

Features

- High-performance, Low-power AVR[®] 8-bit Microcontroller
- RISC Architecture
 - 130 Powerful Instructions – Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
 - Up to 16 MIPS Throughput at 16 MHz
 - On-chip 2-cycle Multiplier
- Nonvolatile Program and Data Memories
 - 8K Bytes of In-System Self-programmable Flash
 - Endurance: 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock bits
 - In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program
 - True Read-While-Write Operation
 - 512 Bytes EEPROM
 - Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - 512 Bytes Internal SRAM
 - Up to 64K Bytes Optional External Memory Space
 - Programming Lock for Software Security
- Peripheral Features
 - One 8-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode
 - One 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare Mode, and Capture Mode
 - Three PWM Channels
 - Programmable Serial USART
 - Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
 - On-chip Analog Comparator
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
 - Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Three Sleep Modes: Idle, Power-down and Standby
- I/O and Packages
 - 35 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 40-pin PDIP, 44-lead TQFP, 44-lead PLCC, and 44-pad MLF
- Operating Voltages
 - 2.7 - 5.5V for ATmega8515L
 - 4.5 - 5.5V for ATmega8515
- Speed Grades
 - 0 - 8 MHz for ATmega8515L
 - 0 - 16 MHz for ATmega8515



8-bit AVR[®]
Microcontroller
with 8K Bytes
In-System
Programmable
Flash

ATmega8515
ATmega8515L

Summary

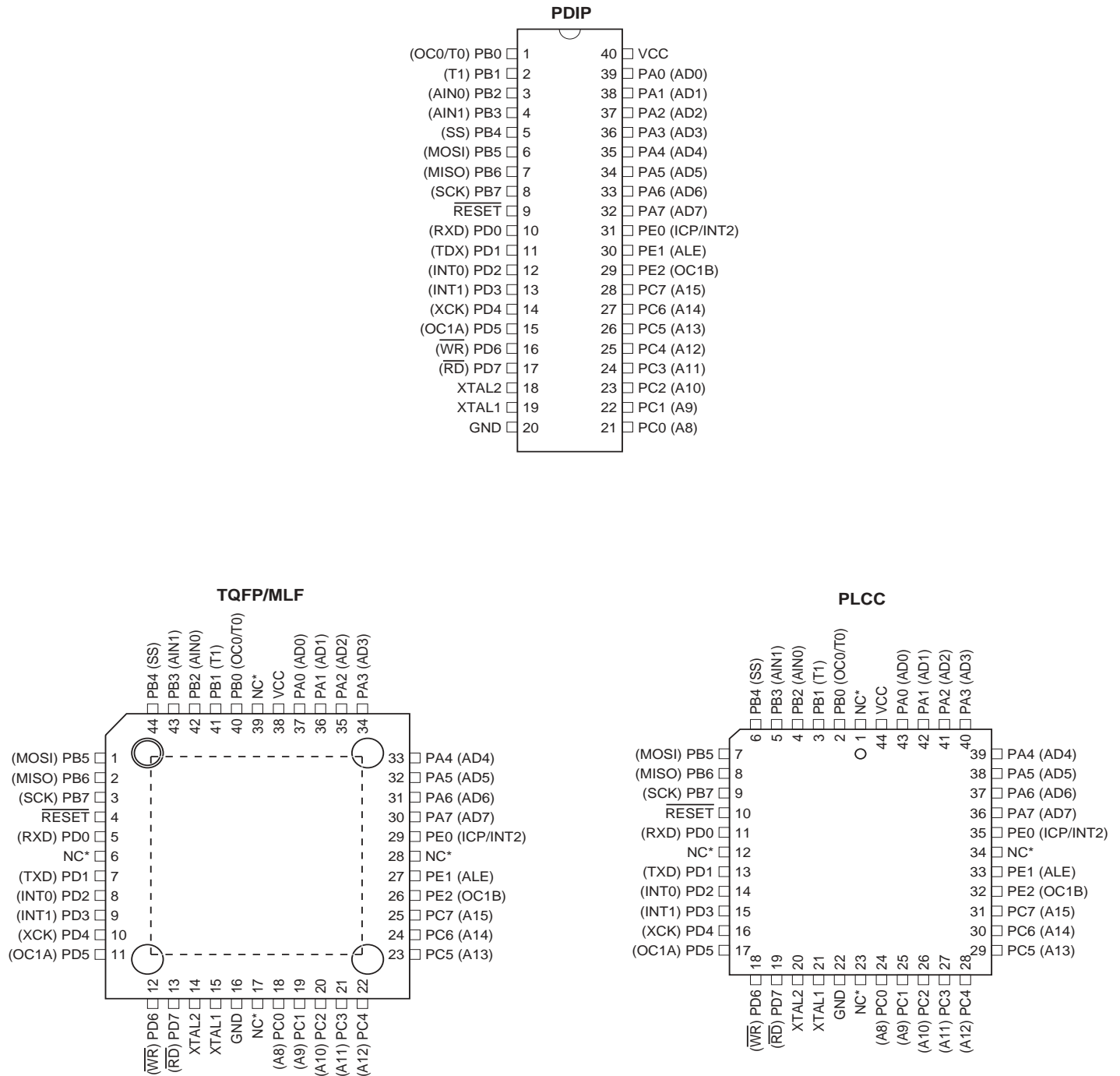
Rev. 2512ES-AVR-09/03



Note: This is a summary document. A complete document is available on our Web site at www.atmel.com.

Pin Configurations

Figure 1. Pinout ATmega8515



NOTES:

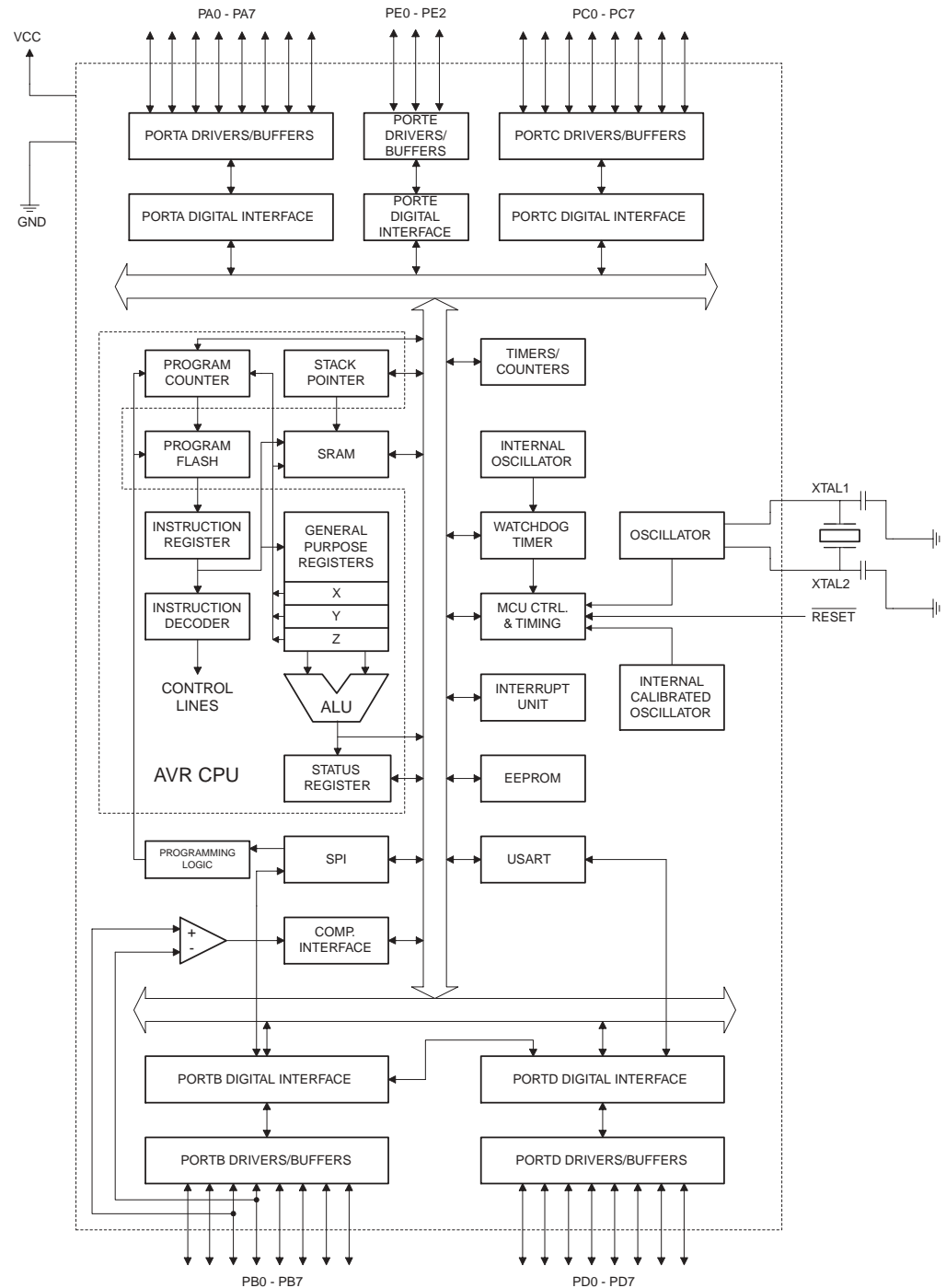
1. MLF bottom pad should be soldered to ground.
2. * NC = Do not connect (May be used in future devices)

Overview

The ATmega8515 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATmega8515 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

Block Diagram

Figure 2. Block Diagram





The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATmega8515 provides the following features: 8K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 512 bytes EEPROM, 512 bytes SRAM, an External memory interface, 35 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, two flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes, Internal and External interrupts, a Serial Programmable USART, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal Oscillator, a SPI serial port, and three software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, SPI port, and Interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the Register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or hardware reset. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low-power consumption.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density nonvolatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the Program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional nonvolatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the Application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega8515 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega8515 is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro assemblers, Program debugger/simulators, In-circuit Emulators, and Evaluation kits.

Disclaimer

Typical values contained in this datasheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology. Min and Max values will be available after the device is characterized.

AT90S4414/8515 and ATmega8515 Compatibility

The ATmega8515 provides all the features of the AT90S4414/8515. In addition, several new features are added. The ATmega8515 is backward compatible with AT90S4414/8515 in most cases. However, some incompatibilities between the two microcontrollers exist. To solve this problem, an AT90S4414/8515 compatibility mode can be selected by programming the S8515C Fuse. ATmega8515 is 100% pin compatible with AT90S4414/8515, and can replace the AT90S4414/8515 on current printed circuit boards. However, the location of Fuse bits and the electrical characteristics differs between the two devices.

AT90S4414/8515 Compatibility Mode

Programming the S8515C Fuse will change the following functionality:

- The timed sequence for changing the Watchdog Time-out period is disabled. See "Timed Sequences for Changing the Configuration of the Watchdog Timer" on page 52 for details.
- The double buffering of the USART Receive Registers is disabled. See "AVR USART vs. AVR UART – Compatibility" on page 135 for details.
- PORTE(2:1) will be set as output, and PORTE0 will be set as input.

Pin Descriptions

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| VCC | Digital supply voltage. |
| GND | Ground. |
| Port A (PA7..PA0) | <p>Port A is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. When pins PA0 to PA7 are used as inputs and are externally pulled low, they will source current if the internal pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.</p> <p>Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega8515 as listed on page 66.</p> |
| Port B (PB7..PB0) | <p>Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.</p> <p>Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega8515 as listed on page 66.</p> |
| Port C (PC7..PC0) | <p>Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.</p> |
| Port D (PD7..PD0) | <p>Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.</p> <p>Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega8515 as listed on page 71.</p> |
| Port E (PE2..PE0) | <p>Port E is an 3-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port E output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port E pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port E pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.</p> <p>Port E also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega8515 as listed on page 73.</p> |
| RESET | Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 18 on page 45. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset. |
| XTAL1 | Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit. |
| XTAL2 | Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier. |

Register Summary

| Address | Name | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 | Page |
|---|----------|--|--------|--------|---------|------------|--------|--------|--------|------------|
| \$3F (\$5F) | SREG | I | T | H | S | V | N | Z | C | 9 |
| \$3E (\$5E) | SPH | SP15 | SP14 | SP13 | SP12 | SP11 | SP10 | SP9 | SP8 | 11 |
| \$3D (\$5D) | SPL | SP7 | SP6 | SP5 | SP4 | SP3 | SP2 | SP1 | SP0 | 11 |
| \$3C (\$5C) | Reserved | | | | | | | | | |
| \$3B (\$5B) | GICR | INT1 | INT0 | INT2 | - | - | - | IVSEL | IVCE | 56, 77 |
| \$3A (\$5A) | GIFR | INTF1 | INTF0 | INTF2 | - | - | - | - | - | 78 |
| \$39 (\$59) | TIMSK | TOIE1 | OCIE1A | OCIE1B | - | TICIE1 | - | TOIE0 | OCIE0 | 92, 123 |
| \$38 (\$58) | TIFR | TOV1 | OCF1A | OCF1B | - | ICF1 | - | TOV0 | OCF0 | 92, 124 |
| \$37 (\$57) | SPMCR | SPMIE | RWWWSB | - | RWWWSRE | BLBSET | PGWRT | PGERS | SPMEN | 168 |
| \$36 (\$56) | EMCUCR | SM0 | SRL2 | SRL1 | SRL0 | SRW01 | SRW00 | SRW11 | ISC2 | 28, 41, 77 |
| \$35 (\$55) | MCUCR | SRE | SRW10 | SE | SM1 | ISC11 | ISC10 | ISC01 | ISC00 | 28, 40, 76 |
| \$34 (\$54) | MCUCSR | - | - | SM2 | - | WDRF | BORF | EXTRF | PORF | 40, 48 |
| \$33 (\$53) | TCCR0 | FOC0 | WGM00 | COM01 | COM00 | WGM01 | CS02 | CS01 | CS00 | 90 |
| \$32 (\$52) | TCNT0 | Timer/Counter0 (8 Bits) | | | | | | | | 92 |
| \$31 (\$51) | OCR0 | Timer/Counter0 Output Compare Register | | | | | | | | 92 |
| \$30 (\$50) | SFIOR | - | XMBK | XMM2 | XMM1 | XMM0 | PUD | - | PSR10 | 30, 65, 95 |
| \$2F (\$4F) | TCCR1A | COM1A1 | COM1A0 | COM1B1 | COM1B0 | FOC1A | FOC1B | WGM11 | WGM10 | 118 |
| \$2E (\$4E) | TCCR1B | ICNC1 | ICES1 | - | WGM13 | WGM12 | CS12 | CS11 | CS10 | 121 |
| \$2D (\$4D) | TCNT1H | Timer/Counter1 - Counter Register High Byte | | | | | | | | 122 |
| \$2C (\$4C) | TCNT1L | Timer/Counter1 - Counter Register Low Byte | | | | | | | | 122 |
| \$2B (\$4B) | OCR1AH | Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register A High Byte | | | | | | | | 122 |
| \$2A (\$4A) | OCR1AL | Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register A Low Byte | | | | | | | | 122 |
| \$29 (\$49) | OCR1BH | Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register B High Byte | | | | | | | | 122 |
| \$28 (\$48) | OCR1BL | Timer/Counter1 - Output Compare Register B Low Byte | | | | | | | | 122 |
| \$27 (\$47) | Reserved | | | | | | | | | - |
| \$26 (\$46) | Reserved | | | | | | | | | - |
| \$25 (\$45) | ICR1H | Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register High Byte | | | | | | | | 123 |
| \$24 (\$44) | ICR1L | Timer/Counter1 - Input Capture Register Low Byte | | | | | | | | 123 |
| \$23 (\$43) | Reserved | | | | | | | | | - |
| \$22 (\$42) | Reserved | | | | | | | | | - |
| \$21 (\$41) | WDTCSR | - | - | - | WDCE | WDE | WDP2 | WDP1 | WDP0 | 50 |
| \$20 ⁽¹⁾ (\$40) ⁽¹⁾ | UBRRH | URSEL | - | - | - | UBRR[11:8] | | | | 157 |
| | UCSRC | URSEL | UMSEL | UPM1 | UPM0 | USBS | UCSZ1 | UCSZ0 | UCPOL | 155 |
| \$1F (\$3F) | EEARH | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | EEAR8 | 18 |
| \$1E (\$3E) | EEARL | EEPROM Address Register Low Byte | | | | | | | | 18 |
| \$1D (\$3D) | EEDR | EEPROM Data Register | | | | | | | | 19 |
| \$1C (\$3C) | EECR | - | - | - | - | EERIE | EEMWE | EEWE | EERE | 19 |
| \$1B (\$3B) | PORTA | PORTA7 | PORTA6 | PORTA5 | PORTA4 | PORTA3 | PORTA2 | PORTA1 | PORTA0 | 74 |
| \$1A (\$3A) | DDRA | DDA7 | DDA6 | DDA5 | DDA4 | DDA3 | DDA2 | DDA1 | DDA0 | 74 |
| \$19 (\$39) | PINA | PINA7 | PINA6 | PINA5 | PINA4 | PINA3 | PINA2 | PINA1 | PINA0 | 74 |
| \$18 (\$38) | PORTB | PORTB7 | PORTB6 | PORTB5 | PORTB4 | PORTB3 | PORTB2 | PORTB1 | PORTB0 | 74 |
| \$17 (\$37) | DDRB | DDB7 | DDB6 | DDB5 | DDB4 | DDB3 | DDB2 | DDB1 | DDB0 | 74 |
| \$16 (\$36) | PINB | PINB7 | PINB6 | PINB5 | PINB4 | PINB3 | PINB2 | PINB1 | PINB0 | 74 |
| \$15 (\$35) | PORTC | PORTC7 | PORTC6 | PORTC5 | PORTC4 | PORTC3 | PORTC2 | PORTC1 | PORTC0 | 74 |
| \$14 (\$34) | DDRC | DDC7 | DDC6 | DDC5 | DDC4 | DDC3 | DDC2 | DDC1 | DDC0 | 74 |
| \$13 (\$33) | PINC | PINC7 | PINC6 | PINC5 | PINC4 | PINC3 | PINC2 | PINC1 | PINC0 | 75 |
| \$12 (\$32) | PORTD | PORTD7 | PORTD6 | PORTD5 | PORTD4 | PORTD3 | PORTD2 | PORTD1 | PORTD0 | 75 |
| \$11 (\$31) | DDRD | DDD7 | DDD6 | DDD5 | DDD4 | DDD3 | DDD2 | DDD1 | DDD0 | 75 |
| \$10 (\$30) | PIND | PIND7 | PIND6 | PIND5 | PIND4 | PIND3 | PIND2 | PIND1 | PIND0 | 75 |
| \$0F (\$2F) | SPDR | SPI Data Register | | | | | | | | 131 |
| \$0E (\$2E) | SPSR | SPIF | WCOL | - | - | - | - | - | SPI2X | 131 |
| \$0D (\$2D) | SPCR | SPIE | SPE | DORD | MSTR | CPOL | CPHA | SPR1 | SPR0 | 129 |
| \$0C (\$2C) | UDR | USART I/O Data Register | | | | | | | | 153 |
| \$0B (\$2B) | UCSRA | RXC | TXC | UDRE | FE | DOR | PE | U2X | MPCM | 153 |
| \$0A (\$2A) | UCSRB | RXCIE | TXCIE | UDRIE | RXEN | TXEN | UCSZ2 | RXB8 | TXB8 | 154 |
| \$09 (\$29) | UBRR1L | USART Baud Rate Register Low Byte | | | | | | | | 157 |
| \$08 (\$28) | ACSR | ACD | ACBG | ACO | ACI | ACIE | ACIC | ACIS1 | ACIS0 | 162 |
| \$07 (\$27) | PORTE | - | - | - | - | - | PORTE2 | PORTE1 | PORTE0 | 75 |
| \$06 (\$26) | DDRE | - | - | - | - | - | DDE2 | DDE1 | DDE0 | 75 |
| \$05 (\$25) | PINE | - | - | - | - | - | PINE2 | PINE1 | PINE0 | 75 |
| \$04 (\$24) | OSCCAL | Oscillator Calibration Register | | | | | | | | 38 |

Notes: 1. Refer to the USART description for details on how to access UBRRH and UCSRC.
2. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.

3. Some of the Status Flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O Register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers \$00 to \$1F only.

Instruction Set Summary

| Mnemonics | Operands | Description | Operation | Flags | #Clocks |
|--|----------|--|---|------------|---------|
| ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS | | | | | |
| ADD | Rd, Rr | Add two Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| ADC | Rd, Rr | Add with Carry two Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| ADIW | Rdl,K | Add Immediate to Word | $Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl + K$ | Z,C,N,V,S | 2 |
| SUB | Rd, Rr | Subtract two Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SUBI | Rd, K | Subtract Constant from Register | $Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBC | Rd, Rr | Subtract with Carry two Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBCI | Rd, K | Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg. | $Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBIW | Rdl,K | Subtract Immediate from Word | $Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$ | Z,C,N,V,S | 2 |
| AND | Rd, Rr | Logical AND Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| ANDI | Rd, K | Logical AND Register and Constant | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| OR | Rd, Rr | Logical OR Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| ORI | Rd, K | Logical OR Register and Constant | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| EOR | Rd, Rr | Exclusive OR Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| COM | Rd | One's Complement | $Rd \leftarrow \$FF - Rd$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| NEG | Rd | Two's Complement | $Rd \leftarrow \$00 - Rd$ | Z,C,N,V,H | 1 |
| SBR | Rd,K | Set Bit(s) in Register | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| CBR | Rd,K | Clear Bit(s) in Register | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (\$FF - K)$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| INC | Rd | Increment | $Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| DEC | Rd | Decrement | $Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| TST | Rd | Test for Zero or Minus | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| CLR | Rd | Clear Register | $Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$ | Z,N,V | 1 |
| SER | Rd | Set Register | $Rd \leftarrow \$FF$ | None | 1 |
| MUL | Rd, Rr | Multiply Unsigned | $R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$ | Z,C | 2 |
| MULS | Rd, Rr | Multiply Signed | $R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$ | Z,C | 2 |
| MULSU | Rd, Rr | Multiply Signed with Unsigned | $R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$ | Z,C | 2 |
| FMUL | Rd, Rr | Fractional Multiply Unsigned | $R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$ | Z,C | 2 |
| FMULS | Rd, Rr | Fractional Multiply Signed | $R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$ | Z,C | 2 |
| FMULSU | Rd, Rr | Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned | $R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$ | Z,C | 2 |
| BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS | | | | | |
| RJMP | k | Relative Jump | $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 2 |
| IJMP | | Indirect Jump to (Z) | $PC \leftarrow Z$ | None | 2 |
| RCALL | k | Relative Subroutine Call | $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 3 |
| ICALL | | Indirect Call to (Z) | $PC \leftarrow Z$ | None | 3 |
| RET | | Subroutine Return | $PC \leftarrow STACK$ | None | 4 |
| RETI | | Interrupt Return | $PC \leftarrow STACK$ | I | 4 |
| CPSE | Rd,Rr | Compare, Skip if Equal | if (Rd = Rr) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| CP | Rd,Rr | Compare | $Rd - Rr$ | Z, N,V,C,H | 1 |
| CPC | Rd,Rr | Compare with Carry | $Rd - Rr - C$ | Z, N,V,C,H | 1 |
| CPI | Rd,K | Compare Register with Immediate | $Rd - K$ | Z, N,V,C,H | 1 |
| SBRC | Rr, b | Skip if Bit in Register Cleared | if (Rr(b)=0) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBRS | Rr, b | Skip if Bit in Register is Set | if (Rr(b)=1) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBIC | P, b | Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared | if (P(b)=0) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| SBIS | P, b | Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set | if (P(b)=1) $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3 | None | 1/2/3 |
| BRBS | s, k | Branch if Status Flag Set | if (SREG(s) = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRBC | s, k | Branch if Status Flag Cleared | if (SREG(s) = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BREQ | k | Branch if Equal | if (Z = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRNE | k | Branch if Not Equal | if (Z = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRCS | k | Branch if Carry Set | if (C = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRCC | k | Branch if Carry Cleared | if (C = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRSH | k | Branch if Same or Higher | if (C = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRLO | k | Branch if Lower | if (C = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRMI | k | Branch if Minus | if (N = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRPL | k | Branch if Plus | if (N = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRGE | k | Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed | if (N \oplus V = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRLT | k | Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed | if (N \oplus V = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRHS | k | Branch if Half Carry Flag Set | if (H = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRHC | k | Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared | if (H = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRTS | k | Branch if T Flag Set | if (T = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRTC | k | Branch if T Flag Cleared | if (T = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRVS | k | Branch if Overflow Flag is Set | if (V = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRVC | k | Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared | if (V = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRIE | k | Branch if Interrupt Enabled | if (I = 1) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |
| BRID | k | Branch if Interrupt Disabled | if (I = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ | None | 1/2 |

| Mnemonics | Operands | Description | Operation | Flags | #Clocks |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--|---------|---------|
| DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS | | | | | |
| MOV | Rd, Rr | Move Between Registers | $Rd \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 1 |
| MOVW | Rd, Rr | Copy Register Word | $Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$ | None | 1 |
| LDI | Rd, K | Load Immediate | $Rd \leftarrow K$ | None | 1 |
| LD | Rd, X | Load Indirect | $Rd \leftarrow (X)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, X+ | Load Indirect and Post-Inc. | $Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, -X | Load Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $X \leftarrow X - 1, Rd \leftarrow (X)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Y | Load Indirect | $Rd \leftarrow (Y)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Y+ | Load Indirect and Post-Inc. | $Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, -Y | Load Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $Y \leftarrow Y - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Y)$ | None | 2 |
| LDD | Rd, Y+q | Load Indirect with Displacement | $Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Z | Load Indirect | $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, Z+ | Load Indirect and Post-Inc. | $Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z + 1$ | None | 2 |
| LD | Rd, -Z | Load Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $Z \leftarrow Z - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Z)$ | None | 2 |
| LDD | Rd, Z+q | Load Indirect with Displacement | $Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$ | None | 2 |
| LDS | Rd, k | Load Direct from SRAM | $Rd \leftarrow (k)$ | None | 2 |
| ST | X, Rr | Store Indirect | $(X) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| ST | X+, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Inc. | $(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$ | None | 2 |
| ST | -X, Rr | Store Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| ST | Y, Rr | Store Indirect | $(Y) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| ST | Y+, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Inc. | $(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$ | None | 2 |
| ST | -Y, Rr | Store Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| STD | Y+q, Rr | Store Indirect with Displacement | $(Y + q) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| ST | Z, Rr | Store Indirect | $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| ST | Z+, Rr | Store Indirect and Post-Inc. | $(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$ | None | 2 |
| ST | -Z, Rr | Store Indirect and Pre-Dec. | $Z \leftarrow Z - 1, (Z) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| STD | Z+q, Rr | Store Indirect with Displacement | $(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| STS | k, Rr | Store Direct to SRAM | $(k) \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| LPM | | Load Program memory | $R0 \leftarrow (Z)$ | None | 3 |
| LPM | Rd, Z | Load Program memory | $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$ | None | 3 |
| LPM | Rd, Z+ | Load Program memory and Post-Inc | $Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z + 1$ | None | 3 |
| SPM | | Store Program memory | $(Z) \leftarrow R1:R0$ | None | - |
| IN | Rd, P | In Port | $Rd \leftarrow P$ | None | 1 |
| OUT | P, Rr | Out Port | $P \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 1 |
| PUSH | Rr | Push Register on Stack | $STACK \leftarrow Rr$ | None | 2 |
| POP | Rd | Pop Register from Stack | $Rd \leftarrow STACK$ | None | 2 |
| BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS | | | | | |
| SBI | P.b | Set Bit in I/O Register | $I/O(P.b) \leftarrow 1$ | None | 2 |
| CBI | P.b | Clear Bit in I/O Register | $I/O(P.b) \leftarrow 0$ | None | 2 |
| LSL | Rd | Logical Shift Left | $Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| LSR | Rd | Logical Shift Right | $Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| ROL | Rd | Rotate Left Through Carry | $Rd(0) \leftarrow C, Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), C \leftarrow Rd(7)$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| ROR | Rd | Rotate Right Through Carry | $Rd(7) \leftarrow C, Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), C \leftarrow Rd(0)$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| ASR | Rd | Arithmetic Shift Right | $Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=0..6$ | Z,C,N,V | 1 |
| SWAP | Rd | Swap Nibbles | $Rd(3..0) \leftarrow Rd(7..4), Rd(7..4) \leftarrow Rd(3..0)$ | None | 1 |
| BSET | s | Flag Set | $SREG(s) \leftarrow 1$ | SREG(s) | 1 |
| BCLR | s | Flag Clear | $SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$ | SREG(s) | 1 |
| BST | Rr, b | Bit Store from Register to T | $T \leftarrow Rr(b)$ | T | 1 |
| BLD | Rd, b | Bit load from T to Register | $Rd(b) \leftarrow T$ | None | 1 |
| SEC | | Set Carry | $C \leftarrow 1$ | C | 1 |
| CLC | | Clear Carry | $C \leftarrow 0$ | C | 1 |
| SEN | | Set Negative Flag | $N \leftarrow 1$ | N | 1 |
| CLN | | Clear Negative Flag | $N \leftarrow 0$ | N | 1 |
| SEZ | | Set Zero Flag | $Z \leftarrow 1$ | Z | 1 |
| CLZ | | Clear Zero Flag | $Z \leftarrow 0$ | Z | 1 |
| SEI | | Global Interrupt Enable | $I \leftarrow 1$ | I | 1 |
| CLI | | Global Interrupt Disable | $I \leftarrow 0$ | I | 1 |
| SES | | Set Signed Test Flag | $S \leftarrow 1$ | S | 1 |
| CLS | | Clear Signed Test Flag | $S \leftarrow 0$ | S | 1 |
| SEV | | Set Twos Complement Overflow. | $V \leftarrow 1$ | V | 1 |
| CLV | | Clear Twos Complement Overflow | $V \leftarrow 0$ | V | 1 |
| SET | | Set T in SREG | $T \leftarrow 1$ | T | 1 |
| CLT | | Clear T in SREG | $T \leftarrow 0$ | T | 1 |
| SEH | | Set Half Carry Flag in SREG | $H \leftarrow 1$ | H | 1 |
| CLH | | Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG | $H \leftarrow 0$ | H | 1 |
| MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS | | | | | |



| Mnemonics | Operands | Description | Operation | Flags | #Clocks |
|-----------|----------|----------------|--|-------|---------|
| NOP | | No Operation | | None | 1 |
| SLEEP | | Sleep | (see specific descr. for Sleep function) | None | 1 |
| WDR | | Watchdog Reset | (see specific descr. for WDR/timer) | None | 1 |

Ordering Information

| Speed (MHz) | Power Supply | Ordering Code | Package ⁽¹⁾ | Operation Range |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 8 | 2.7 - 5.5V | ATmega8515L-8AC | 44A | Commercial (0°C to 70°C) |
| | | ATmega8515L-8PC | 40P6 | |
| | | ATmega8515L-8JC | 44J | |
| | | ATmega8515L-8MC | 44M1 | |
| | | ATmega8515L-8AI | 44A | Industrial (-40°C to 85°C) |
| | | ATmega8515L-8PI | 40P6 | |
| | | ATmega8515L-8JI | 44J | |
| | | ATmega8515L-8MI | 44M1 | |
| 16 | 4.5 - 5.5V | ATmega8515-16AC | 44A | Commercial (0°C to 70°C) |
| | | ATmega8515-16PC | 40P6 | |
| | | ATmega8515-16JC | 44J | |
| | | ATmega8515-16MC | 44M1 | |
| | | ATmega8515-16AI | 44A | Industrial (-40°C to 85°C) |
| | | ATmega8515-16PI | 40P6 | |
| | | ATmega8515-16JI | 44J | |
| | | ATmega8515-16MI | 44M1 | |

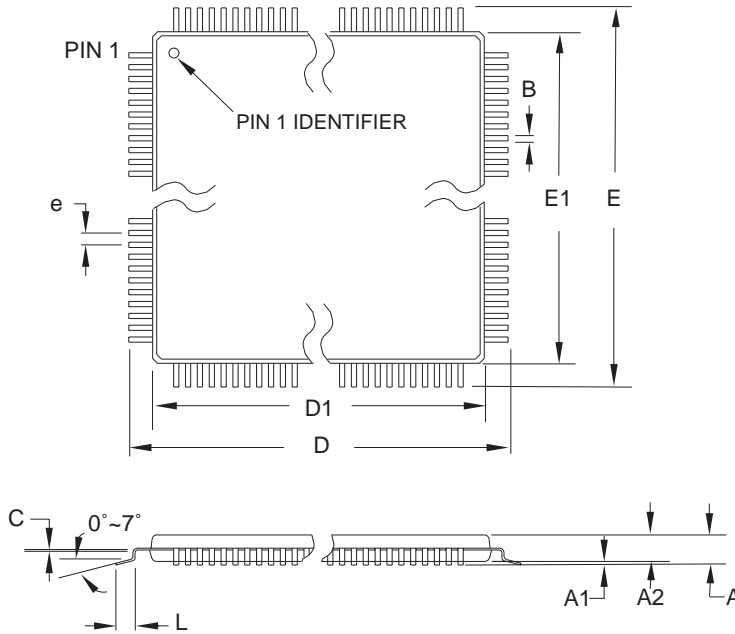
Note: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

| Package Type | |
|--------------|---|
| 44A | 44-lead, Thin (1.0 mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP) |
| 40P6 | 40-lead, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP) |
| 44J | 44-lead, Plastic J-Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC) |
| 44M1 | 44-pad, 7 x 7 x 1.0 mm body, lead pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF) |



Packaging Information

44A



COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
|--------|----------|-------|-------|--------|
| A | — | — | 1.20 | |
| A1 | 0.05 | — | 0.15 | |
| A2 | 0.95 | 1.00 | 1.05 | |
| D | 11.75 | 12.00 | 12.25 | |
| D1 | 9.90 | 10.00 | 10.10 | Note 2 |
| E | 11.75 | 12.00 | 12.25 | |
| E1 | 9.90 | 10.00 | 10.10 | Note 2 |
| B | 0.30 | — | 0.45 | |
| C | 0.09 | — | 0.20 | |
| L | 0.45 | — | 0.75 | |
| e | 0.80 TYP | | | |

- Notes:
1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-026, Variation ACB.
 2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25 mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
 3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10 mm maximum.

10/5/2001



2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131

TITLE

44A, 44-lead, 10 x 10 mm Body Size, 1.0 mm Body Thickness,
0.8 mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)

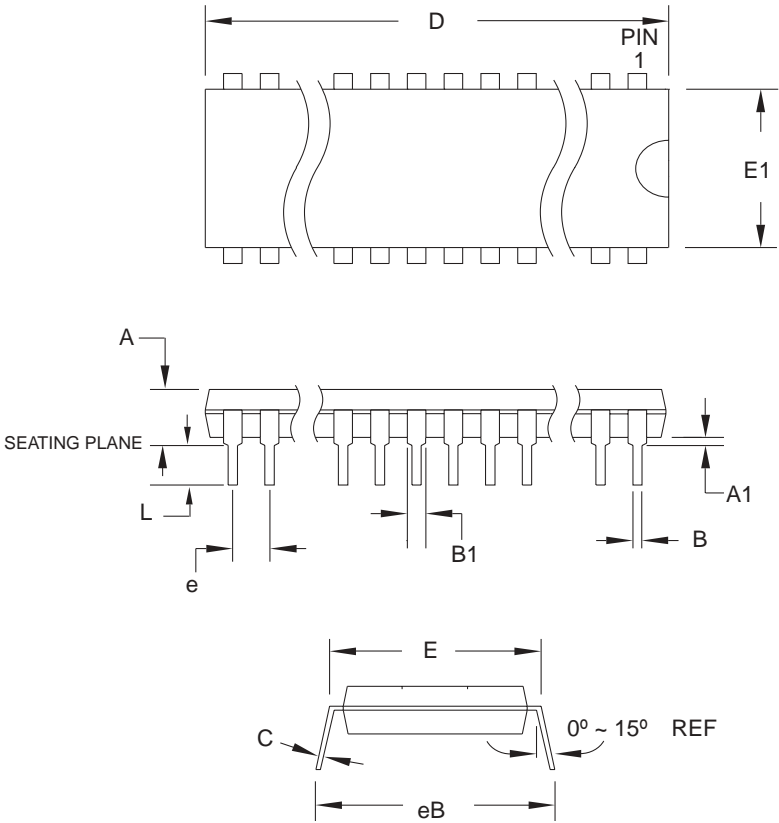
DRAWING NO.

44A

REV.

B

40P6



COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
|--------|-----------|-----|--------|--------|
| A | — | — | 4.826 | |
| A1 | 0.381 | — | — | |
| D | 52.070 | — | 52.578 | Note 2 |
| E | 15.240 | — | 15.875 | |
| E1 | 13.462 | — | 13.970 | Note 2 |
| B | 0.356 | — | 0.559 | |
| B1 | 1.041 | — | 1.651 | |
| L | 3.048 | — | 3.556 | |
| C | 0.203 | — | 0.381 | |
| eB | 15.494 | — | 17.526 | |
| e | 2.540 TYP | | | |

Notes: 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-011, Variation AC.
2. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold Flash or Protrusion.
Mold Flash or Protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 mm (0.010").

09/28/01



2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131

TITLE

40P6, 40-lead (0.600"/15.24 mm Wide) Plastic Dual
Inline Package (PDIP)

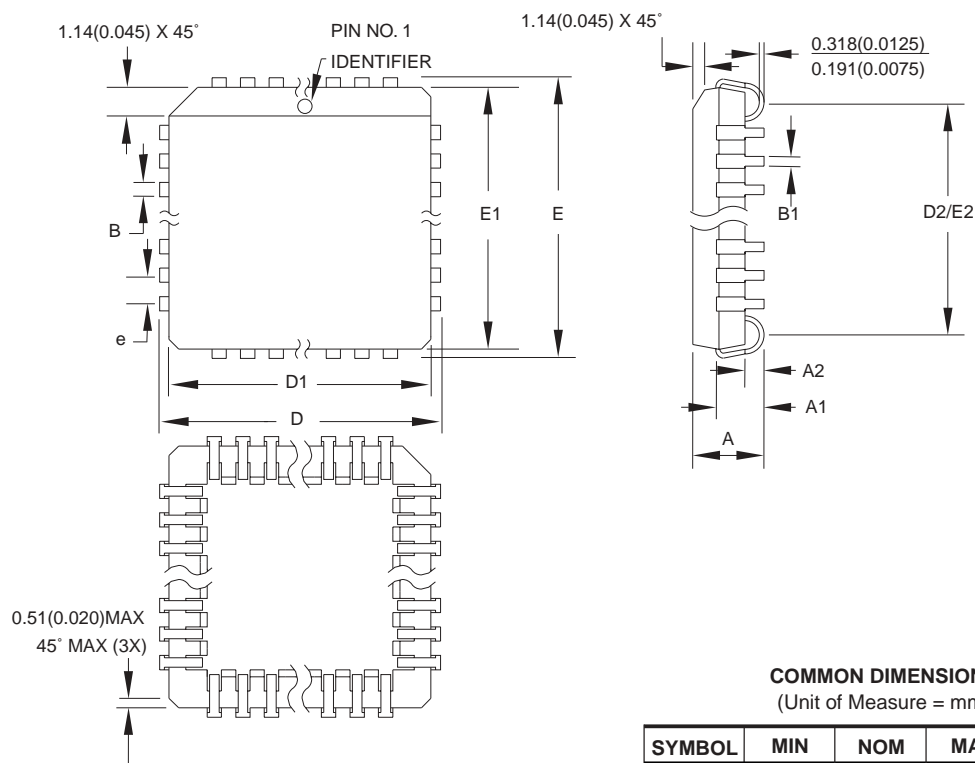
DRAWING NO.

40P6

REV.

B





COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
|--------|-----------|-----|--------|--------|
| A | 4.191 | — | 4.572 | |
| A1 | 2.286 | — | 3.048 | |
| A2 | 0.508 | — | — | |
| D | 17.399 | — | 17.653 | |
| D1 | 16.510 | — | 16.662 | Note 2 |
| E | 17.399 | — | 17.653 | |
| E1 | 16.510 | — | 16.662 | Note 2 |
| D2/E2 | 14.986 | — | 16.002 | |
| B | 0.660 | — | 0.813 | |
| B1 | 0.330 | — | 0.533 | |
| e | 1.270 TYP | | | |

- Notes:
1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-018, Variation AC.
 2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is .010" (0.254 mm) per side. Dimension D1 and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme material condition at the upper or lower parting line.
 3. Lead coplanarity is 0.004" (0.102 mm) maximum.

10/04/01



2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131

TITLE

44J, 44-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)

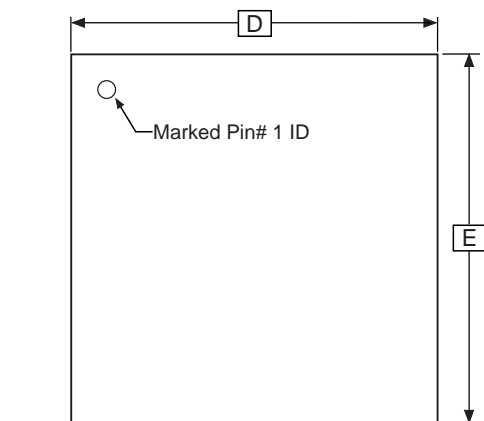
DRAWING NO.

44J

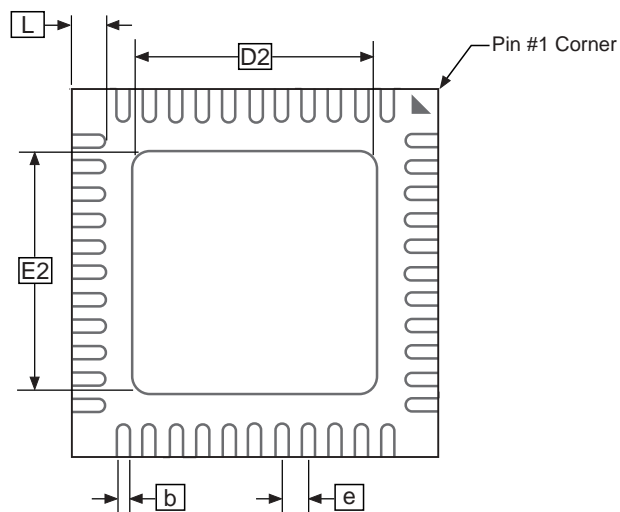
REV.

B

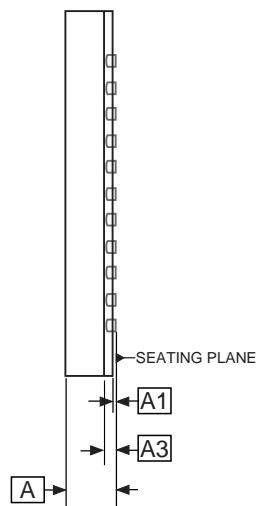
44M1



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
|--------|----------|------|------|------|
| A | 0.80 | 0.90 | 1.00 | |
| A1 | — | 0.02 | 0.05 | |
| A3 | 0.25 REF | | | |
| b | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.30 | |
| D | 7.00 BSC | | | |
| D2 | 5.00 | 5.20 | 5.40 | |
| E | 7.00 BSC | | | |
| E2 | 5.00 | 5.20 | 5.40 | |
| e | 0.50 BSC | | | |
| L | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.75 | |

Notes: 1. JEDEC Standard MO-220, Fig. 1 (SAW Singulation) VKKD-1.

01/15/03



2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131

TITLE

44M1, 44-pad, 7 x 7 x 1.0 mm Body, Lead Pitch 0.50 mm
Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)

DRAWING NO.

44M1

REV.

C





Errata

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATmega8515 device.

ATmega8515(L) Rev. B

There are no errata for this revision of ATmega8515.

**Datasheet Change
Log for ATmega8515**

Please note that the referring page numbers in this section are referred to this document. The referring revision in this section are referring to the document revision.

**Changes from Rev.
2512D-02/03 to Rev.
2512E-09/03**

1. Removed “Preliminary” from the datasheet.
2. Updated Table 18 on page 45 and “Absolute Maximum Ratings” and “DC Characteristics” in “Electrical Characteristics” on page 195.
3. Updated chapter “ATmega8515 Typical Characteristics” on page 205.

**Changes from Rev.
2512C-10/02 to Rev.
2512D-02/03**

1. Added “EEPROM Write During Power-down Sleep Mode” on page 22.
2. Improved the description in “Phase Correct PWM Mode” on page 87.
3. Corrected OCn waveforms in Figure 53 on page 110.
4. Added note under “Filling the Temporary Buffer (page loading)” on page 171 about writing to the EEPROM during an SPM page load.
5. Updated Table 93 on page 193.
6. Updated “Packaging Information” on page 12.

**Changes from Rev.
2512B-09/02 to Rev.
2512C-10/02**

1. Added “Using all Locations of External Memory Smaller than 64 KB” on page 30.
2. Removed all TBD.
3. Added description about calibration values for 2, 4, and 8 MHz.
4. Added variation in frequency of “External Clock” on page 39.
5. Added note about V_{BOT} , Table 18 on page 45.
6. Updated about “Unconnected pins” on page 63.
7. Updated “16-bit Timer/Counter1” on page 96, Table 51 on page 118 and Table 52 on page 119.
8. Updated “Enter Programming Mode” on page 182, “Chip Erase” on page 182, Figure 77 on page 185, and Figure 78 on page 186.
9. Updated “Electrical Characteristics” on page 195, “External Clock Drive” on page 197, Table 96 on page 197 and Table 97 on page 198, “SPI Timing Characteristics” on page 198 and Table 98 on page 200.
10. Added “Errata” on page 16.

**Changes from Rev.
2512A-04/02 to Rev.
2512B-09/02**

1. Changed the Endurance on the Flash to 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles.



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