

### **EN29GL064**

## 64 Megabit (8192K x 8-bit / 4096K x 16-bit) Flash Memory Page mode Flash Memory, CMOS 3.0 Volt-only

#### **FEATURES**

- Single power supply operation
- Full voltage range: 2.7 to 3.6 volts read and write operations
- High performance
- Access times as fast as 70 ns
- V<sub>IO</sub> Input/Output 1.65 to 3.6 volts
- All input levels (address, control, and DQ input levels) and outputs are determined by voltage on V<sub>IO</sub> input. V<sub>IO</sub> range is 1.65 to V<sub>CC</sub>
- 8-word/16-byte page read buffer
- 16-word/32-byte write buffer reduces overall programming time for multiple-word updates
- · Secured Silicon Sector region
- 128-word/256-byte sector for permanent, secure identification through an 8-word/16byte random Electronic Serial Number
- Can be programmed and locked at the factory or by the customer
- Flexible Sector Architecture:
- Uniform sector models:
   One hundred and twenty-eight uniform 32Kword/64Kbyte sectors
- Boot sector models:
   Eight 8-Kbyte boot sectors on Top or Bottom
   and one hundred twenty-seven 32Kword /
   64Kbyte sectors.

- Suspend and Resume commands for Program and Erase operations
- Write operation status bits indicate program and erase operation completion
- Support for CFI (Common Flash Interface)
- Persistent methods of Advanced Sector Protection
- WP#/ACC input
- Accelerates programming time (when V<sub>HH</sub> is applied) for greater throughput during system production
- Protects first or last sector regardless of sector protection settings
- Hardware reset input (RESET#) resets device
- Ready/Busy# output (RY/BY#) detects program or erase cycle completion
- Minimum 100K program/erase endurance cycles.
- Package Options
- 56-pin TSOP
- 64-ball 11mm x 13mm BGA
- Industrial Temperature Range.

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The EN29GL064 offers a fast page access time of 25 ns with a corresponding random access time as fast as 70 ns. It features a Write Buffer that allows a maximum of 16 words/32 bytes to be programmed in one operation, resulting in faster effective programming time than standard programming algorithms. This makes the device ideal for today's embedded applications that require higher density, better performance and lower power consumption.

This Data Sheet may be revised by subsequent versions or modifications due to changes in technical specifications.

©2004 Eon Silicon Solution, Inc., www.eonssi.com



#### **CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**

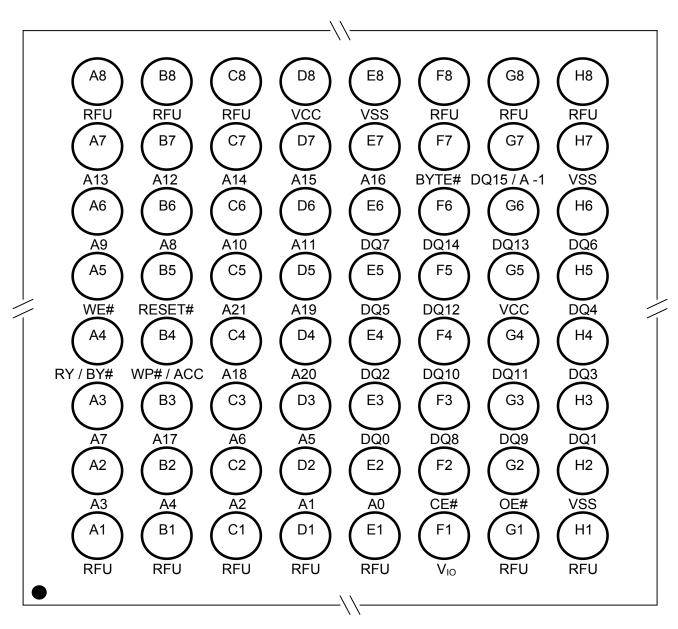
Figure 1. 56-pin Standard TSOP (Top View)



Note: RFU= Reserved for future use



Figure 2. 64-ball Ball Grid Array (Top View, Balls Facing Down)



Note: RFU= Reserved for future use



#### **TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTION**

## PTION FIGURE 3. LOGIC DIAGRAM

| Pin Name   | Function  |  |
|--|---|--|
| A21–A0   | A21–A0  |  |
| DQ0-DQ14   | Data input/output.  |  |
| DQ15 / A-1   | DQ15 (data input/output, word mode),<br>A-1 (LSB address input, byte mode)                                    |  |
| CE#  | Chip Enable   |  |
| OE#  | Output Enable   |  |
| RESET#   | Hardware Reset Pin  |  |
| RY/BY#   | Ready/Busy Output   |  |
| WE#  | Write Enable  |  |
| Vcc  | Supply Voltage (2.7-3.6V)   |  |
| Vss  | Ground  |  |
| V <sub>IO</sub>  | V I/O Input.  |  |
| BYTE#  | Byte/Word mode selection  |  |
| WP#/ACC  | Write Protect / Acceleration Pin (WP# has an internal pull-up; when unconnected, WP# is at V <sub>IH</sub> .) |  |
| RFU Reserved for future use. Not Connected to anything |   |  |

# EN29GL064 A0 – A21 CE# OE# WE# Reset# WP#/ACC Byte# RY/BY#

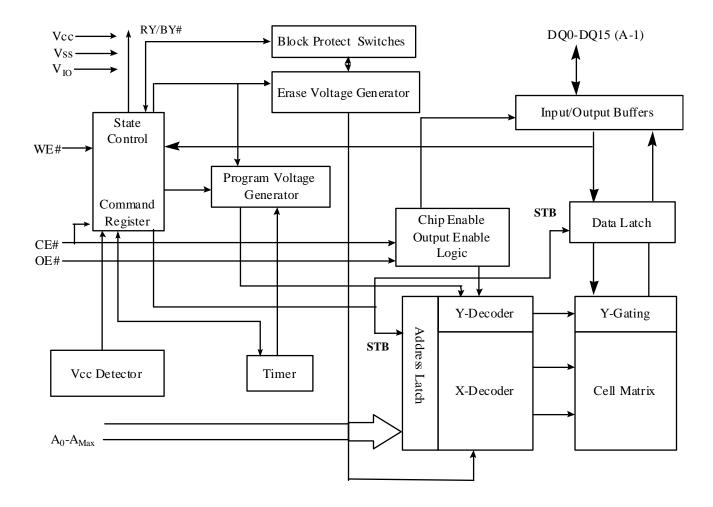
Rev. M, Issue Date: 2011/04/13



**Table 2. PRODUCT SELECTOR GUIDE** 

| Product Numb   | er   | EN29GL064 |  |
|----------------|--|-----------|--|
| Speed Option   | Full Voltage Range: Vcc=2.7 – 3.6 V<br>V <sub>IO</sub> =1.65 – 3.6 V | -70       |  |
| Max Access Tin | ne, ns (t <sub>acc</sub> )   | 70        |  |
| Max Page Read  | Access, ns(t <sub>pacc</sub> )                                       | 25        |  |
| Max CE# Acces  | CE# Access, ns (t <sub>ce</sub> ) 70                                 |           |  |
| Max OE# Acces  | ns (t <sub>oe</sub> ) 25   |           |  |

#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





#### **Product Overview**

EN29GL064 is 64 Mb, 3.0-volt-only, page mode Flash devices optimized for today's embedded designs that demand a large storage array and rich functionality. Additional features include:

- Single word programming or a 16-word buffer for an increased programming speed
- Program Suspend/Resume and Erase Suspend/Resume
- Advanced Sector Protection methods for protecting sectors as required
- 128 words/256 bytes of Secured Silicon area for storing customer and factory secured information. The Secured Silicon Sector is One Time Programmable.



<u>Table 3A. Uniform Sector / Persistent Protection Sector Group Address Tables</u>
(EN29GL064H/L)

| N29GL06 |        | A24 A4E | Sector Size     | Address Range     | Address Range     |
|---------|--------|---------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Group   | Sector | A21–A15 | (Kbytes/Kwords) | Byte mode (x8)    | Word mode (x16)   |
| PPB 0   | SA0    | 0000000 | 64/32           | 000000h - 00FFFFh | 000000h - 007FFFh |
| PPB 1   | SA1    | 0000001 | 64/32           | 010000h - 01FFFFh | 008000h - 00FFFFh |
| PPB 2   | SA2    | 0000010 | 64/32           | 020000h - 02FFFFh | 010000h - 017FFFh |
| PPB 3   | SA3    | 0000011 | 64/32           | 030000h - 03FFFFh | 018000h - 01FFFFh |
|         | SA4    | 0000100 | 64/32           | 040000h - 04FFFFh | 020000h - 027FFFh |
| PPB 4   | SA5    | 0000101 | 64/32           | 050000h - 05FFFFh | 028000h - 02FFFFh |
|         | SA6    | 0000110 | 64/32           | 060000h - 06FFFFh | 030000h - 037FFFh |
|         | SA7    | 0000111 | 64/32           | 070000h - 07FFFFh | 038000h - 03FFFFh |
|         | SA8    | 0001000 | 64/32           | 080000h - 08FFFFh | 040000h - 047FFFh |
| PPB 5   | SA9    | 0001001 | 64/32           | 090000h - 09FFFFh | 048000h - 04FFFFh |
| 1100    | SA10   | 0001010 | 64/32           | 0A0000h - 0AFFFFh | 050000h - 057FFFh |
|         | SA11   | 0001011 | 64/32           | 0B0000h - 0BFFFFh | 058000h - 05FFFFh |
|         | SA12   | 0001100 | 64/32           | 0C0000h - 0CFFFFh | 060000h - 067FFFh |
| PPB 6   | SA13   | 0001101 | 64/32           | 0D0000h - 0DFFFFh | 068000h - 06FFFFh |
| PPDO    | SA14   | 0001110 | 64/32           | 0E0000h - 0EFFFFh | 070000h - 077FFFh |
|         | SA15   | 0001111 | 64/32           | 0F0000h - 0FFFFFh | 078000h - 07FFFFh |
|         | SA16   | 0010000 | 64/32           | 100000h - 10FFFFh | 080000h - 087FFFh |
| DDD 7   | SA17   | 0010001 | 64/32           | 110000h - 11FFFFh | 088000h - 08FFFFh |
| PPB 7   | SA18   | 0010010 | 64/32           | 120000h - 12FFFFh | 090000h - 097FFFh |
|         | SA19   | 0010011 | 64/32           | 130000h - 13FFFFh | 098000h - 09FFFFh |
|         | SA20   | 0010100 | 64/32           | 140000h - 14FFFFh | 0A0000h - 0A7FFFh |
| DDD 0   | SA21   | 0010101 | 64/32           | 150000h - 15FFFFh | 0A8000h - 0AFFFFh |
| PPB 8   | SA22   | 0010110 | 64/32           | 160000h - 16FFFFh | 0B0000h - 0B7FFFh |
|         | SA23   | 0010111 | 64/32           | 170000h - 17FFFFh | 0B8000h - 0BFFFFh |
|         | SA24   | 0011000 | 64/32           | 180000h - 18FFFFh | 0C0000h - 0C7FFFh |
| DDD 0   | SA25   | 0011001 | 64/32           | 190000h - 19FFFFh | 0C8000h - 0CFFFFh |
| PPB 9   | SA26   | 0011010 | 64/32           | 1A0000h - 1AFFFFh | 0D0000h - 0D7FFFh |
|         | SA27   | 0011011 | 64/32           | 1B0000h - 1BFFFFh | 0D8000h - 0DFFFFh |
|         | SA28   | 0011100 | 64/32           | 1C0000h - 1CFFFFh | 0E0000h - 0E7FFFh |
| DDD 40  | SA29   | 0011101 | 64/32           | 1D0000h - 1DFFFFh | 0E8000h - 0EFFFFh |
| PPB 10  | SA30   | 0011110 | 64/32           | 1E0000h - 1EFFFFh | 0F0000h - 0F7FFFh |
|         | SA31   | 0011111 | 64/32           | 1F0000h - 1FFFFFh | 0F8000h - 0FFFFFh |
|         | SA32   | 0100000 | 64/32           | 200000h - 20FFFFh | 100000h - 107FFFh |
| DDC 11  | SA33   | 0100001 | 64/32           | 210000h - 21FFFFh | 108000h - 10FFFFh |
| PPB 11  | SA34   | 0100010 | 64/32           | 220000h - 22FFFFh | 110000h - 117FFFh |
|         | SA35   | 0100011 | 64/32           | 230000h - 23FFFFh | 118000h - 11FFFFh |
|         | SA36   | 0100100 | 64/32           | 240000h - 24FFFFh | 120000h - 127FFFh |
|         | SA37   | 0100101 | 64/32           | 250000h - 25FFFFh | 128000h - 12FFFFh |
| PPB 12  | SA38   | 0100110 | 64/32           | 260000h - 26FFFFh | 130000h - 137FFFh |
|         | SA39   | 0100111 | 64/32           | 270000h - 27FFFFh | 138000h - 13FFFFh |





|        | SA40 | 0101000 | 64/32 | 280000h - 28FFFFh | 140000h - 147FFFh |
|--------|------|---------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| PPB 13 | SA41 | 0101001 | 64/32 | 290000h - 29FFFFh | 148000h - 14FFFFh |
|        | SA42 | 0101010 | 64/32 | 2A0000h - 2AFFFFh | 150000h - 157FFFh |
|        | SA43 | 0101011 | 64/32 | 2B0000h - 2BFFFFh | 158000h - 15FFFFh |
|        | SA44 | 0101100 | 64/32 | 2C0000h - 2CFFFFh | 160000h - 167FFFh |
| DDD 44 | SA45 | 0101101 | 64/32 | 2D0000h - 2DFFFFh | 168000h - 16FFFFh |
| PPB 14 | SA46 | 0101110 | 64/32 | 2E0000h - 2EFFFFh | 170000h - 177FFFh |
|        | SA47 | 0101111 | 64/32 | 2F0000h - 2FFFFFh | 178000h - 17FFFFh |
|        | SA48 | 0110000 | 64/32 | 300000h - 30FFFFh | 180000h - 187FFFh |
| PPB 15 | SA49 | 0110001 | 64/32 | 310000h - 31FFFFh | 188000h - 18FFFFh |
| FFBIS  | SA50 | 0110010 | 64/32 | 320000h - 32FFFFh | 190000h - 197FFFh |
|        | SA51 | 0110011 | 64/32 | 330000h - 33FFFFh | 198000h - 19FFFFh |
|        | SA52 | 0110100 | 64/32 | 340000h - 34FFFFh | 1A0000h - 1A7FFFh |
| PPB 16 | SA53 | 0110101 | 64/32 | 350000h - 35FFFFh | 1A8000h - 1AFFFFh |
| PPD 10 | SA54 | 0110110 | 64/32 | 360000h - 36FFFFh | 1B0000h - 1B7FFFh |
|        | SA55 | 0110111 | 64/32 | 370000h - 37FFFFh | 1B8000h - 1BFFFFh |
|        | SA56 | 0111000 | 64/32 | 380000h - 38FFFFh | 1C0000h - 1C7FFFh |
| PPB 17 | SA57 | 0111001 | 64/32 | 390000h - 39FFFFh | 1C8000h - 1CFFFFh |
| FFB I/ | SA58 | 0111010 | 64/32 | 3A0000h - 3AFFFFh | 1D0000h - 1D7FFFh |
|        | SA59 | 0111011 | 64/32 | 3B0000h - 3BFFFFh | 1D8000h - 1DFFFFh |
|        | SA60 | 0111100 | 64/32 | 3C0000h - 3CFFFFh | 1E0000h - 1E7FFFh |
| PPB 18 | SA61 | 0111101 | 64/32 | 3D0000h - 3DFFFFh | 1E8000h - 1EFFFFh |
|        | SA62 | 0111110 | 64/32 | 3E0000h - 3EFFFFh | 1F0000h - 1F7FFFh |
|        | SA63 | 0111111 | 64/32 | 3F0000h - 3FFFFFh | 1F8000h - 1FFFFFh |
|        | SA64 | 1000000 | 64/32 | 400000h - 40FFFFh | 200000h - 207FFFh |
| PPB 19 | SA65 | 1000001 | 64/32 | 410000h - 41FFFFh | 208000h - 20FFFFh |
| FFDIS  | SA66 | 1000010 | 64/32 | 420000h - 42FFFFh | 210000h - 217FFFh |
|        | SA67 | 1000011 | 64/32 | 430000h - 43FFFFh | 218000h - 21FFFFh |
|        | SA68 | 1000100 | 64/32 | 440000h - 44FFFFh | 220000h - 227FFFh |
| PPB 20 | SA69 | 1000101 | 64/32 | 450000h - 45FFFFh | 228000h - 22FFFFh |
| FFB 20 | SA70 | 1000110 | 64/32 | 460000h - 46FFFFh | 230000h - 237FFFh |
|        | SA71 | 1000111 | 64/32 | 470000h - 47FFFFh | 238000h - 23FFFFh |
|        | SA72 | 1001000 | 64/32 | 480000h - 48FFFFh | 240000h - 247FFFh |
| DDD 24 | SA73 | 1001001 | 64/32 | 490000h - 49FFFFh | 248000h - 24FFFFh |
| PPB 21 | SA74 | 1001010 | 64/32 | 4A0000h - 4AFFFFh | 250000h - 257FFFh |
|        | SA75 | 1001011 | 64/32 | 4B0000h - 4BFFFFh | 258000h - 25FFFFh |
|        | SA76 | 1001100 | 64/32 | 4C0000h - 4CFFFFh | 260000h - 267FFFh |
| DDD 00 | SA77 | 1001101 | 64/32 | 4D0000h - 4DFFFFh | 268000h - 26FFFFh |
| PPB 22 | SA78 | 1001110 | 64/32 | 4E0000h - 4EFFFFh | 270000h - 277FFFh |
|        | SA79 | 1001111 | 64/32 | 4F0000h - 4FFFFFh | 278000h - 27FFFFh |
| PPB 23 | SA80 | 1010000 | 64/32 | 500000h - 50FFFFh | 280000h - 287FFFh |
|        | SA81 | 1010001 | 64/32 | 510000h - 51FFFFh | 288000h - 28FFFFh |
|        | SA82 | 1010010 | 64/32 | 520000h - 52FFFFh | 290000h - 297FFFh |
|        |      |         |       |                   | 1                 |





|          | SA83  | 1010011 | 64/32 | 530000h - 53FFFFh | 298000h - 29FFFFh |
|----------|-------|---------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
|          | SA84  | 1010100 | 64/32 | 540000h - 54FFFFh | 2A0000h - 2A7FFFh |
| PPB 24   | SA85  | 1010101 | 64/32 | 550000h - 55FFFFh | 2A8000h - 2AFFFFh |
|          | SA86  | 1010110 | 64/32 | 560000h - 56FFFFh | 2B0000h - 2B7FFFh |
|          | SA87  | 1010111 | 64/32 | 570000h - 57FFFFh | 2B8000h - 2BFFFFh |
|          | SA88  | 1011000 | 64/32 | 580000h - 58FFFFh | 2C0000h - 2C7FFFh |
| DDD 05   | SA89  | 1011001 | 64/32 | 590000h - 59FFFFh | 2C8000h - 2CFFFFh |
| PPB 25   | SA90  | 1011010 | 64/32 | 5A0000h - 5AFFFFh | 2D0000h - 2D7FFFh |
|          | SA91  | 1011011 | 64/32 | 5B0000h - 5BFFFFh | 2D8000h - 2DFFFFh |
|          | SA92  | 1011100 | 64/32 | 5C0000h - 5CFFFFh | 2E0000h - 2E7FFFh |
| DDD 00   | SA93  | 1011101 | 64/32 | 5D0000h - 5DFFFFh | 2E8000h - 2EFFFFh |
| PPB 26   | SA94  | 1011110 | 64/32 | 5E0000h - 5EFFFFh | 2F0000h - 2F7FFFh |
|          | SA95  | 1011111 | 64/32 | 5F0000h - 5FFFFFh | 2F8000h - 2FFFFFh |
|          | SA96  | 1100000 | 64/32 | 600000h - 60FFFFh | 300000h - 307FFFh |
| PPB 27   | SA97  | 1100001 | 64/32 | 610000h - 61FFFFh | 308000h - 30FFFFh |
| PPB 21   | SA98  | 1100010 | 64/32 | 620000h - 62FFFFh | 310000h - 317FFFh |
|          | SA99  | 1100011 | 64/32 | 630000h - 63FFFFh | 318000h - 31FFFFh |
|          | SA100 | 1100100 | 64/32 | 640000h - 64FFFFh | 320000h - 327FFFh |
| PPB 28   | SA101 | 1100101 | 64/32 | 650000h - 65FFFFh | 328000h - 32FFFFh |
| PPD 20   | SA102 | 1100110 | 64/32 | 660000h - 66FFFFh | 330000h - 337FFFh |
|          | SA103 | 1100111 | 64/32 | 670000h - 67FFFFh | 338000h - 33FFFFh |
|          | SA104 | 1101000 | 64/32 | 680000h - 68FFFFh | 340000h - 347FFFh |
| PPB 29   | SA105 | 1101001 | 64/32 | 690000h - 69FFFFh | 348000h - 34FFFFh |
| FFB 29   | SA106 | 1101010 | 64/32 | 6A0000h - 6AFFFFh | 350000h - 357FFFh |
|          | SA107 | 1101011 | 64/32 | 6B0000h - 6BFFFFh | 358000h - 35FFFFh |
|          | SA108 | 1101100 | 64/32 | 6C0000h - 6CFFFFh | 360000h - 367FFFh |
| PPB 30   | SA109 | 1101101 | 64/32 | 6D0000h - 6DFFFFh | 368000h - 36FFFFh |
| FFB 30   | SA110 | 1101110 | 64/32 | 6E0000h - 6EFFFFh | 370000h - 377FFFh |
|          | SA111 | 1101111 | 64/32 | 6F0000h - 6FFFFFh | 378000h - 37FFFFh |
|          | SA112 | 1110000 | 64/32 | 700000h - 70FFFFh | 380000h - 387FFFh |
| PPB 31   | SA113 | 1110001 | 64/32 | 710000h - 71FFFFh | 388000h - 38FFFFh |
| 11001    | SA114 | 1110010 | 64/32 | 720000h - 72FFFFh | 390000h - 397FFFh |
|          | SA115 | 1110011 | 64/32 | 730000h - 73FFFFh | 398000h - 39FFFFh |
|          | SA116 | 1110100 | 64/32 | 740000h - 74FFFFh | 3A0000h - 3A7FFFh |
| PPB 32   | SA117 | 1110101 | 64/32 | 750000h - 75FFFFh | 3A8000h - 3AFFFFh |
| 11032    | SA118 | 1110110 | 64/32 | 760000h - 76FFFFh | 3B0000h - 3B7FFFh |
|          | SA119 | 1110111 | 64/32 | 770000h - 77FFFFh | 3B8000h - 3BFFFFh |
|          | SA120 | 1111000 | 64/32 | 780000h - 78FFFFh | 3C0000h - 3C7FFFh |
| PPB 33   | SA121 | 1111001 | 64/32 | 790000h - 79FFFFh | 3C8000h - 3CFFFFh |
| 1 1 0 00 | SA122 | 1111010 | 64/32 | 7A0000h - 7AFFFFh | 3D0000h - 3D7FFFh |
|          | SA123 | 1111011 | 64/32 | 7B0000h - 7BFFFFh | 3D8000h - 3DFFFFh |
| PPB 34   | SA124 | 1111100 | 64/32 | 7C0000h - 7CFFFFh | 3E0000h - 3E7FFFh |
| PPB 35   | SA125 | 1111101 | 64/32 | 7D0000h - 7DFFFFh | 3E8000h - 3EFFFFh |





| PPB 36 | SA126 | 1111110 | 64/32 | 7E0000h - 7EFFFFh | 3F0000h - 3F7FFFh |
|--------|-------|---------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| PPB 37 | SA127 | 1111111 | 64/32 | 7F0000h - 7FFFFFh | 3F8000h - 3FFFFFh |

# <u>Table 3B. Top Boot Sector / Persistent Protection Sector Group Address Tables (EN29GL064T)</u>

| PPB<br>Group | Sector | A21 – A12   | Sector Size<br>(Kbytes / Kwords) | Address Range (h)<br>Byte mode (x8) | Address Range (h)<br>Word Mode (x16) |
|--------------|--------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|              | SA0    | 0000000xxx  | 64/32                            | 000000-00FFFF                       | 000000-007FFF                        |
| PPB 0        | SA1    | 0000001xxx  | 64/32                            | 010000-01FFFF                       | 008000-00FFFF                        |
|              | SA2    | 0000010xxx  | 64/32                            | 020000-02FFFF                       | 010000-017FFF                        |
|              | SA3    | 0000011xxx  | 64/32                            | 030000-03FFFF                       | 018000-01FFFF                        |
|              | SA4    | 0000100xxx  | 64/32                            | 040000-04FFFF                       | 020000-027FFF                        |
| PPB 1        | SA5    | 0000101xxx  | 64/32                            | 050000-05FFFF                       | 028000-02FFFF                        |
| PPDI         | SA6    | 0000110xxx  | 64/32                            | 060000-06FFFF                       | 030000-037FFF                        |
|              | SA7    | 0000111xxx  | 64/32                            | 070000-07FFFF                       | 038000-03FFFF                        |
|              | SA8    | 0001000xxx  | 64/32                            | 080000-08FFFF                       | 040000-047FFF                        |
| PPB 2        | SA9    | 0001001xxx  | 64/32                            | 090000-09FFFF                       | 048000-04FFFF                        |
| FFBZ         | SA10   | 0001010xxx  | 64/32                            | 0A0000-0AFFFF                       | 050000-057FFF                        |
|              | SA11   | 0001011xxx  | 64/32                            | 0B0000-0BFFFF                       | 058000-05FFFF                        |
|              | SA12   | 0001100xxx  | 64/32                            | 0C0000-0CFFFF                       | 060000-067FFF                        |
| PPB 3        | SA13   | 0001101xxx  | 64/32                            | 0D0000-0DFFFF                       | 068000-06FFFF                        |
| FFB3         | SA14   | 0001110xxx  | 64/32                            | 0E0000-0EFFFF                       | 070000-077FFF                        |
|              | SA15   | 0001111xxx  | 64/32                            | 0F0000-0FFFFF                       | 078000-07FFFF                        |
|              | SA16   | 0010000xxx  | 64/32                            | 100000-10FFFF                       | 080000-087FFF                        |
| PPB 4        | SA17   | 0010001xxx  | 64/32                            | 110000-11FFFF                       | 088000-08FFFF                        |
| PPD 4        | SA18   | 0010010xxx  | 64/32                            | 120000-12FFFF                       | 090000-097FFF                        |
|              | SA19   | 0010011xxx  | 64/32                            | 130000-13FFFF                       | 098000-09FFFF                        |
|              | SA20   | 0010100xxx  | 64/32                            | 140000-14FFFF                       | 0A0000-0A7FFF                        |
| PPB 5        | SA21   | 0010101xxx  | 64/32                            | 150000-15FFFF                       | 0A8000-0AFFFF                        |
| FFBS         | SA22   | 0010110xxx  | 64/32                            | 160000-16FFFF                       | 0B0000-0B7FFF                        |
|              | SA23   | 0010111xxx  | 64/32                            | 170000–17FFFF                       | 0B8000-0BFFFF                        |
|              | SA24   | 0011000xxx  | 64/32                            | 180000-18FFFF                       | 0C0000-0C7FFF                        |
| PPB 6        | SA25   | 0011001xxx  | 64/32                            | 190000-19FFFF                       | 0C8000-0CFFFF                        |
| PPBO         | SA26   | 0011010xxx  | 64/32                            | 1A0000-1AFFFF                       | 0D0000-0D7FFF                        |
|              | SA27   | 0011011xxx  | 64/32                            | 1B0000-1BFFFF                       | 0D8000-0DFFFF                        |
|              | SA28   | 0011100xxx  | 64/32                            | 1C0000-1CFFFF                       | 0E0000-0E7FFF                        |
| PPB 7        | SA29   | 0011101xxx  | 64/32                            | 1D0000-1DFFFF                       | 0E8000-0EFFFF                        |
| FFB /        | SA30   | 0011110xxx  | 64/32                            | 1E0000-1EFFFF                       | 0F0000-0F7FFF                        |
|              | SA31   | 00111111xxx | 64/32                            | 1F0000-1FFFFF                       | 0F8000-0FFFFF                        |
|              | SA32   | 0100000xxx  | 64/32                            | 200000-20FFFF                       | 100000-107FFF                        |
| PPB 8        | SA33   | 0100001xxx  | 64/32                            | 210000–21FFFF                       | 108000-10FFFF                        |
| FFB 0        | SA34   | 0100010xxx  | 64/32                            | 220000–22FFFF                       | 110000–117FFF                        |
|              | SA35   | 0100011xxx  | 64/32                            | 230000-23FFFF                       | 118000–11FFFF                        |
| PPB 9        | SA36   | 0100100xxx  | 64/32                            | 240000-24FFFF                       | 120000-127FFF                        |





|        | SA37 | 0100101xxx  | 64/32 | 250000-25FFFF | 128000-12FFFF |
|--------|------|-------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
|        | SA38 | 0100110xxx  | 64/32 | 260000-26FFFF | 130000-137FFF |
|        | SA39 | 0100111xxx  | 64/32 | 270000–27FFFF | 138000–13FFFF |
|        | SA40 | 0101000xxx  | 64/32 | 280000–28FFFF | 140000-147FFF |
| DDD 40 | SA41 | 0101001xxx  | 64/32 | 290000–29FFFF | 148000-14FFFF |
| PPB 10 | SA42 | 0101010xxx  | 64/32 | 2A0000-2AFFFF | 150000-157FFF |
|        | SA43 | 0101011xxx  | 64/32 | 2B0000-2BFFFF | 158000–15FFFF |
|        | SA44 | 0101100xxx  | 64/32 | 2C0000-2CFFFF | 160000-167FFF |
| PPB 11 | SA45 | 0101101xxx  | 64/32 | 2D0000-2DFFFF | 168000-16FFFF |
| PPDII  | SA46 | 0101110xxx  | 64/32 | 2E0000-2EFFFF | 170000–177FFF |
|        | SA47 | 0101111xxx  | 64/32 | 2F0000–2FFFFF | 178000-17FFFF |
|        | SA48 | 0110000xxx  | 64/32 | 300000-30FFFF | 180000–187FFF |
| PPB 12 | SA49 | 0110001xxx  | 64/32 | 310000–31FFFF | 188000–18FFFF |
| PPB 12 | SA50 | 0110010xxx  | 64/32 | 320000-32FFFF | 190000-197FFF |
|        | SA51 | 0110011xxx  | 64/32 | 330000–33FFFF | 198000-19FFFF |
|        | SA52 | 0110100xxx  | 64/32 | 340000-34FFFF | 1A0000-1A7FFF |
| PPB 13 | SA53 | 0110101xxx  | 64/32 | 350000-35FFFF | 1A8000-1AFFFF |
| PPB 13 | SA54 | 0110110xxx  | 64/32 | 360000–36FFFF | 1B0000-1B7FFF |
|        | SA55 | 0110111xxx  | 64/32 | 370000–37FFFF | 1B8000-1BFFFF |
|        | SA56 | 0111000xxx  | 64/32 | 380000–38FFFF | 1C0000-1C7FFF |
| DDD 44 | SA57 | 0111001xxx  | 64/32 | 390000–39FFFF | 1C8000-1CFFFF |
| PPB 14 | SA58 | 0111010xxx  | 64/32 | 3A0000–3AFFFF | 1D0000-1D7FFF |
|        | SA59 | 0111011xxx  | 64/32 | 3B0000–3BFFFF | 1D8000-1DFFFF |
|        | SA60 | 0111100xxx  | 64/32 | 3C0000-3CFFFF | 1E0000-1E7FFF |
| PPB 15 | SA61 | 0111101xxx  | 64/32 | 3D0000-3DFFFF | 1E8000-1EFFFF |
| PPB 15 | SA62 | 0111110xxx  | 64/32 | 3E0000-3EFFFF | 1F0000-1F7FFF |
|        | SA63 | 01111111xxx | 64/32 | 3F0000–3FFFFF | 1F8000–1FFFFF |
|        | SA64 | 1000000xxx  | 64/32 | 400000-40FFFF | 200000-207FFF |
| DDD 46 | SA65 | 1000001xxx  | 64/32 | 410000–41FFFF | 208000-20FFFF |
| PPB 16 | SA66 | 1000010xxx  | 64/32 | 420000-42FFFF | 210000–217FFF |
|        | SA67 | 1000011xxx  | 64/32 | 430000–43FFFF | 218000–21FFFF |
|        | SA68 | 1000100xxx  | 64/32 | 440000-44FFFF | 220000-227FFF |
| PPB 17 | SA69 | 1000101xxx  | 64/32 | 450000–45FFFF | 228000-22FFFF |
| PPD I/ | SA70 | 1000110xxx  | 64/32 | 460000-46FFFF | 230000-237FFF |
|        | SA71 | 1000111xxx  | 64/32 | 470000–47FFFF | 238000-23FFFF |
|        | SA72 | 1001000xxx  | 64/32 | 480000–48FFFF | 240000-247FFF |
| DDD 40 | SA73 | 1001001xxx  | 64/32 | 490000–49FFFF | 248000-24FFFF |
| PPB 18 | SA74 | 1001010xxx  | 64/32 | 4A0000–4AFFFF | 250000-257FFF |
|        | SA75 | 1001011xxx  | 64/32 | 4B0000–4BFFFF | 258000-25FFFF |
|        | SA76 | 1001100xxx  | 64/32 | 4C0000-4CFFFF | 260000-267FFF |
| DDD 40 | SA77 | 1001101xxx  | 64/32 | 4D0000–4DFFFF | 268000-26FFFF |
| PPB 19 | SA78 | 1001110xxx  | 64/32 | 4E0000-4EFFFF | 270000–277FFF |
|        | SA79 | 1001111xxx  | 64/32 | 4F0000–4FFFFF | 278000-27FFFF |





|        | SA80  | 1010000xxx  | 64/32 | 500000-50FFFF | 280000–287FFF |
|--------|-------|-------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| PPB 20 | SA81  | 1010001xxx  | 64/32 | 510000-51FFFF | 288000-28FFFF |
|        | SA82  | 1010010xxx  | 64/32 | 520000-52FFFF | 290000–297FFF |
|        | SA83  | 1010011xxx  | 64/32 | 530000-53FFFF | 298000-29FFFF |
|        | SA84  | 1010100xxx  | 64/32 | 540000-54FFFF | 2A0000-2A7FFF |
| DDD 24 | SA85  | 1010101xxx  | 64/32 | 550000-55FFFF | 2A8000–2AFFFF |
| PPB 21 | SA86  | 1010110xxx  | 64/32 | 560000-56FFFF | 2B0000-2B7FFF |
|        | SA87  | 1010111xxx  | 64/32 | 570000-57FFFF | 2B8000-2BFFFF |
|        | SA88  | 1011000xxx  | 64/32 | 580000-58FFFF | 2C0000-2C7FFF |
| PPB 22 | SA89  | 1011001xxx  | 64/32 | 590000-59FFFF | 2C8000-2CFFFF |
| PPB 22 | SA90  | 1011010xxx  | 64/32 | 5A0000-5AFFFF | 2D0000-2D7FFF |
|        | SA91  | 1011011xxx  | 64/32 | 5B0000-5BFFFF | 2D8000-2DFFFF |
|        | SA92  | 1011100xxx  | 64/32 | 5C0000-5CFFFF | 2E0000-2E7FFF |
| DDD 00 | SA93  | 1011101xxx  | 64/32 | 5D0000-5DFFFF | 2E8000-2EFFFF |
| PPB 23 | SA94  | 1011110xxx  | 64/32 | 5E0000-5EFFFF | 2F0000-2F7FFF |
|        | SA95  | 10111111xxx | 64/32 | 5F0000-5FFFFF | 2F8000–2FFFFF |
|        | SA96  | 1100000xxx  | 64/32 | 600000-60FFFF | 300000-307FFF |
| DDD 04 | SA97  | 1100001xxx  | 64/32 | 610000-61FFFF | 308000-30FFFF |
| PPB 24 | SA98  | 1100010xxx  | 64/32 | 620000-62FFFF | 310000-317FFF |
|        | SA99  | 1100011xxx  | 64/32 | 630000-63FFFF | 318000-31FFFF |
|        | SA100 | 1100100xxx  | 64/32 | 640000-64FFFF | 320000-327FFF |
| DDD 05 | SA101 | 1100101xxx  | 64/32 | 650000-65FFFF | 328000-32FFFF |
| PPB 25 | SA102 | 1100110xxx  | 64/32 | 660000-66FFFF | 330000-337FFF |
|        | SA103 | 1100111xxx  | 64/32 | 670000–67FFFF | 338000-33FFFF |
|        | SA104 | 1101000xxx  | 64/32 | 680000-68FFFF | 340000-347FFF |
| DDD 00 | SA105 | 1101001xxx  | 64/32 | 690000-69FFFF | 348000-34FFFF |
| PPB 26 | SA106 | 1101010xxx  | 64/32 | 6A0000-6AFFFF | 350000-357FFF |
|        | SA107 | 1101011xxx  | 64/32 | 6B0000-6BFFFF | 358000-35FFFF |
|        | SA108 | 1101100xxx  | 64/32 | 6C0000-6CFFFF | 360000-367FFF |
| DDD 27 | SA109 | 1101101xxx  | 64/32 | 6D0000-6DFFFF | 368000-36FFFF |
| PPB 27 | SA110 | 1101110xxx  | 64/32 | 6E0000-6EFFFF | 370000-377FFF |
|        | SA111 | 11011111xxx | 64/32 | 6F0000-6FFFFF | 378000-37FFFF |
|        | SA112 | 1110000xxx  | 64/32 | 700000–70FFFF | 380000-387FFF |
| DDD 00 | SA113 | 1110001xxx  | 64/32 | 710000–71FFFF | 388000-38FFFF |
| PPB 28 | SA114 | 1110010xxx  | 64/32 | 720000–72FFFF | 390000-397FFF |
|        | SA115 | 1110011xxx  | 64/32 | 730000–73FFFF | 398000-39FFFF |
|        | SA116 | 1110100xxx  | 64/32 | 740000–74FFFF | 3A0000-3A7FFF |
| DDD 00 | SA117 | 1110101xxx  | 64/32 | 750000–75FFFF | 3A8000–3AFFFF |
| PPB 29 | SA118 | 1110110xxx  | 64/32 | 760000–76FFFF | 3B0000-3B7FFF |
|        | SA119 | 1110111xxx  | 64/32 | 770000–77FFFF | 3B8000-3BFFFF |
| PPB 30 | SA120 | 1111000xxx  | 64/32 | 780000–78FFFF | 3C0000-3C7FFF |
|        | SA121 | 1111001xxx  | 64/32 | 790000–79FFFF | 3C8000-3CFFFF |
|        | SA122 | 1111010xxx  | 64/32 | 7A0000–7AFFFF | 3D0000-3D7FFF |



|        | SA123 | 1111011xxx  | 64/32 | 7B0000–7BFFFF | 3D8000–3DFFFF |
|--------|-------|-------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| PPB 31 | SA124 | 1111100xxx  | 64/32 | 7C0000-7CFFFF | 3E0000-3E7FFF |
| PPB 32 | SA125 | 1111101xxx  | 64/32 | 7D0000-7DFFFF | 3E8000-3EFFFF |
| PPB 33 | SA126 | 1111110xxx  | 64/32 | 7E0000-7EFFFF | 3F0000-3F7FFF |
| PPB 34 | SA127 | 11111111000 | 8/4   | 7F0000-7F1FFF | 3F8000–3F8FFF |
| PPB 35 | SA128 | 1111111001  | 8/4   | 7F2000-7F3FFF | 3F9000–3F9FFF |
| PPB 36 | SA129 | 11111111010 | 8/4   | 7F4000-7F5FFF | 3FA000-3FAFFF |
| PPB 37 | SA130 | 1111111011  | 8/4   | 7F6000-7F7FFF | 3FB000–3FBFFF |
| PPB 38 | SA131 | 1111111100  | 8/4   | 7F8000-7F9FFF | 3FC000-3FCFFF |
| PPB 39 | SA132 | 1111111101  | 8/4   | 7FA000-7FBFFF | 3FD000–3FDFFF |
| PPB 40 | SA133 | 1111111110  | 8/4   | 7FC000-7FDFFF | 3FE000-3FEFFF |
| PPB 41 | SA134 | 1111111111  | 8/4   | 7FE000-7FFFFF | 3FF000-3FFFFF |

<u>Table 3C. Bottom Boot Sector / Persistent Protection Sector Group Address Tables (EN29GL064B)</u>

| PPB<br>Group | Sector | A21 – A12  | Sector Size<br>(Kbytes / Kwords) | Address Range (h) Byte mode (x8) | Address Range (h)<br>Word Mode (x16) |
|--------------|--------|------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| PPB 0        | SA0    | 0000000000 | 8/4                              | 000000-001FFF                    | 000000-000FFF                        |
| PPB 1        | SA1    | 000000001  | 8/4                              | 002000-003FFF                    | 001000-001FFF                        |
| PPB 2        | SA2    | 000000010  | 8/4                              | 004000-005FFF                    | 002000-002FFF                        |
| PPB 3        | SA3    | 000000011  | 8/4                              | 006000-007FFF                    | 003000-003FFF                        |
| PPB 4        | SA4    | 000000100  | 8/4                              | 008000-009FFF                    | 004000-004FFF                        |
| PPB 5        | SA5    | 000000101  | 8/4                              | 00A000-00BFFF                    | 005000-005FFF                        |
| PPB 6        | SA6    | 0000000110 | 8/4                              | 00C000-00DFFF                    | 006000-006FFF                        |
| PPB 7        | SA7    | 000000111  | 8/4                              | 00E000-00FFFF                    | 007000-007FFF                        |
| PPB 8        | SA8    | 0000001xxx | 64/32                            | 010000-01FFFF                    | 008000-00FFFF                        |
| PPB 9        | SA9    | 0000010xxx | 64/32                            | 020000-02FFFF                    | 010000-017FFF                        |
| PPB 10       | SA10   | 0000011xxx | 64/32                            | 030000-03FFFF                    | 018000-01FFFF                        |
|              | SA11   | 0000100xxx | 64/32                            | 040000-04FFFF                    | 020000-027FFF                        |
| PPB 11       | SA12   | 0000101xxx | 64/32                            | 050000-05FFFF                    | 028000-02FFFF                        |
| PPBII        | SA13   | 0000110xxx | 64/32                            | 060000-06FFFF                    | 030000-037FFF                        |
|              | SA14   | 0000111xxx | 64/32                            | 070000-07FFFF                    | 038000-03FFFF                        |
|              | SA15   | 0001000xxx | 64/32                            | 080000-08FFFF                    | 040000-047FFF                        |
| DDD 10       | SA16   | 0001001xxx | 64/32                            | 090000-09FFFF                    | 048000-04FFFF                        |
| PPB 12       | SA17   | 0001010xxx | 64/32                            | 0A0000-0AFFFF                    | 050000-057FFF                        |
|              | SA18   | 0001011xxx | 64/32                            | 0B0000-0BFFFF                    | 058000-05FFFF                        |
|              | SA19   | 0001100xxx | 64/32                            | 0C0000-0CFFFF                    | 060000-067FFF                        |
| PPB 13       | SA20   | 0001101xxx | 64/32                            | 0D0000-0DFFFF                    | 068000-06FFFF                        |
| PPB 13       | SA21   | 0001110xxx | 64/32                            | 0E0000-0EFFFF                    | 070000-077FFF                        |
|              | SA22   | 0001111xxx | 64/32                            | 0F0000-0FFFF                     | 078000-07FFFF                        |
|              | SA23   | 0010000xxx | 64/32                            | 100000-10FFFF                    | 080000-087FFF                        |
| PPB 14       | SA24   | 0010001xxx | 64/32                            | 110000–11FFFF                    | 088000-08FFFF                        |
| FFD 14       | SA25   | 0010010xxx | 64/32                            | 120000-12FFFF                    | 090000–097FFF                        |
|              | SA26   | 0010011xxx | 64/32                            | 130000–13FFFF                    | 098000-09FFFF                        |





|        | SA27 | 0010100xxx  | 64/32 | 140000-14FFFF | 0A0000-0A7FFF |
|--------|------|-------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
| PPB 15 | SA28 | 0010101xxx  | 64/32 | 150000-15FFFF | 0A8000-0AFFFF |
|        | SA29 | 0010110xxx  | 64/32 | 160000-16FFFF | 0B0000-0B7FFF |
|        | SA30 | 0010111xxx  | 64/32 | 170000-17FFFF | 0B8000-0BFFFF |
|        | SA31 | 0011000xxx  | 64/32 | 180000-18FFFF | 0C0000-0C7FFF |
| PPB 16 | SA32 | 0011001xxx  | 64/32 | 190000-19FFFF | 0C8000-0CFFFF |
| PPB 10 | SA33 | 0011010xxx  | 64/32 | 1A0000-1AFFFF | 0D0000-0D7FFF |
|        | SA34 | 0011011xxx  | 64/32 | 1B0000-1BFFFF | 0D8000-0DFFFF |
|        | SA35 | 0011100xxx  | 64/32 | 1C0000-1CFFFF | 0E0000-0E7FFF |
| DDD 47 | SA36 | 0011101xxx  | 64/32 | 1D0000-1DFFFF | 0E8000-0EFFFF |
| PPB 17 | SA37 | 0011110xxx  | 64/32 | 1E0000-1EFFFF | 0F0000-0F7FFF |
|        | SA38 | 00111111xxx | 64/32 | 1F0000-1FFFFF | 0F8000-0FFFFF |
|        | SA39 | 0100000xxx  | 64/32 | 200000-20FFFF | 100000-107FFF |
| DDD 40 | SA40 | 0100001xxx  | 64/32 | 210000–21FFFF | 108000-10FFFF |
| PPB 18 | SA41 | 0100010xxx  | 64/32 | 220000–22FFFF | 110000–117FFF |
|        | SA42 | 0100011xxx  | 64/32 | 230000–23FFFF | 118000-11FFFF |
|        | SA43 | 0100100xxx  | 64/32 | 240000-24FFFF | 120000-127FFF |
| DDD 40 | SA44 | 0100101xxx  | 64/32 | 250000-25FFFF | 128000-12FFFF |
| PPB 19 | SA45 | 0100110xxx  | 64/32 | 260000-26FFFF | 130000-137FFF |
|        | SA46 | 0100111xxx  | 64/32 | 270000–27FFFF | 138000-13FFFF |
|        | SA47 | 0101000xxx  | 64/32 | 280000–28FFFF | 140000-147FFF |
| DDD 00 | SA48 | 0101001xxx  | 64/32 | 290000–29FFFF | 148000-14FFFF |
| PPB 20 | SA49 | 0101010xxx  | 64/32 | 2A0000-2AFFFF | 150000-157FFF |
|        | SA50 | 0101011xxx  | 64/32 | 2B0000-2BFFFF | 158000-15FFFF |
|        | SA51 | 0101100xxx  | 64/32 | 2C0000-2CFFFF | 160000-167FFF |
| DDD 04 | SA52 | 0101101xxx  | 64/32 | 2D0000-2DFFFF | 168000-16FFFF |
| PPB 21 | SA53 | 0101110xxx  | 64/32 | 2E0000-2EFFFF | 170000-177FFF |
|        | SA54 | 01011111xxx | 64/32 | 2F0000–2FFFFF | 178000–17FFFF |
|        | SA55 | 0110000xxx  | 64/32 | 300000-30FFFF | 180000-187FFF |
| PPB 22 | SA56 | 0110001xxx  | 64/32 | 310000–31FFFF | 188000–18FFFF |
| PPD 22 | SA57 | 0110010xxx  | 64/32 | 320000-32FFFF | 190000-197FFF |
|        | SA58 | 0110011xxx  | 64/32 | 330000-33FFFF | 198000–19FFFF |
|        | SA59 | 0110100xxx  | 64/32 | 340000-34FFFF | 1A0000-1A7FFF |
| DDD 22 | SA60 | 0110101xxx  | 64/32 | 350000-35FFFF | 1A8000-1AFFFF |
| PPB 23 | SA61 | 0110110xxx  | 64/32 | 360000–36FFFF | 1B0000-1B7FFF |
|        | SA62 | 0110111xxx  | 64/32 | 370000–37FFFF | 1B8000-1BFFFF |
|        | SA63 | 0111000xxx  | 64/32 | 380000–38FFFF | 1C0000-1C7FFF |
| DDD 04 | SA64 | 0111001xxx  | 64/32 | 390000–39FFFF | 1C8000-1CFFFF |
| PPB 24 | SA65 | 0111010xxx  | 64/32 | 3A0000–3AFFFF | 1D0000-1D7FFF |
|        | SA66 | 0111011xxx  | 64/32 | 3B0000–3BFFFF | 1D8000-1DFFFF |
| PPB 25 | SA67 | 0111100xxx  | 64/32 | 3C0000-3CFFFF | 1E0000-1E7FFF |
|        | SA68 | 0111101xxx  | 64/32 | 3D0000-3DFFFF | 1E8000-1EFFFF |
|        | SA69 | 0111110xxx  | 64/32 | 3E0000-3EFFFF | 1F0000-1F7FFF |





|        | SA70  | 01111111xxx | 64/32 | 3F0000–3FFFFF | 1F8000–1FFFFF |
|--------|-------|-------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
|        | SA71  | 1000000xxx  | 64/32 | 400000–40FFFF | 200000–207FFF |
|        | SA72  | 1000001xxx  | 64/32 | 410000–41FFFF | 208000–20FFFF |
| PPB 26 | SA73  | 1000010xxx  | 64/32 | 420000–42FFFF | 210000–217FFF |
|        | SA74  | 1000011xxx  | 64/32 | 430000–43FFFF | 218000–21FFFF |
|        | SA75  | 1000100xxx  | 64/32 | 440000–44FFFF | 220000–227FFF |
|        | SA76  | 1000101xxx  | 64/32 | 450000–45FFFF | 228000–22FFFF |
| PPB 27 | SA77  | 1000110xxx  | 64/32 | 460000–46FFFF | 230000–237FFF |
|        | SA78  | 1000111xxx  | 64/32 | 470000–47FFFF | 238000–23FFFF |
|        | SA79  | 1001000xxx  | 64/32 | 480000–48FFFF | 240000–247FFF |
|        | SA80  | 1001001xxx  | 64/32 | 490000–49FFFF | 248000–24FFFF |
| PPB 28 | SA81  | 1001010xxx  | 64/32 | 4A0000–4AFFFF | 250000–257FFF |
|        | SA82  | 1001011xxx  | 64/32 | 4B0000–4BFFFF | 258000–25FFFF |
|        | SA83  | 1001100xxx  | 64/32 | 4C0000-4CFFFF | 260000–267FFF |
|        | SA84  | 1001101xxx  | 64/32 | 4D0000-4DFFFF | 268000-26FFFF |
| PPB 29 | SA85  | 1001110xxx  | 64/32 | 4E0000-4EFFFF | 270000–277FFF |
|        | SA86  | 1001111xxx  | 64/32 | 4F0000–4FFFFF | 278000-27FFFF |
|        | SA87  | 1010000xxx  | 64/32 | 500000-50FFFF | 280000–287FFF |
| DDD 00 | SA88  | 1010001xxx  | 64/32 | 510000-51FFFF | 288000-28FFFF |
| PPB 30 | SA89  | 1010010xxx  | 64/32 | 520000-52FFFF | 290000–297FFF |
|        | SA90  | 1010011xxx  | 64/32 | 530000-53FFFF | 298000–29FFFF |
|        | SA91  | 1010100xxx  | 64/32 | 540000-54FFFF | 2A0000-2A7FFF |
| DDD 04 | SA92  | 1010101xxx  | 64/32 | 550000-55FFFF | 2A8000-2AFFFF |
| PPB 31 | SA93  | 1010110xxx  | 64/32 | 560000-56FFFF | 2B0000-2B7FFF |
|        | SA94  | 1010111xxx  | 64/32 | 570000-57FFFF | 2B8000-2BFFFF |
|        | SA95  | 1011000xxx  | 64/32 | 580000-58FFFF | 2C0000-2C7FFF |
| PPB 32 | SA96  | 1011001xxx  | 64/32 | 590000-59FFFF | 2C8000-2CFFFF |
| PPD 32 | SA97  | 1011010xxx  | 64/32 | 5A0000-5AFFFF | 2D0000-2D7FFF |
|        | SA98  | 1011011xxx  | 64/32 | 5B0000-5BFFFF | 2D8000-2DFFFF |
|        | SA99  | 1011100xxx  | 64/32 | 5C0000-5CFFFF | 2E0000-2E7FFF |
| PPB 33 | SA100 | 1011101xxx  | 64/32 | 5D0000-5DFFFF | 2E8000-2EFFFF |
| FFB 33 | SA101 | 1011110xxx  | 64/32 | 5E0000-5EFFFF | 2F0000-2F7FFF |
|        | SA102 | 10111111xxx | 64/32 | 5F0000-5FFFFF | 2F8000–2FFFFF |
|        | SA103 | 1100000xxx  | 64/32 | 600000-60FFFF | 300000-307FFF |
| PPB 34 | SA104 | 1100001xxx  | 64/32 | 610000-61FFFF | 308000-30FFFF |
| 11034  | SA105 | 1100010xxx  | 64/32 | 620000-62FFFF | 310000–317FFF |
|        | SA106 | 1100011xxx  | 64/32 | 630000-63FFFF | 318000–31FFFF |
|        | SA107 | 1100100xxx  | 64/32 | 640000-64FFFF | 320000-327FFF |
| PPB 35 | SA108 | 1100101xxx  | 64/32 | 650000-65FFFF | 328000-32FFFF |
| ונטטוו | SA109 | 1100110xxx  | 64/32 | 660000-66FFFF | 330000–337FFF |
|        | SA110 | 1100111xxx  | 64/32 | 670000-67FFF  | 338000-33FFFF |
| PPB 36 | SA111 | 1101000xxx  | 64/32 | 680000–68FFFF | 340000–347FFF |
|        | SA112 | 1101001xxx  | 64/32 | 690000-69FFFF | 348000-34FFFF |



|        | SA113 | 1101010xxx  | 64/32 | 6A0000-6AFFFF | 350000-357FFF |
|--------|-------|-------------|-------|---------------|---------------|
|        | SA114 | 1101011xxx  | 64/32 | 6B0000-6BFFFF | 358000-35FFFF |
|        | SA115 | 1101100xxx  | 64/32 | 6C0000-6CFFFF | 360000-367FFF |
| PPB 37 | SA116 | 1101101xxx  | 64/32 | 6D0000-6DFFFF | 368000-36FFFF |
| PPB 31 | SA117 | 1101110xxx  | 64/32 | 6E0000-6EFFFF | 370000–377FFF |
|        | SA118 | 11011111xxx | 64/32 | 6F0000–6FFFFF | 378000–37FFFF |
|        | SA119 | 1110000xxx  | 64/32 | 700000–70FFFF | 380000–387FFF |
| PPB 38 | SA120 | 1110001xxx  | 64/32 | 710000–71FFFF | 388000-38FFFF |
| PPB 30 | SA121 | 1110010xxx  | 64/32 | 720000–72FFFF | 390000–397FFF |
|        | SA122 | 1110011xxx  | 64/32 | 730000–73FFFF | 398000-39FFFF |
|        | SA123 | 1110100xxx  | 64/32 | 740000–74FFFF | 3A0000–3A7FFF |
| PPB 39 | SA124 | 1110101xxx  | 64/32 | 750000–75FFFF | 3A8000–3AFFFF |
| PPD 39 | SA125 | 1110110xxx  | 64/32 | 760000-76FFFF | 3B0000–3B7FFF |
|        | SA126 | 11101111xxx | 64/32 | 770000–77FFFF | 3B8000-3BFFFF |
|        | SA127 | 1111000xxx  | 64/32 | 780000–78FFFF | 3C0000-3C7FFF |
| PPB 40 | SA128 | 1111001xxx  | 64/32 | 790000–79FFFF | 3C8000-3CFFFF |
| PPB 40 | SA129 | 1111010xxx  | 64/32 | 7A0000-7AFFFF | 3D0000-3D7FFF |
|        | SA130 | 1111011xxx  | 64/32 | 7B0000–7BFFFF | 3D8000–3DFFFF |
|        | SA131 | 1111100xxx  | 64/32 | 7C0000-7CFFFF | 3E0000-3E7FFF |
| PPB 41 | SA132 | 1111101xxx  | 64/32 | 7D0000-7DFFFF | 3E8000-3EFFFF |
| FFD41  | SA133 | 1111110xxx  | 64/32 | 7E0000-7EFFFF | 3F0000-3F7FFF |
|        | SA134 | 11111111xxx | 64/32 | 7F0000-7FFFF  | 3F8000–3FFFFF |
|        |       |             |       |               |               |

**Table 4. Device OPERATING MODES** 

#### **64M FLASH USER MODE TABLE**

|                        |                          |     |     |                       |                 |                   |                    | DQ8-                       | DQ15                       |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Operation              | CE#                      | OE# | WE# | RESET<br>#            | WP#/AC<br>C     | A0-<br>A21        | DQ0-<br>DQ7        | BYTE#<br>= V <sub>IH</sub> | BYTE#<br>= V <sub>IL</sub> |
| Read                   | L                        | L   | Н   | Н                     | L/H             | A <sub>IN</sub> . | D <sub>OUT</sub> . | D <sub>OUT</sub> .         | DQ8-                       |
| Write                  | L                        | Н   | L   | Н                     | (Note 1)        | A <sub>IN</sub> . | D <sub>IN</sub> .  | D <sub>IN</sub> .          | DQ14=                      |
| Accelerated<br>Program | L                        | Н   | L   | Н                     | V <sub>HH</sub> | A <sub>IN</sub> . | D <sub>IN</sub> .  | D <sub>IN</sub> .          | High-Z,<br>DQ15 =<br>A-1   |
| CMOS Standby           | V <sub>cc</sub><br>±0.3V | Х   | X   | V <sub>cc</sub> ±0.3V | Н               | Х                 | High-Z             | High-Z                     | High-Z                     |
| Output Disable         | L                        | Н   | Н   | Н                     | L/H             | Х                 | High-Z             | High-Z                     | High-Z                     |
| Hardware Reset         | Χ                        | Χ   | Χ   | L                     | L/H             | Χ                 | High-Z             | High-Z                     | High-Z                     |

- 1. Addresses are A21:A0 in word mode; A21:A-1 in byte mode.
- 2. If WP# = VIL, on the outermost sector remains protected. If WP# = VIH, the outermost sector is unprotected. WP# has an internal pull-up; when unconnected, WP# is at VIH. All sectors are unprotected when shipped from the factory (The Secured Silicon Sector can be factory protected depending on version ordered.)

  3. DIN or DOUT as required by command sequence, data polling, or sector protect algorithm.

L = Logic Low = VIL, H = Logic High = VIH, VHH = 8.5–9.5V, X = Don't Care, AIN = Address In, DIN = Data In, DOUT = Data Out



#### **USER MODE DEFINITIONS**

#### **Word / Byte Configuration**

The BYTE# pin controls whether the device data I/O pins operate in the byte or word configuration. If the

BYTE# pin is set at logic '1', the device is in word configuration, DQ0-DQ15 are active and controlled by CE# and OE#.

If the BYTE# pin is set at logic '0', the device is in byte configuration, and only data I/O pins DQ0-DQ7 are active and controlled by CE# and OE#. The data I/O pins DQ8-DQ14 are tri-stated, and the DQ15 pin is used as an input for the LSB (A-1) address function.

#### **V<sub>IO</sub> Control**

The  $V_{IO}$  allows the host system to set the voltage levels that the device generates and tolerates on all inputs and outputs (address, control, and DQ signals).  $V_{IO}$  range is 1.65 to  $V_{CC}$ . For example, a  $V_{IO}$  of 1.65-3.6 volts allows for I/O at the 1.65 or 3.6 volt levels, driving and receiving signals to and from other 1.65 or 3.6 V devices on the same data bus.

#### Read

All memories require access time to output array data. In a read operation, data is read from one memory location at a time. Addresses are presented to the device in random order, and the propagation delay through the device causes the data on its outputs to arrive with the address on its inputs.

The device defaults to reading array data after device power-up or hardware reset. To read data from the memory array, the system must first assert a valid address on A21-A0, while driving OE# and CE# to VIL. WE# must remain at VIH. All addresses are latched on the falling edge of CE#. Data will appear on DQ15-DQ0 after address access time (tACC), which is equal to the delay from stable addresses to valid output data. The OE# signal must be driven to VIL. Data is output on DQ15-DQ0 pins after the access time (tOE) has elapsed from the falling edge of OE#, assuming the tACC access time has been meet.

#### **Page Read Mode**

The device is capable of fast page mode read and is compatible with the page mode Mask ROM read operation. This mode provides faster read access speed for random locations within a page. The page size of the device is 8 words/16 bytes. The appropriate page is selected by the higher address bits A21-A3. Address bits A2-A0 in word mode (A2 to A-1 in byte mode) determine the specific word within a page. The microprocessor supplies the specific word location.

The random or initial page access is equal to tACC or tCE and subsequent page read accesses (as long as the locations specified by the microprocessor falls within that page) is equivalent to tPACC. When CE# is deasserted and reasserted for a subsequent access, the access time is tACC or tCE. Fast page mode accesses are obtained by keeping the "read-page addresses" constant and changing the "intra-read page" addresses.

#### Autoselect

The Autoselect mode provides manufacturer ID, Device identification, and sector protection information, through identifier codes output from the internal register (separate from the memory array) on DQ7-DQ0.

The device only support to use autoselect command to access autoselect codes. It does not support to apply VID on address pin A9.



- The Autoselect command sequence may be written to an address within a sector that is either in the read or **erase-suspend-read mode**.
- The Autoselect command may not be written while the device is actively programming or erasing.
- The system must write the reset command to return to the read mode (or erase-suspend-read mode if the sector was previously in Erase Suspend).
- When verifying sector protection, the sector address must appear on the appropriate highest order address bits. The remaining address bits are don't care and then read the corresponding identifier code on DQ15-DQ0.

#### **Program/Erase Operations**

These devices are capable of several modes of programming and or erase operations which are described in detail in the following sections.

During a write operation, the system must drive CE# and WE# to VIL and OE# to VIH when providing address, command, and data. Addresses are latched on the last falling edge of WE# or CE#, while data is latched on the 1st rising edge of WE# or CE#.

#### Note the following:

- When the Embedded Program algorithm is complete, the device returns to the read mode.
- The system can determine the status of the program operation by reading the DQ status bits. Refer to the Write Operation Status on page 28 for information on these status bits.
- An "0" cannot be programmed back to a "1." A succeeding read shows that the data is still "0."
- Only erase operations can convert a "0" to a "1."
- Any commands written to the device during the Embedded Program/Erase are ignored except the Suspend commands.
- Secured Silicon Sector, Autoselect, and CFI functions are unavailable when a program operation is in progress.
- A hardware reset and/or power removal immediately terminates the Program/Erase operation and the Program/Erase command sequence should be reinitiated once the device has returned to the read mode to ensure data integrity.
- Programming is allowed in any sequence and across sector boundaries for single word programming operation.
- Programming to the same word address multiple times without intervening erases is permitted.

#### **Single Word Programming**

reading the DQ status bits.

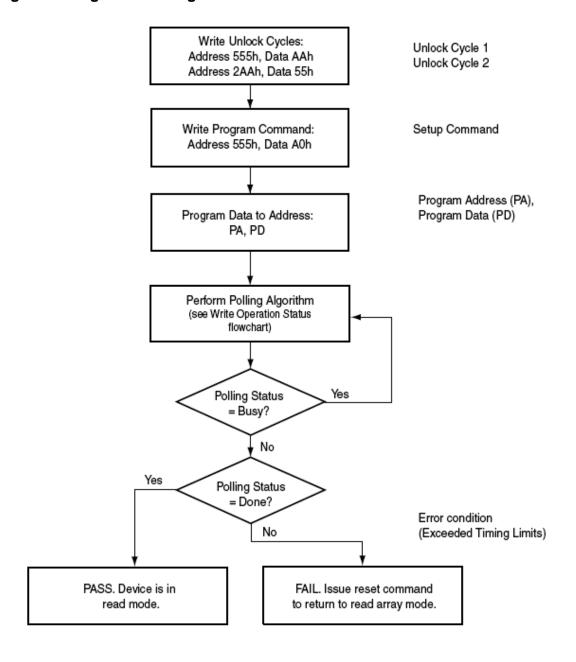
Single word programming mode is one method of programming the Flash. In this mode, four Flash command write cycles are used to program an individual Flash address. The data for this programming operation could be 8 or 16-bits wide.

While the single word programming method is supported by most devices, in general Single Word Programming is not recommended for devices that support Write Buffer Programming. When the Embedded Program algorithm is complete, the device then returns to the read mode and addresses are no longer latched. The system can determine the status of the program operation by

- During programming, any command (except the Suspend Program command) is ignored.
- The Secured Silicon Sector, Autoselect, and CFI functions are unavailable when a program operation is in progress.
- A hardware reset immediately terminates the program operation. The program command sequence should be reinitiated once the device has returned to the read mode, to ensure data integrity.
- Programming to the same address multiple times continuously (for example, "walking" a bit within a word) is permitted.



Figure 4. Single Word Program



Rev. M, Issue Date: 2011/04/13



#### Write Buffer Programming

Write Buffer Programming allows the system to write a maximum of 16 words in one programming operation. This results in a faster effective word programming time than the standard "word" programming algorithms. The Write Buffer Programming command sequence is initiated by first writing two unlock cycles. This is followed by a third write cycle containing the Write Buffer Load command written at the Sector Address in which programming occurs. At this point, the system writes the number of "word locations minus 1" that are loaded into the page buffer at the Sector Address in which programming occurs. This tells the device how many write buffer addresses are loaded with data and therefore when to expect the "Program Buffer to Flash" confirm command. The number of locations to program cannot exceed the size of the write buffer or the operation aborts. (Number loaded = the number of locations to program minus 1. For example, if the system programs 6 address locations, then 05h should be written to the device.)

The system then writes the starting address/data combination. This starting address is the first address/data pair to be programmed, and selects the "write-buffer-page" address. All subsequent address/data pairs must fall within the elected-write-buffer-page.

The "write-buffer-page" is selected by using the addresses A21–A4.

The "write-buffer-page" addresses must be the same for all address/data pairs loaded into the write buffer. (This means Write Buffer Programming cannot be performed across multiple "write-bufferpages." This also means that Write Buffer Programming cannot be performed across multiple sectors. If the system attempts to load programming data outside of the selected "write-buffer-page", the operation ABORTs.)

After writing the Starting Address/Data pair, the system then writes the remaining address/data pairs into the write buffer.

Note that if a Write Buffer address location is loaded multiple times, the "address/data pair" counter is decremented for every data load operation. Also, the last data loaded at a location before the "Program Buffer to Flash" confirm command is the data programmed into the device. It is the software's responsibility to comprehend ramifications of loading a write-buffer location more than once. The counter decrements for each data load operation, NOT for each unique write-buffer-address location. Once the specified number of write buffer locations have been loaded, the system must then write the "Program Buffer to Flash" command at the Sector Address. Any other address/data write combinations abort the Write Buffer Programming operation. The Write Operation Status bits should be used while monitoring the last address location loaded into the write buffer. This eliminates the need to store an address in memory because the system can load the last address location, issue the program confirm command at the last loaded address location, and then check the write operation status at that same address. DQ7, DQ6, DQ5, DQ2, and DQ1 should be monitored to determine the device status during Write Buffer Programming.

The write-buffer "embedded" programming operation can be suspended using the standard suspend/resume commands. Upon successful completion of the Write Buffer Programming operation, the device returns to READ mode.

The Write Buffer Programming Sequence is ABORTED under any of the following conditions:

- Load a value that is greater than the page buffer size during the "Number of Locations to Program"
- Write to an address in a sector different than the one specified during the Write-Buffer-Load command
- Write an Address/Data pair to a different write-buffer-page than the one selected by the "Starting Address" during the "write buffer data loading" stage of the operation.
- Writing anything other than the Program to Buffer Flash Command after the specified number of "data load" cycles.

The ABORT condition is indicated by DQ1 = 1, DQ7 = DATA# (for the "last address location loaded"), DQ6 = TOGGLE, DQ5 = 0. This indicates that the Write Buffer Programming Operation was ABORTED. Note that the Secured Silicon sector, autoselect, and CFI functions are unavailable when a program

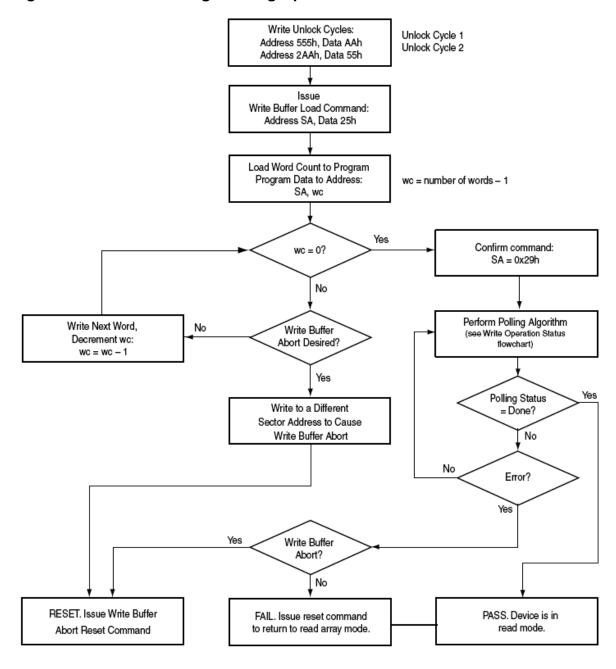


operation is in progress.

Write buffer programming is allowed in any sequence of memory (or address) locations. These flash devices are capable of handling multiple write buffer programming operations on the same write buffer address range without intervening erases.

Use of the write buffer is strongly recommended for programming when multiple words are to be programmed.

Figure 5. Write Buffer Programming Operation





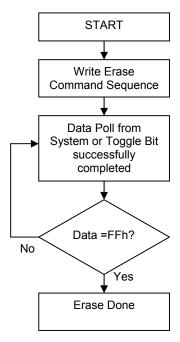
#### **Sector Erase**

Sector erase is a six bus cycle operation. The sector erase command sequence is initiated by writing two un-lock cycles, followed by a set-up command. Two additional unlock write cycles are then followed by the address of the sector to be erased, and the sector erase command. The Command Definitions table shows the address and data requirements for the sector erase command sequence.

Once the sector erase operation has begun, only the Sector Erase Suspend command is valid. All other commands are ignored. If there are several sectors to be erased, Sector Erase Command sequences must be issued for each sector. That is, only a sector address can be specified for each Sector Erase command. Users must issue another Sector Erase command for the next sector to be erased after the previous one is completed.

When the Embedded Erase algorithm is completed, the device returns to reading array data and addresses are no longer latched. The system can determine the status of the erase operation by using DQ7, DQ6, or DQ2. Refer to "Write Operation Status" for information on these status bits. Flowchart 4 illustrates the algorithm for the erase operation. Refer to the Erase/Program Operations tables in the "AC Characteristics" section for parameters, and to the Sector Erase Operations Timing diagram for timing waveforms.

Figure 6. Sector Erase Operation





#### **Chip Erase Command Sequence**

Chip erase is a six-bus cycle operation as indicated by Table 13. These commands invoke the Embedded Erase algorithm, which does not require the system to preprogram prior to erase. The Embedded Erase algorithm automatically preprograms and verifies the entire memory to an all zero data pattern prior to electrical erase. After a successful chip erase, all locations of the chip contain FFFFh. The system is not required to provide any controls or timings during these operations.

When the Embedded Erase algorithm is complete, that sector returns to the read mode and addresses are no longer latched. The system can determine the status of the erase operation by using DQ7 or DQ6/DQ2. Refer to "Write Operation Status" for information on these status bits.

Any commands written during the chip erase operation are ignored. However, note that a hardware reset immediately terminates the erase operation. If that occurs, the chip erase command sequence should be reinitiated once that sector has returned to reading array data, to ensure the entire array is properly erased.

#### **Erase Suspend/Erase Resume Commands**

The Erase Suspend command allows the system to interrupt a sector erase operation and then read data from, or program data to, any sector not selected for erasure. The sector address is required when writing this command. This command is valid only during the sector erase operation. The Sector Erase Suspend command is ignored if written during the chip erase operation or Embedded Program algorithm. Addresses are don't-cares when writing the Sector Erase Suspend command.

When the Erase Suspend command is written during the sector erase operation, the device requires a maximum of 20 µs to suspend the erase operation.

After the erase operation has been suspended, the device enters the erase-suspend-read mode. The system can read data from or program data to any sector not selected for erasure. (The device "erase suspends" all sectors selected for erasure.) Reading at any address within erase-suspended sectors produces status information on DQ7-DQ0. The system can use DQ7, or DQ6, and DQ2 together, to determine if a sector is actively erasing or is erase-suspended.

After an erase-suspended program operation is complete, the device returns to the erase-suspendread

mode. The system can determine the status of the program operation using write operation status bits, just as in the standard program operation.

In the erase-suspend-read mode, the system can also issue the Autoselect command sequence. Refer to Write Buffer Programming and the Autoselect for details.

To resume the sector erase operation, the system must write the Erase Resume command. The address of the erase-suspended sector is required when writing this command. Further writes of the Resume command are ignored. Another Erase Suspend command can be written after the chip has resumed erasing.

#### **Program Suspend/Program Resume Commands**

The Program Suspend command allows the system to interrupt an embedded programming operation or a "Write to Buffer" programming operation so that data can read from any non-suspended sector. When the Program Suspend command is written during a programming process, the device halts the programming operation within 15  $\mu$ s maximum (5  $\mu$ s typical) and updates the status bits. Addresses are "don't-cares" when writing the Program Suspend command.

After the programming operation has been suspended, the system can read array data from any nonsuspended sector. The Program Suspend command may also be issued during a programming operation while an erase is suspended. In this case, data may be read from any addresses not within a sector in Erase Suspend or Program Suspend. If a read is needed from the Secured Silicon Sector area, then user must use the proper command sequences to enter and exit this region.



The system may also write the Autoselect Command Sequence when the device is in Program Suspend mode. The device allows reading Autoselect codes in the suspended sectors, since the codes are not stored in the memory array. When the device exits the Autoselect mode, the device reverts to Program Suspend mode, and is ready for another valid operation.

After the Program Resume command is written, the device reverts to programming. The system can determine the status of the program operation using the write operation status bits, just as in the standard program operation.

The system must write the Program Resume command (address bits are "don't care") to exit the Program Suspend mode and continue the programming operation. Further writes of the Program Resume command are ignored. Another Program Suspend command can be written after the device has resumed programming.

#### **Accelerated Program**

Accelerated single word programming and write buffer programming operations are enabled through the

WP#/ACC pin. This method is faster than the standard program command sequences.

If the system asserts  $V_{HH}$  on this input, the device automatically enters the Accelerated Program mode and uses the higher voltage on the input to reduce the time required for program operations. The system can then use the Write Buffer Load command sequence provided by the Accelerated Program mode. Note that if a "Write-to-Buffer-Abort Reset" is required while in Accelerated Program mode, the full 3-cycle RESET command sequence must be used to reset the device. Removing  $V_{HH}$  from the ACC input, upon completion of the embedded program operation, returns the device to normal operation.

- Sectors must be unlocked prior to raising WP#/ACC to V<sub>HH</sub>.
- The WP#/ACC pin must not be at V<sub>HH</sub> for operations other than accelerated programming, or device damage may result.
- It is recommended that WP#/ACC apply  $V_{HH}$  after power-up sequence is completed. In addition, it is recommended that WP#/ACC apply from  $V_{HH}$  to VIH/VIL before powering down  $V_{CC}/V_{IO}$ .

#### Write Operation Status

The device provides several bits to determine the status of a program or erase operation. The following subsections describe the function of DQ1, DQ2, DQ3, DQ5, DQ6, and DQ7.

#### **DQ7: Data# Polling**

The Data# Polling bit, DQ7, indicates to the host system whether an Embedded Program or Erase algorithm is in progress or completed, or whether the device is in Erase Suspend. Data# Polling is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence. Note that the Data# Polling is valid only for the last word being programmed in the write-buffer-page during Write Buffer Programming. Reading Data# Polling status on any word other than the last word to be programmed in the write-buffer-page returns false status information.

During the Embedded Program algorithm, the device outputs on DQ7 the complement of the datum programmed to DQ7. This DQ7 status also applies to programming during Erase Suspend. When the Embedded Program algorithm is complete, the device outputs the datum programmed to DQ7. The system must provide the program address to read valid status information on DQ7. If a program address falls within a protected sector, Data# polling on DQ7 is active, then that sector returns to the read mode.

During the Embedded Erase Algorithm, Data# polling produces a "0" on DQ7. When the Embedded Erase algorithm is complete, or if the device enters the Erase Suspend mode, Data# Polling produces a "1" on DQ7. The system must provide an address within any of the sectors selected for erasure to read valid status information on DQ7.

After an erase command sequence is written, if all sectors selected for erasing are protected, Data#



Polling on DQ7 is active for approximately 100  $\mu$ s, then the device returns to the read mode. If not all selected sectors are protected, the Embedded Erase algorithm erases the unprotected sectors, and ignores the selected sectors that are protected. However, if the system reads DQ7 at an address within a protected sector, the status may not be valid.

Just prior to the completion of an Embedded Program or Erase operation, DQ7 may change asynchronously with DQ6-DQ0 while Output Enable (OE#) is asserted low. That is, the device may change from providing status information to valid data on DQ7. Depending on when the system samples the DQ7 output, it may read the status or valid data. Even if the device has completed the program or erase operation and DQ7 has valid data, the data outputs on DQ6-DQ0 may be still invalid. Valid data on DQ7-D00 appears on successive read cycles.

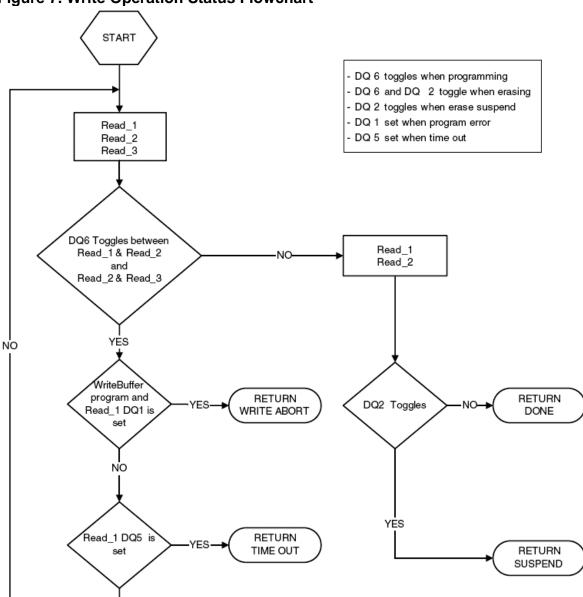


Figure 7. Write Operation Status Flowchart

### DQ6: Toggle Bit I

Toggle Bit I on DQ6 indicates whether an Embedded Program or Erase algorithm is in progress or complete, or whether the device has entered the Erase Suspend mode. Toggle Bit I may be read at any address, and is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence (prior to the program or erase operation), and during the sector erase time-out.



During an Embedded Program or Erase algorithm operation, successive read cycles to any address that is being programmed or erased causes DQ6 to toggle. When the operation is complete, DQ6 stops toggling.

After an erase command sequence is written, if all sectors selected for erasing are protected, DQ6 toggles for approximately 100µs, then returns to reading array data. If not all selected sectors are protected, the Embedded Erase algorithm erases the unprotected sectors, and ignores the selected sectors that are protected.

The system can use DQ6 and DQ2 together to determine whether a sector is actively erasing or is erase 2suspended. When the device is actively erasing (that is, the Embedded Erase algorithm is in progress), DQ6 toggles. When the device enters the Erase Suspend mode, DQ6 stops toggling. However, the system must also use DQ2 to determine which sectors are erasing or erase-suspended. Alternatively, the system can use DQ7.

If a program address falls within a protected sector, DQ6 toggles for approximately 1µs after the program command sequence is written, then returns to reading array data. DQ6 also toggles during the erase-suspend-program mode, and stops toggling once the Embedded Program Algorithm is complete. Toggle Bit I on DQ6 requires either OE# or CE# to be de-asserted and reasserted to show the change in state.

#### DQ2: Toggle Bit II

The "Toggle Bit II" on DQ2, when used with DQ6, indicates whether a particular sector is actively erasing (that is, the Embedded Erase algorithm is in progress), or whether that sector is erase-suspended. Toggle Bit II is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence. DQ2 toggles when the system reads at addresses within those sectors that have been selected for erasure. But DQ2 cannot distinguish whether the sector is actively erasing or is erase-suspended. DQ6, by comparison, indicates whether the device is actively erasing, or is in Erase Suspend, but cannot distinguish which sectors are selected for erasure. Thus, both status bits are required for sector and mode information.

#### Reading Toggle Bits DQ6/DQ2

Whenever the system initially begins reading toggle bit status, it must read DQ7-DQ0 at least twice in a row to determine whether a toggle bit is toggling. Typically, the system would note and store the value of the toggle bit after the first read. After the second read, the system would compare the new value of the toggle bit with the first. If the toggle bit is not toggling, the device has completed the program or erases operation. The system can read array data on DQ7-DQ0 on the following read cycle. However, if after the initial two read cycles, the system determines that the toggle bit is still toggling, the system also should note whether the value of DQ5 is high. If it is, the system should then determine again whether the toggle bit is toggling, since the toggle bit may have stopped toggling just as DQ5 went high. If the toggle bit is no longer toggling, the device has successfully completed the program or erases operation. If it is still toggling, the device did not complete the operation successfully, and the system must write the reset command to return to reading array data. The remaining scenario is that the system initially determines that the toggle bit is toggling and DQ5 has not gone high. The system may continue to monitor the toggle bit and DQ5 through successive read cycles, determining the status as described in the previous paragraph. Alternatively, it may choose to perform other system tasks. In this case, the system must start at the beginning of the algorithm when it returns to determine the status of the operation.

#### Note

When verifying the status of a write operation (embedded program/erase) of a memory sector, DQ6 and DQ2 toggle between high and low states in a series of consecutive and contiguous status read cycles. In order for this toggling behavior to be properly observed, the consecutive status bit reads must not be interleaved with read accesses to other memory sectors. If it is not possible to temporarily prevent reads to other memory sectors, then it is recommended to use the DQ7 status bit as the alternative method of determining the active or inactive status of the write operation.



#### **DQ5: Exceeded Timing Limits**

DQ5 indicates whether the program or erase time has exceeded a specified internal pulse count limit. Under these conditions DQ5 produces a "1," indicating that the program or erase cycle was not successfully completed. The device does not output a 1 on DQ5 if the system tries to program a 1 to a location that was previously programmed to 0. Only an erase operation can change a 0 back to a 1. Under this condition, the device ignores the bit that was incorrectly instructed to be programmed from a 0 to a 1, while any other bits that were correctly requested to be changed from 1 to 0 are programmed. Attempting to program a 0 to a 1 is masked during the programming operation. Under valid DQ5 conditions, the system must write the reset command to return to the read mode (or to the erase-suspend-program mode).

#### **DQ3: Sector Erase Timeout State Indicator**

After writing a sector erase command sequence, the output on DQ3 can be checked to determine whether or not an erase operation has begun. (The sector erase timer does not apply to the chip erase command.) When sector erase starts, DQ3 switches from "0" to "1". This device does not support multiple sector erase (continuous sector erase) command sequences so it is not very meaningful since it immediately shows as a "1" after the first 30h command. Future devices may support this feature.

#### **DQ1: Write to Buffer Abort**

DQ1 indicates whether a Write to Buffer operation was aborted. Under these conditions DQ1 produces a "1". The system must issue the "Write to Buffer Abort Reset" command sequence to return the device to reading array data.

| Table 5. Write Opera | tion Status |
|----------------------|-------------|
|----------------------|-------------|

|                          | Sta                                      | DQ7<br>(note 2)                 | DQ6                   | DQ5<br>(note 1) | DQ3  | DQ2<br>(note 2) | DQ1          | RY/BY# |   |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------|-----------------|--------------|--------|---|
| Standard                 | Embedded Program Algorithm               |                                 | DQ7#                  | Toggle          | 0    | N/A             | No<br>Toggle | 0      | 0 |
| Mode                     | Embedded Erase Algorithm                 |                                 | 0                     | Toggle          | 0    | 1               | Toggle       | N/A    | 0 |
| Program<br>Suspend       | Program Suspended Sector                 |                                 | Invalid (Not allowed) |                 |      |                 |              |        | 1 |
| Mode                     | Read                                     | Non-Program<br>Suspended Sector | Data                  |                 |      |                 |              | 1      |   |
|                          | Erase                                    | Erase Suspended<br>Sector       | 1                     | No<br>Toggle    | 0    | N/A             | Toggle       | N/A    | 1 |
| Erase<br>Suspend<br>Mode | Suspend<br>Read                          | ' Non-Frace                     |                       |                 | Data |                 |              |        | 0 |
| mode                     | Erase Suspend Program (Embedded Program) |                                 | DQ7#                  | Toggle          | 0    | N/A             | N/A          | N/A    | 0 |
| Write to                 | Busy(note 3)                             |                                 | DQ7#                  | Toggle          | 0    | N/A             | N/A          | 0      | 0 |
| Buffer                   |  | Abort(note 4)                   |                       | Toggle          | 0    | N/A             | N/A          | 1      | 0 |

#### **Notes**

- 1. DQ5 switches to 1 when an Embedded Program, Embedded Erase, or Write-to-Buffer operation has exceeded the maximum timing limits.
- 2. DQ7 and DQ2 require a valid address when reading status information. Refer to the appropriate subsection for further details.
- 3. The Data# Polling algorithm should be used to monitor the last loaded write-buffer address location.
- 4. DQ1 switches to 1 when the device has aborted the write-to-buffer operation

### **Writing Commands/Command Sequences**

During a write operation, the system must drive CE# and WE# to VIL and OE# to VIH when providing an address, command, and data. Addresses are latched on the last falling edge of WE# or CE#, while data is latched on the 1st rising edge of WE# or CE#. An erase operation can erase one sector or the



entire device. Table 3 indicate the address space that each sector occupies. The device address space is divided into uniform 32KW/64KB sectors. A sector address is the set of address bits required to uniquely select a sector. ICC2 in "DC Characteristics" represents the active current specification for the write mode. "AC Characteristics" contains timing specification tables and timing diagrams for write operations.

#### RY/BY#

The RY/BY# is a dedicated, open-drain output pin that indicates whether an Embedded Algorithm is in progress or complete. The RY/BY# status is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence. Since RY/BY# is an open-drain output, several RY/BY# pins can be tied together in parallel with a pull-up resistor to  $V_{CC}$ . This feature allows the host system to detect when data is ready to be read by simply monitoring the RY/BY# pin, which is a dedicated output and controlled by CE# (not OE#).

#### **Hardware Reset**

The RESET# input provides a hardware method of resetting the device to reading array data. When RESET# is driven low for at least a period of tRP (RESET# Pulse Width), the device immediately terminates any operation in progress, tristates all outputs, resets the configuration register, and ignores all read/write commands for the duration of the RESET# pulse. The device also resets the internal state machine to reading array data.

To ensure data integrity Program/Erase operations that were interrupted should be reinitiated once the device is ready to accept another command sequence.

When RESET# is held at VSS, the device draws  $V_{CC}$  reset current (ICC5). If RESET# is held at VIL, but not at VSS, the standby current is greater. RESET# may be tied to the system reset circuitry which enables the system to read the boot-up firmware from the Flash memory upon a system reset.

#### **Software Reset**

Software reset is part of the command set that also returns the device to array read mode and must be used for the following conditions:

- 1. To exit Autoselect mode
- 2. When DQ5 goes high during write status operation that indicates program or erase cycle was not successfully completed
- 3. Exit sector lock/unlock operation.
- 4. To return to erase-suspend-read mode if the device was previously in Erase Suspend mode.
- 5. After any aborted operations

The following are additional points to consider when using the reset command:

- This command resets the sectors to the read and address bits are ignored.
- Reset commands are ignored during program and erase operations.
- The reset command may be written between the cycles in a program command sequence before programming begins (prior to the third cycle). This resets the sector to which the system was writing to the read mode.
- If the program command sequence is written to a sector that is in the Erase Suspend mode, writing the reset command returns that sector to the erase-suspend-read mode.
- The reset command may be written during an Autoselect command sequence.
- If a sector has entered the Autoselect mode while in the Erase Suspend mode, writing the reset command returns that sector to the erase-suspend-read mode.
- If DQ1 goes high during a Write Buffer Programming operation, the system must write the "Write to Buffer Abort Reset" command sequence to RESET the device to reading array data. The standard RESET command does not work during this condition.



#### **Advanced Sector Protection/Unprotection**

The Advanced Sector Protection/Unprotection feature disables or enables programming or erase operations in any or all sectors and can be implemented through software and/or hardware methods, which are independent of each other. This section describes the various methods of protecting data stored in the memory array. An overview of these methods in shown in Figure 8.

Figure 8a. Advanced Sector Protection/Unprotection for Uniform Sector

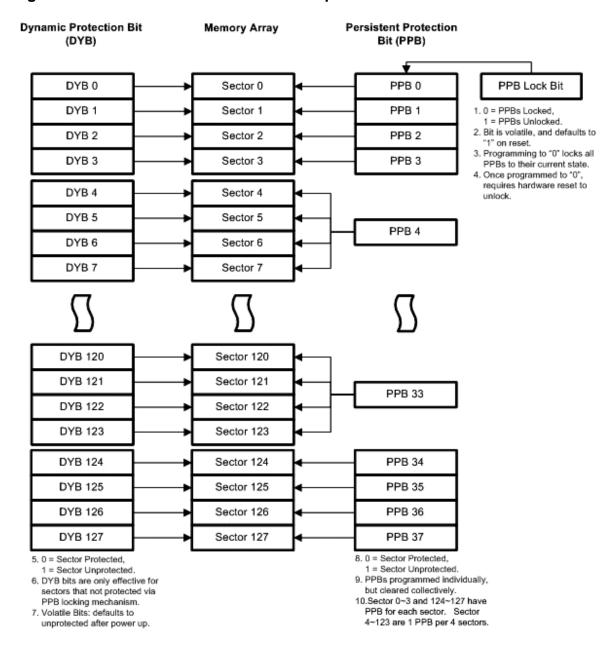




Figure 8b. Advanced Sector Protection/Unprotection for Top Boot Sector

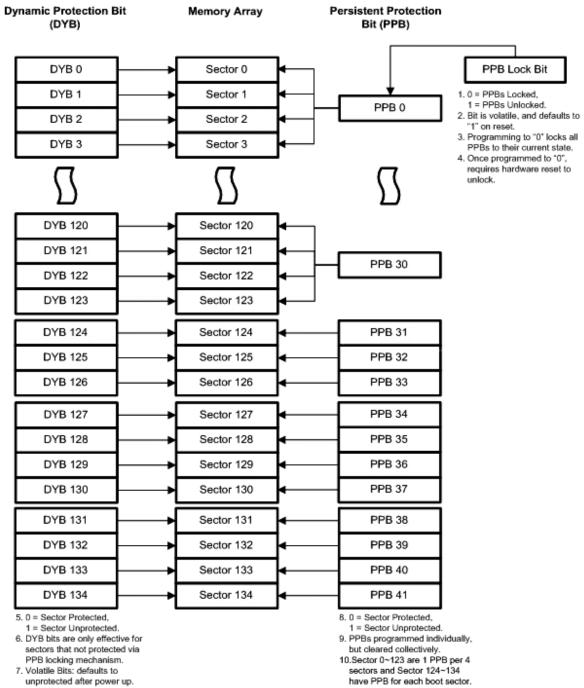
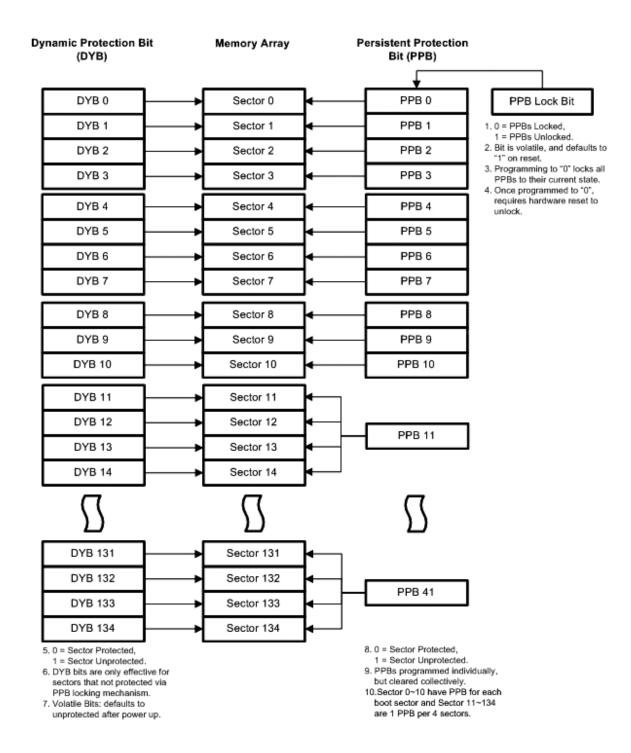




Figure 8c. Advanced Sector Protection/Unprotection for Bottom Boot Sector



#### **Lock Register**

The Lock Register consists of 4 bits. The Secured Silicon Sector Protection Bit is DQ0, Persistent Protection Mode Lock Bit is DQ1, Persistent Sector Protection OTP bit is DQ3 and DYB Lock Boot Bit is DQ4. If DQ0 is '0', it means that the Customer Secured Silicon area is locked and if DQ0 is '1', it means that it is unlocked. When DQ1 is set to '0', the device is used in the Persistent Protection Mode. DQ3 is



programmed in the EON factory. When the device is programmed to disable all PPB erase command, DQ3 outputs a '0', when the lock register bits are read. Similarly, if the device is programmed to enable all PPB erase command, DQ3 outputs a '1' when the lock register bits are read. Likewise the DQ4 bit is also programmed in the EON Factory. DQ4 is the bit which indicates whether Volatile Sector Protection Bit (DYB) is protected or not after boot-up. When the device is programmed to set all Volatile Sector Protection Bit protected after power-up, DQ4 outputs a '0' when the lock register bits are read. Similarly, when the device is programmed to set all Volatile Sector Protection Bit unprotected after power-up, DQ4 outputs a '1'. Each of these bits in the lock register are non-volatile. DQ15- DQ5 are reserved and will be 1's.

**Table 6. Lock Register** 

| DQ15-5        | DQ4                                      | DQ3                                   | DQ2           | DQ1   | DQ0   |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------|---|---|
| Reserved      | DYB Lock Boot Bit                        | PPB One Time<br>Programmable Bit      | Reserved      | Persistent<br>Protection Mode<br>Lock Bit             | Secured<br>Silicon Sector<br>Protection Bit     |
| (default = 1) | 1 = unprotected all<br>DYB after boot-up | Command disabled<br>1 = All PPB Erase | (default = 1) | 0 = Persistent<br>Protection enabled<br>(default = 0) | 0 = protected<br>1 = unprotect<br>(default = 1) |

#### Notes:

- 1. After the Lock Register Bits Command Set Entry command sequence is written, reads and writes for all Sector are disabled, while reads from other sectors are allowed until exiting this mode.
- 2. Only DQ0 could be change by Lock Register Bits Command for user. Others bits were set by Factory.

After selecting a sector protection method, each sector can operate in any of the following three states:

- Constantly locked: The selected sectors are protected and can not be reprogrammed unless PPB lock bit is cleared via hardware reset, or power cycle.
- 2. Dynamically locked: The selected sectors are protected and can be altered via software commands.
- 3. Unlocked: The sectors are unprotected and can be erased and/or programmed.

#### **Persistent Protection Bits**

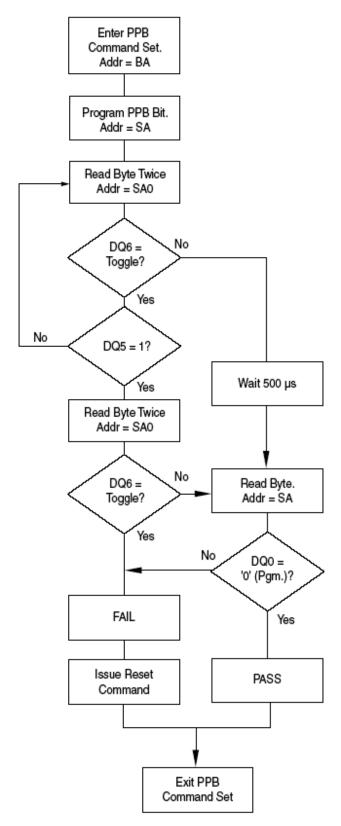
The Persistent Protection Bits are unique and nonvolatile. For uniform sector device, Sector 0~3 and 124~127 have one PPB for each sectors and for Sector 4~123 have one PPB every four sectors. For top boot sector device, Sector 0~123 are 1 PPB per 4 sectors and Sector 124~134 have PPB for each boot sector. For bottom boot sector device, Sector 0~10 have PPB for each boot sector and Sector 11~134 are 1 PPB per 4 sectors(refer to Figure 8a, 8b, 8c and Table 3a, 3b, 3c). The PPB has the same endurances as the Flash memory. Preprogramming and verification prior to erasure are handled by the device, and therefore do not require system monitoring.

#### Notes

- 1. Each PPB is individually programmed and all are erased in parallel.
- 2. While programming PPB for the four sectors and Data polling on programming PPB address, array data can not be read from any sectors.
- 3. Entry command disables reads and writes for all sectors selected.
- 4. Reads within that sector return the PPB status for that sector.
- 5. All Reads must be performed using the read mode.
- 6. The specific sector address are written at the same time as the program command.
- 7. If the PPB Lock Bit is set, the PPB Program or erase command does not execute and times-out without programming or erasing the PPB.
- 8. There are no means for individually erasing a specific PPB and no specific sector address is required for this operation.
- 9. Exit command must be issued after the execution which resets the device to read mode and reenables reads and writes for all sectors.
- 10. The programming state of the PPB for given sectors can be verified by writing a PPB Status Read Command to the device as described by the flow chart shown in Figure 9. User only can use DQ6 and RY/BY# pin to detect programming status.



Figure 9. PPB Program Algorithm



Note: BA = base address



#### **Dynamic Protection Bits**

Dynamic Protection Bits are volatile and unique for each sector and can be individually modified. DYBs only control the protection scheme for unprotected sectors that have their PPBs cleared (erased to "1"). By issuing the DYB Set or Clear command sequences, the DYBs are set (programmed to "0") or cleared (erased to "1"), thus placing each sector in the protected or unprotected state respectively. This feature allows software to easily protect sectors against inadvertent changes yet does not prevent the easy removal of protection when changes are needed.

#### Notes

- 1. The DYBs can be set (programmed to "0") or cleared (erased to "1") as often as needed. When the parts are first shipped, the PPBs are cleared (erased to "1") and upon power up or reset, the DYBs can be set or cleared depending upon the ordering option chosen.
- 2. If the option to clear the DYBs after power up is chosen, (erased to "1"), then the sectorsmay be modified depending upon the PPB state of that sector (see Table 7).
- 3. The sectors would be in the protected state If the option to set the DYBs after power up is chosen (programmed to "0").
- 4. It is possible to have sectors that are persistently locked with sectors that are left in the dynamic state.
- 5. The DYB Set or Clear commands for the dynamic sectors signify protected or unprotectedstate of the sectors respectively. However, if there is a need to change the status of the persistently locked sectors, a few more steps are required. First, the PPB Lock Bit must be cleared by either putting the device through a power-cycle, or hardware reset. The PPBs can then be changed to reflect the desired settings. Setting the PPB Lock Bit once again locks the PPBs, and the device operates normally again.
- 6. To achieve the best protection, it is recommended to execute the PPB Lock Bit Set command early in the boot code and protect the boot code by holding WP#/ACC = VIL. Note that the PPB and DYB bits have the same function when WP#/ACC = VHH as they do when ACC = VIH.

#### **Persistent Protection Bit Lock Bit**

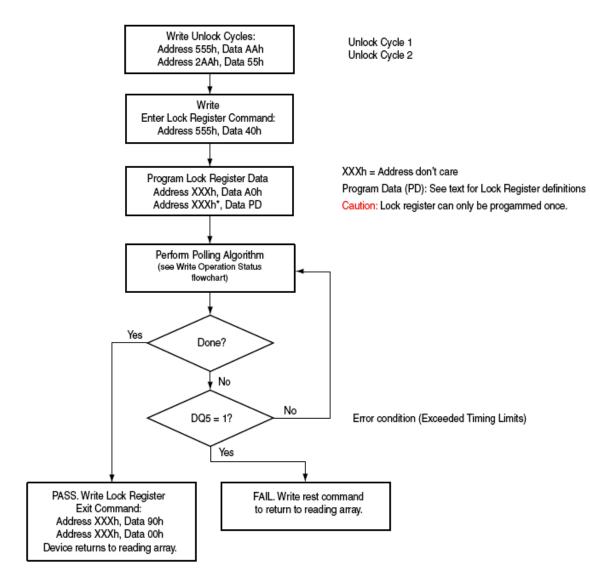
The Persistent Protection Bit Lock Bit is a global volatile bit for all sectors. When set (programmed to "0"), it locks all PPBs and when cleared (erased to "1"), allows the PPBs to be changed. There is only one PPB Lock Bit per device.

#### **Notes**

- 1. No software command sequence unlocks this bit, but only a hardware reset or a power-up clears this bit.
- 2. The PPB Lock Bit must be set (programmed to "0") only after all PPBs are configured to the desired settings.



Figure 10. Lock Register Program Algorithm



#### **Advanced Sector Protection Software Examples**

Table 7. Sector Protection Schemes: DYB, PPB and PPB Lock Bit Combinations

| Unique Device PPB Loc<br>0 = locked<br>1 = unlocked | ck Bit | Sector PPB<br>0 = protected<br>1 = unprotected | Sector DYB<br>0 = protected<br>1 = unprotected | Sector Protection Status |
|---|--------|--|--|--------------------------|
| Any Sector  | 0      | 0  | х  | Protected through PPB    |
| Any Sector  | 0      | 0  | х  | Protected through PPB    |
| Any Sector  | 0      | 1  | 1  | Unprotected              |
| Any Sector  | 0      | 1  | 0  | Protected through DYB    |
| Any Sector  | 1      | 0  | х  | Protected through PPB    |
| Any Sector  | 1      | 0  | х  | Protected through PPB    |
| Any Sector  | 1      | 1  | 0  | Protected through DYB    |
| Any Sector  | 1      | 1  | 1  | Unprotected              |



Table 7 contains all possible combinations of the DYB, PPB, and PPB Lock Bit relating to the status of the sector. In summary, if the PPB Lock Bit is locked (set to "0"), no changes to the PPBs are allowed. The PPB Lock Bit can only be unlocked (reset to "1") through a hardware reset or power cycle. See also Figure 9 for an overview of the Advanced Sector Protection feature.

#### **Hardware Data Protection Methods**

The device offers two main types of data protection at the sector level via hardware control:

• When WP#/ACC is at VIL, the either the highest or lowest sector is locked (device specific). There are additional methods by which intended or accidental erasure of any sectors can be prevented via hardware means. The following subsections describes these methods:

#### **WP#/ACC Method**

The Write Protect feature provides a hardware method of protecting one outermost sector. This function is provided by the WP#/ACC pin and overrides the previously discussed Sector Protection/Unprotection method.

If the system asserts VIL on the WP#/ACC pin, the device disables program and erase functions in the highest or lowest sector independently of whether the sector was protected or unprotected using the method described in Advanced Sector Protection/Unprotection.

If the system asserts VIH on the WP#/ACC pin, the device reverts to whether the boot sectors were last set to be protected or unprotected. That is, sector protection or unprotection for these sectors depends on whether they were last protected or unprotected.

The WP#/ACC pin must be held stable during a command sequence execution. WP# has an internal pull-up; when unconnected, WP# is set at VIH.

#### Note

If WP#/ACC is at VIL when the device is in the standby mode, the maximum input load current is increased.

#### Low V<sub>CC</sub> Write Inhibit

When VCC is less than VLKO, the device does not accept any write cycles. This protects data during VCC power-up and power-down.

The command register and all internal program/erase circuits are disabled, and the device resets to reading array data. Subsequent writes are ignored until VCC is greater than VLKO. The system must provide the proper signals to the control inputs to prevent unintentional writes when VCC is greater than VLKO.

#### Write Pulse "Glitch Protection"

Noise pulses of less than 5 ns (typical) on OE#, CE# or WE# do not initiate a write cycle.

#### **Power-Up Write Inhibit**

If WE# = CE# = RESET# = VIL and OE# = VIH during power up, the device does not accept commands on the rising edge of WE#. The internal state machine is automatically reset to the read mode on power-up.



#### **Power Conservation Modes**

#### **Standby Mode**

When the system is not reading or writing to the device, it can place the device in the standby mode. In this mode, current consumption is greatly reduced, and the outputs are placed in the high impedance state, independent of the OE# input. The device enters the CMOS standby mode when the CE# and RESET# inputs are both held at  $V_{\text{CC}} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ . The device requires standard access time (tCE) for read access, before it is ready to read data. If the device is deselected during erasure or programming, the device draws active current until the operation is completed. ICC4 in "DC Characteristics" represents the standby current specification

#### **Automatic Sleep Mode**

The automatic sleep mode minimizes Flash device energy consumption. The device automatically enables this mode when addresses remain stable for tACC + 30 ns. The automatic sleep mode is independent of the CE#, WE#, and OE# control signals. Standard address access timings provide new data when addresses are changed. While in sleep mode, output data is latched and always available to the system.

#### **Hardware RESET# Input Operation**

The RESET# input provides a hardware method of resetting the device to reading array data. When RESET# is driven low for at least a period of tRP, the device immediately terminates any operation in progress, tristates all outputs, and ignores all read/write commands for the duration of the RESET# pulse. The device also resets the internal state machine to reading array data. The operation that was interrupted should be reinitiated once the device is ready to accept another command sequence to ensure data integrity.

When RESET# is held at VSS  $\pm$  0.3 V, the device draws ICC reset current (ICC5). If RESET# is held at VIL but not within VSS  $\pm$  0.3 V, the standby current is greater.

RESET# may be tied to the system reset circuitry and thus, a system reset would also reset the Flash memory, enabling the system to read the boot-up firmware from the Flash memory.

#### **Output Disable (OE#)**

When the OE# input is at VIH, output from the device is disabled. The outputs are placed in the high impedance state. (With the exception of RY/BY#.)

#### **Secured Silicon Sector Flash Memory Region**

The Secured Silicon Sector provides an extra Flash memory region. The Secured Silicon Sector is 128 words in length and all Secured Silicon reads outside of the 128-word address range returns invalid data. The Secured Silicon Sector Indicator Bit, DQ7, (at Autoselect address 03h) is used to indicate whether or not the Secured Silicon Sector is locked when shipped from the factory. Please note the following general conditions:

- On power-up, or following a hardware reset, the device reverts to sending commands to the normal address space.
- Reads outside of sector SA0 return memory array data.
- Sector SA0 is remapped from memory array to Secured Silicon Sector array.
- Once the Secured Silicon Sector Entry Command is issued, the Secured Silicon Sector Exit command must be issued to exit Secured Silicon Sector Mode.
- The Secured Silicon Sector is not accessible when the device is executing an Embedded Program or Embedded Erase algorithm.
- When sector SA0 is suspended, if system enters Secured Silicon Sector mode, the Secured Silicon Sector Region cannot be read. If the system suspends the flash in other sectors except SA0, Secured Silicon Sector Region can be read normally.
- The ACC function is not available when the Secured Silicon Sector is enabled.



#### **Table 8. Secured Silicon Sector Addresses**

| Secured Silicon Sector Address Range |                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 000000h-000007h                      | Reserve for Factory    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 000008h-00007Fh                      | Determined by customer |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Customer Lockable Secured Silicon Sector**

The Customer Lockable Secured Silicon Sector is always shipped unprotected (DQ0 set to "1"), allowing

customers to utilize that sector in any manner they choose. If the security feature is not required, the Secured Silicon Sector can be treated as an additional Flash memory space. Please note the following:

- Once the Secured Silicon Sector area is protected, the Secured Silicon Sector Indicator Bit (DQ0) is permanently set to "0."
- The Secured Silicon Sector can be read any number of times, but can be programmed and locked only once. The Secured Silicon Sector lock must be used with caution as once locked, there is no procedure available for unlocking the Secured Silicon Sector area and none of the bits in the Secured Silicon Sector memory space can be modified in any way.
- The accelerated programming (ACC) is not available when the Secured Silicon Sector is enabled.
- Once the Secured Silicon Sector is locked and verified, the system must write the Exit Secured Silicon Sector Region command sequence which return the device to the memory array at sector 0.
- The address 0h~7h in Secured Silicon Sector is reserved for Factory.

#### Secured Silicon Sector Entry/Exit Command Sequences

The system can access the Secured Silicon Sector region by issuing the three-cycle Enter Secured Silicon Sector command sequence. The device continues to access the Secured Silicon Sector region until the system issues the four-cycle Exit Secured Silicon Sector command sequence.

The Secured Silicon Sector Entry Command allows the following commands to be executed

- Read customer and factory Secured Silicon areas
- Program the customer Secured Silicon Sector

After the system has written the Enter Secured Silicon Sector command sequence, it may read the Secured Silicon Sector by using the addresses normally occupied by sector SA0 within the memory array. This mode of operation continues until the system issues the Exit Secured Silicon Sector command sequence, or until power is removed from the device.



### **COMMON FLASH INTERFACE (CFI)**

The common flash interface (CFI) specification outlines device and host systems software interrogation handshake, which allows specific vendor-specified software algorithms to be used for entire families of devices. Software support can then be device-independent, JEDEC ID-independent, and forward- and backward-compatible for the specified flash device families. Flash vendors can standardize their existing interfaces for long-term compatibility.

This device enters the CFI Query mode when the system writes the CFI Query command, 98h, to address 55h in word mode (or address AAh in byte mode), any time the device is ready to read array data.

The system can read CFI information at the addresses given in Tables 9~11.In word mode, the upper address bits (A7–MSB) must be all zeros. To terminate reading CFI data, the system must write the reset command.

The system can also write the CFI query command when the device is in the autoselect mode. The device enters the CFI query mode and the system can read CFI data at the addresses given in Tables 9~11. The system must write the reset command to return the device to the autoselect mode.

Table 9. CFI Query Identification String

| Addresses<br>(Word Mode) | Data  | Description  |
|--------------------------|-------|--|
| 10h                      | 0051h |  |
| 11h                      | 0052h | Query Unique ASCII string "QRY"                              |
| 12h                      | 0059h |  |
| 13h                      | 0002h | Primary OEM Command Set                                      |
| 14h                      | 0000h | Filliary OEW Command Set                                     |
| 15h                      | 0040h | Address for Primary Extended Table                           |
| 16h                      | 0000h | Address for Primary Extended Table                           |
| 17h                      | 0000h | Alternate OEM Command set (00h = none exists)                |
| 18h                      | 0000h | Alternate OEM Command set (00h = none exists)                |
| 19h                      | 0000h | Address for Alternate OEM Extended Table (00h = none exists) |
| 1Ah                      | 0000h | Address for Alternate OEM Extended Table (00h = none exists) |

Table 10. System Interface String

| Addresses<br>(Word Mode) | Data  | Description  |
|--------------------------|-------|--|
| 1Bh                      | 0027h | Vcc Min (write/erase) DQ7-DQ4: volt, DQ3-DQ0: 100mV                                |
| 1Ch                      | 0036h | Vcc Max (write/erase) DQ7-DQ4: volt, DQ3-DQ0: 100mV                                |
| 1Dh                      | 0000h | Vpp Min voltage (00h = no Vpp pin present)   |
| 1Eh                      | 0000h | Vpp Max voltage (00h = no Vpp pin present)   |
| 1Fh                      | 0003h | Typical timeout per single byte/word write 2 <sup>N</sup> μs                       |
| 20h                      | 0004h | Typical timeout for min size buffer write $2^N \mu s$ (00h = not supported)        |
| 21h                      | 0009h | Typical timeout per individual block erase 2 <sup>N</sup> ms                       |
| 22h                      | 0000h | Typical timeout for full chip erase 2 <sup>N</sup> ms (00h = not supported)        |
| 23h                      | 0005h | Max timeout for byte/word write 2 <sup>N</sup> times typical                       |
| 24h                      | 0005h | Max timeout for buffer write 2 <sup>N</sup> times typical                          |
| 25h                      | 0004h | Max timeout per individual block erase 2 <sup>N</sup> times typical                |
| 26h                      | 0000h | Max timeout for full chip erase 2 <sup>N</sup> times typical (00h = not supported) |



**Table 11. Device Geometry Definition** 

| Addresses   |       |   |
|-------------|-------|---|
| (Word mode) | Data  | Description   |
| 27h         | 0017h | Device Size = 2 <sup>N</sup> bytes. 2**23=8MB=64Mb                                    |
| 28h         | 0002h | Flash Device Interface Description (refer to CFI publication 100);                    |
| 29h         | 0000h | 01h = X16  only; 02h = x8/x16   |
| 2Ah         | 0005h | Max number of byte in multi-byte write = 2 <sup>N</sup>                               |
| 2Bh         | 0000h | (00h = not supported)   |
| 2Ch         | 00xxh | Number of Erase Block Regions within device (01h = uniform device, 02h = boot device) |
| 2Dh         | 00xxh | Erase Block Region 1 Information  |
| 2Eh         | 0000h | (refer to the CFI specification of CFI publication 100)                               |
| 2Fh         | 00x0h | EN29GL064 H and L : 007Fh, 0000h, 0000h, 0001h  |
| 30h         | 000xh | EN29GL064 B and T: 0007h, 0000h, 0020h, 0000h   |
| 31h         | 00xxh | Erase Block Region 2 Information  |
| 32h         | 0000h | (refer to the CFI specification of CFI publication 100)                               |
| 33h         | 0000h | EN29GL064 H and L : 0000h, 0000h, 0000h, 0000h  |
| 34h         | 000xh | EN29GL064 B and T: 007Eh, 0000h, 0000h, 0001h   |
| 35h         | 0000h |   |
| 36h         | 0000h | Erase Block Region 3 Information  |
| 37h         | 0000h | (refer to the CFI specification of CFI publication 100)                               |
| 38h         | 0000h |   |
| 39h         | 0000h |   |
| 3Ah         | 0000h | Erase Block Region 4 Information  |
| 3Bh         | 0000h | (refer to the CFI specification of CFI publication 100)                               |
| 3Ch         | 0000h |   |

Table 12. Primary Vendor-specific Extended Query

| Addresses<br>(Word Mode) | Data  | Description  |
|--------------------------|-------|--|
| 40h                      | 0050h | •  |
| 41h                      | 0052h | Query Unique ASCII string "PRI"  |
| 42h                      | 0049h |  |
| 43h                      | 0031h | Major version number, ASCII  |
| 44h                      | 0034h | Minor version number, ASCII  |
| 45h                      | 000Ch | Address Sensitive Unlock (Bits 1-0)<br>00 = Required, 01 = Not Required<br>Technology (Bits 5-2) 0001 = 0.18um, 0010 = 0.13um, 0011 = 90nm   |
| 46h                      | 0002h | Erase Suspend 0 = Not Supported, 1 = To Read Only, 2 = To Read & Write   |
| 47h                      | 0001h | Sector Protect 0 = Not Supported, X = Minimum number of sectors per group  |
| 48h                      | 0000h | Sector Temporary Unprotect<br>00 = Not Supported, 01 = Supported   |
| 49h                      | 0003h | Sector Protect/Unprotect Scheme  00h = High Voltage Sector Protection  01h = High Voltage + In-System Sector Protection  02h = HV + In-System + Software Command Sector Protection  03h = Software Command Sector Protection |
| 4Ah                      | 0000h | Simultaneous Operation<br>00 = Not supported, X = Number of Sectors  |
| 4Bh                      | 0000h | Burst Mode Type<br>00 = Not Supported, 01 = Supported  |



| 4Ch    | 0002h  | Page Mode Type   |
|--------|--------|--|
| 300211 |        | 00 = Not Supported, 01 = 4 Word Page, 02 = 8 Word Page               |
| 4Dh    | 0085h  | Minimum WP#/ACC (Acceleration) Supply Voltage                        |
| 4011   | 006511 | 00 = Not Supported, DQ7-DQ4: Volts, DQ3=DQ0: 100mV                   |
| 4Eh    | 0095h  | Maximum WP#/ACC (Acceleration) Supply Voltage                        |
| 4EII   | 009511 | 00 = Not Supported, DQ7-DQ4: Volts, DQ3=DQ0: 100mV                   |
|        |        | Top/Bottom Boot Sector Flag  |
| 4Fh    | 000xh  | 02 = Bottom Boot Device, 03 = Top Boot Device                        |
| 4611   | UUUXII | 04 = Uniform sectors bottom WP# protect                              |
|        |        | 05 = Uniform sectors top WP# protect                                 |
| 50h    | 0001h  | Program Suspend  |
| 3011   | 000111 | 00 = Not Supported, 01 = Supported                                   |
| 52h    | 0008h  | Secured Silicon Sector (Customer OTP Area) Size 2 <sup>N</sup> bytes |
| 53h    | 000Fh  | Hardware Reset Low Time-out during an embedded algorithm to          |
| 5511   | UUUFII | read mode Maximum 2 <sup>N</sup> ns                                  |
| 54h    | 0009h  | Hardware Reset Low Time-out not during an embedded algorithm to      |
| 3411   | 000911 | read mode Maximum 2 <sup>N</sup> ns                                  |
| 55h    | 0005h  | Erase Suspend Latency Maximum 2 <sup>N</sup> µs                      |
| 56h    | 0005h  | Program Suspend Latency Maximum 2 <sup>N</sup> µs                    |
| 57h    | 0000h  | Bank Organization  |
| 3/11   | 0000h  | 00 = Data at 4Ah is zero, X = Number of Banks                        |



#### Table 13. EN29GL064 Command Definitions

|                              |                       |              |        | Bus Cycles |       |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------|------------|-------|---------------------|------|----------------------|------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|--|
|                              | Command<br>Sequence   |              | Cycles | 1.st Cycle |       | 2 <sup>nd</sup> . C | ycle | 3. <sup>rd</sup> . 0 | ycle | 4. <sup>th</sup> . | Cycle      | 5. <sup>th</sup> . | Cycle      | 6. <sup>th</sup> . C | Cycle      |  |
|                              |                       |              | 0      | Addr       | Data  | Addr                | Data | Addr                 | Data | Addr               | Data       | Addr               | Data       | Addr                 | Data       |  |
| Rea                          | ad                    |              | 1      | RA         | RD    |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Res                          | set                   |              | 1      | XXX        | F0    |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
|                              | Manufacturer          | Word         |        | 555        |       | 2AA                 |      | 555                  |      | 000<br>100         | 7F<br>1C   |                    |            |                      |            |  |
|                              | ID                    | Byte         | 4      | AAA        | AA    | 555                 | 55   | AAA                  | 90   | 000                | 7F<br>1C   |                    |            |                      |            |  |
|                              | Device ID             | Word         | 4      | 555        | AA    | 2AA                 | 55   | 555                  | 90   | X01                | 227E       | X0E                | 220C       | X0F                  | 2201       |  |
| Autoselect                   | Uniform               | Byte         |        | AAA        |       | 555                 |      | AAA                  |      | X02                | 7E         | X1C                | 0C         | X1E                  | 01         |  |
| sel                          | Device ID<br>Top Boot | Word<br>Byte | 4      | 555<br>AAA | AA    | 2AA<br>555          | 55   | 555<br>AAA           | 90   | X01<br>X02         | 227E<br>7E | X0E<br>X1C         | 2210<br>10 | X0F<br>X1E           | 2201<br>01 |  |
| utc                          | Device ID             | Word         |        | 555        |       | 2AA                 |      | 555                  |      | X01                | 227E       | X0E                | 2210       | X0F                  | 2200       |  |
| ۹                            | Bottom Boot           | Byte         | 4      | AAA        | AA    | 555                 | 55   | AAA                  | 90   | X01                | 7E         | X1C                | 10         | X1E                  | 00         |  |
|                              | Bottom Boot           | Буце         |        |            | 555   |                     | AAA  |                      | (SA) | 00                 | ΛIC        | 10                 | \IE        | 00                   |            |  |
|                              | Sector Protect        | /oritv       | otact  |            | 555   |                     | 2AA  |                      | 555  |                    | X02        | 01                 |            |                      |            |  |
|                              | Verify                |              | 4      |            | AA    |                     | 55   |                      | 90   | (SA)               | 00         |                    |            |                      |            |  |
|                              |                       | Byte         |        | AAA        |       | 555                 |      | AAA                  | AAA  | X04                | 01         |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Dro                          | gram                  | Word         | 4      | 555        | —— AA | 2AA                 | 55   | 55 555<br>AAA        | A0   | PA                 | PD         |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| FIU                          | gram                  | Byte         | 4      | AAA        |       | 555                 | 55   |                      |      | ГА                 | FD         |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| \ A /!                       | to to Duffer          | Word         | _      | 555        |       | 2AA                 |      | CA.                  | 25   | 0.4                | \\\(\)     | D.4                | DD         | MDI                  | DD         |  |
| vvri                         | te to Buffer          | Byte         | 6      | AAA        | AA    | 555                 | - 55 | SA                   |      | SA                 | WC         | PA                 | PD         | WBL                  | PD         |  |
| Pro                          | gram Buffer to        | Word         | 1      | PA         | 20    |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Flas                         | sh                    | Byte         | l ' l  | FA         | 29    |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Wri                          | te to Buffer          | Word         | 3      | 555        | AA    | 2AA                 | 55   | 555                  | F0   |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Abo                          | ort Reset             | Byte         | 3      | AAA        | AA    | 555                 | 55   | 555                  | FU   |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Chi                          | n Franc               | Word         | 6      | 555        | ^ ^   | 2AA                 | EE   | 555                  | 00   | 555                | ۸ ۸        | 2AA                |            | 555                  | 10         |  |
| Chi                          | p Erase               | Byte         | О      | AAA        | AA    | 555                 | 55   | AAA                  | 80   | AAA                | AA         | 555                | 55         | AAA                  | 10         |  |
| 0                            | .t                    | Word         |        | 555        |       | 2AA                 |      | 555                  | 00   | 555                |            | 2AA                |            | 0.4                  | 00         |  |
| Sec                          | ctor Erase            | Byte         | 6      | AAA        | AA    | 555                 | 55   | AAA                  | 80   | AAA                | AA         | 555                | 55         | SA                   | 30         |  |
| Erase/Program Suspend        |                       | 1            | XXX    | В0         |       |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Erase/Program Resume         |                       | 1            | XXX    | 30         |       |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Secured Silicon Sector Entry |                       | 3            | 555    | AA         | 2AA   | 55                  | 555  | 88                   |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Secured Silicon Sector Exit  |                       | 4            | 555    | AA         | 2AA   | 55                  | 555  | 90                   | XX   | 00                 |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| CFI                          | Query                 | Word         | 1      | 55         | 98    |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
|                              |                       | Byte         |        | AA         |       |                     |      |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |
| Acc                          | elerated Program      |              | 2      | XX         | A0    | PA                  | PD   |                      |      |                    |            |                    |            |                      |            |  |

#### Legend

X = Don't care

RA = Address of the memory to be read.

RD = Data read from location RA during read operation.

PA = Address of the memory location to be programmed. Addresses latch on the falling edge of the WE# or CE# pulse, whichever happens later.

PD = Data to be programmed at location PA. Data latches on the rising edge of the WE# or CE# pulse, whichever happens first.

SA = Address of the sector to be verified (in autoselect mode) or erased. Address bits Amax—A16 uniquely select any sector.

WBL = Write Buffer Location. The address must be within the same write buffer page as PA.

WC = Word Count is the number of write buffer locations to load minus 1 and maximum value is 31 for word and byte mode.





#### Table 14. EN29GL064 Command Definitions

|                           |                        | <b>"</b> |        |                      |       |                         |      | Bus (                   | Cycles |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|---------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------|----------------------|-------|-------------------------|------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|------|---------------------|-------|
|                           | Command<br>Sequence    |          | Cycles | 1. <sup>st</sup> . C | Cycle | 2 <sup>nd</sup> . Cycle |      | 3 <sup>rd</sup> . Cycle |        | 4 <sup>th</sup> Cycle |      | 5 <sup>th</sup> Cycle |      | 6 <sup>th</sup> . ( | Cycle |
|                           | 004                    |          | ၁      | Addr                 | Data  | Addr                    | Data | Addr                    | Data   | Addr                  | Data | Addr                  | Data | Addr                | Data  |
| _                         | Command Set            | Word     | 3      | 555                  | AA    | 2AA                     | 55   | 555                     | 40     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Lock Register             | Entry                  | Byte     | 3      | AAA                  | AA    | 55                      | 55   | AAA                     | 40     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Rec                       | Program                |          | 2      | XXX                  | A0    | XXX                     | Data |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| ock                       | Read                   |          | 1      | 00                   | RD    |                         |      |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|                           | Command Set Ex         | it       | 2      | XXX                  | 90    | XXX                     | 00   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|                           | PPB Command            | Word     | 3      | 555                  | AA    | 2AA                     | 55   | 555                     | C0     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| <u>e</u>                  | Set Entry              | Byte     | 3      | AAA                  | AA    | 55                      | 55   | AAA                     | C0     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Global<br>Non-Volatile    | PPB Program            |          | 2      | XXX                  | Α0    | SA                      | 00   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Global<br>on-Volat        | All PPB Erase          |          | 2      | XXX                  | 80    | 00                      | 30   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Ž                         | PPB Status Read        |          | 1      | SA                   | RD    |                         |      |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|                           | PPB Command S          | et Exit  | 2      | XXX                  | 90    | XXX                     | 00   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| 4)                        | PPB Lock               | Word     | 3      | 555                  | AA    | 2AA                     | 55   | 555                     | 50     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Global<br>Volatile Freeze | Command Set<br>Entry   | Byte     | 3      | AAA                  | AA    | 555                     | 55   | AAA                     | 50     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Global<br>tile Fre        | PPB Lock Set           |          | 2      | XXX                  | A0    | XXX                     | 00   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Gl                        | PPB Lock Status        | Read     | 1      | XXX                  | RD    |                         |      |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Λο                        | PPB Lock Comma<br>Exit | and Set  | 2      | XXX                  | 90    | XXX                     | 00   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|                           | DYB Command            | Word     | 3      | 555                  | AA    | 2AA                     | 55   | 555                     | E0     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|                           | Set Entry              | Byte     | 3      | AAA                  | AA    | 555                     | 55   | AAA                     | E0     |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Volatile                  | DYB Set                |          | 2      | XXX                  | A0    | SA                      | 00   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
| Vok                       | DYB Clear              |          | 2      | XXX                  | A0    | SA                      | 01   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|                           | DYB Status Read        |          | 1      | SA                   | RD    |                         |      |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |
|                           | DYB Command S          | et Exit  | 2      | XXX                  | 90    | XXX                     | 00   |                         |        |                       |      |                       |      |                     |       |

#### Legend

X = Don't care

RD(0) = Read data. SA = Sector Address. Address bits Amax–A16 uniquely select any sector.

PWD = Password

PWDx = Password word0, word1, word2, and word3.

Data = Lock Register Contents: PD(0) = Secured Silicon Sector Protection Bit,
PD(1) = Persistent Protection Mode Lock Bit, PD(2) = Password Protection Mode Lock Bit.



#### **Table 15. DC Characteristics**

 $(T_a = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C; V_{CC} = 2.7-3.6V)$ 

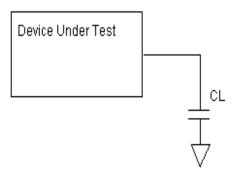
| Symbol           | Parameter  | Test Condition  | Min                       | Тур                      | Max                       | Unit                     |    |
|------------------|--|---|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----|
| lLI              | Input Leakage Current                            | 0V≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ Vcc   |                           |                          | ±5                        | μΑ                       |    |
| ILO              | Output Leakage Current                           | 0V≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ Vcc  | ;                         |                          |                           | ±1                       | μΑ |
| laa.             | V <sub>CC</sub> Active Read Current              | CE# = V <sub>IL</sub> ; OE# = V <sub>IH</sub> ;   | 5MHz                      |                          | 15                        | 30                       | mA |
| I <sub>CC1</sub> | VCC Active Read Outlett                          | V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> max   | 10MHz                     |                          | 25                        | 45                       | mA |
| I <sub>IO2</sub> | V <sub>IO</sub> Non-Active Output                | CE# = V <sub>IL</sub> , OE# = V <sub>IH</sub>   |                           |                          | 0.2                       | 10                       | mA |
| I <sub>CC2</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Intra-Page Read                  | $CE\# = V_{IL}$ , $OE\# = V_{IH}$ , $V_{CC}$ max, $f = 10$ MHz  |                           |                          | 1                         | 10                       | mA |
| 1002             | Current  | $CE\# = V_{IL}$ , $OE\# = V_{IH}$ , $V_{CC}$ max, $f = 33$ MHz  | cc =                      |                          | 5                         | 15                       |    |
| I <sub>CC3</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Active Erase/<br>Program Current | $CE\# = V_{IL}$ , $OE\# = V_{IH}$ , $V_{CC}$  |                           |                          | 20                        | 40                       | mA |
| I <sub>CC4</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Standby Current                  | CE#, RESET# = VCC $\pm$ 0.3<br>OE# = V <sub>IH</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> ma<br>V <sub>IL</sub> = Vss + 0.3 V/-0.1V, |                           | 2.0                      | 20                        | μΑ                       |    |
| I <sub>CC5</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Reset Current                    | RESET# = Vss ± 0.3V   |                           | 2.0                      | 20                        | μΑ                       |    |
| I <sub>CC6</sub> | Automatic Sleep Mode                             | $V_{IH} = Vcc \pm 0.3V$<br>$V_{IL} = Vss \pm 0.3V$  |                           | 2.0                      | 20                        | μΑ                       |    |
| I <sub>ACC</sub> | ACC Accelerated Program                          | CE# = VIL, OE# = VIH,<br>VCC = VCCmax,  | WP#/ACC<br>pin            |                          | 3                         | 10                       | mA |
| ACC              | Current  | WP#/ACC = VHH   | Vcc pin                   |                          | 15                        | 30                       |    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Input Low Voltage                                |   |                           | -0.5                     |                           | 0.3 x<br>V <sub>IO</sub> | V  |
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | Input High Voltage                               |   |                           | 0.7 x<br>V <sub>IO</sub> |                           | VCC<br>+ 0.3             | V  |
| V <sub>HH</sub>  | Acceleration Program Voltage                     |   |                           | 8.5                      |                           | 9.5                      | V  |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Output Low Voltage                               | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100μA   |                           |                          | 0.15 x<br>V <sub>IO</sub> | V                        |    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | Output High Voltage<br>CMOS                      | Ι <sub>ΟΗ</sub> = -100μΑ  | 0.85 x<br>V <sub>IO</sub> |                          |                           | V                        |    |
| V <sub>LKO</sub> | Supply voltage (Erase and Program lock-out)      |   |                           | 2.3                      |                           | 2.5                      | V  |

©2004 Eon Silicon Solution, Inc., www.eonssi.com

BYTE# pin can also be GND ± 0.3V. BYTE# and RESET# pin input buffers are always enabled so that they draw power if not at full CMOS supply voltages.
 Maximum I<sub>CC</sub> specifications are tested with Vcc = Vcc max.
 Not 100% tested.



**Figure 11. Test Conditions** 



**Table 16. Test Specifications** 

| Test Conditions                            | -70                  | Unit |
|--|----------------------|------|
| Output Load Capacitance, C <sub>L</sub>    | 30                   | pF   |
| Input Rise and Fall times                  | 5                    | ns   |
| Input Pulse Levels                         | 0.0- V <sub>IO</sub> | V    |
| Input timing measurement reference levels  | 0.5 V <sub>IO</sub>  | V    |
| Output timing measurement reference levels | 0.5 V <sub>IO</sub>  | V    |

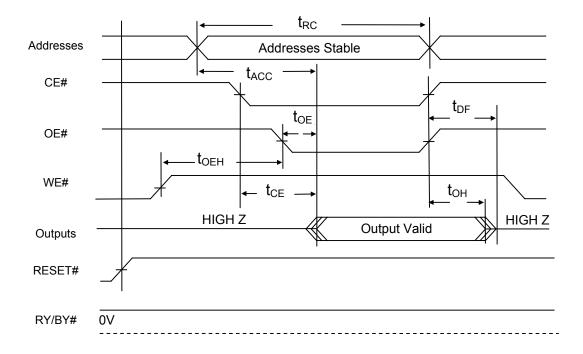


**Table 17. Read-only Operations Characteristics** 

| Parameter<br>Symbols |                   | Description  |                               | Test Set                                      | up  | Speed | Unit |  |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|-----|-------|------|--|
| JEDEC                | Standard          |  |                               |   | -   | -70   |      |  |
| $t_{\text{AVAV}}$    | t <sub>RC</sub>   | Read Cycle Tim                                       | Read Cycle Time               |   |     | 70    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>AVQV</sub>    | t <sub>ACC</sub>  | Address to Outp                                      | ut Delay                      | CE# = V <sub>IL</sub><br>OE#= V <sub>IL</sub> | Max | 70    | ns   |  |
| $t_{\text{ELQV}}$    | t <sub>CE</sub>   | Chip Enable To                                       | Chip Enable To Output Delay   |   |     | 70    | ns   |  |
|                      | t <sub>PACC</sub> | Page Access Tir                                      |                               | Max   | 25  | ns    |      |  |
| t <sub>GLQV</sub>    | t <sub>OE</sub>   | Output Enable to                                     | Output Enable to Output Delay |   |     | 25    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>EHQZ</sub>    | t <sub>DF</sub>   | Chip Enable to 0                                     | Output High Z                 |   | Max | 20    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>GHQZ</sub>    | t <sub>DF</sub>   | Output Enable to                                     | o Output High Z               |   | Max | 20    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>AXQX</sub>    | t <sub>OH</sub>   | Output Hold Tim<br>Addresses, CE#<br>whichever occur |                               | Min   | 0   | ns    |      |  |
|                      |                   | Output Enable  | Read                          |   | Min | 0     | ns   |  |
|                      | t <sub>OEH</sub>  | Hold Time  | Toggle and DATA# Polling      |   | Min | 10    | ns   |  |

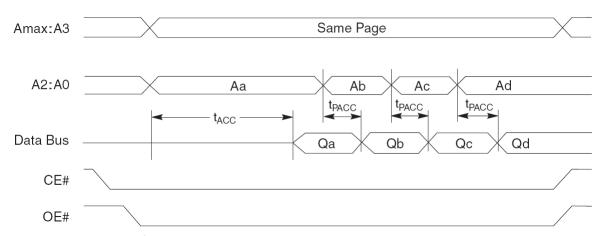
Notes: High Z is Not 100% tested.

Figure 12. AC Waveforms for READ Operations





**Figure 13. Page Read Operation Timings** 



Note: Addresses are A2:A-1 for byte mode.

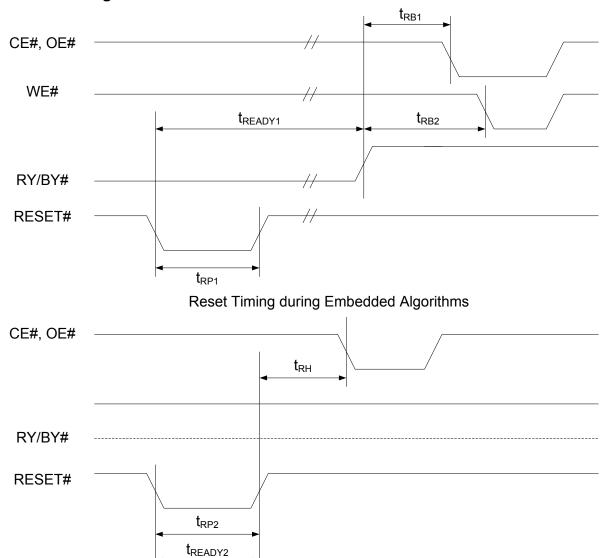


## Table 18. Hardware Reset (RESET#)

| Paramete            | Description  | Test  | Speed | Unit  |
|---------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|
| r Std               | Description  | Setup | -70   | Ullit |
| t <sub>RP1</sub>    | RESET# Pulse Width (During Embedded Algorithms)                  | Min   | 10    | us    |
| $t_{RP2}$           | RESET# Pulse Width (NOT During Embedded Algorithms)              | Min   | 500   | ns    |
| $t_{RH}$            | Reset# High Time Before Read                                     | Min   | 50    | ns    |
| t <sub>RB1</sub>    | RY/BY# Recovery Time ( to CE#, OE# go low)                       | Min   | 0     | ns    |
| t <sub>RB2</sub>    | RY/BY# Recovery Time ( to WE# go low)                            | Min   | 50    | ns    |
| t <sub>READY1</sub> | Reset# Pin Low (During Embedded Algorithms) to Read or Write     | Max   | 20    | us    |
| t <sub>READY2</sub> | Reset# Pin Low (NOT During Embedded Algorithms) to Read or Write | Max   | 500   | ns    |



Figure 14. AC Waveforms for RESET# Reset# Timings



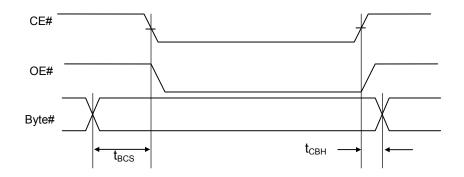
Reset Timing NOT during Embedded Algorithms



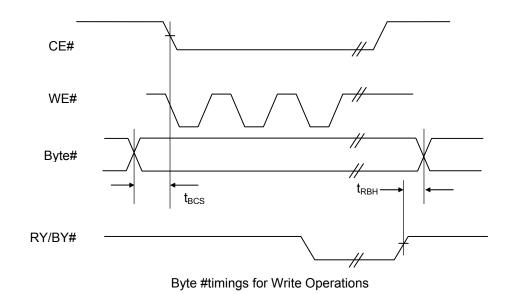
Table 19. Word / Byte Configuration (BYTE#)

| Std              |                                     | Test  | Speed | 1.114 |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Parameter        | Description                         | Setup | -70   | Unit  |
| t <sub>BCS</sub> | Byte# to CE# switching setup time   | Min   | 0     | ns    |
| t <sub>CBH</sub> | CE# to Byte# switching hold time    | Min   | 0     | ns    |
| t <sub>RBH</sub> | RY/BY# to Byte# switching hold time | Min   | 0     | ns    |

Figure 15. AC Waveforms for BYTE#



Byte# timings for Read Operations



Note: Switching BYTE# pin not allowed during embedded operations



## Table 20. Write (Erase/Program) Operations

| Parameter<br>Symbols |                    | Г                                  | Description              |     | Speed | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------|------|
| JEDEC                | Standard           |                                    |                          |     | -70   | . J  |
| t <sub>AVAV</sub>    | t <sub>WC</sub>    | Write Cycle Tim                    | е                        | Min | 70    | ns   |
| t <sub>AVWL</sub>    | t <sub>AS</sub>    | Address Setup                      | Time                     | Min | 0     | ns   |
| t <sub>WLAX</sub>    | t <sub>AH</sub>    | Address Hold Ti                    | ime                      | Min | 45    | ns   |
| t <sub>DVWH</sub>    | t <sub>DS</sub>    | Data Setup Time                    | e                        | Min | 30    | ns   |
| t <sub>WHDX</sub>    | t <sub>DH</sub>    | Data Hold Time                     |                          | Min | 0     | ns   |
|                      |                    | Outrot Frankla                     | Read                     | MIn | 0     | ns   |
|                      | t <sub>OEH</sub>   | Output Enable<br>Hold Time         | Toggle and DATA# Polling | Min | 10    | ns   |
| t <sub>GHWL</sub>    | t <sub>GHWL</sub>  | Read Recovery<br>Write (OE# High   |                          | Min | 0     | ns   |
| $t_{\sf ELWL}$       | t <sub>CS</sub>    | CE# SetupTime                      |                          | Min | 0     | ns   |
| t <sub>WHEH</sub>    | t <sub>CH</sub>    | CE# Hold Time                      |                          | Min | 0     | ns   |
| $t_{WLWH}$           | $t_WP$             | Write Pulse Wid                    | th                       | Min | 35    | ns   |
| t <sub>WHDL</sub>    | t <sub>WPH</sub>   | Write Pulse Wid                    | th High                  | Min | 20    | ns   |
|                      |                    | Write Buffer Pro<br>(Note 2, 3)    | gram Operation           | Тур | 100   | μs   |
| t <sub>WHWH1</sub>   | t <sub>WHWH1</sub> | Programming O                      | peration                 | Тур | 8     | μs   |
|                      |                    | (Word AND Byte                     | e Mode)                  | Max | 200   | μs   |
|                      |                    |                                    |                          | Тур | 0.1   | s    |
| t <sub>WHWH2</sub>   | t <sub>WHWH2</sub> | Sector Erase Op                    | peration                 | Max | 2     | s    |
|                      |                    | Chip Erase Operation               |                          | Тур | 16    | s    |
|                      | t∨HH               | V <sub>HH</sub> Rise and Fall Time |                          | Min | 250   | ns   |
|                      | t <sub>VCS</sub>   | Vcc Setup Time                     |                          | Min | 50    | μs   |
|                      | t <sub>BUSY</sub>  | WE# High to RY                     | //BY# Low                | Max | 70    | ns   |
|                      | t <sub>RB</sub>    | Recovery Time                      | from RY/BY#              | Min | 0     | ns   |

Notes: 1. Not 100% tested.

See table.22 Erase and Programming Performance for more information.
 For 1~16 words bytes programmed.



# Table 21. Write (Erase/Program) Operations

#### **Alternate CE# Controlled Writes**

| Parameter<br>Symbols |                                       | Description  |     | Speed | Unit |  |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-------|------|--|
| JEDEC                | Standard                              | -  |     | -70   |      |  |
| t <sub>AVAV</sub>    | $t_WC$                                | Write Cycle Time   | Min | 70    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>AVEL</sub>    | t <sub>AS</sub>                       | Address Setup Time                                       | Min | 0     | ns   |  |
| t <sub>ELAX</sub>    | t <sub>AH</sub>                       | Address Hold Time  | Min | 45    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>DVEH</sub>    | t <sub>DS</sub>                       | Data Setup Time  | Min | 30    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>EHDX</sub>    | t <sub>DH</sub>                       | Data Hold Time   | Min | 0     | ns   |  |
| t <sub>GHEL</sub>    | t <sub>GHEL</sub>                     | Read Recovery Time before<br>Write (OE# High to CE# Low) | Min | 0     | ns   |  |
| t <sub>WLEL</sub>    | tws                                   | WE# SetupTime  | Min | 0     | ns   |  |
| t <sub>EHWH</sub>    | t <sub>WH</sub>                       | WE# Hold Time  | Min | 0     | ns   |  |
| t <sub>ELEH</sub>    | $t_CP$                                | Write Pulse Width  | Min | 35    | ns   |  |
| t <sub>EHEL</sub>    | t <sub>CPH</sub>                      | Write Pulse Width High                                   | Min | 20    | ns   |  |
|                      |                                       | Write Buffer Program Operation (Note 2, 3)               | Тур | 100   | μs   |  |
| t <sub>WHWH1</sub>   | t <sub>WHWH1</sub> t <sub>WHWH1</sub> | Programming Operation                                    | Тур | 8     | μs   |  |
|                      |                                       | (Byte AND word mode)                                     | Max | 200   | μs   |  |
| +                    | +                                     |  | Тур | 0.1   | s    |  |
| t <sub>WHWH2</sub>   | t <sub>WHWH2</sub>                    | Sector Erase Operation                                   | Max | 2     | S    |  |

Notes: 1. Not 100% tested.

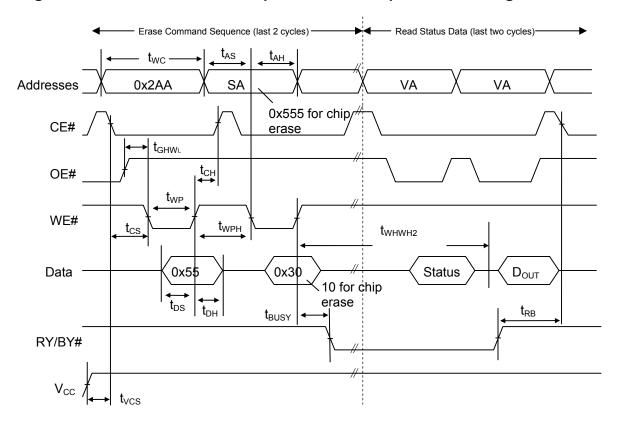
©2004 Eon Silicon Solution, Inc., www.eonssi.com

<sup>2.</sup> See table.22 Erase and Programming Performance for more information.

<sup>3.</sup> For 1~16 words bytes programmed.



## Figure 16. AC Waveforms for Chip/Sector Erase Operations Timings

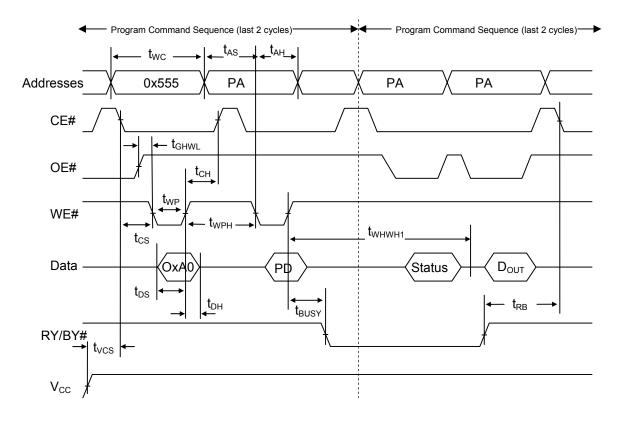


#### Notes:

- 1. SA=Sector Address (for sector erase), VA=Valid Address for reading status, D<sub>out</sub>=true data at read address.
- 2.  $V_{cc}$  shown only to illustrate  $t_{vcs}$  measurement references. It cannot occur as shown during a valid command sequence.



**Figure 17. Program Operation Timings** 

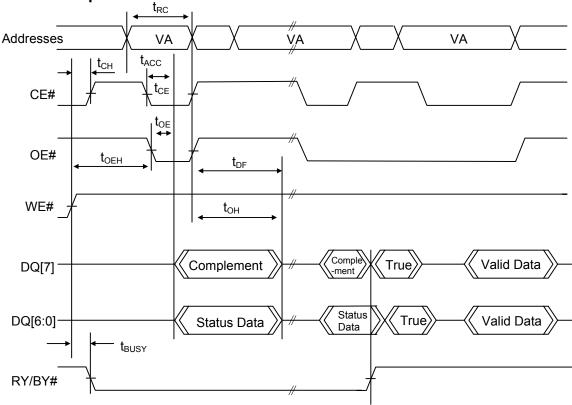


#### Notes:

- 1. PA=Program Address, PD=Program Data,  $D_{OUT}$  is the true data at the program address.
- 2.  $V_{CC}$  shown in order to illustrate  $t_{VCS}$  measurement references. It cannot occur as shown during a valid command sequence.



Figure 18. AC Waveforms for /DATA Polling During Embedded Algorithm **Operations** 



- Notes:

  1. VA=Valid Address for reading Data# Polling status data

  2. This diagram shows the first status cycle after the command sequence, the last status read cycle and the array data read cycle.

Figure 19. AC Waveforms for Toggle Bit During Embedded Algorithm **Operations** 

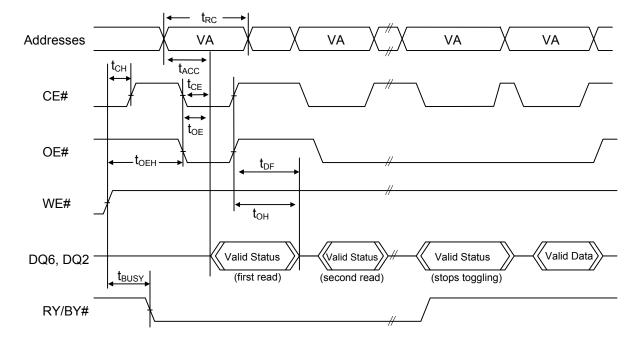
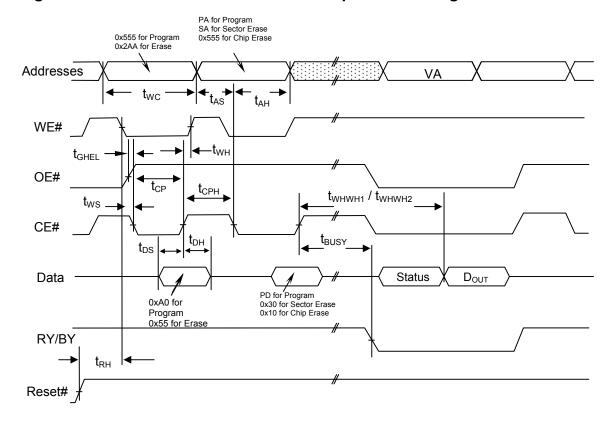




Figure 20. Alternate CE# Controlled Write Operation Timings



#### Notes:

PA = address of the memory location to be programmed.

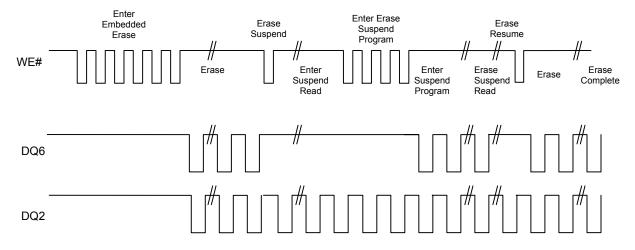
PD = data to be programmed at byte address.

VA = Valid Address for reading program or erase status

D<sub>out</sub> = array data read at VA

Shown above are the last two cycles of the program or erase command sequence and the last status read cycle Reset# shown to illustrate  $t_{RH}$  measurement references. It cannot occur as shown during a valid command sequence.

Figure 21. DQ2 vs. DQ6





#### TABLE 22. ERASE AND PROGRAMMING PERFORMANCE

| Parameter                   |                       |      | Limits |        | Comments                            |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------|
|                             |                       | Тур  | Max    | Unit   | Comments                            |
| Sector Erase Ti             | me                    | 0.1  | 2      | sec    | Excludes 00h programming prior      |
| Chip Erase Tin              | ne                    | 16   | 60     | sec    | to erasure                          |
| Byte Programming            | Time                  | 8    | 200    | μs     |                                     |
| Word Programming            | Word Programming Time |      | 200    | μs     |                                     |
| Chip Programming            | Byte                  | 67.2 | 201.6  |        | Excludes system level overhead      |
| Time                        | Word                  | 33.6 | 100.8  | sec    | Exolution by the miles of the miles |
| Total Write Buffer          | time                  | 100  |        |        |                                     |
| ACC Total Write Buffer time |                       | 60   |        | μs     |                                     |
| Erase/Program Endurance     |                       | 100K |        | cycles | Minimum 100K cycles                 |

#### Notes:

- 1. Typical program and erase times assume the following conditions: room temperature, 3V and checkboard pattern programmed.
- 2. Maximum program and erase times assume the following conditions: worst case Vcc, 90°C and 100,000 cycles.

Table 23. 56-PIN TSOP PIN CAPACITANCE @ 25°C, 1.0MHz

| Parameter Symbol | Parameter Description   | Test Setup           | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-----|------|
| C <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Capacitance       | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0  | 6   | 7.5 | pF   |
| C <sub>OUT</sub> | Output Capacitance      | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 | 8.5 | 12  | pF   |
| C <sub>IN2</sub> | Control Pin Capacitance | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0  | 7.5 | 9   | pF   |

**Note:** Test conditions are Temperature = 25°C and f = 1.0 MHz.

**Table 24. DATA RETENTION** 

| Parameter Description | Test Conditions | Min | Unit  |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----|-------|--|
|                       | 150°C           | 10  | Years |  |
| Data Retention Time   | 125°C           | 20  | Years |  |

This Data Sheet may be revised by subsequent versions or modifications due to changes in technical specifications.

©2004 Eon Silicon Solution, Inc., www.eonssi.com



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Par                                       | ameter                               | Value           | Unit |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------|
| Storage <sup>1</sup>                      | Temperature                          | -65 to +150     | °C   |
| Plastic                                   | Packages                             | -65 to +125     | °C   |
|   | Temperature<br>n Power Applied       | -55 to +125     | °C   |
| Output Short Circuit Current <sup>1</sup> |                                      | 200             | mA   |
| Voltage with<br>Respect to Ground         | OE#, RESET# and WP#/ACC <sup>2</sup> | -0.5 to + 9.5   | V    |
|   | All other pins <sup>3</sup>          | -0.5 to Vcc+0.5 | V    |
|   | Vcc                                  | -0.5 to + 4.0   | V    |

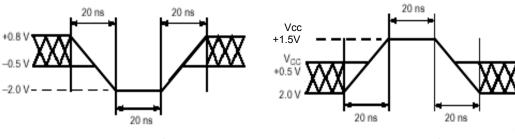
#### Notes:

- No more than one output shorted at a time. Duration of the short circuit should not be greater than one second.
- 2. Minimum DC input voltage on OE#, RESET# and WP#/ACC pins is -0.5V. During voltage transitions, OE#, RESET# and WP#/ACC pins may undershoot V<sub>ss</sub> to -1.0V for periods of up to 50ns and to -2.0V for periods of up to 20ns. See figure below. Maximum DC input voltage on OE#, and RESET# is 8.5V which may overshoot to 9.5V for periods up to 20ns.
- Minimum DC voltage on input or I/O pins is -0.5 V. During voltage transitions, inputs may undershoot V<sub>ss</sub> to -1.0V for periods of up to 50ns and to -2.0 V for periods of up to 20ns. See figure below. Maximum DC voltage on output and I/O pins is V<sub>cc</sub> + 0.5 V. During voltage transitions, outputs may overshoot to V<sub>cc</sub> + 1.5 V for periods up to 20ns. See figure below.
- 4. Stresses above the values so mentioned above may cause permanent damage to the device. These values are for a stress rating only and do not imply that the device should be operated at conditions up to or above these values. Exposure of the device to the maximum rating values for extended periods of time may adversely affect the device reliability.

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGES**<sup>1</sup>

| Parameter   | Value                              | Unit |
|---|------------------------------------|------|
| Ambient Operating Temperature<br>Industrial Devices | -40 to 85                          | °C   |
| Operating Supply Voltage<br>Vcc                     | Full Voltage Range:<br>2.7 to 3.6V | V    |

Recommended Operating Ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

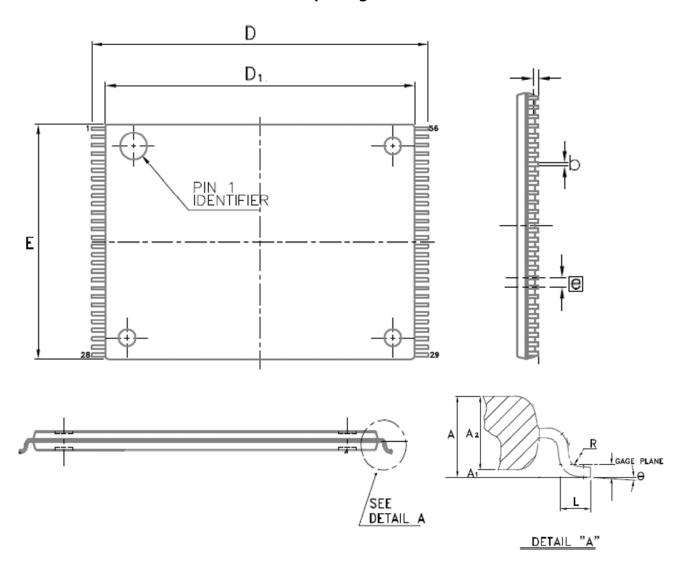


Maximum Negative Overshoot Waveform

Maximum Positive Overshoot Waveform



FIGURE 22. 56L TSOP 14mm x 20mm package outline

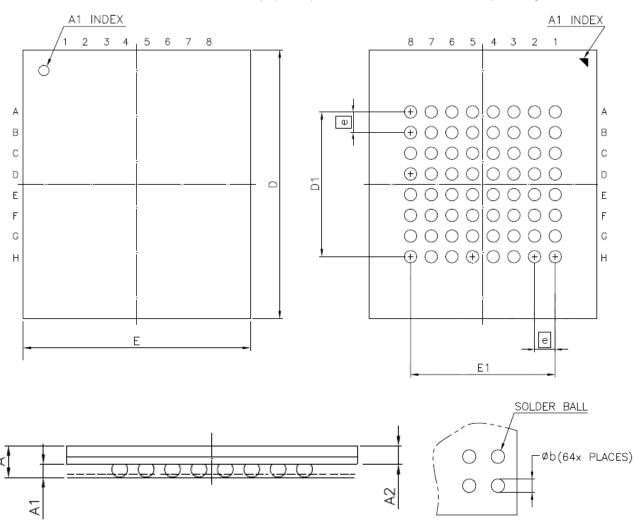


| SYMBOL  | DI   | DIMENSION IN MM |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------|------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| STWIBOL | MIN. | NOR             | MAX            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Α       |      |                 | 1.20           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1      | 0.05 |                 | 0.15           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2      | 0.95 | 1.00            | 1.05           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D       |      | 20.00           |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D1      |      | 18.40           |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E       |      | 14.00           |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| е       |      | 0.50            |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| b       | 0.17 | 0.22            | 0.27           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L       | 0.5  | 0.60            | 0.70           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R       | 0.08 | 0.15            | 0.20           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| θ       | 00   | 3 <sup>0</sup>  | 5 <sup>0</sup> |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: 1. Coplanarity: 0.1 mm



### FIGURE 23. 64-ball Ball Grid Array (BGA), 11 X13 mm, Pitch 1mm package outline



| CVMDOL     | DIMENSION IN MM |       |       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|-----------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SYMBOL     | MIN.            | NOR   | MAX   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Α          |                 |       | 1.40  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>A</b> 1 | 0.40            | 0.50  | 0.60  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A2         | 0.60            | 0.66  | 0.76  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D          | 12.90           | 13.00 | 13.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E          | 10.90           | 11.00 | 11.10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D1         |                 | 7.00  |       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E1         |                 | 7.00  |       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| е          |                 | 1.00  |       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| b          | 0.50            | 0.60  | 0.70  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## **Purpose**

Eon Silicon Solution Inc. (hereinafter called "Eon") is going to provide its products' top marking on ICs with < cFeon > from January 1st, 2009, and without any change of the part number and the compositions of the ICs. Eon is still keeping the promise of quality for all the products with the same as that of Eon delivered before. Please be advised with the change and appreciate your kindly cooperation and fully support Eon's product family.

## **Eon products' Top Marking**



#### cFeon Top Marking Example:

# cFeon

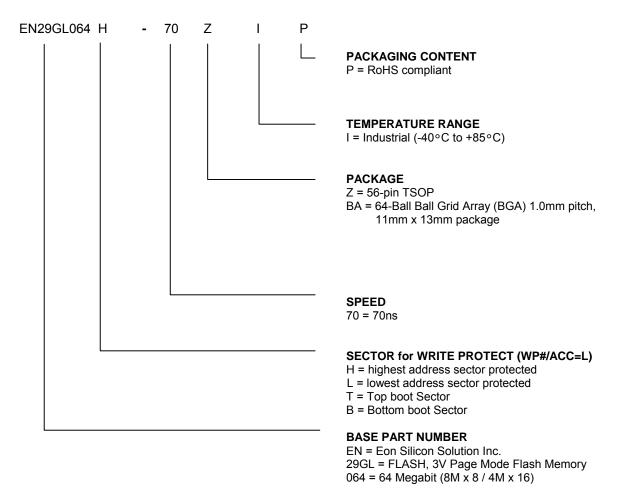
Part Number: XXXX-XXX
Lot Number: XXXXX
Date Code: XXXXX

#### For More Information

Please contact your local sales office for additional information about Eon memory solutions.



#### ORDERING INFORMATION



#### The valid combinations of EN29GL064.

| Base Part Number | Sector for Write Protect (WP#/ACC=L) | Speed Package |       | Temperature | Packaging<br>Content |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------|-------------|----------------------|
| ENSOCI 064       | Н                                    | 70            | Z, BA | 1           | Р                    |
| EN29GL064        | L                                    | 70            | Z, BA | Ι           | Р                    |



#### **Appendix**

#### **ERRATA SHEET**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

This errata sheet describes the functional deviation known at the release date of this document.

#### 2. Problem

Write Buffer Program timing problem

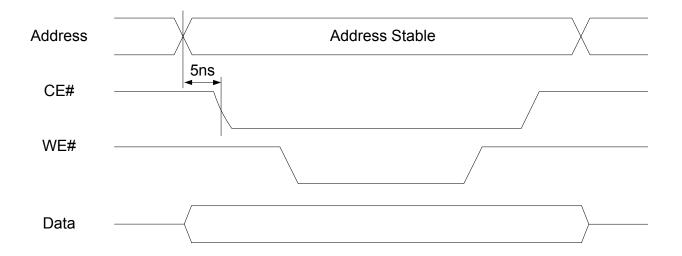
In general, the address setup time to CE# is 0ns. Due to timing problem, it may program to wrong address by Write Buffer Program function if address setup time is 0ns~1.5ns.

#### 3. Work-around

For Write Buffer Program function, we recommend minimum 5ns address to CE# setup time (address valid 5ns before CE# goes low).

In the case where CE# is kept low throughout the program buffer to flash command entry, A[max:12] should not be changes between Data=25h, Data=WC cycles to last Data= PD cycles and Data=29h cycle.

| Command Sequence        |   |                      |       |                   |       |                      | Bus ( | Cycles             | 8     |                      |       |                      |       |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
|                         |   | 1. <sup>st</sup> . ( | Cycle | 2 <sup>nd</sup> . | Cycle | 3. <sup>rd</sup> . 0 | Cycle | 4. <sup>th</sup> . | Cycle | 5. <sup>th</sup> . ( | Cycle | 6. <sup>th</sup> . 0 | Cycle |
|                         |   | Addr                 | Data  | Addr              | Data  | Addr                 | Data  | Addr               | Data  | Addr                 | Data  | Addr                 | Data  |
| Write to Buffer         | 6 | 555                  | AA    | 2AA               | 55    | SA                   | 25    | SA                 | WC    | PA                   | PD    | WBL                  | PD    |
| Program Buffer to Flash | 1 | SA                   | 29    |                   |       |                      |       |                    |       |                      |       |                      |       |





### **Revisions List**

| Revision No | Description   | Date       |
|-------------|---|------------|
| A           | Preliminary   | 2009/03/20 |
| В           | <ol> <li>Add internal pull-up description for WP# pin in Table1 in Page 4</li> <li>Add WP#/ACC, VIO pin in Figure3 in Page 4</li> <li>Modify tOE from 30ns to 25ns in Table 17 in page 40 and Page 5</li> <li>Add Secured Silicon Sector Entry/Exit command in Table13</li> <li>Modify typo from Sector Erase Suspend to Erase/Program Suspend, from Sector Erase Resume to Erase/Program resume in Table13</li> <li>Del table 22 and Figure 20 Temporary Sector Unprotect Timing table and Diagram and Figure 21.Sector Protect/Unprotect Timing Diagram</li> <li>Add ACC and total write buffer time spec in Table 22.</li> <li>Modify DC Characteristics in table 15         VHH from 10.5~11.5V to 8.5~9.5V         ICC1 5MHz 20→15mA typ, 10MHz 30→25mA typ         ICC4, ICC5 and ICC6 1→1.5uA typ, 5→10uA max         Add IIO2 and IACCspec</li> <li>Del apply VID on address pin A9 to access autoselect codes function.         (Remove TABLE 5 and modify description Autoselect section for using High voltage to get Autoselect Codes)</li> <li>Modify A9 spec from 9.5V to Vcc+0.5V in ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</li> </ol> | 2009/05/12 |
| С           | <ol> <li>Modify naming for DQ0 OTP Lock Bit to Secured Silicon Sector Protection Bit in Page 33</li> <li>Modify Table.8 Secured Silicon Sector Address Range 000000h-000007h from Determined by customer to Reserve for Factory</li> <li>Add note "The address 0h~7h in Secured Silicon Sector is reserved for Factory" in Page 39</li> <li>Update FIGURE 24. 64 ball Fortified Ball Grid Array (FBGA), 11 X13 mm, Pitch 1mm package outline in page 61</li> <li>Modify from Sector 0 to all sectors in note 1 of Table 6 and note 2, 3 and note 9 of PPB section in page 33</li> <li>Add "User only can use DQ6 and RY/BY# pin to detect programming status" in note 10 in page 33</li> </ol>  | 2009/7/14  |
| D           | <ol> <li>Add the 48-Ball (TFBGA) package information in page 1, 3, 61 and 64.</li> <li>Correct the Persistent Protection Bits status in page 31, 32 and 33.</li> <li>Top boot: Sector 0~123 are 1 PPB per 4 sectors, Sector 124~134 have PPB for each boot sector.</li> <li>Bottom boot: Sector 0~10 have PPB for each boot sector, Sector 11~134 are 1 PPB per 4 sectors</li> <li>Change the package code of 64-ball BGA in page 64.</li> </ol>  | 2009/07/22 |
| E           | Add the valid combinations of EN29GL064 on page 64  Add a note "when sector SA0 is suspended, if system enters Secured  | 2009/09/07 |
| F           | Sector mode " on page 39  | 2009/11/02 |
| G           | Add Write Buffer byte mode command and note that maximum value is 31  | 2010/03/15 |
| Н           | Correct the typo for The valid combinations of EN29GL064 table on page 64.  | 2010/04/06 |
| I           | <ol> <li>Remove 48-pin TSOP package type information on page 1, 2, 59 and 64.</li> <li>Remove 48-ball TFBGA package type information on page 1, 3, 61 and 64.</li> </ol>  | 2010/04/28 |
| J           | 1. Update Table 15. DC Characteristics on page 44. (1) Icc3 from 30mA to 40mA. (max.) (2) Icc4, Icc5, Icc6 from 1.5/10uA to 2.0/20uA (typ./max.) 2. Update Chip Erase time from 140s to 60s (max.) on page 57.  | 2010/05/11 |
| K           | 1. Add ERRATA SHEET on page 63  | 2010/06/09 |
| L           | Remove VIO function.  | 2011/01/28 |
| M           | Revive VIO function.  | 2011/04/13 |