) causes a voltage drop equal to [through-type current] \times [input resistance] across the resistor. When the input voltage drops below the detection voltage ($-V_{DET}$) as a result, the output voltage goes to low level. In this state, the through-type current stops and its resultant voltage drop disappears, and the output goes from "L" to "H". The through-type current is then generated again, a voltage drop appears, and repeating the process finally induces oscillation.

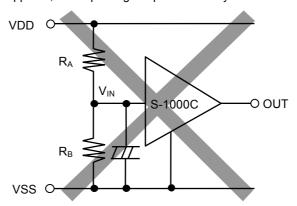


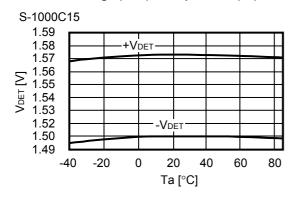
Figure 19 An example for bad implementation of input voltage divider

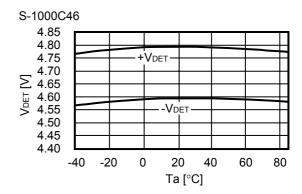
■ Precautions

- If the input impedance is high, oscillation may occur due to the through-type current etc. In COMS output products, impedance should not be connected to the input pin. In Nch open drain output products, input impedance is recommended to be $800~\Omega$ or less. However be sure to perform sufficient evatuation under the actual usage conditions for selection, including evaluation of temperature characteristics.
- In CMOS output products oscillation may occur when a pull-down resistor is used, and falling speed of the power supply voltage (V_{DD}) is slow near the detection voltage.
- When designing for mass production using an application circuit described herein, the product deviation and temperature characteristics should be taken into consideration. SII shall not bear any responsibility for the products on the circuits described herein.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- SII claims no responsibility for any and all disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement of the products including this IC upon patents owned by a third party.

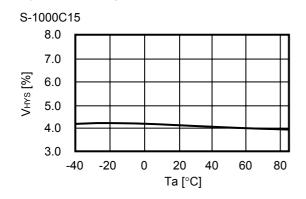
■ Typical Characteristics (Typical Data)

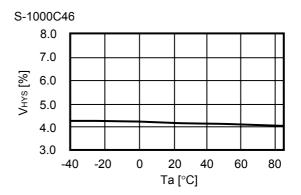
1. Detection voltage (V_{DET}) – temperature (Ta)



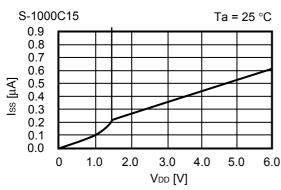


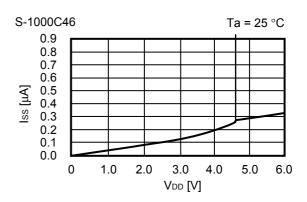
2. Hysteresis voltage width – (V_{HYS}) - temperature (Ta)



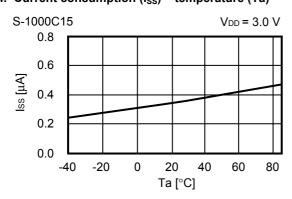


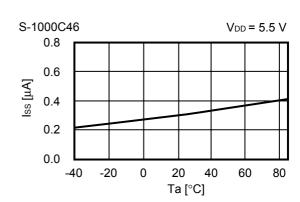
3. Current consumption (I_{SS}) – input voltage (V_{DD})



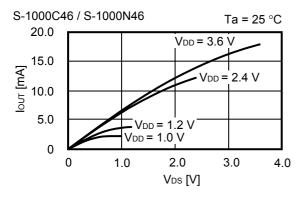


4. Current consumption (I_{SS}) – temperature (Ta)

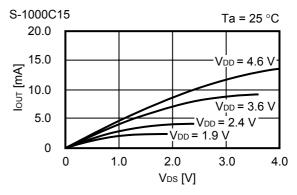




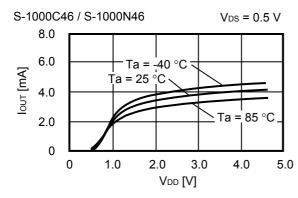
5. Nch transistor output current $(I_{OUT}) - V_{DS}$



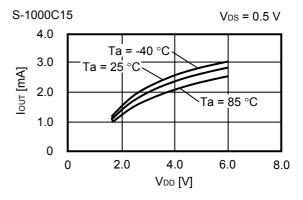
6. Pch transistor output current $(I_{OUT}) - V_{DS}$



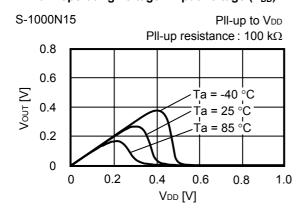
7. Nch transistor output current (I_{OUT})

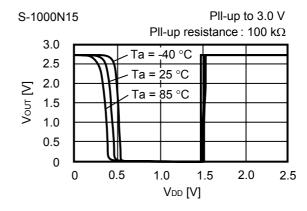


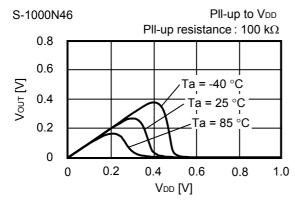
8. Pch transistor output current (I_{OUT})

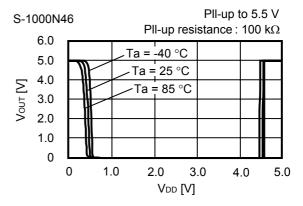


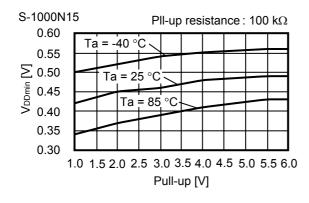
9. Minimum operating voltage - input voltage (V_{DD})

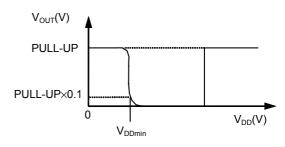






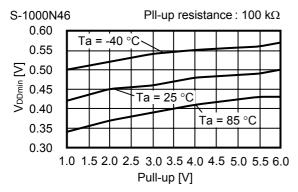




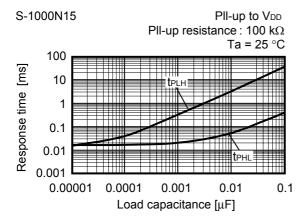


Remark $V_{DDmin.}$ is defined by the V_{DD} voltage at which V_{OUT} goes below 10% of pull-up voltage when the V_{DD} increase from 0 V.

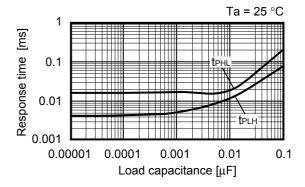
Figure 20

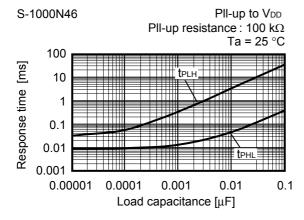


10. Dynamic response - C_{OUT}

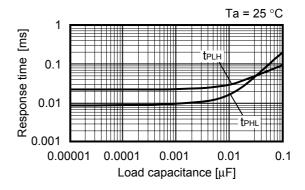








S-1000C46



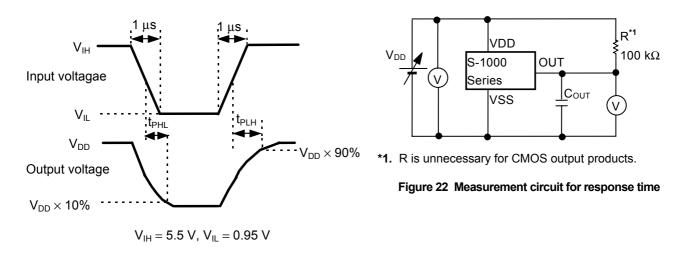


Figure 21 Measurement condition for response time

Caution The above connection diagram and constants do not guarantee correct operation. Perform sufficient evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.

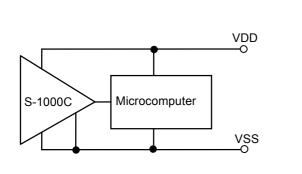
■ Application Circuit Examples

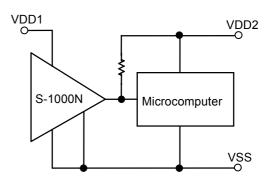
1. Microcomputer reset circuits

If the power supply voltage to a microcomputer falls below the specified level, an unspecified operation may be performed or the contents of the memory register may be lost. When power supply voltage returns to normal, the microcomputer needs to be initialized before normal operations can be done.

Reset circuits protect microcomputers in the event of current being momentarily switched off or lowered.

Reset circuits shown in **Figures 23, 24** can be easily constructed with the help of the S-1000 series, that has low operating voltage, a high-precision detection voltage and hysteresis.





(Only for Nch open-drain products)

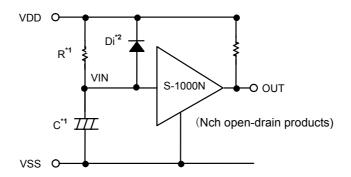
Figure 23 Reset circuit example(S-1000C)

Figure 24 Reset circuit example (S-1000N)

Caution The above connection diagram and constants do not guarantee correct operation. Perform sufficient evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.

2. Power-on reset circuit

A power-on reset circuit can be constructed using Nch open-drain output product of S-1000 Series.



- *1. R should be 75 k Ω or less, and C should be 0.01 μ F or more to prevent oscillation. If C is not connected, R should be 800 Ω or less.
- *2. Diode Di instantaneously discharges the charge stored in the capacitor (C) at the power falling, Di can be removed when the delay of the falling time is not important.

Figure 25



Figure 26

Remark When the power rises sharply as shown in the **Figure 27** left, the output may goes to the high level for an instant in the undefined region where the output voltage is undefined since the power voltage is less than the minimum operation voltage.

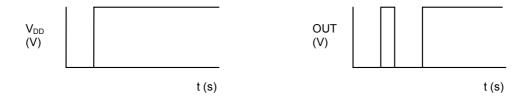


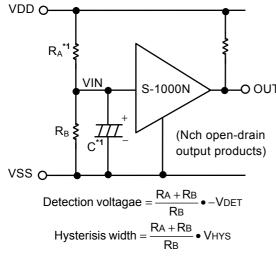
Figure 27

Caution The above connection diagram and constants do not guarantee correct operation. Perform sufficient evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.

3. Change of detection voltage

In Nch open-drain output products of the S-1000 series, detection voltage can be changed using resistance dividers or diodes as shown in **Figures 28 to 29**. In **Figure 28**, hysteresis width also changes.

VDD O



 V_{f1} V_{f2} VINS-1000N
OUT

(Nch open-drain output product)

Detection voltage = $V_{f1}+V_{f2}+(-V_{DET})$

Figure 29

*1. R_A should be 75 k Ω or less, and C should be 0.01 μ F or more to prevent oscillation.

If C is not connected, R_A should be 800 Ω or less.

Caution If R_A and R_B are large, the hysteresis width may aloso be larger than the value given by the above equation due to the through-type current (which flows slightly in an Nch open-drain product).

Figure 28

Caution The above connection diagram and constants do not guarantee correct operation. Perform sufficient evaluation using the actual application to set the constants.

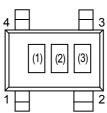
■ Marking Specifications

(1) SC-82AB

SC-82AB Top view

(1) to (3):

Product abbreviation (refer to **List of product names and product abbreviations**)



List of product names and product abbreviations

(a) Nch open-drain output products

| Product Name | Produ | ct Abbre | viation |
|----------------|-------|----------|---------|
| Floddel Name | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000N15-N4T1 | Р | L | Α |
| S-1000N16-N4T1 | Р | L | В |
| S-1000N17-N4T1 | Р | Ш | C |
| S-1000N18-N4T1 | Р | L | D |
| S-1000N19-N4T1 | Р | L | Е |
| S-1000N20-N4T1 | Р | L | F |
| S-1000N21-N4T1 | Р | L | G |
| S-1000N22-N4T1 | Р | L | Н |
| S-1000N23-N4T1 | Р | L | I |
| S-1000N24-N4T1 | Р | L | J |
| S-1000N25-N4T1 | Р | L | K |
| S-1000N26-N4T1 | Р | L | L |
| S-1000N27-N4T1 | Р | L | М |
| S-1000N28-N4T1 | Р | L | Ν |
| S-1000N29-N4T1 | Р | L | 0 |
| S-1000N30-N4T1 | Р | Ĺ | Р |

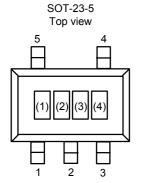
| Product Name | Product Abbreviation | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-----|-----|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000N31-N4T1 | Р | L | Q |
| S-1000N32-N4T1 | Р | L | R |
| S-1000N33-N4T1 | Р | L | S |
| S-1000N34-N4T1 | Р | L | Т |
| S-1000N35-N4T1 | Р | L | U |
| S-1000N36-N4T1 | Р | L | V |
| S-1000N37-N4T1 | Р | L | W |
| S-1000N38-N4T1 | Р | L | Х |
| S-1000N39-N4T1 | Р | L | Υ |
| S-1000N40-N4T1 | Р | L | Z |
| S-1000N41-N4T1 | Р | L | 2 |
| S-1000N42-N4T1 | Р | L | 3 |
| S-1000N43-N4T1 | Р | L | 4 |
| S-1000N44-N4T1 | Р | L | 5 |
| S-1000N45-N4T1 | Р | L | 6 |
| S-1000N46-N4T1 | Р | L | 7 |

(b) CMOS output products

| Product Name | Produ | Product Abbreviation | |
|----------------|-------|----------------------|-----|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000C15-N4T1 | Р | K | Α |
| S-1000C16-N4T1 | Р | K | В |
| S-1000C17-N4T1 | Р | K | С |
| S-1000C18-N4T1 | Р | K | D |
| S-1000C19-N4T1 | Р | K | Е |
| S-1000C20-N4T1 | Р | K | F |
| S-1000C21-N4T1 | Р | K | G |
| S-1000C22-N4T1 | Р | K | Н |
| S-1000C23-N4T1 | Р | K | 1 |
| S-1000C24-N4T1 | Р | K | J |
| S-1000C25-N4T1 | Р | K | K |
| S-1000C26-N4T1 | Р | K | L |
| S-1000C27-N4T1 | Р | K | М |
| S-1000C28-N4T1 | Р | K | Ζ |
| S-1000C29-N4T1 | Р | K | 0 |
| S-1000C30-N4T1 | Р | K | Р |

| Product Name | Produ | Product Abbreviation | |
|----------------|-------|----------------------|-----|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000C31-N4T1 | Р | K | Q |
| S-1000C32-N4T1 | Р | K | R |
| S-1000C33-N4T1 | Р | K | S |
| S-1000C34-N4T1 | Р | K | Т |
| S-1000C35-N4T1 | Р | K | J |
| S-1000C36-N4T1 | Р | K | ٧ |
| S-1000C37-N4T1 | Р | K | W |
| S-1000C38-N4T1 | Р | K | X |
| S-1000C39-N4T1 | Р | K | Υ |
| S-1000C40-N4T1 | Р | K | Z |
| S-1000C41-N4T1 | Р | K | 2 |
| S-1000C42-N4T1 | Р | K | 3 |
| S-1000C43-N4T1 | Р | K | 4 |
| S-1000C44-N4T1 | Р | K | 5 |
| S-1000C45-N4T1 | Р | K | 6 |
| S-1000C46-N4T1 | Р | K | 7 |

(2) SOT-23-5



(1) to (3): Product abbreviation (refer to List of product names and

product abbreviations)

(4) : Lot number

List of product names and product abbreviations

(a) Nch open-drain output products

| Product Name | Product Abbreviation | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-----|-----|
| Floduct Name | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000N15-M5T1 | Р | L | Α |
| S-1000N16-M5T1 | Р | Ш | В |
| S-1000N17-M5T1 | Р | L | С |
| S-1000N18-M5T1 | Р | Ш | D |
| S-1000N19-M5T1 | Р | L | Е |
| S-1000N20-M5T1 | Р | L | F |
| S-1000N21-M5T1 | Р | L | G |
| S-1000N22-M5T1 | Р | L | Η |
| S-1000N23-M5T1 | Р | L | - 1 |
| S-1000N24-M5T1 | Р | L | J |
| S-1000N25-M5T1 | Р | L | K |
| S-1000N26-M5T1 | Р | L | L |
| S-1000N27-M5T1 | Р | L | М |
| S-1000N28-M5T1 | Р | L | N |
| S-1000N29-M5T1 | Р | L | 0 |
| S-1000N30-M5T1 | Р | L | Р |

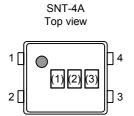
| | Drodu | ct Abbre | viotion |
|----------------|-------|----------|---------|
| Product Name | | | |
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000N31-M5T1 | Р | L | Q |
| S-1000N32-M5T1 | Р | L | R |
| S-1000N33-M5T1 | Р | L | S |
| S-1000N34-M5T1 | Р | L | Т |
| S-1000N35-M5T1 | Р | L | U |
| S-1000N36-M5T1 | Р | L | V |
| S-1000N37-M5T1 | Р | L | W |
| S-1000N38-M5T1 | Р | L | Х |
| S-1000N39-M5T1 | Р | L | Υ |
| S-1000N40-M5T1 | Р | L | Z |
| S-1000N41-M5T1 | Р | L | 2 |
| S-1000N42-M5T1 | Р | L | 3 |
| S-1000N43-M5T1 | Р | L | 4 |
| S-1000N44-M5T1 | Р | L | 5 |
| S-1000N45-M5T1 | Р | L | 6 |
| S-1000N46-M5T1 | Р | L | 7 |

(b) CMOS output products

| Product Name | Product Abbreviation | | viation |
|----------------|----------------------|-----|---------|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000C15-M5T1 | Р | K | Α |
| S-1000C16-M5T1 | Р | K | В |
| S-1000C17-M5T1 | Р | K | С |
| S-1000C18-M5T1 | Р | K | D |
| S-1000C19-M5T1 | Р | K | Е |
| S-1000C20-M5T1 | Р | K | F |
| S-1000C21-M5T1 | Р | K | G |
| S-1000C22-M5T1 | Р | K | Н |
| S-1000C23-M5T1 | Р | K | ı |
| S-1000C24-M5T1 | Р | K | J |
| S-1000C25-M5T1 | Р | K | K |
| S-1000C26-M5T1 | Р | K | L |
| S-1000C27-M5T1 | Р | K | M |
| S-1000C28-M5T1 | Р | K | N |
| S-1000C29-M5T1 | Р | K | 0 |
| S-1000C30-M5T1 | Р | K | Р |

| Product Name | Product Abbreviation | | |
|----------------|----------------------|-----|-----|
| i roduct Name | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000C31-M5T1 | Р | K | Q |
| S-1000C32-M5T1 | Р | K | R |
| S-1000C33-M5T1 | Р | K | S |
| S-1000C34-M5T1 | Р | K | Т |
| S-1000C35-M5T1 | Р | K | J |
| S-1000C36-M5T1 | Р | K | > |
| S-1000C37-M5T1 | Р | K | W |
| S-1000C38-M5T1 | Р | K | Х |
| S-1000C39-M5T1 | Р | K | Υ |
| S-1000C40-M5T1 | Р | K | Z |
| S-1000C41-M5T1 | Р | K | 2 |
| S-1000C42-M5T1 | Р | K | 3 |
| S-1000C43-M5T1 | Р | K | 4 |
| S-1000C44-M5T1 | Р | K | 5 |
| S-1000C45-M5T1 | Р | K | 6 |
| S-1000C46-M5T1 | Р | K | 7 |

(3) SNT-4A



(1) to (3):

Product abbreviation (refer to **List of product names and product abbreviations**)

List of product names and product abbreviations

(a) Nch open-drain output products

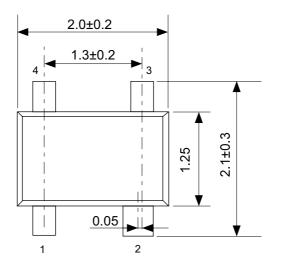
| (a) Non open-drain output products | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----|---------|
| Product Name | Product Abbreviation | | viation |
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000N15-I4T1G | Р | L | Α |
| S-1000N16-I4T1G | Р | L | В |
| S-1000N17-I4T1G | Р | L | С |
| S-1000N18-I4T1G | Р | L | D |
| S-1000N19-I4T1G | Р | L | Е |
| S-1000N20-I4T1G | Р | L | F |
| S-1000N21-I4T1G | Р | L | G |
| S-1000N22-I4T1G | Р | L | Н |
| S-1000N23-I4T1G | Р | L | I |
| S-1000N24-I4T1G | Р | L | J |
| S-1000N25-I4T1G | Р | L | K |
| S-1000N26-I4T1G | Р | L | L |
| S-1000N27-I4T1G | Р | L | М |
| S-1000N28-I4T1G | Р | L | N |
| S-1000N29-I4T1G | Р | L | 0 |
| S-1000N30-I4T1G | Р | L | Р |

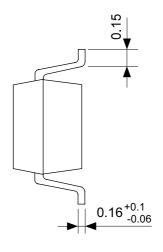
| Product Name | Product Abbreviation | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----|-----|
| 1 Toddet Name | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000N31-I4T1G | Р | L | Q |
| S-1000N32-I4T1G | Р | L | R |
| S-1000N33-I4T1G | Р | L | S |
| S-1000N34-I4T1G | Р | Ц | Т |
| S-1000N35-I4T1G | Р | L | C |
| S-1000N36-I4T1G | Р | L | V |
| S-1000N37-I4T1G | Р | L | W |
| S-1000N38-I4T1G | Р | L | Χ |
| S-1000N39-I4T1G | Р | L | Υ |
| S-1000N40-I4T1G | Р | L | Z |
| S-1000N41-I4T1G | Р | L | 2 |
| S-1000N42-I4T1G | Р | L | 3 |
| S-1000N43-I4T1G | Р | L | 4 |
| S-1000N44-I4T1G | Р | L | 5 |
| S-1000N45-I4T1G | Р | L | 6 |
| S-1000N46-I4T1G | Р | L | 7 |

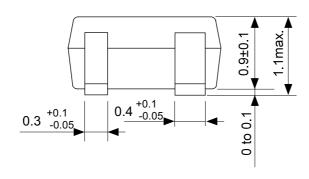
(b) CMOS output products

| Product Name | Product Abbreviation | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----|-----|
| 1 Todact Name | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000C15-I4T1G | Р | K | Α |
| S-1000C16-I4T1G | Р | K | В |
| S-1000C17-I4T1G | Р | K | С |
| S-1000C18-I4T1G | Р | K | D |
| S-1000C19-I4T1G | Р | K | Е |
| S-1000C20-I4T1G | Р | K | F |
| S-1000C21-I4T1G | Р | K | G |
| S-1000C22-I4T1G | Р | K | Н |
| S-1000C23-I4T1G | Р | K | 1 |
| S-1000C24-I4T1G | Р | K | J |
| S-1000C25-I4T1G | Р | K | K |
| S-1000C26-I4T1G | Р | K | L |
| S-1000C27-I4T1G | Р | K | М |
| S-1000C28-I4T1G | Р | K | N |
| S-1000C29-I4T1G | Р | K | 0 |
| S-1000C30-I4T1G | Р | K | Р |

| | Product Abbreviation | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----|-----|
| Product Name | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| S-1000C31-I4T1G | Р | K | Q |
| S-1000C32-I4T1G | Р | K | R |
| S-1000C33-I4T1G | Р | K | S |
| S-1000C34-I4T1G | Р | K | Т |
| S-1000C35-I4T1G | Р | K | U |
| S-1000C36-I4T1G | Р | K | V |
| S-1000C37-I4T1G | Р | K | W |
| S-1000C38-I4T1G | Р | K | Х |
| S-1000C39-I4T1G | Р | K | Υ |
| S-1000C40-I4T1G | Р | K | Z |
| S-1000C41-I4T1G | Р | K | 2 |
| S-1000C42-I4T1G | Р | K | 3 |
| S-1000C43-I4T1G | Р | K | 4 |
| S-1000C44-I4T1G | Р | K | 5 |
| S-1000C45-I4T1G | Р | K | 6 |
| S-1000C46-I4T1G | Р | K | 7 |

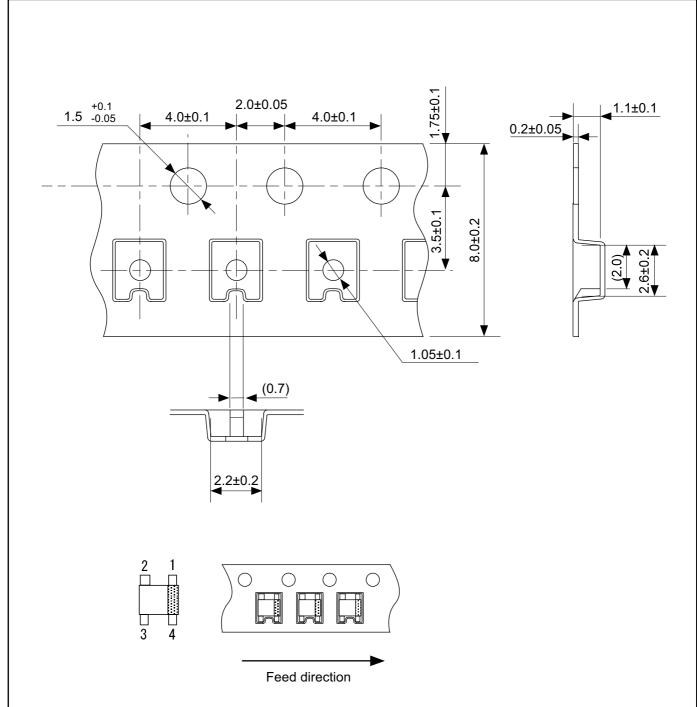






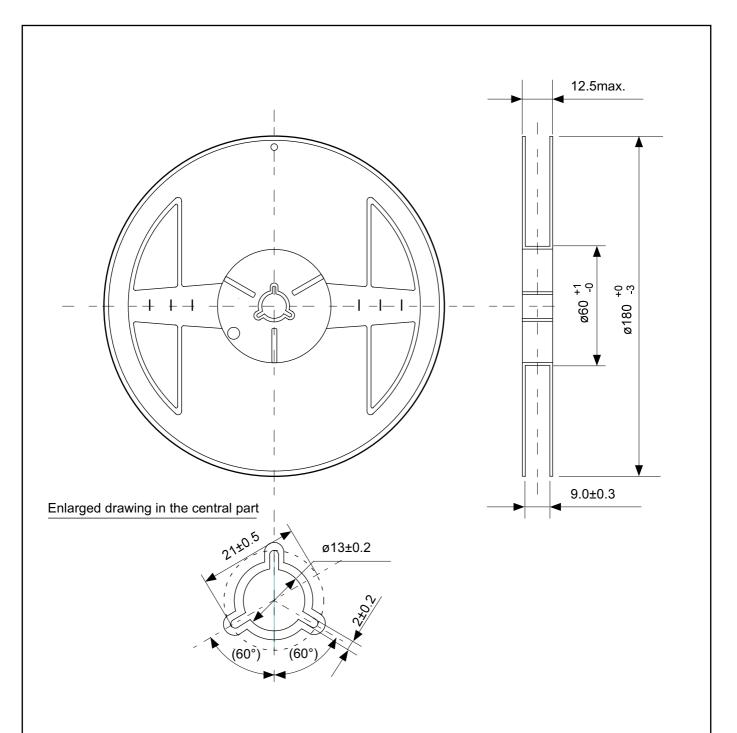
No. NP004-A-P-SD-1.1

| TITLE | SC82AB-A-PKG Dimensions | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| No. | NP004-A-P-SD-1.1 | |
| SCALE | | |
| UNIT | mm | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | |



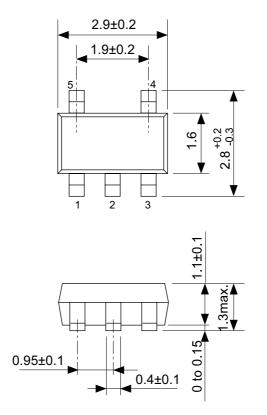
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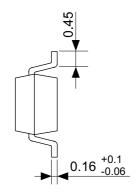
| TITLE | SC82AB-A-Carrier Tape | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| No. | NP004-A-C-SD-2.1 | |
| SCALE | | |
| UNIT | mm | |
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| | | |
| | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | |



No. NP004-A-R-SD-1.1

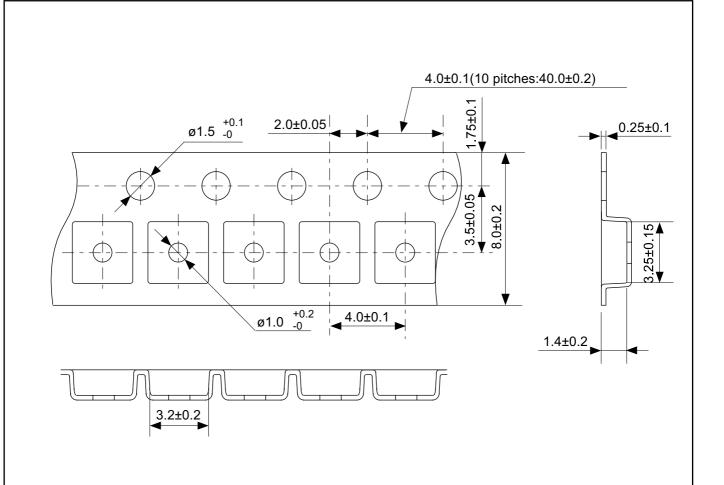
| TITLE | SC82AB-A-Reel | | |
|------------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| No. | NP004-A-R-SD-1.1 | | |
| SCALE | | QTY. | 3,000 |
| UNIT | mm | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | | |

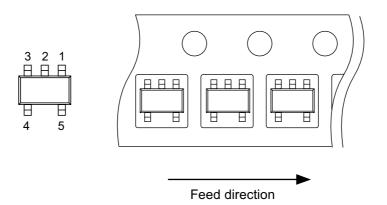




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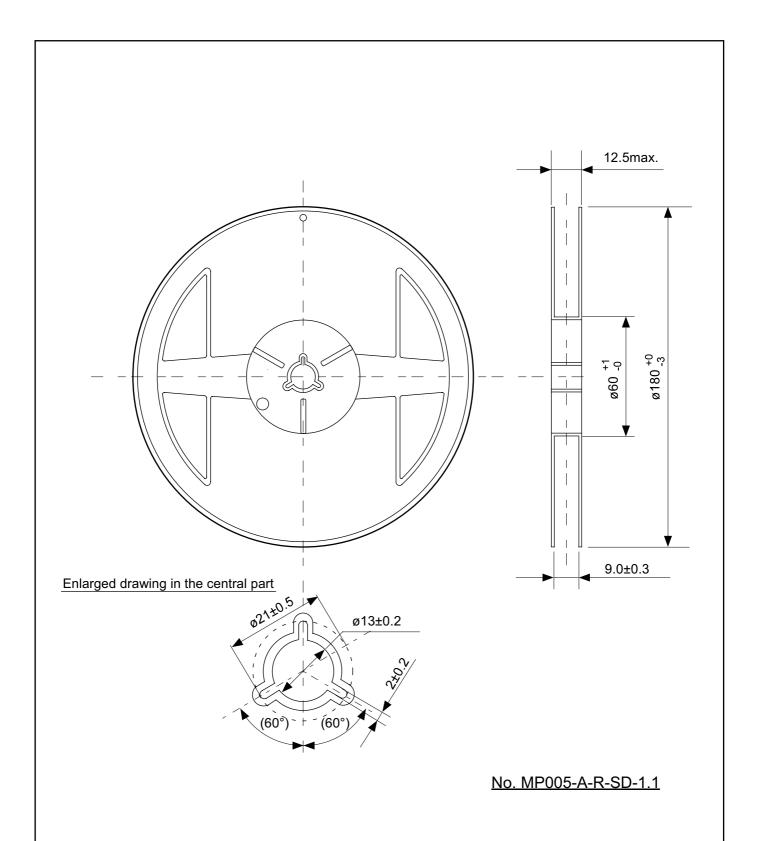
| TITLE | SOT235-A-PKG Dimensions | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| No. | MP005-A-P-SD-1.2 | | |
| SCALE | | | |
| UNIT | mm | | |
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| | | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | | |



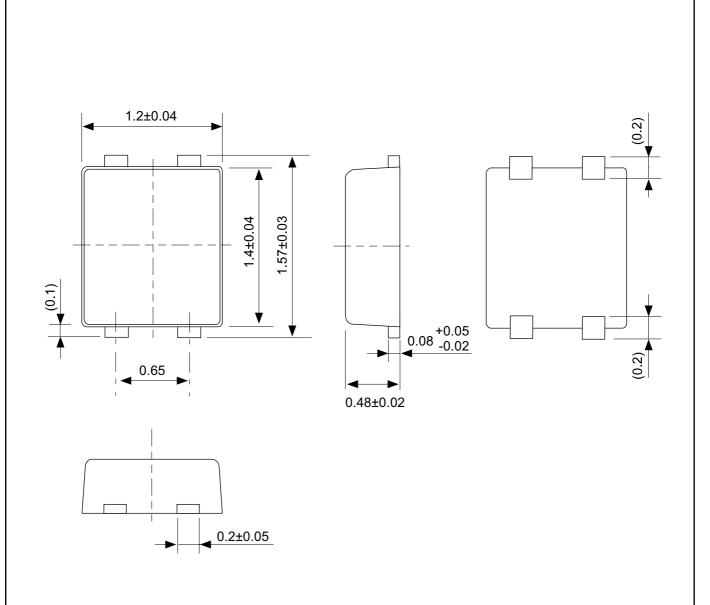


No. MP005-A-C-SD-2.1

| TITLE | SOT235-A-Carrier Tape | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| No. | MP005-A-C-SD-2.1 | | |
| SCALE | | | |
| UNIT | mm | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | | |

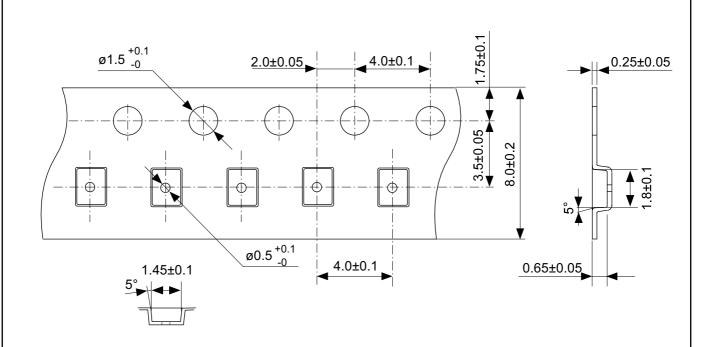


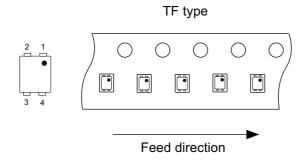
| TITLE | SOT235-A-Reel | | |
|------------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| No. | MP005-A-R-SD-1.1 | | |
| SCALE | | QTY. | 3,000 |
| UNIT | mm | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | | |



No. PF004-A-P-SD-3.0

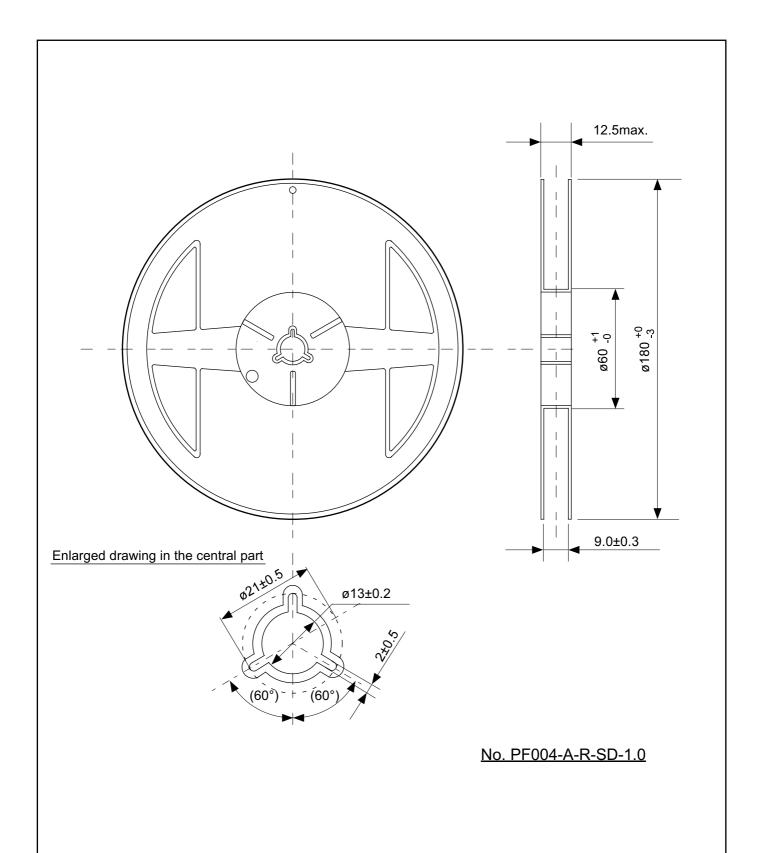
| TITLE | SNT-4A-A-PKG Dimensions | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| No. | PF004-A-P-SD-3.0 | |
| SCALE | | |
| UNIT | mm | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | |





No. PF004-A-C-SD-1.0

| TITLE | SNT-4A-A-Carrier Tape | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| No. | PF004-A-C-SD-1.0 | | |
| SCALE | | | |
| UNIT | mm | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | | |



| TITLE | SNT-4A-A-Reel | | |
|------------------------|------------------|------|-------|
| No. | PF004-A-R-SD-1.0 | | |
| SCALE | | QTY. | 5,000 |
| UNIT | mm | | |
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| Coike Instruments Inc | | | |
| Seiko Instruments Inc. | | | |

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