

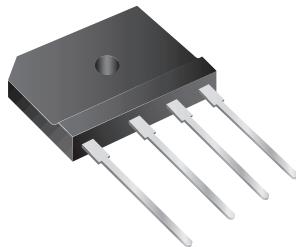


Elektronische Bauelemente

GBJ25A THRU GBJ25M

VOLTAGE 50V ~ 1000V

25.0 AMP Glass Passivated Bridge Rectifiers

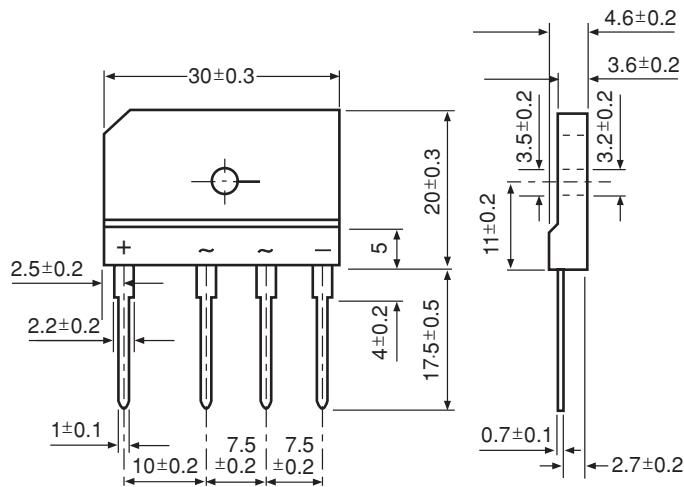


RoHS Compliant Product

A suffix of "C" specifies halogen-free.

● FEATURES

- Surge overload rating – 350 amperes peak
- Ideal for printed circuit board
- Reliable low cost construction utilizing Molded plastic technique
- Plastic material has underwriters laboratory Flammability classification 94V-0
- Polarity: marked on body
- Mounting position: Any



Dimensions in millimeters

● MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Resistive or inductive load, 60Hz,

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

TYPE NUMBER	SYMBOL	GBJ 25A	GBJ 25B	GBJ 25D	GBJ 25G	GBJ 25J	GBJ 25K	GBJ 25M	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	V_{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	V_{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward (with heatsink Note2) Rectified Current @ $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$ (without heatsink)	$I_{(AV)}$				25.0				A
					4.2				
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3 ms single half Sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	I_{FSM}				350				A
Maximum Forward Voltage at 2.0A	V_F				1.05				V
Maximum DC Reverse Current $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ at Rated DC Blocking Voltage $T_a=125^\circ\text{C}$	I_R				10				μA
					500				
I^2t Rating for fusing ($t<8.3\text{ms}$)	I^2t				510				A°s
Typical Junction Capacitance per element (Note1)	C_J				85				pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	$R_{\theta JC}$				0.6				$^\circ\text{C} / \text{W}$
Operating Temperature Range	T_J				-55 ~ +150				$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}				-55 ~ +150				$^\circ\text{C}$

NOTES:

1. Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
2. Device mounted on 50mm x 50mm x 1.6mm Cu Plate Heatsink.

Ratings and Characteristic Curves (TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Fig. 1 – Derating Curve Output Rectified Current

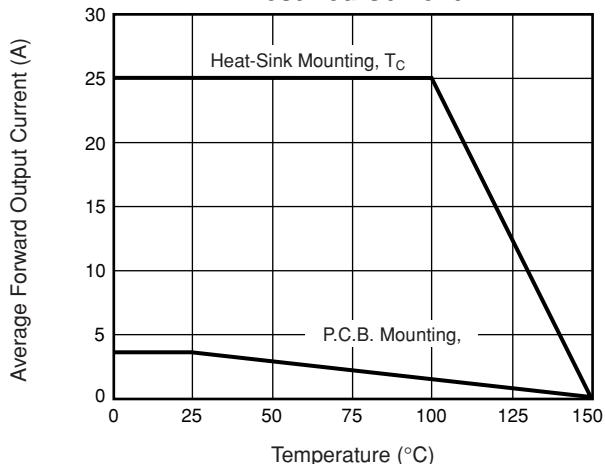


Fig. 2 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current Per Leg

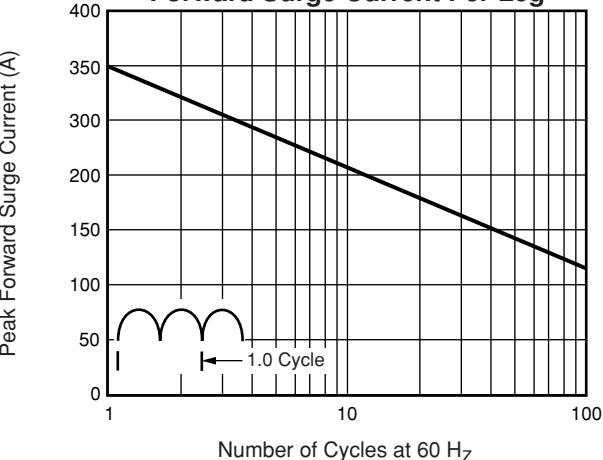


Fig. 3 – Typical Forward Characteristics Per Leg

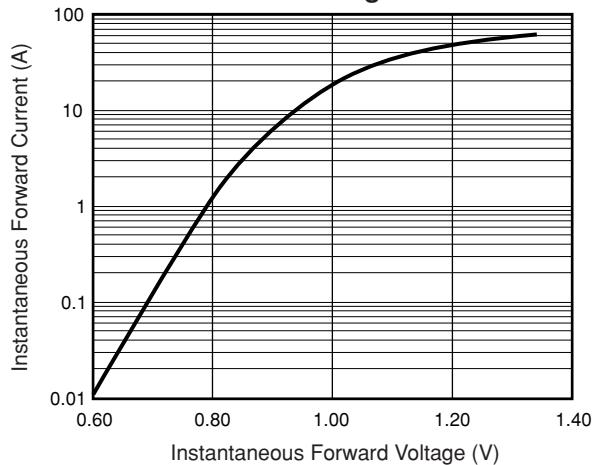


Fig. 4 – Typical Reverse Characteristics Per Leg

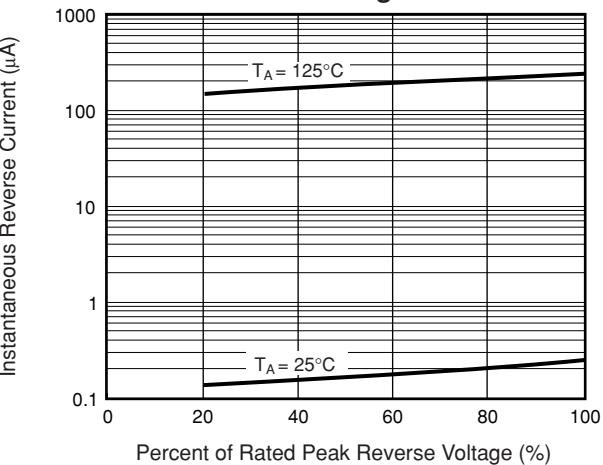


Fig. 5 - Typical Junction Capacitance Per Leg

