

DATA SHEET

FB2031

9-bit latched/registered/pass-thru
Futurebus+ transceiver

Product specification

1995 May 25

IC-19 data handbook

Philips Semiconductors



9-bit latched/registered/pass-thru Futurebus+ transceiver

FB2031

FEATURES

- Latched, registered or straight through in either A to B or B to A path
- Drives heavily loaded backplanes with equivalent load impedances down to 10Ω.
- High drive 100mA BTL open collector drivers on B-port
- Allows incident wave switching in heavily loaded backplane buses
- Reduced BTL voltage swing produces less noise and reduces power consumption
- Built-in precision band-gap reference provides accurate receiver thresholds and improved noise immunity
- Compatible with IEEE Futurebus+ or proprietary BTL backplanes
- Each BTL driver has a dedicated Bus GND for a signal return
- Controlled output ramp and multiple GND pins minimize ground bounce
- Glitch-free power up/power down operation
- Low I_{CC} current
- Tight output skew
- Supports live insertion

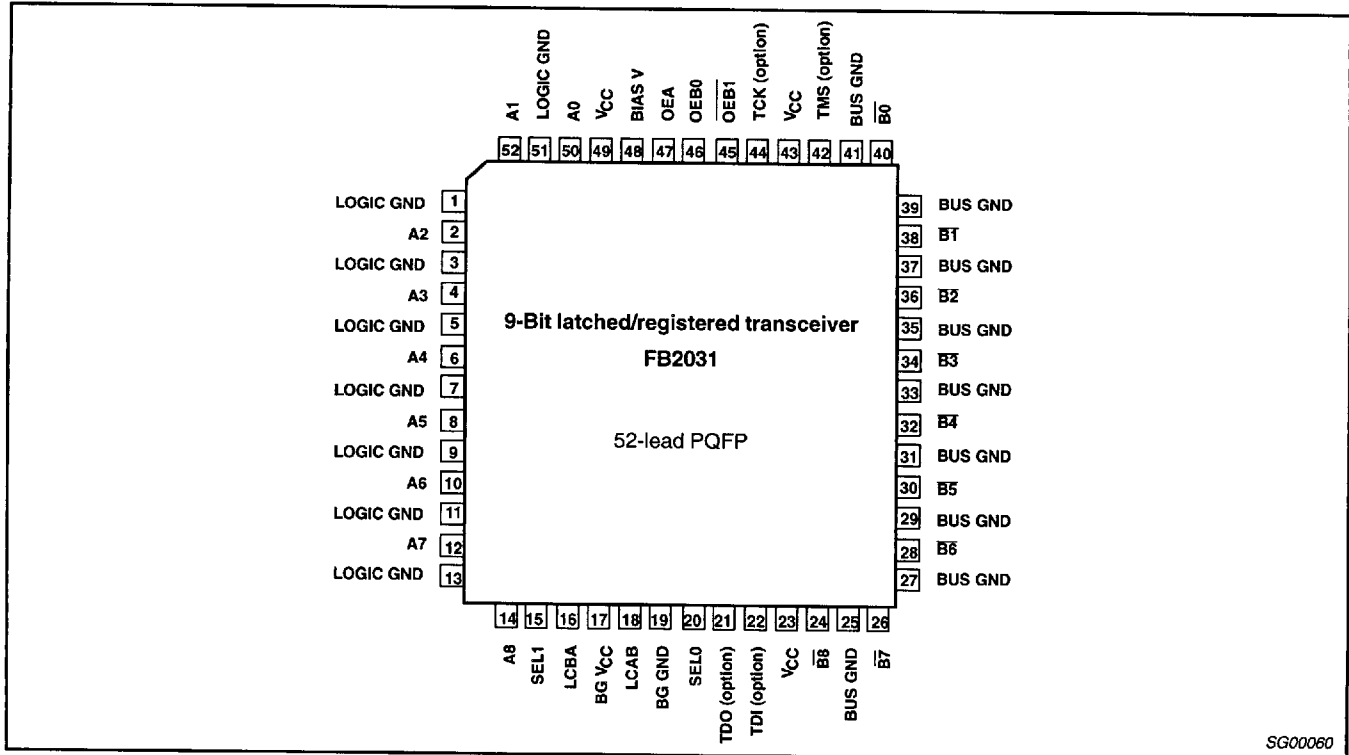
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TYPICAL	UNIT
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay A _n to B _n	2.7	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay B _n to A _n	4.4 4.2	ns
C _O	Output capacitance (B ₀ – B _n only)	6	pF
I _{OL}	Output current (B ₀ – B _n only)	100	mA
I _{CC}	Supply current	A _n to B _n (outputs Low or High)	17
		B _n to A _n (outputs Low)	50
		B _n to A _n (outputs High)	25

ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGE	COMMERCIAL RANGE V _{CC} = 5V±10%; T _{amb} = 0°C to +70°C	INDUSTRIAL RANGE V _{CC} = 5V±10%; T _{amb} = -40°C to +85°C	DRAWING NUMBER
52-pin Plastic Quad Flat Pack (QFP)	FB2031BB	CD3206BB	SOT379-1

PIN CONFIGURATION



SG00060

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DESCRIPTION

The FB2031 is a 9-bit latched/registered transceiver featuring a latched, registered or pass-thru mode in either the A-to-B or B-to-A direction. The FB2031 is intended to provide the electrical interface to a high performance wired-OR bus.

The TTL-level side (A port) has a common I/O. The common I/O, open collector B port operates at BTL signal levels. The logic element for data flow in each direction is controlled by two mode select inputs (SEL0 and SEL1). A "00" configures latches in both directions. A "10" configures thru mode in both directions. A "01" configures register mode in both directions. A "11" configures register mode in the A-to-B direction and latch mode in the B-to-A direction.

When configured in the buffer mode, the inverse of the input data appears at the output port. In the register mode, data is stored on the rising edge of the appropriate clock input (LCAB or LCBA). In the latch mode, clock pins serve as transparent-Low latch enables. Regardless of the mode, data is inverted from input to output.

The 3-State A port is enabled by asserting a High level on OEA. The B port has two output enables, OEB0 and $\overline{\text{OEB1}}$. Only when OEB0 is High and $\overline{\text{OEB1}}$ is Low is the output enabled.

When either OEB0 is Low or $\overline{\text{OEB1}}$ is High, the B port is inactive and is pulled to the level of the pullup voltage. New data can be entered in the register and latched modes or can be retained while the associated outputs are in 3-State (A port) or inactive (B port).

The B-port drivers are Low-capacitance open collectors with controlled ramp and are designed to sink 100mA. Precision band gap references on the B-port insure very good noise margins by limiting the switching threshold to a narrow region centered at 1.55V.

The B-port interfaces to "Backplane Transceiver Logic" (see the IEEE 1194.1 BTL standard). BTL features low power consumption by reducing voltage swing (1V p-p, between 1V and 2V) and reduced capacitive loading by placing an internal series diode on the drivers. BTL also provides incident wave switching, a necessity for high performance backplanes.

Output clamps are provided on the BTL outputs to further reduce switching noise. The " V_{OH} " clamp reduces inductive ringing effects during a Low-to-High transition. The " V_{OH} " clamp is always active. The other clamp, the "trapped reflection" clamp, clamps out ringing below the BTL 0.5V V_{OL} level. This clamp remains active for approximately 100ns after a High-to-Low transition.

To support live insertion, OEB0 is held Low during power on/off cycles to insure glitch-free B port drivers. Proper bias for B port drivers during live insertion is provided by the BIAS V pin when at a 5V level while V_{CC} is Low. The BIAS V pin is a low current input which will reverse-bias the BTL driver series Schottky diode, and also bias the B port output pins to a voltage between 1.62V and 2.1V. This bias function is in accordance with IEEE BTL Standard 1194.1. If live insertion is not a requirement, the BIAS V pin should be tied to a V_{CC} pin.

The LOGIC GND and BUS GND pins are isolated inside the package to minimize noise coupling between the BTL and TTL sides. These pins should be tied to a common ground external to the package.

Each BTL driver has an associated BUS GND pin that acts as a signal return path and these BUS GND pins are internally isolated from each other. In the event of a ground return fault, a "hard" signal failure occurs instead of a pattern dependent error that may be infrequent and impossible to troubleshoot.

As with any high power device, thermal considerations are critical. It is recommended that airflow (300lfpm) and/or thermal mounting be used to ensure proper junction temperature.

PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	CONDITION	52-PIN PLASTIC QFP
θ_{ja}	Still air	80°C/W
θ_{ja}	300 Linear feet per minute air flow	58°C/W
θ_{jc}	Thermally mounted on one side to heat sink	20°C/W

PIN DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBER	TYPE	NAME AND FUNCTION
A0 – A8	50, 52, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14	I/O	BiCMOS data inputs/3-State outputs (TTL)
$\overline{\text{B0}} - \overline{\text{B8}}$	40, 38, 36, 34, 32, 30, 28, 26, 24	I/O	Data inputs/Open Collector outputs, High current drive (BTL)
OEB0	46	Input	Enables the B outputs when High
OEB1	45	Input	Enables the B outputs when Low
OEA	47	Input	Enables the A outputs when High
BUS GND	25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41	GND	Bus ground (0V)
LOGIC GND	51, 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13	GND	Logic ground (0V)
V_{CC}	23, 43, 49	Power	Positive supply voltage
BIAS V	48	Power	Live insertion pre-bias pin
BG V_{CC}	17	Power	Band Gap threshold voltage reference
BG GND	19	GND	Band Gap threshold voltage reference ground
SEL0	20	Input	Mode select
SEL1	15	Input	Mode select
LCAB	18	Input	A to B clock/latch enable (transparent latch when Low)
LCBA	16	Input	B to A clock/latch enable (transparent latch when Low)
TMS	42	Input	Test Mode Select (optional, if not implemented then no connect)
TCK	44	Input	Test Clock (optional, if not implemented then no connect)
TDI	22	Input	Test Data In (optional, if not implemented then no connect)
TDO	21	Output	Test Data Out (optional, if not implemented then shorted to TDI)

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FUNCTION TABLE

MODE	INPUTS									OUTPUTS	
	An	B \bar{n} *	OE \bar{B} 0	OE \bar{B} T	OEA	LCAB	LCBA	SEL0	SEL1	An	B \bar{n}
An to B \bar{n} thru mode	L	—	H	L	L	X	X	H	L	input	H**
	H	—	H	L	L	X	X	H	L	input	L
An to B \bar{n} transparent latch	L	—	H	L	L	L	X	L	L	input	H**
	H	—	H	L	L	L	X	L	L	input	L
An to B \bar{n} latch and read	l	—	H	L	L	↑	X	L	L	input	H**
	h	—	H	L	L	↑	X	L	L	input	L
B \bar{n} outputs latched and read (preconditioned latch)	X	—	H	L	X	H	X	L	L	X	latched data
An to B \bar{n} register	l	—	H	L	L	↑	X	X	H	input	H**
	h	—	H	L	L	↑	X	X	H	input	L
B \bar{n} to An thru mode	—	L	Disable		H	X	X	H	L	H	input
	—	H	Disable		H	X	X	H	L	L	input
B \bar{n} to An transparent latch	—	L	Disable		H	X	L	L	L	H	input
	—	H	Disable		H	X	L	L	L	L	input
	—	L	Disable		H	X	L	H	H	H	input
	—	H	Disable		H	X	L	H	H	L	input
	—	L	Disable		H	X	L	H	H	L	input
B \bar{n} to An latch and read	—	l	Disable		H	X	↑	L	L	H	input
	—	h	Disable		H	X	↑	L	L	L	input
	—	l	Disable		H	X	↑	H	H	H	input
	—	h	Disable		H	X	↑	H	H	L	input
An outputs latched and read (preconditioned latch)	—	X	X	X	H	X	H	L	L	latched data	X
	—	X	X	X	H	X	H	H	H	latched data	X
B \bar{n} to An register	—	l	Disable		H	X	↑	L	H	H	input
	—	h	Disable		H	X	↑	L	H	L	input
Disable B \bar{n} outputs	X	X	L	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	H**
	X	X	X	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	H**
Disable An outputs	X	X	X	X	L	X	X	X	X	Z	X

FUNCTION SELECT TABLE

MODE SELECTED	SEL0	SEL1
Thru mode	H	L
Register mode (An to Bn)	X	H
Latch mode (An to Bn)	L	L
Register mode (Bn to An)	L	H
Latch mode (Bn to An)	L	L
	H	H

NOTES:

H = High voltage level

L = Low voltage level

l = Low voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High LCXX transition

h = High voltage level one set-up time prior to the Low-to-High LCXX transition

X = Don't care

Z = High-impedance (OFF) state

— = Input not externally driven

↑ = Low-to-High transition

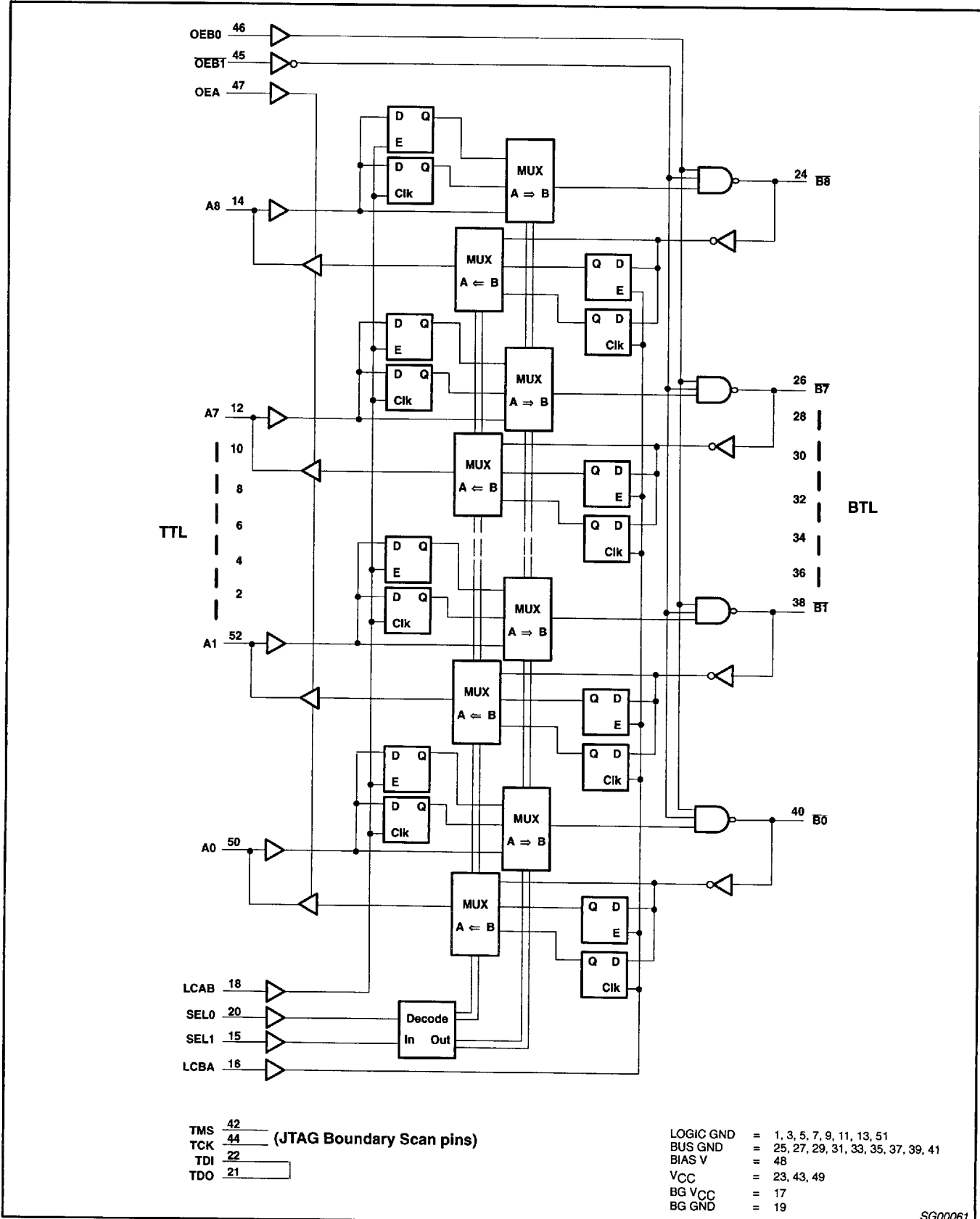
H** = Goes to level of pull-up voltage

B \bar{n} * = Precaution should be taken to ensure B inputs do not float. If they do, they are equal to Low state.Disable = OE \bar{B} 0 is Low or OE \bar{B} T is High.

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LOGIC DIAGRAM



SG00061

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operation beyond the limits set forth in this table may impair the useful life of the device.
Unless otherwise noted these limits are over the operating free-air temperature range.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage	All inputs except B0 – B8	-1.2 to +7.0	V
		B0 – B8	-1.2 to +3.5	
I_{IN}	Input current		-40 to +5.0	mA
V_{OUT}	Voltage applied to output in High output state		-0.5 to + V_{CC}	V
I_{OUT}	Current applied to output in Low output state	A0 – A8	48	mA
		B0 – B8	200	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature		-65 to +150	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Industrial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	LIMITS			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	Except B0–B8	2.0		V
		B0 – B8	1.62	1.55	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Except B0 – B8		0.8	V
		B0 – B8		1.47	
I_{IK}	Input clamp current	Control inputs		-40	mA
		B0 – B8 & A0 – A8		-18	
I_{OH}	High-level output current	A0 – A8		-3	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	A0 – A8		24	mA
		B0 – B8		100	
I_{IA}	Off device input current	Except B0 – B8, $V_I = 0$ to 5.5V, $V_{CC} = 0V$		100	μA
C_{OB}	Output capacitance of B port		6	7	pF
T_{amb}	Operating free-air temperature range	-40		+85	°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Commercial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	LIMITS			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	Except B0–B8	2.0		V
		B0 – B8	1.62	1.55	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Except B0 – B8		0.8	V
		B0 – B8		1.47	
I_{IK}	Input clamp current	Control inputs		-40	mA
		B0 – B8 & A0 – A8		-18	
I_{OH}	High-level output current	A0 – A8		-3	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current	A0 – A8		24	mA
		B0 – B8		100	
I_{IA}	Off device input current	Except B0 – B8, $V_I = 0$ to 5.5V, $V_{CC} = 0V$		100	μA
C_{OB}	Output capacitance of B port		6	7	pF
T_{amb}	Operating free-air temperature range	0		+70	°C

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Industrial)

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS ¹	LIMITS			UNIT
				MIN	TYP ²	MAX	
I_{OH}	High level output current	$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, V_{OH} = 1.9\text{V}$			100	μA
I_{OFF}	Power-off output current	$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = 0.0\text{V}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, V_{OH} = 1.9\text{V}$			200	μA
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	$A0 - A8$ ⁴	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OH} = -24\text{mA}$	2.0			V
			$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OH} = -3\text{mA}$	2.5	2.85		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$A0 - A8$ ⁴	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 24\text{mA}$			0.5	V
		$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 80\text{mA}$.75	1.0	1.1	
			$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 100\text{mA}$			1.15	
			$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 80\text{mA}$			1.15	
			$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 4\text{mA}$	0.5			
V_{IK}	Input clamp voltage	Control pins	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, I_I = I_{IK}$			-0.5	V
		$A0 - A8$ $\overline{B0} - \overline{Bn}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, I_I = -18\text{mA}$			-1.2	
I_I	Input current at maximum input voltage	Except $\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 0.5\text{V or } 5.5\text{V}$			± 50	μA
I_{IH}	High-level input current	Except $\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 2.7\text{V}$			20	μA
		$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 1.9\text{V}$			100	
				$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 3.5\text{V}$ ⁵	100		
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	Except $\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 0.5\text{V}$			-20	μA
		$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 0.75\text{V}$			-100	
$I_{IH} + I_{OZH}$	Off-state I/O High current	$A0 - A8$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_O = 2.7\text{V}$			50	μA
$I_{IL} + I_{OZL}$	Off-state I/O Low current	$A0 - A8$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_O = 0.5\text{V}$			-50	μA
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current ³	$A0 - A8$ only	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_O = 0.0\text{V}$	-45		-150	mA
I_{CC}	Supply current (total)	A_n to $\overline{B_n}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, \text{outputs Low or High}$		17	30	mA
		$\overline{B_n}$ to A_n	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, \text{outputs Low}$		50	78	
		$\overline{B_n}$ to A_n	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, \text{outputs High}$		25	45	
		I_{CCZ}	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, \text{outputs 3-State}$		28	50	
		Worst case	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, \text{all A and B outputs on}$		50	78	

NOTES:

- For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operation conditions for the applicable type.
- All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
- Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. For testing I_{OS} , the use of high-speed test apparatus and/or sample-and-hold techniques are preferable in order to minimize internal heating and more accurately reflect operational values. Otherwise, prolonged shorting of a High output may raise the chip temperature well above normal and thereby cause invalid readings in other parameter tests. In any sequence of parameter tests, I_{OS} tests should be performed last.
- Due to test equipment limitations, actual test conditions are $V_{IH} = 1.8\text{V}$ and $V_{IL} = 1.3\text{V}$ for the B side.
- For B port input voltage between 3 and 5 volts I_{IH} will be greater than $100\mu\text{A}$, but the parts will continue to function normally.
- $\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$ clamps remain active for a minimum of 80ns following a High-to-Low transition.
- Temperature range: 0 to $+85^\circ\text{C}$.
- Temperature range: -40 to 0°C .

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Commercial)

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS ¹	LIMITS			UNIT
				MIN	TYP ²	MAX	
I_{OH}	High level output current	B0 – B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, V_{OH} = 1.9\text{V}$			100	μA
I_{OFF}	Power-off output current	B0 – B8	$V_{CC} = 0.0\text{V}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, V_{OH} = 1.9\text{V}$			100	μA
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	A0 – A8 ⁴	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OH} = -24\text{mA}$	2.0			V
			$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OH} = -3\text{mA}$	2.5	2.85		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	A0 – A8 ⁴	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 24\text{mA}$			0.5	V
			$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 80\text{mA}$.75	1.0	1.1	
		B0 – B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 100\text{mA}$			1.15	
			$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, V_{IL} = \text{MAX}, V_{IH} = \text{MIN}, I_{OL} = 4\text{mA}$	0.5			
V_{IK}	Input clamp voltage	Control pins	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, I_I = I_{IK}$			-0.5	V
		A0 – A8 B0 – B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}, I_I = -18\text{mA}$			-1.2	
I_I	Input current at maximum input voltage	Except B0–B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 0.0\text{V}$ or 5.5V			± 50	μA
I_{IH}	High-level input current	Except B0–B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 2.7\text{V}$			20	μA
		B0 – B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 1.9\text{V}$			100	
			$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 3.5\text{V}$ ⁵	100			mA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	Except B0–B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 0.5\text{V}$			-20	μA
		B0 – B8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_I = 0.75\text{V}$			-100	
$I_{IH} + I_{OZH}$	Off-state I/O High current	A0 – A8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_O = 2.7\text{V}$			50	μA
$I_{IL} + I_{OZL}$	Off-state I/O Low current	A0 – A8	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_O = 0.5\text{V}$			-50	μA
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current ³	A0 – A8 only	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}, V_O = 0.0\text{V}$	-45		-150	mA
I_{CC}	Supply current (total)	An to Bn	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$, outputs Low or High		17	30	mA
		Bn to An	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$, outputs Low		50	78	
		Bn to An	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$, outputs High		25	45	
		I_{CCZ}	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$, outputs 3-State		28	50	
		Worst case	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$, all A and B outputs on		50	78	

NOTES:

- For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operation conditions for the applicable type.
- All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
- Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. For testing I_{OS} , the use of high-speed test apparatus and/or sample-and-hold techniques are preferable in order to minimize internal heating and more accurately reflect operational values. Otherwise, prolonged shorting of a High output may raise the chip temperature well above normal and thereby cause invalid readings in other parameter tests. In any sequence of parameter tests, I_{OS} tests should be performed last.
- Due to test equipment limitations, actual test conditions are $V_{IH} = 1.8\text{V}$ and $V_{IL} = 1.3\text{V}$ for the B side.
- For B port input voltage between 3 and 5 volts I_{IH} will be greater than $100\mu\text{A}$, but the parts will continue to function normally.
- B0 – B8 clamps remain active for a minimum of 80ns following a High-to-Low transition.

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LIVE INSERTION SPECIFICATIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	LIMITS			UNIT
		MIN	NOM	MAX	
V_{BIASV}	Bias pin voltage	$V_{CC} = 0$ to 5.25V, $\overline{Bn} = 0$ to 2.0V			V
I_{BIASV}	Bias pin DC current	$V_{CC} = 0$ to 4.75V, $\overline{Bn} = 0$ to 2.0V, Bias V = 4.5 to 5.5V			mA
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ to 5.5V, $\overline{Bn} = 0$ to 2.0V, Bias V = 4.5 to 5.5V			μ A
$V_{\overline{Bn}}$	Bus voltage during prebias	$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8} = 0$ V, Bias V = 5.0V			V
I_{LM}	Fall current during prebias	$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8} = 2$ V, Bias V = 4.5 to 5.5V			μ A
I_{HM}	Rise current during prebias	$\overline{B0} - \overline{B8} = 1$ V, Bias V = 4.5 to 5.5V			μ A
$I_{\overline{Bn}PEAK}$	Peak bus current during insertion	$V_{CC} = 0$ to 5.25V, $\overline{B0} - \overline{B8} = 0$ to 2.0V, Bias V = 4.5 to 5.5V, $OEB0 = 0.8$ V, $t_r = 2$ ns			mA
I_{OLOFF}	Power up current	$V_{CC} = 0$ to 5.25V, $OEB0 = 0.8$ V			μ A
		$V_{CC} = 0$ to 2.2V, $OEB0 = 0$ to 5V			100
t_{GR}	Input glitch rejection	$V_{CC} = 5.0$ V			ns

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Industrial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	A PORT LIMITS					UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5$ V, $C_L = 50$ pF, $R_L = 500\Omega$			$T_{amb} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $C_L = 50$ pF, $R_L = 500\Omega$		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	Waveform 4	120	150		100		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay (thru mode) \overline{Bn} to An	Waveform 1, 2	2.5 2.4	4.4 4.2	5.9 5.5	2.3 2.4	7.0 6.2	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay (transparent latch) \overline{Bn} to An	Waveform 1, 2	2.9 2.8	4.6 4.3	6.2 5.9	2.7 2.5	7.1 7.0	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay LCBA to An	Waveform 1, 2	2.6 2.4	4.1 4.7	5.5 6.1	2.0 2.0	6.2 6.8	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay SEL0 or SEL1 to An	Waveform 1, 2	1.5 1.7	3.8 3.9	5.2 6.0	1.2 1.5	6.2 6.5	ns
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Output enable time from High or Low OEA to An	Waveform 5, 6	2.1 2.0	3.5 3.8	4.8 5.3	1.8 1.7	6.0 6.3	ns
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	Output disable time to High or Low OEA to An	Waveform 5, 6	1.9 1.7	3.4 3.2	4.8 4.8	1.6 1.5	5.5 5.5	ns
t_{TLH} t_{THL}	Output transition time, An Port 10% to 90%, 90% to 10%	Test Circuit and Waveforms				3.0 1.7	7.5 4.0	ns
$t_{SK(O)}$	Output to output skew for multiple channels ¹	Waveform 3		0.5	1.0		1.5	ns
$t_{SK(P)}$	Pulse skew ² $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} _{MAX}$	Waveform 2		0.5	1.0		1.0	ns

NOTES:

- For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operation conditions for the applicable type.
- All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. For testing I_{OS} , the use of high-speed test apparatus and/or sample-and-hold techniques are preferable in order to minimize internal heating and more accurately reflect operational values. Otherwise, prolonged shorting of a High output may raise the chip temperature well above normal and thereby cause invalid readings in other parameter tests. In any sequence of parameter tests, I_{OS} tests should be performed last.
- Due to test equipment limitations, actual test conditions are $V_{IH} = 1.8$ V and $V_{IL} = 1.3$ V for the B side.
- For B port input voltage between 3 and 5 volts I_{IH} will be greater than 100 μ A, but the parts will continue to function normally.
- $\overline{B0} - \overline{B8}$ clamps remain active for a minimum of 80ns following a High-to-Low transition.

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Industrial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	B PORT LIMITS					UNIT
			T _{amb} = +25°C, V _{CC} = 5V, C _D = 30pF, R _U = 16.5Ω			T _{amb} = -40 to +85°C, V _{CC} = 5V±10%, C _D = 30pF, R _U = 16.5Ω		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay (thru mode) An to B \bar{n}	Waveform 1, 2	1.0 1.0	3.0 2.7	5.0 4.0	1.5 1.5	5.7 4.5	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay (transparent latch) An to B \bar{n}	Waveform 1, 2	1.0 1.0	3.2 3.1	5.0 4.2	1.5 1.5	5.5 5.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay LCAB to B \bar{n}	Waveform 1, 2	2.0 1.5	4.0 4.0	5.5 5.5	1.5 1.5	6.5 6.0	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation delay SEL0 or SEL1 to B \bar{n}	Waveform 1, 2	2.0 1.5	3.5 2.3	5.5 4.5	2.0 1.0	6.1 5.5	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Enable/disable time OEB0 or OEB1 to B \bar{n}	Waveform 1, 2	1.5 1.2	3.0 2.4	5.0 4.5	1.0 1.0	5.7 5.5	ns
t _{TLH} t _{THL}	Output transition time, B \bar{n} Port (1.3V to 1.8V)	Test Circuit and Waveforms	1.0 0.6		2.0 3.0	0.9 0.6	3.0 3.0	ns
t _{SK(o)}	Output to output skew for multiple channels ¹	Waveform 3	1.0	0.4		1.6	1.6	ns
t _{SK(p)}	Pulse skew ² t _{PHL} - t _{PLH} _{MAX}	Waveform 2		0.3	1.0		1.5	ns

NOTES:

1. |t_{Nactual} - t_{Mactual}| for any data input to output path compared to any other data input to output path where N and M are either LH or HL. Skew times are valid only under same test conditions (temperature, V_{CC}, loading, etc.).
2. t_{SK(p)} is used to quantify duty cycle characteristics. In essence it compares the input signal duty cycle to the corresponding output signal duty cycle (50MHz input frequency and 50% duty cycle, tested on data paths only).

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Commercial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	A PORT LIMITS					UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, C_L = 50\text{pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$			$T_{amb} = 0 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 5\text{V}\pm 10\%, C_L = 50\text{pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f_{MAX}	Maximum clock frequency	Waveform 4	120	150		100		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay (thru mode) B _n to A _n	Waveform 1, 2	2.5 2.4	4.4 4.2	5.9 5.5	2.3 2.4	6.6 5.9	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay (transparent latch) B _n to A _n	Waveform 1, 2	2.9 2.8	4.6 4.3	6.2 5.9	2.7 2.5	7.0 6.5	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay LCBA to A _n	Waveform 1, 2	2.6 2.4	4.1 4.7	5.5 6.1	2.0 2.0	6.0 6.5	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay SEL0 or SEL1 to A _n	Waveform 1, 2	1.5 1.7	3.8 3.9	5.2 6.0	1.2 1.5	6.0 6.5	ns
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Output enable time from High or Low OEA to A _n	Waveform 5, 6	2.1 2.0	3.5 3.8	4.8 5.3	1.8 1.7	5.8 6.0	ns
t_{PHZ} t_{PLZ}	Output disable time to High or Low OEA to A _n	Waveform 5, 6	1.9 1.7	3.4 3.2	4.8 4.8	1.6 1.5	5.4 5.4	ns
t_{TLH} t_{THL}	Output transition time, A _n Port 10% to 90%, 90% to 10%	Test Circuit and Waveforms				2.0 1.0	7.5 3.5	ns
$t_{SK(O)}$	Output to output skew for multiple channels ¹	Waveform 3		0.5	1.0		1.5	ns
$t_{SK(P)}$	Pulse skew ² $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} _{MAX}$	Waveform 2		0.5	1.0		1.0	ns

NOTES:

- $|t_{PNactual} - t_{PMactual}|$ for any data input to output path compared to any other data input to output path where N and M are either LH or HL. Skew times are valid only under same test conditions (temperature, V_{CC} , loading, etc.).
- $t_{SK(P)}$ is used to quantify duty cycle characteristics. In essence it compares the input signal duty cycle to the corresponding output signal duty cycle (50MHz input frequency and 50% duty cycle, tested on data paths only).

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Commercial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	B PORT LIMITS					UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $C_D = 30\text{pF}$, $R_U = 16.5\Omega$			$T_{amb} = 0 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}\pm 10\%$, $C_D = 30\text{pF}$, $R_U = 16.5\Omega$		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay (thru mode) An to \overline{Bn}	Waveform 1, 2	1.0 1.0	3.0 2.7	5.0 4.0	1.0 0.5	5.5 4.5	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay (transparent latch) An to \overline{Bn}	Waveform 1, 2	1.0 1.0	3.2 3.1	5.0 4.2	1.0 0.8	5.5 4.5	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay LCAB to \overline{Bn}	Waveform 1, 2	2.0 1.5	4.0 4.0	5.5 5.5	1.5 1.0	6.0 6.0	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation delay SEL0 or SEL1 to \overline{Bn}	Waveform 1, 2	2.0 1.5	3.5 2.3	5.5 4.5	2.0 1.0	6.0 5.0	ns
t_{PZH} t_{PZL}	Enable/disable time OEB0 or OEB1 to \overline{Bn}	Waveform 1, 2	1.5 1.5	3.0 2.4	5.0 4.5	1.0 0.8	5.5 5.5	ns
t_{TLH} t_{THL}	Output transition time, \overline{Bn} Port (1.3V to 1.8V)	Test Circuit and Waveforms	1.0 0.6		2.0 3.0	1.0 0.6	2.3 2.3	ns
$t_{SK(o)}$	Output to output skew for multiple channels ¹	Waveform 3		0.4	1.0		1.6	ns
$t_{SK(p)}$	Pulse skew ² $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} _{MAX}$	Waveform 2		0.3	1.0		1.5	ns

NOTES:

- $|t_{PNactual} - t_{PMactual}|$ for any data input to output path compared to any other data input to output path where N and M are either LH or HL. Skew times are valid only under same test conditions (temperature, V_{CC} , loading, etc.).
- $t_{SK(p)}$ is used to quantify duty cycle characteristics. In essence it compares the input signal duty cycle to the corresponding output signal duty cycle (50MHz input frequency and 50% duty cycle, tested on data paths only).

AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS (Industrial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	LIMITS					UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$,			$T_{amb} = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}\pm 10\%$,		
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_s(H)$ $t_s(L)$	Setup time An to LCAB	Waveform 4	1.0 1.0			1.5 1.0		ns
$t_h(H)$ $t_h(L)$	Hold time An to LCAB	Waveform 4	1.0 1.0			2.0 1.0		ns
$t_s(H)$ $t_s(L)$	Setup time \overline{Bn} to LCBA	Waveform 4	2.0 2.0			3.0 3.0		ns
$t_h(H)$ $t_h(L)$	Hold time \overline{Bn} to LCBA	Waveform 4	0.0 0.0			0.0 0.0		ns
$t_w(H)$ $t_w(L)$	Pulse width, High or Low LCAB or LCBA	Waveform 4	3.0 3.0			3.0 3.0		ns

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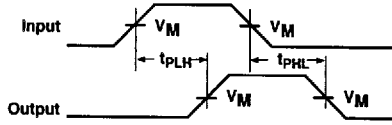
AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS (Commercial)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	LIMITS					UNIT
			$T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 5\text{V},$			$T_{amb} = 0 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C},$ $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}\pm 10\%,$		
			$C_L = 50\text{pF (A side)} / C_D = 30\text{pF (B side)}$ $R_L = 500\Omega \text{ (A side)} / R_U = 16.5\Omega \text{ (B side)}$					
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$t_s(H)$ $t_s(L)$	Setup time An to LCAB	Waveform 4	1.0 1.0			1.5 1.0		ns
$t_h(H)$ $t_h(L)$	Hold time An to LCAB	Waveform 4	1.0 1.0			2.0 1.0		ns
$t_s(H)$ $t_s(L)$	Setup time \overline{Bn} to LCBA	Waveform 4	2.0 2.0			3.0 3.0		ns
$t_h(H)$ $t_h(L)$	Hold time \overline{Bn} to LCBA	Waveform 4	0.0 0.0			0.0 0.0		ns
$t_w(H)$ $t_w(L)$	Pulse width, High or Low LCAB or LCBA	Waveform 4	3.0 3.0			3.0 3.0		ns

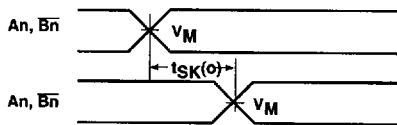
9-bit latched/registered/pass-thru Futurebus+ transceiver

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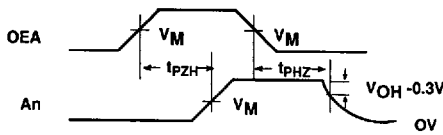
AC WAVEFORMS



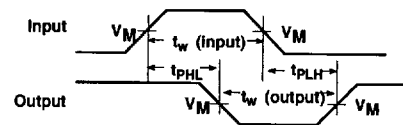
Waveform 1. Propagation Delay for Data or Output Enable to Output



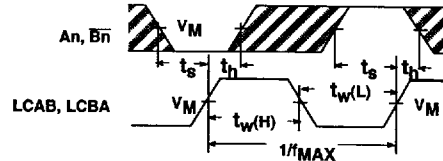
Waveform 3. Output to Output Skew



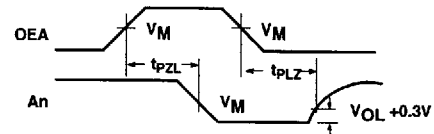
Waveform 5. 3-State Output Enable Time to High Level and Output Disable Time from High Level



Waveform 2. Propagation Delay for Data or Output Enable to Output



Waveform 4. Setup and Hold Times, Pulse Widths and Maximum Frequency



Waveform 6. 3-State Output Enable Time to Low Level and Output Disable Time from Low Level

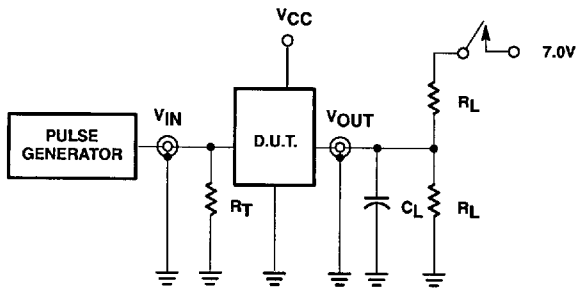
NOTE: $V_M = 1.55V$ for \bar{B}_n , $V_M = 1.5V$ for all others.
The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.

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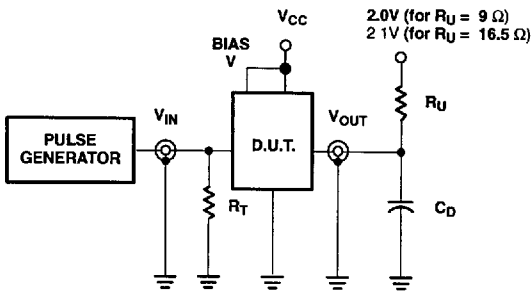
TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS



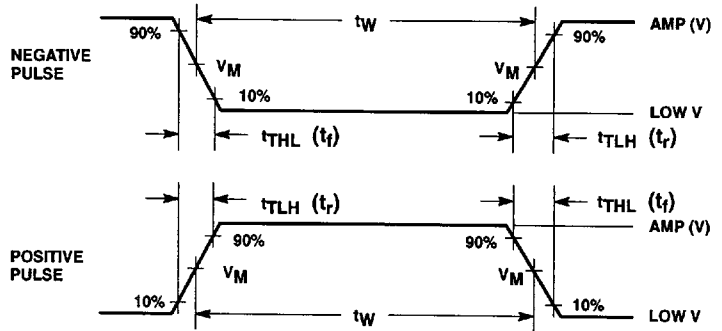
Test Circuit for 3-State Outputs on A Port

SWITCH POSITION

TEST	SWITCH
t_{PLZ} , t_{PZL}	closed
All other	open



Test Circuit for Outputs on B Port



$V_M = 1.55V$ for \overline{Bn} , $V_M = 1.5V$ for all others.

Input Pulse Definitions

Family FB+	INPUT PULSE REQUIREMENTS					
	Amplitude	Low V	Rep. Rate	t_W	t_{TLH}	t_{THL}
A Port	3.0V	0.0V	1MHz	500ns	2.5ns	2.5ns
B Port	2.0V	1.0V	1MHz	500ns	2.0ns	2.0ns

DEFINITIONS:

- R_L = Load Resistor; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.
- C_L = Load capacitance includes jig and probe capacitance; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.
- R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to Z_{OUT} of pulse generators.
- C_D = Load capacitance includes jig and probe capacitance; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.
- R_U = Pull up resistor; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.

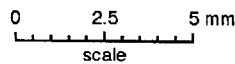
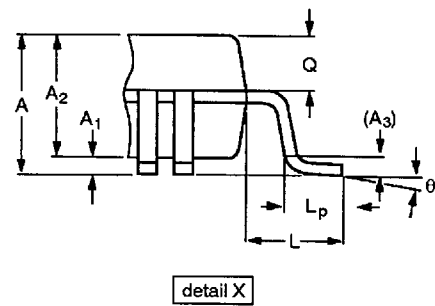
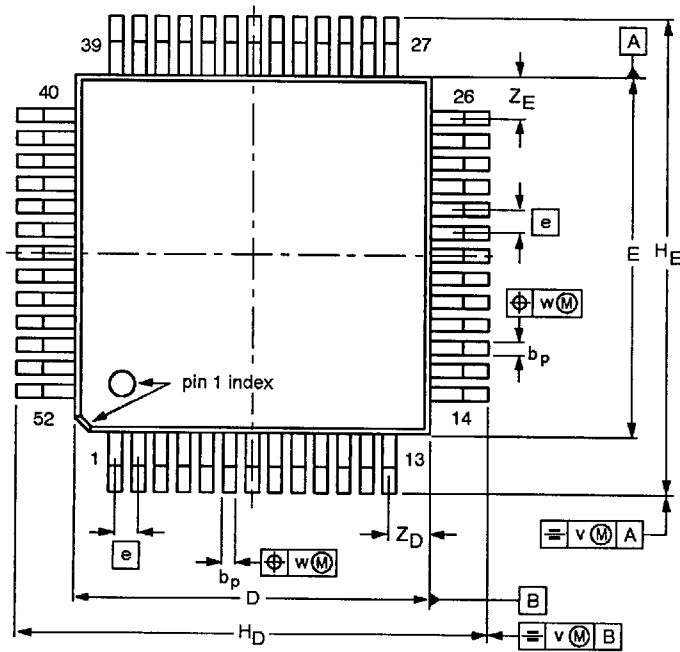
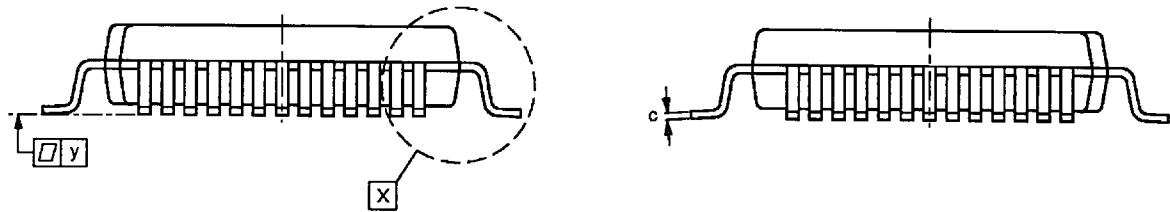
SG00063

9-bit latched/registered/pass-thru
Futurebus+ transceiver

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QFP52: plastic quad flat package; 52 leads (lead length 1.6 mm); body 10 x 10 x 2.0 mm

SOT379-1



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	b _p	c	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽¹⁾	e	H _D	H _E	L	L _p	Q	v	w	y	Z _D ⁽¹⁾	Z _E ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	2.45	0.45 0.25	2.10 1.95	0.25	0.38 0.22	0.23 0.13	10.1 9.9	10.1 9.9	0.65	13.45 12.95	13.45 12.95	1.60	0.95 0.65	1.05 0.90	0.20	0.12	0.10	1.24 0.95	1.24 0.95	7° 0°

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT379-1		MO-108				95-02-04