

HT6026 Remote Control Encoder

Features

- Operating voltage: 4V~18V
- Low standby current
- Low power and high noise immunity CMOS technology
- 3⁹ different codes

Applications

- Burglar alarm system
- Smoke and fire alarm system
- Garage door controllers
- Car alarm system

General Description

The HT6026 is a CMOS LSI encoder designed for remote control system applications. It is capable of encoding 9 bits of information which consists of N address bits and 9–N data bits. Each address/data input is externally trinary programmable by external switches. The programmable

- Minimum of two transmission words
- Built-in oscillator needs only 5% resistor
- Interface with RF or infrared transmission medium
- Minimal external components
- Security system
- Cordless telephones
- Other remote control systems

address/data is transmitted along with the header bits via an RF or an infrared transmission medium upon receipt of a trigger signal ($\overline{\text{TE}}$).

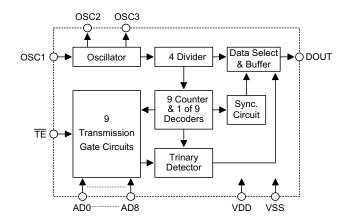
The HT6026 is pin compatible with the MC145026.

Pin Assignment

AD0	1	U	16				
AD1	2		15				
AD2 🗆	3		14	DTE			
AD3 🗆	4		13				
AD4 🗆	5		12	DOSC2			
AD5 🗆	6		11	DOSC1			
AD6 🗆	7		10	DAD8			
VSS 🗆	8		9	DAD7			
HT6026							
-16 DIP/NSOP							

Block Diagram

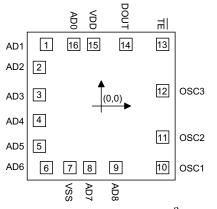
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Unit: µ**m**

Pad Coordinates



Pad No.	X	Y	Pad No.	X	Y
1	-598.00	689.00	9	160.00	-687.00
2	-674.00	433.00	10	670.00	-687.00
3	-674.00	126.00	11	670.00	-347.00
4	-674.00	-162.00	12	670.00	172.00
5	-674.00	-449.00	13	670.50	689.50
6	-598.00	-687.00	14	270.00	689.00
7	-342.00	-687.00	15	-84.00	689.00
8	-127.00	-687.00	16	-299.00	689.00

Chip size: 1650 \times 1680 $\left(\mu m\right)^2$

 \ast The IC substrate should be connected to VSS in the PCB layout artwork.

Pin Description

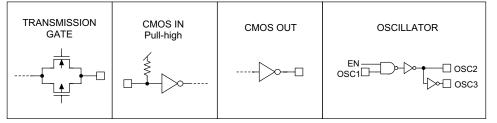
Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Internal Connection	Description		
1~7	AD0~AD6	Ι	TRANSMISSION GATE	Input pins for address/data AD0~AD6 setting. They can be externally set to VDD, VSS, or left open.		
8	VSS	Ι		Negative power supply (GND)		
9~10	AD7~AD8	Ι	TRANSMISSION GATE	Input pins for address/data AD7~AD8 setting. They can be externally set to VDD, VSS, or left open.		
11	OSC1	Ι	OSCILLATOR	Oscillator input pin		
12	OSC2	0	OSCILLATOR	Oscillator output pin		
13	OSC3	0	OSCILLATOR	Oscillator output pin		
14	TE	Ι	CMOS IN Pull-high	Transmission enable, active low		
15	DOUT	0	CMOS OUT	Encoder data serial transmission output		
16	VDD			Positive power supply		

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Approximate internal connection circuits



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage0.3V to 24V	Storage Temperature50°C to 125°C
Input VoltageV_{SS}–0.3 to V_{DD}+0.3V	Operating Temperature–20°C to $75^\circ\mathrm{C}$

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

Ta=25°C

	D (Test Conditions	м.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	V _{DD}	Conditions	Min.			
V _{DD}	Operating Voltage			4		18	v
Icom Standby Current		5V	Oreilleter store		0.1	0.3	μΑ
I _{STB}	Standby Current	15V	Oscillator stops		0.1	0.5	μA
Inn			No load, f _{OSC} =18kHz		500	900	μΑ
I _{DD}	Operating Current	15V	No load, f _{OSC} =22kHz		2000	3000	μΑ
		5V	V _{OH} =0.9V _{DD} (Source)	-1.0	-1.7		mA
I _{DOUT}	Output Drive Current	15V	VOH=0.9 VDD (Source)	-8.0	-14.0		mA
		5V	$V_{} = 0.1 V_{}$ (Sink)	0.8	1.5		mA
		15V	$V_{OL}=0.1V_{DD}$ (Sink)	5.0	10.0		mA
V _{IH}	"H" Input Voltage			$0.7 V_{DD}$		VDD	V
V _{IL}	"L" Input Voltage	_		0		$0.3V_{\rm DD}$	V
р—		5V			800		kΩ
RTE	TE Pull-high Resistance	15V	$V_{\overline{\text{TE}}}=0V$		250		kΩ
f _{OSC}	Oscillator Frequency	5V	$R_{EXT}=10k\Omega$		18		kHz
¹ OSC	Oscillator Frequency	15V	C_{EXT} =2000PF R_{S} =20k Ω	—	22	—	kHz

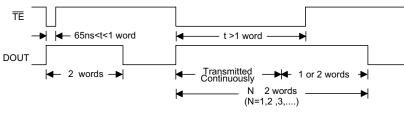
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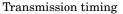


Functional Description

Operation

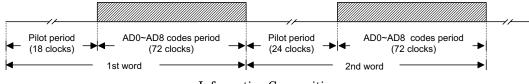
The HT6026 encoder begins a one-word transmission cycle upon receipt of a transmission enable (\overline{TE} , active low). This cycle will repeat itself as long as the transmission enable (\overline{TE}) is held low. Once the transmission enable returns high, the encoder output completes its final N×2 word cycle, and then stops as shown in the Transmission timing diagram below. The total number of transmission cycles allowed is always automatically adjusted to an even number.





Information word

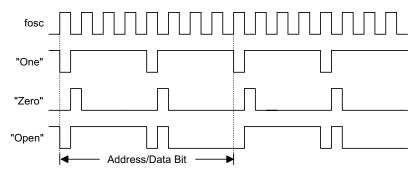
An information word consists of two periods as shown:



Information Composition

Address/data waveform

Each programmable address/data pin can be externally set to one of the following three logic states:



Address/Data bit waveform

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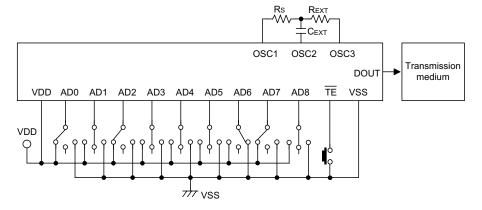


Address/data programming (preset)

The status of each address/data pin can be individually preset to logic "high", "low", or "floating". If a transmission enable signal is applied, the encoder scans and transmits the status of the 9-bit address/data serially in the order AD0 to AD8. But if the trigger signal is not applied, the chip only consumes a standby current which is less than 1μ A (for VDD=5V).

The address pins are usually preset to transmit data codes with their own particular security codes by the DIP switches or PCB wiring, while the data is selected using push buttons or electronic switches.

The following figure demonstrates an application using the HT6026:



The transmitted information is as listed:

Pilot	AD0	AD1	AD2	AD3	AD4	AD5	AD6	AD7	AD8
& Sync.	1	Z	1	Z	Z	Z	0	1	Z

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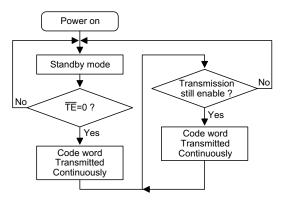
Z: floating



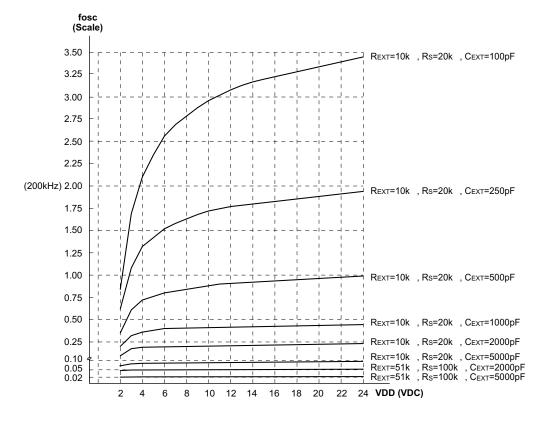
Transmission enable

Transmission is enabled by applying a low signal to the $\overline{\text{TE}}$ pin. The HT6026 is enabled and outputs address/data codes from the DOUT pin when $\overline{\text{TE}}$ is set to "low" for more than 65ns.

Flowchart



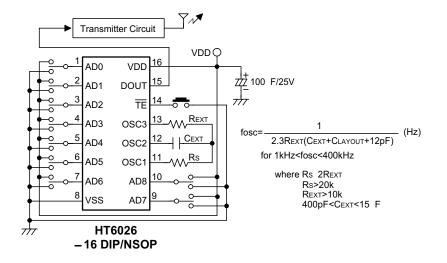
Oscillator frequency vs supply voltage



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Application Circuit



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Notes:

Typical infrared diode: EL-1L2 (KODENSHI CORP.) Typical RF transmitter: JR-220 (JUWA CORP.)



Holtek Semiconductor Inc. (Headquarters)

No.3 Creation Rd. II, Science-based Industrial Park, Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-563-1999 Fax: 886-3-563-1189

Holtek Semiconductor Inc. (Taipei Office)

11F, No.576, Sec.7 Chung Hsiao E. Rd., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: 886-2-2782-9635 Fax: 886-2-2782-9636 Fax: 886-2-2782-7128 (International sales hotline)

Holtek Semiconductor (Hong Kong) Ltd.

RM.711, Tower 2, Cheung Sha Wan Plaza, 833 Cheung Sha Wan Rd., Kowloon, Hong Kong Tel: 852-2-745-8288 Fax: 852-2-742-8657

Holtek Semiconductor (Shanghai) Ltd.

7th Floor, Building 2, No.889, Yi Shan Road, Shanghai, China Tel:021-6485-5560 Fax:021-6485-0313

Holmate Technology Corp.

48531 Warm Springs Boulevard, Suite 413, Fremont, CA 94539 Tel: 510-252-9880 Fax: 510-252-9885

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