

December 2009

FDMS7600AS

Dual N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

N-Channel: 30 V, 30 A, 7.5 m Ω N-Channel: 30 V, 40 A, 2.8 m Ω

Features

Q1: N-Channel

- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 7.5 m Ω at V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 12 A
- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 12 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 10 \text{ A}$

Q2: N-Channel

- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 2.8 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 20 \text{ A}$
- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 3.3 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 18 \text{ A}$
- RoHS Compliant

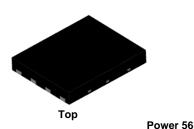
General Description

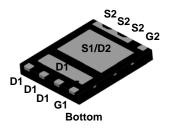
This device includes two specialized N-Channel MOSFETs in a dual MLP package. The switch node has been internally connected to enable easy placement and routing of synchronous buck converters. The control MOSFET (Q1) and synchronous SyncFET (Q2) have been designed to provide optimal power efficiency.

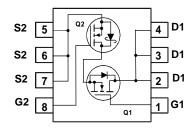
Applications

- Computing
- Communications
- General Purpose Point of Load
- Notebook V_{CORE}









MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter		Q1	Q2	Units
V _{DS}	Drain to Source Voltage		30	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	(Note 3)	±20	±20	V
	Drain Current -Continuous (Package limited)	T _C = 25 °C	30	40	
	-Continuous (Silicon limited)	T _C = 25 °C	50	120	Α
^I D	-Continuous	T _A = 25 °C	12 ^{1a}	22 ^{1b}	^
	-Pulsed		40	60	
В	Power Dissipation for Single Operation	T _A = 25 °C	2.2 ^{1a}	2.5 ^{1b}	W
P_{D}		T _A = 25 °C	1.0 ^{1c}	1.0 ^{1d}	VV
T _J , T _{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range		-55 to	+150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	57 ^{1a}	50 ^{1b}	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	125 ^{1c}	120 ^{1d}	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	3.5	2	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package Reel Size		Tape Width	Quantity
FDMS7600AS	FDMS7600AS	Power 56	13 "	12 mm	3000 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Тур	Max	Units
cteristics						
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $I_D = 1 mA, V_{GS} = 0 V$	Q1 Q2	30 30			V
Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I_D = 250 μA, referenced to 25 °C I_D = 1 mA, referenced to 25 °C	Q1 Q2		15 18		mV/°C
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} = 24 V, V _{GS} = 0 V	Q1 Q2			1 500	μA μA
Gate to Source Leakage Current	V _{GS} = 20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V	Q1 Q2			100 100	nA nA
	Cteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current		Cteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	Cteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A$, $V_{GS} = 0 V$ Q1 30 Q2 30 Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient $I_D = 250 \mu A$, referenced to 25 °C Q1 Q2 Q2 Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 24 V$, $V_{GS} = 0 V$ Q1 Q2 Q1 Q2	Cteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	Cteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $I_D = 1 \text{mA}, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $Q1 30 Q2 30$ Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient $I_D = 250 \mu A, \text{referenced to } 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $Q1 15 Q2 18$ Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 24 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $Q1 15 Q2 18$ Gate to Source Leakage Current $V_{OS} = 20 V, V_{OS} = 0 V$ $Q1 100 Q1 Q1$

On Characteristics

V _{GS(th)}	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 250 \mu A$ $V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1 mA$	Q1 Q2	1 1	1.8 1.5	3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I_D = 250 μA, referenced to 25 °C I_D = 1 mA, referenced to 25 °C	Q1 Q2		-6 -5		mV/°C
-	Drain to Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \ I_D = 12 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \ I_D = 10 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \ I_D = 12 \text{ A}, \ T_J = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	Q1		6.0 8.5 8.3	7.5 12 12	m0
r _{DS(on)}	Dialit to Source Off Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \ I_D = 20 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \ I_D = 18 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \ I_D = 20 \text{ A}, \ T_J = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	Q2		2.2 2.6 2.6	2.8 3.3 3.8	mΩ
9 _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 12 \text{ A}$ $V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 20 \text{ A}$	Q1 Q2		63 190		S

Dynamic Characteristics

C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	Q1: V _{DS} = 15 V, V _{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHZ	Q1 Q2	1315 5265	1750 7005	pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance	Q2:	Q1 Q2	445 2150	600 2860	pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHZ}$	Q1 Q2	45 200	70 300	pF
R _g	Gate Resistance		Q1 Q2	0.9 0.3		Ω

Switching Characteristics

t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	Q1:	Q1 Q2	8.6 18	18 32	ns
t _r	Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 12 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6 \Omega$	Q1 Q2	2.5 7.6	10 16	ns
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	Q2:	Q1 Q2	20 45	32 72	ns
t _f	Fall Time	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V, } I_{D} = 20 \text{ A,}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V, } R_{GEN} = 6 \Omega$	Q1 Q2	2.3 5.2	10 10	ns
Qg	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} = 0 V to 10 V Q1	Q1 Q2	20 81	28 113	nC
Qg	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0 \ V \text{ to } 4.5 \ V_{DD} = 1$	= 15 V, 2 A Q1 Q2	9.3 37	13 52	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge	Q2 Vpp =	Q1 Q2	4.3 13		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge	I _D = 2		2.2 9.6		nC

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Туре	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Drain-Sou	rce Diode Characteristics						
V _{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = 12 \text{ A}$ (Note 2 $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = 20 \text{ A}$ (Note 2			0.8 0.7	1.2 1.2	V
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	Q1 I _F = 12 A, di/dt = 100 A/μs	Q1 Q2		27 47	43 75	ns
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	Q2 I _F = 20 A, di/dt = 300 A/μs	Q1 Q2		10 80	18 128	nC

Notes:

13. R_{0,IA} is determined with the device mounted on a 1 in² pad 2 oz copper pad on a 1.5 x 1.5 in. board of FR-4 material. R_{0,IC} is guaranteed by design while R_{0CA} is determined by the user's board design.



a. 57 °C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper



b. 50 °C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper



c. 125 °C/W when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper



d. 120 °C/W when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper

- 2: Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 μ s, Duty cycle < 2.0%.
- 3: As an N-ch device, the negative Vgs rating is for low duty cycle pulse ocurrence only. No continuous rating is implied.

Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

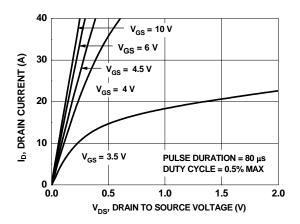


Figure 1. On Region Characteristics

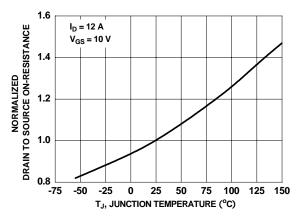


Figure 3. Normalized On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

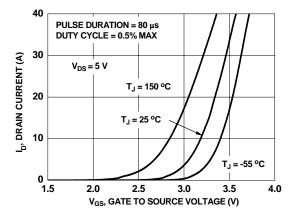


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

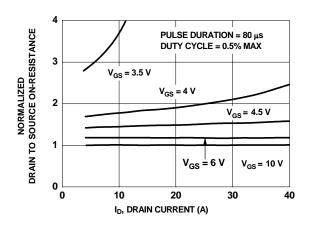


Figure 2. Normalized On-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

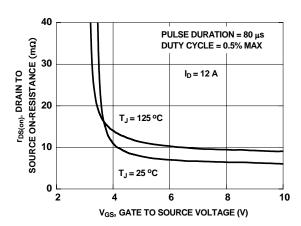


Figure 4. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

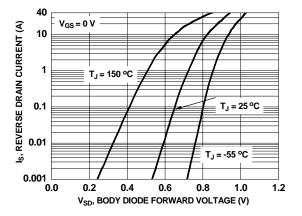


Figure 6. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

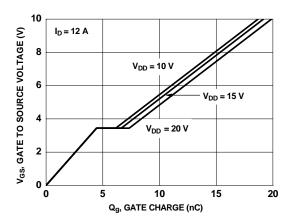


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

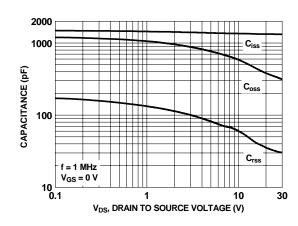


Figure 8. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

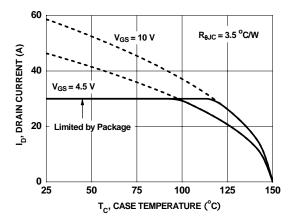


Figure 9. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs
Case Temperature

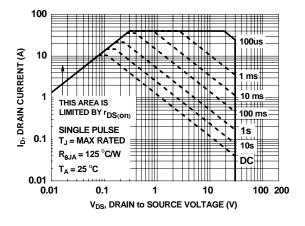


Figure 10. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

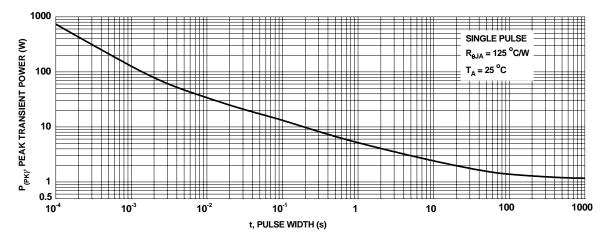


Figure 11. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

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Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

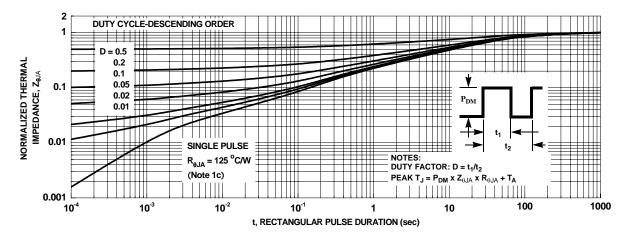


Figure 12. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unlenss otherwise noted

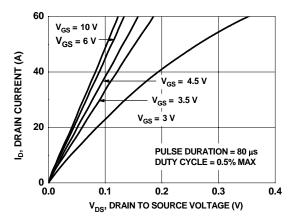


Figure 13. On-Region Characteristics

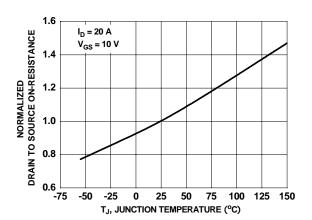


Figure 15. Normalized On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

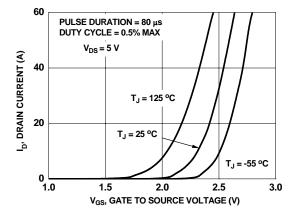


Figure 17. Transfer Characteristics

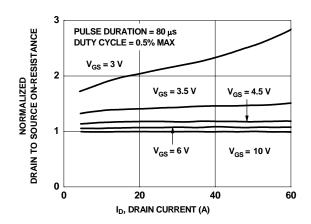


Figure 14. Normalized on-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

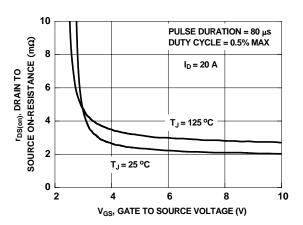


Figure 16. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

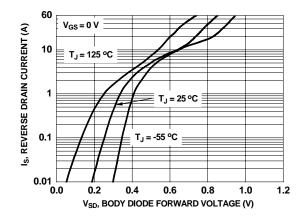


Figure 18. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) $T_J = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

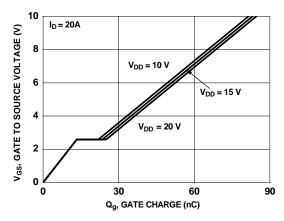


Figure 19. Gate Charge Characteristics

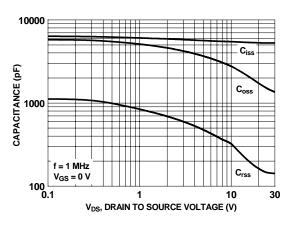


Figure 20. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

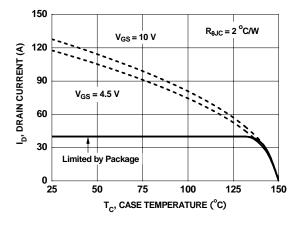


Figure 21. Maximun Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

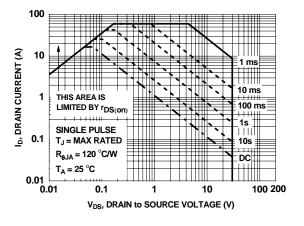


Figure 22. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

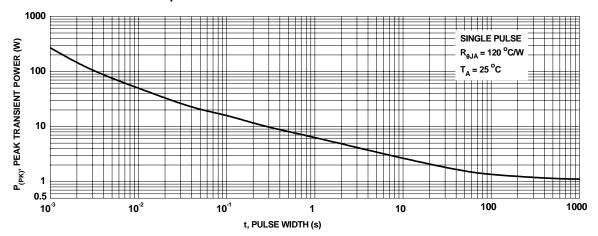


Figure 23. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Typical Characteristics (Q2 N_Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

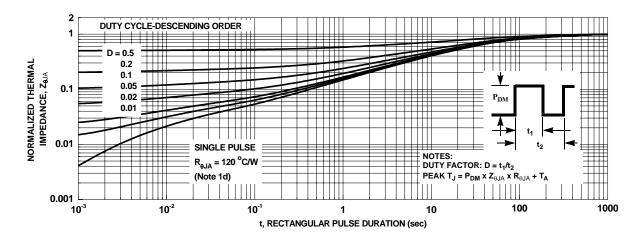


Figure 24. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (continued)

SyncFET Schottky body diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MOSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 25 shows the reverse recovery characteristic of the FDMS7600AS.

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

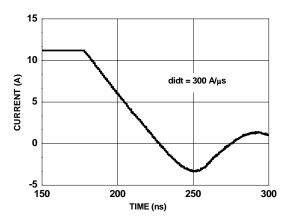


Figure 25. FDMS7600AS SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic

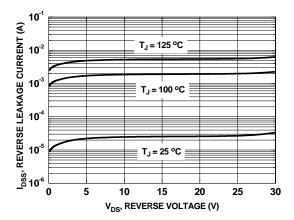
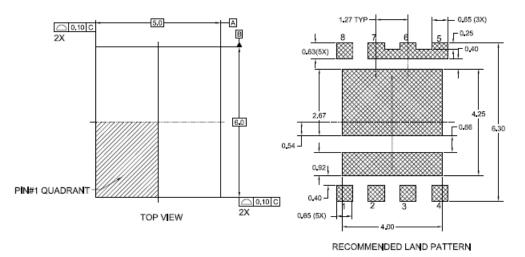
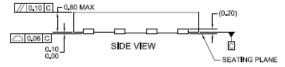
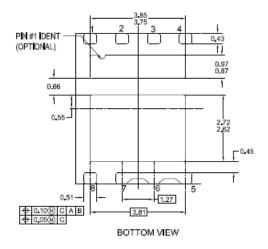


Figure 26. SyncFET body diode reverse leakage versus drain-source voltage

Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout









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