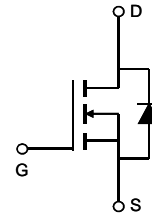


General Description

The AOK18N65 is fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications. By providing low $R_{DS(on)}$, C_{iss} and C_{rss} along with guaranteed avalanche capability this part can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

Features

| | |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| V_{DS} | 750V@150°C |
| I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$) | 18A |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$) | < 0.39Ω |



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | AOK18N65 | Units |
|--|----------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 650 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ±30 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current | I_D | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 18 |
| | | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | 12 |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^C | I_{DM} | 80 | A |
| Avalanche Current ^C | I_{AR} | 6.3 | A |
| Repetitive avalanche energy ^C | E_{AR} | 595 | mJ |
| Single pulsed avalanche energy ^G | E_{AS} | 1190 | mJ |
| Peak diode recovery dv/dt | dv/dt | 5 | V/ns |
| Power Dissipation ^B | P_D | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ | 417 |
| | | Derate above 25°C | 3.3 |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | °C |
| Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds | T_L | 300 | °C |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | AOK18N65 | Units |
|--|-----------------|----------|-------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D} | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 40 | °C/W |
| Maximum Case-to-sink ^A | $R_{\theta CS}$ | 0.5 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 0.3 | °C/W |

Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25°C unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|------------------------------------|--|--|------|------|------|-------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV _{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =25°C | 650 | | | V |
| | | I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V, T _J =150°C | | 750 | | |
| BV _{DSS} /ΔT _J | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | I _D =250μA, V _{GS} =0V | | 0.7 | | V/°C |
| I _{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | V _{DS} =650V, V _{GS} =0V | | | 1 | μA |
| | | V _{DS} =520V, T _J =125°C | | | 10 | |
| I _{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} =±30V | | | ±100 | nA |
| V _{GS(th)} | Gate Threshold Voltage | V _{DS} =5V, I _D =250μA | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.5 | V |
| R _{DS(on)} | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | V _{GS} =10V, I _D =9A | | 0.32 | 0.39 | Ω |
| g _{FS} | Forward Transconductance | V _{DS} =40V, I _D =9A | | 20 | | S |
| V _{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | I _S =1A, V _{GS} =0V | | 0.69 | 1 | V |
| I _S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current* | | | | 18 | A |
| I _{SM} | Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current | | | | 80 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C _{iss} | Input Capacitance | V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =25V, f=1MHz | 2270 | 3027 | 3785 | pF |
| C _{oss} | Output Capacitance | | 170 | 271 | 370 | pF |
| C _{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | 12 | 22 | 32 | pF |
| R _g | Gate resistance | V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =0V, f=1MHz | 0.7 | 1.4 | 2.1 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| Q _g | Total Gate Charge | V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =520V, I _D =18A | 44 | 56 | 68 | nC |
| Q _{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | 9 | 12.4 | 15 | nC |
| Q _{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | 9 | 19.6 | 30 | nC |
| t _{D(on)} | Turn-On DelayTime | V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =325V, I _D =18A, R _G =25Ω | | 54 | | ns |
| t _r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 83 | | ns |
| t _{D(off)} | Turn-Off DelayTime | | | 149 | | ns |
| t _f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 71 | | ns |
| t _{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | I _F =18A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V _{DS} =100V | 520 | 655 | 790 | ns |
| Q _{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | I _F =18A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V _{DS} =100V | 8 | 10 | 12 | μC |

A. The value of R_{θJA} is measured with the device in a still air environment with T_A=25° C.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on T_{J(MAX)}=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T_J=25° C.

D. The R_{θJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{θJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. L=60mH, I_{AS}=6.3A, V_{DD}=150V, R_G=25Ω, Starting T_J=25° C

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

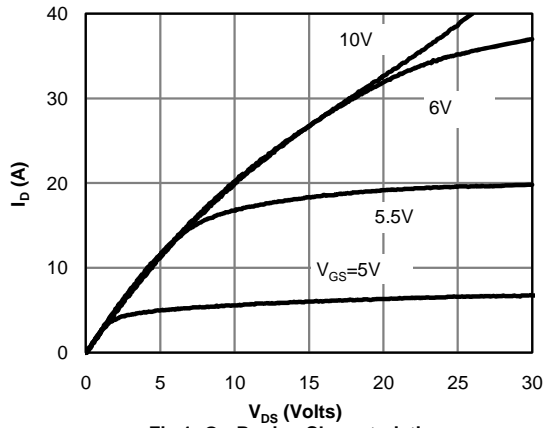


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

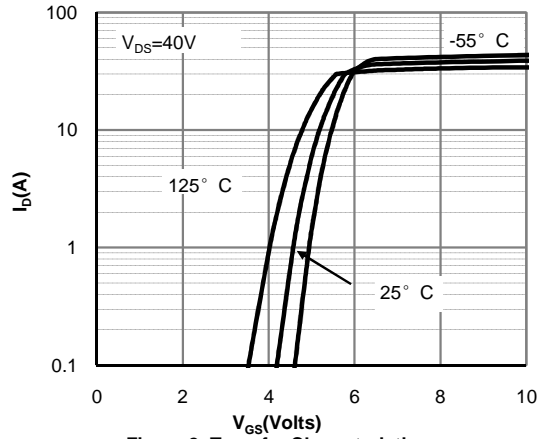


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

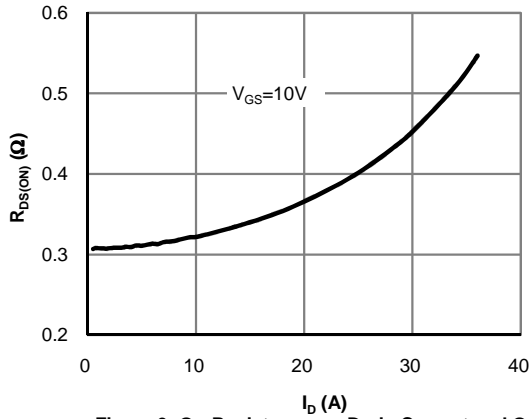


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

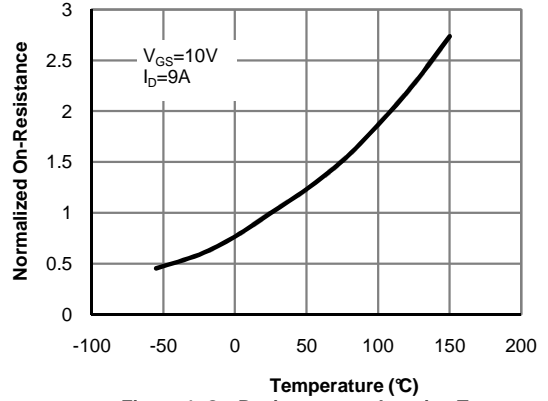


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

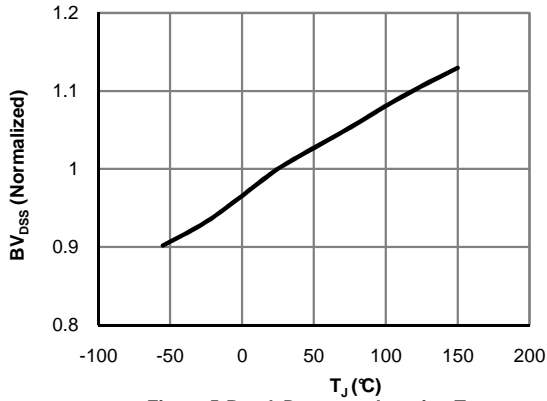


Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature

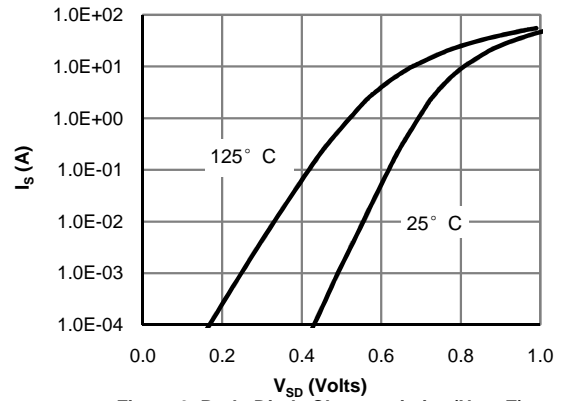


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

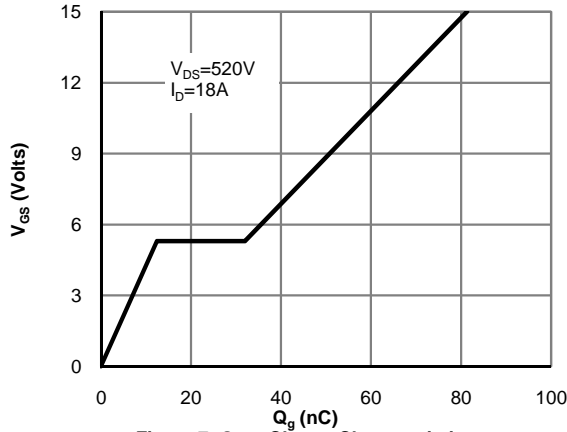


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

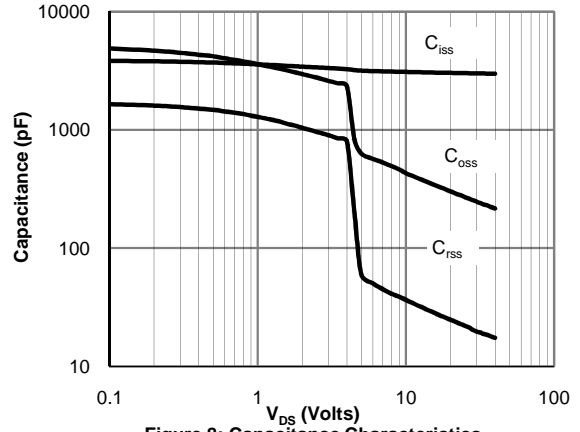


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

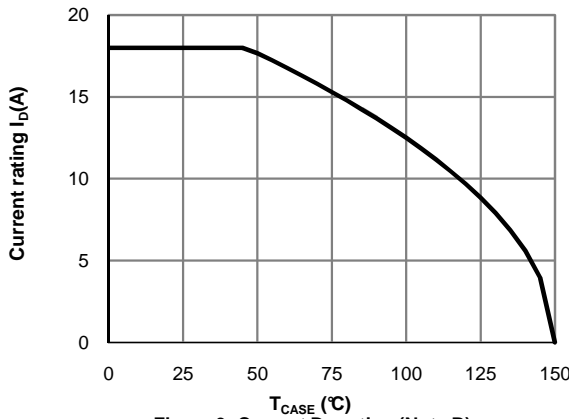


Figure 9: Current De-rating (Note B)

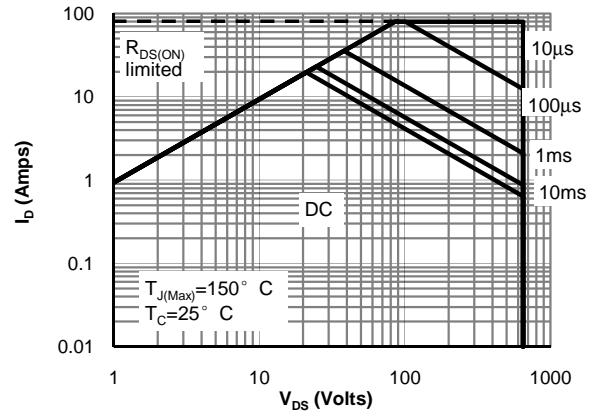


Figure 10: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOK18N65 (Note F)

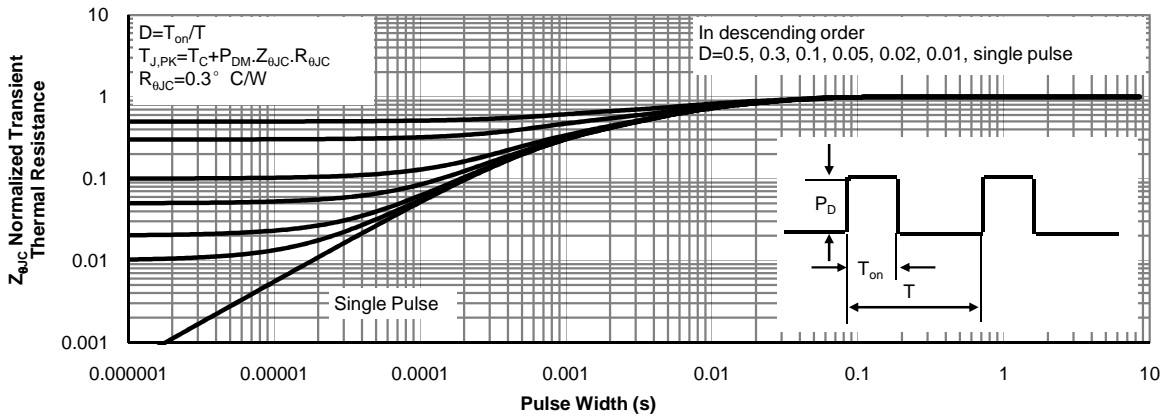
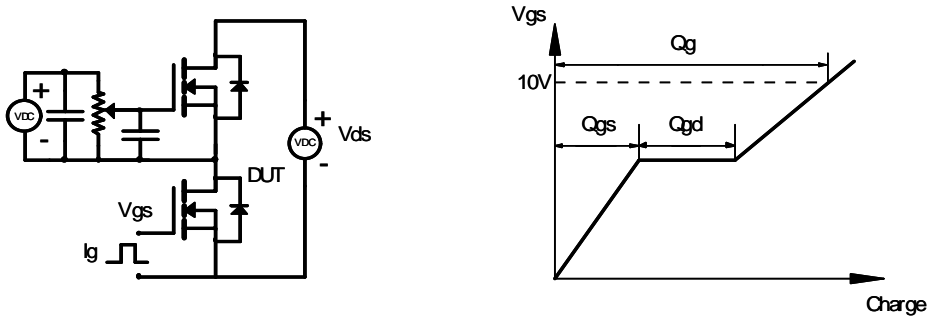
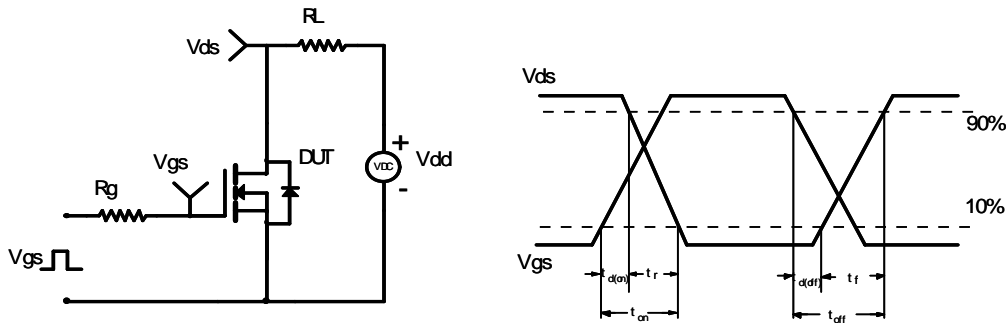


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOK18N65 (Note F)

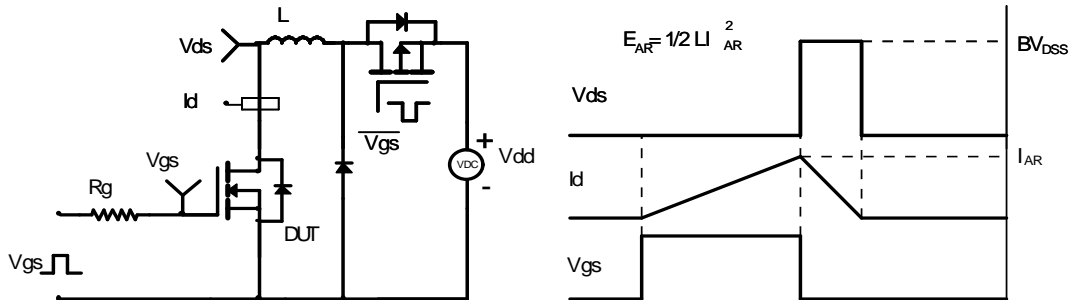
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

