

# Coupled Inductors-MSD1260 For Flyback, SEPIC and other Application

# and other Applications

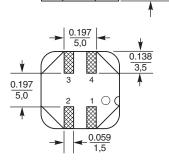


0.236 ±0.0083

6,0 ±0,2

 $\frac{0.484}{2}$  max -12.3 Dot indicates pin1 0.484<sub>max</sub> Dash number Coilcraft Internal code

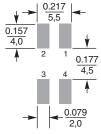
Parts manufactured prior to Sept. 2007 were marked with only the dash number.

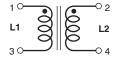


\* For optional tin-lead and tin-silver-copper terminations, dimensions are for the mounted part. Dimensions before mounting can be an additional 0.012 inch (0,3 mm)

Dimensions are in inches

### Recommended **Land Pattern**

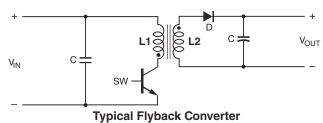


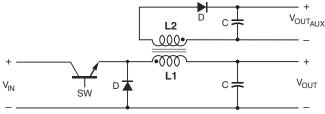


Tight coupling ( $k \ge 0.94$ ) and 500 V isolation make the MSD1260 series of coupled inductors ideal for use in a variety of circuits including flyback, multi-output buck and SEPIC.

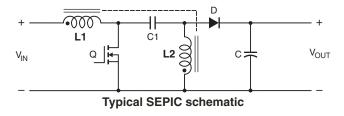
These inductors provide high inductance, high efficiency and excellent current handling in a rugged, low cost part.

They can also be used as two single inductors connected in series or parallel, as a common mode choke or as a 1:1 transformer.





Typical Buck Converter with auxiliary output



Core material Ferrite

Terminations RoHS compliant matte tin over nickel over phos bronze. Other terminations available at additional cost.

Weight: 2.8 - 3.2 g

Ambient temperature -40°C to +85°C with Irms current, +85°C to +125°C with derated current

Storage temperature Component: -40°C to +125°C.

Packaging: -40°C to +80°C

Winding-to-winding and winding-to-core isolation 500 Vrms Resistance to soldering heat Max three 40 second reflows at +260°C, parts cooled to room temperature between cycles

Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) 1 (unlimited floor life at <30°C / 85% relative humidity)

Failures in Time (FIT) / Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF) 38 per billion hours / 26,315,789 hours, calculated per Telcordia SR-332 Packaging 500/13" reel; Plastic tape: 24 mm wide, 0.35 mm thick, 16 mm pocket spacing, 6.6 mm pocket depth

PCB washing Only pure water or alcohol recommended



Specifications subject to change without notice. Please check our website for latest information.

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# Coupled Inductors – MSD1260 Series

•				Coupling	Leakage		Irms(A)	
Part number¹	Inductance <sup>2</sup> (µH)	DCR max <sup>3</sup> (Ohms)	SRF typ <sup>4</sup> (MHz)	coefficient typ	Inductance <sup>5</sup> typ (µH)	Isat <sup>6</sup> (A)	both windings <sup>7</sup>	one winding <sup>8</sup>
MSD1260-472ML_	4.7±20%	0.036	32.0	0.94	0.20	10.3	3.16	4.47
MSD1260-562ML_	5.6±20%	0.040	31.0	0.94	0.20	9.66	3.00	4.24
MSD1260-682ML_	6.8±20%	0.048	28.0	0.94	0.24	9.21	2.75	3.88
MSD1260-822ML_	8.2±20%	0.052	25.0	0.94	0.25	8.55	2.63	3.72
MSD1260-103ML_	10±20%	0.060	22.0	0.94	0.26	7.40	2.45	3.46
MSD1260-123ML_	12±20%	0.074	21.0	0.94	0.28	6.86	2.21	3.12
MSD1260-153ML_	15±20%	0.085	17.6	0.94	0.32	6.09	2.06	2.92
MSD1260-183ML_	18±20%	0.097	17.0	0.94	0.40	5.30	1.93	2.73
MSD1260-223ML_	22±20%	0.116	15.0	0.94	0.68	5.01	1.76	2.49
MSD1260-273ML_	27 ±20%	0.124	13.6	0.94	0.50	4.66	1.70	2.41
MSD1260-333ML_	33±20%	0.134	12.7	0.94	0.65	4.22	1.64	2.32
MSD1260-393ML_	39±20%	0.142	11.7	0.94	1.09	3.80	1.59	2.25
MSD1260-473ML_	47 ±20%	0.174	8.7	0.94	0.80	3.25	1.44	2.03
MSD1260-563ML_	56±20%	0.198	7.6	0.98	0.75	3.07	1.35	1.91
MSD1260-683ML_	68±20%	0.216	6.1	0.98	0.57	2.83	1.29	1.83
MSD1260-823ML_	82±20%	0.274	5.3	0.98	1.52	2.55	1.15	1.62
MSD1260-104ML_	100 ±20%	0.322	5.0	0.98	1.41	2.20	1.06	1.50
MSD1260-124KL_	120±10%	0.418	4.4	0.98	1.34	2.05	0.93	1.31
MSD1260-154KL_	150±10%	0.476	4.0	0.98	1.52	1.82	0.87	1.23
MSD1260-184KL_	180±10%	0.536	3.6	0.98	1.80	1.60	0.82	1.16
MSD1260-224KL_	220±10%	0.691	3.2	0.98	1.60	1.51	0.72	1.02
MSD1260-274KL_	270±10%	0.806	2.8	0.98	2.23	1.41	0.67	0.95
MSD1260-334KL_	330±10%	1.09	2.5	0.98	2.39	1.28	0.57	0.81
MSD1260-394KL_	390±10%	1.20	2.3	0.98	3.72	1.16	0.55	0.77
MSD1260-474KL_	470±10%	1.59	2.1	0.98	2.89	1.00	0.48	0.67
MSD1260-564KL_	560±10%	1.81	2.0	0.98	2.55	0.95	0.45	0.63
MSD1260-684KL_	680±10%	2.06	1.8	0.98	5.76	0.88	0.42	0.59
MSD1260-824KL_	820±10%	2.65	1.5	0.98	2.86	0.79	0.37	0.52
MSD1260-105KL_	1000±10%	3.06	1.2	0.98	4.32	0.69	0.34	0.49

1. When ordering, please specify termination and packaging codes:

#### MSD1260-105K L D

**Termination:** L = RoHS compliant matte tin over nickel over phos bronze. Special order: T = RoHS tin-silver-copper (95.5/4/0.5) or

S = non-RoHS tin-lead (63/37).

Packaging: D = 13" machine-ready reel. EIA-481 embossed plastic tape (500 parts per full reel).

**B** = Less than full reel. In tape, but not machine ready. To have a leader and trailer added (\$25 charge), use code letter D instead.

- Inductance shown for each winding, measured at 100 kHz, 0.1 Vrms, 0 Adc on an Agilent/HP 4284A LCR meter or equivalent. When leads are connected in parallel, inductance is the same value. When leads are connected in series, inductance is four times the value.
- DCR is for each winding. When leads are connected in parallel, DCR is half the value. When leads are connected in series, DCR is twice the value.
- SRF measured using an Agilent/HP 4191A or equivalent. When leads are connected in parallel, SRF is the same value.
- 5. Leakage Inductance is for L1 and is measured with L2 shorted.
- DC current, at which the inductance drops 30% (typ) from its value without current. It is the sum of the current flowing in both windings.
- Equal current when applied to each winding simultaneously that causes a 40°C temperature rise from 25°C ambient. See temperature rise calculation.
- Maximum current when applied to one winding that causes a 40°C temperature rise from 25°C ambient. See temperature rise calculation.
- 9. Electrical specifications at 25°C.

Refer to Doc 639 "Selecting Coupled Inductors for SEPIC Applications." Refer to Doc 362 "Soldering Surface Mount Components" before soldering.

#### Temperature rise calculation based on specified Irms

Winding power loss =  $(I_{L1}^2 + I_{L2}^2) \times DCR$ 

Temperature rise ( $\Delta t$ ) = Winding power loss  $\times \frac{55.6^{\circ}C}{W}$ 

$$\Delta t = (I_{L1}^2 + I_{L2}^2) \times DCR \times \frac{55.6^{\circ}C}{W}$$

**Example 1.** MSD1260-153ML (Equal current in each winding) Winding power loss =  $(2.06^2 + 2.06^2) \times 0.085 = 0.721$  W

$$\Delta t = 0.721 \text{ W} \times \frac{55.6^{\circ}\text{C}}{\text{W}} = 40^{\circ}\text{C}$$

**Example 2.** MSD1260-153ML ( $I_{L1} = 2.4 \text{ A}, I_{L2} = 1.3 \text{ A}$ )

Winding power loss =  $(2.4^2 + 1.3^2) \times 0.085 = 0.633 \text{ W}$ 

$$\Delta t = 0.633 \text{ W} \times \frac{55.6^{\circ}\text{C}}{\text{W}} = 35.2^{\circ}\text{C}$$

#### **Coupled Inductor Core and Winding Loss Calculator**

This web-based utility allows you to enter frequency, peak-to-peak (ripple) current, and Irms current to predict temperature rise and overall losses, including core loss. Visit www.coilcraft.com/coupledloss.



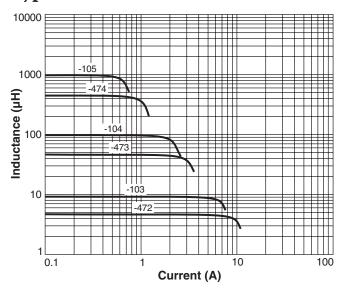
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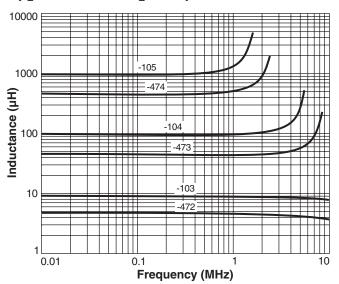


# Coupled Inductors – MSD1260 Series

## Typical L vs Current



### Typical L vs Frequency



### **Current Derating**

