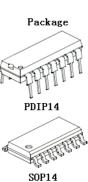


## SHANGHAI BELLING BL8305A BALLAST CONTROL IC

The ballast control IC BL8305A is an improved version of the BL8301. The BL8305A provides more functionality and is easier to use than previous IC BL8301. The BL8305A optimizes the compatibility of driving MOSFET half-bridge (MHF) or Bipolar half-bridge (BHF). Especially for Bipolar half-bridge, the BL8305A can automatically adjust the base current intensity (BCI Auto-Adj), and guarantee that the half-bridge is in the optimum condition and reduces the power loss of half-bridge. It also improves the load adaptive of bipolar half-bridge. The BL8305A changes the timing component connection structure according to BL8301, so it is easier to design simply dimming products. The BL8305A has fully protections and all pins have Latch immunity and ESD protection, available in both PDIP14 and SOP14 packages.



### **FEATURES**

- Driving both MHF and BHF
- Automatically adjusting the BCI of BHF
- Programmable preheat frequency, preheat time and run frequency
- Comprehensive protection
- Micro power startup less than 150uA
- Latch immunity and ESD protection

### BRIEF INTRODUCTION

- The BL8305A automatically provides a dead time 3us for BHF and 1.2us for MHF.
- The BL8305A features include on power preheat and ignition. Preheat frequency, preheat time and run mode frequency are all programmable by external components.
- 3. Comprehensive protections such as protection from over current of Half-bridge, filament failures, ignition failure, end of life, detecting base current of half-bridge and so on.
- 4. The BL8305A have an internal power regulator at 6.35V and micro power startup less than 150uA.
- The BL8305A is a low cost design for ballast with few external components.



6. The BL8305A is available in both PDIP14 and SOP14 packages. All pins have Latch immunity and ESD protection.

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

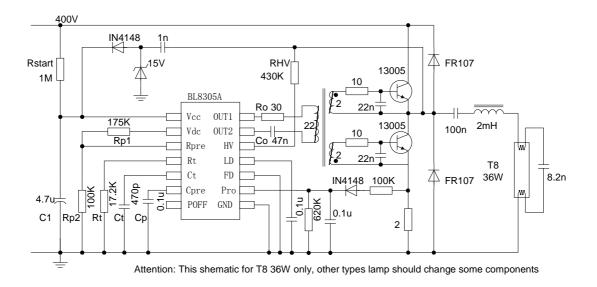


Fig. 1

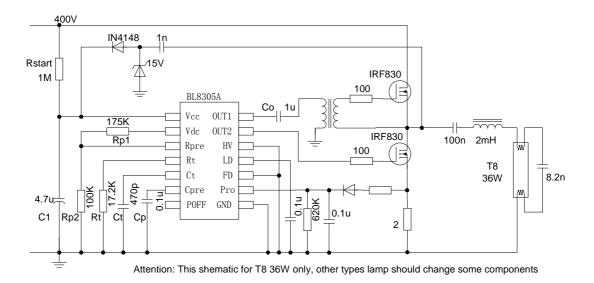
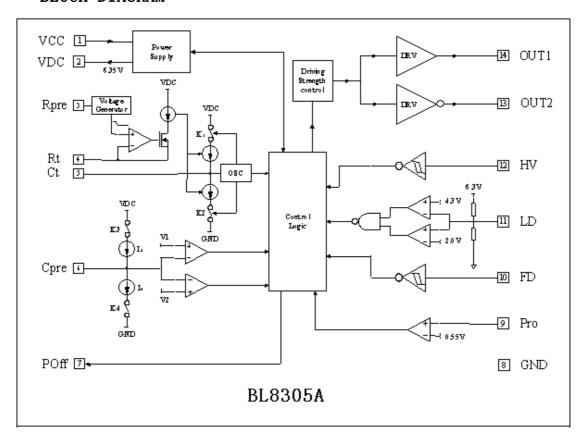


Fig. 2

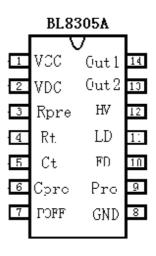


### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS & DEFINITION

Pin#	Symbol	Description					
1	VCC	Power Supply					
2	VDC	6.3V regulator output					
3	Rpre	Preheat frequency timing					
		voltage					
4	Rt	Oscillator timing resistor					
5	Ct	Oscillator timing capacitor					
6	Cpre	Preheat timing capacitor					
7	POff	End of preheat output					
8	GND	IC power &signal ground					
9	Pro	Current sensing input					
10	FD	Filament detection input					
11	LD	Window discriminator input					
12	HV	Half-bridge output sense					
13	OUT2	OUTPUT2					
14	OUT1	OUTPUT1					



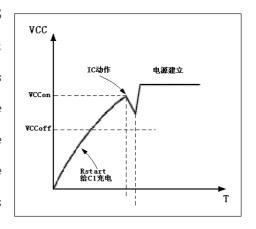


### FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

### Start-up and Power Supply

When the VCC is below the turn-on threshold of the IC, the BL8305A is in the low power consumption mode, oscillator and half-bridge are shut off. The start-up

capacitor (C1) is charged by 400V DC-BUS through resistor (Rstart). The charge current (Icharge) is the current through Rstart minus the start-up current (IQstart) drawn by the IC. So the choice basis of starting resistance Rstart is: In most abominable cases, the current guaranteeing to pass Rstart is IQStart of twice at least.



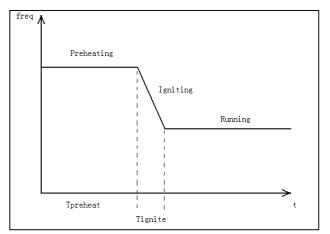
Once the capacitor voltage on VCC reaches the start-up threshold, the IC turns on and the output turns on. The rectified current charges the capacitor at about 15V. The recommended capacitor value is 22uF.

#### Preheat Mode, Ignition Mode and Run Mode

The Preheat frequency, preheat time and run mode frequency of BL8305A are all programmable by external components. The typical frequency vs. time curve is as the picture shows.

The preheat time is set by the external capacitor Cp. An internal current source

ICpreCharge charges Cp when the IC started. The frequency remains at eh preheat frequency until the voltage on Cp over the threshold voltage. After preheat the BL8305A begins to igniting the lamp. The total preheat time is:





$$T_{\it preheat} = 0.203 \times C_{\it p} \times 10^7 - 0.249 * \frac{R_{\it p2}}{R_{\it p1} + R_{\it p2}} \, {\rm sec. \ Preheat \ frequency \ is \ set} \, \, {\rm by \ the}$$

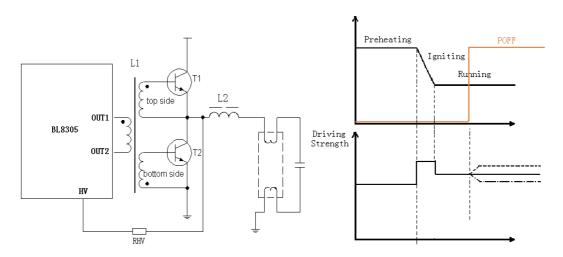
voltage(VRpre) at pin3, the preheat frequency is: 
$$f_{\it pre} = \frac{V_{\it Rpre}}{1.6} \times f_{\it run}$$
 ,

$$V_{\rm RPre} = \frac{R_{\rm pre2}}{R_{\rm pre1} + R_{\rm pre2}} \times 6.35$$
 . The run mode oscillating frequency is determined by the

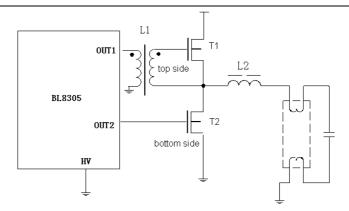
timing resistor RT and timing capacitor Ct,  $f_{run} = \frac{0.374}{R_{\rm r} \times C_{\rm r}}$  .

#### Drive BHF or MHF

When driving BHF, a transformer with two secondary magnifies the output current of BL8305A and the half-bridge is drive by the magnified current. The output voltage of half-bridge is divided by the resistor RHV and an internal resistor about 40Kohm in the PIN HV and the BL8305A senses this waveform, and automatically adjusts the BCI. The BCI Auto-Adj is enabled at about 1 sec after the ignition. As showing in the figure, if BCI is appropriate, the output of BL8305A will be remain as the black line; if BCI is low, the output of BL8305A will be increase as the dashed line; if BCI is over driving, the output of BL8305A will be decrease as the dashdotted line.







Driving MHF the output connection is shows as the figure above. The driving voltage is coupled from out1 by a 1:2 transformer in order to separate the IC form high voltage. In MHF driving configuration, HV is connect to GND directly, hence whether the BL8305A in preheat, ignition or run mode the output of BL8305A is fixed.

### Fault Protection

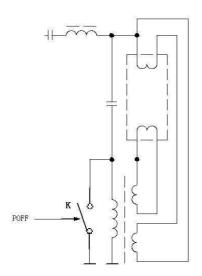
The BL8305A provides 3 leads to sensing fault: Pro (PIN9), FD (PIN10) and LD (PIN11).

The Pro PIN is enabled at the IC turns on. Once the voltage at this pin exceeds Vpro (0.55V), the IC enters fault mode and both outputs are latched in the 'low' state.

The FD PIN is used for filament detection; the IC will be restart when FD received a pulse.

LD is a window discriminator. The high threshold is 4.3V, and the low threshold is 2.0V. LD has a pull up resistor 200K to Vdc, and a pull down resistor 200K to GND, in order to get a bias voltage 3.2V for the LD PIN. At the end of ignition mode, LD will become effective after 1s delay(1s delay is used for avoid ignition's burr).

Once the BL8305A enters the fault mode, the IC will lock the state until VCC recycles back below the shut



down threshold or the filament detection PIN, SD, receives a pulse.



### Filament Preheat Voltage Remove

The BL8305A provides a control signal (PIN Poff) to switch off the filament preheat voltage. When it done with the ignition and turns into run mode, Poff will output a high level after about 1s delay (drive ability 20mA). This high level can close the switch K and turn off the filament voltage.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATIONS

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltages parameter are absolute voltages referenced to GND, all current are defined positive into any lead.

Parameter		Min.	Max	Units
Symbol	Definition			
Vcc(1)	Supply voltage		30	V
$V_{\mathtt{Rpre}}$	V <sub>Rpre</sub> Preheat frequency timing voltage		7	V
IRt	IRt Oscillator output current		1	mA
$V_{ ext{Pro}}$	Pro Current sensing voltage		Vdc	V
Iout1 Output current of Out1			200	mA
Iout2	Iout2 Output current of Out2		200	mA
Ts	Storage temperature	-55	150	${\mathbb C}$

Note 1: Only for BHF mode. In MHF mode VCC should less than 15V.

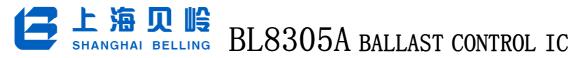
### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Symbol Definition					
Vcc	Vcc Supply voltage		15		V
$V_{ m Rpre}$	V <sub>Rpre</sub> Preheat frequency timing voltage			4	V
IRt Oscillator output current		20	82	200	uА
VPro	Current sensing voltage	0		Vdc	V

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TA=25°C, VCC=15V, Rpre1=150K, Rpre2=100K, Rt=17.7K, Ct=470pF, Cp=0.1uF, Vpro=0V,  $V_{LD1}=3.2V$ ,  $V_{HV}=0$ 

Parameters		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Condition
Symbol	Definition					
Power Supply Characteristics						
VCCon	Power on Voltage	_	13. 7	ı	V	VCC rising from OV
VCCoff	Shut down voltage	_	10	_	V	VCC falling from
						15V
VDC	Internal power	_	6. 35	_	V	VCC=15V
	regulator output					



_	voltage					
IVDC	Internal power			10	mA	VCC=15V
	regulator output					
	current					
IQStart	Low power startup			150	uA	VCC <vccon< td=""></vccon<>
	current					
IQFault	Fault protection			250	uA	Pro > 0.55V or
	quiescent current					LD < 2.0V or
						LD > 4.3V
IQVCC	Quiescent current		3		mA	Out1, Out2 Without
						load
Oscillator	Characteristics					
fosc	Oscillator frequency	1		300	KHz	
			45		KHz	
$V_{CT}$	Oscillator capacitor	2		4	V	fosc = 45 KHz
	voltage					
Preheat Ch	naracteristics					
${ m ICpreCharge}$	Cpre charge current	-	0.45		uA	
ICpreDis	Cpre discharge		0.97		uA	
	current					
Fpre	Preheat frequency		71		KHz	
Tpre	Preheat time		1.4		S	
Tign	Ignition time		140		mS	
$V_{CpreFault}$	Cpre voltage under		0		V	
	fault protection					
Driver Out	put Characteristics (H	IV=GND)				
Vout1p-p	p-p output voltage of	13		15	V	Iout > 100mA
	out1					
Iout1	p-p output current of	_		200	mA	Vout1p-p > 13V
	out1					
Vout2p-p	p-p output voltage of	13		15	V	Iout > 100mA
	out1					
Iout2	p-p output current of	-		200	mA	Vout1p-p > 13V
	out1					
TdeadMOS	Dead time for MHF mode		1.2		us	
TdeadBip	Dead time for MHF mode		3.0		us	HV=6.3V
Protection	Characteristics					
$V_{\text{Pro}}$	Over current sensing	_	0. 55	_	V	
	threshold					
$V_{\mathrm{LDup}}$	High threshold of LD	-	4.3	-	V	
VLDdn	Low threshold of LD	_	2.0	_	V	