

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET

1GB Unbuffered DDR2 SDRAM DIMM

EBE10UE8ACFA (128M words × 64 bits, 1 Rank)

Specifications

Density: 1GBOrganization

- 128M words × 64 bits, 1 rank

Mounting 8 pieces of 1G bits DDR2 SDRAM sealed in FBGA

 Package: 240-pin socket type dual in line memory module (DIMM)

PCB height: 30.0mmLead pitch: 1.0mm

Lead-free (RoHS compliant)
 Power supply: VDD = 1.8V ± 0.1V
 Data rate: 800Mbps/667Mbps (max.)

 Eight internal banks for concurrent operation (components)

Interface: SSTL_18
Burst lengths (BL): 4, 8
/CAS Latency (CL): 3, 4, 5, 6

• /CAS Latericy (CL). 3, 4, 5, 6

Precharge: auto precharge option for each burst access

Refresh: auto-refresh, self-refreshRefresh cycles: 8192 cycles/64ms

Average refresh period
 7.8μs at 0°C ≤ TC ≤ +85°C
 3.9μs at +85°C < TC ≤ +95°C

• Operating case temperature range

— TC = 0° C to +95°C

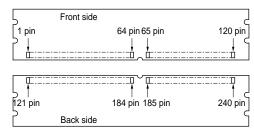
Features

- Double-data-rate architecture; two data transfers per clock cycle
- The high-speed data transfer is realized by the 4 bits prefetch pipelined architecture
- Bi-directional differential data strobe (DQS and /DQS) is transmitted/received with data for capturing data at the receiver
- DQS is edge-aligned with data for READs; centeraligned with data for WRITEs
- Differential clock inputs (CK and /CK)
- DLL aligns DQ and DQS transitions with CK transitions
- Commands entered on each positive CK edge; data and data mask referenced to both edges of DQS
- Data mask (DM) for write data
- Posted /CAS by programmable additive latency for better command and data bus efficiency
- Off-Chip-Driver Impedance Adjustment and On-Die-Termination for better signal quality
- /DQS can be disabled for single-ended Data Strobe operation

Ordering Information

Part number	Data rate Mbps (max.)	Component JEDEC speed bin (CL-tRCD-tRP)	Package	Contact pad	Mounted devices
EBE10UE8ACFA-8E-E	800	DDR2-800 (5-5-5)			EDE1108ACSE-8E-E
EBE10UE8ACFA-8G-E	_	DDR2-800 (6-6-6)	240-pin DIMM — (lead-free)	Gold	EDE1108ACSE-8E-E
EBE10UE8ACFA-6E-E	667	DDR2-667 (5-5-5)	— (lead-liee)		EDE1108ACSE-8E-E EDE1108ACSE-6E-E

Pin Configurations



1 VREF 61 A4 121 VSS 181 VDD 2 VSS 62 VDD 122 DQ4 182 A3 3 DQ0 63 A2 123 DQ5 183 A1 4 DQ1 64 VDD 124 VSS 184 VDD 5 VSS 65 VSS 125 DM0 185 CK0 6 //DQS0 66 VSS 126 NC 186 /CK0 7 DQS0 67 VDD 127 VSS 187 VDD 8 VSS 68 NC 128 DQ6 188 A0 9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD <	Pin No.	Pin name						
3 DQ0 63 A2 123 DQ5 183 A1 4 DQ1 64 VDD 124 VSS 184 VDD 5 VSS 65 VSS 125 DM0 185 CK0 6 //DQS0 66 VSS 126 NC 186 //CK0 7 DQS0 67 VDD 127 VSS 187 VDD 8 VSS 68 NC 128 DQ6 188 A0 9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0	1	VREF	61	A4	121	VSS	181	VDD
4 DQ1 64 VDD 124 VSS 184 VDD 5 VSS 65 VSS 125 DM0 185 CK0 6 //DQS0 66 VSS 126 NC 186 /CK0 7 DQS0 67 VDD 127 VSS 187 VDD 8 VSS 68 NC 128 DQ6 188 A0 9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD	2	VSS	62	VDD	122	DQ4	182	A3
5 VSS 65 VSS 125 DM0 185 CK0 6 //DQS0 66 VSS 126 NC 186 /CK0 7 DQS0 67 VDD 127 VSS 187 VDD 8 VSS 68 NC 128 DQ6 188 A0 9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 //DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0	3	DQ0	63	A2	123	DQ5	183	A1
6 /DQS0 66 VSS 126 NC 186 /CK0 7 DQS0 67 VDD 127 VSS 187 VDD 8 VSS 68 NC 128 DQ6 188 A0 9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODTO 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 <	4	DQ1	64	VDD	124	VSS	184	VDD
7 DQS0 67 VDD 127 VSS 187 VDD 8 VSS 68 NC 128 DQ6 188 A0 9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD <tr< td=""><td>5</td><td>VSS</td><td>65</td><td>VSS</td><td>125</td><td>DM0</td><td>185</td><td>CK0</td></tr<>	5	VSS	65	VSS	125	DM0	185	CK0
8 VSS 68 NC 128 DQ6 188 A0 9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS <tr< td=""><td>6</td><td>/DQS0</td><td>66</td><td>VSS</td><td>126</td><td>NC</td><td>186</td><td>/CK0</td></tr<>	6	/DQS0	66	VSS	126	NC	186	/CK0
9 DQ2 69 VDD 129 DQ7 189 VDD 10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36	7	DQS0	67	VDD	127	VSS	187	VDD
10 DQ3 70 A10 130 VSS 190 BA1 11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37	8	VSS	68	NC	128	DQ6	188	A0
11 VSS 71 BA0 131 DQ12 191 VDD 12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS <td>9</td> <td>DQ2</td> <td>69</td> <td>VDD</td> <td>129</td> <td>DQ7</td> <td>189</td> <td>VDD</td>	9	DQ2	69	VDD	129	DQ7	189	VDD
12 DQ8 72 VDD 132 DQ13 192 /RAS 13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 <td>10</td> <td>DQ3</td> <td>70</td> <td>A10</td> <td>130</td> <td>VSS</td> <td>190</td> <td>BA1</td>	10	DQ3	70	A10	130	VSS	190	BA1
13 DQ9 73 /WE 133 VSS 193 /CS0 14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQ84 143 DQ20 203 NC <td>11</td> <td>VSS</td> <td>71</td> <td>BA0</td> <td>131</td> <td>DQ12</td> <td>191</td> <td>VDD</td>	11	VSS	71	BA0	131	DQ12	191	VDD
14 VSS 74 /CAS 134 DM1 194 VDD 15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQ84 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQ84 144 DQ21 204 VSS <	12	DQ8	72	VDD	132	DQ13	192	/RAS
15 /DQS1 75 VDD 135 NC 195 ODT0 16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38	13	DQ9	73	/WE	133	VSS	193	/CS0
16 DQS1 76 NC 136 VSS 196 A13 17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	14	VSS	74	/CAS	134	DM1	194	VDD
17 VSS 77 NC 137 CK1 197 VDD 18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQ84 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQ84 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	15	/DQS1	75	VDD	135	NC	195	ODT0
18 NC 78 VDD 138 /CK1 198 VSS 19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	16	DQS1	76	NC	136	VSS	196	A13
19 NC 79 VSS 139 VSS 199 DQ36 20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	17	VSS	77	NC	137	CK1	197	VDD
20 VSS 80 DQ32 140 DQ14 200 DQ37 21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	18	NC	78	VDD	138	/CK1	198	VSS
21 DQ10 81 DQ33 141 DQ15 201 VSS 22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	19	NC	79	VSS	139	VSS	199	DQ36
22 DQ11 82 VSS 142 VSS 202 DM4 23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	20	VSS	80	DQ32	140	DQ14	200	DQ37
23 VSS 83 /DQS4 143 DQ20 203 NC 24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	21	DQ10	81	DQ33	141	DQ15	201	VSS
24 DQ16 84 DQS4 144 DQ21 204 VSS 25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	22	DQ11	82	VSS	142	VSS	202	DM4
25 DQ17 85 VSS 145 VSS 205 DQ38 26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	23	VSS	83	/DQS4	143	DQ20	203	NC
26 VSS 86 DQ34 146 DM2 206 DQ39	24	DQ16	84	DQS4	144	DQ21	204	VSS
	25	DQ17	85	VSS	145	VSS	205	DQ38
27 /DQS2 87 DQ35 147 NC 207 VSS	26	VSS	86	DQ34	146	DM2	206	DQ39
	27	/DQS2	87	DQ35	147	NC	207	VSS



EBE10UE8ACFA

Pin No.	Pin name						
28	DQS2	88	VSS	148	VSS	208	DQ44
29	VSS	89	DQ40	149	DQ22	209	DQ45
30	DQ18	90	DQ41	150	DQ23	210	VSS
31	DQ19	91	VSS	151	VSS	211	DM5
32	VSS	92	/DQS5	152	DQ28	212	NC
33	DQ24	93	DQS5	153	DQ29	213	VSS
34	DQ25	94	VSS	154	VSS	214	DQ46
35	VSS	95	DQ42	155	DM3	215	DQ47
36	/DQS3	96	DQ43	156	NC	216	VSS
37	DQS3	97	VSS	157	VSS	217	DQ52
38	VSS	98	DQ48	158	DQ30	218	DQ53
39	DQ26	99	DQ49	159	DQ31	219	VSS
40	DQ27	100	VSS	160	VSS	220	CK2
41	VSS	101	SA2	161	NC	221	/CK2
42	NC	102	NC	162	NC	222	VSS
43	NC	103	VSS	163	VSS	223	DM6
44	VSS	104	/DQS6	164	NC	224	NC
45	NC	105	DQS6	165	NC	225	VSS
46	NC	106	VSS	166	VSS	226	DQ54
47	VSS	107	DQ50	167	NC	227	DQ55
48	NC	108	DQ51	168	NC	228	VSS
49	NC	109	VSS	169	VSS	229	DQ60
50	VSS	110	DQ56	170	VDD	230	DQ61
51	VDD	111	DQ57	171	NC	231	VSS
52	CKE0	112	VSS	172	VDD	232	DM7
53	VDD	113	/DQS7	173	NC	233	NC
54	BA2	114	DQS7	174	NC	234	VSS
55	NC	115	VSS	175	VDD	235	DQ62
56	VDD	116	DQ58	176	A12	236	DQ63
57	A11	117	DQ59	177	A9	237	VSS
58	A7	118	VSS	178	VDD	238	VDDSPD
59	VDD	119	SDA	179	A8	239	SA0
60	A5	120	SCL	180	A6	240	SA1



Pin Description

Pin name	Function
A0 to A13	Address input Row address A0 to A13 Column address A0 to A9
A10 (AP)	Auto precharge
BA0, BA1, BA2	Bank select address
DQ0 to DQ63	Data input/output
/RAS	Row address strobe command
/CAS	Column address strobe command
/WE	Write enable
/CS0	Chip select
CKE0	Clock enable
CK0 to CK2	Clock input
/CK0 to /CK2	Differential clock input
DQS0 to DQS7, /DQS0 to /DQS7	Input and output data strobe
DM0 to DM7	Input mask
SCL	Clock input for serial PD
SDA	Data input/output for serial PD
SA0 to SA2	Serial address input
VDD	Power for internal circuit
VDDSPD	Power for serial EEPROM
VREF	Input reference voltage
VSS	Ground
ODT0	ODT control
NC	No connection



Serial PD Matrix

Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
0	Number of bytes utilized by module manufacturer	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80H	128 bytes
1	Total number of bytes in serial PD device	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	256 bytes
2	Memory type	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	DDR2 SDRAM
3	Number of row address	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0EH	14
4	Number of column address	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0AH	10
5	Number of DIMM ranks	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	60H	1
6	Module data width	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	40H	64
7	Module data width continuation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	0
8	Voltage interface level of this assembly	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	05H	SSTL 1.8V
9	DDR SDRAM cycle time, CL = X -8E (CL = 5)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	25H	2.5ns* ¹
	-8G (CL = 6)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	25H	2.5ns* ¹
	-6E (CL = 5)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	3.0ns* ¹
10	SDRAM access from clock (tAC) -8E, -8G	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	40H	0.4ns* ¹
	-6E	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	0.45ns* ¹
11	DIMM configuration type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	None
12	Refresh rate/type	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	82H	7.8µs
13	Primary SDRAM width	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	×8
14	Error checking SDRAM width	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	None
15	Reserved	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	0
16	SDRAM device attributes: Burst length supported	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0CH	4,8
17	SDRAM device attributes: Number of banks on SDRAM device	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	8
18	SDRAM device attributes: /CAS latency -8E, -6E	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	3, 4, 5
	-8G	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	70H	4, 5, 6
19	DIMM Mechanical Characteristics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01H	4.00mm max.
20	DIMM type information	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	02H	Unbuffered
21	SDRAM module attributes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	Normal
22	SDRAM device attributes: General	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	03H	Weak Driver 50Ω ODT Support
23	Minimum clock cycle time at CL = X - 1 -8E, -6E (CL = 4)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	3DH	3.75ns* ¹
	-8G (CL = 5)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	3.0ns* ¹
24	Maximum data access time (tAC) from clock at CL = X - 1 -8E, -6E (CL = 4)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50H	0.5ns* ¹
	-8G (CL = 5)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	0.45ns* ¹
25	Minimum clock cycle time at CL = X - 2 -8E, -6E (CL = 3)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50H	5.0ns* ¹
	-8G (CL = 4)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	3DH	3.75ns*1



Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
26	Maximum data access time (tAC) from clock at CL = X - 2 -8E, -6E (CL = 3)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	60H	0.6ns* ¹
	-8G (CL = 4)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50H	0.5ns* ¹
27	Minimum row precharge time (tRP) -8E	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	32H	12.5ns
	-8G, -6E	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	15ns
28	Minimum row active to row active delay (tRRD)	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	7.5ns
29	Minimum /RAS to /CAS delay (tRCD) -8E	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	32H	12.5ns
	-8G, -6E	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	15ns
30	Minimum active to precharge time (tRAS)	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	45ns
31	Module rank density	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01H	1G bytes
32	Address and command setup time before clock (tIS) -8E, -8G	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	17H	0.17ns* ¹
	-6E	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	0.20ns* ¹
33	Address and command hold time after clock (tIH) -8E, -8G	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	25H	0.25ns* ¹
	-6E	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	27H	0.27ns* ¹
34	Data input setup time before clock (tDS) -8E, -8G	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	05H	0.05ns* ¹
	-6E	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10H	0.10ns* ¹
35	Data input hold time after clock (tDH) -8E, -8G	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12H	0.12ns* ¹
	-6E	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	17H	0.17ns* ¹
36	Write recovery time (tWR)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	15ns* ¹
37	Internal write to read command delay (tWTR)	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	7.5ns* ¹
38	Internal read to precharge command delay (tRTP)	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	7.5ns* ¹
39	Memory analysis probe characteristics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	TBD
40	Extension of Byte 41 and 42 -8E	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	36H	
	-8G, -6E	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	06H	
41	Active command period (tRC) -8E	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	39H	57.5ns*1
	-8G, -6E	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	60ns* ¹
42	Auto refresh to active/ Auto refresh command cycle (tRFC)	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7FH	127.5ns* ¹
43	SDRAM tCK cycle max. (tCK max.)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80H	8ns*1
44	Dout to DQS skew -8E, -8G	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	14H	0.20ns* ¹
	-6E	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	18H	0.24ns* ¹
45	Data hold skew (tQHS) -8E, -8G	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1EH	0.30ns* ¹
	-6E	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	22H	0.34ns* ¹
46	PLL relock time	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	Undefined

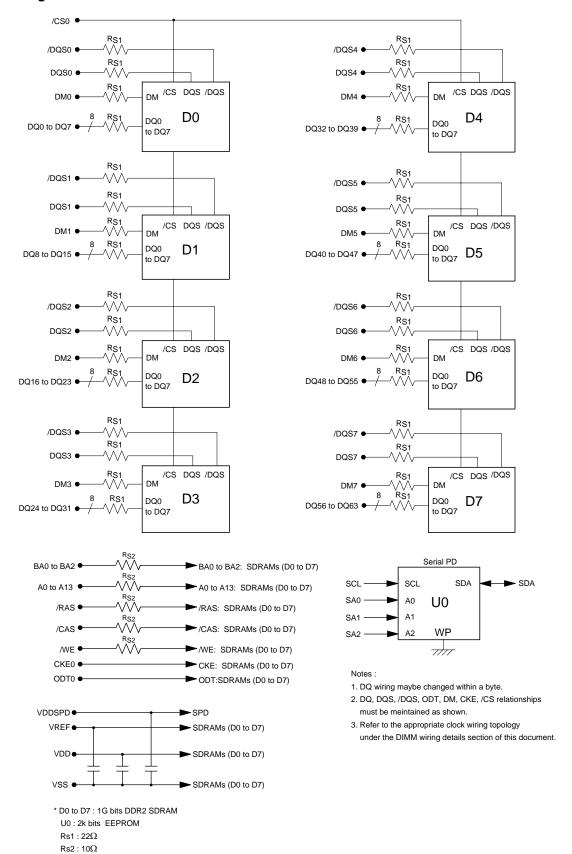


Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
47 to 61		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	
62	SPD Revision	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12H	Rev. 1.2
63	Checksum for bytes 0 to 62 -8E	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	F8H	
	-8G	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	DCH	
	-6E	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12H	
64 to 65	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID code	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7FH	Continuation code
66	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID code	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	FEH	Elpida Memory
67 to 71	Manufacturer's JEDEC ID code	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	
72	Manufacturing location	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	××	(ASCII-8bit code)
73	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
74	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	42H	В
75	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
76	Module part number	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	31H	1
77	Module part number	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	0
78	Module part number	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	55H	U
79	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
80	Module part number	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	8
81	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	A
82	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	43H	С
83	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	46H	F
84	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	A
85	Module part number	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	_
86	Module part number -8E, -8G	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	8
	-6E	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	36H	6
87	Module part number -8E, -6E	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	Е
	-8G	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	47H	G
88	Module part number	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	_
89	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
90	Module part number	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	(Space)
91	Revision code	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	Initial
92	Revision code	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	(Space)
93	Manufacturing date	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	××	Year code (BCD)
94	Manufacturing date	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	××	Week code (BCD)
95 to 98	Module serial number										
99 to 127	Manufacture specific data										

Note: These specifications are defined based on component specification, not module.

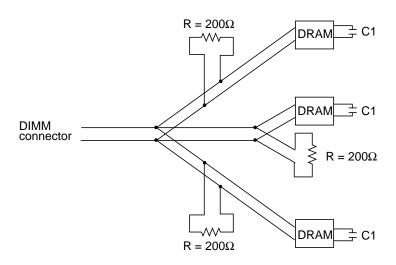


Block Diagram

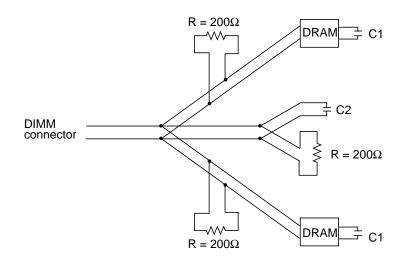


Logical Clock Net Structure

3DRAM loads (CK1 and /CK1, CK2 and /CK2)



2DRAM loads (CK0 and /CK0)



* C1: 1pF C2: 2pF

Electrical Specifications

• All voltages are referenced to VSS (GND).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes	
Voltage on any pin relative to VSS	VT	-0.5 to +2.3	V	1	
Supply voltage relative to VSS	VDD	-0.5 to +2.3	V		
Short circuit output current	IOS	50	mA	1	
Power dissipation	PD	8	W		
Operating case temperature	TC	0 to +95	°C	1, 2	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to +100	°C	1	

Notes: 1. DDR2 SDRAM component specification.

2. Supporting 0°C to +85°C and being able to extend to +95°C with doubling auto-refresh commands in frequency to a 32ms period (tREFI = $3.9\mu s$) and higher temperature self-refresh entry via the control of EMRS (2) bit A7 is required.

Caution Exposing the device to stress above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings could cause permanent damage. The device is not meant to be operated under conditions outside the limits described in the operational section of this specification Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Operating Conditions (TC = 0°C to +85°C) (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

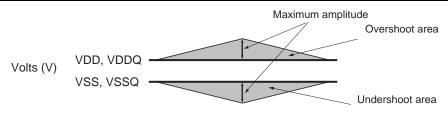
Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Notes
Supply voltage	VDD, VDDQ	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	4
	VSS	0	0	0	V	
	VDDSPD	1.7	_	3.6	V	
Input reference voltage	VREF	0.49 × VDDQ	0.50 × VDDQ	$0.51 \times VDDQ$	V	1, 2
Termination voltage	VTT	VREF - 0.04	VREF	VREF + 0.04	V	3
DC input logic high	VIH (DC)	VREF + 0.125	_	VDDQ + 0.3	V	
DC input low	VIL (DC)	-0.3	_	VREF - 0.125	V	
AC input logic high	VIH (AC)	VREF + 0.200	_	_	V	
AC input low	VIL (AC)	_	_	VREF - 0.200	V	

- Notes: 1. The value of VREF may be selected by the user to provide optimum noise margin in the system. Typically the value of VREF is expected to be about $0.5 \times VDDQ$ of the transmitting device and VREF are expected to track variations in VDDQ.
 - 2. Peak to peak AC noise on VREF may not exceed $\pm 2\%$ VREF (DC).
 - 3. VTT of transmitting device must track VREF of receiving device.
 - 4. VDDQ must be equal to VDD.



AC Overshoot/Undershoot Specification (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Pins	Specification	Unit
Maximum peak amplitude allowed for overshoot	Command, Address, CKE, ODT	0.5	V
Maximum peak amplitude allowed for undershoot		0.5	V
Maximum overshoot area above VDD DDR2-800		0.66	V-ns
DDR2-667		0.8	V-ns
Maximum undershoot area below VSS DDR2-800		0.66	V-ns
DDR2-667		0.8	V-ns
Maximum peak amplitude allowed for overshoot	CK, /CK	0.5	V
Maximum peak amplitude allowed for undershoot		0.5	V
Maximum overshoot area above VDD		0.23	V-ns
Maximum undershoot area below VSS		0.23	V-ns
Maximum peak amplitude allowed for overshoot	DQ, DQS, /DQS,	0.5	V
Maximum peak amplitude allowed for undershoot	UDQS, /UDQS, LDQS, /LDQS,	0.5	V
Maximum overshoot area above VDDQ	RDQS, /RDQS, DM, UDM, LDM	0.23	V-ns
Maximum undershoot area below VSSQ		0.23	V-ns



Time (ns)

Overshoot/Undershoot Definition

DC Characteristics 1 (TC = 0° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, VDD = $1.8V \pm 0.1V$, VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Grade	max.	Unit	Test condition		
Operating current (ACT-PRE) (Another rank is in IDD2P)	IDD0	-8E, -8G -6E	680 640	mA	one bank; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRC = tRC (IDD), tRAS = tRAS min.(IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING		
Operating current (ACT-READ-PRE) (Another rank is in IDD2P)	IDD1	-8E, -8G -6E	800 760	mA	one bank; IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRC = tRC (IDD), tRAS = tRAS min.(IDD); tRCD = tRCD (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data pattern is same as IDD4W		
Precharge power-down standby current	IDD2P		80	mA	all banks idle; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is L; Other control and address bus inputs are STABLE; Data bus inputs are FLOATING		
Precharge quiet standby current	IDD2Q	-8E, -8G -6E	280 240	mA	all banks idle; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H; Other control and address bus inputs are STABLE; Data bus inputs are FLOATING		
Idle standby current	IDD2N	-8E, -8G -6E	320 280	mA	all banks idle; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H; Other control and address bus inputs are SWITCHIN Data bus inputs are SWITCHING		
Active power-down	IDD3P-F		280	mA	all banks open; tCK = tCK (IDD); CKE is L;	Fast PDN Exit MRS(12) = 0	
standby current	IDD3P-S	3	160	mA	 Other control and address bus inputs are STABLE; Data bus inputs are FLOATING 	Slow PDN Exit MRS(12) = 1	
Active standby current	IDD3N	-8E, -8G -6E	720 640	mA	all banks open; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRAS = tRAS n CKE is H, /CS is H between valid Other control and address bus in Data bus inputs are SWITCHING	d commands; nputs are SWITCHING;	
Operating current (Burst read operating) (Another rank is in IDD2P)	IDD4R	-8E, -8G -6E	1280 1120	mA	all banks open, continuous burst reads, IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRAS = tRAS max.(IDD), tRP = tRP (IDCKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data pattern is same as IDD4W		
Operating current (Burst write operating) (Another rank is in IDD2P)	IDD4W	-8E, -8G -6E	1280 1120	mA	all banks open, continuous burst writes; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = 0; tCK = tCK (IDD), tRAS = tRAS max.(IDD), tRP = tRP (CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING		



Parameter	Symbol	Grade	max.	Unit	Test condition
Auto-refresh current (Another rank is in IDD2P)	IDD5	-8E, -8G -6E	2320 2240	mA	tCK = tCK (IDD); Refresh command at every tRFC (IDD) interval; CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Other control and address bus inputs are SWITCHING; Data bus inputs are SWITCHING
Self-refresh current	IDD6		80	mA	Self Refresh Mode; CK and /CK at 0V; CKE ≤ 0.2V; Other control and address bus inputs are FLOATING; Data bus inputs are FLOATING
Operating current (Bank interleaving) (Another rank is in IDD2P)	IDD7	-8E, -8G -6E	2320 2200	mA	all bank interleaving reads, IOUT = 0mA; BL = 4, CL = CL(IDD), AL = tRCD (IDD) -1 × tCK (IDD); tCK = tCK (IDD), tRC = tRC (IDD), tRRD = tRRD(IDD), tFAW = tFAW (IDD), tRCD = 1 × tCK (IDD); CKE is H, /CS is H between valid commands; Address bus inputs are STABLE during DESELECTs; Data pattern is same as IDD4W;

Notes: 1. IDD specifications are tested after the device is properly initialized.

- 2. Input slew rate is specified by AC Input Test Condition.
- 3. IDD parameters are specified with ODT disabled.
- 4. Data bus consists of DQ, DM, DQS, /DQS, RDQS and /RDQS. IDD values must be met with all combinations of EMRS bits 10 and 11.
- 5. Definitions for IDD

L is defined as VIN ≤ VIL (AC) (max.)

H is defined as VIN ≥ VIH (AC) (min.)

STABLE is defined as inputs stable at an H or L level

FLOATING is defined as inputs at VREF = VDDQ/2

SWITCHING is defined as:

inputs changing between H and L every other clock cycle (once per two clocks) for address and control signals, and inputs changing between H and L every other data transfer (once per clock) for DQ signals not including masks or strobes.

6. Refer to AC Timing for IDD Test Conditions.

AC Timing for IDD Test Conditions

For purposes of IDD testing, the following parameters are to be utilized.

	DDR2-800	DDR2-800	DDR2-667	
Parameter	5-5-5	6-6-6	5-5-5	Unit
CL (IDD)	5	6	5	tCK
tRCD (IDD)	12.5	15	15	ns
tRC (IDD)	57.5	60	60	ns
tRRD (IDD)	7.5	7.5	7.5	ns
tFAW (IDD)	35	35	37.5	ns
tCK (IDD)	2.5	2.5	3	ns
tRAS (min.)(IDD)	45	45	45	ns
tRAS (max.)(IDD)	70000	70000	70000	ns
tRP (IDD)	12.5	15	15	ns
tRFC (IDD)	127.5	127.5	127.5	ns



DC Characteristics 2 (TC = 0°C to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = 1.8V \pm 0.1V)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Input leakage current	ILI	2	μΑ	$VDD \geq VIN \geq VSS$
Output leakage current	ILO	5	μΑ	$VDDQ \ge VOUT \ge VSS$
Minimum required output pull-up under AC test load	VOH	VTT + 0.603	V	5
Maximum required output pull-down under AC test load	VOL	VTT - 0.603	V	5
Output timing measurement reference level	VOTR	$0.5 \times VDDQ$	V	1
Output minimum sink DC current	IOL	+13.4	mA	3, 4, 5
Output minimum source DC current	IOH	-13.4	mA	2, 4, 5

Notes: 1. The VDDQ of the device under test is referenced.

- 2. VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 1.42V.
- 3. VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 0.28V.
- 4. The DC value of VREF applied to the receiving device is expected to be set to VTT.
- 5. After OCD calibration to 18Ω at TC = 25° C, VDD = VDDQ = 1.8V.

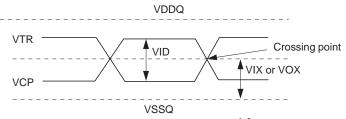
DC Characteristics 3 (TC = 0° C to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = $1.8V \pm 0.1V$)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
AC differential input voltage	VID (AC)	0.5	VDDQ + 0.6	V	1, 2
AC differential cross point voltage	VIX (AC)	$0.5 \times VDDQ - 0.175$	$0.5 \times VDDQ + 0.175$	V	2
AC differential cross point voltage	VOX (AC)	$0.5 \times VDDQ - 0.125$	$0.5 \times VDDQ + 0.125$	V	3

Notes: 1. VID (AC) specifies the input differential voltage |VTR -VCP| required for switching, where VTR is the true input signal (such as CK, DQS, RDQS) and VCP is the complementary input signal (such as /CK, /DQS, /RDQS). The minimum value is equal to VIH (AC) – VIL (AC).

- 2. The typical value of VIX (AC) is expected to be about 0.5 × VDDQ of the transmitting device and VIX (AC) is expected to track variations in VDDQ. VIX (AC) indicates the voltage at which differential input signals must cross.
- 3. The typical value of VOX (AC) is expected to be about $0.5 \times VDDQ$ of the transmitting device and VOX (AC) is expected to track variations in VDDQ. VOX (AC) indicates the voltage at which differential output signals must cross.



Differential Signal Levels*1,2

ODT DC Electrical Characteristics (TC = 0° C to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = $1.8V \pm 0.1V$) (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Note
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS (A6, A2) = 0, 1; 75 Ω	Rtt1(eff)	60	75	90	Ω	1
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS (A6, A2) = 1, 0; 150 Ω	Rtt2(eff)	120	150	180	Ω	1
Rtt effective impedance value for EMRS (A6, A2) = 1, 1; 50 Ω	Rtt3(eff)	40	50	60	Ω	1
Deviation of VM with respect to VDDQ/2	ΔVM	-6	_	+6	%	1

Note: 1. Test condition for Rtt measurements.

Measurement Definition for Rtt (eff)

Apply VIH (AC) and VIL (AC) to test pin separately, then measure current I(VIH (AC)) and I(VIL (AC)) respectively. VIH (AC), and VDDQ values defined in SSTL_18.

$$Rtt(eff) = \frac{VIH(AC) - VIL(AC)}{I(VIH(AC)) - I(VIL(AC))}$$

Measurement Definition for ∆VM

Measure voltage (VM) at test pin (midpoint) with no load.

$$\Delta VM = \left(\frac{2 \times VM}{VDDQ} - 1\right) \times 100$$

OCD Default Characteristics (TC = 0°C to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = 1.8V $\pm\,0.1$ V)

(DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Notes	
Output impedance	12.6	18	23.4	Ω	1, 5	
Pull-up and pull-down mismatch	0	_	4	Ω	1, 2	
Output slew rate	1.5	_	5	V/ns	3, 4	

- Notes: 1. Impedance measurement condition for output source DC current: VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 1420mV; (VOUT–VDDQ)/IOH must be less than 23.4Ω for values of VOUT between VDDQ and VDDQ–280mV. Impedance measurement condition for output sink DC current: VDDQ = 1.7V; VOUT = 280mV; VOUT/IOL must be less than 23.4Ω for values of VOUT between 0V and 280mV.
 - 2. Mismatch is absolute value between pull up and pull down, both are measured at same temperature and voltage.
 - 3. Slew rate measured from VIL(AC) to VIH(AC).
 - 4. The absolute value of the slew rate as measured from DC to DC is equal to or greater than the slew rate as measured from AC to AC. This is guaranteed by design and characterization.
 - 5. DRAM I/O specifications for timing, voltage, and slew rate are no longer applicable if OCD is changed from default settings.

Pin Capacitance (TA = 25° C, VDD = $1.8V \pm 0.1V$) (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
CLK input pin capacitance	CCK	CK, /CK	1.0	2.0	pF	1
Input pin capacitance -8E, -8G	CIN	/RAS, /CAS, /WE, /CS,	1.0	1.75	pF	1
-6E	CIN	CKE, ODT, Address	1.0	2.0	pF	1
Input/output pin capacitance	CI/O	DQ, DQS, /DQS, UDQS, /UDQS, LDQS, /LDQS, RDQS, /RDQS, DM, UDM, LDM	2.5	3.5	pF	2

Notes: 1. Matching within 0.25pF.

2. Matching within 0.50pF.

AC Characteristics (TC = 0° C to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = $1.8V \pm 0.1V$, VSS, VSSQ = 0V) (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

• New units tCK(avg) and nCK, are introduced in DDR2-800 and DDR2-667 tCK(avg): actual tCK(avg) of the input clock under operation. nCK: one clock cycle of the input clock, counting the actual clock edges.

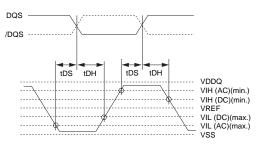
		-8E, -8G		-6E		_	
Frequency (Mbps)		800		667		•	
Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
/CAS latency	CL	5 (-8E) 6 (-8G)	5 (-8E) 6 (-8G)	5	5	nCK	
Active to read or write command delay	tRCD	12.5 (-8E) 15 (-8G)	_	15	_	ns	
Precharge command period	tRP	12.5 (-8E) 15 (-8G)	_	15	_	ns	
Active to active/auto-refresh command time	tRC	57.5(-8E) 60 (-8G)	_	60	_	ns	
DQ output access time from CK, /CK	tAC	-400	+400	-450	+450	ps	10
DQS output access time from CK, /CK	tDQSCK	-350	+350	-400	+400	ps	10
CK high-level width	tCH (avg)	0.48	0.52	0.48	0.52	tCK (avg)	13
CK low-level width	tCL(avg)	0.48	0.52	0.48	0.52	tCK (avg)	13
CK half period	tHP	Min. (tCL(abs), tCH(abs))	_	Min.(tCL(abs), tCH(abs))	_	ps	6, 13
Clock cycle time	tCK (avg)	2500	8000	3000	8000	ps	13
DQ and DM input hold time	tDH (base)	125	_	175	_	ps	5
DQ and DM input setup time	tDS (base)	50	_	100	_	ps	4
Control and Address input pulse width for each input	tIPW	0.6	_	0.6	—	tCK (avg)	
DQ and DM input pulse width for each input	tDIPW	0.35	_	0.35	_	tCK (avg)	
Data-out high-impedance time from CK,/CK	tHZ	_	tAC max.	_	tAC max.	ps	10
DQS, /DQS low-impedance time from CK,/CK	tLZ (DQS)	tAC min.	tAC max.	tAC min.	tAC max.	ps	10
DQ low-impedance time from CK,/CK	tLZ (DQ)	$2 \times tAC$ min.	tAC max.	$2 \times tAC$ min.	tAC max.	ps	10
DQS-DQ skew for DQS and associated DQ signals	tDQSQ	_	200	_	240	ps	
DQ hold skew factor	tQHS	_	300	_	340	ps	7
DQ/DQS output hold time from DQS	tQH	tHP - tQHS	_	tHP - tQHS	_	ps	8
DQS latching rising transitions to associated clock edges	tDQSS	-0.25	+0.25	-0.25	+0.25	tCK (avg)	
DQS input high pulse width	tDQSH	0.35	_	0.35	_	tCK (avg)	
DQS input low pulse width	tDQSL	0.35	_	0.35	_	tCK (avg)	
DQS falling edge to CK setup time	tDSS	0.2	_	0.2	_	tCK (avg)	
DQS falling edge hold time from CK	tDSH	0.2	_	0.2	_	tCK (avg)	
Mode register set command cycle time	tMRD	2	_	2	_	nCK	
Write postamble	tWPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK (avg)	
Write preamble	tWPRE	0.35	_	0.35	_	tCK (avg)	
Address and control input hold time	tIH (base)	250	_	275	_	ps	5
Address and control input setup time	tIS (base)	175	_	200	_	ps	4
Read preamble	tRPRE	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	tCK (avg)	11
Read postamble	tRPST	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	tCK (avg)	12



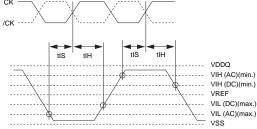
		-8E, -8G		-6E			
Frequency (Mbps)		800		667			
Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
Active to precharge command	tRAS	45	70000	45	70000	ns	
Active to auto-precharge delay	tRAP	tRCD min.	_	tRCD min.	_	ns	
Active bank A to active bank B command period	tRRD	7.5	_	7.5	_	ns	
Four active window period	tFAW	35	_	37.5	_	ns	
/CAS to /CAS command delay	tCCD	2	_	2	_	nCK	
Write recovery time	tWR	15	_	15	_	ns	
Auto precharge write recovery + precharge time	tDAL	WR + RU (tRP/tCK(avg))	_	WR + RU (tRP/tCK(avg))	_	nCK	1, 9
Internal write to read command delay	tWTR	7.5	_	7.5	_	ns	
Internal read to precharge command delay	tRTP	7.5	_	7.5	_	ns	
Exit self-refresh to a non-read command	tXSNR	tRFC + 10	_	tRFC + 10	_	ns	
Exit self-refresh to a read command	tXSRD	200	_	200	_	nCK	
Exit precharge power down to any non-read command	tXP	2	_	2	_	nCK	
Exit active power down to read command	tXARD	2	_	2	_	nCK	3
Exit active power down to read command (slow exit/low power mode)	tXARDS	8 – AL	_	7 – AL	_	nCK	2, 3
CKE minimum pulse width (high and low pulse width)	tCKE	3	_	3	_	nCK	
Output impedance test driver delay	tOIT	0	12	0	12	ns	
MRS command to ODT update delay	tMOD	0	12	0	12	ns	
Auto-refresh to active/auto-refresh command time	tRFC	127.5	_	127.5	_	ns	
Average periodic refresh interval $(0^{\circ}C \le TC \le +85^{\circ}C)$	tREFI	_	7.8	_	7.8	μs	
$(+85^{\circ}C < TC \le +95^{\circ}C)$	tREFI	_	3.9	_	3.9	μs	
Minimum time clocks remains ON after CKE asynchronously drops low	tDELAY	tIS + tCK(avg) + tIH	_	tIS + tCK(avg) + tIH	_	ns	

Notes: 1. For each of the terms above, if not already an integer, round to the next higher integer.

- 2. AL: Additive Latency.
- 3. MRS A12 bit defines which active power down exit timing to be applied.
- 4. The figures of Input Waveform Timing 1 and 2 are referenced from the input signal crossing at the VIH(AC) level for a rising signal and VIL(AC) for a falling signal applied to the device under test.
- 5. The figures of Input Waveform Timing 1 and 2 are referenced from the input signal crossing at the VIL(DC) level for a rising signal and VIH(DC) for a falling signal applied to the device under test.



Input Waveform Timing 1 (tDS, tDH)



Input Waveform Timing 2 (tIS, tIH)

tHP is the minimum of the absolute half period of the actual input clock. tHP is an input parameter but not an input specification parameter. It is used in conjunction with tQHS to derive the DRAM output timing tQH.

The value to be used for tQH calculation is determined by the following equation;

tHP = min (tCH(abs), tCL(abs)),

where,

tCH(abs) is the minimum of the actual instantaneous clock high time;

tCL(abs) is the minimum of the actual instantaneous clock low time:

- 7. tQHS accounts for:
 - a. The pulse duration distortion of on-chip clock circuits, which represents how well the actual tHP at the input is transferred to the output; and
 - b. The worst case push-out of DQS on one transition followed by the worst case pull-in of DQ on the next transition, both of which are independent of each other, due to data pin skew, output pattern effects, and p-channel to n-channel variation of the output drivers.
- 8. tQH = tHP tQHS, where:

tHP is the minimum of the absolute half period of the actual input clock; and tQHS is the specification value under the max column.

{The less half-pulse width distortion present, the larger the tQH value is; and the larger the valid data eye will be.}

Examples:

- a. If the system provides tHP of 1315ps into a DDR2-667 SDRAM, the DRAM provides tQH of 975ps (min.)
- b. If the system provides tHP of 1420ps into a DDR2-667 SDRAM, the DRAM provides tQH of 1080ps (min.)
- 9. RU stands for round up. WR refers to the tWR parameter stored in the MRS.
- 10. When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by the actual tERR(6-10per) of the input clock. (output deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock.)

For example, if the measured jitter into a DDR2-667 SDRAM has tERR(6-10per) min. = -272ps and tERR(6-10per) max. = +293ps, then tDQSCK min.(derated) = tDQSCK min. - tERR(6-10per) max. = -400ps - 293ps = -693ps and tDQSCK max.(derated) = tDQSCK max. - tERR(6-10per) min. = 400ps + 272ps = +672ps. Similarly, tLZ(DQ) for DDR2-667 derates to tLZ(DQ) min.(derated) = -900ps - 293ps = -1193ps and tLZ(DQ) max.(derated) = 450ps + 272ps = +722ps.

- 11. When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by the actual tJIT(per) of the input clock. (output deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock.)
 - For example, if the measured jitter into a DDR2-667 SDRAM has tJIT(per) min. = -72ps and tJIT(per) max. = +93ps, then tRPRE min.(derated) = tRPRE min. + tJIT(per) min. = $0.9 \times tCK(avg) 72ps$ = +2178ps and tRPRE max.(derated) = tRPRE max. + tJIT(per) max. = $1.1 \times tCK(avg) + 93ps$ = +2843ps.
- 12. When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by the actual tJIT(duty) of the input clock. (output deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock.)

For example, if the measured jitter into a DDR2-667 SDRAM has tJIT(duty) min. = -72ps and tJIT(duty) max. = +93ps, then tRPST min.(derated) = tRPST min. + tJIT(duty) min. = $0.4 \times tCK(avg)$ - 72ps = +928ps and tRPST max.(derated) = tRPST max. + tJIT(duty) max. = $0.6 \times tCK(avg)$ + 93ps = +1592ps.

13. Refer to the Clock Jitter table.

Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
ODT turn-on delay	tAOND	2	2	tCK	
ODT turn-on	tAON	tAC (min)	tAC (max) + 700	ps	1, 3
ODT turn-on (power down mode)	tAONPD	tAC(min) + 2000	2tCK + tAC(max) + 1000	ps	_
ODT turn-off delay	tAOFD	2.5	2.5	tCK	5
ODT turn-off	tAOF	tAC(min)	tAC(max) + 600	ps	2, 4, 5
ODT turn-off (power down mode)	tAOFPD	tAC(min) + 2000	2.5tCK + tAC(max) + 1000	ps	
ODT to power down entry latency	tANPD	3	3	tCK	
ODT power down exit latency	tAXPD	8	8	tCK	

- Notes: 1. ODT turn on time min is when the device leaves high impedance and ODT resistance begins to turn on.

 ODT turn on time max is when the ODT resistance is fully on. Both are measured from tAOND.
 - ODT turn off time min is when the device starts to turn off ODT resistance.ODT turn off time max is when the bus is in high impedance. Both are measured from tAOFD.
 - 3. When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by the actual tERR(6-10per) of the input clock. (output deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock.)
 - 4. When the device is operated with input clock jitter, this parameter needs to be derated by {-tJIT(duty) max. tERR(6-10per) max. } and { -tJIT(duty) min. tERR(6-10per) min. } of the actual input clock.(output deratings are relative to the SDRAM input clock.)
 - For example, if the measured jitter into a DDR2-667 SDRAM has tERR(6-10per) min. = -272ps, tERR(6-10per) max. = +293ps, tJIT(duty) min. = -106ps and tJIT(duty) max. = +94ps, then tAOF min.(derated) = tAOF min. + {-tJIT(duty) max. tERR(6-10per) max. } = -450ps + {-94ps 293ps} = -837ps and tAOF max.(derated) = tAOF max. + {-tJIT(duty) min. tERR(6-10per) min. } = 1050ps + {106ps + 272ps} = +1428ps.
 - 5. For tAOFD of DDR2-667/800, the 1/2 clock of nCK in the $2.5 \times$ nCK assumes a tCH(avg), average input clock high pulse width of 0.5 relative to tCK(avg). tAOF min. and tAOF max. should each be derated by the same amount as the actual amount of tCH(avg) offset present at the DRAM input with respect to 0.5. For example, if an input clock has a worst case tCH(avg) of 0.48, the tAOF min. should be derated by subtracting $0.02 \times$ tCK(avg) from it, whereas if an input clock has a worst case tCH(avg) of 0.52, the tAOF max. should be derated by adding $0.02 \times$ tCK(avg) to it. Therefore, we have;

```
tAOF min.(derated) = tAC min. -[0.5 - Min.(0.5, tCH(avg) min.)] \times tCK(avg)
tAOF max.(derated) = tAC max. + 0.6 + [Max.(0.5, tCH(avg) max.) - 0.5] \times tCK(avg)
or
tAOF min.(derated) = Min.(tAC min., tAC min. -[0.5 - tCH(avg) min.] \times tCK(avg))
```

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tAOF max.(derated) = $0.6 + \text{Max.}(\text{tAC max.}, \text{tAC max.} + [\text{tCH(avg) max.} - 0.5] \times \text{tCK(avg)})$

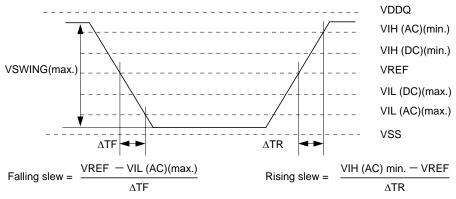
where tCH(avg) min. and tCH(avg) max. are the minimum and maximum of tCH(avg) actually measured at the DRAM input balls.

AC Input Test Conditions (DDR2 SDRAM Component Specification)

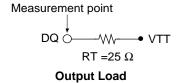
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Input reference voltage	VREF	$0.5 \times \text{VDDQ}$	V	1
Input signal maximum peak to peak swing	VSWING (max.)	1.0	V	1
Input signal minimum slew rate	SLEW	1.0	V/ns	2, 3

Notes: 1. Input waveform timing is referenced to the input signal crossing through the VIH/IL (AC) level applied to the device under test.

- 2. The input signal minimum slew rate is to be maintained over the range from VREF to VIH (AC) (min.) for rising edges and the range from VREF to VIL (AC) (max.) for falling edges as shown in the below figure.
- 3. AC timings are referenced with input waveforms switching from VIL (AC) to VIH (AC) on the positive transitions and VIH (AC) to VIL (AC) on the negative transitions.



AC Input Test Signal Wave forms



ELPIDA

Clock Jitter [DDR2-800, 667]

		-8E, -8G		-6E			
Frequency (Mbps)		800		667			
Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	min.	max.	Unit	Notes
Average clock period	tCK (avg)	2500	8000	3000	8000	ps	1
Clock period jitter	tJIT (per)	-100	100	-125	125	ps	5
Clock period jitter during DLL locking period	tJIT (per, lck)	-80	80	-100	100	ps	5
Cycle to cycle period jitter	tJIT (cc)	_	200	_	250	ps	6
Cycle to cycle clock period jitter during DLL locking period	tJIT (cc, lck)	_	160	_	200	ps	6
Cumulative error across 2 cycles	tERR (2per)	-150	150	–175	175	ps	7
Cumulative error across 3 cycles	tERR (3per)	-175	175	-225	225	ps	7
Cumulative error across 4 cycles	tERR (4per)	-200	200	-250	250	ps	7
Cumulative error across 5 cycles	tERR (5per)	-200	200	-250	250	ps	7
Cumulative error across n=6,7,8,9,10 cycles	tERR (6-10per)	-300	300	-350	350	ps	7
Cumulative error across n=11, 12,49,50 cycles	tERR (11-50per)	-450	450	-450	450	ps	7
Average high pulse width	tCH (avg)	0.48	0.52	0.48	0.52	tCK (avg)	2
Average low pulse width	tCL (avg)	0.48	0.52	0.48	0.52	tCK (avg)	3
Duty cycle jitter	tJIT (duty)	-100	100	-125	125	ps	4

Notes: 1. tCK (avg) is calculated as the average clock period across any consecutive 200cycle window.

$$tCK(avg) = \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{N} tCKj \right\} / N$$

$$N = 200$$

2. tCH (avg) is defined as the average high pulse width, as calculated across any consecutive 200 high pulses.

$$tCH(avg) = \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{N} tCHj \right\} / (N \times tCK(avg))$$

$$N = 200$$

3. tCL (avg) is defined as the average low pulse width, as calculated across any consecutive 200 low pulses.

$$tCL(avg) = \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{N} tCLj \right\} / (N \times tCK(avg))$$

$$N = 200$$

4. tJIT (duty) is defined as the cumulative set of tCH jitter and tCL jitter. tCH jitter is the largest deviation of any single tCH from tCH (avg). tCL jitter is the largest deviation of any single tCL from tCL (avg). tJIT (duty) is not subject to production test.

tJIT (duty) = Min./Max. of {tJIT (CH), tJIT (CL)}, where:

tJIT (CH) = $\{tCH_{i}-tCH \text{ (avg) where } j=1 \text{ to 200}\}$

 $tJIT (CL) = \{tCL_i - tCL (avg) \text{ where } j = 1 \text{ to } 200\}$

5. tJIT (per) is defined as the largest deviation of any single tCK from tCK (avg).

tJIT (per) = Min./Max. of { $tCK_i - tCK$ (avg) where j = 1 to 200}

tJIT (per) defines the single period jitter when the DLL is already locked. tJIT (per, lck) uses the same definition for single period jitter, during the DLL locking period only. tJIT (per) and tJIT (per, lck) are not subject to production test.



- 6. tJIT (cc) is defined as the absolute difference in clock period between two consecutive clock cycles:
 - tJIT (cc) = Max. of $|tCK_{i+1} tCK_i|$
 - tJIT (cc) is defines the cycle to cycle jitter when the DLL is already locked. tJIT (cc, lck) uses the same definition for cycle to cycle jitter, during the DLL locking period only. tJIT (cc) and tJIT (cc, lck) are not subject to production test.
- 7. tERR (nper) is defined as the cumulative error across multiple consecutive cycles from tCK (avg). tERR (nper) is not subject to production test.

$$tERR(nper) = \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{n} tCKj \right\} - n \times tCK(avg)$$

 $2 \le n \le 50$ for tERR (nper)

8. These parameters are specified per their average values, however it is understood that the following relationship between the average timing and the absolute instantaneous timing hold at all times. (minimum and maximum of spec values are to be used for calculations in the table below.)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	max.	Unit
Absolute clock period	tCK (abs)	tCK (avg) min. + tJIT (per) min.	tCK (avg) max. + tJIT (per) max.	ps
Absolute clock high pulse width	tCH (abs)	tCH (avg) min. × tCK (avg) min. + tJIT (duty) min.	tCH (avg) max. × tCK (avg) max. + tJIT (duty) max.	ps
Absolute clock low pulse width	tCL (abs)	tCL (avg) min. × tCK (avg) min. + tJIT (duty) min.	tCL (avg) max. \times tCK (avg) max. + tJIT (duty) max.	ps

Example: For DDR2-667, tCH(abs) min. = $(0.48 \times 3000 \text{ ps}) - 125 \text{ps} = 1315 \text{ps}$

Pin Functions

CK, /CK (input pin)

The CK and the /CK are the master clock inputs. All inputs except DMs, DQSs and DQs are referred to the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level. When a read operation, DQSs and DQs are referred to the cross point of the CK and the /CK. When a write operation, DMs and DQs are referred to the cross point of the DQS and the VREF level. DQSs for write operation are referred to the cross point of the CK and the /CK.

/CS (input pin)

When /CS is low, commands and data can be input. When /CS is high, all inputs are ignored. However, internal operations (bank active, burst operations, etc.) are held.

/RAS, /CAS, and /WE (input pins)

These pins define operating commands (read, write, etc.) depending on the combinations of their voltage levels. See "Command operation".

A0 to A13 (input pins)

Row address (AX0 to AX13) is determined by the A0 to the A13 level at the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level in a bank active command cycle. Column address (AY0 to AY9) is loaded via the A0 to the A9 at the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level in a read or a write command cycle. This column address becomes the starting address of a burst operation.

A10 (AP) (input pin)

A10 defines the precharge mode when a precharge command, a read command or a write command is issued. If A10 = high when a precharge command is issued, all banks are precharged. If A10 = low when a precharge command is issued, only the bank that is selected by BA1, BA0 is precharged. If A10 = high when read or write command, auto-precharge function is enabled. While A10 = low, auto-precharge function is disabled.

BA0, BA1, BA2 (input pin)

BA0, BA1 and BA2 are bank select signals (BA). The memory array is divided into 8 banks: bank 0 to bank 7. (See Bank Select Signal Table)

[Bank Select Signal Table]

	BA0	BA1	BA2	
Bank 0	L	L	L	
Bank 1	Н	L	L	
Bank 2	L	Н	L	
Bank 3	Н	Н	L	
Bank 4	L	L	Н	
Bank 5	Н	L	Н	
Bank 6	L	Н	Н	
Bank 7	Н	Н	Н	

Remark: H: VIH. L: VIL.

CKE (input pin)

CKE controls power down and self-refresh. The power down and the self-refresh commands are entered when the CKE is driven low and exited when it resumes to high.

The CKE level must be kept for 1 CK cycle at least, that is, if CKE changes at the cross point of the CK rising edge and the VREF level with proper setup time tIS, at the next CK rising edge CKE level must be kept with proper hold time tIH.

DQ (input and output pins)

Data are input to and output from these pins.



DQS and /DQS (input and output pin)

DQS and /DQS provide the read data strobes (as output) and the write data strobes (as input).

DM (input pins)

DM is the reference signal of the data input mask function. DMs are sampled at the cross point of DQS and /DQS.

VDD (power supply pins)

1.8V is applied. (VDD is for the internal circuit.)

VDDSPD (power supply pin)

1.8V is applied (For serial EEPROM).

VSS (power supply pin)

Ground is connected.

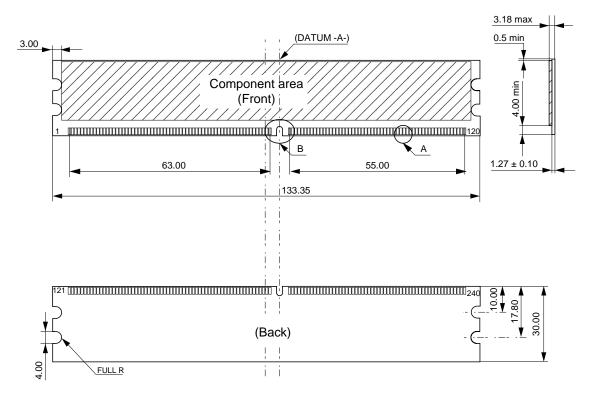
Detailed Operation Part and Timing Waveforms

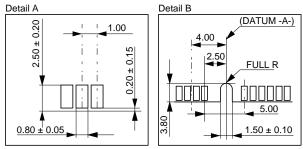
Refer to the EDE1104ACSE, EDE1108ACSE, EDE1116ACSE datasheet (E0975E).



Physical Outline

Unit: mm





ECA-TS2-0126-02

CAUTION FOR HANDLING MEMORY MODULES

When handling or inserting memory modules, be sure not to touch any components on the modules, such as the memory ICs, chip capacitors and chip resistors. It is necessary to avoid undue mechanical stress on these components to prevent damaging them.

In particular, do not push module cover or drop the modules in order to protect from mechanical defects, which would be electrical defects.

When re-packing memory modules, be sure the modules are not touching each other.

Modules in contact with other modules may cause excessive mechanical stress, which may damage the modules.

MDE0202

NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES -

1 PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR MOS DEVICES

Exposing the MOS devices to a strong electric field can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the MOS devices operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it, when once it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. MOS devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. MOS devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor MOS devices on it.

(2) HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS DEVICES

No connection for CMOS devices input pins can be a cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. The unused pins must be handled in accordance with the related specifications.

(3) STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS devices. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the MOS devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee output pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. MOS devices are not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for MOS devices having reset function.

CME0107



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[Product usage]

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[Usage environment]

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Example:

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- 2) Usage in exposure to direct sunlight or the outdoors, or in dusty places.
- Usage involving exposure to significant amounts of corrosive gas, including sea air, CL₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO_x.
- 4) Usage in environments with static electricity, or strong electromagnetic waves or radiation.
- 5) Usage in places where dew forms.
- 6) Usage in environments with mechanical vibration, impact, or stress.
- 7) Usage near heating elements, igniters, or flammable items.

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