

élantec
 HIGH PERFORMANCE ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

ELANTEC INC

T-79-07-10

Features

- 150 MHz - 3 dB bandwidth, $A_V = 20$
- 10 ns settling to 0.1%
- $V_S = \pm 5V @ 15 mA$
- 2.5 ns rise/fall times (2V step)
- Overload/short-circuit protected
- ± 7 to ± 50 closed-loop gain range
- Low cost
- EL2171 is direct replacement for CLC401
- Disable capability on EL2071

Applications

- Line drivers
- DC-coupled log amplifiers
- High-speed modems, radios
- High-speed A/D conversion
- D/A I-V conversion
- Photodiode, CCD preamps
- IF processors
- High-speed communications
- Analog multiplexing (using disable—EL2071)
- Power down mode (using disable—EL2071)

Ordering Information

Part No.	Temp. Range	Package	Outline*
EL2171CN	-40°C to +85°C	8-Pin P-DIP	MDP0031
EL2171CS	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead SO	MDP0027
EL2171J/883B	-55°C to +125°C	8-Pin CerDIP	MDP0010
EL2071CN	-40°C to +85°C	8-Pin P-DIP	MDP0031
EL2071CS	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead SO	MDP0027
EL2071J/883B	-55°C to +125°C	8-Pin CerDIP	MDP0010

General Description

The EL2071 and EL2171 are wide bandwidth, fast settling monolithic amplifiers built using an advanced complementary bipolar process. The EL2071 has a disable/enable feature which allows power down and analog multiplexing. These amplifiers use current-mode feedback to achieve more bandwidth at a given gain than conventional operational amplifiers. Designed for closed-loop gains of ± 7 to ± 50 , the EL2071 and EL2171 have a 150 MHz - 3 dB bandwidth ($A_V = +20$), and 2.5 ns rise/fall time, while consuming only 15 mA of supply current. The EL2071 consumes only 1.5 mA when disabled.

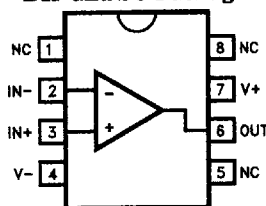
The wide 150 MHz bandwidth and extremely linear phase (0.2 dB deviation from linear at 50 MHz) allow superior signal fidelity. These features make the EL2071 and EL2171 especially suited for many digital communication system applications.

The EL2071's and EL2171's settling to 0.1% in 10 ns and ability to drive capacitive loads make them ideal in flash A/D applications. D/A systems can also benefit from the EL2071 and EL2171, especially if linearity and drive levels are important.

Elantec products and facilities comply with MIL-STD-883 Revision C, MIL-I-45208A, and other applicable quality specifications. For information on Elantec's military processing, see Elantec document, *QRA-2: Elantec's Military Processing, Monolithic Integrated Circuits*.

Connection Diagrams

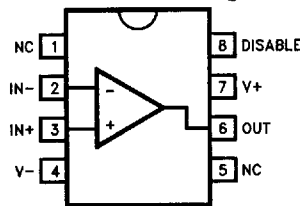
EL2171
DIP and SO Package



Top View

2071-1

EL2071
DIP and SO Package



Top View

2071-2

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

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Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Supply Voltage (V_S)	$\pm 7\text{V}$	Lead Temperature	
Output Current	Output is short-circuit protected to ground, however, maximum reliability is obtained if I_{OUT} does not exceed 70 mA.	DIP Package	300°C
		(Soldering: < 5 Seconds-CN; < 10 Seconds-J)	
Common Mode Input Voltage	$\pm V_S$	SO Package	
Differential Input Voltage	5V	Vapor Phase (60 Seconds)	215°C
Power Dissipation	See Curves	Infrared (15 seconds)	220°C
Operating Temperature		Operating Junction Temperature	
EL2171	-55°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$	Ceramic Packages	175°C
EL2171C/EL2071C	-40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	Plastic Packages	150°C
		Storage Temperature	-60°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

Important Note:

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. The Test Level column indicates the specific device testing actually performed during production and Quality inspection. Elantec performs most electrical tests using modern high-speed automatic test equipment, specifically the LTX77 Series system. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulsed tests, therefore $T_J = T_C = T_A$.

Test Level	Test Procedure
I	100% production tested and QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
II	100% production tested at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and QA sample tested at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, T_{MAX} and T_{MIN} per QA test plan QCX0002.
III	QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
IV	Parameter is guaranteed (but not tested) by Design and Characterisation Data.
V	Parameter is typical value at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ for information purposes only.

Open Loop DC Electrical Characteristics

$V_S = \pm 5\text{V}$, $R_L = 100\Omega$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Temp	Min	Typ	Max	Test Level		Units
							EL2171	EL2171C EL2071C	
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage		25°C		3	6	I	I	mV
			T_{MIN} , T_{MAX}			10	I	III	mV
$TC\ V_{OS}$	Average Offset Voltage Drift	(Note 1)	All		20	50	IV	IV	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$+I_{IN}$	+ Input Current		25°C , T_{MAX}		10	20	I	II	μA
			T_{MIN}			36	I	III	μA
$TC (+I_{IN})$	Average + Input Current Drift	(Note 1)	All		100	200	IV	IV	$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$
$-I_{IN}$	- Input Current		25°C		10	30	I	I	μA
			T_{MIN}			46	I	III	μA
			T_{MAX}			40	I	III	μA
$TC (-I_{IN})$	Average - Input Current Drift	(Note 1)	All		100	200	IV	IV	$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C**150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier**

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Open Loop DC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 5V$, $R_L = 100\Omega$, unless otherwise specified — Contd.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Temp	Min	Typ	Max	Test Level		Units
							EL2171	EL2171C EL2071C	
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	(Note 2)	All	50	55		I	II	dB
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio		All	40	50		I	II	dB
I_S	Supply Current—Quiescent	No Load	All		15	21	I	II	mA
$I_{S\text{OFF}}$	Supply Current—Disabled	EL2071C (Note 3)	All		1.5	3.0	I	II	mA
$+R_{IN}$	+ Input Resistance		25°C, T_{MAX}	100	200		I	II	k Ω
			T_{MIN}	50			I	III	k Ω
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance		All		0.5	2.5	IV	IV	pF
R_{OUT}	Output Resistance (DC)		All		0.2	0.3	IV	IV	Ω
R_{OUTD}	Output Resistance (DC)	EL2071C Disabled	All	100	200		IV	IV	k Ω
C_{OUTD}	Output Capacitance (DC)	EL2071C Disabled	All		0.5	2.0	IV	IV	pF
CMIR	Common-Mode Input Range	(Note 4)	25°C, T_{MAX}	± 2.5	± 2.8		IV	IV	V
			T_{MIN}	± 2			IV	IV	V
I_{OUT}	Output Current		25°C, T_{MAX}	50	70		I	II	mA
			T_{MIN}	35			I	III	mA
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage Swing	No Load	25°C, T_{MAX}	3.2	3.5		I	II	V
			T_{MIN}	3			I	II	V
V_{OUTL}	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 100\Omega$	25°C	3.2	3.4		I	I	V
R_{OL}	Transimpedance		25°C	250	1000		I	I	V/mA
I_{LOGIC}	Pin 8 Current @ +5V	EL2071C	All		500	750	I	II	μA
V_{DIS}	Minimum Pin 8 V to Disable	EL2071C	25°C	4.3			I	II	V
			T_{MIN}	4.0					
			T_{MAX}	4.6					
V_{EN}	Maximum Pin 8 V to Enable	EL2071C	All			0.7	I	II	V
I_{DIS}	Minimum Pin 8 I to Disable	EL2071C	All	750			I	II	μA
I_{EN}	Maximum Pin 8 I to Enable	EL2071C	All			35	I	II	μA

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

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EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

Closed Loop AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_S = \pm 5V$, $R_F = 1.5\text{ k}\Omega$, $A_V = +20$, $R_L = 100\Omega$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Temp	Min	Typ	Max	Test Level		Units
							EL2171	EL2171C/EL2071C	

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

SSBW	-3 dB Bandwidth ($V_{OUT} < 2.0\text{ V}_{PP}$)		25°C	100	150		I	III	MHz
			T_{MIN}	100			IV	IV	MHz
			T_{MAX}	70			IV	IV	MHz
LSBW	-3 dB Bandwidth ($V_{OUT} < 5.0\text{ V}_{PP}$)		25°C, T_{MIN}	65	100		IV	IV	MHz
			T_{MAX}	55			IV	IV	MHz

GAIN FLATNESS

GFPL	Peaking $V_{OUT} < 2.0\text{ V}_{PP}$	< 25 MHz	25°C		0.0	0.1	I	III	dB
			T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			0.1	IV	IV	dB
GFPH	Peaking $V_{OUT} < 2.0\text{ V}_{PP}$	> 25 MHz	25°C		0.0	0.2	I	III	dB
			T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			0.2	IV	IV	dB
GFR	Rolloff $V_{OUT} < 2.0\text{ V}_{PP}$	< 50 MHz	25°C		0.2	1.0	I	III	dB
			T_{MIN}			1.0	IV	IV	dB
			T_{MAX}			1.3	IV	IV	dB
LPD	Linear Phase Deviation $V_{OUT} < 2.0\text{ V}_{PP}$	< 50 MHz	25°C, T_{MIN}		0.2	1.0	IV	IV	°
			T_{MAX}			1.5	IV	IV	°

TIME-DOMAIN RESPONSE

t_{r1}, t_{f1}	Rise Time, Fall Time	2.0V Step	25°C, T_{MIN}		2.5	3.5	IV	IV	ns
			T_{MAX}			5	IV	IV	ns
t_{r2}, t_{f2}	Rise Time, Fall Time	5.0V Step	25°C, T_{MIN}		5	7	IV	IV	ns
			T_{MAX}			8	IV	IV	ns
t_s	Settling Time to 0.1%	2.0V Step	All		10	15	IV	IV	ns
OS	Overshoot	2.0V Step	All		0	10	IV	IV	%
SR	Slew Rate		25°C, T_{MIN}	800	1200		IV	IV	V/ μ s
			T_{MAX}	700			IV	IV	V/ μ s

DISTORTION

HD2	2nd Harmonic Distortion @ 20 MHz	2 V_{PP}	25°C		-45	-35	I	III	dBc
			T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}			-35	IV	IV	dBc
HD3	3rd Harmonic Distortion @ 20 MHz	2 V_{PP}	25°C		-60	-50	I	III	dBc
			T_{MIN}			-50	IV	IV	dBc
			T_{MAX}			-45	IV	IV	dBc

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C**150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier**

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Closed Loop AC Electrical Characteristics $V_S = \pm 5V$, $R_F = 1.5\text{ k}\Omega$, $A_V = +20$, $R_L = 100\Omega$ unless otherwise specified — Contd.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Temp	Min	Typ	Max	Test Level		Units
							EL2171	EL2171C EL2071C	

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE

NF	Noise Floor > 100 kHz		25°C		-158	-155	IV	IV	dBm (1 Hz)
			T _{MIN}			-155	IV	IV	dBm (1 Hz)
			T _{MAX}			-154	IV	IV	dBm (1 Hz)
INV	Integrated Noise 100 kHz to 200 MHz		25°C		35	50	IV	IV	μV
			T _{MIN}			50	IV	IV	μV
			T _{MAX}			55	IV	IV	μV

DISABLE/ENABLE PERFORMANCE—EL2071C

T _{OFF}	V _{OUT} = 2 V _{PP} Disable Time to > 40 dB	20 MHz	All		70	200	IV	IV	ns
T _{ON}	Enable Time		All		40	100	IV	IV	ns
ISO	Off Isolation	20 MHz	All	50	55		IV	IV	dB

Note 1: Measured from T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}.Note 2: PSRR is measured at $V_S = \pm 4.5V$ and $V_S = \pm 5.5V$. Both supplies are changed simultaneously.

Note 3: Supply current when disabled is measured at the negative supply.

Note 4: Common-Mode Input Range for Rated Performance.

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

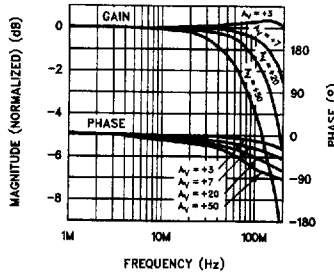
150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

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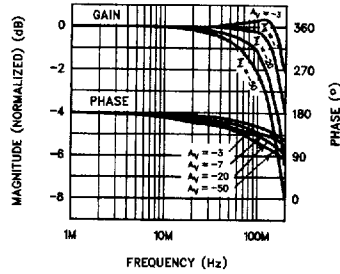
EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

Typical Performance Curves

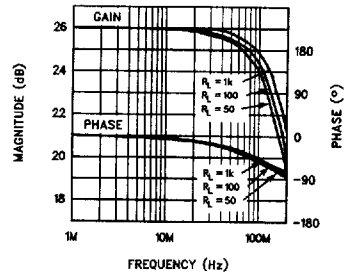
Non-Inverting Frequency Response



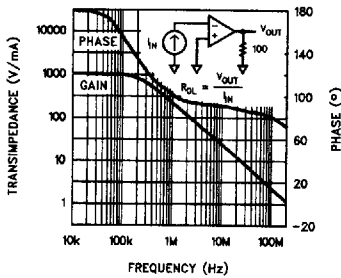
Inverting Frequency Response



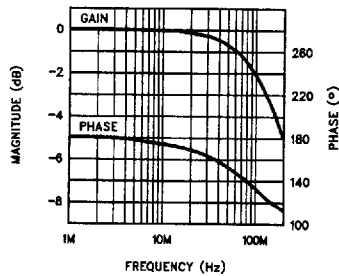
Frequency Response for Various R_{1S}



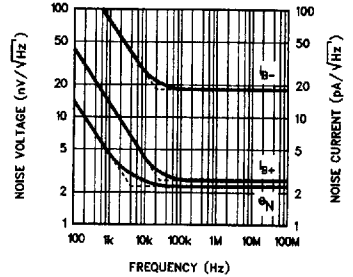
Open-Loop Transimpedance Gain and Phase



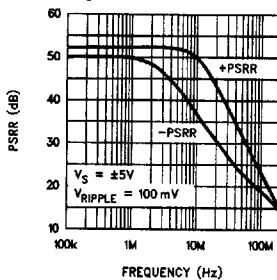
Frequency Response, $A_v = -1, R_F = 2.5 k\Omega$



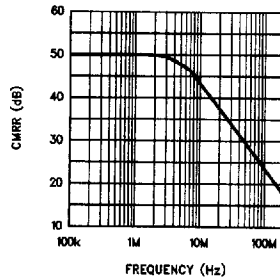
Equivalent Input Noise



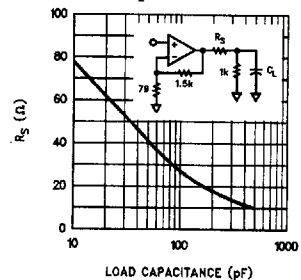
Single Power Supply Rejection Ratio



Common Mode Rejection Ratio ($A_v = +20$)



Recommended R_S vs Load Capacitance



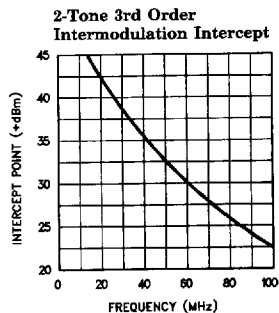
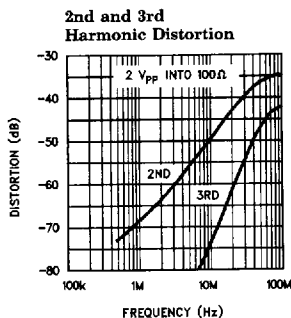
2071-3

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

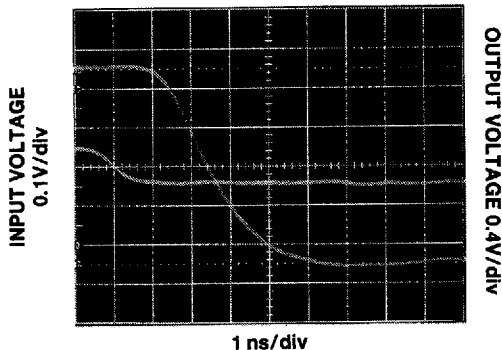
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Typical Performance Curves — Contd.



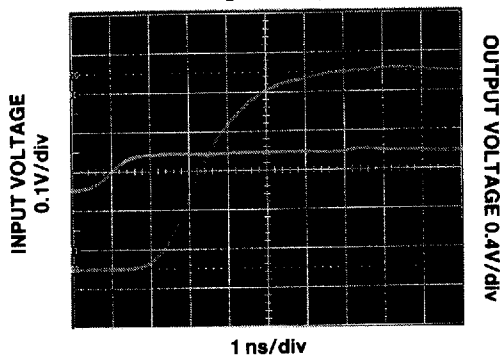
2071-4

Pulse Response $A_V = +20$



2071-5

Pulse Response $A_V = +20$



2071-6

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

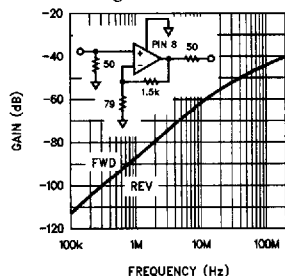
150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

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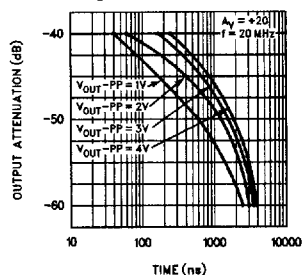
EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

Typical Performance Curves — Contd.

Forward and Reverse Gain during Disable—EL2071C

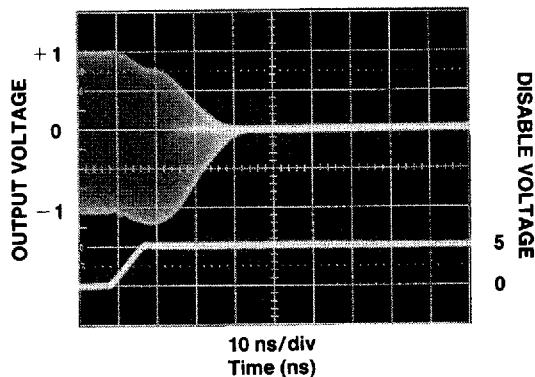


Disabled Attenuation vs Time for Various Output Levels—EL2071C



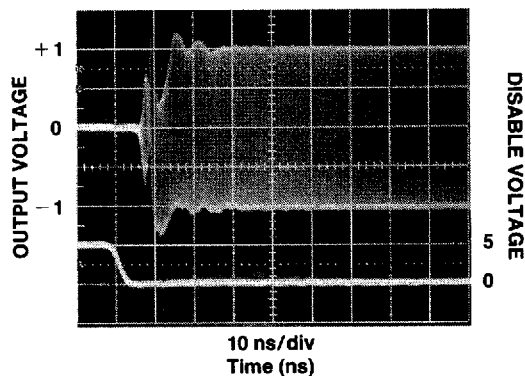
2071-7

Disable Response—EL2071C



2071-8

Enable Response—EL2071C



2071-9

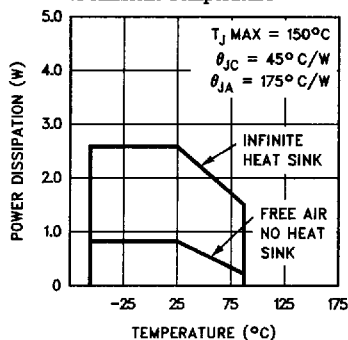
EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

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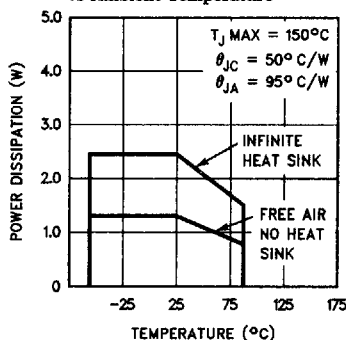
Typical Performance Curves — Contd.

8-Lead SO
Maximum Power Dissipation
vs Ambient Temperature



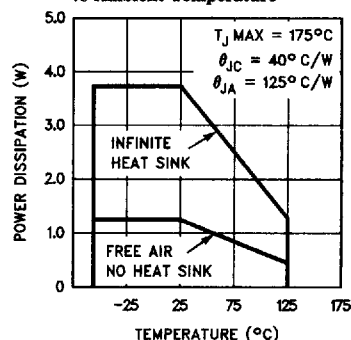
2071-10

8-Lead Plastic DIP
Maximum Power Dissipation
vs Ambient Temperature



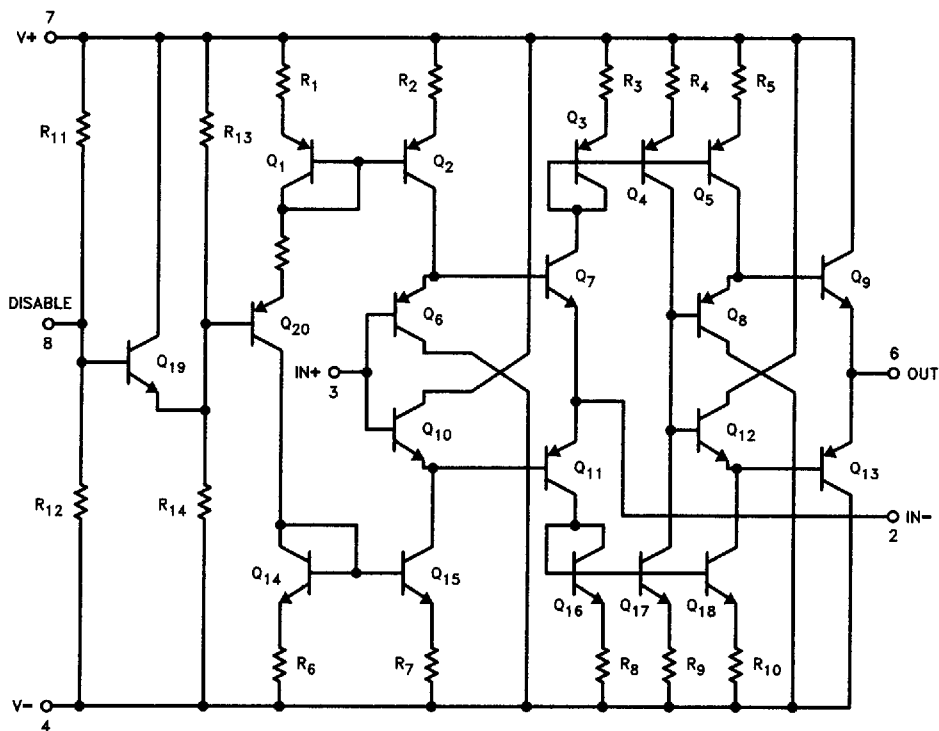
2071-11

8-Lead CerDIP
Maximum Power Dissipation
vs Ambient Temperature



2071-12

Equivalent Circuit



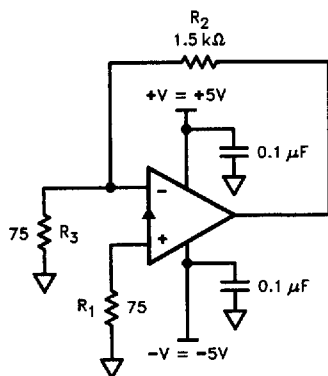
2071-13

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

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Burn-In Circuit



2071-14

ALL PACKAGES USE THE SAME SCHEMATIC.

Applications Information

Theory of Operation

The EL2071/EL2171 have a unity gain buffer from the non-inverting input to the inverting input. The error signal of the EL2071/EL2171 is a current flowing into (or out of) the inverting input. A very small change in current flowing through the inverting input will cause a large change in the output voltage. This current amplification is called the transimpedance (R_{OL}) of the EL2071/EL2171 [$V_{OUT} = (R_{OL}) * (-I_{IN})$]. Since R_{OL} is very large, the current flowing into the inverting input in the steady-state (non-slewing) condition is very small.

Therefore we can still use op-amp assumptions as a first-order approximation for circuit analysis, namely that:

1. The voltage across the inputs is approximately 0V.
2. The current into the inputs is approximately 0 mA.

Resistor Value Selection and Optimization

The value of the feedback resistor (and an internal capacitor) sets the AC dynamics of the EL2071/EL2171. The nominal value for the feedback resistor is 1.5 k Ω , which is the value used for production testing. This value guarantees stability. For a given closed-loop gain the bandwidth may be increased by decreasing the feedback resistor and, conversely, the bandwidth may be decreased by increasing the feedback resistor.

Reducing the feedback resistor too much will result in overshoot and ringing, and eventually oscillations. Increasing the feedback resistor results in a lower -3 dB frequency. Attenuation at high frequency is limited by a zero in the closed-loop transfer function which results from stray capacitance between the inverting input and ground. Consequently, it is very important to keep stray capacitance to a minimum at the inverting input.

Capacitive Feedback

The EL2071/EL2171 rely on their feedback resistor for proper compensation. A reduction of the impedance of the feedback element results in less stability, eventually resulting in oscillation. Therefore, circuit implementations which have capacitive feedback should not be used because of the capacitor's impedance reduction with frequency. Similarly, oscillations can occur when using the technique of placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to compensate for shunt capacitances from the inverting input to ground.

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

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EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

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Applications Information — Contd.

Printed Circuit Layout

As with any high frequency device, good PCB layout is necessary for optimum performance. Ground plane construction is a requirement, as is good power-supply bypassing close to the package. The inverting input is sensitive to stray capacitance, therefore connections at the inverting input should be minimal, close to the package, and constructed with as little coupling to the ground plane as possible.

Capacitance at the output node will reduce stability, eventually resulting in peaking, and finally oscillation if the capacitance is large enough. The design of the EL2071/EL2171 allow a larger capacitive load than comparable products, yet there are occasions when a series resistor before the capacitance may be needed. Please refer to the graphs to determine the proper resistor value needed.

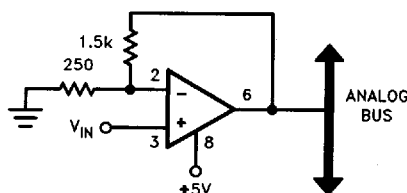
Disable/Enable Operation for EL2071C

The EL2071C has a disable/enable control input at pin 8. The device is enabled and operates normally when pin 8 is left open or returned to ground. When the voltage at pin 8 is brought to within 0.4V of pin 7 (V_S+), the EL2071C is disabled. The output becomes a high impedance, the inverting input is no longer driven to the positive input voltage, and the supply current is reduced to less than 2.2 mA. There are internal resistors which limit the current at pin 8 to a safe level ($\sim \pm 500 \mu A$) if pin 8 is shorted to either supply.

Typically, analog and digital circuits should have separate power supplies. This usually leads to

slight differences between the power supply voltages. The EL2071C's disable feature is dependent on the voltage at pins 8 and 7. Therefore, to operate the disable feature of the EL2071C dependably over temperature, it is recommended that the logic circuitry which drives pin 8 of the EL2071C operate from the same +5V supply as the EL2071C to avoid voltage differences between the digital and analog power supplies. Since V_{DIS} is temperature dependent, it is recommended that 5V CMOS logic (with a $V_{OH} > 4.6V$ sourcing $> 750 \mu A$ over temperature) be used to drive the disable pin of the EL2071C.

When disabled, (as well as in enabled mode), care must be taken to prevent a differential voltage between the + and - inputs greater than 5.0V. For example, in the figure below, the EL2071C is connected in a gain of +7 configuration and is disabled while the analog bus is driven externally to +5V. Pin 2 is consequently at +0.71V, and if V_{IN} is driven to -5V, then 5.71V appears between pins 3 and 2. Internally, this voltage appears across a forward biased V_{BE} in series with a reverse biased V_{BE} and is past the threshold for zenering the reverse biased V_{BE} . In a typical application, a 50 Ω or 75 Ω terminating resistor from pin 3 to ground will prevent pin 3 from approaching -5V.



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EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

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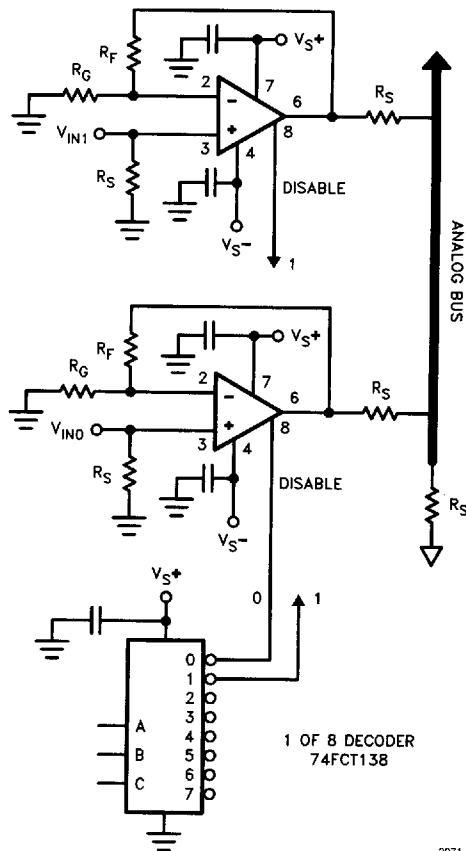
Applications Information — Contd.

Using the EL2071C as a Multiplexer

An interesting use of the enable feature is to combine several amplifiers in parallel with their outputs in common. This combination then acts similar to a MUX in front of an amplifier. A typical circuit is shown. The series resistance at each output helps to further increase isolation between amplifiers.

When the EL2071C is disabled, the DC output impedance is $>100\text{ k}\Omega$ in parallel with 2 pF capacitance.

To operate properly, the decoder that is used must have a $V_{OH} > (V_{S+}) - 0.4\text{V}$ with $I_{OH} = 750\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, and should be connected to the same power supply as the EL2071C.



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EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

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EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

ELANTEC INC

EL2071 Macromodel

* Revision A. March 1992

* Enhancements include PSRR, CMRR, and Slew Rate Limiting

* Connections: + input

*		- input			
*			+ Vsupply		
*			- Vsupply		
*				output	
*					
.subckt M2071	3	2	7	4	6

* Input Stage

e1 10 0 3 0 1.0

vis 10 9 0V

h2 9 12 vxx 1.0

r1 2 11 2

l1 11 12 1nH

iinp 3 0 10 μ Aiinm 2 0 10 μ A

* Slew Rate Limiting

*h1 13 0 vis 1K

h1 13 0 vis 600

r2 13 14 100

d1 14 0 dclamp

d2 0 14 dclamp

* High Frequency Pole

*e2 30 0 14 0 0.001666666666

e2 30 0 14 0 0.001

l3 30 17 1.0 μ H

c5 17 0 0.1pF

r5 17 0 500

* Transimpedance Stage

g1 0 18 17 0 1.0

rol 18 0 1Meg

cdp 18 0 0.88pF

* Output Stage

q1 4 18 19 qp

q2 7 18 20 qn

q3 7 19 21 qn

q4 4 20 22 qp

r7 21 6 2

r8 22 6 2

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EL2071 Macromodel — Contd.

ios1 7 19 2.5mA

ios2 20 4 2.5mA

*

* Supply Current

*

ips 7 4 9mA

*

* Error Terms

*

ivos 0 23 3mA

vxx 23 0 0V

e4 24 0 6 0 1.0

e5 25 0 7 0 1.0

e6 26 0 4 0 1.0

r9 24 23 316

r10 25 23 562

r11 26 23 562

*

* Models

*

.model qn npn (is = 5e-15 bf = 500 tf = 0.05nS)

.model qp pnp (is = 5e-15 bf = 500 tf = 0.05nS)

.model dclamp d(is = 1e-30 ibv = 1pA bv = 3.5 n = 4)

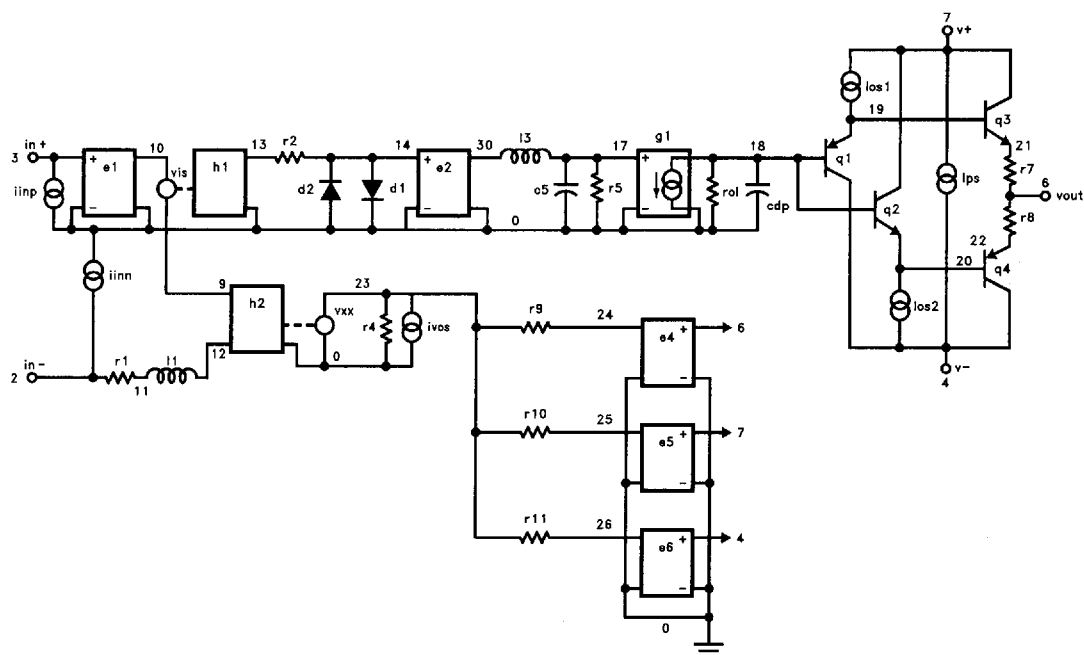
.ends

EL2071C/EL2171/EL2171C

150 MHz Current Feedback Amplifier

ELANTEC INC

EL2071 Macromodel



2071-17