

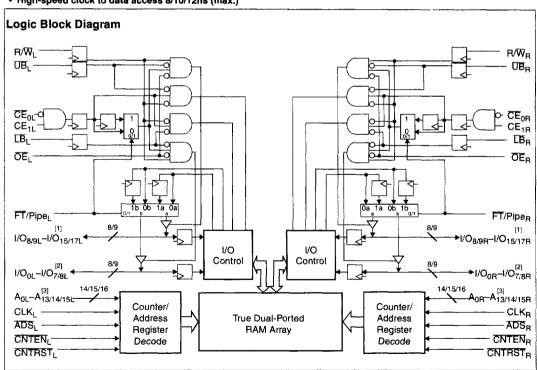
CY7C09269/79/89 CY7C09369/79/89

16K/32K/64K x16/18 Synchronous Dual Port Static RAM

Features

- · True Dual-Ported memory cells which allow simultaneous access of the same memory location
- · 6 Flow-Through/Pipelined devices
 - 16K x 16/18 organization (CY7C09269/369)
 - -32K x 16/18 organization (CY7C09279/379)
 - -64K x 16/18 organization (CY7C09289/389)
- 3 Modes
 - Flow-Through
 - --- Pipelined
 - Ruret
- Pipelined output mode on both ports allows fast 100 MHz cycle time
- 0.35-micron CMOS for optimum speed/power
- High-speed clock to data access 8/10/12ns (max.)

- . Low operating power
 - -Active= 200 mA (typical)
 - --- Standby= 0.05 mA (typical)
- · Fully Synchronous interface for easier operation
- · Burst counters increment addresses internally
 - -Shorten cycle times
 - Minimize bus noise
 - Supported in Flow-Through and Pipelined modes
- · Dual Chip Enables for Easy Depth Expansion
- . Upper and Lower Byte Controls for Bus Matching
- · Automatic power-down
- Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges
- Available in 100-pin TQFP
- · Pin-compatible and functionally equivalent to IDT709269, IDT70927, and IDT709279



- $\begin{array}{lll} 1. & |IO_8-I/O_{15}$ \ for x16 \ devices; \ |IO_9-I/O_{17}$ \ for x18 \ devices. \\ 2. & |I/O_0-I/O_7$ \ for x16 \ devices. \ |I/O_0-I/O_8$ \ for x18 \ devices. \\ 3. & A_0-A_{13}$ \ for 16K; \ A_0-A_{14}$ \ for 32K; \ A_0-A_{15}$ \ for 64K \ devices. \\ \end{array}$



Functional Description

The CY7C09269/79/89 and CY7C09369/79/89 are high speed synchronous CMOS 16K, 32K, and 64K x 16/18 dual-port static RAMs. Two ports are provided permitting independent, simultaneous access for reads and writes to any location in memory. [4] Registers on control, address and data lines allow for minimal setup and hold times. In pipelined output mode, data is registered for decreased cycle time. Clock to data valid t_{CD2} =8 ns (pipelined). Flow-through mode can also be used to bypass the pipelined output register to eliminate access latency. In flow-through mode data will be available t_{CD1} = 12 ns after the address is clocked into the device. Pipelined output or flow-through mode is selected via the FT/Pipe pin.

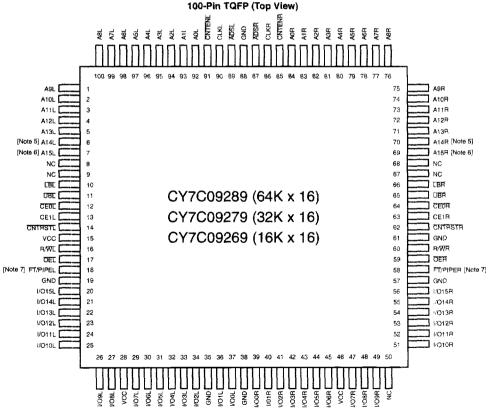
Each port contains a burst counter on the input address register. The internal write pulse width is independent of the LOW to HIGH transition of the clock signal. The internal write pulse is self-timed to allow the shortest possible cycle times.

A HIGH on $\overline{\text{CE}}_0$ or LOW on CE_1 for one clock cycle will power down the internal circuitry to reduce the static power consumption. The use of multiple Chip Enables allows easier banking of multiple chips for depth expansion configurations. In the pipelined mode, one cycle is required with CEn LOW and CE1 HIGH to reactivate the outputs.

Counter enable inputs are provided to stall the operation of the address input and utilize the internal address generated by the internal counter for fast interleaved memory applications. A port's burst counter is loaded with the port's address strobe (ADS). When the port's count enable (CNTEN) is asserted, the address counter will increment on each LOW to HIGH transition of that port's clock signal. This will read/write one word from/into each successive address location until CNTEN is deasserted. The counter can address the entire memory array and will loop back to the start. Counter reset (CNTRST) is used to reset the burst counter.

All parts are available in 100-pin Thin Quad Plastic Flatpack (TQFP).

Pin Configurations



Notes

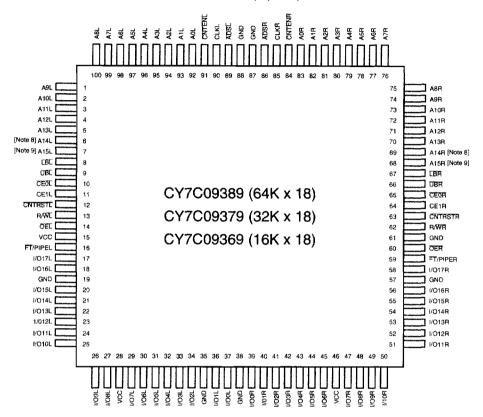
- When writing simultaneously to the same location, the final value cannot
- be guaranteed.
 This pin is NC for CY7C09269.
 This pin is NC for CY7C09269 and CY7C09279.

For CY7C09269 and CY7C09279, pin #18 connected to V_{CC} is equivalent to an IDT x16 pipelined device; connecting pin #18 and #58 to GND is equivalent to an IDT x16 flow-through device.



Pin Configurations

100-Pin TQFP (Top View)



Selection Guide

	CY7C09269/79/89 CY7C09369/79/89 -8	CY7C09269/79/89 CY7C09369/79/89 -10	CY7C09269/79/89 CY7C09369/79/89 -12
f _{MAX2} (MHz) (Pipelined)	100	67	50
Max Access Time (ns) (Clock to data, Pipelined)	8	10	12
Typical Operating Current I _{CC} (mA)	250	220	200
Typical Standby Current for I _{SB1} (mA) (Both ports TTL Level)	45	35	30
Typical Standby Current for I _{SB3} (mA) (Both ports CMOS level)	0.05	0.05	0.05

Notes

This pin is NC for CY7C090369.
 This pin is NC for CY7C090369 and CY7C090379.





Pin Definitions

Left Port	Right Port	Description
A _{OL} -A _{15L}	A _{0R} -A _{15R}	Address Inputs.(A ₀ -A ₁₄ for 32K, A ₀ -A ₁₃ for 16K devices)
ADSL	ADS _R	Address Strobe input. Used as an address qualifier. This signal should be asserted low during normal read or write transactions. Asserting this signal low also loads the burst address counter with data present on the I/O pins.
CEOL,CE1L	CE _{OR} ,CE _{1R}	Chip Enable Input. To select either the left or right port, both \overline{CE}_0 AND \overline{CE}_1 must be asserted to their active states ($\overline{CE}_0 \le V_{IL}$ and $\overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{IH}$)
CLKL	CLKR	Clock Signal. This input can be free running or strobed. Maximum clock input rate is f _{MAX} .
CNTENL	CNTENR	Counter Enable Input. Asserting this signal low increments the burst address counter of its respective port on each rising edge of CLK. CNTEN is disabled if ADS or CNTRST are asserted low.
CNTRSTL	CNTRSTR	Counter Reset Input. Asserting this signal low resets the burst address counter of its respective port to zero. CNTRST is not disabled by asserting ADS or CNTEN.
1/O _{0L} -1/O _{17L}	I/O _{0R} -I/O _{17R}	Data Bus Input/Output. (I/O ₀ -I/O ₁₅ for x16 devices)
LB _L	LB _R	Lower Byte Select Input. Asserting this signal low enables read and write operations to the lower byte. (I/ O_0 –I/ O_8 for x18, I/ O_0 –I/ O_7 for x16) of the memory array. For read operations both the LB and \overline{OE} signals must be asserted to drive output data on the lower byte of the data pins.
UBL	UBA	Upper Byte Select Input. Same function as LB, but to the upper byte (I/O _{8/9L} -I/O _{15/17L})
OEL	OER	Output Enable Input. This signal must be asserted low to enable the I/O data pins during read operations.
R/W _L	R/W _R	Read/Write Enable Input. This signal is asserted low to write to the dual port memory array. For read operations, assert this pin high.
FT/PIPE _L	FT/PIPE _R	Flow-Through/Pipelined Select Input. For flow-through mode operation, assert this pin low. For pipelined mode operation, assert this pin high.
GND	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ground Input.
NC		No Connect.
V _{CC}		Power Input.

Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.) Storage Temperature -65°C to + 150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied .-55°C to + 125°C Supply Voltage to Ground Potential -0.3V to + 7.0V DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State -0.5V to + 7.0V DC Input Voltage......-0.5V to + 7.0V

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	>2001V
Latch-Up Current	>200mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	Vcc
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	5V ± 10%
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	5V ± 10%



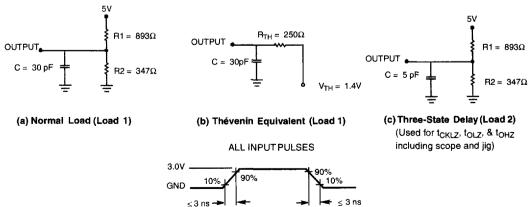
Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

			CY7C09269/79/89 CY7C09369/79/89									
			-8 -10					-12		1		
Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (V _{CC} = I _{OH} =-4.0mA)	Output HIGH Voltage (V _{CC} =Min, I _{OH} =-4.0mA)				2.4			2.4			٧
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (V _{CC} =Min, I _{OH} = +4.0mA)				0.4			0.4	-		0.4	٧
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.2			2.2]		2.2			٧
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage				0.8		1	0.8			0.8	٧
loz	Output Leakage Current		-10		10	-10	1	10	-10		10	μА
Icc	Operating Current	Com'l.		250	450		220	385		200	350	mA
	(V _{CC} =Max, I _{OUT} =0mA) Outputs Disabled	Indust.					245	410		225	375	mA
I _{SB1}	Standby Current (Both Ports TTL Level)[10] CEL &	Com'l.		45	115		35	100		30	85	mA
	Ports TTL Level) ^[10] CE _L & CE _R ≥ V _{IH} , f=f _{MAX}	Indust.			,		50	115		45	100	mA
I _{SB2}	Standby Current (One Port	Com'l.		175	225		145	195		125	175	mA
	TTL Level) ^[10] CE _L I CE _R ≥ V _{IH} , f=f _{MAX}	Indust.			•	1	160	210		140	190	mA
l _{SB3}	Standby Current (Both Ports CMOS Level) ^[10] CE _L	Com'l.		0.05	0.25		0.05	0.25		0.05	0.25	mA
	& CE _R ≥ V _{CC} -0.2V, f=0	Indust.					0.05	0.25		0.05	0.25	mA
I _{SB4} Standby Cur	Standby Current (One Port CMOS Level)[10] CE _L I CE _R	Com'l.		160	200		130	170		110	150	mA
	CMOS Level) CEL CER	Indust.					145	185		125	165	mA

Capacitance

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
CIN	Input Capacitance	T _A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz,	10	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	V _{CC} = 5.0V	10	ρF

AC Test Loads



Note:

10. CE_L and CE_R are internal signals. To select either the left or right port, both CE₀ AND CE₁ must be asserted to their active states (CE₀ ≤ V_{IL} and CE₁ ≥ V_{IH}).

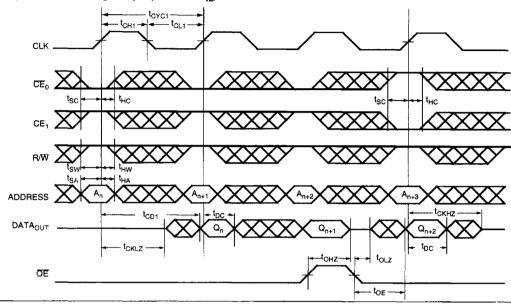
PRELIMINARY

Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range

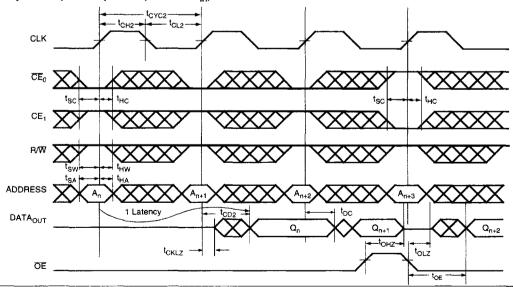
					269/79/89 369/79/89			
			8	-10		-12		1
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
f _{MAX1}	F _{Max} Flow-Through		67		50		33	MHz
f _{MAX2}	F _{Max} Pipelined		100		67		50	MHz
t _{CYC1}	Clock Cycle Time - Flow-Through	15		20		30		ns
t _{CYC2}	Clock Cycle Time - Pipelined	10	_	15		20		ns
t _{CH1}	Clock High Time - Flow-Through	6.5		9		12	1	ns
t _{CL1}	Clock Low Time - Flow-Through	6.5		9		12		ns
t _{CH2}	Clock High Time - Pipelined	4		6.5		8		ns
t _{CL2}	Clock Low Time - Pipelined	4		6.5		8		ns
t _B	Clock Rise Time		3		3		3	ns
t _F	Clock Fall Time		3		3		3	ns
tsa	Address Set-up Time	3		3.5		4		ns
t _{HA}	Address Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
tsc	Chip Enable Set-up Time	3		3.5	-	4		ns
t _{HC}	Chip Enable Hold Time	0		0		Ō		ns
†sw	R/W Set-up Time	3	 	3.5		4		ns
t _{HW}	R/W Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
t _{SD}	Input Data Set-up Time	3		3.5	 	4		ns
tHD	Input Data Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
t _{SAD}	ADS Set-up Time	3		3.5		4		ns
t _{HAD}	ADS Hold Time	0		0		0	1	ns
tscn	CNTEN Set-up Time	3		3.5		4		ns
tHCN	CNTEN Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
tsast	CNTRST Set-up Time	3	1	3.5		4		ns
tHRST	CNTRST Hold Time	0	<u> </u>	0		0		ns
toE	Output Enable to Data Valid	1	8		10		12	ns
toLZ	OE to Low Z	2		2		2		ns
tonz	OE to High Z	1	7	1	7	1	7	ns
t _{CD1}	Clock to Data Valid - Flow-Through	1	12		17		25	ns
t _{CD2}	Clock to Data Valid - Pipelined	1	8		10		12	ns
tpc	Data Output Hold After Clock High	2	1	2	 	2		ns
tckHz	Clock High to Output High Z	2	9	2	9	2	9	ns
t _{CKLZ}	Clock High to Output Low Z	2	1	2		2		ns
Port to Po				1				
tcwdd	Write Port Clock High to Read Data Delay		25	Ţ	35	T	40	ns
tocs	Clock to Clock Set-up Time	 	9	-	12		15	ns

Switching Waveforms

Read Cycle for Flow-Through Output (FT/PIPE = V_{IL})[11,12,13,14]



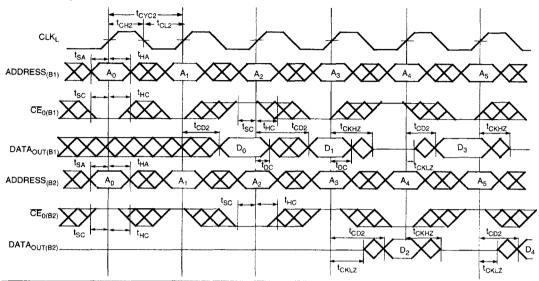
Read Cycle for Pipelined Operation (FT/PIPE = V_{IH})[11,12.13,14]



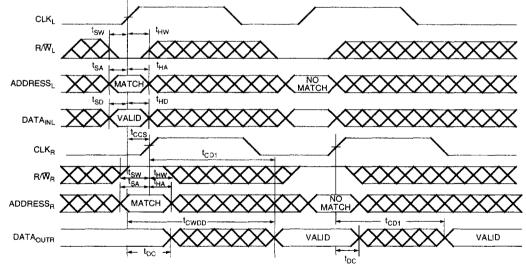
- OE is asynchronously controlled; all other inputs are synchronous to the rising clock edge.
 ADS = V_{IL}. CMTEN and CMTRST = V_{IH}.
 The output is disabled (high-impedance state) by CE₀=V_{IH} or CE₁ = V_{IL} following the next rising edge of the clock.
 Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{IL} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK. Numbers are for reference only.



Switching Waveforms (continued) Bank Select Pipelined Read^[15,16]



Left Port Write to Flow-Through Right Port Read^[17,18,19,20]



- Notes:

 15. In this depth expansion example, B1 represents Bank #1 and B2 is Bank #2; Each Bank consists of one Cypress dual-port device from this datasheet. AD-DRESS_(B1) = ADDRESS_(B2).

 16. UB, LB, OE and ADS = V_{IL}: CE₁(B1), CE₁(B2), R/W, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.

 17. The same waveforms apply for a right port write to flow-through left port read.

 18. CE_D. UB, LB, and ADS = V_{IL}: CE₁, CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.

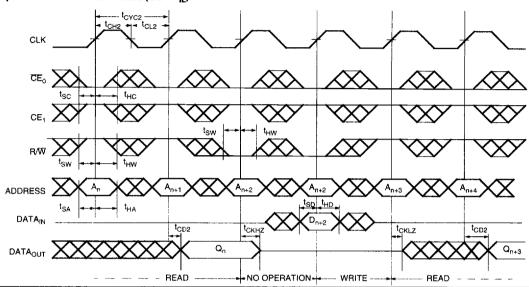
 19. OE = V_{IL} for the Right Port, which is being read from. OE = V_{IH} for the Left Port, which is being written to.

- It toos a maximum specified, then data from right port READ is not valid until the maximum specified for toward. If toos maximum specified, then data is not valid until t_{CCS} + t_{CD1}, t_{CWDD} does not apply in this case.

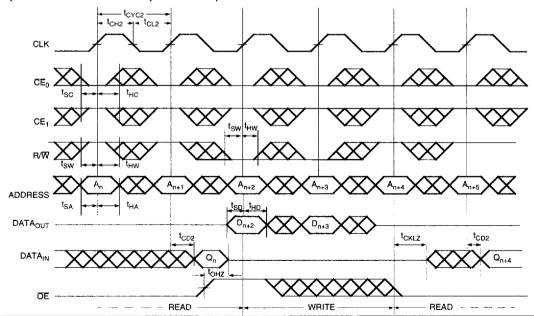


Switching Waveforms (continued)

Pipelined Read-to-Write-to-Read ($\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$)[21.22.23,24]



Pipelined Read-to-Write-to-Read (OE Controlled)[21,22,23,24]

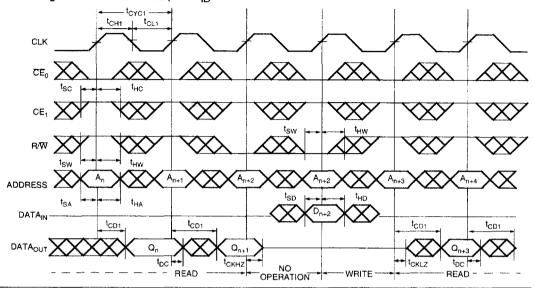


- Output state (HIGH, LOW, or High-Impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.
 CE₇ and ADS = V_{II}; CE₇. CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.
 Addressed do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{II} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK; numbers are for reference only.
 During "No operation." data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.

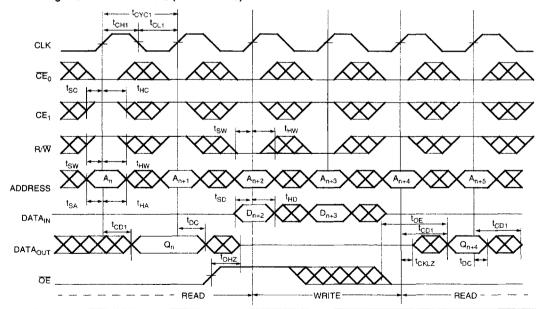


Switching Waveforms (continued)

Flow-Through Read-to-Write-to-Read ($\overline{OE} = V_{II}$)[12,25,26,27,28]



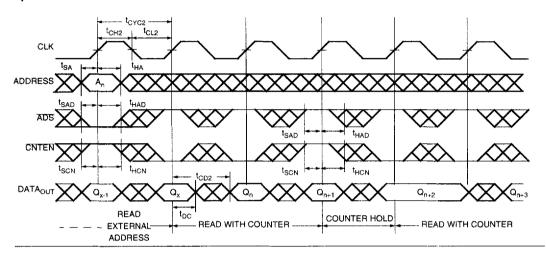
Flow-Through Read-to-Write-to-Read ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ Controlled) [12,25,26,27,28]



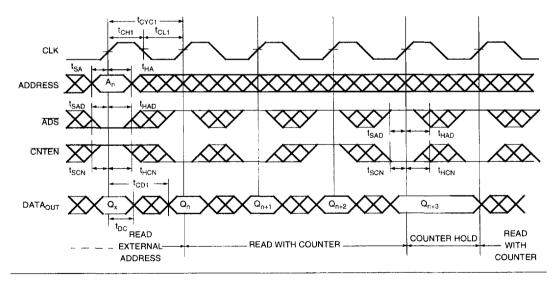
- Output state (HIGH. LOW. or High-Impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.
 CE₂ and ADS = V_{IL}: CE₃. CNTEN, and CNTRST = V_{IH}.
 Addresses do not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{IL} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK; numbers are for reference only.
 During "No operation". data in memory at the selected address may be corrupted and should be re-written to ensure data integrity.



Switching Waveforms (continued) Pipelined Read with Address Counter Advance^[29]



Flow-Through Read with Address Counter Advance^[29]



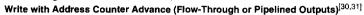
Note:

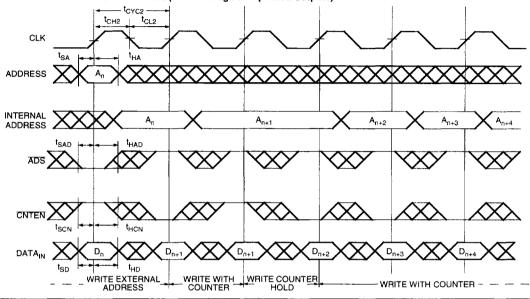
29. \overline{CE}_0 and $\overline{OE} = V_{iL}$; \overline{CE}_1 , R/\overline{W} and $\overline{CNTRST} = V_{iH}$.





Switching Waveforms (continued)





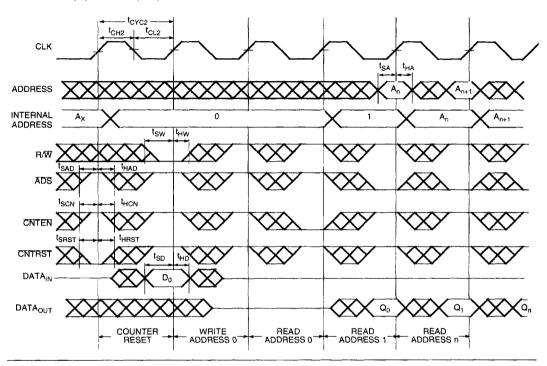
Notes:

30. CE_o, UB, LB, and R/W = V_{IL}; CE₁ and CNTRST = V_{IH}.

31. The "Internal Address" is equal to the "External Address" when ADS = V_{IL} and equals the counter output when ADS = V_{IH}.



Switching Waveforms (continued) Counter Reset (Pipelined Outputs)[32,33,34,35]



Notes:

CE₀, UB, and LB = V_{IL}: CE; = V_{IH}.
 Addresses to not have to be accessed sequentially since ADS = V_{IL} constantly loads the address on the rising edge of the CLK; numbers are for reference only.
 Output state (HIGH, LCW, High-Impedance) is determined by the previous cycle control signals.
 No dead cycle exists during counter reset. A READ or WRITE cycle may be coincidental with the counter reset.



Read/Write and Enable Operation[36,37,38]

		Inputs			Outputs	
OE	CLK	CEo	CE ₁	R/W	I/O ₀ -VO ₁₇	Operation
Х		Н	Х	х	High-Z	Deselected ^[39]
Х		Х	L	х	High-Z	Deselected ^[39]
Х		L	Н	L	D _{IN}	Write
L		L	Н	Н	D _{OUT}	Read ^[39]
Н	Х	L	Н	х	High-Z	Outputs Disabled

Address Counter Control Operation[36,40,41,42]

Address	Previous Address	CLK	ADS	CNTEN	CNTRST	1/0	Mode	Operation
Х	х		х	Х	L	D _{out(0)}	Reset	Counter Reset to Address 0
An	х		L	Х	Н	D _{out(n)}	Load	Address Load into Counter
Х	An		Н	Н	Н	D _{out(n)}	Hold	External Address Blocked—Counter Disabled
Х	An		Н	L	н	D _{out(n+1)}	Increment	Counter Enabled—Internal Address Generation

- Notes:
 "X" = Don't Care, "H" = V_{|H}, "L" = V_{|L}.
 ADS, CNTEN, CNTRST = Don't Care.
 OE is an asynchronous input signal.
 When CE changes state in the pipelined mode, deselection and read happen in the following clock cycle.
 CE₀ and OE = V_{|L}: CE₁ and R/W = V_{|H}.
 Data shown for Flow-through mode; pipelined mode output will be delayed by one cycle.
 Counter operation is independent of CE₀ and CE₁.



Ordering Information

16K x16 Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
8	CY7C09269-8AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
10	CY7C09269-10AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09269-10AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial
12	CY7C09269-12AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09269-12AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial

PRELIMINARY

32K x16 Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
8	CY7C09279-8AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
10	CY7C09279-10AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09279-10AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial
12	CY7C09279-12AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09279-12AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial

64K x16 Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
8	CY7C09289-8AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
10	CY7C09289-10AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09289-10AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial
12	CY7C09289-12AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09289-12AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial

16K x18 Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
8	CY7C09369-8AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
10	CY7C09369-10AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09369-10AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial
12	CY7C09369-12AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09369-12AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial

32K x18 Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
8	CY7C09379-8AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
10	CY7C09379-10AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09379-10AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial
12	CY7C09379-12AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09379-12AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial



PRELIMINARY

64K x18 Synchronous Dual-Port SRAM

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
8	CY7C09389-8AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
10	CY7C09389-10AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09389-10AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial
12	CY7C09389-12AC	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Commercial
	CY7C09389-12AI	A100	100-Pin Thin Quad Flat Pack	Industrial

Document #: 38-00664