

# 512MB – 64Mx72 DDR SDRAM UNBUFFERED ECC w/PLL

## FEATURES

- Double-data-rate architecture
- DDR200, DDR266, DDR300 and DDR400
  - JEDEC design specifications
- Bi-directional data strobes (DQS)
- Differential clock inputs (CK & CK#)
- Programmable Read Latency 2,2.5 (clock)
- Programmable Burst Length (2,4,8)
- Programmable Burst type (sequential & interleave)
- Edge aligned data output, center aligned data input
- Auto and self refresh
- Serial presence detect
- Power supply:
  - $V_{CC} = V_{CCQ} = +2.5V \pm 0.2V$  (100, 133 and 166MHz)
  - $V_{CC} = V_{CCQ} = +2.6V \pm 0.1V$  (200MHz)
- JEDEC standard 200 pin SO-DIMM package
  - Package height options:
    - AD4: 35.05 mm (1.38")
    - BD4: 31.75 mm (1.25")

## DESCRIPTION

The W3EG7266S is a 64Mx72 Double Data Rate SDRAM memory module based on 512Mb DDR SDRAM components. The module consists of nine 64Mx8 DDR SDRAMs in 66 pin TSOP packages mounted on a 200 pin FR4 substrate.

Synchronous design allows precise cycle control with the use of system clock. Data I/O transactions are possible on both edges and Burst Lengths allow the same device to be useful for a variety of high bandwidth, high performance memory system applications.

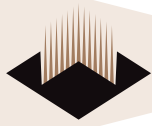
\* This data sheet describes a product that is not fully qualified or characterized and is subject to change without notice.

NOTE: Consult factory for availability of:

- Lead-Free Products
- Vendor source control options
- Industrial temperature options

## OPERATING FREQUENCIES

	DDR400@CL=3	DDR333@CL=2.5	DDR266@CL=2	DDR266@CL=2.5	DDR200@CL=2
Clock Speed	200MHz	166MHz	133MHz	133MHz	100MHz
CL-tRCD-tRP	3-3-3	2.5-3-3	2-2-2	2.5-3-3	2-2-2

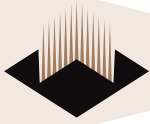


### PIN CONFIGURATION

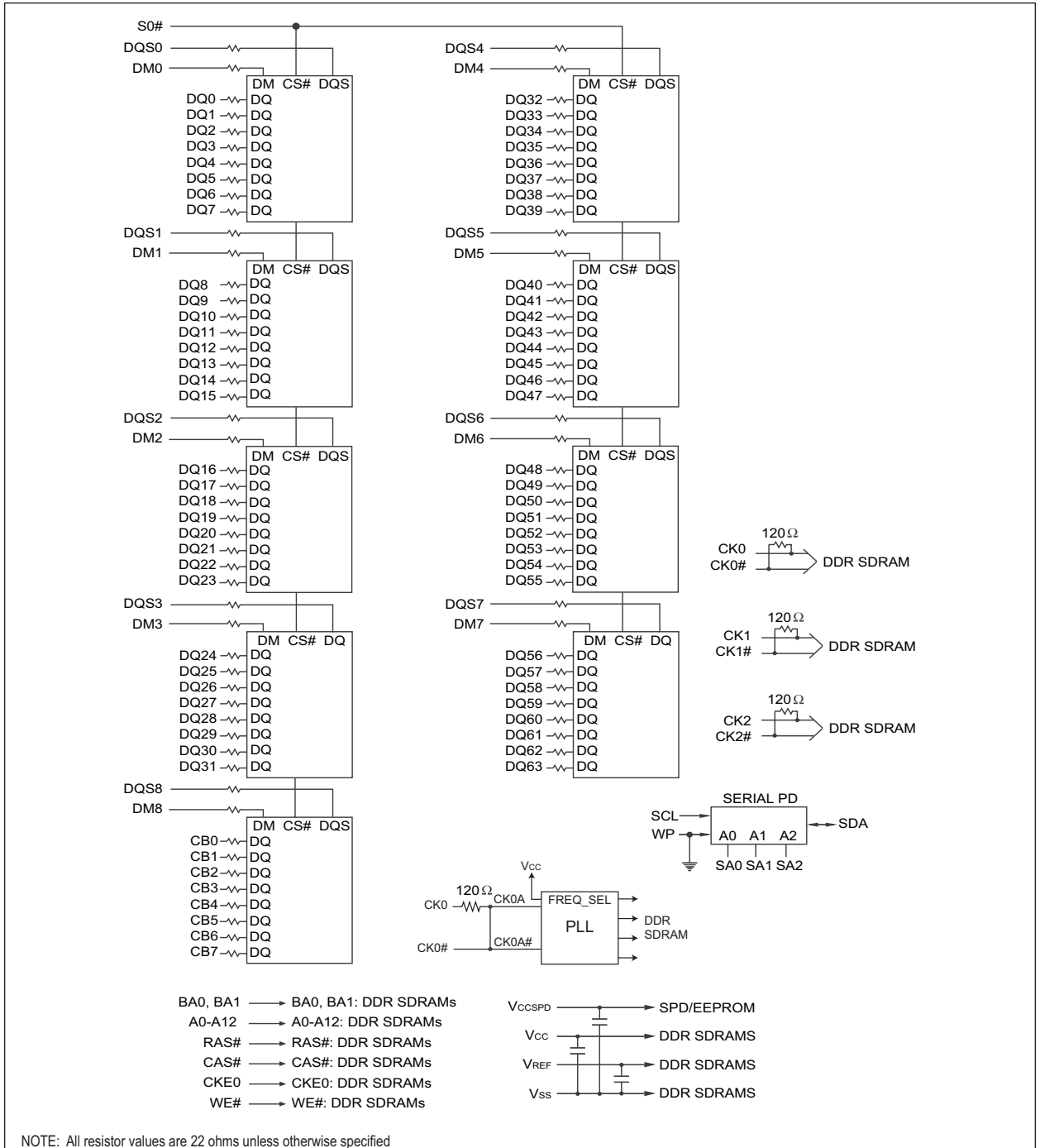
### PIN NAMES

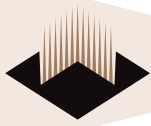
Pin	Symbol	Pin	Symbol	Pin	Symbol	Pin	Symbol
1	VREF	51	V <sub>SS</sub>	101	A9	151	DQ42
2	VREF	52	V <sub>SS</sub>	102	AB	152	DQ46
3	V <sub>SS</sub>	53	DQ19	103	V <sub>SS</sub>	153	DQ43
4	V <sub>SS</sub>	54	DQ23	104	V <sub>SS</sub>	154	DQ47
5	DQ0	55	DQ24	105	A7	155	V <sub>CC</sub>
6	DQ4	56	DQ28	106	A6	156	V <sub>CC</sub>
7	DQ1	57	V <sub>CC</sub>	107	A5	157	V <sub>CC</sub>
8	DQ5	58	V <sub>CC</sub>	108	A4	158	NC
9	V <sub>CC</sub>	59	DQ25	109	A3	159	V <sub>SS</sub>
10	V <sub>CC</sub>	60	DQ29	110	A2	160	NC
11	DQSO	61	DQS3	111	AL	161	V <sub>SS</sub>
12	DQMO	62	DQM3	112	AO	162	V <sub>SS</sub>
13	DQ2	63	V <sub>SS</sub>	113	V <sub>CC</sub>	163	DQ48
14	DQ6	64	V <sub>SS</sub>	114	V <sub>CC</sub>	164	DQ52
15	V <sub>SS</sub>	65	DQ26	115	A10/AP	165	DQ49
16	V <sub>SS</sub>	66	DQ30	116	BA1	166	DQ53
17	DQ3	67	DQ27	117	RAO	167	V <sub>CC</sub>
18	DQ7	68	DQ31	118	RAS#	168	V <sub>CC</sub>
19	DQ8	69	V <sub>CC</sub>	119	WE#	169	DQS6
20	DQ12	70	V <sub>CC</sub>	120	CAS#	170	DQM6
21	V <sub>CC</sub>	71	CBO	121	CS0	171	DQ50
22	V <sub>CC</sub>	72	CB4	122	NC	172	DQ54
23	DQ9	73	CB1	123	NC	173	V <sub>SS</sub>
24	DQ13	74	CB5	124	NC	174	V <sub>SS</sub>
25	DQS1	75	V <sub>SS</sub>	125	V <sub>SS</sub>	175	DQ51
26	DQM1	76	V <sub>SS</sub>	126	V <sub>SS</sub>	176	DQ55
27	V <sub>SS</sub>	77	DQS8	127	DQ32	177	DQ56
28	V <sub>SS</sub>	78	DQM8	128	DQ36	178	DQ60
29	DQ10	79	CB2	129	DQ33	179	V <sub>CC</sub>
30	DQ14	80	CB6	130	DQ37	180	V <sub>CC</sub>
31	DQ11	81	V <sub>CC</sub>	131	V <sub>CC</sub>	181	DQ57
32	DQ15	82	V <sub>CC</sub>	132	V <sub>CC</sub>	182	DQ61
33	V <sub>CC</sub>	83	CB3	133	DQS4	183	DQS7
34	V <sub>CC</sub>	84	CB7	134	DQM4	184	DQM7
35	CKO	85	NC	135	DQ34	185	V <sub>SS</sub>
36	V <sub>CC</sub>	86	NC	136	DQ38	186	V <sub>SS</sub>
37	CKO#	87	V <sub>SS</sub>	137	V <sub>SS</sub>	187	DQ58
38	V <sub>SS</sub>	88	V <sub>SS</sub>	138	V <sub>SS</sub>	188	DQ62
39	V <sub>SS</sub>	89	NC	139	DQ35	189	DQ59
40	V <sub>SS</sub>	90	V <sub>SS</sub>	140	DQ39	190	DQ63
41	DQ16	91	NC	141	DQ40	191	V <sub>CC</sub>
42	DQ20	92	V <sub>CC</sub>	142	DQ44	192	V <sub>CC</sub>
43	DQ17	93	V <sub>CC</sub>	143	V <sub>CC</sub>	193	SDA
44	DQ21	94	V <sub>CC</sub>	144	V <sub>CC</sub>	194	SA0
45	V <sub>CC</sub>	95	NC	145	DQ41	195	SCL
46	V <sub>CC</sub>	96	CKEO	146	DQ45	196	SA1
47	DQS2	97	NC	147	DQS5	197	V <sub>CCSPD</sub>
48	DQM2	98	NC	148	DQM5	198	SA2
49	DQ18	99	A12	149	V <sub>SS</sub>	199	V <sub>CCID</sub>
50	DQ22	100	ALL	150	V <sub>SS</sub>	200	NC

A0 – A12	Address input (Multiplexed)
BA0-BA1	Bank Select Address
DQ0-DQ63	Data Input/Output
CB0-CB7	Check bits
DQS0-DQS8	Data Strobe Input/Output
CK0	Clock Input
CK0#	Clock input
CKE0	Clock Enable input
CS0#	Chip select Input
RAS#	Row Address Strobe
CAS#	Column Address Strobe
WE#	Write Enable
DQM0-DQM8	Data-In Mask
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
VREF	Power Supply for Reference
V <sub>CCSPD</sub>	Serial EEPROM Power Supply
SDA	Serial data I/O
SCL	Serial clock
SA0-SA2	Address in EEPROM
V <sub>CCID</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Identification Flag
NC	No Connect



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM





**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.5 ~ 3.6	V
Voltage on V <sub>CC</sub> supply relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>CCQ</sub>	-1.0 ~ 3.6	V
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 ~ +150	°C
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	9	W
Short Circuit Current	I <sub>OS</sub>	50	mA

Note:  
 Permanent device damage may occur if "ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS" are exceeded.  
 Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.  
 Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

**DC CHARACTERISTICS**

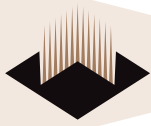
0°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 70°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.3	2.7	V
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CCQ</sub>	2.3	2.7	V
Reference Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	1.15	1.35	V
Termination Voltage	V <sub>TT</sub>	1.15	1.35	V
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.15	V <sub>CCQ</sub> + 0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3	V <sub>REF</sub> - 0.15	V
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>TT</sub> + 0.76	—	V
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	—	V <sub>TT</sub> - 0.76	V

**CAPACITANCE**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1MHz, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2V

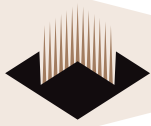
Parameter	Symbol	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance (A0-A12)	C <sub>IN1</sub>	29	pF
Input Capacitance (RAS#,CAS#,WE#)	C <sub>IN2</sub>	29	pF
Input Capacitance (CKE0,CKE1)	C <sub>IN3</sub>	29	pF
Input Capacitance (CK0,CK0#)	C <sub>IN4</sub>	5.5	pF
Input Capacitance (CS0#,CS1#)	C <sub>IN5</sub>	29	pF
Input Capacitance (DQM0-DQM8)	C <sub>IN6</sub>	8	pF
Input Capacitance (BA0-BA1)	C <sub>IN7</sub>	29	pF
Data input/output Capacitance (DQ0-DQ63)(DQS)	C <sub>OUT</sub>	8	pF
Data input/output Capacitance (CB0-CB7)	C <sub>OUT</sub>	8	pF



## I<sub>DD</sub> SPECIFICATIONS AND TEST CONDITIONS

0°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 70°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CCQ</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2V (100, 133, 166MHz), V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CCQ</sub> = +2.6V ± 0.1V (200MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	DDR400@ CL=3	DDR333@ CL=2.5	DDR266@ CL=2, 2.5	DDR200@ CL=2	Units
			Max	Max	Max	Max	
Operating Current	I <sub>DD0</sub>	One device bank; Active - Precharge; (MIN); DQ,DM and DQS inputs changing once per clock cycle; Address and control inputs changing once every two cycles. T <sub>RC</sub> =T <sub>RC</sub> (MIN); T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub>	1670	1445	1445	1445	mA
Operating Current	I <sub>DD1</sub>	One device bank; Active-Read-Precharge; Burst = 2; T <sub>RC</sub> =T <sub>RC</sub> (MIN); T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA; Address and control inputs changing once per clock cycle.	1940	1715	1715	1715	mA
Precharge Power-Down Standby Current	I <sub>DD2P</sub>	All device banks idle; Power-down mode; T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); CKE=(low)	45	45	45	45	mA
Idle Standby Current	I <sub>DD2F</sub>	CS# = High; All device banks idle; T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); CKE = high; Address and other control inputs changing once per clock cycle. V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> for DQ, DQS and DM.	770	680	680	680	mA
Active Power-Down Standby Current	I <sub>DD3P</sub>	One device bank active; Power-down mode; T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); CKE=(low)	405	315	315	315	mA
Active Standby Current	I <sub>DD3N</sub>	CS# = High; CKE = High; One device bank; Active-Precharge; T <sub>RC</sub> =T <sub>RC</sub> (MAX); T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); DQ, DM and DQS inputs changing twice per clock cycle; Address and other control inputs changing once per clock cycle.	815	725	725	725	mA
Operating Current	I <sub>DD4R</sub>	Burst = 2; Reads; Continuous burst; One device bank active; Address and control inputs changing once per clock cycle; T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA.	1985	1760	1760	1760	mA
Operating Current	I <sub>DD4W</sub>	Burst = 2; Writes; Continuous burst; One device bank active; Address and control inputs changing once per clock cycle; T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); DQ,DM and DQS inputs changing twice per clock cycle.	2030	1850	1670	1670	mA
Auto Refresh Current	I <sub>DD5</sub>	T <sub>RC</sub> =T <sub>RC</sub> (MIN)	3360	2885	2885	2885	mA
Self Refresh Current	I <sub>DD6</sub>	CKE ≤ 0.2V	320	320	320	320	mA
Operating Current	I <sub>DD7A</sub>	Four bank interleaving Reads (BL=4) with auto precharge with T <sub>RC</sub> =T <sub>RC</sub> (MIN); T <sub>CK</sub> =T <sub>CK</sub> (MIN); Address and control inputs change only during Active Read or Write commands	4325	3875	3875	3875	mA



**DETAILED TEST CONDITIONS FOR DDR SDRAM I<sub>DD1</sub> & I<sub>DD7A</sub>**

**I<sub>DD1</sub> : OPERATING CURRENT : ONE BANK**

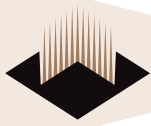
1. Typical Case :  $V_{CC}=2.5V$ ,  $T=25^{\circ}C$
2. Worst Case :  $V_{CC}=2.7V$ ,  $T=10^{\circ}C$
3. Only one bank is accessed with  $t_{RC}$  (min), Burst Mode, Address and Control inputs on NOP edge are changing once per clock cycle.  $I_{OUT} = 0mA$
4. Timing Patterns :
  - DDR200 (100 MHz, CL=2) :  $t_{CK}=10ns$ , CL2, BL=4,  $t_{RCD}=2*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RAS}=5*t_{CK}$   
Read : A0 N R0 N N P0 N A0 N - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 50% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR266 (133MHz, CL=2.5) :  $t_{CK}=7.5ns$ , CL=2.5, BL=4,  $t_{RCD}=3*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RC}=9*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RAS}=5*t_{CK}$   
Read : A0 N N R0 N P0 N N N A0 N - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 50% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR266 (133MHz, CL=2) :  $t_{CK}=7.5ns$ , CL=2, BL=4,  $t_{RCD}=3*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RC}=9*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RAS}=5*t_{CK}$   
Read : A0 N N R0 N P0 N N N A0 N - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 50% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR333 (166MHz, CL=2.5) :  $t_{CK}=6ns$ , BL=4,  $t_{RCD}=10*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RAS}=7*t_{CK}$   
Read : A0 N N R0 N P0 N N N A0 N - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 50% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR400 (200MHz, CL=3) :  $t_{CK}=5ns$ , BL=4,  $t_{RCD}=15*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RAS}=7*t_{CK}$   
Read : A0 N N R0 N P0 N N N A0 N - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 50% of data changing at every burst

**I<sub>DD7A</sub> : OPERATING CURRENT : FOUR BANKS**

1. Typical Case :  $V_{CC}=2.5V$ ,  $T=25^{\circ}C$
2. Worst Case :  $V_{CC}=2.7V$ ,  $T=10^{\circ}C$
3. Four banks are being interleaved with  $t_{RC}$  (min), Burst Mode, Address and Control inputs on NOP edge are not changing.  $I_{OUT}=0mA$
4. Timing Patterns :
  - DDR200 (100 MHz, CL=2) :  $t_{CK}=10ns$ , CL2, BL=4,  $t_{RRD}=2*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RCD}=3*t_{CK}$ , Read with Autoprecharge  
Read : A0 N A1 R0 A2 R1 A3 R2 A0 R3 A1 R0 - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 100% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR266 (133MHz, CL=2.5) :  $t_{CK}=7.5ns$ , CL=2.5, BL=4,  $t_{RRD}=3*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RCD}=3*t_{CK}$   
Read with Autoprecharge  
Read : A0 N A1 R0 A2 R1 A3 R2 N R3 A0 N A1 R0 - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 100% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR266 (133MHz, CL=2) :  $t_{CK}=7.5ns$ , CL2=2, BL=4,  $t_{RRD}=2*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RCD}=2*t_{CK}$   
Read : A0 N A1 R0 A2 R1 A3 R2 N R3 A0 N A1 R0 - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 100% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR333 (166MHz, CL=2.5) :  $t_{CK}=6ns$ , BL=4,  $t_{RRD}=3*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RCD}=3*t_{CK}$ , Read with Autoprecharge  
Read : A0 N A1 R0 A2 R1 A3 R2 N R3 A0 N A1 R0 - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 100% of data changing at every burst
  - DDR400 (200MHz, CL=3) :  $t_{CK}=5ns$ , BL=4,  $t_{RRD}=10*t_{CK}$ ,  $t_{RCD}=15*t_{CK}$ , Read with Autoprecharge  
Read : A0 N A1 R0 A2 R1 A3 R2 N R3 A0 N A1 R0 - repeat the same timing with random address changing; 100% of data changing at every burst

Legend : A = Activate, R = Read, W = Write, P = Precharge, N = NOP

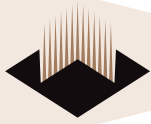
A (0-3) = Activate Bank 0-3  
R (0-3) = Read Bank 0-3



**DDR SDRAM COMPONENT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED  
AC OPERATING CONDITIONS**

DDR400:  $V_{CC} = V_{CCQ} = +2.6V \pm 0.1V$

AC CHARACTERISTICS		403		335		262		265		202				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES	
Access window of DQs from CK/CK#	t <sub>AC</sub>	-0.7	+0.7	-0.7	+0.7	-0.75	+0.75	-0.75	0.75	-0.8	0.8	ns		
CK high-level width	t <sub>CH</sub>	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	t <sub>CK</sub>	25	
CK low-level width	t <sub>CL</sub>	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	0.45	0.55	t <sub>CK</sub>	25	
Clock cycle time	CL = 3	t <sub>CK(3)</sub>	5	7.5	6	13	7.5	13	7.5	13	8	13	ns	38, 43
	CL = 2.5	t <sub>CK(2.5)</sub>	6	13	7.5	13	7.5	13	7.5/10	13	10	13	ns	38, 43
	CL = 2	t <sub>CK(2)</sub>	7.5	13									ns	37, 42
DQ and DM input hold time relative to DQS	t <sub>DH</sub>	0.4		0.45		0.5			0.6			ns	22, 26	
DQ and DM input setup time relative to DQS	t <sub>DS</sub>	0.4		0.45		0.5			0.6			ns	22, 26	
DQ and DM input pulse width (for each input)	t <sub>DIPW</sub>	1.75		1.75		1.75			2			ns	26	
Access window of DQS from CK/CK#	t <sub>DQsCK</sub>	-0.6	+0.6	-0.60	+0.60	-0.75	+0.75	+0.75	-0.8	+0.8		ns		
DQS input high pulse width	t <sub>DQSH</sub>	0.35		0.35		0.35			0.35			t <sub>CK</sub>		
DQS input low pulse width	t <sub>DQSL</sub>	0.35		0.35		0.35			0.35			t <sub>CK</sub>		
DQS-DQ skew, DQS to last DQ valid, per group, per access	t <sub>DQsQ</sub>		0.40		0.45		0.5		0.5		0.6	ns	22	
Write command to first DQS latching transition	t <sub>DQSS</sub>	0.72	1.28	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	0.75	1.25	t <sub>CK</sub>		
DQS falling edge to CK rising - setup time	t <sub>DSS</sub>	0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		t <sub>CK</sub>		
DQS falling edge from CK rising - hold time	t <sub>DSh</sub>	0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		0.2		t <sub>CK</sub>		
Half clock period	t <sub>HP</sub>		t <sub>CH,tCL</sub>		t <sub>CH,tCL</sub>		t <sub>CH,tCL</sub>		t <sub>CH,tCL</sub>		t <sub>CH,tCL</sub>	ns	29	
Data-out high-impedance window from CK/CK#	t <sub>HZ</sub>		+0.70		+0.70		+0.75		+0.75		+0.8	ns	16, 35	
Data-out low-impedance window from CK/CK#	t <sub>LZ</sub>	-0.70		-0.70		-0.75		-0.75		-0.8		ns	16, 35	
Address and control input hold time (1 V/ns)	t <sub>HF</sub>	0.6		0.75		0.90		0.90	1.1	ns	12	ns	12	
Address and control input setup time (1 V/ns)	t <sub>SF</sub>	0.6		0.75		0.90		0.90		1.1		ns	12	
Address and control input hold time (0.5 V/ns)	t <sub>HS</sub>	0.6		0.80		1		1		1.1		ns	12	
Address and control input setup time (0.5 V/ns)	t <sub>SS</sub>	0.6		0.80		1		1		1.1		ns	12	
Address and Control input pulse width (for each input)	t <sub>IPW</sub>	2.20		2.2		2.2		2.2		2.2		ns		
LOAD MODE REGISTER command cycle time	t <sub>MRD</sub>	2		12		15		15		16		ns		
DQ-DQS hold, DQS to first DQ to go non-valid, per access	t <sub>QH</sub>	t <sub>HP</sub> - t <sub>QHS</sub>		t <sub>HP</sub> - t <sub>QHS</sub>		t <sub>HP</sub> - t <sub>QHS</sub>		t <sub>HP</sub> - t <sub>QHS</sub>		t <sub>HP</sub> - t <sub>QHS</sub>		ns	22	
Data hold skew factor	t <sub>QHS</sub>		0.50		0.60		0.75		0.75		1	ns		
ACTIVE to PRECHARGE command	t <sub>RAS</sub>	40	70,000	42	70,000	40	120,000	40	120,000	40	120,000	ns	30	
ACTIVE to READ with Auto precharge command	t <sub>RAP</sub>	15		15		15		20		20		ns		
ACTIVE to ACTIVE/AUTO REFRESH command period	t <sub>RC</sub>	55		60		60		65		70		ns		
AUTO REFRESH command period	t <sub>RFC</sub>	70		72		75		72		75		ns	41	
ACTIVE to READ or WRITE delay	t <sub>RCD</sub>	15		15		15		20		20		ns		
PRECHARGE command period	t <sub>RP</sub>	15		15		15		20		20		ns		
DQS read preamble	t <sub>RPRE</sub>	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	t <sub>CK</sub>	36	
DQS read postamble	t <sub>RPST</sub>	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	t <sub>CK</sub>	36	
ACTIVE bank a to ACTIVE bank b command	t <sub>RRD</sub>	10		12		15		15		15		ns		
DQS write preamble	t <sub>WPRES</sub>	0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		0.25		t <sub>CK</sub>		
DQS write preamble setup time	t <sub>WPRES</sub>	0		0		0		0		0		ns	17, 19	

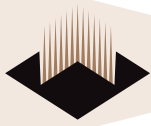


DDR SDRAM COMPONENT ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED  
AC OPERATING CONDITIONS (Continued)

DDR400: Vcc = Vccq = +2.6V ± 0.1V

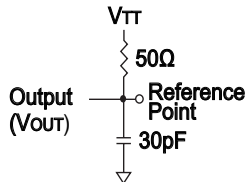
AC CHARACTERISTICS		403		355		262		265		202			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
DQS write postamble	tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tck	17
Write recovery time	tWR	15		15		15		15		15		ns	
Internal WRITE to READ command delay	tWTR	2		1		1		1		1		tck	
Data valid output window	na	tqH - tDQSQ		tqH - tDQSQ		tqH - tDQSQ		tqH - tDQSQ		tqH - tDQSQ		ns	22
REFRESH to REFRESH command interval	tREFC		70.3		70.3		70.3		70.3		70.3	µs	21
Average periodic refresh interval	tREFI		7.8		7.8		7.8		7.8		7.8	µs	21
Terminating voltage delay to Vcc	tVTD	0		0		0		0		0		ns	
Exit SELF REFRESH to non-READ command	tXSNR	75		75		75		75		80		ns	
Exit SELF REFRESH to READ command	tXSRD	200		200		200		200		200		tck	





### Notes

1. All voltages referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>.
2. Tests for AC timing, I<sub>DD</sub>, and electrical AC and DC characteristics may be conducted at nominal reference/supply voltage levels, but the related specifications and device operation are guaranteed for the full voltage range specified.
3. Outputs measured with equivalent load:

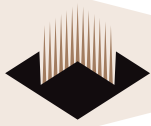


4. AC timing and I<sub>DD</sub> tests may use a V<sub>IL</sub>-to-V<sub>IH</sub> swing of up to 1.5V in the test environment, but input timing is still referenced to V<sub>REF</sub> (or to the crossing point for CK/CK#), and parameter specifications are guaranteed for the specified AC input levels under normal use conditions. The mini-mum slew rate for the input signals used to test the device is 1V/ns in the range between V<sub>IL</sub>(AC) and V<sub>IH</sub>(AC).
5. The AC and DC input level specifications are as defined in the SSTL\_2 Standard (i.e., the receiver will effectively switch as a result of the signal crossing the AC input level, and will remain in that state as long as the signal does not ring back above [below] the DC input LOW [HIGH] level).
6. V<sub>REF</sub> is expected to equal V<sub>CCQ2</sub> of the transmitting device and to track variations in the DC level of the same. Peak-to-peak noise (non-common mode) on V<sub>REF</sub> may not exceed ±2 percent of the DC value. Thus, from V<sub>CCQ2</sub>, V<sub>REF</sub> is allowed ±25mV for DC error and an additional ±25mV for AC noise. This measurement is to be taken at the nearest V<sub>REF</sub> bypass capacitor.
7. V<sub>TT</sub> is not applied directly to the device. V<sub>TT</sub> is a system supply for signal termination resistors, is expected to be set equal to V<sub>REF</sub> and must track variations in the DC level of V<sub>REF</sub>.
8. I<sub>DD</sub> is dependent on output loading and cycle rates. Specified values are obtained with mini-mum cycle time at CL = 2 for 262 and 202, CL = 2.5 for 265, 335 and CL = 3 for 403 with the outputs open.
9. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.
10. I<sub>DD</sub> specifications are tested after the device is properly initialized, and is averaged at the defined cycle rate.
11. This parameter is sampled. V<sub>CC</sub> = +2.5V ±0.2V, V<sub>CCQ</sub> = +2.5V ±0.2V, V<sub>REF</sub> = V<sub>SS</sub>, f = 100 MHz, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>OUT</sub> (DC) = V<sub>CCQ2</sub>, V<sub>OUT</sub> (peak to peak) = 0.2V. DM input is grouped with I/O pins, reflecting the fact that they are matched in loading.
12. For slew rates < 1 V/ns and ≥ to 0.5 V/ns. If the slew rate is < 0.5V/ns, timing must be derated: t<sub>is</sub> has an additional 50ps per each 100 mV/ns reduction in slew rate from 500 mV/ns, while t<sub>ih</sub> is unaffected. If the slew rate exceeds 4.5 V/ns, functionality is uncertain. For 335, slew rates must be 0.5 V/ns.
13. The CK/CK# input reference level (for timing referenced to CK/CK#) is the point at which CK and CK# cross; the input reference level for signals other than CK/CK# is V<sub>REF</sub>.
14. Inputs are not recognized as valid until V<sub>REF</sub> stabilizes. Exception: during the period before V<sub>REF</sub> stabilizes, CKE < 0.3 x V<sub>CC0</sub> is recognized as LOW.
15. The output timing reference level, as measured at the timing reference point indicated in Note 3, is V<sub>TT</sub>.
16. t<sub>HZ</sub> and t<sub>LZ</sub> transitions occur in the same access time windows as data valid transitions. These parameters are not referenced to a specific voltage level, but specify when the device output is no longer driving (HZ) or begins driving (LZ).

17. The intent of the Don't Care state after completion of the postamble is the DQS-driven signal should either be high, low, or high-Z and that any signal transition within the input switching region must follow valid input requirements. That is, if DQS transitions high [above V<sub>IHDC</sub> (MIN)] then it must not transition low (below V<sub>IHDC</sub>) prior to t<sub>DQSH</sub> (MIN).
18. This is not a device limit. The device will operate with a negative value, but system performance could be degraded due to bus turnaround.
19. It is recommended that DQS be valid (HIGH or LOW) on or before the WRITE command. The case shown (DQS going from High-Z to logic LOW) applies when no WRITES were previously in progress on the bus. If a previous WRITE was in progress, DQS could be HIGH during this time, depending on t<sub>DQSS</sub>.
20. MIN (t<sub>RC</sub> or t<sub>RF</sub>) for I<sub>DD</sub> measurements is the smallest multiple of t<sub>CK</sub> that meets the minimum absolute value for the respective parameter. t<sub>RAS</sub> (MAX) for I<sub>DD</sub> measurements is the largest multiple of t<sub>CK</sub> that meets the maximum absolute value for t<sub>RAS</sub>.
21. The refresh period 64ms. This equates to an average refresh rate of 7.8125μs. However, an AUTO REFRESH command must be as-erted at least once every 70.3μs; burst refreshing or posting by the DRAM controller greater than eight refresh cycles is not allowed.
22. The data valid window is derived by achieving other specifications: t<sub>HP</sub> (t<sub>CK2</sub>), t<sub>DQSO</sub>, and t<sub>QH</sub> (t<sub>QH</sub> = t<sub>HP</sub> - t<sub>QHS</sub>). The data valid window derates directly proportional with the clock duty cycle and a practical data valid window can be derived. The clock is allowed a maximum duty cycle variation of 45/55, beyond which functionality is uncertain.
23. Each byte lane has a corresponding DQS.
24. This limit is actually a nominal value and does not result in a fail value. CKE is HIGH during REFRESH command period (t<sub>RC</sub> [MIN]) else CKE is LOW (i.e., during standby).
25. To maintain a valid level, the transitioning edge of the input must:
  - a. Sustain a constant slew rate from the current AC level through to the target AC level, V<sub>IL</sub>(AC) or V<sub>IH</sub>(AC).
  - b. Reach at least the target AC level.
  - c. After the AC target level is reached, continue to maintain at least the target DC level, V<sub>IL</sub>(DC) or V<sub>IH</sub>(DC).
26. JEDEC specifies CK and CK# input slew rate must be ≥ 1V/ns (2V/ns differentially).
27. DQ and DM input slew rates must not deviate from DQS by more than 10 percent. If the DQ/ DM/DQS slew rate is less than 0.5 V/ns, timing must be derated: 50ps must be added to t<sub>DS</sub> and t<sub>DH</sub> for each 100 mV/ns reduction in slew rate. If slew rate exceeds 4 V/ns, functionality is uncertain. For 403, slew rates must be ≥ 0.5 V/ns.
28. V<sub>CC</sub> must not vary more than 4 percent if CKE is not active while any bank is active.
29. The clock is allowed up to ±150ps of jitter. Each timing parameter is allowed to vary by the same amount.
30. t<sub>HP</sub> min is the lesser of t<sub>CL</sub> minimum and t<sub>CH</sub> minimum actually applied to the device CK and CK/ inputs, collectively during bank active.
31. READs and WRITEs with auto precharge are not allowed to be issued until t<sub>RAS</sub>(MIN) can be satisfied prior to the internal precharge command being issued.
32. Any positive glitch in the nominal voltage must be less than 1/3 of the clock and not more than +400mV or 2.9V maximum, whichever is less. Any negative glitch must be less than 1/3 of the clock cycle and not exceed either -300mV or 2.2V mini-mum, whichever is more positive.



33. The voltage levels used are derived from a minimum  $V_{CC}$  level and the referenced test load. In practice, the voltage levels obtained from a properly terminated bus will provide significantly different voltage values.
34.  $V_{IH}$  overshoot:  $V_{IH} (MAX) = V_{CCQ} + 1.5V$  for a pulse width  $< 3ns$  and the pulse width can not be greater than 1/3 of the cycle rate.  $V_{IL}$  undershoot:  $V_{IL} (MIN) = -1.5V$  for a pulse width  $\leq 3ns$  and the pulse width can not be greater than 1/3 of the cycle rate.
35.  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{CCQ}$  must track each other.
36.  $t_{HZ} (MAX)$  will prevail over  $t_{DQSK} (MAX) + t_{RPST} (MAX)$  condition.  $t_{LZ} (MIN)$  will prevail over  $t_{DQSK} (MIN) + t_{RPRE} (MAX)$  condition.
37.  $t_{RPST}$  end point and  $t_{RPRE}$  begin point are not referenced to a specific voltage level but specify when the device output is no longer driving ( $t_{RPST}$ ), or begins driving ( $t_{RPRE}$ ).
38. During initialization,  $V_{CCQ}$ ,  $V_{TT}$ , and  $V_{REF}$  must be equal to or less than  $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ . Alternatively,  $V_{TT}$  may be 1.35V maximum during power up, even if  $V_{CC}/V_{CCQ}$  are 0V, provided a minimum of 42  $\Omega$  of series resistance is used between the  $V_{TT}$  supply and the input pin.
39. The current part operates below the slowest JEDEC operating frequency of 83 MHz. As such, future die may not reflect this option.
40. Random addressing changing and 50 percent of data changing at every transfer.
41. Random addressing changing and 100 percent of data changing at every transfer.
42.  $CKE$  must be active (high) during the entire time a refresh command is executed. That is, from the time the  $AUTO REFRESH$  command is registered,  $CKE$  must be active at each rising clock edge, until  $t_{REF}$  later.
43.  $l_{DD2N}$  specifies the  $DQ$ ,  $DQS$ , and  $DM$  to be driven to a valid high or low logic level.  $l_{DD2Q}$  is similar to  $l_{DD2F}$  except  $l_{DD2Q}$  specifies the address and control inputs to remain stable. Although  $l_{DD2F}$ ,  $l_{DD2N}$ , and  $l_{DD2Q}$  are similar,  $l_{DD2F}$  is "worst case."
44. Whenever the operating frequency is altered, not including jitter, the  $DLL$  is required to be reset. This is followed by 200 clock cycles (before  $READ$  commands).
45. Leakage number reflects the worst case leakage possible through the module pin, not what each memory device contributes.
46. When an input signal is HIGH or LOW, it is defined as a steady state logic HIGH or LOW.
47. The 403 speed grade will operate with  $t_{RAS} (MIN) = 40ns$  and  $t_{RAS} (MAX) = 120,000ns$  at any slower frequency.



## ORDERING INFORMATION FOR BD4

Part Number	Speed	Height*	Commercial Operating Range
W3EG7266S403BD4	200MHz/400Mbps, CL=3	31.75 (1.25")	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S335BD4	166MHz/333Mbps, CL=2.5	31.75 (1.25")	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S262BD4	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2	31.75 (1.25")	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S265BD4	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2.5	31.75 (1.25")	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S202BD4	100MHz/200Mbps, CL=2	31.75 (1.25")	0°C to 70°C

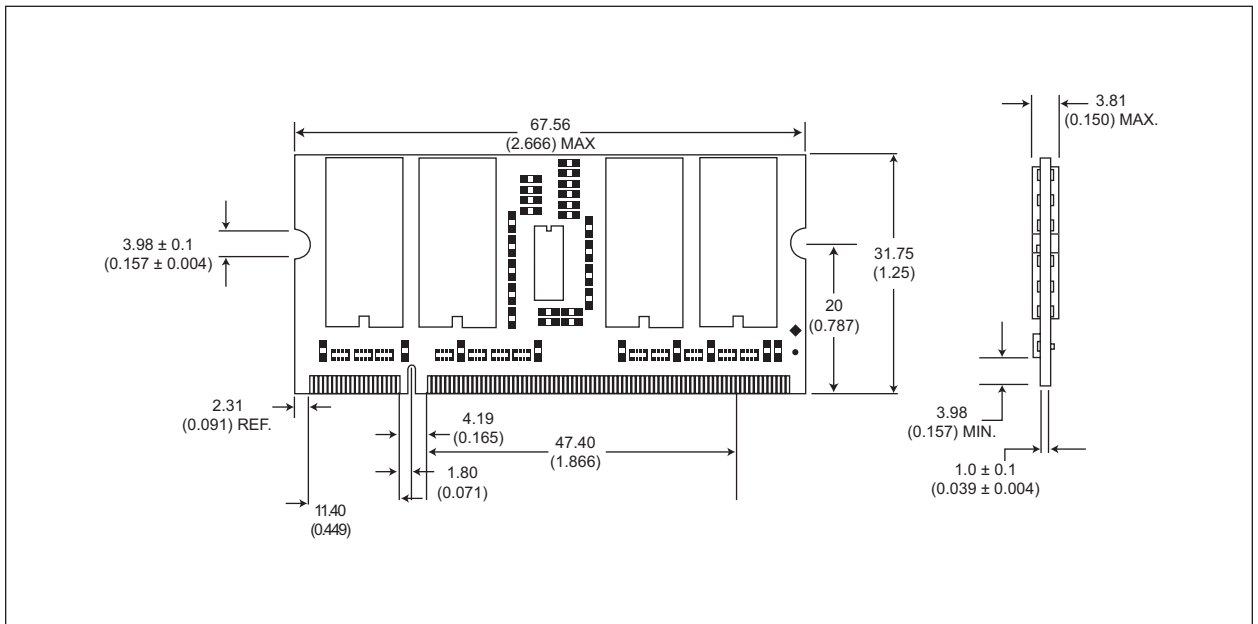
## INDUSTRIAL

Part Number	Speed	Height*	Industrial Operating Range
W3EG7266S403BD4I	200MHz/400Mbps, CL=3	31.75 (1.25")	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S335BD4I	166MHz/333Mbps, CL=2.5	31.75 (1.25")	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S262BD4I	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2	31.75 (1.25")	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S265BD4I	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2.5	31.75 (1.25")	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S202BD4I	100MHz/200Mbps, CL=2	31.75 (1.25")	-40°C to 85°C

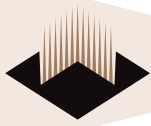
### NOTES:

- Consult Factory for availability of Lead-Free products. (F = Lead-Free, G = RoHS Compliant)
- Product specific part numbers are available for source control if needed, please consult factory for the correct part number if a specific component vendor is preferred.
- Consult factory for availability of industrial temperature (-40°C to 85°C) option

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS FOR BD4



\* ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)



## ORDERING INFORMATION FOR AD4

Part Number	Speed	Height*	Commercial Operating Range
W3EG7266S403AD4	200MHz/400Mbps, CL=3	35.05 (1.38") MAX	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S335AD4	166MHz/333Mbps, CL=2.5	35.05 (1.38") MAX	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S262AD4	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2	35.05 (1.38") MAX	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S265AD4	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2.5	35.05 (1.38") MAX	0°C to 70°C
W3EG7266S202AD4	100MHz/200Mbps, CL=2	35.05 (1.38") MAX	0°C to 70°C

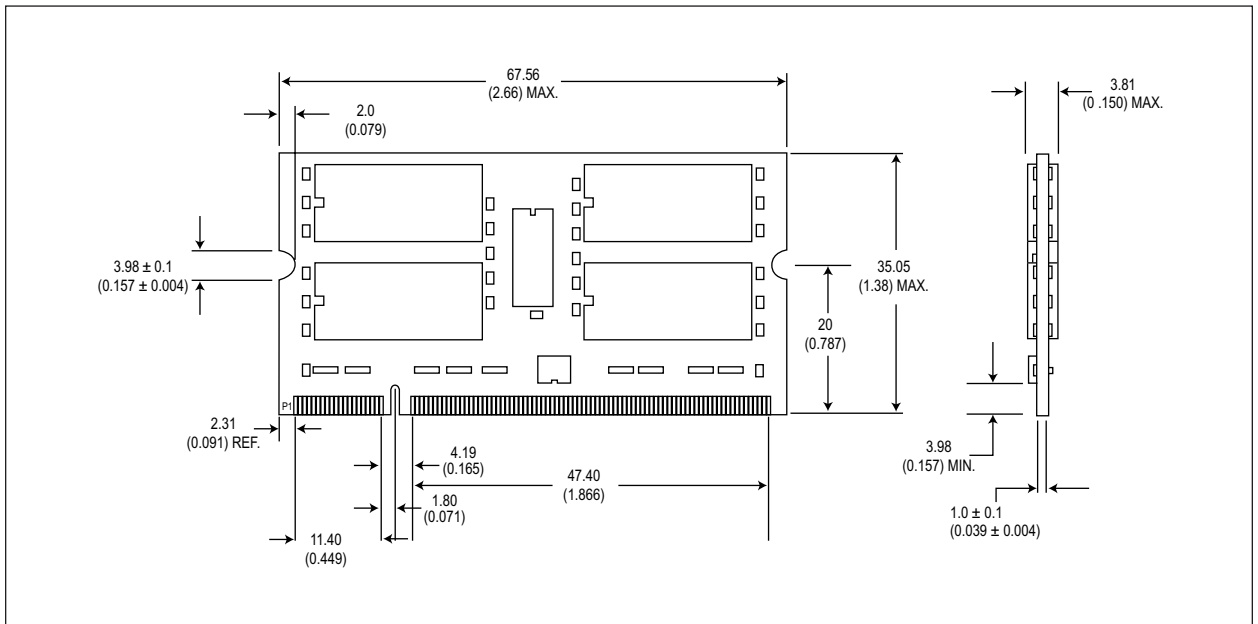
## INDUSTRIAL

Part Number	Speed	Height*	Industrial Operating Range
W3EG7266S403AD4I	200MHz/400Mbps, CL=3	35.05 (1.38") MAX	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S335AD4I	166MHz/333Mbps, CL=2.5	35.05 (1.38") MAX	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S262AD4I	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2	35.05 (1.38") MAX	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S265AD4I	133MHz/266Mbps, CL=2.5	35.05 (1.38") MAX	-40°C to 85°C
W3EG7266S202AD4I	100MHz/200Mbps, CL=2	35.05 (1.38") MAX	-40°C to 85°C

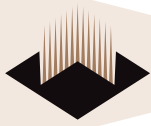
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## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS FOR AD4



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### Document Title

512MB – 64Mx72, DDR, SDRAM Unbuffered ECC, w/PLL

### Revision History

Rev #	History	Release Date	Status
Rev 0	Initial Release	1-31-02	Advanced
Rev 1	1.1 Page 1 add "PLL" 1.2 Page 5 add new table	10-10-02	Advanced
Rev 2	1.1 Add 333MHz	3-5-03	Advanced
Rev 3	1.1 Added "BD4" package option/correction	2-27-04	Preliminary
Rev 4	1.1 BD4 module dimensions corrected 1.2 AD4 module dimensions corrected 1.3 Removed "ED" from part number	5-04	Preliminary
Rev 5	1.0 Added Industrial Temp Spec	7-04	Preliminary
Rev 6	1.0 Added 400MHz	9-04	Preliminary
Rev 7	1.0 Added 400 MHz I <sub>DD</sub> Specs	10-4	Preliminary