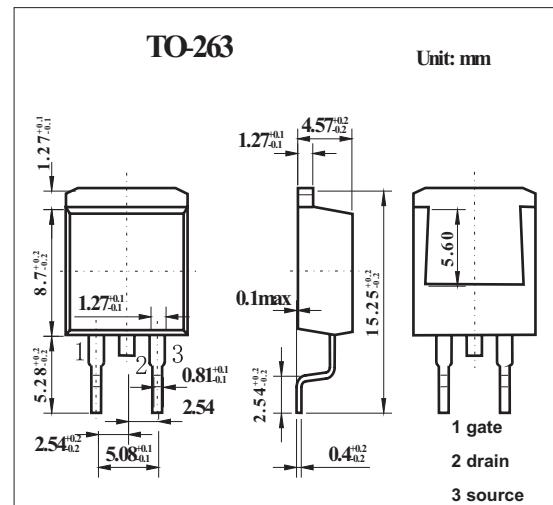
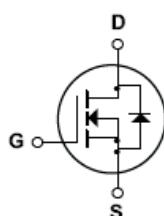


## 500V N-Channel MOSFET KQB9N50

### ■ Features

- 9A, 500 V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.73 \Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = 10$  V
- Low gate charge (typical 28nC)
- Low  $C_{RSS}$ (typical 20 pF)
- Fast switching
- 100% avalanche tested
- Improved dv/dt capability



### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain to Source Voltage	$V_{DSS}$	500	V
Drain Current Continuous ( $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_D$	9	A
Drain Current Continuous ( $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$ )		5.7	A
Drain Current Pulsed *1	$I_{DM}$	36	A
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GSS}$	$\pm 30$	V
Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy*2	$E_{AS}$	360	mJ
Avalanche Current *1	$I_{AR}$	9	A
Repetitive Avalanche Energy *1	$E_{AR}$	14.7	mJ
Peak Diode Recovery $dv/dt$ *3	$dv/dt$	4.5	V/ns
Power dissipation @ $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	3.13	W
Power dissipation @ $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	147	W
Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$		1.18	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Temperature	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.85	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient *4	$R_{\theta JA}$	40	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	62.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

\*1 Repetitive Rating:Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

\*2  $I=8\text{mH}, I_{AS}=9\text{A}, V_{DD}=50\text{V}, R_G=25\Omega$ , Startion  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$

\*3  $I_{SD}\leqslant 9\text{A}, di/dt\leqslant 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD}\leqslant B_{VDSS}$ ,Startiong  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$

\*4 When mounted on the minimum pad size recommended (PCB Mount)

**KQB9N50**

## ■ Electrical Characteristics Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Testconditons	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BVDSS	VGS = 0 V, ID = 250 μ A	500			V
Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$\frac{\Delta BVDSS}{\Delta T_J}$	ID = 250 μ A, Referenced to 25°C		0.55		mV/°C
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	VDS = 500 V, VGS = 0 V			1	μ A
		VDS = 400 V, TC=125°C			10	μ A
Gate-Body Leakage Current,Forward	IGSSF	VGS = 30 V, VDS = 0 V			100	nA
Gate-Body Leakage Current,Reverse	IGSSR	VGS = -30 V, VDS = 0 V			-100	nA
Gate Threshold Voltage	VGS(th)	VDS = VGS, ID = 250 μ A	3.0		5.0	V
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	RDS(on)	VGS = 10 V, ID = 4.5A		0.58	0.73	Ω
Forward Transconductance	gFS	VDS = 50 V, ID = 4.5A *		8.2		S
Input Capacitance	Ciss	VDS = 25 V, VGS = 0 V,f = 1.0 MHz		1100	1450	pF
Output Capacitance	Coss			160	210	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss			20	30	pF
Turn-On Delay Time	td(on)	VDD = 250 V, ID = 9.0A, RG=25 Ω *		25	60	ns
Turn-On Rise Time	tr			95	200	ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	td(off)			55	120	ns
Turn-Off Fall Time	tf			60	130	ns
Total Gate Charge	Qg	VDS = 400 V, ID = 9.0A,VGS = 10 V *		28	36	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Qgs			7.0		nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Qgd			12.5		nC
Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	Is				9.0	A
Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	ISM				36	A
Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	VSD	VGS = 0 V, Is = 9.0 A			1.4	V
Diode Reverse Recovery Time	trr	VGS = 0 V,dIF/dt = 100 A/ μ s,Is=9.0A*		300		ns
Diode Reverse Recovery Current	Qrr			2.2		μ C

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width ≤ 300 μ s, Duty Cycle ≤ 2.0%