

R1LV0408C-I Series

Wide Temperature Range Version 4 M SRAM (512-kword × 8-bit)

REJ03C0098-0100Z Rev. 1.00 Jul.24.2003

Description

The R1LV0408C-I is a 4-Mbit static RAM organized 512-kword × 8-bit. R1LV0408C-I Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing CMOS process technology (6-transistor memory cell). The R1LV0408C-I Series offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It has packaged in 32-pin SOP, 32-pin TSOP II and 32-pin STSOP.

Features

• Single 3 V supply: 2.7 V to 3.6 V

• Access time: 55/70 ns (max)

• Power dissipation:

— Active: 6 mW/MHz (typ)— Standby: 2.4 μW (typ)

• Completely static memory.

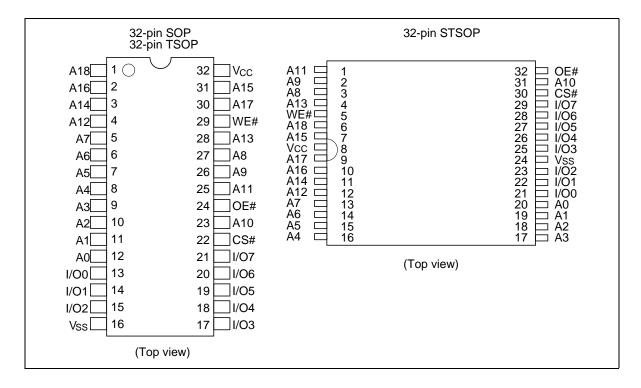
- No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
 - Three state output
- Directly TTL compatible.
 - All inputs and outputs
- Battery backup operation.
- Operating temperature: -40 to +85°C

R1LV0408C-I Series

Ordering Information

| Type No. | Access time | Package |
|-----------------|-------------|--|
| R1LV0408CSP-5SI | 55 ns | 525-mil 32-pin plastic SOP (32P2M-A) |
| R1LV0408CSP-7LI | 70 ns | |
| R1LV0408CSB-5SI | 55 ns | 400-mil 32-pin plastic TSOP II (32P3Y-H) |
| R1LV0408CSB-7LI | 70 ns | |
| R1LV0408CSA-5SI | 55 ns | 8mm × 13.4mm STSOP (32P3K-B) |
| R1LV0408CSA-7LI | 70 ns | |

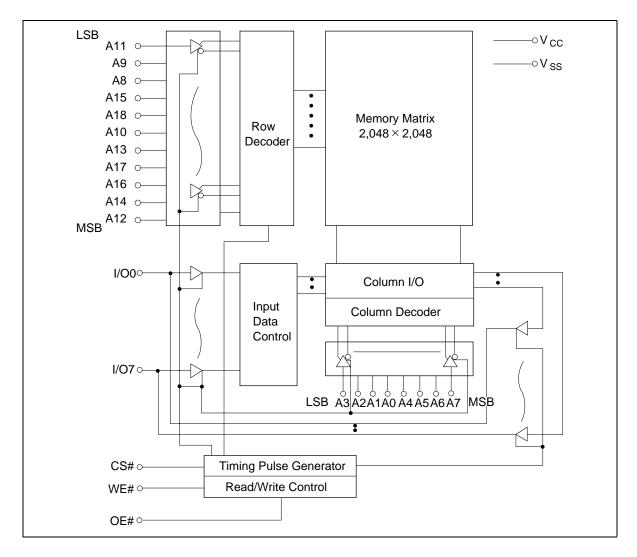
Pin Arrangement



Pin Description

| Pin name | Function |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| A0 to A18 | Address input |
| I/O0 to I/O7 | Data input/output |
| CS# (CS) | Chip select |
| OE# (OE) | Output enable |
| WE# (WE) | Write enable |
| V_{∞} | Power supply |
| V _{ss} | Ground |

Block Diagram



Operation Table

| WE# | CS# | OE# | Mode | V _{cc} current | I/O0 to I/O7 | Ref. cycle |
|-----|-----|-----|----------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| × | Н | × | Not selected | I_{SB}, I_{SB1} | High-Z | _ |
| Н | L | Н | Output disable | I _{cc} | High-Z | _ |
| Н | L | L | Read | I _{cc} | Dout | Read cycle |
| L | L | Н | Write | I _{cc} | Din | Write cycle (1) |
| L | L | L | Write | I _{cc} | Din | Write cycle (2) |

Note: H: V_{IH} , L: V_{IL} , \times : V_{IH} or V_{IL}

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------------|------|
| Power supply voltage relative to V _{ss} | V_{cc} | -0.5 to +4.6 | V |
| Terminal voltage on any pin relative to V _{SS} | V _T | -0.5^{*1} to $V_{\odot} + 0.5^{*2}$ | V |
| Power dissipation | P _T | 0.7 | W |
| Operating temperature | Topr | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | Tstg | -65 to +150 | °C |
| Storage temperature range under bias | Tbias | -40 to +85 | °C |

Notes: 1. V_T min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 30 ns.

2. Maximum voltage is +7.0 V.

DC Operating Conditions

 $(Ta = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| Supply voltage | V _{cc} 2.7 3.0 | | 3.0 | 3.6 | V |
| | V _{SS} | 0 | 0 | 0 | V |
| Input high voltage | V _{IH} | 2.2 | _ | V _{cc} + 0.3 | V |
| Input low voltage | V _{IL} | -0.3* ¹ | _ | 0.6 | V |

Note: 1. V_{IL} min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 30 ns.

DC Characteristics

| Parameter | | Symbol | Min | Typ*1 | Max | Unit | Test conditions |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------|------------------|------|--|
| Input leakage curren | t | I _{LI} | | _ | 1 | μΑ | $Vin = V_{SS} to V_{CC}$ |
| Output leakage curre | ent | I _{LO} | _ | _ | 1 | μΑ | $CS\# = V_{IH}$ or $OE\# = V_{IH}$ or $WE\# = V_{IL}$ or $V_{I/O} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} |
| Operating current | | I _{cc} | _ | 5 | 10 | mA | $CS\# = V_{IL},$ $Others = V_{IH}/V_{IL}, I_{VO} = 0 \text{ mA}$ |
| Average operating c | urrent | I _{CC1} | _ | 8 | 25 | mA | Min. cycle, duty = 100%, CS# = V_{\parallel} , Others = V_{\parallel} / V_{\parallel} L I_{\parallel} O mA |
| | | I _{CC2} | _ | 2 | 5 | mA | Cycle time = 1 μ s, duty = 100%, $I_{VO} = 0$ mA, CS# \leq 0.2 V, $V_{IH} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IL} \leq 0.2$ V |
| Standby current | | I _{SB} | _ | 0.1 | 0.3 | mΑ | CS# = V _{IH} |
| Standby current | to +85°C | I _{SB1} | | _ | 20* ² | μΑ | Vin \geq 0 V, CS# \geq V _{CC} $-$ 0.2 V |
| | | | _ | _ | 10* ³ | μΑ | |
| | to +70°C | I _{SB1} | _ | _ | 16* ² | μΑ | |
| | | | _ | _ | 8* ³ | μΑ | |
| | to +40°C | I _{SB1} | _ | 0.7*2 | 10* ² | μΑ | _ |
| | | | _ | 0.7*3 | 3* ³ | μΑ | _ |
| | -40°C to +25°C | I _{SB1} | | 0.5*2 | 10* ² | μΑ | |
| | | | _ | 0.5*3 | 3* ³ | μΑ | |
| Output low voltage | | V _{OL} | _ | _ | 0.4 | V | $I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$ |
| | | V_{OL2} | _ | _ | 0.2 | V | $I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$ |
| Output high voltage | | V_{OH} | 2.4 | _ | _ | V | $I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$ |
| | | V _{OH2} | $V_{\rm CC}-0.2$ | !— | _ | V | $I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{ mA}$ |

Notes: 1. Typical values are at V_{cc} = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C and specified loading, and not guaranteed.

- 2. L version. (-7LI)
- 3. SL version. (-5SI)

Capacitance

 $(Ta = +25^{\circ}C, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz})$

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit | Test conditions | Note |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----------------|------|
| Input capacitance | Cin | _ | _ | 8 | pF | Vin = 0 V | 1 |
| Input/output capacitance | C _{I/O} | _ | _ | 10 | pF | $V_{I/O} = 0 V$ | 1 |

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Characteristics

(Ta = -40 to +85°C, $V_{\rm cc}$ = 2.7 V to 3.6 V, unless otherwise noted.)

Test Conditions

• Input pulse levels: $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$

• Input rise and fall time: 5 ns

• Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5 V

• Output load: 1 TTL Gate + C₁ (50 pF) (R1LV0408C-5I)

1 TTL Gate + C_L (100 pF) (R1LV0408C-7I)

(Including scope and jig)

Read Cycle

R1LV0408C-I

| | | -5 | | -7 | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
| Read cycle time | t _{RC} | 55 | _ | 70 | _ | ns | |
| Address access time | t _{AA} | _ | 55 | _ | 70 | ns | _ |
| Chip select access time | t _{co} | _ | 55 | _ | 70 | ns | _ |
| Output enable to output valid | t _{OE} | _ | 30 | _ | 35 | ns | |
| Chip select to output in low-Z | t _{LZ} | 10 | | 10 | _ | ns | 2 |
| Output enable to output in low-Z | t _{OLZ} | 5 | _ | 5 | _ | ns | 2 |
| Chip deselect to output in high-Z | t _{HZ} | 0 | 20 | 0 | 25 | ns | 1, 2 |
| Output disable to output in high-Z | t _{oHZ} | 0 | 20 | 0 | 25 | ns | 1, 2 |
| Output hold from address change | t _{oh} | 10 | | 10 | _ | ns | |

Write Cycle

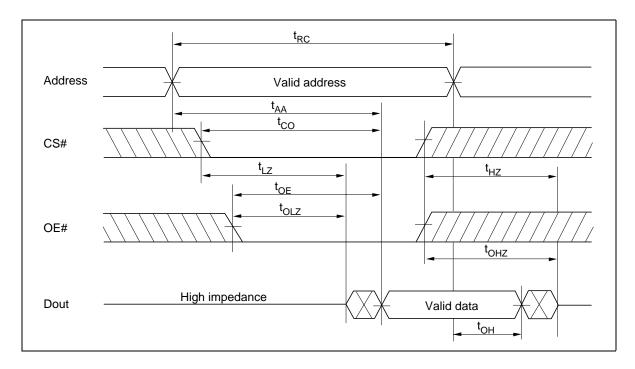
| | | C-I |
|--|--|-----|
| | | |

| | | -5 | | -7 | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|---------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | Unit | Notes |
| Write cycle time | t _{wc} | 55 | | 70 | | ns | |
| Chip selection to end of write | t _{CW} | 50 | | 60 | | ns | 4 |
| Address setup time | t _{AS} | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | ns | 5 |
| Address valid to end of write | t _{AW} | 50 | _ | 60 | _ | ns | |
| Write pulse width | t _{wP} | 40 | _ | 50 | | ns | 3, 12 |
| Write recovery time | t_{WR} | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | ns | 6 |
| Write to output in high-Z | t_{WHZ} | 0 | 20 | 0 | 25 | ns | 1, 2, 7 |
| Data to write time overlap | t _{DW} | 25 | _ | 30 | _ | ns | |
| Data hold from write time | t _{DH} | 0 | | 0 | | ns | |
| Output active from end of write | t _{ow} | 5 | | 5 | | ns | 2 |
| Output disable to output in high-Z | t _{OHZ} | 0 | 20 | 0 | 25 | ns | 1, 2, 7 |

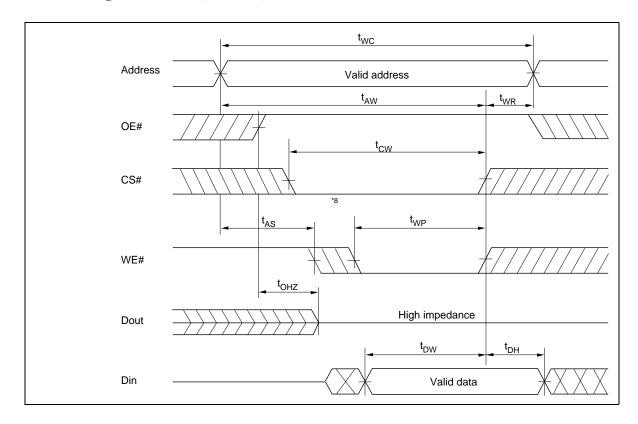
- Notes: 1. t_{HZ} , t_{OHZ} and t_{WHZ} are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.
 - 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
 - 3. A write occurs during the overlap (t_{wp}) of a low CS# and a low WE#. A write begins at the later transition of CS# going low or WE# going low. A write ends at the earlier transition of CS# going high or WE# going high. t_{wp} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
 - 4. t_{cw} is measured from CS# going low to the end of write.
 - 5. t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
 - 6. t_{WR} is measured from the earlier of WE# or CS# going high to the end of write cycle.
 - 7. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
 - 8. If the CS# low transition occurs simultaneously with the WE# low transition or after the WE# transition, the output remain in a high impedance state.
 - 9. Dout is the same phase of the write data of this write cycle.
 - 10. Dout is the read data of next address.
 - 11. If CS# is low during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Therefore, the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
 - 12. In the write cycle with OE# low fixed, t_{WP} must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention. $t_{WP} \ge t_{DW} \min + t_{WHZ} \max$

Timing Waveform

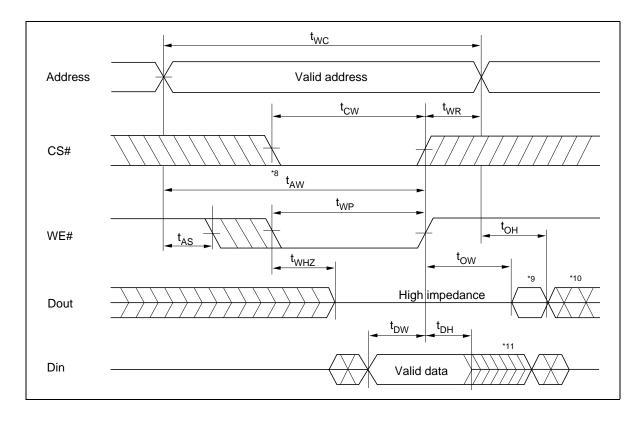
Read Timing Waveform (WE# = $V_{_{IH}}$)



Write Timing Waveform (1) (OE# Clock)



Write Timing Waveform (2) (OE# Low Fixed)



Low V_{cc} Data Retention Characteristics

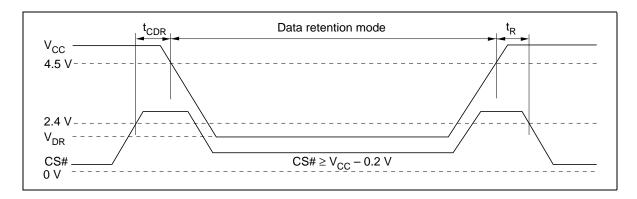
 $(Ta = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | | Symbol | Min | Typ*⁴ | Max | Unit | Test conditions*3 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------|-----|------|--|
| V_{∞} for data retention | | V_{DR} | 2 | _ | _ | V | $CS\# \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V, Vin} \geq 0 \text{ V}$ |
| Data retention current | to +85°C | I _{CCDR} *1 | _ | _ | 20 | μΑ | V_{cc} = 3.0 V, Vin \geq 0 V |
| | | I _{CCDR} *2 | | _ | 10 | = | $\text{CS\#} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ |
| | to +70°C | I _{CCDR} *1 | _ | _ | 16 | μΑ | |
| | | I _{CCDR} *2 | _ | _ | 8 | _ | |
| | to +40°C | I _{CCDR} *1 | _ | 0.7 | 10 | μΑ | |
| | | I _{CCDR} *2 | _ | 0.7 | 3 | = | |
| | -40°C to +25°C | I _{CCDR} *1 | _ | 0.5 | 10 | μΑ | |
| | | I _{CCDR} *2 | _ | 0.5 | 3 | _ | |
| Chip deselect to data retention time | | t _{CDR} | 0 | _ | _ | ns | See retention waveform |
| Operation recovery tim | е | t _R | t _{RC} *5 | _ | _ | ns | |

Notes: 1. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L version.

- 2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for SL version.
- 3. CS# controls address buffer, WE# buffer, OE# buffer, and Din buffer. In data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE#, OE#, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
- 4. Typical values are at V_{cc} = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C and specified loading, and not guaranteed.
- 5. t_{RC} = read cycle time.

$\textbf{Low V}_{cc} \, \textbf{Data Retention Timing Waveform} \, (\text{CS\# Controlled})$



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R1LV0408C-I Series

Revision Record

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