

# 74AUP1G38

Low-power 2-input NAND gate (open drain)

Rev. 03 — 22 June 2009

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

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The 74AUP1G38 provides the single 2-input NAND gate with open-drain output. The output of the device is an open drain and can be connected to other open-drain outputs to implement active-LOW wired-OR or active-HIGH wired-AND functions.

Schmitt trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant to slower input rise and fall times across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial Power-down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

## 2. Features

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- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - ◆ JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - ◆ JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114E Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - ◆ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - ◆ CDM JESD22-C101C exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption;  $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu\text{A}$  (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of  $V_{CC}$
- $I_{OFF}$  circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from  $-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  and  $-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

### 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			Version
	Temperature range	Name	Description	
74AUP1G38GW	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP5	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm	SOT353-1
74AUP1G38GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm	SOT886
74AUP1G38GF	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1 × 0.5 mm	SOT891

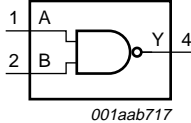
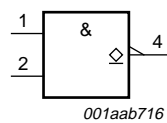
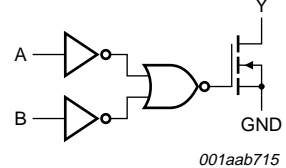
### 4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code <sup>[1]</sup>
74AUP1G38GW	aB
74AUP1G38GM	aB
74AUP1G38GF	aB

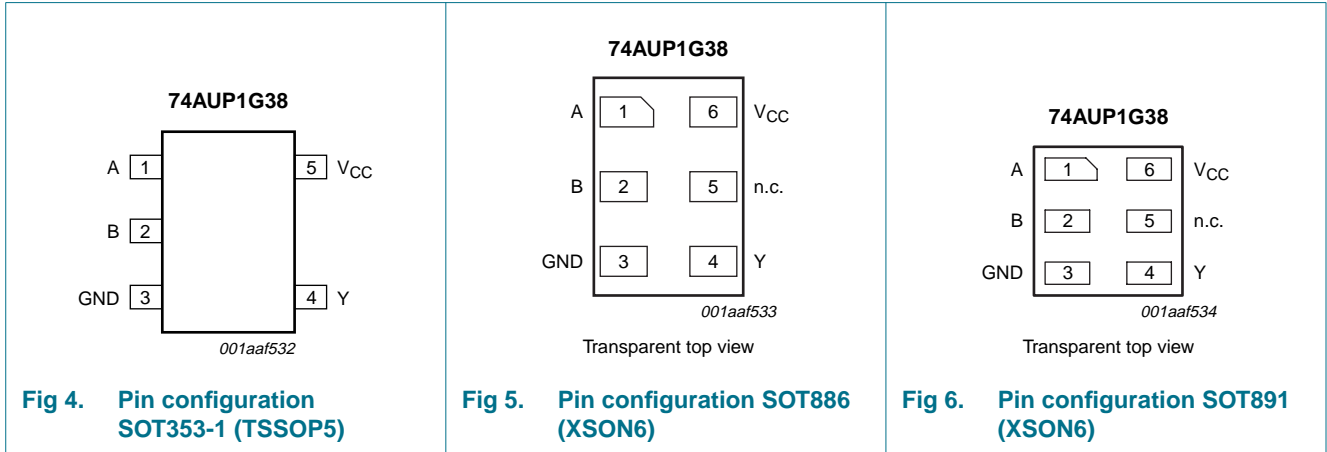
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

### 5. Functional diagram

 <p><b>Fig 1. Logic symbol</b></p>	 <p><b>Fig 2. IEC logic symbol</b></p>	 <p><b>Fig 3. Logic diagram</b></p>
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## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



### 6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	TSSOP5	XSON6	
A	1	1	data input
B	2	2	data input
GND	3	3	ground (0 V)
Y	4	4	data output
n.c.	-	5	not connected
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	6	supply voltage

## 7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table<sup>[1]</sup>

Input		Output
A	B	Y
L	L	Z
L	H	Z
H	L	Z
H	H	L

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;  
 L = LOW voltage level;  
 Z = high-impedance OFF state.

## 8. Limiting values

**Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
$I_{IK}$	input clamping current	$V_I < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
$V_I$	input voltage		[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
$I_{OK}$	output clamping current	$V_O < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
$V_O$	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
$I_O$	output current	$V_O = 0$ V to $V_{CC}$	-	+20	mA
$I_{CC}$	supply current		-	+50	mA
$I_{GND}$	ground current		-50	-	mA
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +125 °C	[2] -	250	mW

[1] The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] For TSSOP5 packages: above 87.5 °C the value of  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K.

For XSON6 packages: above 118 °C the value of  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 6. Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
$V_I$	input voltage		0	3.6	V
$V_O$	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	0	3.6	V
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 0.8$ V to 3.6 V	0	200	ns/V

## 10. Static characteristics

**Table 7. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b><math>T_{amb} = 25</math> °C</b>						
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8$ V	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9$ V to 1.95 V	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8$ V	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9$ V to 1.95 V	-	-	$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V

**Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V		
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> (and at least one input LOW); V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	-	±0.2	μA
ΔI <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	μA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	-	-	40	μA
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	0.8	-	pF
C <sub>O</sub>	output capacitance	output enabled; V <sub>O</sub> = GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	1.7	-	pF
		output disabled; V <sub>O</sub> = GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	-	1.1	-	pF
<b>T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C</b>						
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	-	0.30 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>				
		I <sub>O</sub> = 20 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.37	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.35	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 3.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	-	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.33	V
I <sub>O</sub> = 4.0 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.45	V		
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	μA

**Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ (and at least one input LOW); $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	$\pm 0.5$	$\mu$ A
$I_{OFF}$	power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	$\pm 0.5$	$\mu$ A
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	$\pm 0.6$	$\mu$ A
$I_{CC}$	supply current	$V_I = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O = 0$ A; $V_{CC} = 0.8$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	$\mu$ A
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6$ V; $I_O = 0$ A; $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V	-	-	50	$\mu$ A
<b><math>T_{amb} = -40</math> °C to <math>+125</math> °C</b>						
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8$ V	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9$ V to 1.95 V	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8$ V	-	-	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9$ V to 1.95 V	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$				
		$I_O = 20$ $\mu$ A; $V_{CC} = 0.8$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11	V
		$I_O = 1.1$ mA; $V_{CC} = 1.1$ V	-	-	$0.33 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7$ mA; $V_{CC} = 1.4$ V	-	-	0.41	V
		$I_O = 1.9$ mA; $V_{CC} = 1.65$ V	-	-	0.39	V
		$I_O = 2.3$ mA; $V_{CC} = 2.3$ V	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O = 3.1$ mA; $V_{CC} = 2.3$ V	-	-	0.50	V
		$I_O = 2.7$ mA; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V	-	-	0.36	V
$I_O = 4.0$ mA; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V	-	-	0.50	V		
$I_I$	input leakage current	$V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu$ A
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ (and at least one input LOW); $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu$ A
$I_{OFF}$	power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu$ A
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	$\pm 0.75$	$\mu$ A
$I_{CC}$	supply current	$V_I = GND$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O = 0$ A; $V_{CC} = 0.8$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	$\mu$ A
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6$ V; $I_O = 0$ A; $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V	-	-	75	$\mu$ A

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V; for test circuit see [Figure 8](#))

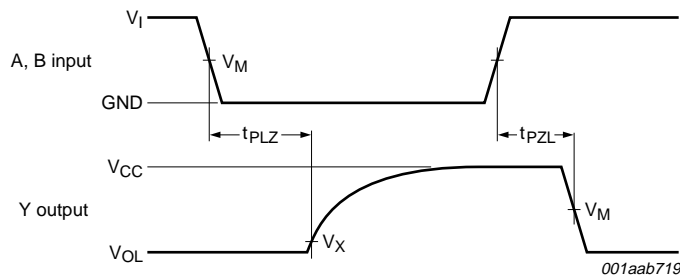
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF</b>									
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A or B to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> <sup>[2]</sup>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	13.5	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	1.9	4.6	10.4	1.8	11.4	12.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.5	3.3	6.5	1.4	7.4	8.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.2	2.9	5.1	1.1	5.9	6.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.0	2.2	3.8	0.9	4.5	4.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	0.9	2.3	4.0	0.8	4.5	4.9	ns
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 10 pF</b>									
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A or B to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> <sup>[2]</sup>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	16.3	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.3	5.6	12.3	2.1	13.7	15.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	1.8	4.1	7.6	1.7	8.8	9.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.6	3.8	6.1	1.4	7.1	7.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.4	2.9	4.6	1.2	5.4	5.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.3	3.2	5.7	1.1	6.4	7.0	ns
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 15 pF</b>									
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A or B to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> <sup>[2]</sup>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	19.0	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.6	6.6	14.2	2.4	15.8	17.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.1	4.8	8.7	1.9	10.1	11.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.9	4.6	7.6	1.7	8.5	9.3	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	3.6	5.6	1.5	6.3	6.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.6	4.1	7.5	1.4	8.3	9.1	ns
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF</b>									
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	A or B to Y; see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> <sup>[2]</sup>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	27.0	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.6	9.5	19.5	3.2	21.8	24.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.9	7.0	11.5	2.6	13.6	15.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.6	7.0	12.1	2.3	13.3	14.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.4	5.4	8.9	2.1	9.9	10.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.3	6.5	12.7	2.1	13.9	15.3	ns

**Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued**  
 Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V; for test circuit see [Figure 8](#))

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
<b>C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF</b>									
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	f <sub>i</sub> = 1 MHz; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to V <sub>CC</sub>		[3]					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	0.6	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	0.7	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	0.8	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	1.1	-	-	-	-	pF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	1.4	-	-	-	-	pF

- [1] All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.
- [2] t<sub>pd</sub> is the same as t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PLZ</sub>.
- [3] C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P<sub>D</sub> in μW).  
 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N$  where:  
 f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;  
 V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V;  
 N = number of inputs switching.

## 12. Waveforms



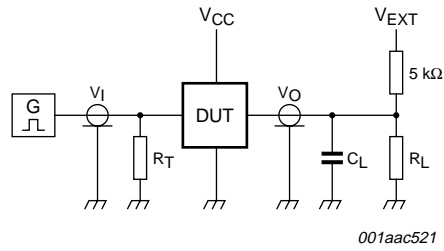
Measurement points are given in [Table 9](#).  
 Logic levels: V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

**Fig 7. The data input (A or B) to output (Y) propagation delays**

**Table 9. Measurement points**

Supply voltage	Input	Output	
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>
0.8 V to 1.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V
3.0 V to 3.6 V	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V





Test data is given in [Table 10](#).

Definitions for test circuit:

$R_L$  = Load resistance.

$C_L$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

$R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator.

$V_{EXT}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

**Fig 8. Load circuitry for switching times**

**Table 10. Test data**

Supply voltage	Load		$V_{EXT}$		
$V_{CC}$	$C_L$	$R_L$ [1]	$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 kΩ or 1 MΩ	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ , for measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width  $R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ .

13. Package outline

TSSOP5: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 5 leads; body width 1.25 mm

SOT353-1

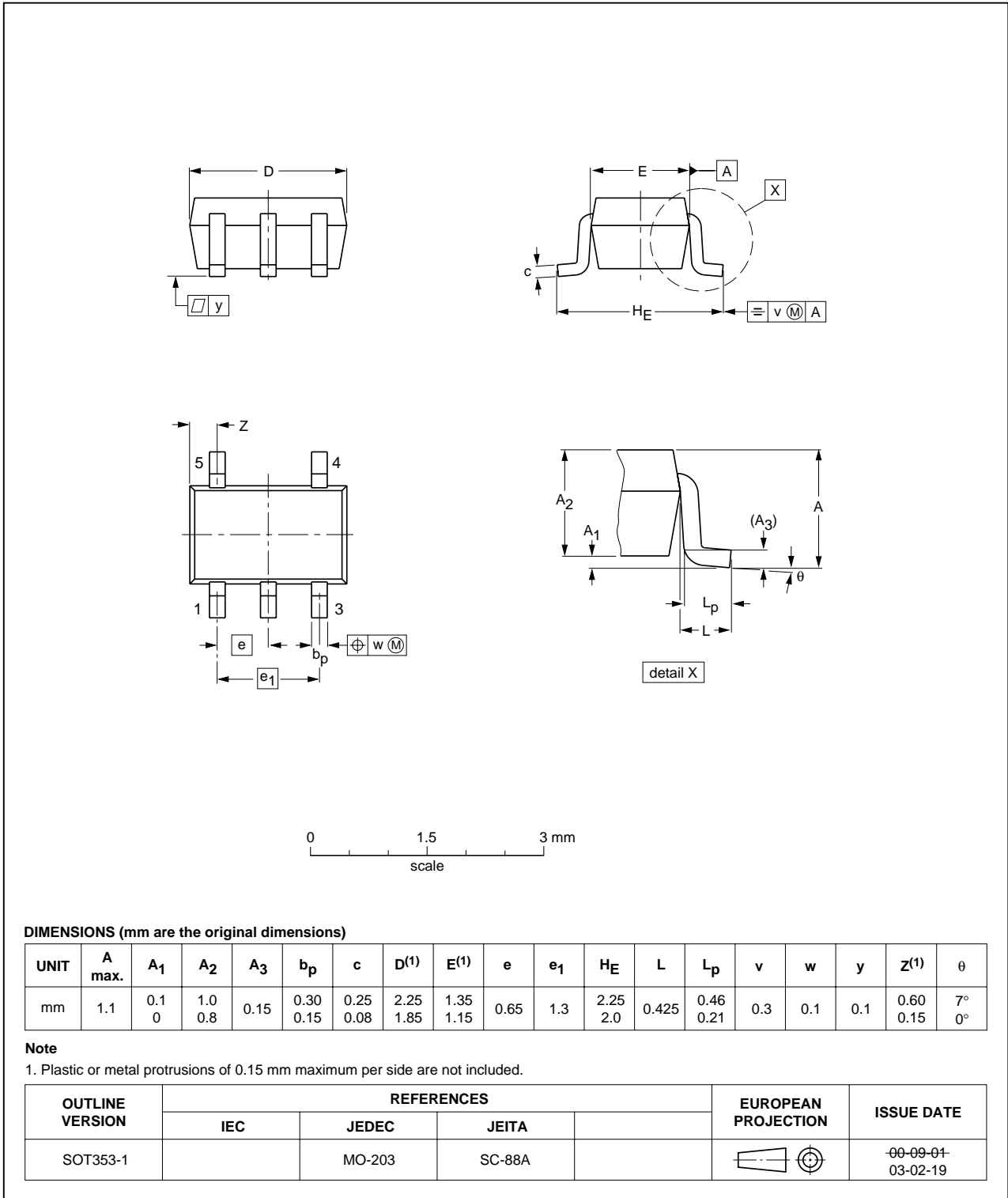


Fig 9. Package outline SOT353-1 (TSSOP5)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1.45 x 0.5 mm

SOT886

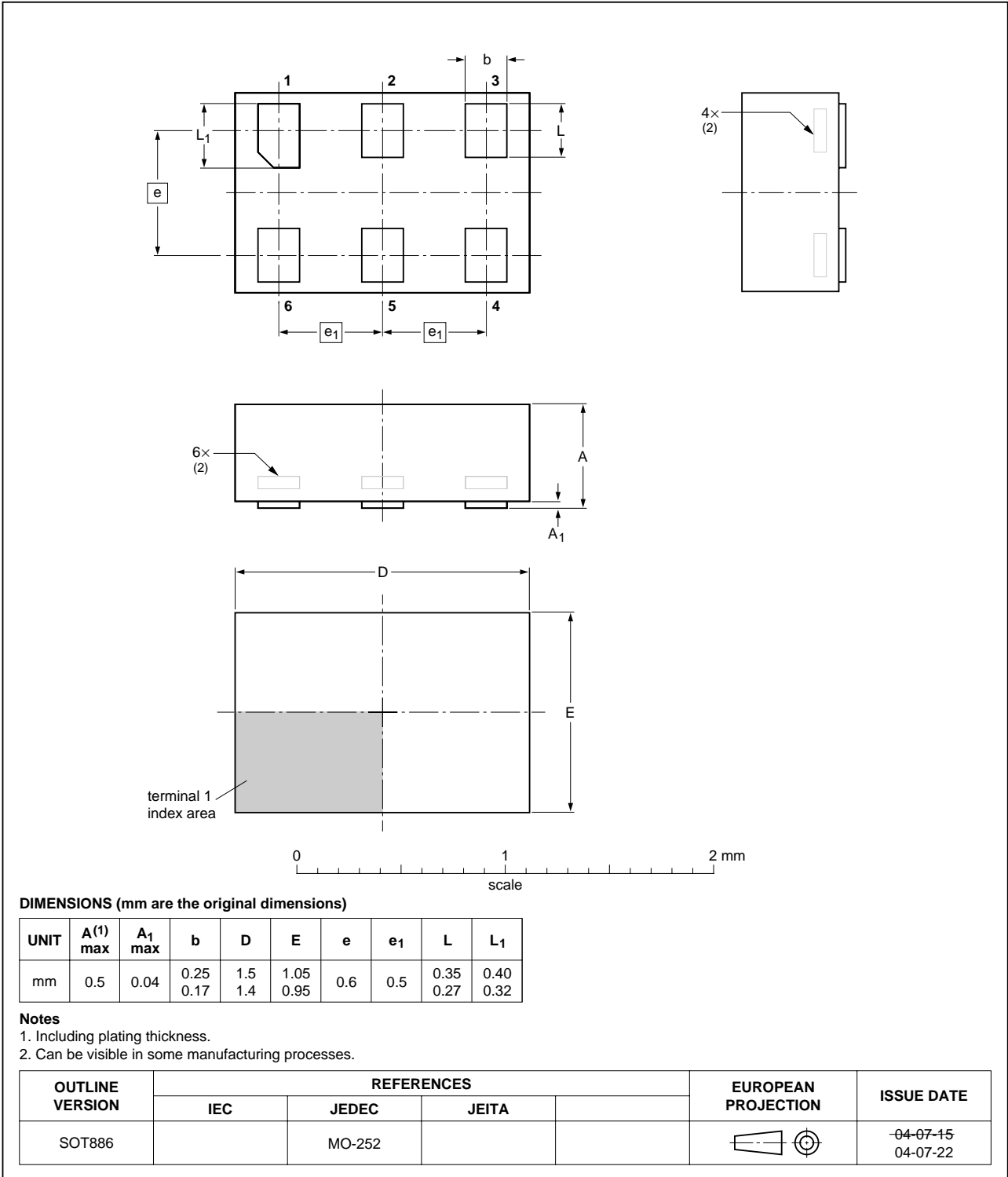
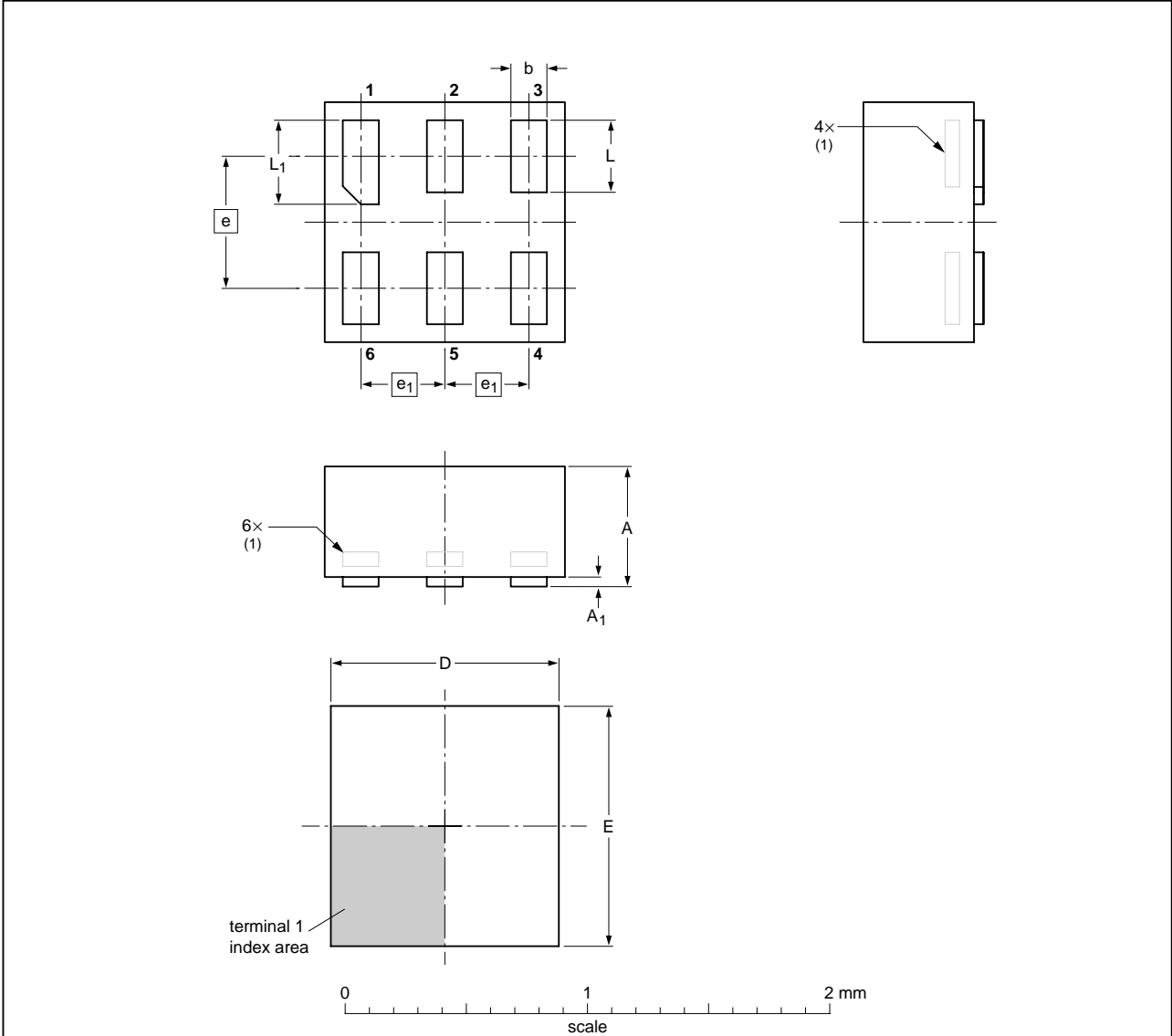


Fig 10. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1 x 0.5 mm

SOT891



**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

UNIT	A <sub>max</sub>	A <sub>1max</sub>	b	D	E	e	e <sub>1</sub>	L	L <sub>1</sub>
mm	0.5	0.04	0.20 0.12	1.05 0.95	1.05 0.95	0.55	0.35	0.35 0.27	0.40 0.32

**Note**

1. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		
SOT891					-05-04-06 07-05-15

Fig 11. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

## 14. Abbreviations

Table 11. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

## 15. Revision history

Table 12. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP1G38_3	20090622	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G38_2
Modifications:	• <a href="#">Table 5</a> : Derating factor XSON8 and XQFN8U has been changed.			
74AUP1G38_2	20070614	Product data sheet	-	74AUP1G38_1
74AUP1G38_1	20061020	Product data sheet	-	-

## 16. Legal information

### 16.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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