

Product Description: T260XW03 TFT-LCD PANEL with RoHS Guarantee

 AUO Model Name: T260XW03 V2

 Customer Part No/Project Name:

 Customer Signature
 Date

 AUO
 2007/07/31

Document Version : 0.4 Date : 2007/07/31



# **Product Specifications**

26" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T260XW03 V2

> () Preliminary Specifications (\*) Final Specifications



# **Contents**

No	ITEM
	COVER
	CONTENTS
	RECORD OF REVISIONS
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTREISTICS
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS
3-4	SIGNAL TIMING WAVEFORMS
3-5	COLOR INPUT DATA REFERNECE
3-6	POWER SEQUENCE
4	OPTICAL SFECIFICATIONS
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
6	RELIABILITY
7	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS
7-1	SAFETY
7-2	EMC
8	PACKING (Green Mark Description)
9	PRECAUTIONS
·····	



# **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	No	Old Description New Description	ion			Remark
0.0	07'/04/11	-	First Draft				
0.1	07'/05/24	All	Update TBD items				
0.2	07'/06/11	5	Updated ME outline drawi	ving			
0.3	07'/07/18	3-3	Update Timing Table: Update Timing Table: Old – New –				
			Period         Tv         776         808         2047         Th           Active         Tdisp (v)         -         768         -         Th           Active         Tdisp (v)         -         768         -         Th           Period         Th         1426'         1606         2047         Th           Period         Th         1426'         1606         2047         Titk           Period         Th         1426'         1606         2047         Titk           Active         Tdisp (h)         -         1366         -         Titk           Horizontal Section         Blanking         Tbk (h)         60         240         -         Titk           Clock         Period         Tolk         -         12.84         ns         Clock         Period         Tolk         11.           Requency         Frequency         Freq         77.86         95         MHz         Vertical Frequency         Frequency         Frequency         Frequency         Vs         4	Vin Type 784 806 - 768 16 38 434* 1560 - 1366 68 194 1.36 13.16 55 76 48 60 0.45	Max 1063  295 2000  634 18.19 85 75 61.65	Unit Th Th Tolk Tolk Tolk Tolk NHz Hz KHz	
0.4	07'/07/31	5	Updated ME outline drawi	ving			



## 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 26.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T260XW03 V2. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 26.0 inch. This module supports 1366x768 XGA-WIDE mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit (6bit+FRC) gray scale signal for each dot.

The T260XW03 V2 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

The T260XW03 V2 model is RoHS verified, which can be distinguished on panel label.

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	26.0 inches		
Display Area	575.769 (H) x 323.712 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	626.0(H) x 373.0(V) x 42.2 (D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4215	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally White		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		Haze= 25

## \* General Information



# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

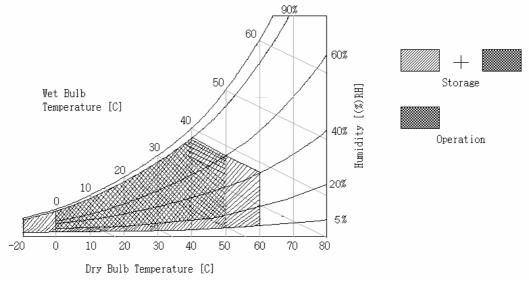
The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause permanent damage to the unit.

Item	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit	Conditions
Input Voltage of LCD power	Vin	-0.3	5.5	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vsignal	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	21.6	26.4	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	VBLON	0	5.25	[Volt]	Note 1
Internal PWM Dimming Control Voltage	PDIM	0	5.25	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39  $^\circ\!\mathbb{C}$  and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.





# 3. Electrical Specifications

The T260XW03 V2 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter.

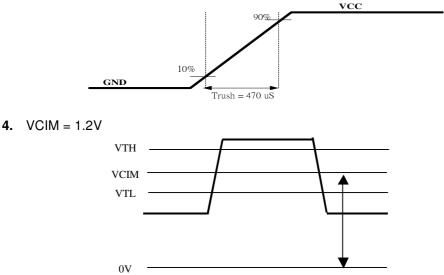
### **3-1 Electrical Characteristics**

		Parameter		Values	;	Unit	Notes
			Min	Тур	Max		
LCD:							
Power Su	oply Input Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5	5.5	Vdc	1
Power Su	oply Input Current	lcc		0.7	1	А	2
Power Co	nsumption	Pc	-	3.5	5	Watt	2
Inrush Cu	rrent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	3	Apeak	3
LVDS Interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage				100	mV	4
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage		-100			mV	4
	Common Input Voltage	VICM	1.10	1.25	1.40	V	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH (High)	2.4	3.3	3.6	Vdc	
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL (Low)	0		0.7	Vdc	
Backlight Power Consumption		PDDB		66	72	Watt	8
Total Power	Consumption			69.5			
Life Time			50,000	60,000		Hours	9



#### Note :

- 1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of  $V_{\mbox{\tiny CC}}$
- **2.** Vcc= 5.0V,  $f_v = 60$ Hz, fCLK=85Mhz, 25°C, Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 3. Measurement condition :



- 5. The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
- 6. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.
- 8. The measured data is without boost function
- 9. Lifetime is defined and judged when analog and PWM dimming are maximum values



#### **3-2 Interface Connections**

LCD Panel Driving Signal Connector Type and Pin Assignment are as follows: Connector on Panel: **FI-E30S** (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent Mating connector: **FI-30C2L** (Manufactured by JAE) or Equivalent

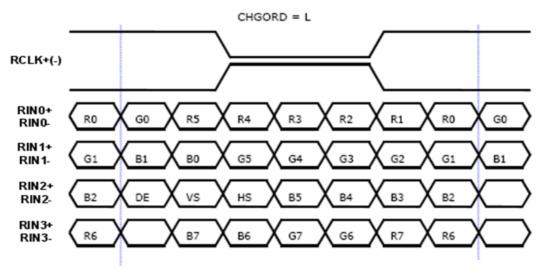
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Note
1	N.C.	No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin)	
2	N.C.	No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin)	
3	N.C.	No Connection (Auo internal Test Pin)	
4	GND	Ground	
5	Rx0-	LVDS Channel 0 [Polarity: Negative]	
6	Rx0+	LVDS Channel 0 [Polarity: Positive]	
7	GND	Ground	
8	Rx1-	LVDS Channel 1 [Polarity: Negative]	
9	Rx1+	LVDS Channel 1 [Polarity: Positive]	
10	GND	Ground	
11	Rx2-	LVDS Channel 2 [Polarity: Negative]	
12	Rx2+	LVDS Channel 2 [Polarity: Positive]	
13	GND	Ground	
14	RXCLK-	LVDS Clock [Polarity: Negative]	
15	RXCLK+	LVDS Clock [Polarity: Positive]	
16	GND	Ground	
17	Rx3-	LVDS Channel 3 [Polarity: Negative]	
18	Rx3+	LVDS Channel 3 [Polarity: Positive]	
19	GND	Ground	
20	N.C.	No Connection ( Auo internal Test Pin)	
21	LVDS Option*	Low for JEIDA, High/Open for NS	
22	N.C.	No Connection ( Auo internal Test Pin)	
23	GND	Ground	
24	GND	Ground	
25	GND	Ground	
26	Vdd (+5V)	5V, DC, Regulated	
27	Vdd (+5V)	5V, DC, Regulated	
28	Vdd (+5V)	5V, DC, Regulated	
29	Vdd (+5V)	5V, DC, Regulated	
30	Vdd (+5V)	5V, DC, Regulated	

Note:

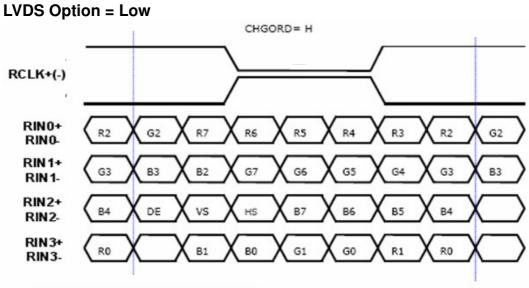
- 1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 2. For Pin 1,2,3,20 and 22, panel will not damage if negligently connect these pins to high or low.



## LVDS Option = High or Open



Note: R/G/B7s are MSBs and R/G/B0s are LSBs



Note: R/G/B7s are MSBs and R/G/B0s are LSBs



## **BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION**

Item	Symb.		Condition		Spec	Units	Note.	
	• ,			Min	Тур	Max		
Input Voltage	VDE	B	-	21.6	24	26.4	VDC	
Input Current	IDD	В	VDDB=24V	2.5	2.75	3.05	ADC	1
Input Power	PDDB		VDDB=24V		66	72	w	1
Inrush Current	IRUS	SH	VDDB=24V			3.4	ADC	2
On/Off Control Voltors	VBLON	ON	VDDB=24V	2	5	5.25	VDC	
On/Off Control Voltage	VELON	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	
On/Off Control Current	IBLO	ON	VDDB=24V	0		1.5	mADC	
Output Frequency	FB	L	VDDB=24V	43.5	45	46.5	KHz	
Dimming Control	DDIM	МАХ	VDDB=24V		3.3		VDC	1
Voltage	PDIM	MIN	VDDB=24V		0		VDC	

### **1** · Electrical specification

Note1. PDIM = 3.3V (Ta =  $25+5^{\circ}C$ , Turn on for 45 minutes) Note2. Measurement condition rising time = 20ms (VDD:  $10\%\sim90\%$ )

## 2 · Input specification CN1: 20022WR-14L(YEON-HO) or Compatible

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Default
1	VDDB	Operation Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	24V
2	VDDB	Operation Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	24V
3	VDDB	Operation Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	24V
4	VDDB	Operation Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	24V
5	VDDB	Operation Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated	24V
6	GND	Ground and Current Return	GND
7	GND	Ground and Current Return	GND
8	GND	Ground and Current Return	GND
9	GND	Ground and Current Return	GND
10	GND	Ground and Current Return	GND
11	N.C	This pin is floating inside ;	N.C
12	VBLON	BL On-Off: High (3.3V) for BL On , Open/Low (0V) for BL Off	Off
13	PDIM	Internal PWM ; 0V (GND) min Lum / 3.3V (open)Max Lum	100%
14	N.C	This pin is floating inside ;	N.C



#### **3-3 Signal Timing Specifications**

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

#### \* Timing Table

DE only Mode

Signal	ltem	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit
	Period	Τv	784	806	1063	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)	_	768		Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	38	295	Th
	Period	Th	1434*	1560	2000	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	_	1366		Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	68	194	634	Tclk
Clock	Period	Tclk	11.36	13.16	18.19	ns
CIOCK	Frequency	Freq	55	76	85	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Vs	48	60	75	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Hs	39.45		61.65	KHz

1.) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

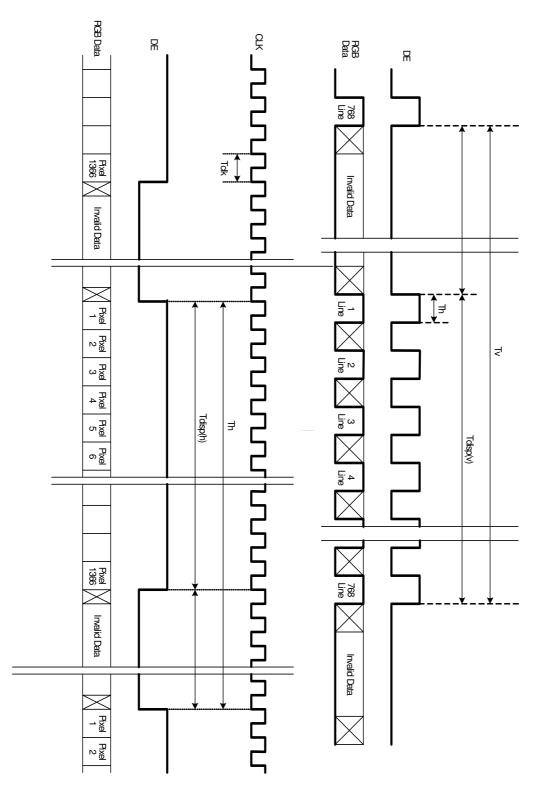
Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise the of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.

3.) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

4.) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



## **3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms**



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T260XW03 V2 - Spec. Ver 0.4

13/28



#### 3-5 Color Input Data Reference

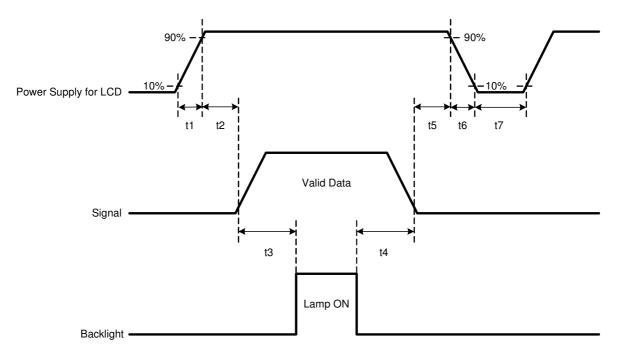
The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

Color	Input Color Data																								
Color					R	ED							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
		MS								MS								MS							
		LSB				LSB							LSI		1	1			1						
				R5					R0	G7		G5	G4				G0	B7		B5			B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Color	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
00101	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	 RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GILLIN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLUE	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
		~																_	4	4	4	_	_		
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

## COLOR DATA REFERENCE



## 3.6.1 Power Sequence for LCD

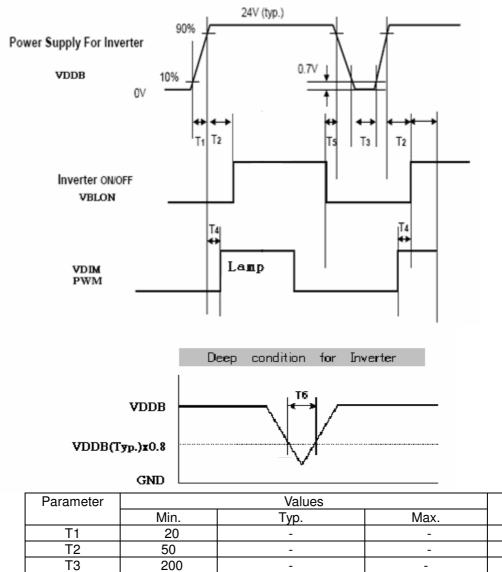


Parameter			Units	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
t1	0.5	-	20	ms
t2	20	-	50	ms
t3	800	-	-	ms
t4	200	-	-	ms
t5	0.5	-	50	ms
t6	-	-	300	ms
t7	1	-	-	S

Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operating range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal.

**Caution :** The above on/off sequence should be applied to avoid abnormal function in the display. In case of handling, make sure to turn off the power when you plug the cable into the input connector or pull the cable out of the connector.





Note:

Τ4

T5

Τ6

In case of t3<200ms, uniformity and optical performance are not guaranteed. But it will not damage power supplier and inverter.

-

-

-

0

60

-

Units

ms

ms

ms

ms

ms

ms

-

-

10



Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at  $25^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

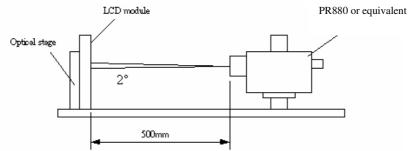


Fig.4-1 Optical	measurement equipment and method

Parameter		Symbol		Values			Units	Notes	
					Typ. Max				
Contrast Ratio		CR		650	800			1	
Surface Luminance, white		LWH		400	500		cd/m²	2	
Luminance Variation		$\delta_{\text{WHITE}}$	9 p			1.3		3	
Response	Time	<b> </b> 			8	16		4	
Rise Time		Tor	ו ו		6		ms	(Ton+Toff)	
	Decay Time	Tof	f		2		ms		
Color Coo	rdinates								
	RED	R <sub>x</sub>			0.643				
		R <sub>Y</sub>			0.337	1			
	GREEN	Gx			0.294				
		G <sub>Y</sub>			0.597	1			
	BLUE	B <sub>X</sub>		Тур0.03	0.144	Тур.+0.03			
		B <sub>Y</sub>			0.065				
	WHITE	W>	(		0.280				
		W <sub>Y</sub>	,		0.290	1			
Viewing Angle								CR>10	
x axis	s, right(φ=0°)	θ <sub>r</sub>		65	80		Degree	5, 6	
x axis, left(φ=180°)		θι		65	80		Degree	5, 6	
y axis, up(φ=90°)		θι		65	80		Degree	5, 6	
y axis, down (φ=0°)		θ <sub>d</sub>		65	80		Degree	5, 6	

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#### Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast ratio (CR)= Brightness on the white (Lon5)

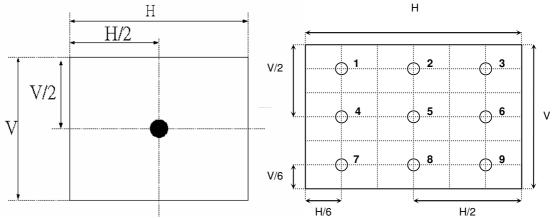
Brightness on the black (Loff5)

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 4-2. When VDDB = 24V, IDDB = 2.7A. L<sub>WH</sub>=Lon5. Where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center location point 5.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta$ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

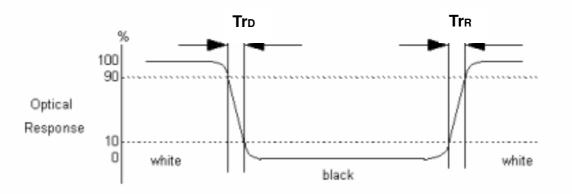
 $\delta_{\text{WHITE}(9P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9})$ 

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white(Lon) to black(Loff) (Decay Time, Tr<sub>D</sub>=Toff) and from black(Loff) to white(Lon) (Rise Time, Tr<sub>R</sub>=Ton). The response time interval is between the 10% and 90% of 1<sup>st</sup> frame amplitudes. For additional information see FIG 4-3.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 4-5.
- 6. To be measured with a viewing cone of 1 °by Topcon luminance meter ELDIM EZ Contrast 160D.

#### FIG. 4-2 Luminance







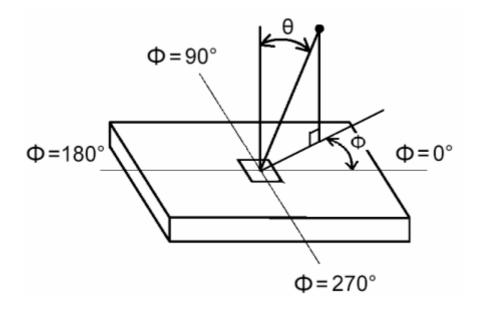
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T260XW03 V2 - Spec. Ver 0.4

18/28



## FIG.4-4 Viewing angle



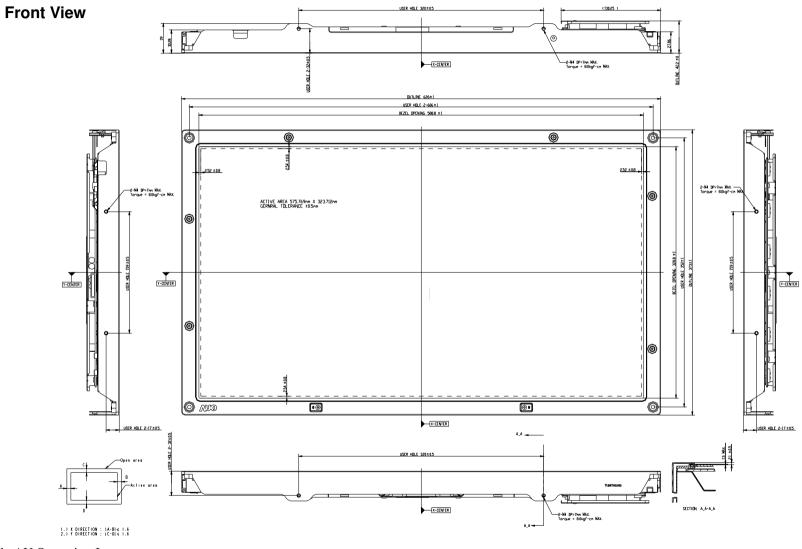


The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T260XW03 V0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal (typ.)	626.0mm		
Outline Dimension	Vertical (typ.)	373.0mm		
	Depth (typ.)	42.2mm* (W/I Inverter & Shielding) 30.3mm (W/O Inverter & Shielding)		
Bezel Opening	Horizontal (typ.)	580.8±1.0mm		
	Vertical (typ.)	328.8±1.0mm		
Active Display Area	Horizontal	575.769mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	323.712mm		
Weight	4500g (typ.)			
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H			

\*Depth: typ.=42.2mm ; max. = 42.3mm

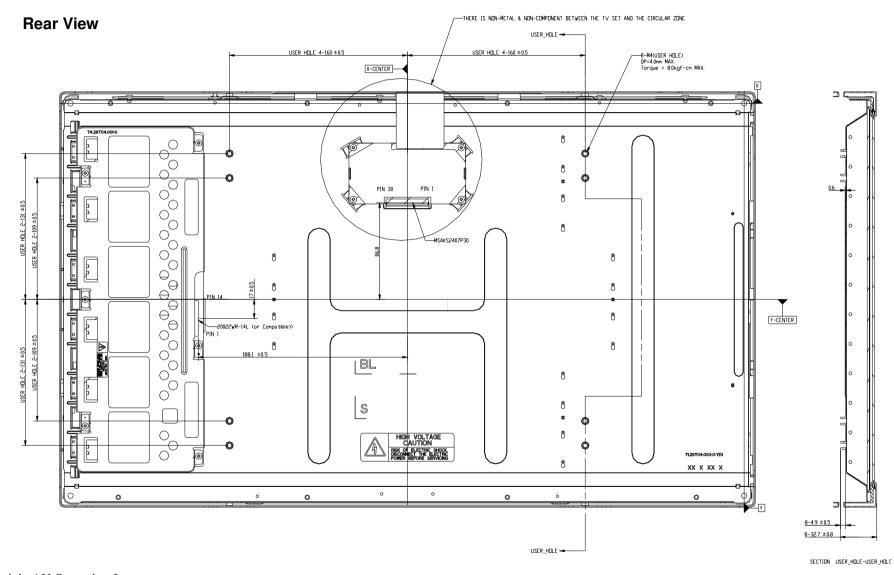




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21/28





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22/28



# 6. Reliability

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition			
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h			
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20°C 240h			
3	Temperature Humidity Bias	Ta=50℃ 80%RH 240h			
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h			
5	High temperature operation test	Ta=50℃ 240h			
6	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form: random Vibration level : 1.5G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 30min 11 mins/cycle one time each direction, 30 min for each time			
7	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: $50G$ Waveform: half since wave, 20ms Direction: $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , $\pm Z$ One time each direction			
8	Vibration test (with carton)	Random Vibration:10~200Hz,1.5G,30minutes in each X,Y,Z direction			
9	Drop test (with carton)	Height: 53.3cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)			

Note 1: Evaluation should be tested after storage at room temperature for one hour.

**Note 2**: There should be no change which might affect the practical display function when the display quality test is conducted under normal operating condition.

Note 3: Judgment: Function test and display OK.



## 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

- (1) UL6500, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (AUO file number : E204356)
- Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.
- (3) EN60950 : 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997
   IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996
   IEC 60065
   European Committee for Electro technical Standardization (CENELEC)
   EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



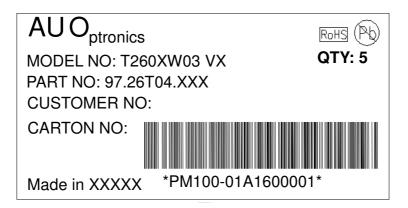
	Handeduret 2020X Matel No:T260XXVV03 All Optimizes Magical Tauriandias	VX € ϰ	2055	1. IN 1997	
Rating: XV <sub></sub> ;XA			4	<u>A</u>	Martin Milano

#### Green Mark Description:

For Pb Free products, AUO will add 🐵 for identification.

For RoHS compatible products, AUO will add **bull** for identification. **Note.** The Green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO Internal Green Team. (The definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

#### Carton Label



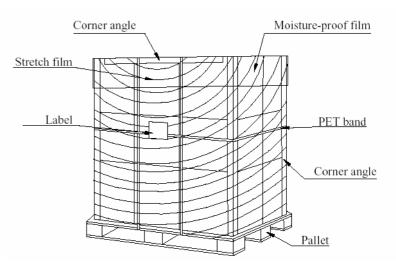
#### Packing size:

Carton Box: 720(L)mm\*324(W)mm\*470(H)mm ; 36Kg Pallet Size: 980(L)mm\*730(W)mm\*120(H)mm

#### Shipping volume per pallet:

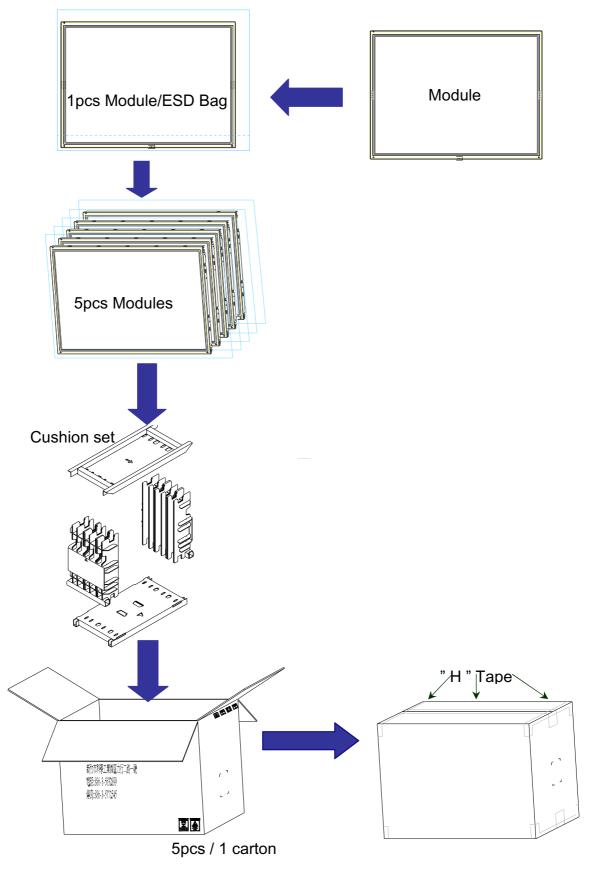
**By Air:** (3\*1)\*2 layers, One pallet put 6 boxes, Total 30ps module.

By Sea:  $(3^*1)^*2$  layers per pallet, To pile up two layers pallets in container  $\rightarrow$ 12 boxes, Total 60ps module.



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26/28

# Appendix

## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

(1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.

(2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.

(3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.

(4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.

(5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.

(6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)

(7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.

(8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.

(9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

#### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

#### 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

## 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between  $5^{\circ}$ C and  $35^{\circ}$ C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that



they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.