## 5:1 Intermediate Bus Converter Module: Up to 650 W Output

Size:
2.30 x 1.45 x 0.42 in
58,4 x 36,8 x  10,6 mm

### Features

- Input: 36 – 60 Vdc

- Output: 9.6 Vdc at 48 Vin

- Output current: up to 64 A

- Output power: up to 650 W [A]

- 2,250 Vdc isolation

- 98.1% peak efficiency

- Low profile: 0.42″ height above board

- Industry standard 1/4 Brick pinout

- Sine Amplitude Converter

- Low noise 1 MHz ZVS/ZCS

[A] For lower power applications see 300 W model IB054E096T40N1-00 or 500 W model IB054E096T48N1-00

### Applications

- Enterprise networks
- Optical access networks
- Storage networks
- Automated test equipment

### Product Overview

The Intermediate Bus Converter (IBC) Module is a very efficient, low profile, isolated, fixed ratio converter for power system applications in enterprise and optical access networks. Rated at up to 460 W from 36 Vin and up to 650 W from 54 to 60 Vin, the IBC conforms to an industry standard quarter-brick footprint while supplying power greatly exceeding competitive quarter-bricks. Its leading efficiency enables full load operation at 50 °C with only 400 LFM airflow. Its small cross section facilitates unimpeded airflow — above and below its thin body —  to minimize the temperature rise of downstream components. A baseplate option is available for alternative cooling schemes.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Input voltage (+In to –In) | | | | |
| Operating | 36 | 60 | Vdc | |
| | | 75 | Vdc | <100 mS |
| Input voltage slew rate | | 5 | V/μs | |
| EN to –IN | -0.5 | 20 | Vdc | |
| Output voltage (+Out to –Out) | -0.5 | 13.8 | Vdc | |
| Output current | | 64 | A | Pout ≤ 650 W |
| Dielectric withstand (input to output) | 2,250 | | Vdc | 1 min. |
| Temperature | | | | |
| Operating junction | -40 | 125 | °C | Hottest Semiconductor |
| Storage | -55 | 125 | °C | |

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## SPECIFICATIONS

*All specifications valid at 48 $V_{IN}$, 100% rated load and 25 °C ambient, unless otherwise indicated.*

### Electrical Characteristics

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | |
| **INPUT** (Operating from DC input source) | | | | | | |
| Operating input voltage | | | 36 | 48 | 60 | Vdc |
| Operating input surge withstand | | <100 mS | | | 75 | Vdc |
| Operating input dV/dt | | | 0.003 | | 5 | V/us |
| Undervoltage protection | | | | | | |
|     Turn-on | | | 31 | | 36 | Vdc |
|     Turn-off | | | 29 | | 34 | Vdc |
|     Turn-on/Turn-off hysteresis | | | 2 | | | Vdc |
|     Time constant | | | | | 7 | µs |
|     Undervoltage blanking time | | UV blanking time is enabled after start up | 50 | 100 | 200 | µs |
| Overvoltage protection | | | | | | |
|     Turn-off | | | 76 | | 79.5 | Vdc |
|     Turn-on | | | 75 | | 78 | Vdc |
|     Time constant | | | | | 4 | µs |
| Turn ON delay | | | | | | |
|     Start up inhibit | | $V_{IN}$ reaching turn-on voltage to enable function operational, see Figure 6 | 20 | 25 | 30 | ms |
|     Turn-on delay | | Enable to 10% $V_{OUT}$; pre-applied $V_{IN}$, see Figure 7, 0 load capacitance | | | 50 | µs |
|     Output voltage rise time | | From 10% to 90% $V_{OUT}$, 10% load, 0 load capacitance | | | 50 | µs |
|     Restart turn-on delay | | See page 10 for restart after EN pin disable | | | 250 | ms |
| No Load power dissipation | | | | | | |
|     Enabled | | | | 2.3 | 3.5 | W |
|     Disabled | | | | 0.12 | 0.15 | W |
| Input current | | Low line, full load | | | 14.1 | A |
| Inrush current overshoot | | Using test circuit in Figure 21, 15% load, high line | | | 15.5 | A |
| Input reflected ripple current | | At max power; Using test circuit in Figure 22; see Fig 5 | | | 750 | mArms |
| Peak short circuit input current | | | | | 40 | A |
| Repetitive short circuit peak current | | | | | 25 | A |
| Internal input capacitance | | | | 17.6 | | µF |
| Internal input inductance | | | | 5 | | nH |
| Recommended external input capacitance | | 200 nH maximum source inductance | 47 | | 470 | µF |
| | | | | | | |
| **OUTPUT** | | | | | | |
| DC Output voltage band | | No load, over Vin range | 7.2 | 9.6 | 12.0 | V |
| Output power [a] | | | | | | |
|     36-60 $V_{IN}$ | | | 0 | | 460 | W |
|     48-60 $V_{IN}$ | | | 0 | | 600 | W |
|     52-60 $V_{IN}$ | | | 0 | | 650 | W |
| Output current | | P ≤ 650 W | | | 64 | A |
| Output start up load | | of Iout max, maximum output capacitance | | | 15 | % |
| Effective output resistance | | | | 3.2 | | mΩ |
| Line regulation (K factor) | | $V_{OUT} = K \cdot V_{IN}$ @ no load | 0.198 | 0.200 | 0.2020 | |
| Current share accuracy | | Full power operation; See Parallel Operation on page 11; up to 3 units | | | 10 | % |

[a] Does not exceed IPC-9592 derating guidelines. At 70 °C ambient, full power operation may exceed IPC-9592 guidelines, but does not exceed component ratings, does not activate OTP and does not compromise reliability.

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## SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)

*All specifications valid at 48 $V_{IN}$, 100% rated load and 25 °C ambient, unless otherwise indicated.*

### Electrical Characteristics *(Continued)*

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | |
| OUTPUT (Continued) | | | | | | |
| Efficiency | | | | | | |
|    50% load | | See Figure 1,2 and 3 | 97.8 | 98.1 | | % |
|    Full load | | See Figure 1,2 and 3 | 97.0 | 97.2 | | % |
| Internal output inductance | | | | 1.6 | | nH |
| Internal output capacitance | | | | 92.4 | | µF |
| Load capacitance | | | 0 | | 4500 | µF |
| Output OVP set point | | Module will shutdown | 12 | | | Vdc |
| Output voltage ripple | | 20 MHz bandwidth, using test circuit in Figure 23 | | 60 | 150 | mVp-p |
| Output Overload protection threshold | | Of Iout max., will not shutdown when started into max Cout; and 15% load Auto restart with duty cycle <10% | 105 | | 150 | % |
| Over current protection time constant | | | | | 1.2 | ms |
| Short circuit current response time | | | | | 1.5 | µs |
| Switching frequency | | | | 1.0 | | MHz |
| Transient Response | | | | | | |
|    Voltage overshoot | | 25% load step; 1A/µS; See Figures 13 & 14 | | | 100 | mV |
|    Response time | | See Figures 13 & 14 | | 1 | | µs |
|    $V_{IN}$ step | | 5 V step in 1 µS within Vin operating range | | | 1.25 | V |
| Pre-bias voltage | | Unit will start up into pre-bias voltage on output | 0 | | 12 | Vdc |

### General Characteristics

*Conditions: 25 °C case, 75% rated load and specified input voltage range unless otherwise specified.*

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | |
| MTBF | | Calculated per Telcordia SR-332, 40 °C | 1.0 | | | Mhrs |
| Service life | | Calculated at 30 °C | 7 | | | Years |
| Over temperature shut down | | $T_J$; Converter will reset when over temperature condition is removed | 125 | 130 | 135 | °C |
| Dielectric withstand | | Input to output | 2,250 | | | Vdc |
| Insulation resistance | | Input to output | | 30 | | MΩ |
| Mechanical | | | | | | |
|    Weight | | | | 1.38 / 39.1 | | oz/g |
|    Length | | | | 2.30 / 58.4 | | in/mm |
|    Width | | | | 1.45 / 36.8 | | in/mm |
|    Height above customer board | | | | 0.42/10.6 | | in/mm |
| Clearance to customer board | | From lowest component on IBC | 0.12/0.30 | | | in/mm |
| Agency approvals | | UL/CSA 60950, EN60950 | | cTUVus | | |
| (pending for baseplate version) | | Low voltage directive | | CE | | |
| Altitude, operating | | Derate operating temp 1 °C per 1,000 feet above sea level | -500 | | 10,000 | Feet |
| Relative humidity, Operating | | Non condensing | 10 | | 90 | % |
| RoHS compliance | | Compatible with RoHS directive 2002/95/EC | | | | |

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## SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)

### Control & Interface Specifications

| Attribute | Symbol | Conditions / Notes | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Enable (negative logic) | | Referenced to –IN | | | | |
| Module enable threshold | | | 0.8 | | | Vdc |
| Module enable current | | $V_{EN}$ = 0.8 V | | 130 | 200 | µA |
| Module disable threshold | | | | | 2.4 | Vdc |
| Module disable current | | $V_{EN}$ = 2.4 V | | | 10 | µA |
| Disable hysteresis | | | | 500 | | mV |
| Enable pin open circuit voltage | | | | 2.5 | 3.0 | Vdc |
| EN to –IN resistance | | Open circuit | | 35 | | kΩ |
| Enable (positive logic) | | Referenced to –IN | | | | |
| Module enable threshold | | | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | Vdc |
| Module disable threshold | | | | | 1.45 | Vdc |
| EN source current (operating) | | $V_{EN}$ = 5 V | | | 2 | mA |
| EN voltage (operating) | | | 4.7 | 5 | 5.3 | Vdc |

*IPC-9592A, Based on Class II Category 2 the following detail is applicable. – Pre-conditioning required*

### Environmental Qualification

| Test Description | Test Detail | Quantity Tested |
|---|---|---|
| 5.2.3 HALT (Highly Accelerated Life testing) | Low Temp | 3 |
| | High Temp | 3 |
| | Rapid Thermal Cycling | 3 |
| | 6 DOF Random Vibration Test | 3 |
| | Input Voltage Test | 3 |
| | Output Load Test | 3 |
| | Combined Stresses Test | 3 |
| 5.2.4 THB (Temp. Humidity Bias) | (72 hr presoak required) 1000 hrs – Continuous Bias | 30 |
| 5.2.5 HTOB (High Temp. Operating Bias) | Power cycle - On 42 minutes Off 1 minute, On 1 minute, Off 1 minute, On 1 minute, Off 1 minute, On 1 minute, Off 1 minute, On 1 minute, Off 10 minutes. Alternating between maximum and minimum operating Voltage every hour. | 30 |
| 5.2.6 TC (Temp. Cycling) | 700 cycles , 30 minute dwell at each extreme – 20C minimum ramp rate. | 30 |
| 5.2.7 Power Cycling | Reference IPC-9592A | 3 |
| 5.2.8 – 5.2.13 Shock and Vibration | Random Vibration – Operating IEC 60068-2-64 (normal operation vibration) | 3 |
| | Random Vibration Non-operating (transportation) IEC 60068-2-64 | 3 |
| | Shock Operating - normal operation shock IEC 60068-2-27 | 3 |
| | Free fall - IEC 60068-2-32 | 3 |
| | Drop Test 1 full shipping container (box) | 12 |
| 5.2.14 Other Environmental Tests | 5.2.14.1 Corrosion Resistance – Not required | N/A |
| | 5.2.14.2 Dust Resistance – Unpotted class II GR-1274-CORE | 3 |
| | 5.2.14.3 SMT Attachment Reliability IPC-9701 - J-STD-002 | 3 |
| | 5.2.14.4 Through Hole solderability – J-STD-002 | 5 |
| ESD Classification Testing | Sample size assumes CDM testing | 12 |
| Total Quantity | | 161 |

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## SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)
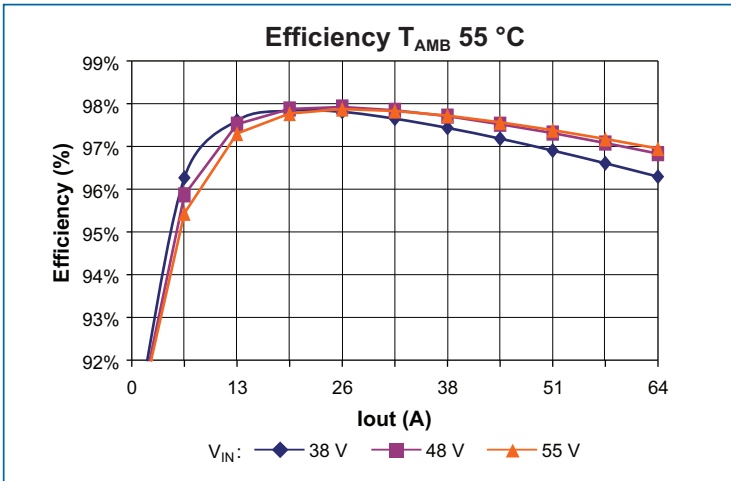
### WAVEFORMS
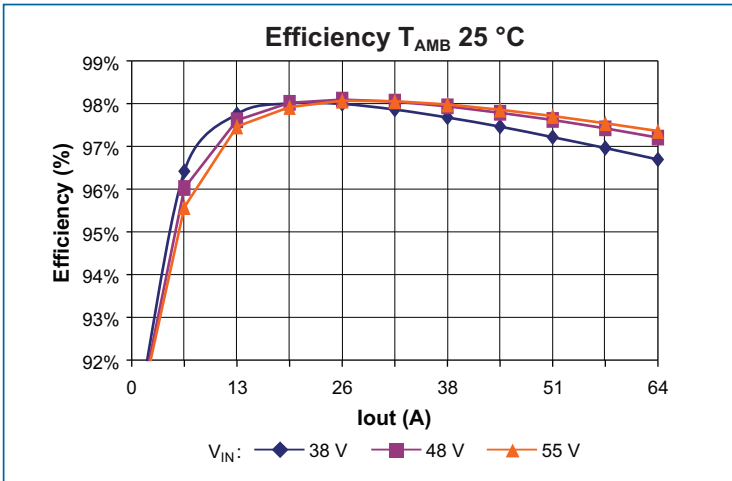


Figure 1 — Efficiency vs. output current, 25 °C ambient
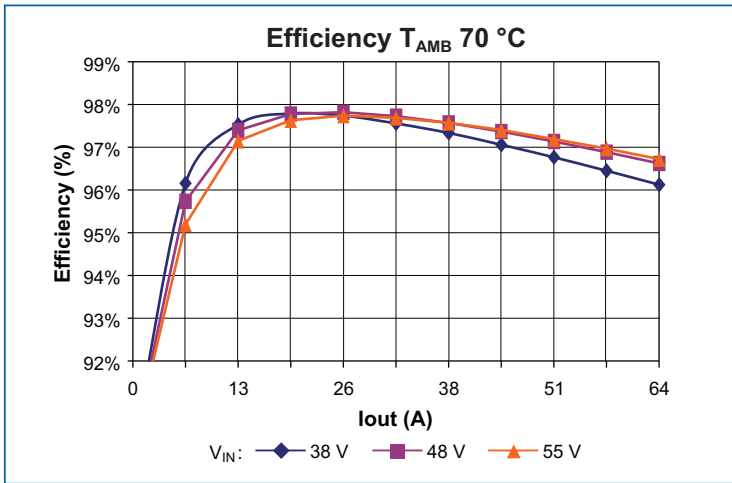


Figure 2 — Efficiency vs. output current, 55 °C ambient



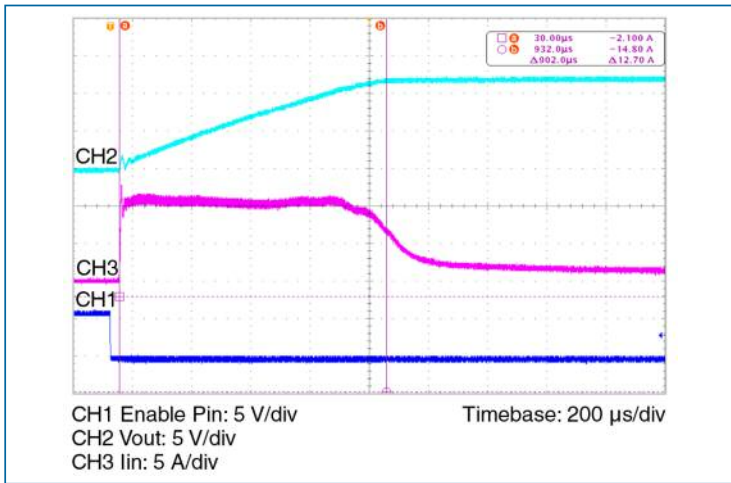Figure 3 — Efficiency vs. output current, 70 °C ambient



CH1 Enable Pin: 5 V/div
CH2 Vout: 5 V/div
CH3 Iin: 5 A/div
Timebase: 200 µs/div

Figure 4 — Inrush current at high line 15% load; 5 A/div,
Max load capacitance



CH3 Iin Ripple: 0.2 A/div          Timebase: 400 ns/div
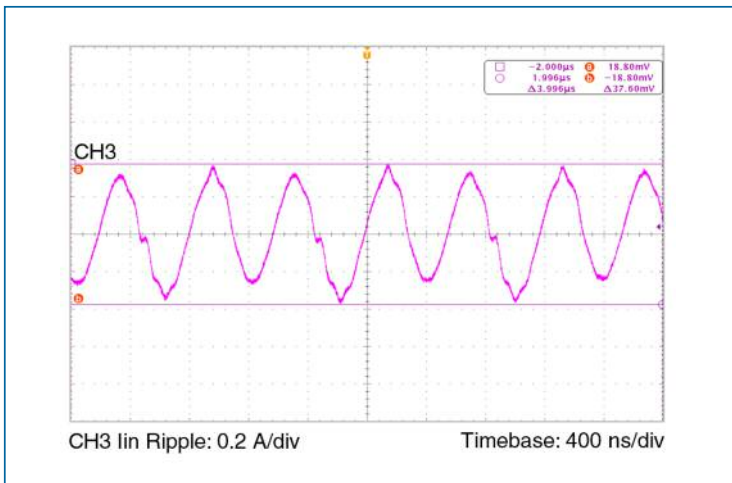
Figure 5 — Input reflected ripple current at nominal line, full load.
See Fig 22 for setup.



CH2 Vin: 10 V/div
CH4 Vout: 5 V/div
Timebase: 4 ms/div
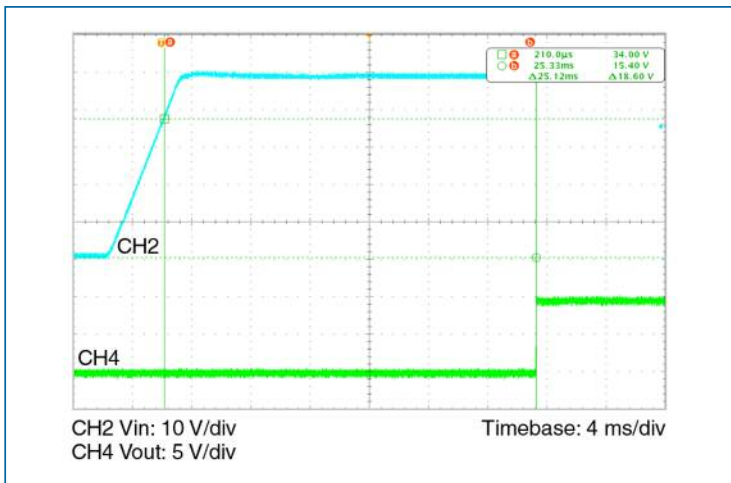
Figure 6 — Turn on delay time;
V$_{IN}$ turn on delay at nominal line, 15% load

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# SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)

## WAVEFORMS (CONT.)
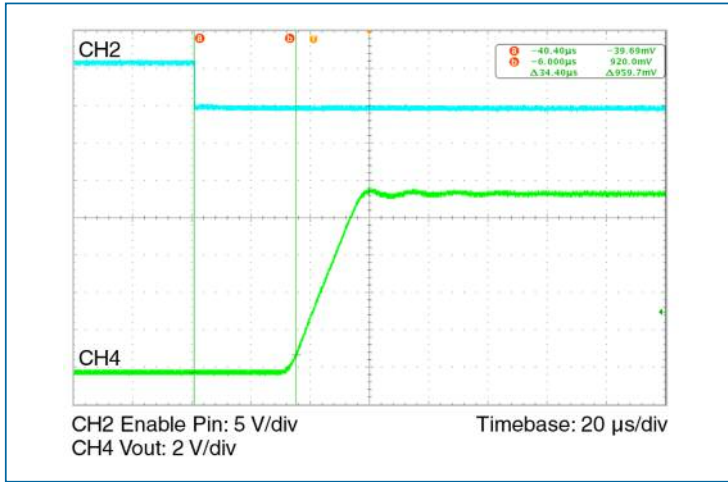


Figure 7 — Turn on delay time; Enable turn on delay at nominal line,
15% load, 0 load capacitance
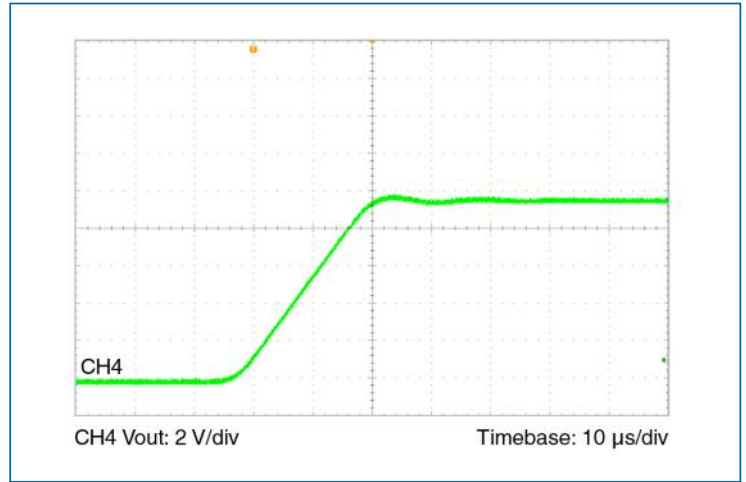


Figure 8 — Output voltage rise time at nominal line, 10% load
0 load capacitance
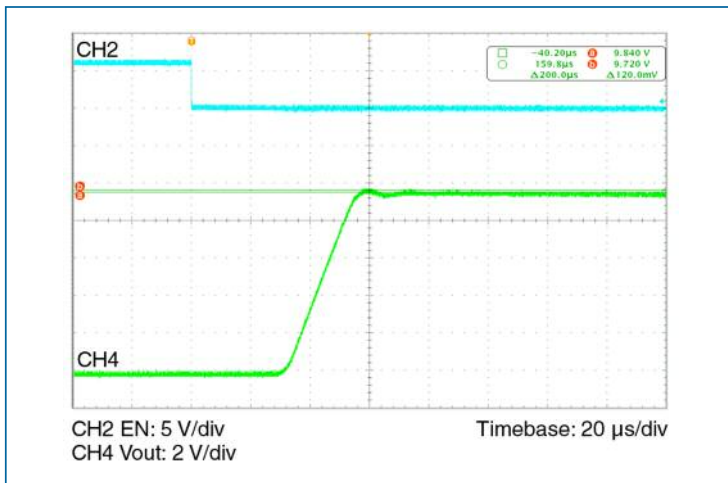


Figure 9 — Overshoot at turn on at nominal line, 15% load
0 load capacitance
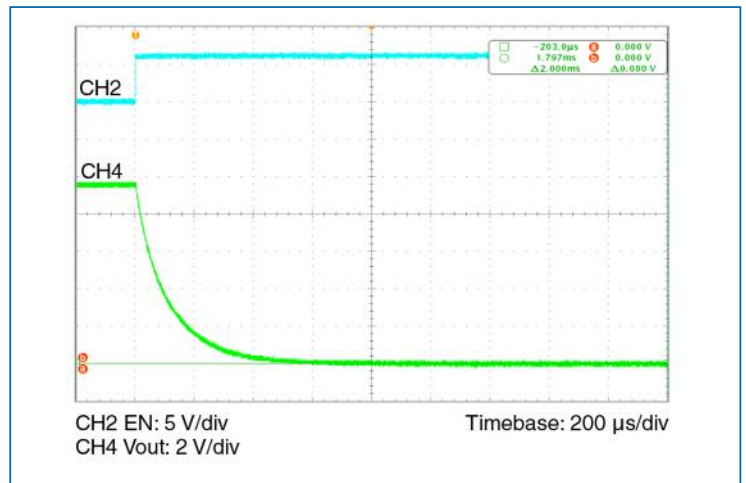


Figure 10 — Undershoot at turn off at nominal line, 15% load
0 load capacitance
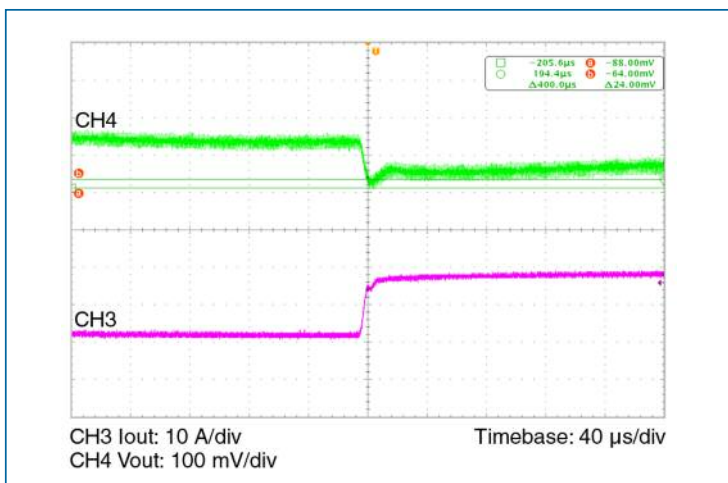


Figure 11 — Load transient response; nominal line
Load step 75 – 100%
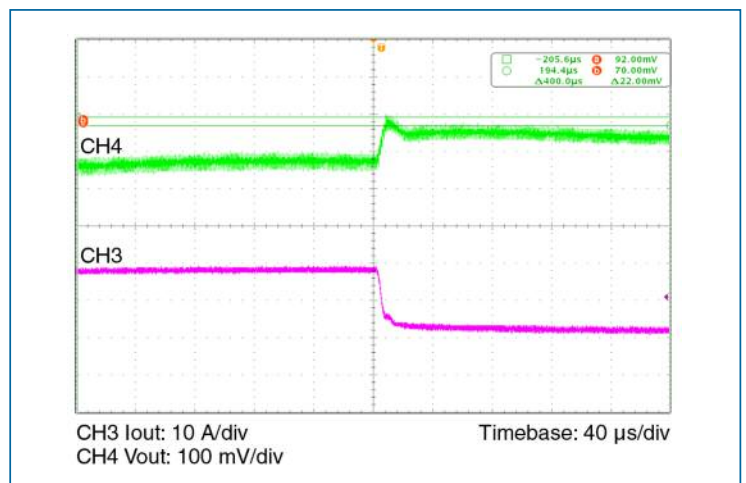


Figure 12 — Load transient response; Full load to 75%; nominal line

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## SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)

### WAVEFORMS (CONT.)
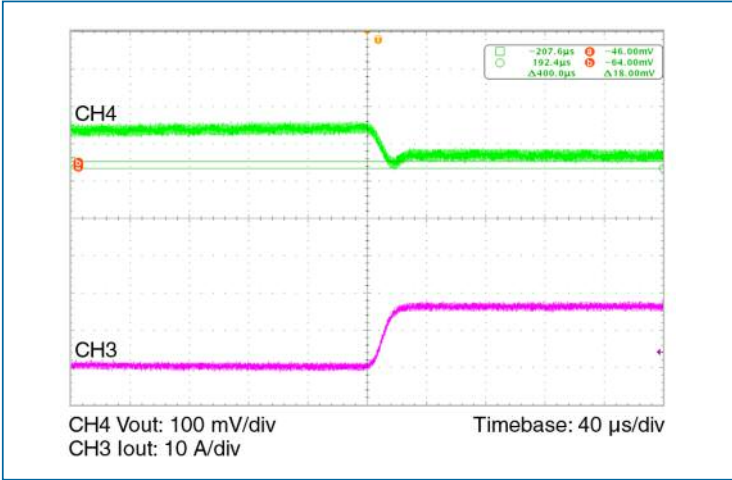


*Figure 13* — *Load transient response; nominal line*
*Load step 0 – 25%; 10 A/div*
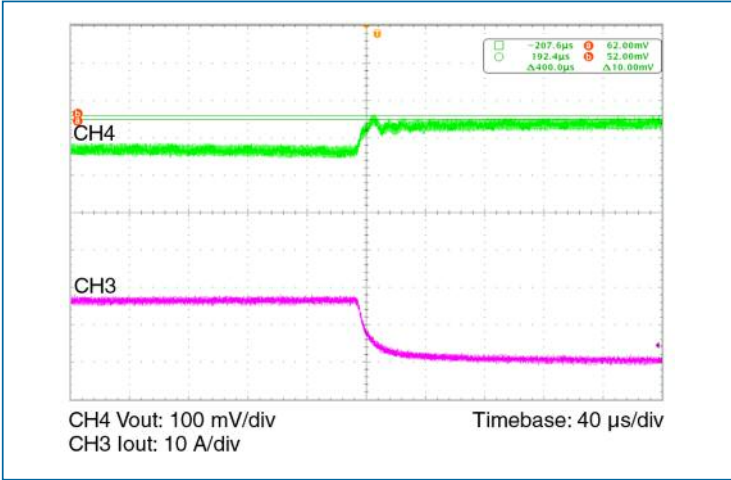


*Figure 14* — *Load transient response; 25–0%; nominal line*
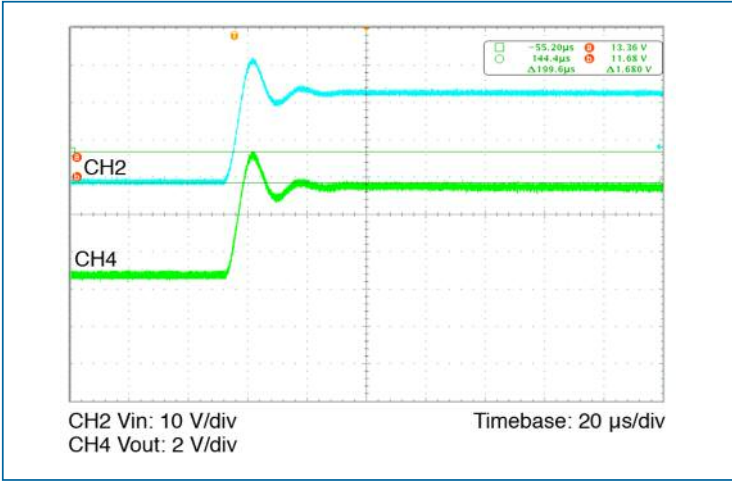


*Figure 15* — *Input transient response;*
*Vin step low line to high line at full load*
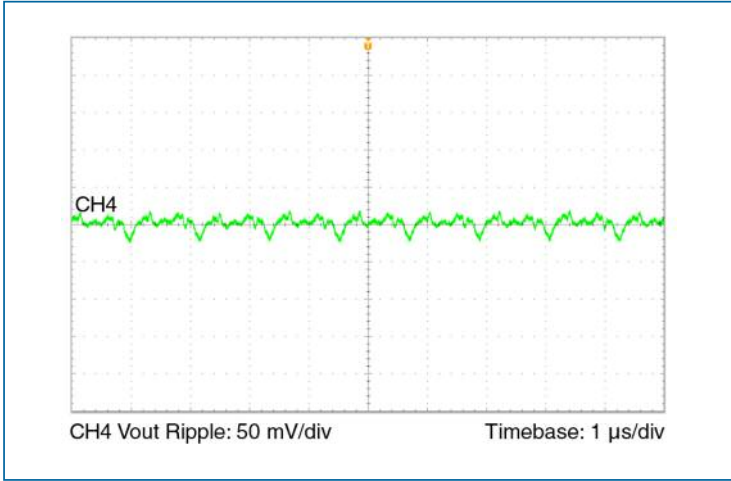


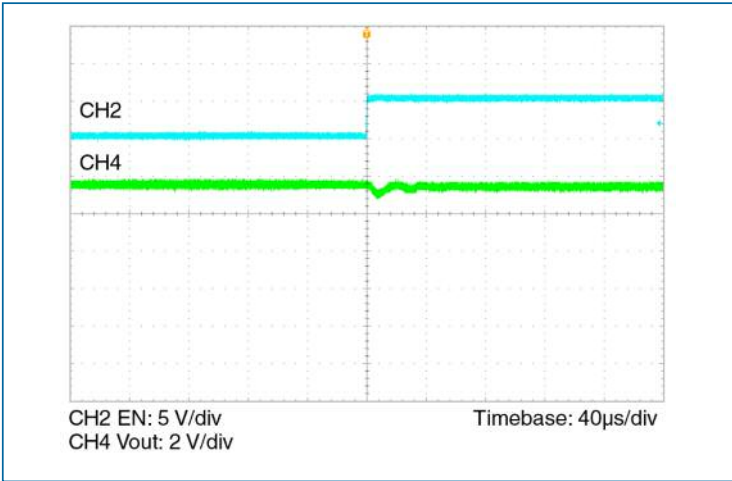*Figure 16* — *Output ripple; Nominal line, full load*



*Figure 17* — *Three module parallel array test. Vout change when one*
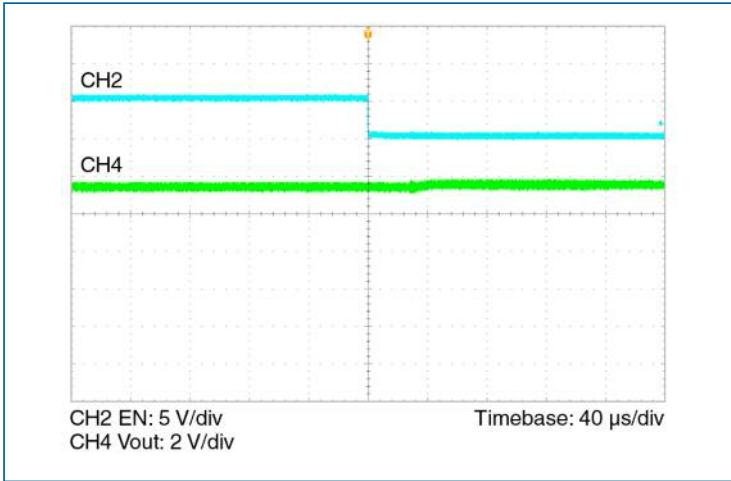*module is disabled. Nominal Vin, Iout = 128 A*



*Figure 18* — *Three module parallel array test. Vout change with two*
*modules operating and a third module enabled.*
*Nominal Vin, Iout = 128 A*

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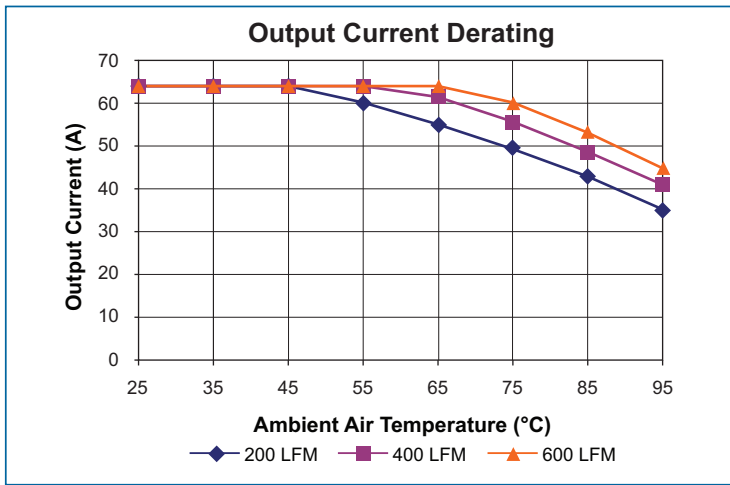**BRICK**
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## SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)

### WAVEFORMS (CONT.)



Figure 19 — Maximum output power derating vs ambient air temperature. Transverse airflow, Board and junction temperatures <125 °C. Tested with IBC evaluation board IB054Q096T64N1-CB
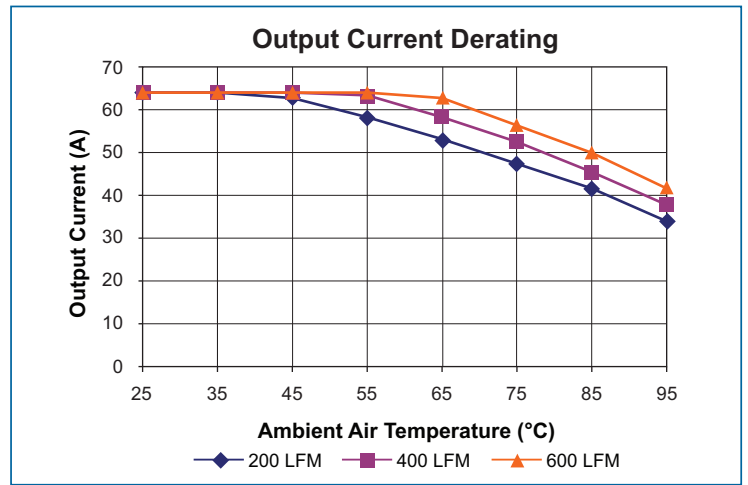


Figure 20 — Maximum output power derating vs ambient air temperature. Longitudinal airflow, Board and junction temperatures <125 °C. Tested with IBC evaluation board IB054Q096T64N1-CB
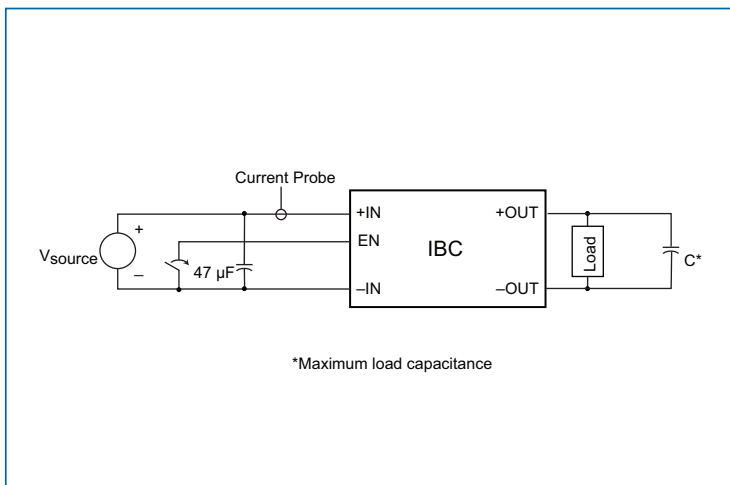


Figure 21 — Test circuit; inrush current overshoot
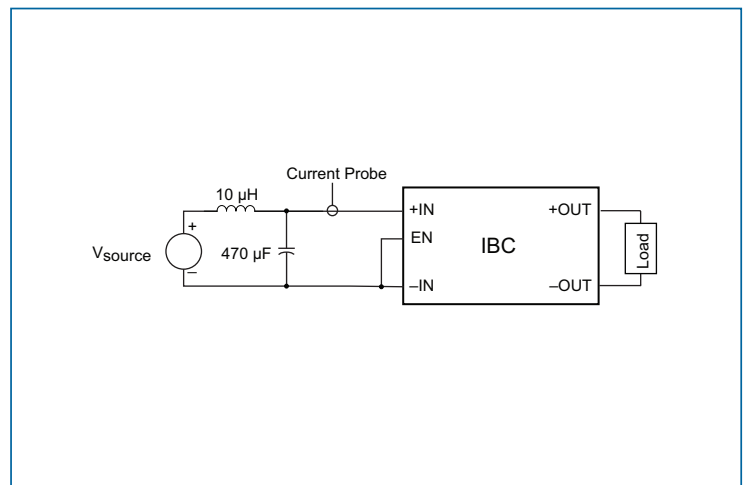


Figure 22 — Test circuit; input reflected ripple current
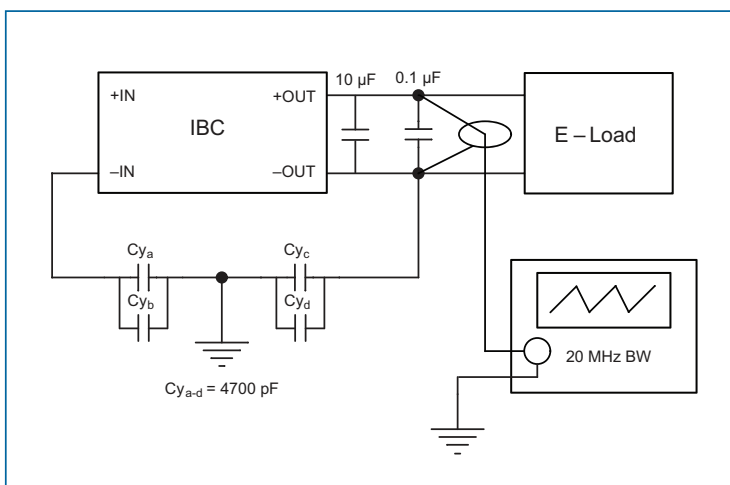


Figure 23 — Test circuit; output voltage ripple

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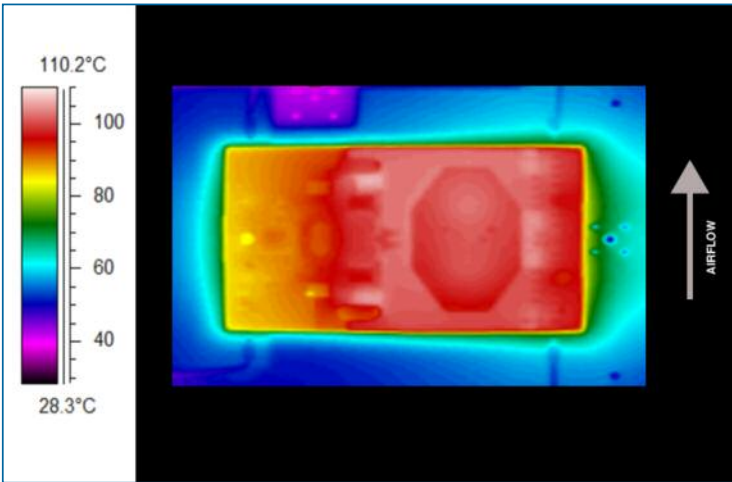
# SPECIFICATIONS (CONT.)

## THERMAL DATA

Figure 24 — Thermal plot, 200 LFM, 25 °C, 48 Vin, 600 W output power
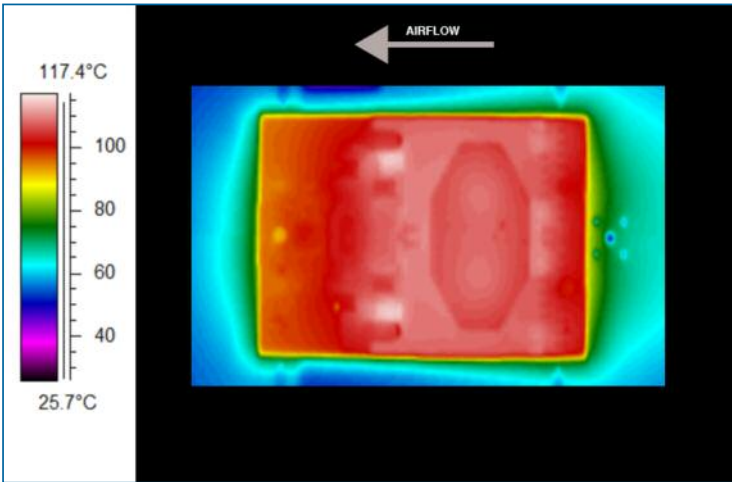
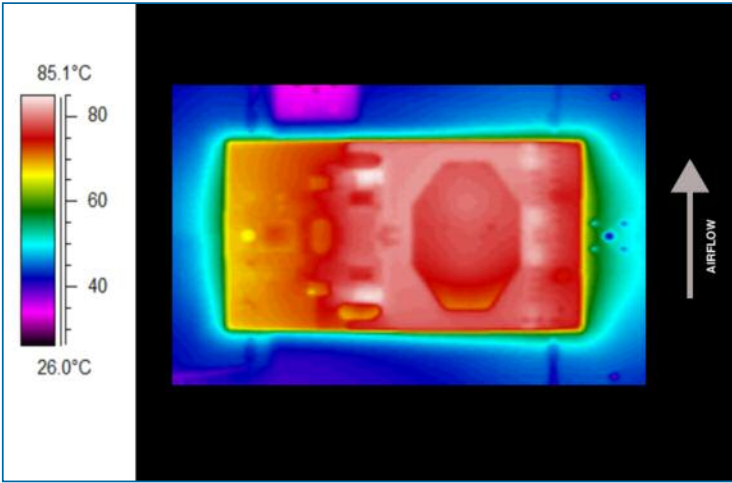Figure 25 — Thermal plot, 200 LFM, 25 °C, 48 Vin, 600 W output power

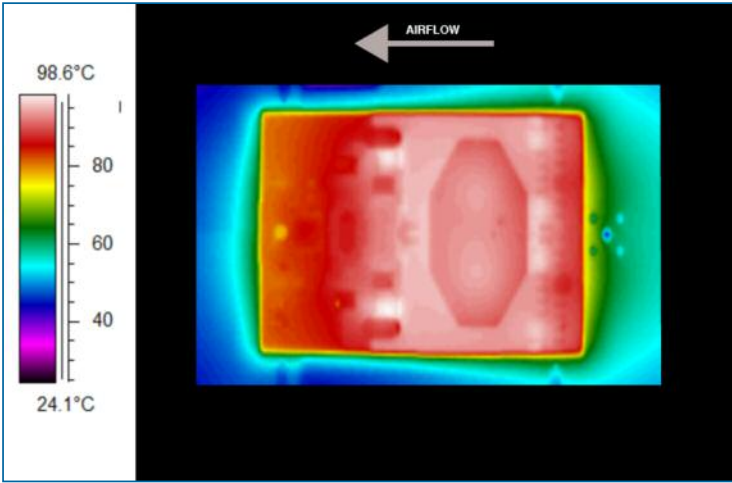Figure 26 — Thermal plot, 400 LFM, 25 °C, 48 Vin, 600 W output power

Figure 27 — Thermal plot, 400 LFM, 25 °C, 48 Vin, 600 W output power
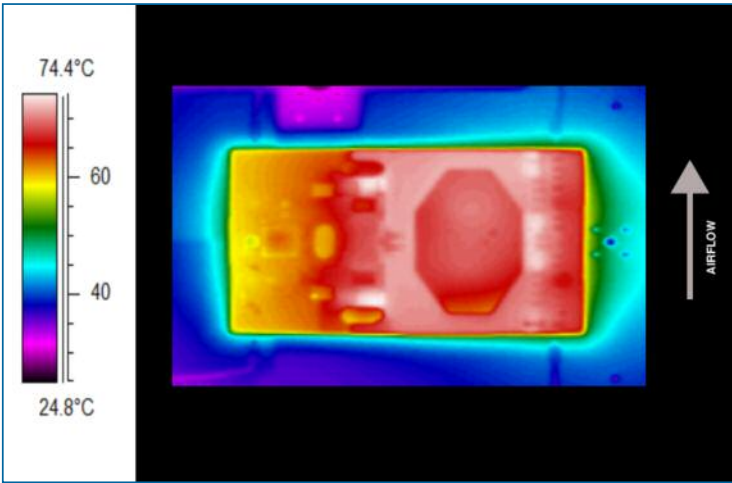
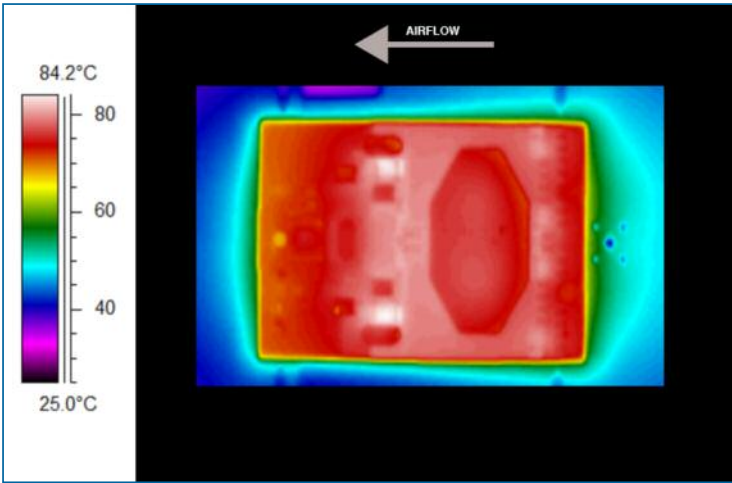Figure 28 — Thermal plot, 600 LFM, 25 °C, 48 Vin, 600 W output power

Figure 29 — Thermal plot, 600 LFM, 25 °C, 48 Vin, 600 W output power

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## PIN / CONTROL FUNCTIONS

### +In / -In – DC Voltage Input Pins

The IBC input voltage range should not be exceeded. An internal undervoltage/overvoltage lockout function prevents operation outside of the normal operating input range. The IBC turns on within an input voltage window bounded by the "Input under-voltage turn-on" and "Input over-voltage turn-off" levels, as specified. The IBC may be protected against accidental application of a reverse input voltage by the addition of a rectifier in series with the positive input, or a reverse rectifier in shunt with the positive input located on the load side of the input fuse.

The connection of the IBC to its power source should be implemented with minimal distribution inductance. If the interconnect inductance exceeds 100 nH, the input should be bypassed with a RC damper to retain low source impedance and stable operation. With an interconnect inductance of 200 nH, the RC damper may be 47 μF in series with 0.3 Ω. A single electrolytic or equivalent low-Q capacitor may be used in place of the series RC bypass.

### EN - Enable/Disable

#### Negative Logic Option

If the EN port is left floating, the IBC output is disabled. Once this port is-pulled lower than 0.8 Vdc with respect to –In, the output is enabled. The EN port can be driven by a relay, opto-coupler, or open collector transistor. Refer to Figures 6 and 7 for the typical enable / disable characteristics. This port should not be toggled at a rate higher than 1 Hz. The EN port should also not be driven by or pulled up to an external voltage source.

#### Positive Logic Option

If the EN port is left floating, the IBC output is enabled. Once this port is pulled lower than 1.4 Vdc with respect to –In, the output is disabled. This action can be realized by employing a relay, opto-coupler, or open collector transistor. This port should not be toggled at a rate higher than 1 Hz.

The EN port should also not be driven by or pulled up to an external voltage source. The EN port can source up to 2 mA at 5 Vdc. The EN port should never be used to sink current.

If the IBC is disabled using the EN pin, the module will attempt to restart approximately every 250ms. Once the module has been disabled for at least 250ms, the turn on delay after the EN pin is enabled will be as shown in Figure 7.

### +Out / -Out – DC Voltage Output Pins

Total load capacitance at the output of the IBC should not exceed the specified maximum. Owing to the wide bandwidth and low output impedance of the IBC, low frequency bypass capacitance and significant energy storage may be more densely and efficiently provided by adding capacitance at the input of the IBC.



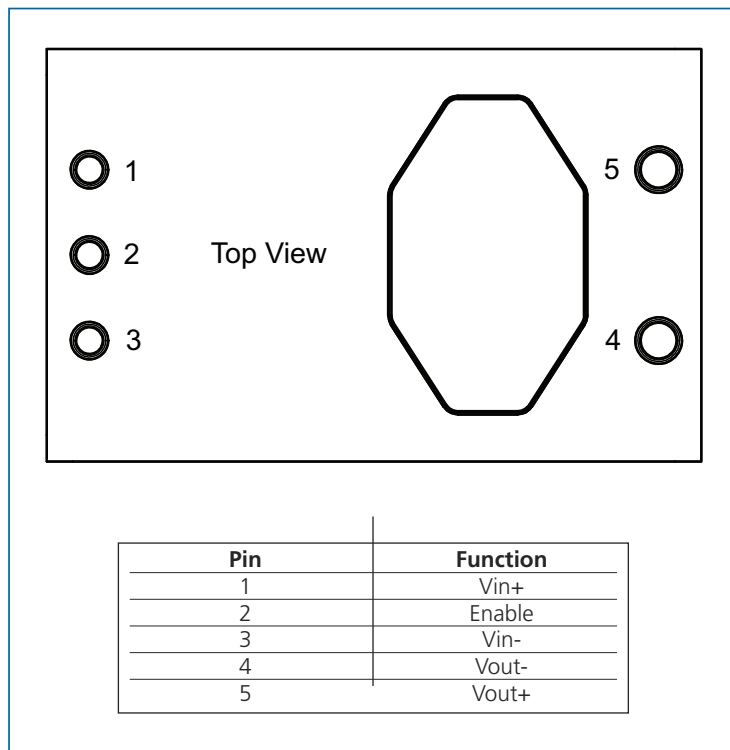| Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|
| 1 | Vin+ |
| 2 | Enable |
| 3 | Vin- |
| 4 | Vout- |
| 5 | Vout+ |

*Figure 30* — *IBC Pin Designations*

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## APPLICATIONS NOTE

### Parallel Operation

The IBC will inherently current share when operated in an array. Arrays may be used for higher power or redundancy in an application. Current sharing accuracy is maximized when the source and load impedance presented to each IBC within an array are equal. The recommended method to achieve matched impedances is to dedicate common copper planes within the PCB to deliver and return the current to the array, rather than rely upon traces of varying lengths. In typical applications the current being delivered to the load is larger than that sourced from the input, allowing narrower traces to be utilized on the input side if necessary. The use of dedicated power planes is, however, preferable.

One or more IBCs in an array may be disabled without adversely affecting operation or reliability as long as the load does not exceed the rated power of the enabled IBCs.

The IBC power train and control architecture allow bi-directional power transfer, including reverse power processing from the IBC output to its input. The IBC's ability to process power in reverse improves the IBC transient response to an output load dump.

### Thermal Considerations

The temperature distribution of the VI Brick can vary significantly with its input/output operating conditions, thermal management and environmental conditions. Although the PCB is UL rated to 130 °C, it is recommended that PCB temperatures be maintained at or below 125 °C. For maximum long term reliability, lower PCB temperatures are recommended for continuous operation, however, short periods of operation at 125 °C will not negatively impact performance or reliability.

WARNING: Thermal and voltage hazards. The IBC can operate with surface temperatures and operating voltages that may be hazardous to personnel. Ensure that adequate protection is in place to avoid inadvertent contact.

### Input Impedance Recommendations

To take full advantage of the IBC capabilities, the impedance presented to its input terminals must be low from DC to approximately 5 MHz. The source should exhibit low inductance and should have a critically damped response. If the interconnect inductance is excessive, the IBC input pins should be bypassed with an RC damper (e.g., 47 µF in series with 0.3 Ω) to retain low source impedance and proper operation. Given the wide bandwidth of the IBC, the source response is generally the limiting factor in the overall system response.

Anomalies in the response of the source will appear at the output of the IBC multiplied by its K factor. The DC resistance of the source should be kept as low as possible to minimize voltage deviations. This is especially important if the IBC is operated near low or high line as the overvoltage/undervoltage detection circuitry could be activated.

### Input Fuse Recommendations

The IBC is not internally fused in order to provide flexibility in configuring power systems. However, input line fusing of VI Bricks must always be incorporated within the power system. A fast acting fuse should be placed in series with the +In port. See safety agency approvals.

### Application Notes

For IBC and VI Brick application notes on soldering, thermal management, board layout, and system design visit vicorpower.com.

## PART NUMBERING

| Product Family | Input Voltage | Package | Nominal Output Voltage | Temperature Grade | Output Current | Enable Logic | Pin Length | Options |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| IB | 054 | Q | 096 | T | 64 | N = Negative | 1 = 0.145 | -00 = Open frame |
| | | | | | | P = Positive | 2 = 0.210 | -BP = Baseplate* |
| | | | | | | | 3 = 0.180 | |

*For baseplate option please contact the factory for availability.*

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## MECHANICAL DRAWINGS
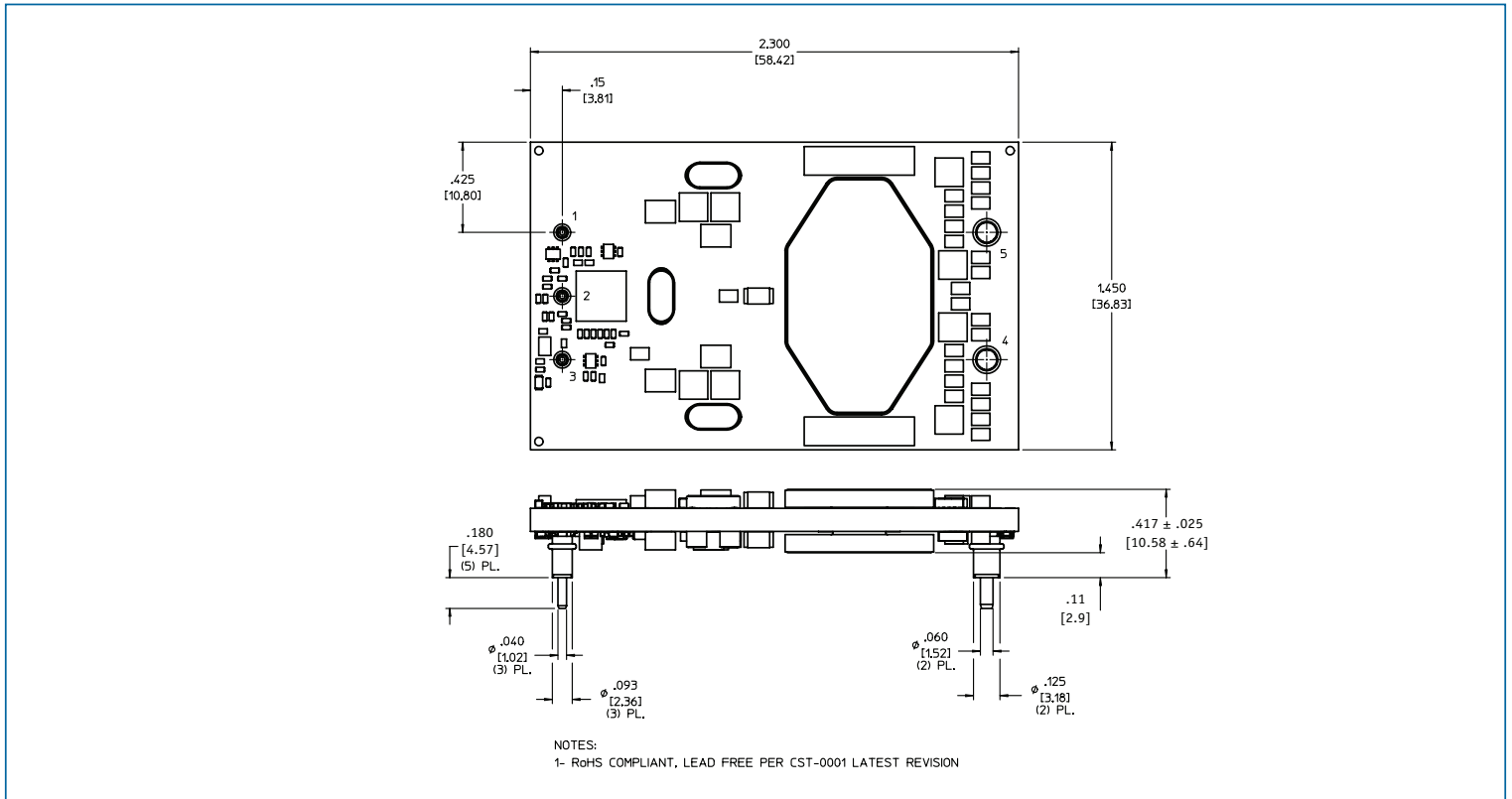


*Figure 31* — *IBC Outline drawing*
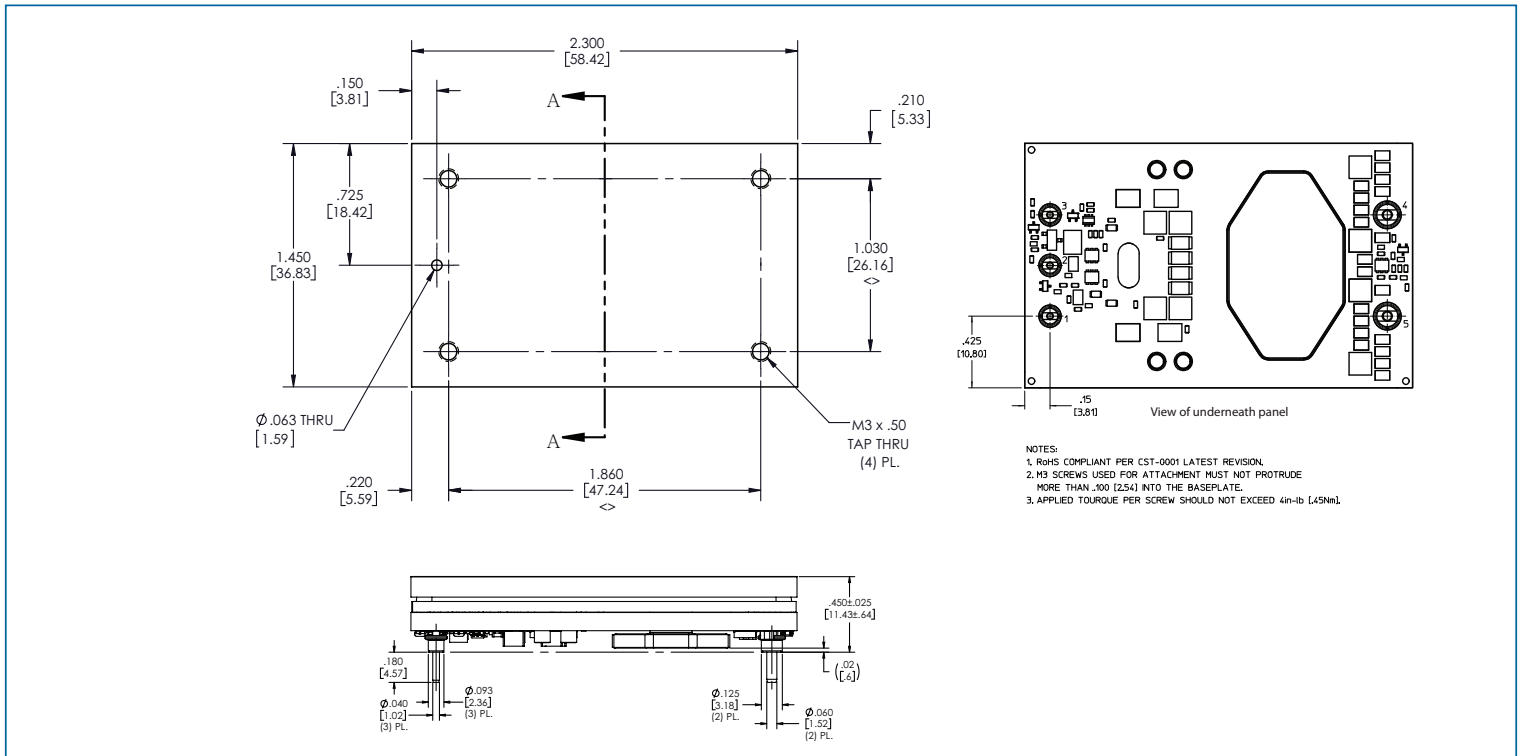


*Figure 32* — *IBC outline drawing - baseplate option*

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## MECHANICAL DRAWINGS
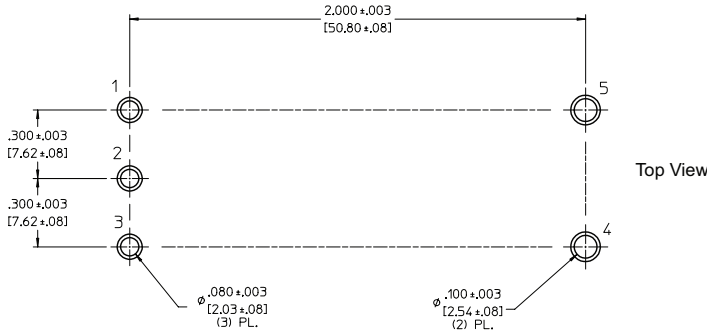
RECOMMENDED HOLE PATTERN



*Figure 33* — *IBC PCB recommended hole pattern*

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