

## ML63S Series DC-DC Converter

### ❖ Application

- ◆ Power Source of Portable Products
- ◆ Palmtops
- ◆ Portable Cameras and Video Recorders
- ◆ Wireless mouse and keyboard

### ❖ Ordering Information

ML63S xxxxxx  
 ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑  
 a b c d e

Designator	Description
a	Version
b	<b>Output Voltage</b> eg. 30=3.0V 33=3.3V 50=5.0V
c	<b>Package Type</b> P = SOT-89 M = SOT-23 T = TO-92
d	<b>Device Orientation</b> R = Embossed Tape (Orientation of Device : Right) L = Embossed Tape (Orientation of Device : Left) B = Bag (TO-92)
e	G = Lead Free Part

### ❖ Features

- Small number of external components: inductor, diode and capacitor.
- Ultra low input current : Typical 7 uA
- Output Voltage Accuracy : +/- 2.5 %
- Low ripple and noise
- Low startup voltage : Max 0.9V (with 1mA input)
- High Efficiency: Typical 85%
- Package Available:  
SOT-89 (500mW), SOT-23 (150mW) & TO-92 (300mW)

### ❖ General Description

The ML63S is a group of PFM Step-up DC/DC converter IC with low supply current by CMOS process.

It consists of an oscillator, a PFM control circuit, a Lx switch driver transistor, a reference voltage unit, an error amplifier for voltage detection and a Lx switch protection circuit. It is suitable for use with battery-powered instruments with low noise and low supply current.

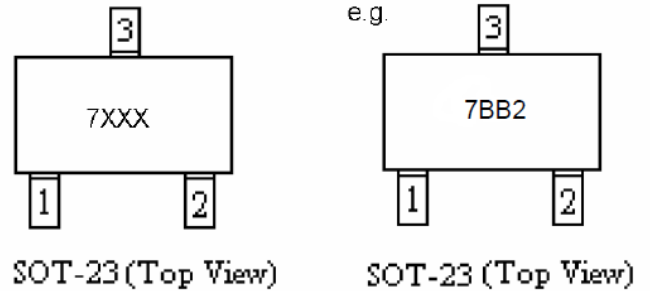
ML63S Version	Package Designator	Package	Switching Transistor	CE Function	VDD Pin	FB Pin	Features
ML63SA	M	SOT23-3	Build-in Transistor	No	No	No	Lx
	P	SOT89-3					
	T	TO-92					
ML63SB	M	SOT23-3	External Transistor	No	No	No	Ext
	P	SOT89-3					
	T	TO-92					
ML63SC	M	SOT23-5	Build-in Transistor	Yes	No	No	Lx+CE
	P	SOT89-5					
ML63SD	M	SOT23-5	External Transistor	Yes	No	No	Ext+CE
	P	SOT89-5					
ML63SE	M	SOT23-5	Build-in Transistor	No	Yes	No	Lx+VDD
	P	SOT89-5					
ML63SF	M	SOT23-5	Build-in Transistor	No	Yes	Yes	FB
	P	SOT89-5					

**❖ Marking**
**SOT23:**
**ML63SA Series**

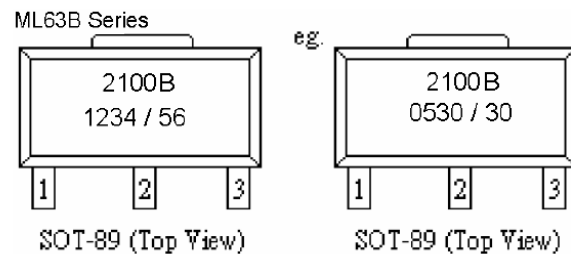
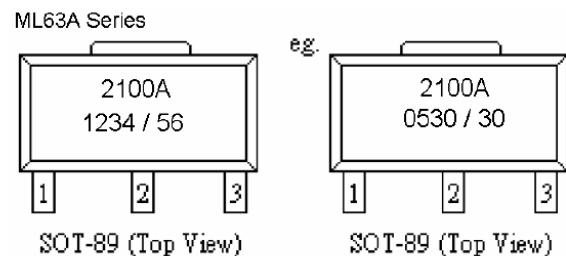
Part No.	Marking	Description
ML63SA30MRG	7BXX	XX = Production Date Code e.g. B2
ML63SA33MRG	77XX	
ML63SA36MRG	74XX	
ML63SA45MRG	7KXX	
ML63SA50MRG	70XX	

**ML63SC Series**

Part No.	Marking	Description
ML63SC30MRG	7EXX	XX = Production Date Code e.g. B2
ML63SC33MRG	7AXX	
ML63SC36MRG	7HXX	
ML63SC45MRG	7SXX	
ML63SC50MRG	73XX	

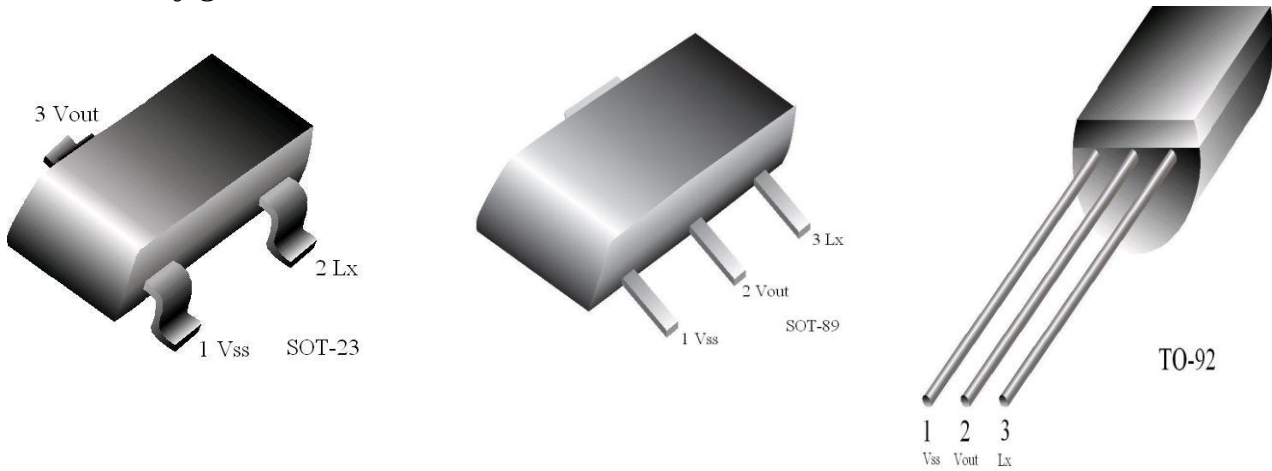

**SOT89:**
**ML63SA and ML63SB Series**

Designator	Description
1,2	Year Code e.g. 05 = Year 2005
3,4	Week Code e.g. 30 = Week 30
5,6	Output Voltage e.g. 30 = 3.0V



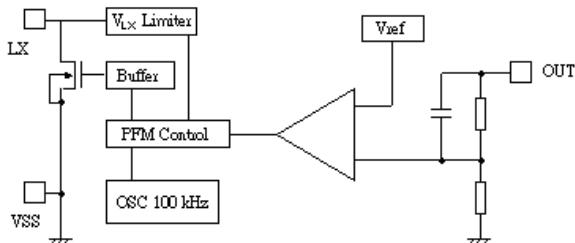
❖ **ML63SA**

◆ **Pin Configuration**

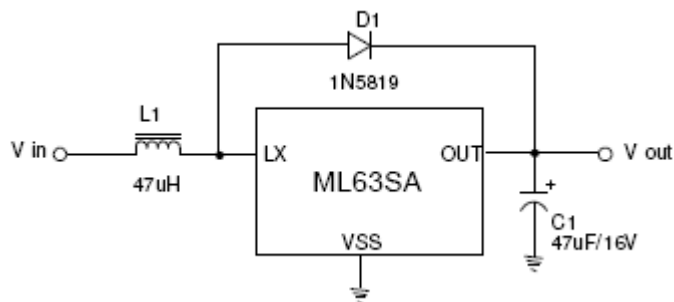


Package Pin Number			Pin Name	Function
SOT23-3	SOT89-3	TO-92		
1	1	1	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
3	2	2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage monitor, Internal IC Power Supply
2	3	3	L <sub>X</sub>	Switch

◆ **Block Diagram**

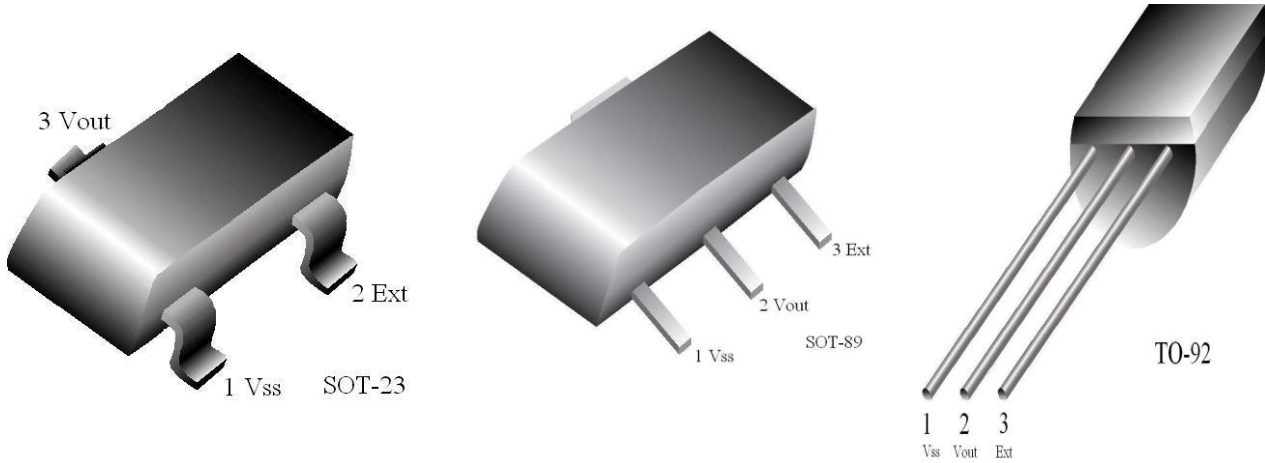


◆ **Typical Applications**



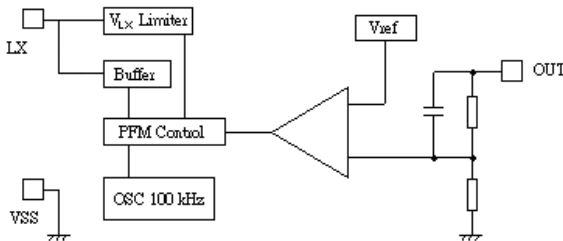
❖ **ML63SB**

◆ **Pin Configuration**

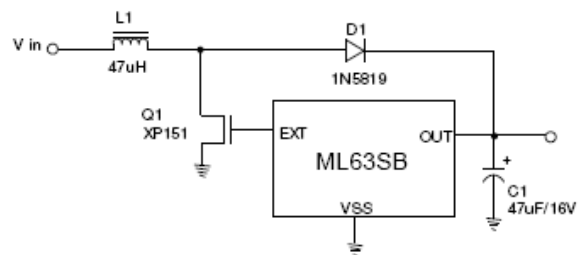
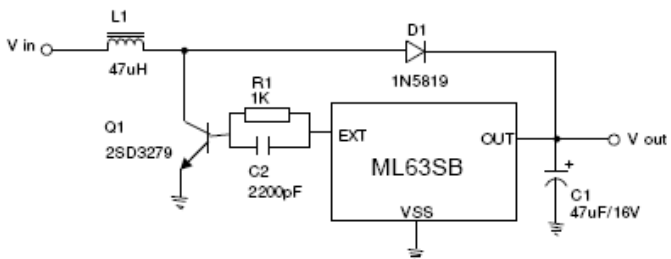


Package Pin Number			Pin Name	Function
SOT23-3	SOT89-3	TO-92		
1	1	1	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
3	2	2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage monitor, Internal IC Power Supply
2	3	3	EXT	External Switch Transistor Drive

◆ **Block Diagram**

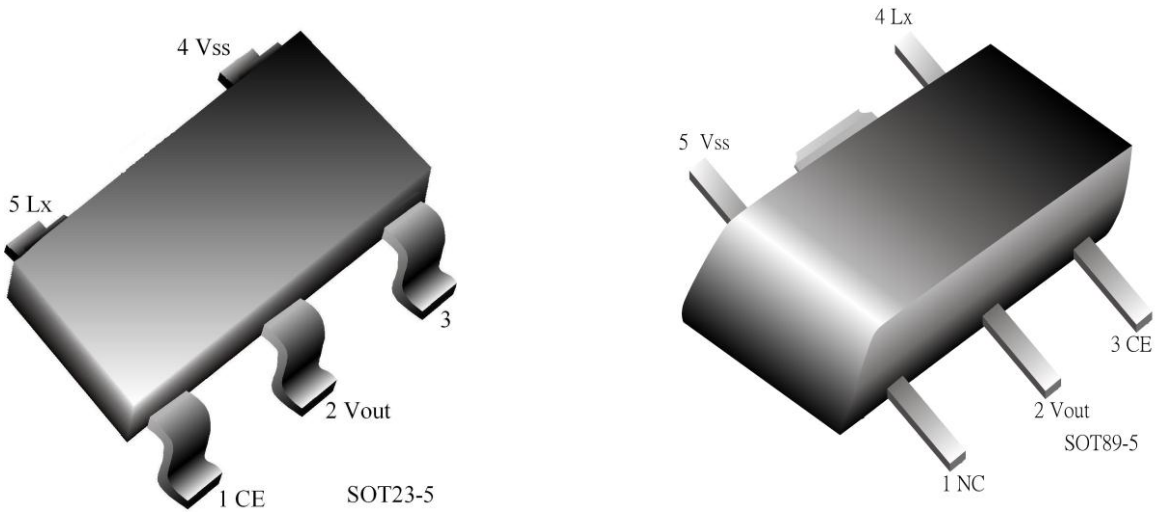


◆ **Typical Applications**



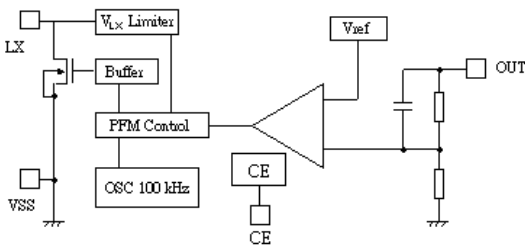
❖ **ML63SC**

◆ **Pin Configuration**

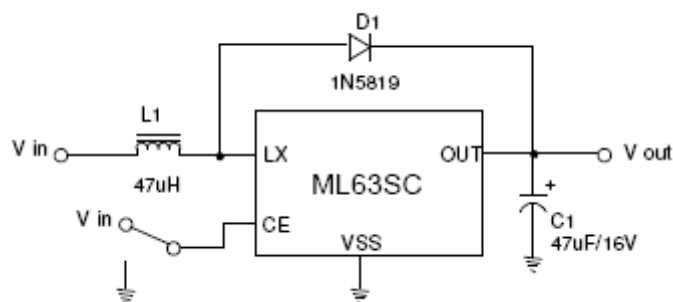


Package Pin Number		Pin Name	Function
SOT23-5	SOT89-5		
4	5	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
2	2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage monitor, Internal IC Power Supply
5	4	Lx	Switch
1	3	CE	Chip Enable
3	1	NC	NC

◆ **Block Diagram**

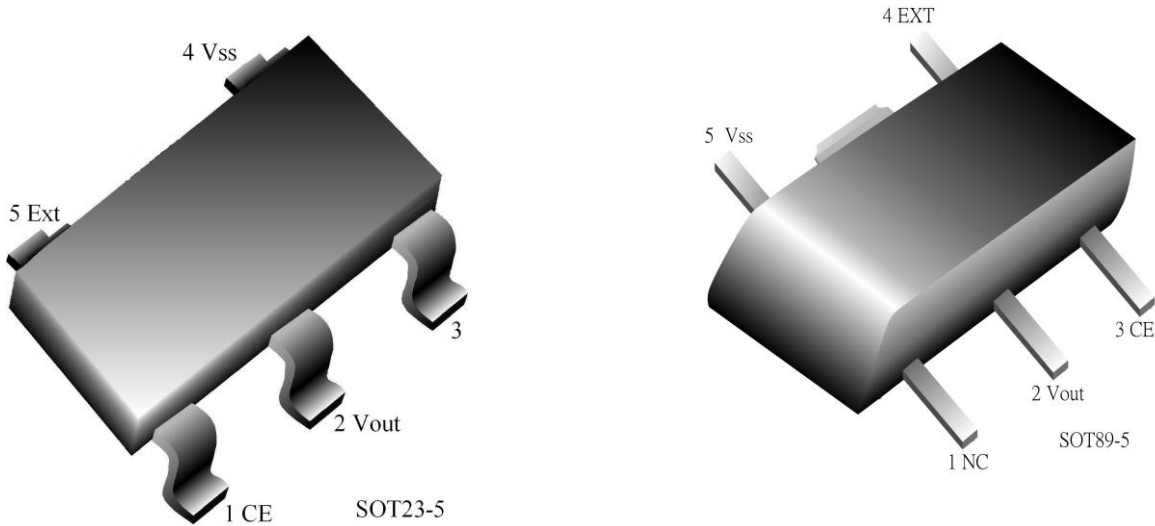


◆ **Typical Applications**



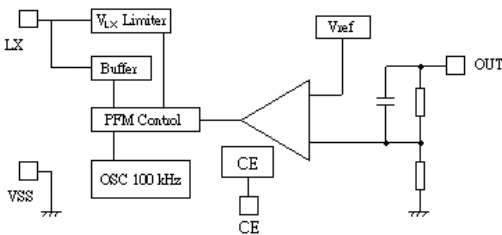
❖ **ML63SD**

◆ **Pin Configuration**

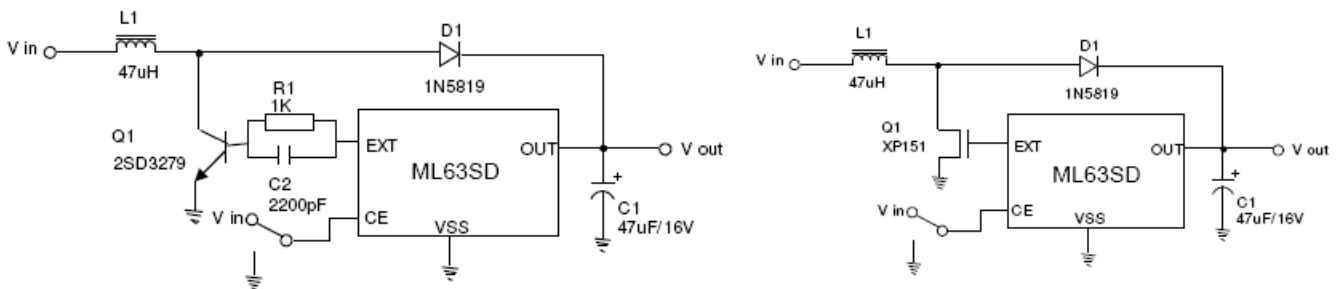


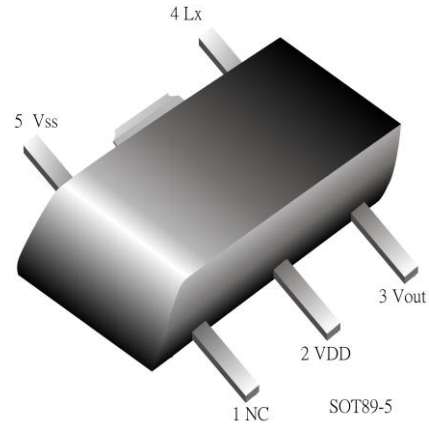
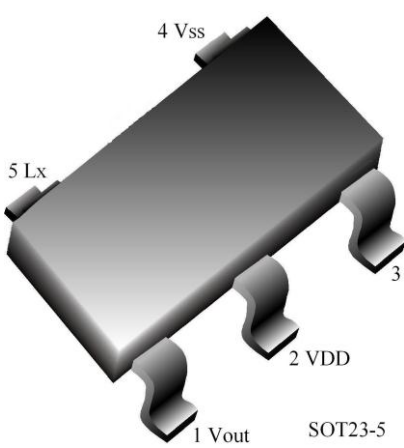
Package Pin Number		Pin Name	Function
SOT23-5	SOT89-5		
4	5	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
2	2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage monitor, Internal IC Power Supply
5	4	EXT	External Switch Transistor Drive
1	3	CE	Chip Enable
3	1	NC	NC

◆ **Block Diagram**

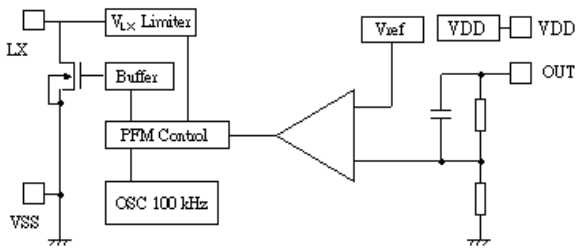
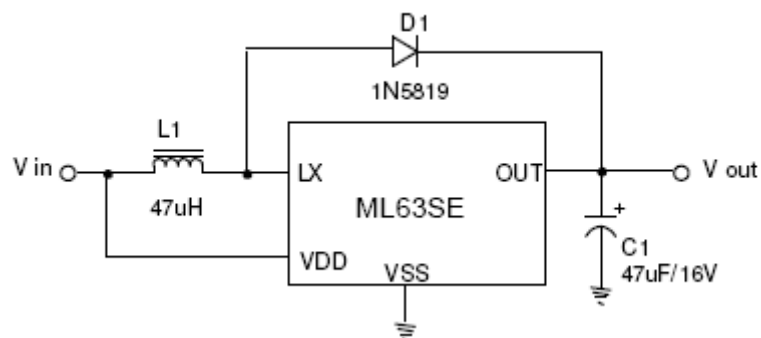


◆ **Typical Applications**



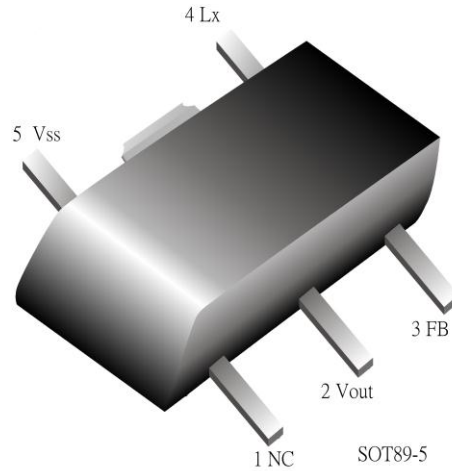
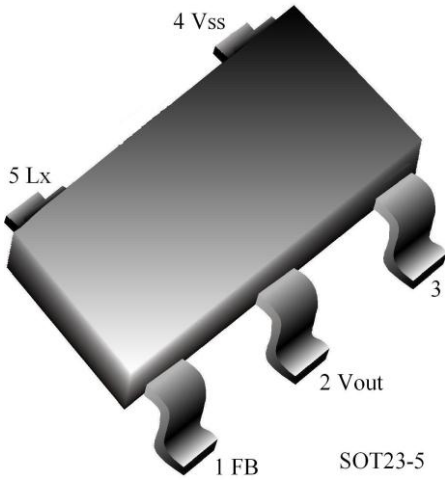
**❖ ML63SE**
**◆ Pin Configuration**


Package Pin Number		Pin Name	Function
SOT23-5	SOT89-5		
4	5	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
2	2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply
5	4	Lx	Switch
1	3	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Monitor
3	1	NC	NC

**◆ Block Diagram**

**◆ Typical Applications**


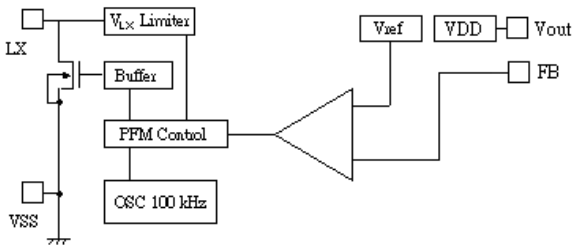
❖ **ML63SF**

◆ **Pin Configuration**

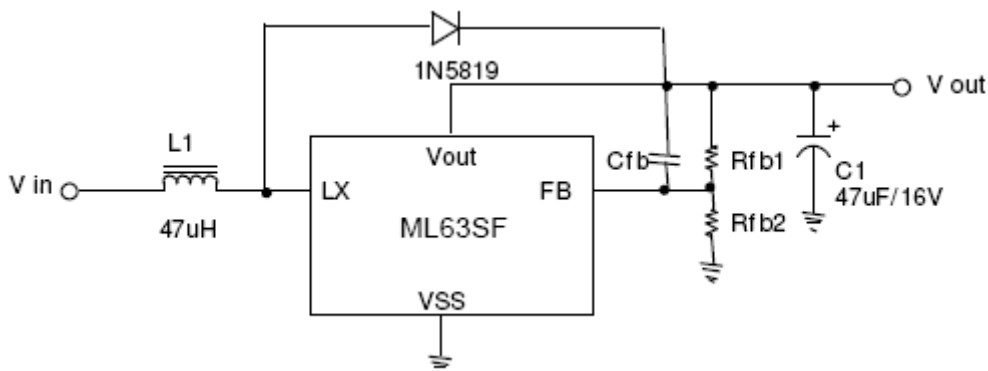


Package Pin Number		Pin Name	Function
SOT23-5	SOT89-5		
4	5	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
2	2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Power Supply
5	4	Lx	Switch
1	3	FB	Feedback
3	1	NC	NC

◆ **Block Diagram**



◆ **Typical Applications**





### ❖ *Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Units
Input Voltage		$V_{IN}$	6.5	V
$V_{DD}$ Input Voltage		$V_{DD}$	6.5	V
Lx Pin Voltage		$V_{LX}$	6.5	V
EXT Pin Voltage		$V_{EXT}$	-0.3 ~ $V_{OUT} + 0.3$	V
CE Pin Voltage		VCE	-0.3 ~ $V_{OUT} + 0.3$	V
Lx Pin Current		$I_{LX}$	600	mA
EXT Pin Current		$I_{EXT}$	$\pm 30$	mA
Continuous Total Power Dissipation	SOT-89	Pd	500	mW
	TO-92		300	
	SOT-23		150	
Operating Ambient Temperature		Topr	-25 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-40 ~ +125	°C

### ❖ *Electrical Characteristics*

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} * 0.6$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$		$V_{out} * 0.975$	$V_{out}$	$V_{out} * 1.025$	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.5	V
Startup Voltage	$V_{START}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$ , $V_{IN}: 0 \rightarrow 2V$		0.8	0.9	V
Hold-on Voltage	$V_{HOLD}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$ , $V_{IN}: 2 \rightarrow 0V$			0.8	V
Supply Current 1	$I_{DD1}$	No external component, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} * 0.95$		35		uA
Supply Current 2	$I_{DD2}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IN} + 0.5V$		7		uA
Lx Switching Current	$I_{LX}$	$V_{LX} = 0.4V$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} * 0.95$		150		mA
Lx Leakage Current	$I_{LXLEAK}$	$V_{IN} = V_{LX} = 6.0V$			0.5	uA
CE "High" Voltage	$V_{CEH}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} * 0.95$	0.9			V
CE "Low" Voltage	$V_{CEL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} * 0.95$			0.3	V
CE "High" Current	$I_{CEH}$	$V_{OUT} = 6.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 6.0V$	-0.5		0.5	uA
CE "Low" Current	$I_{CEL}$	$V_{OUT} = 6.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 0.0V$	-0.5		0.5	uA
Oscillator Frequency	$F_{OSC}$			100		KHz
Duty Cycle	MAXDTY			78		%
Efficiency	EFF			85		%

Note : 1. Schottky diode: 1N5817 or 1N5819 (forward voltage drop : 0.2V)

2. Inductor : 47uH (ESR < 0.1Ω)

3. Capacitor : Tantalum type, 47 uF

## ❖ Electrical Characteristics

$V_{IN} = 1.6V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise provided.

**ML63SA27**  $V_{OUT} = 2.7V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$		2.633	2.700	2.767	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.5	V
Startup Voltage	$V_{START}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$		0.8	0.9	V
Hold-on Voltage	$V_{HOLD}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$			0.8	V
Supply Current 1	$I_{DD1}$	$V_{IN} = 2.57V$		35		$\mu A$
Supply Current 2	$I_{DD2}$	$V_{IN} = 2.75V$		7		$\mu A$
Lx Switching Current	$I_{LX}$	$V_{LX}=0.4V, V_{IN}=2.57V$		100		mA
Lx Leakage Current	$I_{LXLEAK}$	$V_{IN}=6.0V, V_{LX}=6.0V$			0.5	$\mu A$
Oscillator Frequency	$F_{OSC}$			100		KHz
Oscillator Duty Cycle	MAXDTY			78		%
Efficiency	EFF			85		%

$V_{IN} = 1.8V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise provided.

**ML63SA30**  $V_{OUT} = 3.0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$		2.925	3.000	3.075	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.5	V
Startup Voltage	$V_{START}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$		0.8	0.9	V
Hold-on Voltage	$V_{HOLD}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$			0.8	V
Supply Current 1	$I_{DD1}$	$V_{IN} = 2.85V$		35		$\mu A$
Supply Current 2	$I_{DD2}$	$V_{IN} = 3.05V$		7		$\mu A$
Lx Switching Current	$I_{LX}$	$V_{LX}=0.4V, V_{IN}=2.85V$		150		mA
Lx Leakage Current	$I_{LXLEAK}$	$V_{IN}=6.0V, V_{LX}=6.0V$			0.5	$\mu A$
Oscillator Frequency	$F_{OSC}$			100		KHz
Oscillator Duty Cycle	MAXDTY			78		%
Efficiency	EFF			85		%

$V_{IN} = 2.0V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise provided.

**ML63SA33**  $V_{OUT} = 3.3V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$		3.218	3.300	3.383	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.5	V
Startup Voltage	$V_{START}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$		0.8	0.9	V
Hold-on Voltage	$V_{HOLD}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$			0.8	V
Supply Current 1	$I_{DD1}$	$V_{IN} = 3.135V$		35		$\mu A$
Supply Current 2	$I_{DD2}$	$V_{IN} = 3.35V$		7		$\mu A$
Lx Switching Current	$I_{LX}$	$V_{LX}=0.4V, V_{IN}=3.135V$		180		mA
Lx Leakage Current	$I_{LXLEAK}$	$V_{IN}=6.0V, V_{LX}=6.0V$			0.5	$\mu A$
Oscillator Frequency	$F_{OSC}$			100		KHz
Oscillator Duty Cycle	MAXDTY			78		%
Efficiency	EFF			85		%

$V_{IN} = 3.0V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise provided.

**ML63SA50**  $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$		4.875	5.000	5.125	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				6.5	V
Startup Voltage	$V_{START}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$		0.8	0.9	V
Hold-on Voltage	$V_{HOLD}$	$I_{OUT} = 1mA$			0.8	V
Supply Current 1	$I_{DD1}$	$V_{IN} = 4.75V$		60		$\mu A$
Supply Current 2	$I_{DD2}$	$V_{IN} = 5.05V$		7		$\mu A$
Lx Switching Current	$I_{LX}$	$V_{LX}=0.4V, V_{IN}=4.75V$		210		mA
Lx Leakage Current	$I_{LXLEAK}$	$V_{IN}=6.0V, V_{LX}=6.0V$			0.5	$\mu A$
Oscillator Frequency	$F_{OSC}$			100		KHz
Oscillator Duty Cycle	MAXDTY			78		%
Efficiency	EFF			85		%

## ❖ *Application Notes*

1. It is recommended to use capacitor with a capacity of 10uF or more for good frequency characteristics, otherwise it will lead to high output ripple. Tantalum type capacitor is recommended. As there may be the case where a spike-shaped high voltage is generated by the inductor when Lx transistor is turned off, the operating voltage of capacitor should be at least three times of the output set voltage so as to avoid over-voltage damage.
2. It is recommended to use inductor has sufficiently small d.c. resistance, large allowable current and hardly reaches magnetic saturation. When the inductance of inductor is small, there may be the case that the inductor current exceeds the absolute maximum ratings at the maximum load condition.
3. It is recommended to place external components as close as possible to the DC/DC converter so as to minimize the interconnection parasitic between components and DC/DC converter, especially for the capacitor connected to V<sub>OUT</sub> pin. It is recommended to place 0.1uF ceramic capacitor between V<sub>OUT</sub> pin and V<sub>SS</sub> pin.
4. It is recommended to provide sufficient grounding for V<sub>SS</sub> pin. This will help to stable the zero level within DC/DC converter induced by the switching current level variation during operation. And the insufficient grounding may result in unstable operation of DC/DC converter.

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