

## AM Receiver for AM Stereo

**TDA 4010**

### Preliminary Data

**Bipolar IC**

### Features

- Internal demodulation
- Search tuning stop signal
- Low total harmonic distortion
- Minimal IF leakage at the AF output
- 2-stage integrated low pass
- Standard IF-output

Type	Ordering Code	Package
TDA 4010	Q67000-A8074	P-DIP-18

### Circuit Description

Compared to TDA 4001 the TDA 4010 is an extended AM-receiver. This type is suitable for applications in car radios.

The IF-output  $V_{QIF}$  is at pin 15.

The monolithic integrated bipolar receiver has been designed to convert, amplify and demodulate AM-signals. In addition, the component provides a search tuning pulse.

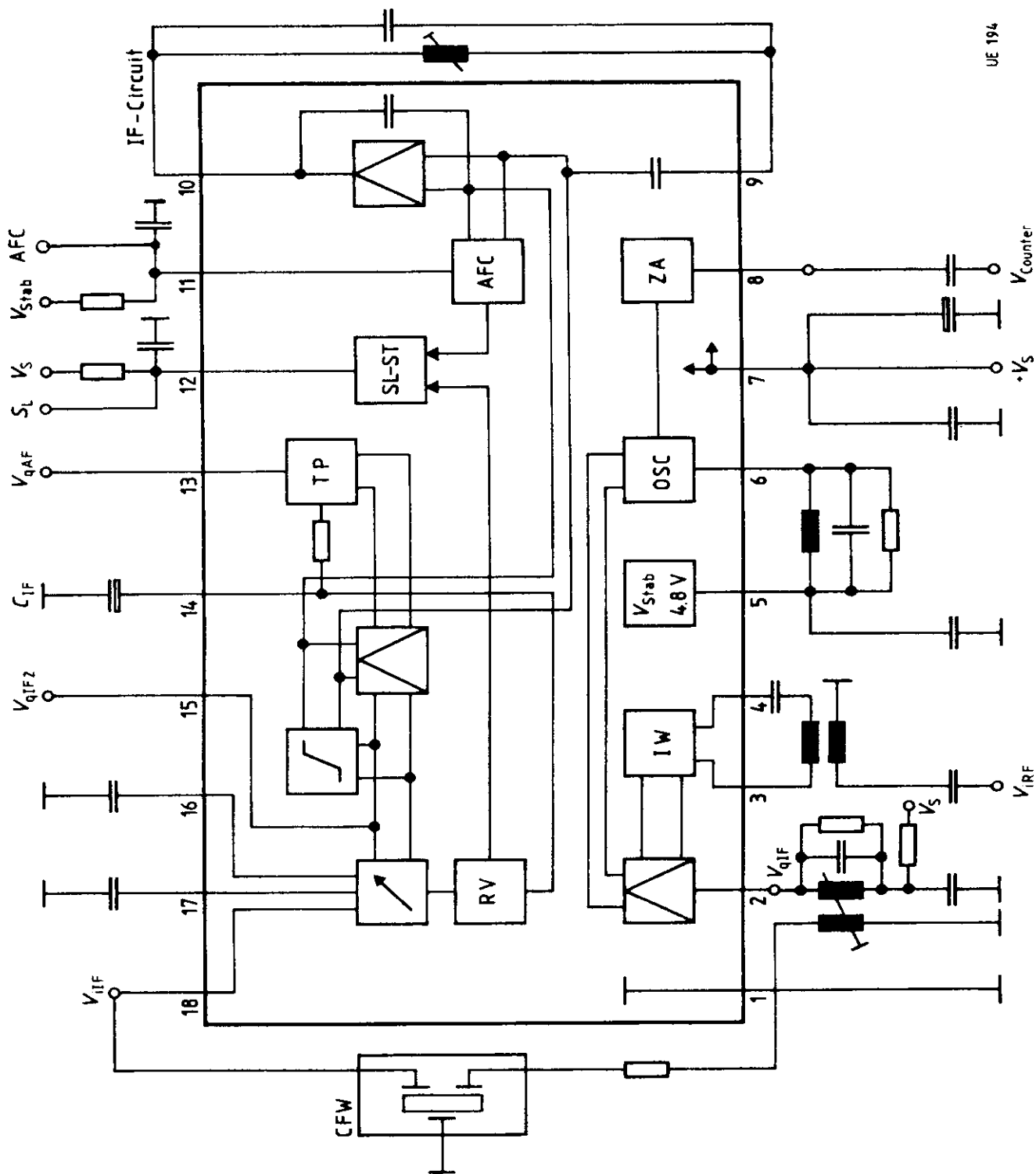
The search tuning stop pulses are processed from the input signal.

The standard AM-IF signal is available at the output of the IF-receiver.

The impedance converter forwards the input signal  $V_{iRF}$  to the symmetrical double balanced mixer. Subsequently the signal is converted to IF with the amplitude-controlled oscillator. An external filter forwards the IF signal to the controlled IF amplifier. The amplifier IF signal and the carrier signal will be converted to AF in the subsequent synchronous demodulator. The 2-stage low pass filter forwards the available AF to the AF output.

Via an additional limiter amplifier (LA), the AF uses the carrier signal to control the coincidence demodulator (CD). The output signal of the coincidence demodulator provides the stop pulse during exact tuning and sufficient field strength.

Block Diagram



**Pin Functions**

<b>Pin No.</b>	<b>Function</b>
1	Ground
2	Mixer output, IF circuit
3	RF-input
4	RF-input
5	V <sub>Stab</sub>
6	Oscillator
7	Supply voltage
8	Counter output
9	FM-demodulator circuit IF circuit
10	FM-demodulator circuit IF circuit
11	AFC-output
12	Search tuning stop output
13	AF-output
14	IF-time constant
15	Controlled IF-output
16	IF-operating point follow up device
17	IF-operating point follow up device
18	IF-input

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit
		min.	max.	
Operating voltage	$V_S$		16.5	V
Current consumption	$I_S$		33	mA
Junction temperature	$T_j$		150	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	- 40	125	°C

**Thermal Resistance**

Chip ambient	$R_{th\ SU}$		78	K/W
Chip package	$R_{th\ SG}$			

**Operating Range**

Operating voltage	$V_S$	7	15	V
Temperature range	$T_A$	- 25	85	°C

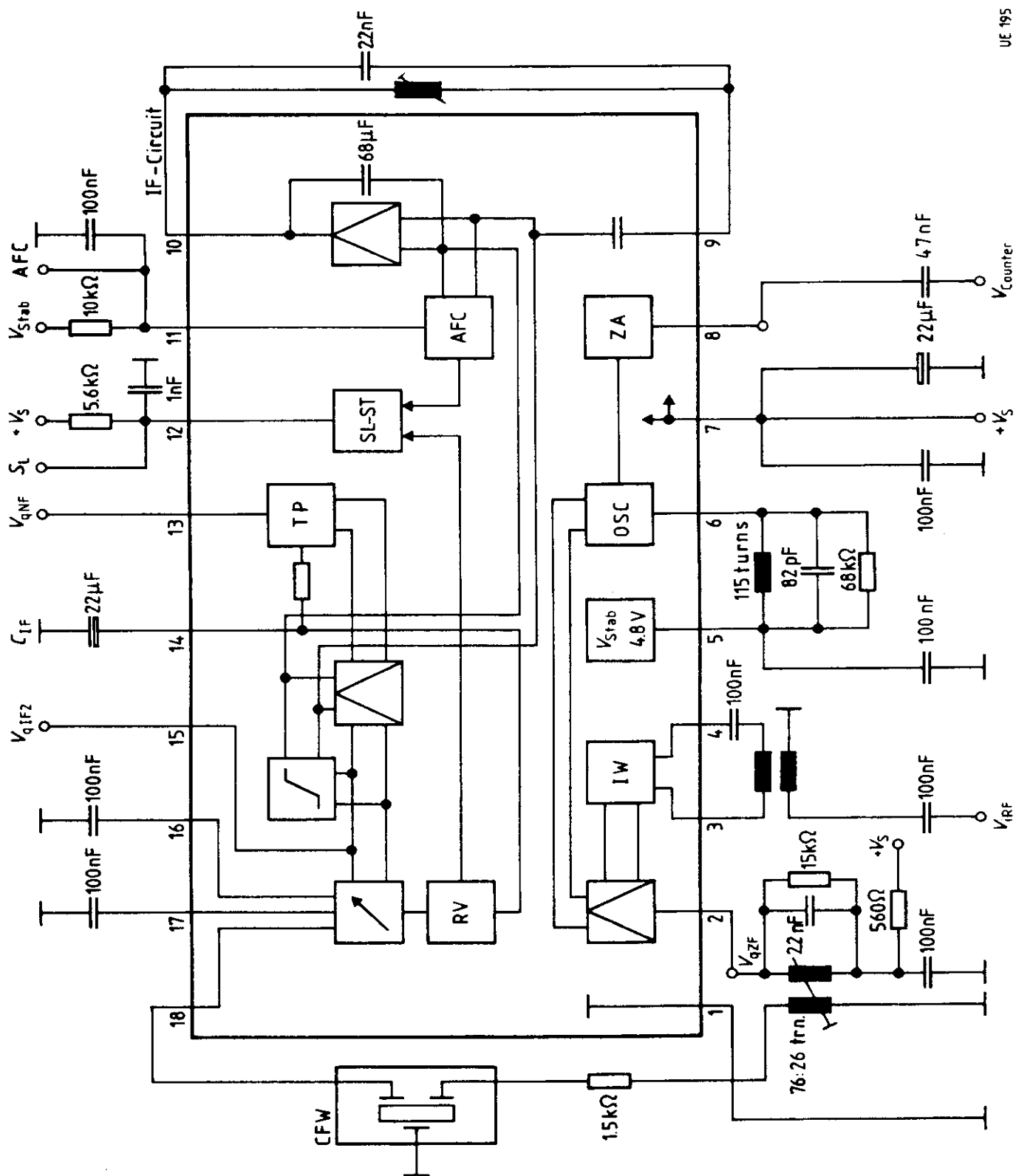
**Characteristics** $V_S = 12\text{ V}; T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
Current consumption	$I_S$	9	15	30	mA	
Reference voltage	$V_{\text{Stab}}$	4.2	4.8	5.4	V	
IF-output voltage	$V_{\text{QIF}}$	600	800 300	1000	mV <sub>rms</sub> mV <sub>rms</sub>	$m = 0.8$ $m = 0.3$
Total harmonic distortion	$THD$	$m = 0.8$		2.5 1	% %	$m = 0.8$ $m = 0.3$
IF-output voltage	$V_{\text{QIF}}$			3	dB	$20 \times \lg(V_{\text{QNF}}/30\text{mV}0:$ $V_{\text{QNF}}/1\text{mV})$
Input sensitivity	$V_{\text{IRF}}$	30	30		$\mu\text{V rms}$	$V_{\text{QNF}}$ for $V_{\text{ihf}} =$ $1\text{mV} - 3\text{dB}$
Signal-to-noise ratio	$\frac{S+N}{N}$		6		dB	$m = 0.3 V_{\text{ihf}} =$ $10\mu\text{Vrms}$
Signal-to-noise	$S+N$	44	46		dB	$m = 0.3 V_{\text{ihf}} = 1\text{mV}$
Oscillator voltage	$V_{\text{osc}}$		100		mV pp	
Counter output voltage	$V_{\text{oc}}$			100	mV pp	
Control range ( $\Delta V_{\text{qIF}} = 6\text{dB}$ )	$a$	60			dB	
3dB limit frequency of the integrated TP	$f_g$		5		kHz	

**Characteristics (cont'd)** $V_S = 12\text{ V}; T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
IF-suppression	$a_{IF}$		40		dB	
Conversion gain	$V_m$		30		dB	
IF-output pin 15	$V_{QIF}$	8	10	22	mV <sub>rms</sub>	1M $\Omega$ /1.5pF
AFC-offset current without signal	$I_{AFC}$			$\pm 25$	$\mu\text{A}$	
AFC-offset current over control range	$\Delta I_{AFC}$			$\pm 25$	$\mu\text{A}$	
AFC-current	$I_{AFC}$	$\pm 60$		$\pm 100$	$\mu\text{A}$	$f_{IF} = 1\text{MHz} \pm 3\text{kHz}$
SLS-output voltage	$V_{12}$			0.4	V	$f_{IF} = 455\text{kHz}$
SLS-output voltage	$V_{12}$	11			V	$f_{IF} = 0\text{V}$
SLS-output voltage	$V_{12}$	11			V	$f_{IF} > 455\text{kHz} + 3\text{kHz}$
SLS-output voltage	$V_{12}$	11			V	$f_{IF} > 455\text{kHz} - 3\text{kHz}$
Input impedance	$Z_{IRF}$		10/1.5		k $\Omega$ //pF	pin 3, 4
Input impedance	$Z_{IRF}$		3.3/1.5		k $\Omega$ //pF	pin 18

## Test Circuit



UE 195