

# Horizon<sup>™</sup> Model 704 Guided Wave Radar Level Transmitter

# DESCRIPTION

The Horizon Model 704 Transmitter is an intermediately priced 24 VDC, loop-powered, liquid level transmitter based upon Guided Wave Radar (GWR) technology.

The transmitter is designed to provide all of the performance advantages of GWR. Available in a non-rotatable, single compartment plastic or aluminum housing, this transmitter offers simple configuration with three push buttons and a 2-line  $\times$  8 character liquid crystal display. The Model 704 covers a broad application range by utilizing coaxial and twin rod probes.

### ΤΕСΗΝΟΙΟΟΥ

Horizon Guided Wave Radar is based upon Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR). TDR utilizes pulses of high frequency electromagnetic energy transmitted down a probe. When a pulse reaches a surface that has a higher dielectric than the vapor space in which it is traveling, the pulse is reflected. High-speed timing circuitry precisely measures the total transit time and provides an accurate measure of the liquid level.

### APPLICATIONS

MEDIA: Liquids or slurries; hydrocarbons to waterbased media (dielectric constants from 1.7 to 100)

VESSELS: Most process or storage vessels up to rated probe temperature and pressure

CONDITIONS: Virtually all level measurement and control applications including those process conditions exhibiting visible vapors, turbulence and varying dielectric media or specific gravity



### FEATURES

- Two-wire, 24 VDC, loop-powered transmitter
- HART<sup>®</sup> communications (optional)
- Varying dielectric constant or specific gravity will have minimal effect on performance
- Probe designs up to +400° F (+200° C), 1000 psig (70 bar)
- Available with coaxial and twin rod probes
- No calibration or level movement required
- 16 foot (4.8 meter) measuring range
- Lexan® or Cast aluminum housings
- IS, XP, and Non-Incendive approvals
- Optional 2-line × 8 character LCD and 3-button keypad

# TRANSMITTER SPECIFICATIONS

# FUNCTIONAL/PHYSICAL

		Model 704
Signal output		4–20 mA (3.8 to 20.5 mA useable)
Span		6 to 192 inches (15 to 488 cm)
Resolution	Analog Display	0.01 mA 0.10 inch or 0.1 cm
Loop resistance		550 Ω @ 24 VDC (20.5 mA)
Damping		0 to 10 seconds
Diagnostic alarm ①		3.6 mA, 22 mA, Hold
User interface		3-button keypad and/or HART communicator (HART communicator Magnetrol P/N 89-5213-XXX sold separately)
Display		2-line × 8-character LCD
Power (at terminals)		12 to 28.6 VDC
Menu language		English, German, French or Spanish
Housing material		Aluminum A356T6 (< 0.2% copper) Lexan, UL94-V0 rating
Net/Gross weight	Aluminum Lexan	3.5 lbs (1.59 kg) 1.5 lbs (.68 kg)
Overall dimensions		H 6.91" (175 mm) x W 3.75" (95 mm)

1 3.6 mA fault output not available with both HART output and LCD.

### PERFORMANCE

Use with probes		7XA, 7XB, 7XP & 7XR
Reference conditions		Reflection from water at +70° F (+20° C) with 72" (183 mm) probe
Linearity	7XA/7XP/7XR probe 7XB probe	±0.25 inch (6.3 mm) ±0.50 inch (12.7 mm)
Resolution		±0.15 inch (3.8 mm)
Repeatability		0.15 inch (3.8 mm)
Hysteresis		0.15 inch (3.8 mm)
Response time		< 1 second
Warm-up time		< 5 seconds
Operating tempera	ture range Aluminum housing Plastic housing LCD	-40° to +175° F (-40° to +80° C) -40° to +160° F (-40° to +70° C) -5° to +160° F (-20° to +70° C)
Operating tempera	ture effect	Approximately ±0.03% of probe length / °C
Process dielectric effect		< 0.5 inch (12.7 mm)
Humidity		0–99%, non-condensing
Electromagnetic compatibility		Meets CE requirements (EN 61000-6-2/2001, EN 61000-6-4/2001) (Twin Rod probes must be used in metallic vessel or stillwell to maintain CE compliance)

Choosing the proper Guided Wave Radar (GWR) probe is the most important decision in the application process. The probe configuration establishes fundamental performance characteristics. Coaxial, twin element (rod or cable) and single element (rod or cable) are the three basic configurations used today; each with specific strengths and weaknesses.

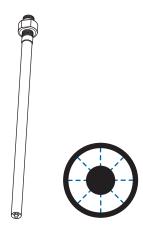


Figure 1 Coaxial Probe

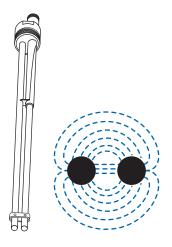


Figure 2 Twin Rod Probe

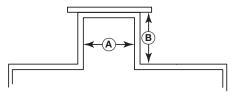


Figure 3

#### COAXIAL PROBES

The Coaxial probe is the most efficient of all probe configurations and should be the first consideration in all applications. Analogous to the efficiency of modern, coaxial cable, coaxial probes allow almost unimpeded movement of the high frequency pulses throughout its length.

The electromagnetic field that develops between the inner rod and outer tube is completely contained. See Figure 1. The efficiency and sensitivity of a coaxial configuration yields robust signal strength even in extremely low dielectric ( $\varepsilon_r > 1.7$ ) applications. The sensitivity of this "closed" design, however, also makes it more susceptible to measurement error in applications of coating and buildup.

#### TWIN ROD PROBES

The relationship of the twin rod probe to a coaxial is similar to that of older, twin-lead, antenna lead-in to modern, coaxial cable. The 300-ohm twin-lead cable simply does not have the efficiency of the 75-ohm coax. The parallel conductor design is less sensitive than the concentric coaxial. See Figure 2. This translates to Twin Rod GWR probes measuring dielectrics of only  $\varepsilon_r > 2.5$ .

The "open" design also allows more accurate measurement where coating/ buildup are possible. A film coating has little effect on performance. However, bridging of material between the rods or buildup on the spacers can cause improper measurement and should be avoided. Figure 2 also shows that the electromagnetic field develops not only between the rods, but also expands outward making it more sensitive to proximity effects of objects located in the immediate area.

#### NOZZLES

The 7XB Twin Rod probe may be susceptible to objects that are in close proximity. The following rules should be followed for proper application:

- 1. Nozzle should be 3" (80 mm) diameter or larger.
- 2. For nozzles < 3" (80 mm) diameter, the bottom of the inactive section of the probe should be flush with the bottom of the nozzle or extend into the vessel.

### **OBSTRUCTIONS (METALLIC)**

7XB Twin Rod probes should be installed so the active rod (below the 4" (100 mm) inactive sheath) is > 1" (25 mm) from metallic objects such as pipes, ladders, etc. Bare tank walls parallel to the probe are acceptable.

#### TURBULENCE

The bottom of the probe should be stabilized if turbulence will cause a deflection of more than 3" (80 mm) at 10' (3 m) of length. The probe should not make contact with a metal tank.



		7XA Standard	7XR Overfill
Recommended for		General purpose; clean low viscosity liquids < 300° F (150° C)	Overfill, temps +300° to +400° F (+150° to +200° C); clean, low viscosity liquids
Not recommended for		Coating and I	buildup, foam
Materials/Wetted parts		316L SS, TFE	, Viton® GFLT
	Optional	Hastelloy	°C, Monel
Process seal		Viton <sup>®</sup> GFL	T O-ring <sup>①</sup>
Spacers		TF	E
Diameter			8 mm) rod 2 mm) tube
Process connection thread	1	¾" NPT,	1" BSP
Flange ANSI (DIN)		1" to 4" (DI	N25 to 100)
Length		24 to 192 inches	s (60 to 488 cm)
Transition zone ②	Тор	1" (25 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 1.7 6" (150 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 80	None
Bottom		6" (150 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 1.7 1" (25 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 80	
Process temperature ③	Maximum	+300° F @ 400 psig (+150° C @ 27 bar)	+400° F @ 270 psig (+200° C @ 18 bar)
Minimu	m/cryogenic	-40° F @ 750 psig (-40° C @ 50 bar)	
Process pressure	Maximum		g @ 70° F @ 20° C)
Minimum/vac	uum service	Yes, not hermetic	
Dielectric range		≥ 1.7	
Maximum viscosity (cP)		500	
Mounting effects		None	
Coating/Buildup		No	
Foam		No	
Corrosives		Yes	
Hygienic		No	
Overfill		No	
Approvals	FM CSA ATEX OTHER	Ye Ye	es es es lo

0 Refer to Selection Chart on page 7 for optional O-rings.

@ Transition Zone is dielectric dependent:  $\epsilon_r$  = dielectric permittivity. Unit will function but accuracy will decrease in Transition Zone.

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}^{3}}$  Refer to Ambient Temperature vs. Process Temperature graph on page 8.



		7XP High Pressure
Recommended for		Clean, high pressure liquids < +400° F (+200° C)
Not recommended for		Coating and buildup, foam, steam
Materials/Wetted parts		316L SS, TFE, Borosilicate, Inconel X750
	Optional	Hastelloy C, Monel
Process seal		Borosilicate
Spacers		TFE
Diameter	Standard	arnothing .3125" (8 mm) rod $arnothing$ .875" (22 mm) tube
	Enlarged	arnothing .63" (15 mm) rod $arnothing$ 1.75" (45 mm) tube
Process connection thread	Standard	¾" NPT, 1" BSP
	Enlarged	2" NPT
Flange ANSI (DIN)	Standard	1 to 4" (DN25 to 100)
	Enlarged	2 to 4" (DN50 to 100)
Length		24 to 240" (60 to 610 cm)
Transition zone ②	Тор	1" (25 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 1.4 6" (150 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 80
	Bottom	6" (150 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 1.4 1" (25 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 80
Process temperature 3	Maximum	+400° F @ 5500 psig (+200° C @ 379 bar)
Minimum	n/cryogenic	-320° F @ 6250 psig (-195° C @ 430 bar)
Process pressure	maximum	6250 psig @ +70° F (431 bar @ +20° C)
Minimum/vacu	um service	Yes, not hermetic (< 10 <sup>-</sup> °cc/sec @ 1 atmos.)
Dielectric range		1.7 to 100
Maximum viscosity (cP)	Standard	500
	Enlarged	1500
Mounting effects		None
Coating/Buildup		No
Foam		No
Corrosives		Yes
Hygienic		No
Overfill		No
Approvals	FM CSA ATEX OTHER	Yes Yes Yes No
		5



		7XB Twin Rod-Rigid	
Recommended for		General purpose, foam, minor film coating	
Not recommended for		Media bridging between rods or building up on spacers	
Materials/Wetted parts		316L stainless steel, TFE, Viton® GFLT	
Optional		Hastelloy C, Monel	
Process seal		Viton <sup>®</sup> GFLT O-ring ①	
Spacers		TFE	
Diameter		Two, $\oslash$ .50" (13 mm) rod; .875" (22 mm) C <sub>L</sub> to C <sub>L</sub>	
Process connection thread	d	2" NPT, 2" BSP	
Flange ANSI (DIN)		2" to 4" (DN50 to 100)	
Length		24 to 192 inches (60 to 488 cm)	
Transition zone <sup>②</sup>	Тор	1" (25 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> > 10, 8" (200 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> < 10 (+4" (100 mm) inactive)	
	Bottom	6" (150 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 2.5 1" (25 mm) @ ε <sub>r</sub> = 80	
Deadband	Тор	4"(+4" inactive section)	
Process temperature 3	Maximum	+400° F @ 200 psig (+200° C @ 13 bar)	
Minimu	ım/cryogenic	-40° F @ 750 psig (-40° C @ 50 bar)	
Process pressure	Maximum	750 psig @ +70° F (50 bar @ +20° C)	
Minimum/vac	cuum service	Yes, not hermetic	
Dielectric range		≥ 2.5	
Maximum viscosity (cP)		1500	
Mounting effects ④		Active rod > 1" from any obstruction	
Coating/Buildup		Film: 3% max. error of coated length with conductive media Bridging not recommended	
Foam		Yes	
Corrosives		Yes	
Hygienic		No	
Overfill		No	
Approvals	FM CSA ATEX OTHER	Yes Yes No	

① Refer to Selection Chart on page 7 for optional O-rings.

@ Transition Zone is dielectric dependent:  $\epsilon_{r}$  = dielectric permittivity.

Unit will function but accuracy will decrease in Transition Zone.

NOTE: Output may go to Fault mode when medium is within top 7 inches of probe and  $\epsilon_r$  <20.

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{3}}$  Refer to Ambient Temperature vs. Process Temperature graph on page 8.

 $\circledast$  Minimum stillwell diameter for Twin Rod probe is 3 inch (80 mm).

(5) Bridging is defined as continuous accumulation of material between the probe elements.

# AGENCY APPROVALS

AGENCY	MODEL	PROTECTION METHOD	AREA CLASSIFICATION
FM FM APPROVED	704-5XXX-14X	Intrinsically Safe	Class I, Div. 1; Groups A, B, C, & D Class II, Div. 1; Groups E, F, & G Class III, IP67 Entity
	704-5XXX-54X	Explosion Proof	Class I, Div. 1; Groups B, C & D Class II, Div. 1; Groups F, & G Class III; Type 4X; IP67
	704-5XXX-14X	Non-Incendive, suitable for: ①	Class I, Div. 2; Groups A, B, C, & D
	704-5XXX-54X		Class II, Div. 2; Groups F & G
			Class III; Type 4X; IP67
CSA	704-5XXX-14X	Intrinsically Safe	Class I, Div. 1; Groups A, B, C, & D Class II, Div. 1; Group G Class III, Type 4X; IP66/67 Entity
	704-5XXX-54X	Explosion Proof	Class I, Div. 1; Groups C & D Class II, Div. 1; Groups G Class III, Type 4X; IP 66/67
	704-5XXX-14X	Non-Incendive, suitable for: ①	Class I, Div. 2; Groups A, B, C, & D
	704-5XXX-54X		Class II, Div. 2; Group G Class III, Type 4X; IP66/67
ATEX Ex	704-5XXX-A4X	Intrinsically Safe	ⓑ II 1G, EEx ia IIC T4

① Measured media inside vessel must be non-flammable only.



C € 0344These units are in conformity of:1. The EMC Directive: 89/336/EEC. The units have been<br/>tested to EN 61000-6-2/2001 and EN 61000-6-4/2001.

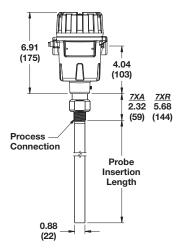
2. Directive 94/9/EC for equipment or protective system for use in potentially explosive atmospheres (8th digit "A" only).

### O-RING (SEAL) SELECTION CHART

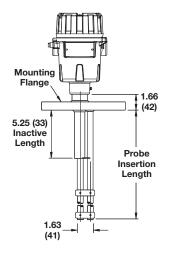
Material	Code	Maximum Temperature①	Min. Temp.	Recommended For Use In	Not Recommended For Use In
Viton <sup>®</sup> GFLT	0	+400° F (+200° C)	-40° F (-40° C)	General purpose, steam, ethylene	Ketones (MEK, acetone), skydrol fluids, amines, anhydrous ammonia, low molec- ular weight esters and ethers, hot hydro- fluoric or chlorosulfuric acids, sour HCs
EPDM	1	+250° F (+125° C)	-60° F (-50° C)	Acetone, MEK, skydrol fluids	Petroleum oils, di-ester base lubricants, propane, steam, anhydrous ammonia
Kalrez <sup>⊛</sup> (4079)	2	+400° F (+200° C)	-40° F (-40° C)	Inorganic and organic acids (including HF and nitric) aldehydes, ethylene, glycols, organic oils, silicone oils, vinegar, sour HCs	Black liquor, hot water/steam, hot aliphatic amines, ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, molten sodium, molten potassium, anhy- drous ammonia
Aegis PF128	8	+400° F +(200° C)	-4° F (-20° C)	Inorganic and organic acids (including HF and nitric) aldehydes, ethylene, glycols, organic oils, silicone oils, vinegar, sour HCs, steam, amines, ethylene oxide, propylene oxide	Black liquor, Freon 43, Freon 75, Galden, KEL-F liquid, molten sodium, molten potassium, anhydrous ammonia
Borosilicate	Ν	+800° F (+430° C)	-320° F (-195° C)	General high temperature/high pressure applications, hydrocarbons, full vacuum (hermetic), ammonia	Steam, hot alkaline solutions HF acid, media with ph>12

### DIMENSIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

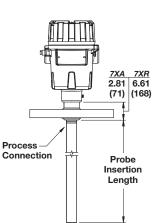
#### INCHES (MM)



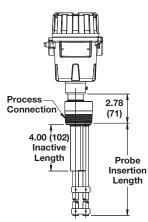
Model 7XA/7XR Probe NPT Threaded Connection



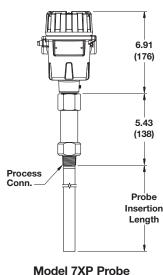
Model 7XB Twin Rod Probe Flanged Connection



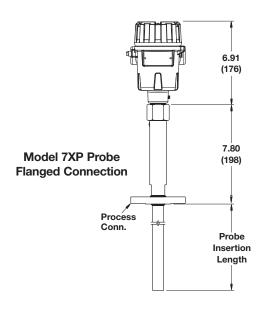
Model 7XA/7XR Probe Flanged Connection



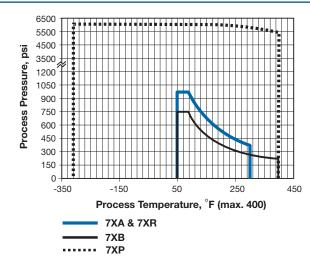
Model 7XB Twin Rod Probe NPT Threaded Connection

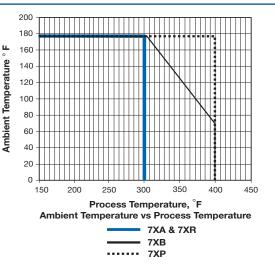


Threaded Connection



### TEMPERATURE/PRESSURE CHARTS





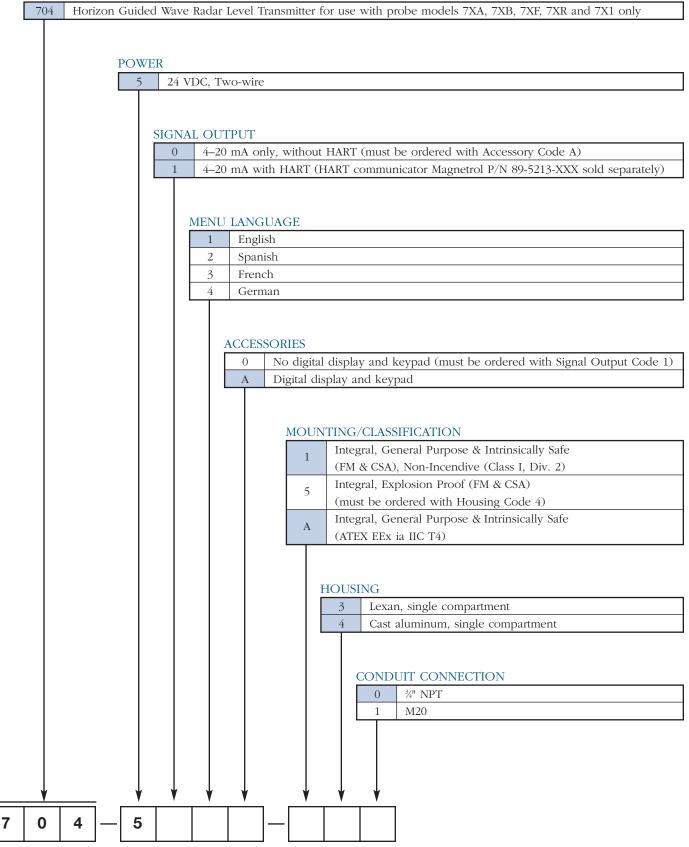
### TRANSMITTER

#### MODEL NUMBER



Models available for quick shipment, usually within one week after factory receipt of a purchase order, through the Expedite Ship Plan (ESP).

#### BASIC MODEL NUMBER



# PROBE

# MODEL NUMBER

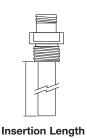
7E	Horizon GWR probe, English unit of measure	
7M	Horizon GWR probe, Metric unit of measure	
	A   Coaxial, ¾" process connection or larger     B   Twin Rod, 2" NPT or 3" flanged process connection or larger     P   Coaxial, High Pressure	(Dielectric range $\geq$ 1.7) (Dielectric range $\geq$ 2.5) (Dielectric range $\geq$ 1.7)
	R Coaxial, Overfill ¾" process connection or larger	(Dielectric range $\geq$ 1.7)
	A   316/316L stainless steel     B   Hastelloy C     C   Monel     PROCESS CONNECTION SIZE/TYPE     Refer to next page for selections	
	O-RINGS 0 Viton <sup>®</sup> GFLT	
	1EPDM (Ethylene Propylene Rubber2Kalrez 40798Aegis PF128	)
	N None (Use with Model 7XP) LENGTH – PROBE MODE	
	24 to 192 inches (60 to 488 o (unit of measure is determin Examples: 24 inches = 024;	ned by second digit of Model Number
<u>↓</u>		

### MODEL NUMBER

#### PROCESS CONNECTION SIZE/TYPE

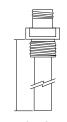
#### THREADED CONNECTIONS

11	¾" NPT Thread ①
22	1" BSP Thread ①
41	2" NPT Thread @
42	2" BSP Thread ②

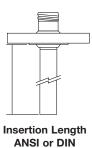


**NPT Process** 

Connection



Insertion Length BSP Process Connection



Welded Flange

Insertion Length Hygienic Flange

#### ANSI RAISED FACE FLANGE CONNECTIONS

23	1" 150#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1		45	2
24	1" 300#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 10		53	3
25	1" 600#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1		54	3
33	1½" 150#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1		55	3
34	1½" 300#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1		63	4
35	1½" 600#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1		64	4
43	2" 150#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1		65	4
44	2" 300#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1			
			_		

45	2" 600#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1
53	3" 150#	ANSI Raised Face Flange
54	3" 300#	ANSI Raised Face Flange
55	3" 600#	ANSI Raised Face Flange 1
63	4" 150#	ANSI Raised Face Flange
64	4" 300#	ANSI Raised Face Flange
65	4" 600#	ANSI Raised Face Flange ①

#### ANSI RING JOINT FLANGE CONNECTIONS

3К	1½" 600#	ANSI Ring Joint Flange <sup>(1)</sup>		
4K	2" 600#	ANSI Ring Joint Flange <sup>(1)</sup>		
5K	3" 600#	ANSI Ring Joint Flange 10		
6K	4" 600#	ANSI Ring Joint Flange 10		

#### DIN FLANGE CONNECTIONS

BA	DN 25,	PN 16	DIN 2527 Form B Flange ①		DE	DN 50, PN 100	DIN 2527 Form E Flange ①
BB	DN 25,	PN 25/40	DIN 2527 Form B Flange ①		EA	DN 80, PN 16	DIN 2527 Form B Flange
BC	DN 25,	PN 64/100	DIN 2527 Form E Flange ①		EB	DN 80, PN 25/40	DIN 2527 Form B Flange
CA	DN 40,	PN 16	DIN 2527 Form B Flange ①		ED	DN 80, PN 64	DIN 2527 Form E Flange ①
CB	DN 40,	PN 25/40	DIN 2527 Form B Flange ①		EE	DN 80, PN 100	DIN 2527 Form E Flange 1
CC	DN 40,	PN 64/100	DIN 2527 Form E Flange ①		FA	DN 100, PN 16	DIN 2527 Form B Flange
DA	DN 50,	PN 16	DIN 2527 Form B Flange		FB	DN 100, PN 25/40	DIN 2527 Form B Flange
DB	DN 50,	PN 25/40	DIN 2527 Form B Flange		FD	DN 100, PN 64	DIN 2527 Form E Flange 1
DD	DN 50,	PN 64	DIN 2527 Form E Flange ①		FE	DN 100, PN 100	DIN 2527 Form E Flange ①

① Configuration/Style Codes A only.

2 Configuration/Style Codes B only.

# QUALITY



### ESP



The quality assurance system in place at Magnetrol guarantees the highest level of quality throughout the company. Magnetrol is committed to providing full customer satisfaction both in quality products and quality service. The Magnetrol quality assurance system is registered to ISO 9001 affirming its commitment to known international quality standards providing the strongest assurance of product/service quality available.

Several Models of Horizon Guided Wave Radar Transmitters are available for quick shipment, usually within one week after factory receipt of a purchase order, through the Expedite Ship Plan (ESP).

Models covered by ESP service are color coded in the selection data charts.

To take advantage of ESP, simply match the color coded model number codes (standard dimensions apply).

ESP service may not apply to orders of ten units or more. Contact your local representative for lead times on larger volume orders, as well as other products and options.

### WARRANTY



All Magnetrol electronic level and flow controls are warranted free of defects in materials or workmanship for one full year from the date of original factory shipment.

If returned within the warranty period; and, upon factory inspection of the control, the cause of the claim is determined to be covered under the warranty; then, Magnetrol will repair or replace the control at no cost to the purchaser (or owner) other than transportation.

Magnetrol shall not be liable for misapplication, labor claims, direct or consequential damage or expense arising from the installation or use of equipment. There are no other warranties expressed or implied, except special written warranties covering some Magnetrol products.

For additional information, see Instruction Manual 57-603.



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