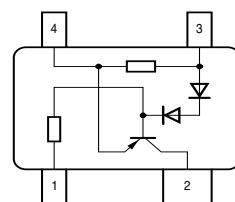
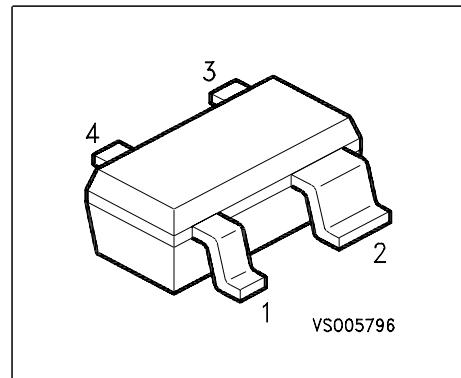


LED Driver

Preliminary data

- Supplies stable bias current even at low battery voltage
- Low voltage drop of 0.75V
- Ideal for stabilizing bias current of LEDs
- Negative temperature coefficient protects LEDs against thermal overload



EHA07188

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration			Package
BCR 401R	W5s	1 = GND	2 = I_{out}	3 = V_S	4 = R_{ext}

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Source voltage	V_S	18	V
Output current, $V_S = 10$ V	I_{out}	50	mA
Output voltage	V_{out}	16	V
Reverse voltage between all terminals	V_R	0.5	
Total power dissipation, $T_S = 117$ °C	P_{tot}	330	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	150	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 ... 150	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction ambient 1)	R_{thJA}	280	K/W
Junction - soldering point	R_{thJS}	190	

1) Package mounted on pcb 40mm x 40mm x 1.5mm / 6cm² Cu

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics					
Supply current $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$	I_S	-	300	500	μA
Output current $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$	I_{out}	9	10	11	mA

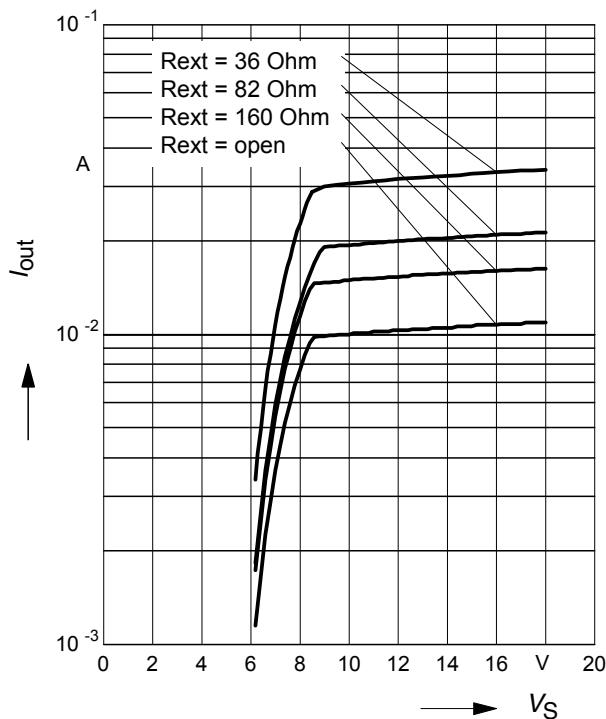
DC Characteristics with stabilized LED load

Lowest sufficient battery voltage overhead $I_{\text{out}} > 8 \text{ mA}$	$V_{S\text{min}}$	-	1.2	-	V
Voltage drop ($V_S - V_{CE}$) $I_{\text{out}} = 20 \text{ mA}$	V_{drop}	-	0.75	-	
Output current change versus T_A $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$	$\Delta I_{\text{out}}/I_{\text{out}}$	-	-0.3	-	%/K
Output current change versus V_S $V_S = 10 \text{ V}$	$\Delta I_{\text{out}}/I_{\text{out}}$	-	2	-	%/V

Output current versus supply voltage

$I_{out} = f(V_S)$; R_{ext} = Parameter

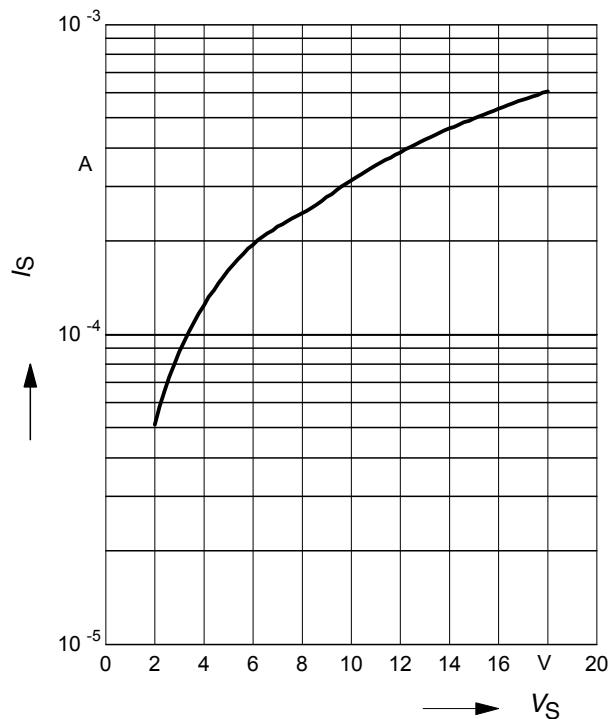
Load: two LEDs with $V_F = 3.8V$ in series



Supply current versus supply voltage

$I_S = f(V_S)$

Load: two LEDs with $V_F = 3.8V$ in series



Application Circuit:

