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## CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE

BY\_

PRESENTED BY

H.Uede Department General Manager Engineering Department 2 Nara FACTORY LCD GROUP SHARP CORPORATION

SHAR	P		MODEL Na LN64P70	
भारत	ORDS OF REVI	SION	DOC. FIRST ISSUE 28-JUN-19	90
			IDENT. DATA No.	
DATE	REF. PAGE PARAGRAPH DRAWING No.	REVISED	SUMMARY	CHECK & APPROVAL
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LM64P70

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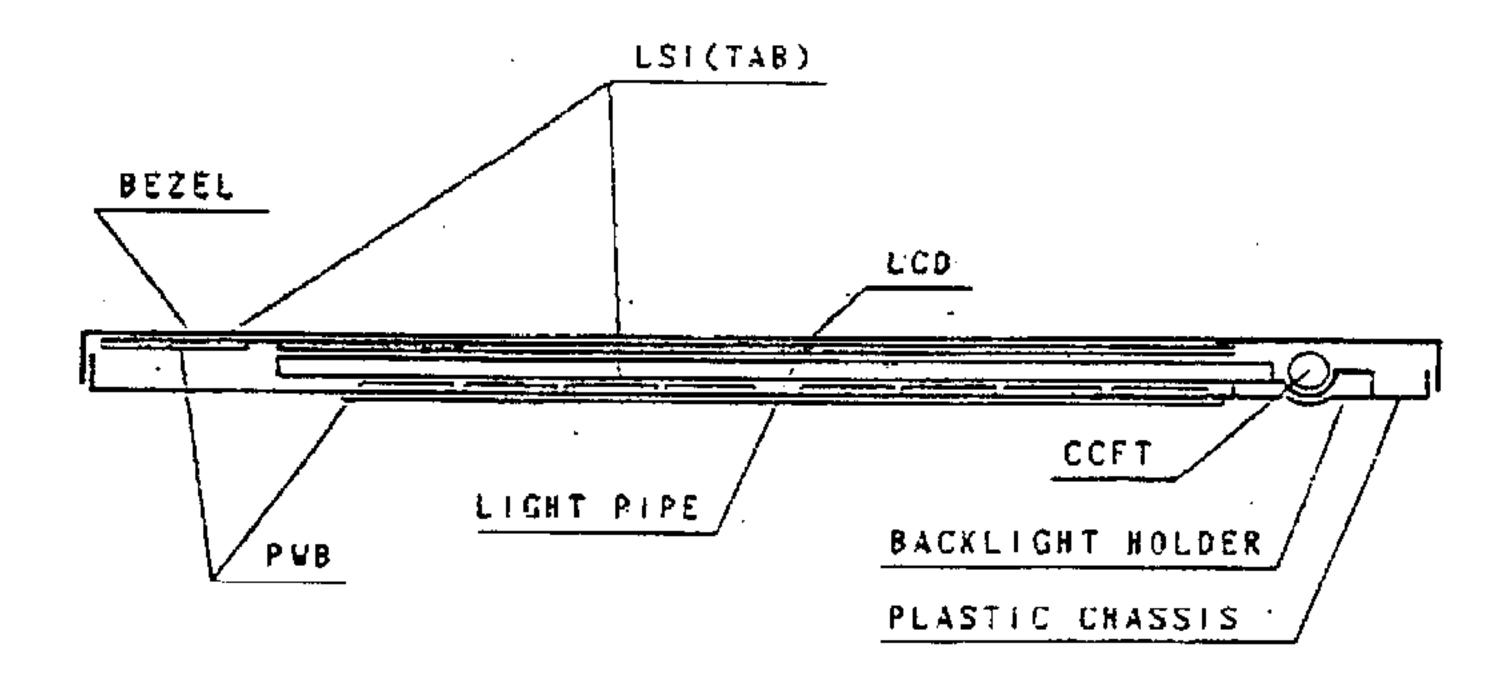
## SHARP

1. Application

This data sheet is to introduce the specification of the Dot-Matrix LCD Unit LM64P70 .

2. Construction and Outline

Construction:  $6 40 \times 480$  full dot graphic display unit consisting of an LCD panel.PWB(printed wiring board) with electric components mounted onto.TAB(tape automated bonding) to connect the LCD panel and PWB electrically. and plastic chassis with GCFT backlight and bezel to fix them mechanically.



Outline : See Fig. 10 Connection : See Fig. 10 and Table 5

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LM64P70

# SHARP

#### 3. Mechanical Specifications

<u>[able ]</u>	
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Parameter	Specifications	Unit	
Outline dimensions	257 (W) × 153.5 (B) × 9.5MAX (D)	<b>EU</b>	
Effective viewing Area	180 (W) × 133 (H)	10.02	
Display format	540 (W) × 480 (H) full dot	-	
Dot size	0.24×0.24	9A	
Dot spacing	0.03	<b>6</b> 0	
+1 Dot color	White*2		
*I Background color	Black+2		
Weight	Approx. 420	B	

\*1 Due to the characteristics of the LC material, the colors vary with environmental temperature.

#### #2 Negative-type display

Displayed data "H": Dots ON : White Displayed data "L": Dots OFF: Black

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

4-1 Electrical absolute maximum ratings

Table 2

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	MAX.	Unit	Remark
Supply voltage (Logic)	Yoo-Vss	0	6.0	V	Ta=25°C
Supply voltage (LCD drive)	Voo-Vee	0	28.0	V	Ta=25°C
Input voltage	Vin	0	Vo o	Y	Ta=25°C

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MODEL N. LM64P70

# SHARP

## 4-2 Environmental Conditions

<b>T A</b>	Tstg		Topr		Remark		
Item	MIN. MAX.		MIN. MAX.				
Ambient temperatuer	-25°C +60°C		970 +4570		Note 4		
Humidity	Not	te 1	No	te l	No condensation		
Vibration	Not	e 2	No	te 2	3 directions (X/Y/Z)		
Shock	Not	:e 3	Not	te 3	6 directions $(\pm X \pm Y \pm Z)$		

#### Table 3

Note 1) Ta≤40°C.....95% RH Max

Ta>40°C.....Absolute humidity shall be less than Ta=40°C/95% RH.

Note 2)

Frequency	58z~238z	23Hz~500Hz
Vibration level	—	1.0G
Vibration width	1.000	—
Interval	58z~500Hz~	5Hz/26.6min

2 hours for each direction of X/Y/Z (6 hours as total) Note 3) Accerelation: 50G

Pulse width : 11ms

3 times for each direction of  $\pm X / \pm Y / \pm Z$ 

Note 4) Care should be taken so that the LCD Unit may not be subjected to the temperature out of this specification.

		м	ODEL No.		}	PACE
		ļ į	L.M	64P7	0	4
ARP					-	-
. Electrical Specifications						
5-1 Electrical chara	cterictics	1				
<u>Tabe</u>	<u>1.4</u> T	a=25°C.Voc=5V±10%				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Uni
Supply voltage (Logic)	Vno-Vss	Note 1)	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply voltage (LCD drive)	VEE-VIS	Note 2) Note 3)	-21.0	-16.2	-12.9	¦ V
	V.	"H" level	0.8Voo	-	Vec	į v
Input signal voltage	Vin	"L" level	0	—	0.2Yoc	V
T	<b>f</b>	-H- level	-	-	50	μÅ
Input leakage current	I I I I	L level	-50		-	μA
Supply current (Logic)	Ιορ	$V \in \epsilon = -16.2V$	—	20	30	i my
Supply currect (LCD dirve)	IEE	Voc = 5V Frame frequency= 85H	_	15	25	mA .
Power consumption	Pd	Display high frequency pattern		350	600	mii

Voc to be applied according to the specifications shall be regulated Note 1) and sudden fluctuation of Voo. even if the fluctuation is within the specifications. shall be strictly avoided.

- Note 2) The viewing angle  $\theta$  at which the optimum contrast is obtained can be set by adjusting Vee-Vas. Refer to Fig.4 for the definition of  $\theta$ .
- Note 3) Max. and Min. values are specified as the Max. and Min. voltage within the condition of operational temperature range  $(0 \sim 45^{\circ})$ . Typ. values are specified as the typical voltage at 25°C.

5-2 Input capacitance

<u>Table 5</u>

Signal	Input capacitance
S	40pF TYP
CP1	250pF TYP
CP2	200pF TYP
DU0~DU3	200pF TYP
DLO-DL3 !	200pF TYP



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<b>.</b>				
5-3 Inte OLCD	rface sig	gnals <u>Table 6</u>		
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Level	
3	S	Scan start-up signal	H_	
2	CP1	Input data latch signal	H→L	
3	CP2	Data input clock signal	H—L	
4	Vos	Power supply for logic and LCD (+5V)		
5	¥s s	Ground potential	_	
6	Vei	Power supply for LCD (-)	— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7	DUO			
8	DUI			
9	DU2	Display data signal (Upper half)	H (ON) , L (OFF)	
10	DU3			
11	DLO			
12	DLI			
13	DL.2	Display data signal (Lower half)	H (ON), L (OFF)	

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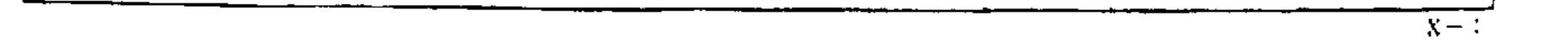
14	DL3		
OCCFT			4 *
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Level
1	GND	Ground line (from Inverter)	
2	NC	-	
3	NC	-	
4	HV	High voltage line(from Inverter)	

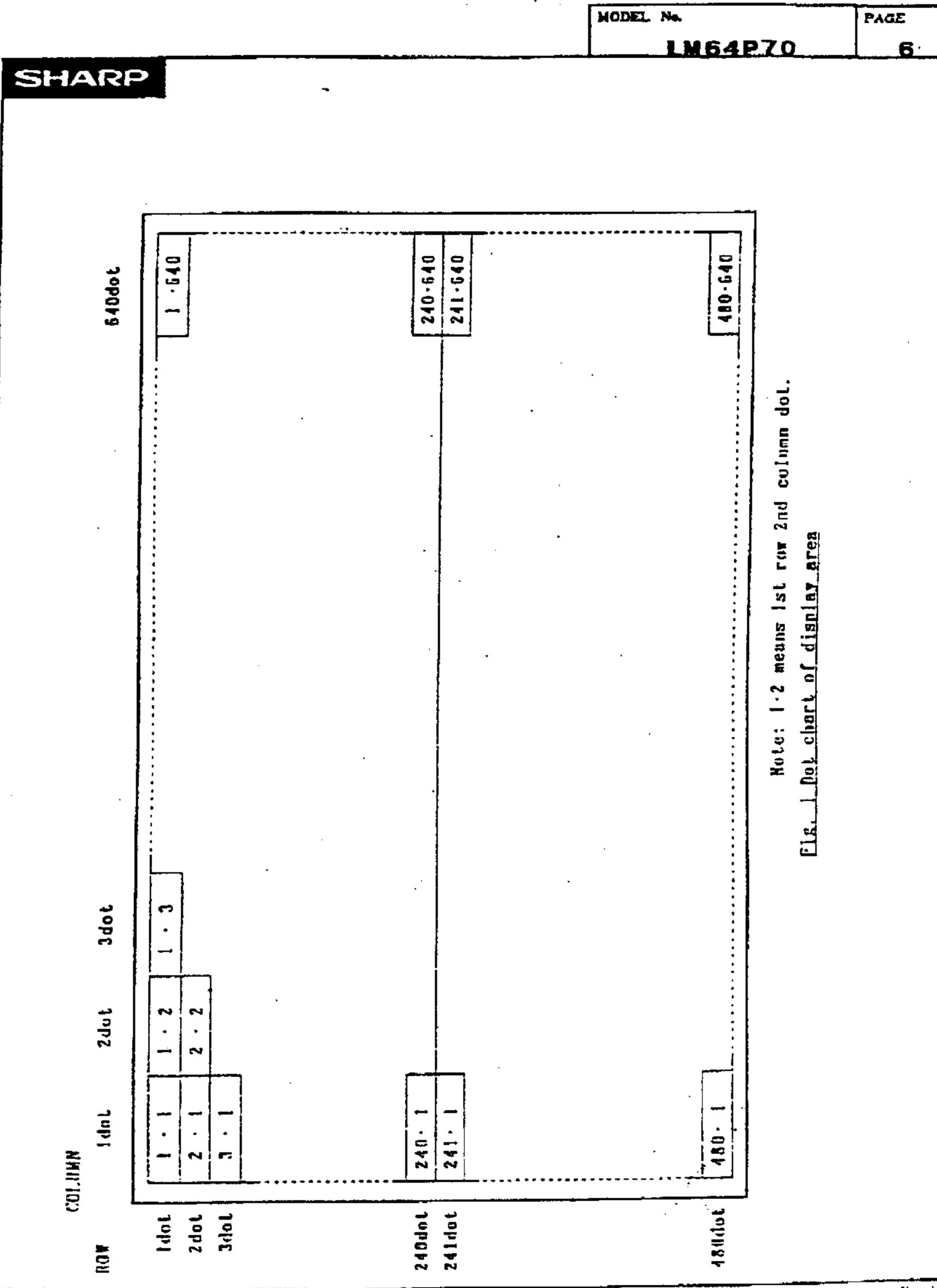
Note) Pin No. and its location are shown in Fig. 10.

## OLCD

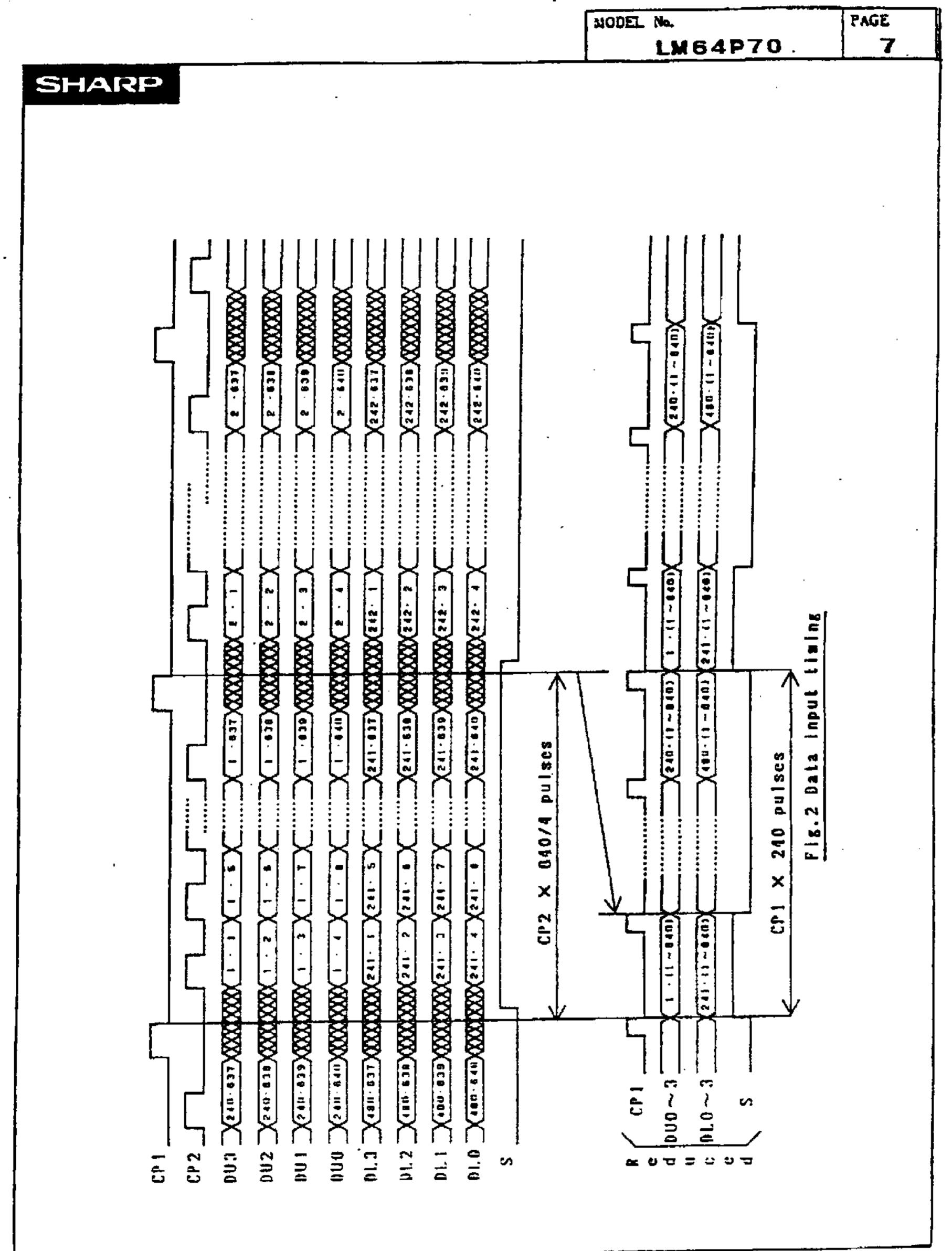
Üsed connector: 52103-1417(MOLEX) Correspondable connector: 1mm Pitch FFC or FPC Conductor width 0.7mm length 2.7mm OCCFT

Used connector: M62M83-04(MITSUMI). Correspondable connector: M50-04-30-114P(MITSUMI) M60-04-30-134P (MITSUMI) MGIM73-04 (MITSUMI)



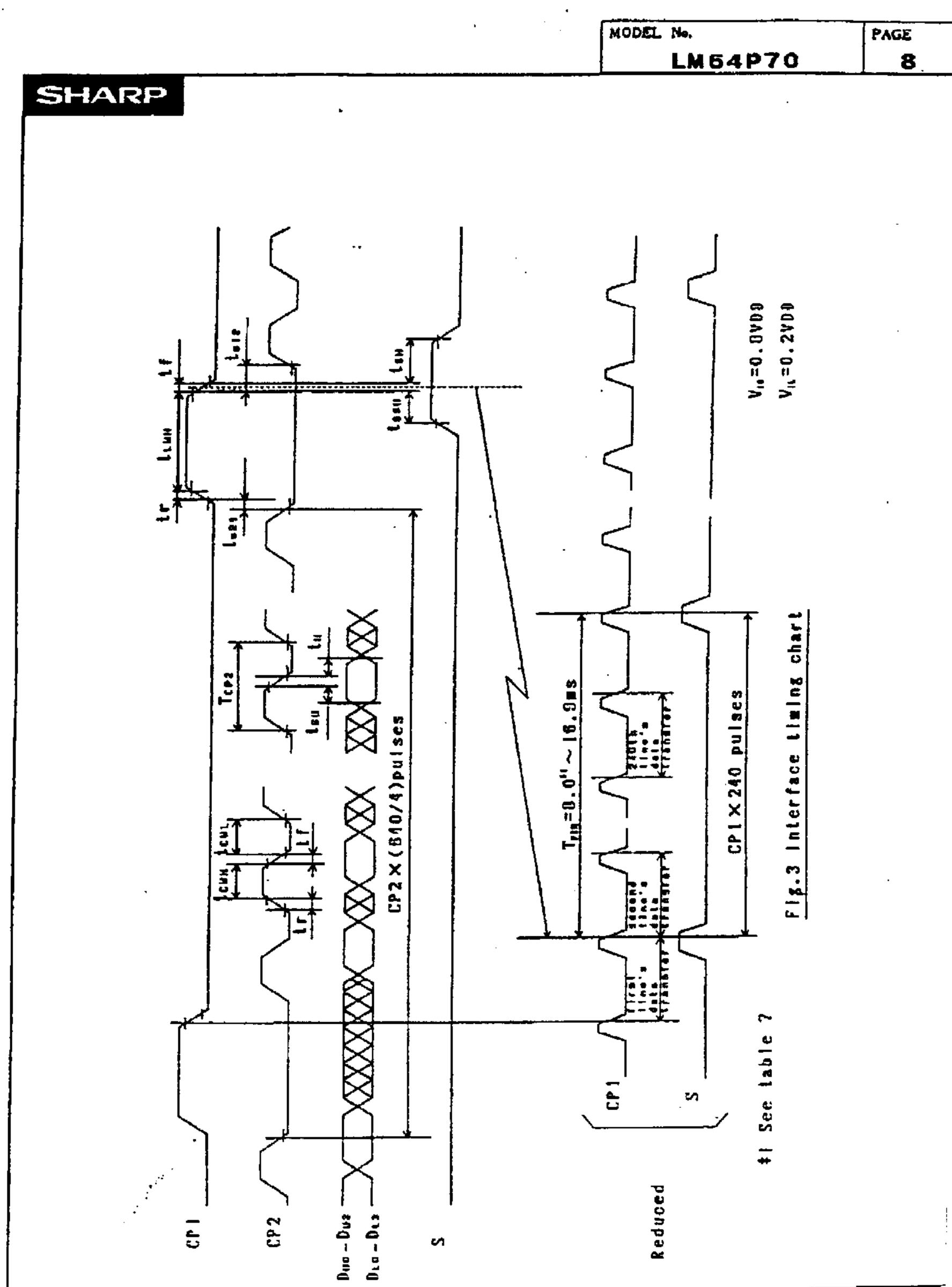


X = 1



Y = 1







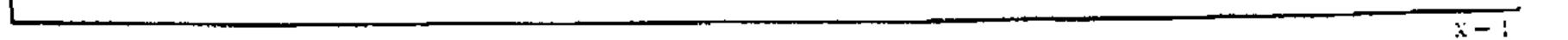
## Table 7 Interface timing ratings

T +	C. L.I	-	- In- th		
Item	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	- Unit
Frame cycle	Trea	8.0*1	1	16.9	#5
CP2 clock cycle	Tear	165	1		ns
"H" level clock width	toun	70			ns
"L" level clock width	trus	70	Ī	1	ns
"H" level latch clock width	trun	70	1	ļ .	ns
Data set up time	tsu	60			ns
Data hold time	tH	40		]	ns
S set up time	tssu	100	]		
S hold time	ts +	100	1		
CP2 I clock allowance time from CP11	tszi	0		1	ns
CPIT clock allowance time from CP21	ts12	Ð			ns
Clock rise/fall time	tr.tf			ter*2	ns

\*1 : LCD unit functions at the minimum frame cycle of 8 ms (Maximum frame frequency of 125Hz). Owing to the characteristics of LCD unit. "shadowing" will become more eminent as frame frequency goes up, while flicker will be reduced.

According to our experiments. frame cycle of 11.7 ms Min. or frame frequency of 85 Hz Max. will demonstrate optimum display quality in terms of flicker and "shadowing". But since judgement of display quality is subjective and display quality such as "shadowing" is pattern dependent. it is recommended that decision of frame cycle or frame frequency. to which power consumption of the LCD unit is proportional, be made based on your own through testing on the LCD unit with every possible patterns displayed on it.

\*2:  $t_{rr} = 50$  in case  $t_{cr} = (T_{cr} - t_{cun} - t_{cun})/2 \ge 50$  $t_{rr} = t_{cr}$  in case  $t_{cr} = (T_{cr} - t_{cun} - t_{cun})/2 \le 50$ 



MODEL	No.	PAGE
	LM64P70	10

- 6. Unit Driving Method
  - 6.1 Circuit configuration

Fig.9 shows the block diagram of the Unit's circuitry.

6.Z Display Face Configuration

The display face electrically consists of two (upper and lower) display segments so that the unit may offer higher contrast by reducing drive duty ratio. Each display segment (640×240 dots) is driven at 1/240 duty ratio.

5.3 Input Data and Control Signal

The LCD driver is 80 bits LSI, consisting of shift registers. latch circuits and LCD driver circuits.

Display data which are externally divided into data for each row (640dots) will be sequentially transferred in the form of 4-bit parallel data through shift registers by Clock Signal CP2 from the left top of the display face.

When data of one row (640dots) have been input, they will be latched in the form of parallel data for 640 lines of signal electrodes by latch signal CP1. Then the corresponding drive signal will be transmitted to the 640 lines of column electrodes of the LCD panel by the LCD drive circuits.

At this time, scan start-up signal S has been transferred from the scan signal driver to the 1st row of scan electrodes. and the contents of the data signals are displayed on the 1st rows of upper and lower half of the display face according to the combinations of voltages applied to the scan and signal electrodes of the LCD.

While the 1st rows of data are being displayed. the 2nd rows of data are entered. When 540 dots of data have been transferred then latched on the falling edge of CP1 clock, the display face proceeds to the 2nd rows of display.

Such data input will be repeated up to the 240th row of each display segment. from upper to lower rows to complete one frame of display by time sharing method. Then data input proceeds to the next display face.

Scan start-up signal S generates scan signal to drive horizontal electrodes.

Since DC voltage. if applied to LCD panel. causes chemical reaction which will deteriorate LCD panel, drive waveform shall be inverted at every display frame to prevent the generation of such DC voltage. Control Signal M plays such role.



MODEL.	Ne.	PAGE
	LM64P70	11

Because of the characteristics of teh CMOS driver LSI. the power consumption of the unit goes up as the operating frequency CPZ increases. Thus the driver LSI applies the system of tranferring 4-bits parallel data through the 4 lines of shift registers to reduce the data transfer speed CP2. Thanks to the LSI. the power consumption of the unit will be minimized.

In this circuit configuration. 4-bit display data shall be therefore input to data input pins of DUs-3 (upper display segment) and DLs-3 (lower display segment).

Furthermore the LCD unit adopts bus line system for data input to minimize the power consumption. In this system data input terminal of each driver LSI activated only when relevant data input is fed.

Data input for column electrodes of both the upper and the lower display segment and chip select of driver LSI are made as follows:

The driver LSI at the left end of the display face is first selected. and the adjacent driver LSI of the right side is selected when 80 dots data (20CP2) is fed. This process is sequentially continued until data is fed to the driver LSI at the right end of the display face.

This process is simultaneously followed at the column drivers LSI's of both the upper and the lower display segments. Thus data input for both the upper and the lower display segments must be fed through 4-bit bus line sequentially from the left end of the display face.

Since this graphic display unit contains no reflesh RAM. it requires data and timing pulse inputs even for static display.

The timing chart of input signals are shown in Fig. 3 and Table 7.



7. Optical Caracteristics

Ta=25°C. Yas=5.0Y

Yoo-Yee=Yeax

#### <u>Table 8</u>

Following spec are based upon the electrical measuring conditions. on which the contrast of perpendicular direction  $(\partial x = \partial y = 0)$  will be MAX.

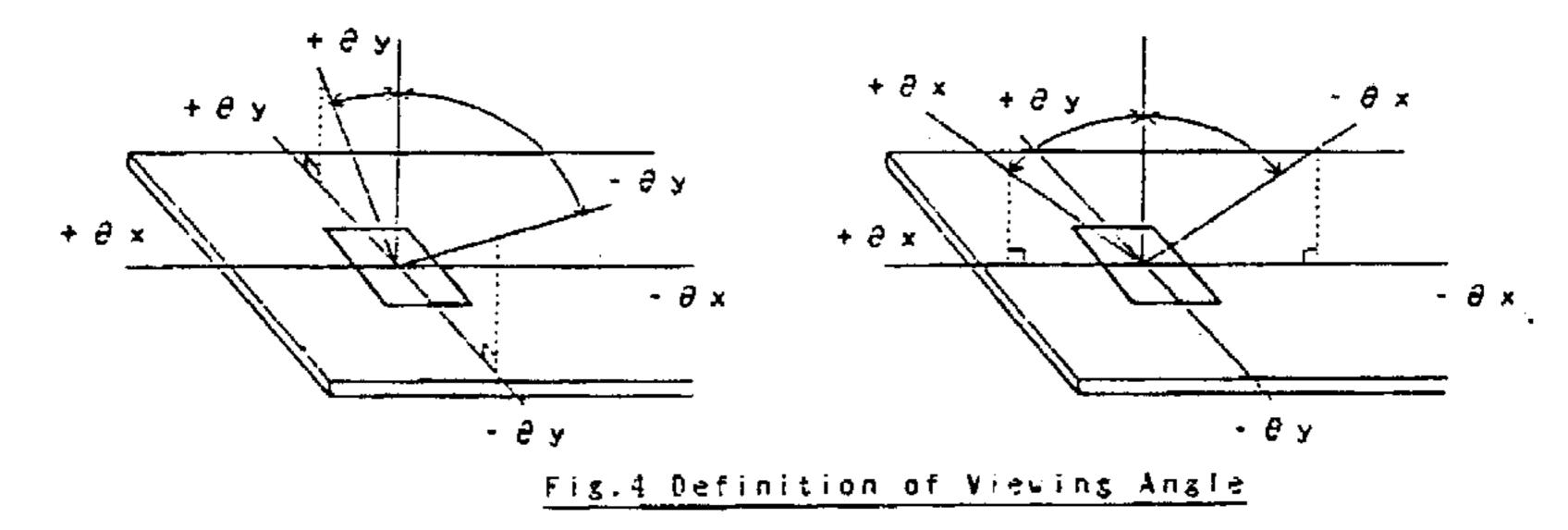
Parameter		Symbol	Con	dition	MIN.	TYP.	HAX.	Unit	Remark
Viewing angle range		θx		θy=0	-25	-	25	dgr.	N-t-
		θy		θx=0 −10	-	20	dar.	Note I	
Contrast ratio		Co	<i>Өх≖Өу</i>	=0	7	13	-	-	Note 2
Response time	Rise	τι	Өх≖Өу	=0		250	350	<b>#</b> 5	Note 3
	Decay	τd	Өх≖Өу	=0	-	150	250	35	

Note 1) The viewing angle range is defined as shown Fig. 4.

Note 2) Contrast ratio is defined as follows:

Luminance(brightness) all pixels "white" at Youx

Co= Luminance(brightness) all pixels "dark" at Vmax Vmax is defined in Fig. 6.



Note 3) The response characteristics of photo-detector output are measured as shown if Fig.7. assuming that input signals are applied so as to select and deselect the dots to be measured. In the optical characteristics test method shown in Fig.8.



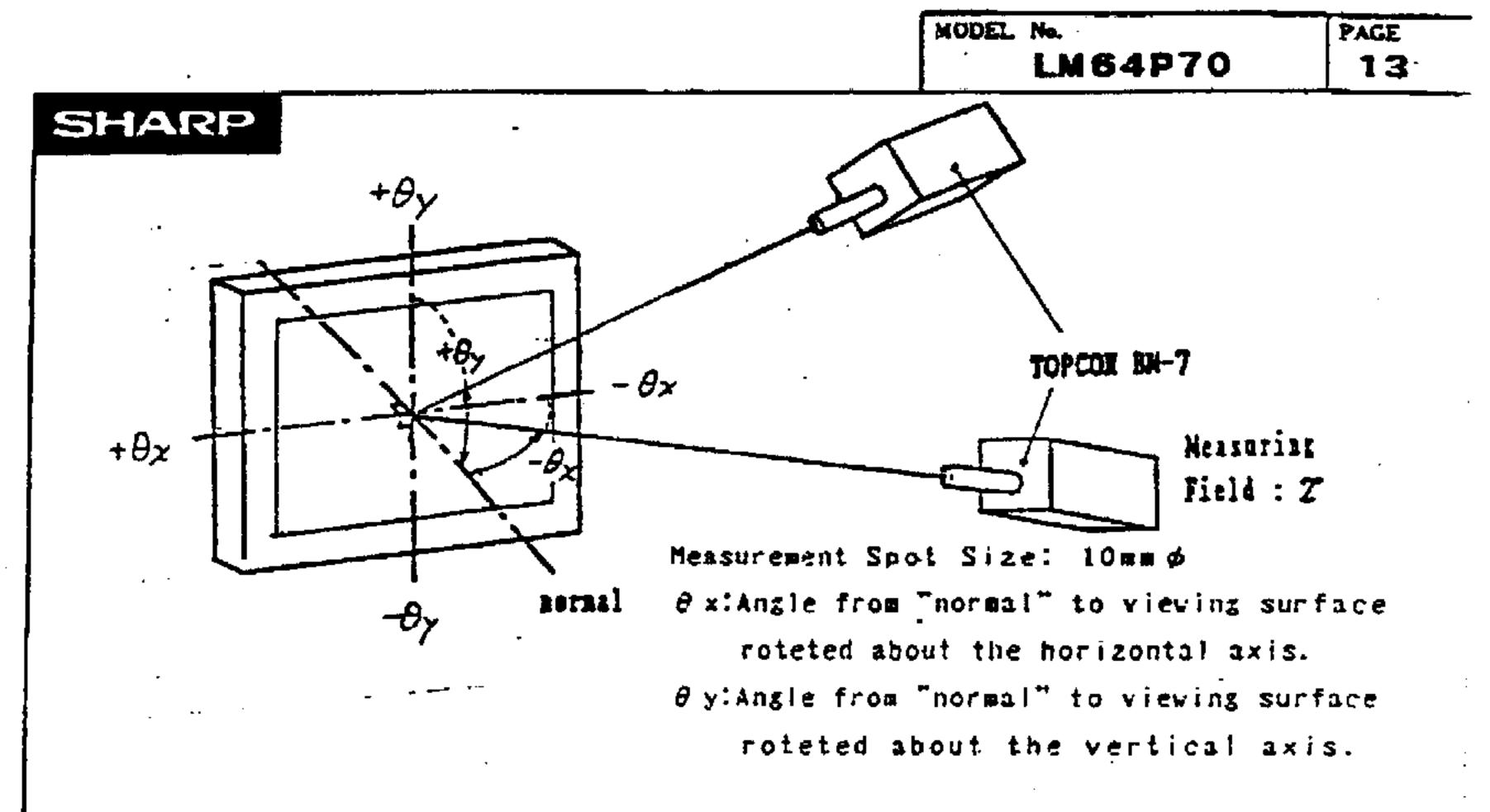


Fig.5 Optical Characteristics Test Hethod |

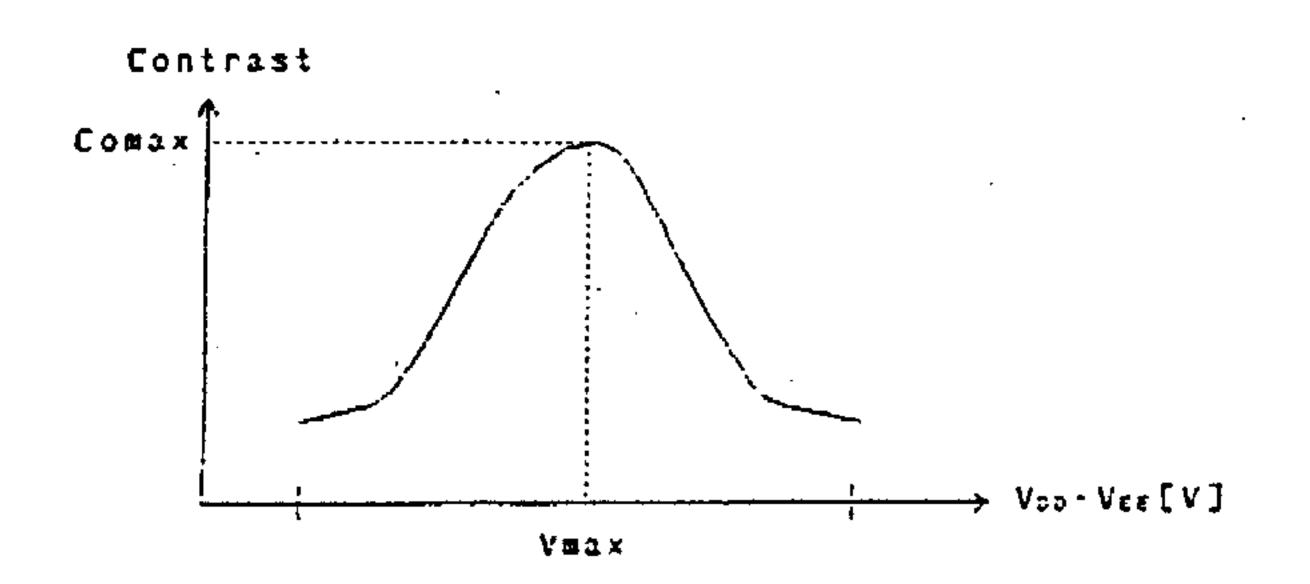
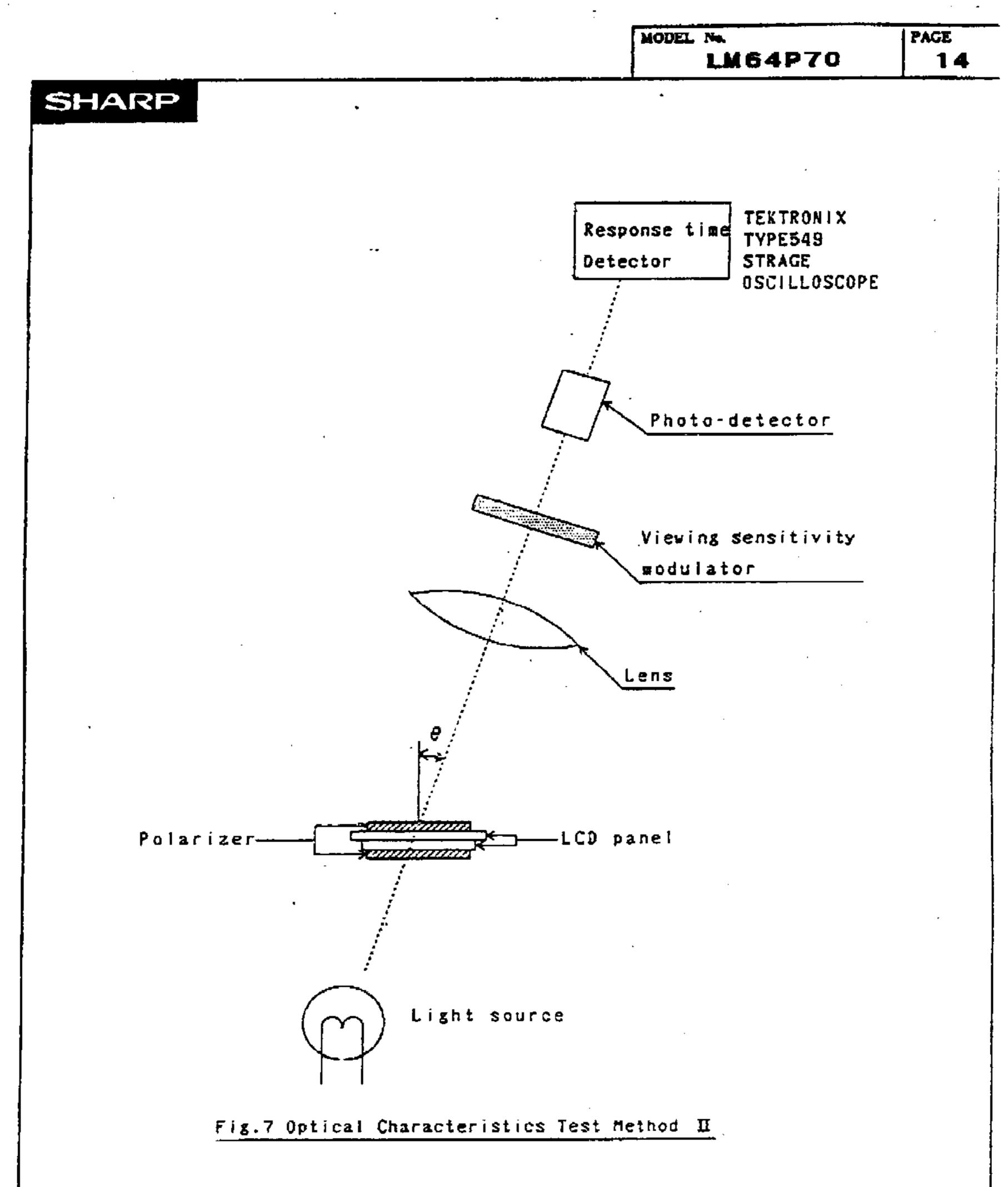
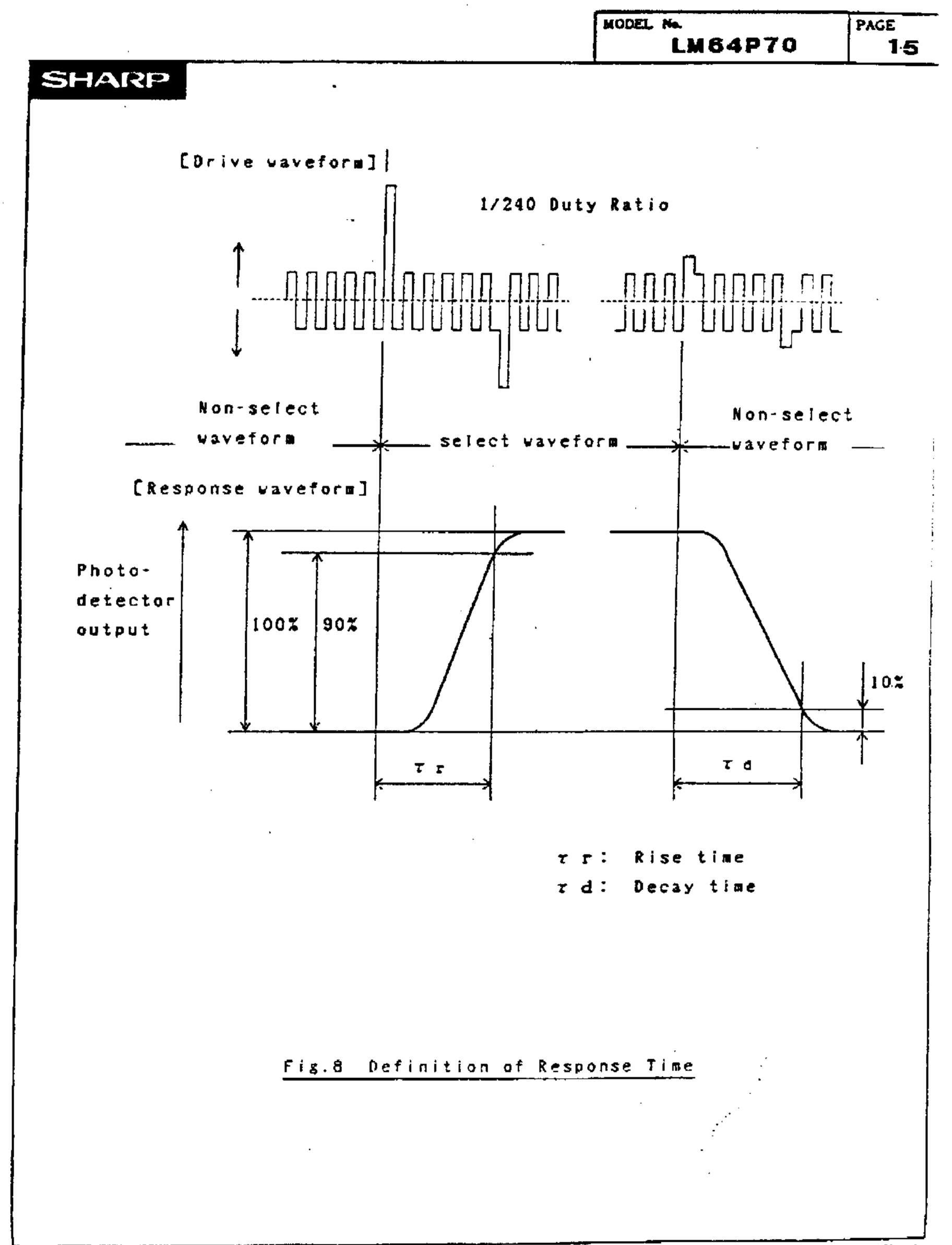


Fig.6 Definition of Vnex







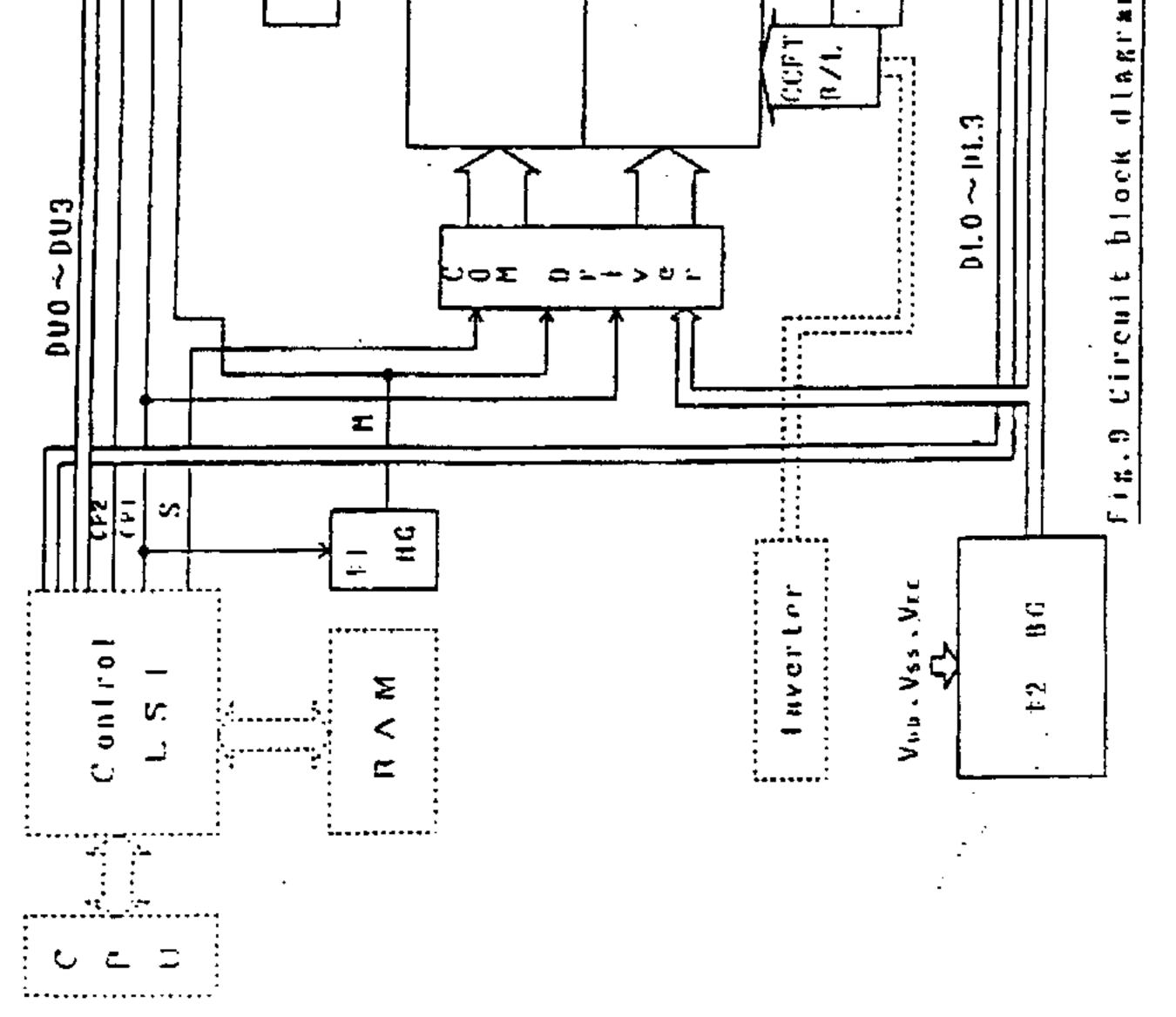
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CIRCUT •• 1 0 K GENERA CLRCULT GENERATOR AS VOLTAGE vers(Upper) 840 × 400 LCD PANEL н Э 20 \_; ) s i ver 8 C : B HC: N -50 **1** = SRG  $\mathbf{C}$ ۰. S E 

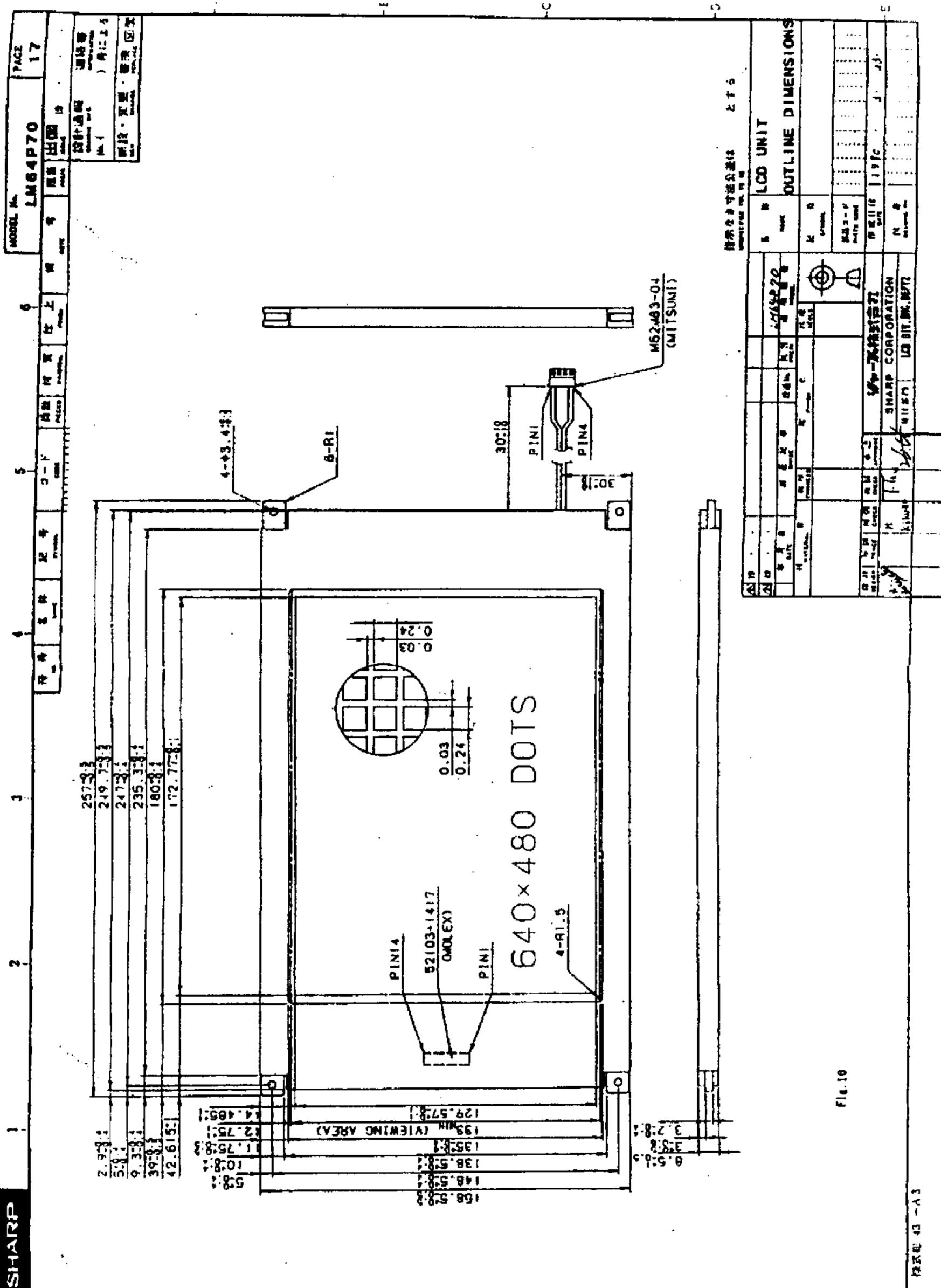
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LM64P70

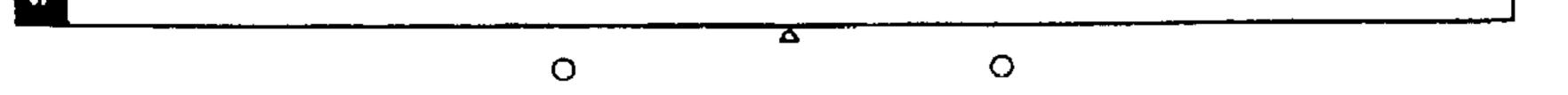
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Characteristics of Backlight

The ratings are given on condition that the following conditions are satisfied.

Rating (NOTE)

Parameter	Min	Тур	Wax	Unit
Brightness	25	35	-	nit

- 2. Measurement circuit: LM000106 (SHARP) (at IL=5mAac)
- 3. Measurement equipment: BM-7 (TOPCON Corporation)
- 4. Measurement conditions
  - 4-1 Measurement circuit voltage: DC=12V at primary side
  - 4-2 LCD: All digits WHITE, VDD=5V, VDD-VEE=Vwax.DU0~DU3

(refer Fig. 6) DLO~DL3="H" (WHITE)

MODEL No.

LM64P70

4-3 Ambient temperature: 25°C

Measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after turning on.

- 5. Used lamp: FLE48147(AE)B, lpcs.

## 5-1 Ratings(Ipc)

Parameter	 	Max. allowable value
Circuit voltage(VS)	1100Vrms MIN	1500Vrus
Serial resistor (RS)		
Discharging tube current(IL)	3.5~7mAac*	7aAac
Power comsumption	21	
Discharging tube voltage(VL)	Z80Vrms TYP	<u> </u>
Brightness (B)	10.000mit TYP	

Within no conductor closed.

It is recommended that IL be not more than SmAac so that heat radiation of \* CCFT backlight may least affect the display quality.

#### 5-2 Operating life

The operating life time is 10,000 hours or more at 5mA. (5.000 hours or more at 7mA.)

(Operating life with SHARP LM000106 or equivalent)

The inverter should meet the following conditions: -Sine.symmetric waveform without spike in positive and negative. PAGE

18



-The voltage at the secondary side is 1100Yac or more.

-Illuminance frequency is from 25 to 45KHz

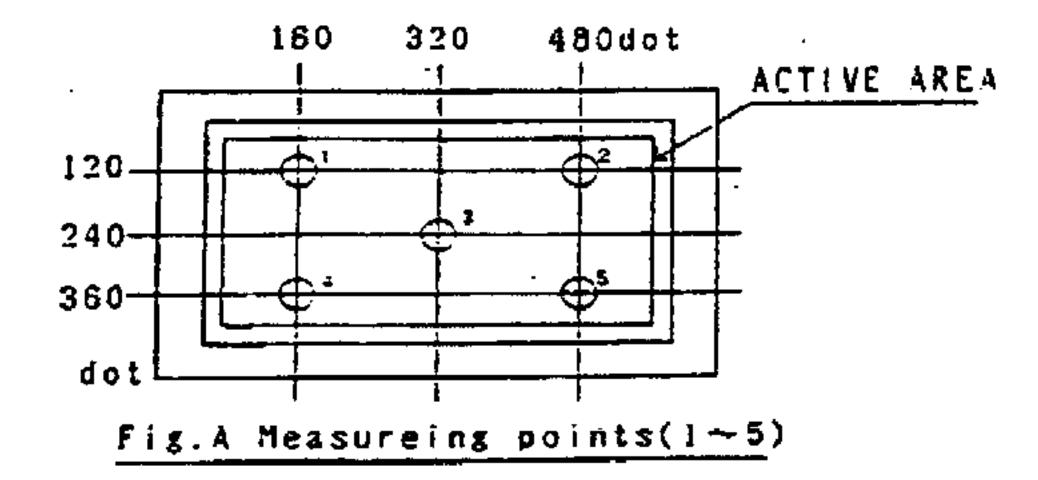
The operating life time is defined ad having ended when any of the following conditiones occur: (25±5℃) -When the voltage required for initial discharge has reached 80% of the specified or when it has reached 10v-DC when used an inverter.

MODEL No.

LM64P70

-When the illuminence or quantity of light has decreased to 50% of the initial value.

(NOTE) Rating are defined as the average brightness inside the viewing area specified in Fig.A.



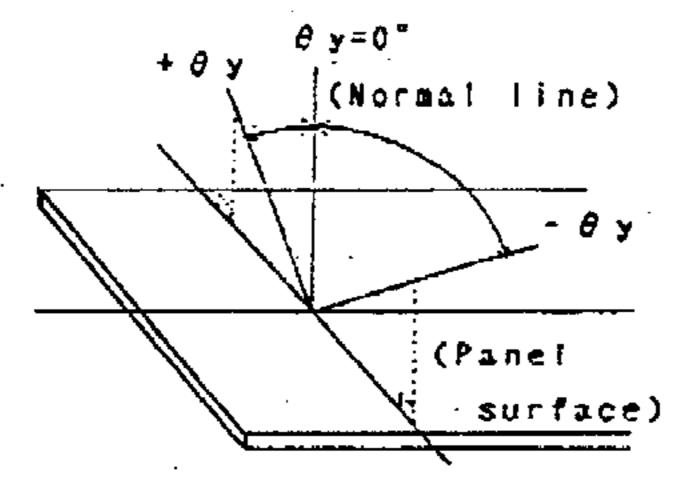
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- Precautions 8.
  - 1) Industrial (Mechanical) design of the product in which this LCD unit will be incorporated must be so made that the viewing angle characteristics of the LCD may be optimized.

This unit's viewing angle is illustrated in Fig.B.

**Oymin < viewing angle < Oymax** 

(For the specific values of  $\theta$  ymin,  $\theta$  ymax, refer to the table 8.) Please consider the optimum viewing conditions according to the purpose when installing the unit.

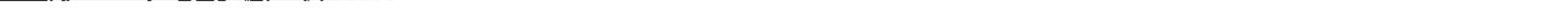


#### Fig.8 Dot matrix LCD viewing angle

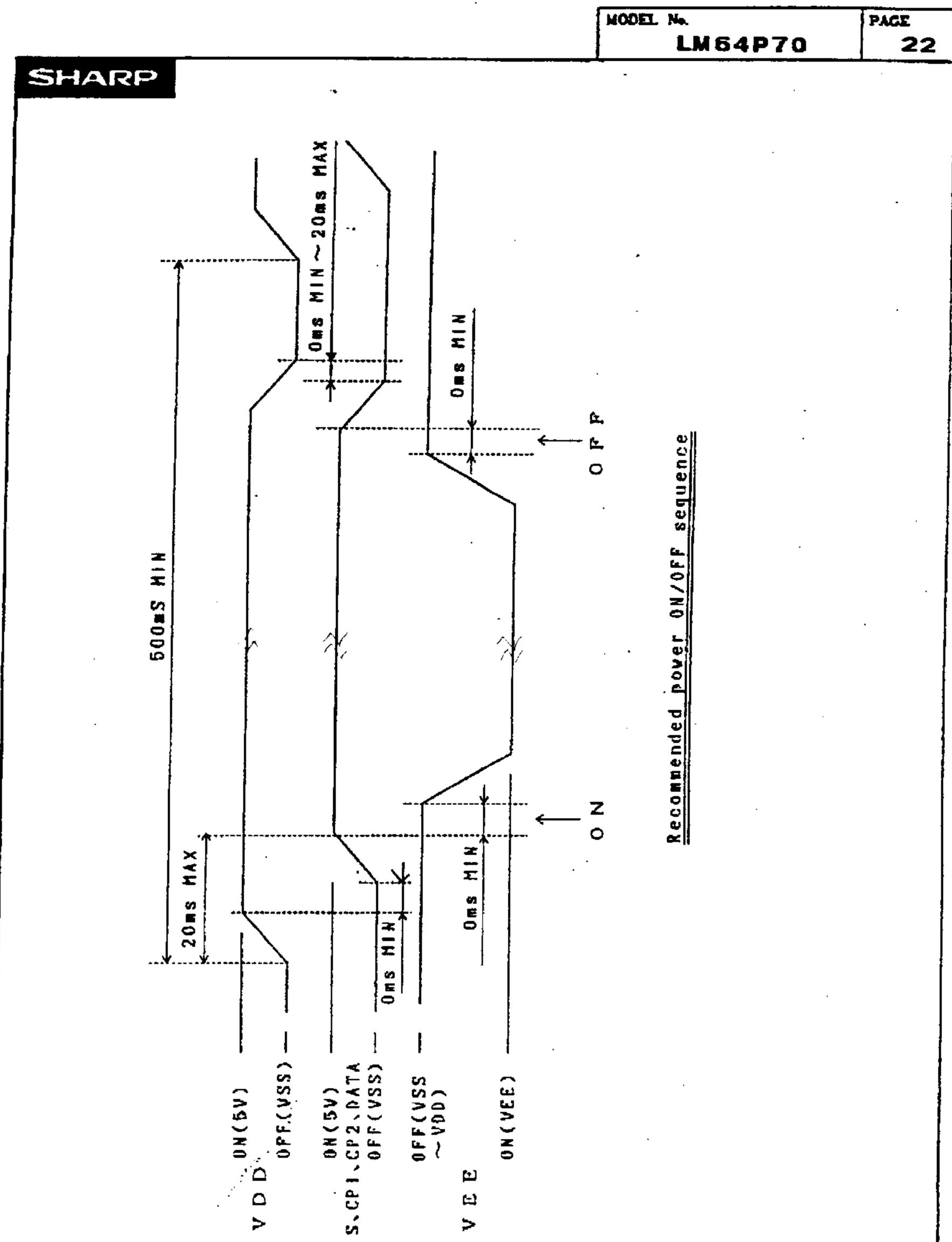
2) This unit is installed using mounting tabs at the four corners of PCB or bezel.

Then installing the unit. pay attention and handle carefully not to allow any undue stress such as twist or bend.

A transparent acrylic resin board or other type of protective panel should be attached to the front of the unit to protect the polarizer. LCD cells. etc.



- 3) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged. please pay attention not to scratch on its face.
- 4) If the surface of the LCD cells needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft cloth. If still not completely clear, blow on its and wipe.
- 5) Water droplets, etc. must be wiped off immediately since they may cause color changes. staining. etc. if remained for a long time.
- 6) Since LCD is made of glass plates, dropping the unit or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation.
- 7) CHOS LSIs are equipped in this unit, so care must be taken to avoid the electro static charge, by earthing human body, etc. Take the following measures. to protect the unit from the electric discharge via mounting tabs from the main system the electrified with static electricity.
  - (1) Earth the metallic case of the main system (contact of the unit and main system).
  - (2) Insulate the unit and main system by attaching insulating washers made of bakelite or nylon. etc.
- 8) The unit should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction of parmanent damage. DC voltage drive leads to rapid deterioration of LC, so ensure that the drive is alternating waveform by continous application of the signal M. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence shown on next page is strongly recommended to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and application of DC voltage to LCD panel.
- 9) Avoid to expose the unit to the direct sun-light. strong ultra-violet light, etc: for a long time.
- 10) If stored at temperatures below specified storage temperature. the LC may freeze and be deteriorated. If storage temperature exceed the specified rating. the molecular orientation of the LC may change to that of a liquid. and they may not revert to their original state. As far as possible always store at normal room temperature.
- 11) Disassembling the LCD unit can cause permanent damege and should be strictly avoided.





X - 1

MODEL	Ne.	PAGE
	LM64P70	23

9. Applicable inspection standard

The LCD unit shall meet the following inspection standard :S-U-012-01

10. This specification describes display quality in case of no gray scale. Since display quality can be affected by gray scale methods. display quality shall be carefully evaluated for the usability of the LCD UNIT in case gray scale is displayed on the LCD UNIT.

WARNING

DON'T USE ANY MATERIALS WHICH EMIT FOLLOWING GAS FROM EPOXY RESIN (AMINES' HARDENER) AND SILICONE ADHESIVE AGENT (DEALCOHOL OR DEOXYM) TO PREVENT CHANGE POLORIZER COLOR OWING TO GAS.

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