AS5SS256K18 256K x 18 SYNCHRONOUS BURST SRAM

SYNCHRONOUS BURST SRAM FLOW-THROUGH

+3.3V Supply with clocked registered inputs, burst counter.

AVAILABLE AS MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS

•MIL-STD-883

FEATURES

- Fast access times: 7.5, 8, 8.5, and 10ns
- Fast clock speed: 117, 100, 90, and 50 MHz
- Provide high performance 2-1-1-1 access rate
- Fast OE\ access times: 4.0ns
- 3.3V -5% and +10% power supply
- 5V tolerant inputs except I/O's
- Clamp diodes to VSSQ at all inputs and outputs
- Common data inputs and data outputs
- BYTE WRITE ENABLE and GLOBAL WRITE control
- Three chip enables for depth expansion and address pipeline
- · Address, data and control registers
- Internally self-timed WRITE CYCLE
- Burst control pins (interleaved or linear burst sequence)
- Automatic power-down for portable applications
- Low profile 119 lead, 14mm x 22mm BGA (Ball Grid Array) and 100 pin TQFP packages

OPTIONS	MARKING
• Timing	
8ns/10ns	-8
8.5ns/11ns	-9
10ns/20ns	-10
• Packages	
119-lead BGA	DB
100-pin TQFP	DQ

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ASI Synchronous Burst SRAM family employs high-speed, low power CMOS designs using advanced triple-layer polysilicon, double-layer metal technology. Each memory cell consists of four transistors and two high valued resistors.

The AS5SS256K18 SRAM integrates 262,144x18 SRAM cells with advanced synchronous peripheral circuitry and a 2-bit counter for internal burst operation. AlL synchronous inputs are gated by registers controlled by a positive-edge-triggered clock input (CLK). The synchronous inputs include all addresses, all data inputs, address-pipelining chip enable (CE\), depth-expansion chip enables (CE2\ and CE2), burst control inputs (ADSC\, ADSP\, and ADV\), write enables (WEL\, WEH\, and BWE\), and global write (GW\).

Asynchronous inputs include the output enable (OE\), burst mode control (MODE), and sleep mode control (ZZ). The data outputs (DQ), enabled by OE\, are also asynchronous.

Addresses and chip enables are registered with either address status processor (ADSP\) or address status controller (ADSC\) input pins. Subsequent burst addresses can be internally generated as controlled by the burst advance pin (ADV\). Address, data inputs, and write controls are registered on-chip to initiate self-timed WRITE cycle. WRITE cycles can be one or two bytes wide as controlled by the write control inputs. Individual byte enables allow individual bytes to be written. WEL\ controls DQ1-DQ8 and DQP1. WEH\ controls DQ9-DQ16 and DQP2. WEL\ and WEH\ can be active only with BWE\ being LOW. GW\ being LOW causes all bytes to be written.

The AS5SS256K18 operates from a +3.3V core power supply and all outputs operate on a +2.5V supply. All inputs and outputs are JEDEC standard JESD8-5 compatible. The device is ideally suited for 486, Pentium $_{\text{TM}}$, 680x0, and PowerPC $_{\text{TM}}$ systems and for systems that are benefited from a wide synchronous data bus.

1

PIN ASSIGNMENT (Top View)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Αſ	VCCQ	A 6	A4	ADSP\	A 8	A16	VCCQ
в	NC	CE2	A 3	ADSC\	A 9	CE2\	NC
C	NC	A 7	A2	VCC	A12	A15	NC
D	DQ9	NC	VSS	NC	VSS	DQP1	NC
Εĺ	NC	DQ10	VSS	CE\	VSS	NC	DQ8
F	VCCQ	NC	VSS	OE\	VSS	DQ7	VCCQ
G	NC	DQ11	B W H\	ADV\	VSS	NC	DQ6
н	DQ12	NC	VSS	G W ∖	VSS	DQ5	NC
J	VCCQ	vcc	NC	VCC	NC	vcc	VCCQ
ĸ	NC	DQ13	VSS	CLK	vss	NC	DQ4
L Ì	DQ14	NC	VSS	NC	B W L\	DQ3	NC
м	VCCQ	DQ15	VSS	B W E\	VSS	NC	VCCQ
Ν	DQ18	NC	VSS	A1	VSS	DQ2	NC
Р	NC	DQP2	VSS	A 0	VSS	NC	DQ1
R	NC	A 5	MODE	VCC	NC	A13	NC
Т	NC	A10	A11	NC	A14	A17	ZZ
υ(vccq	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	VCCQ
	7	ГОР У	VIEW	7 119 I	LEAI) BG	A

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

BGA PINS	QFP PINS	SYMBOL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
4P, 4N, 2A, 3A,5A, 6A, 3B, 5B, 2C,3C, 5C, 6C, 2R, 6R, 2T, 3T, 5T, 6T	37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 32, 100, 99, 82, 81, 80, 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 49, 50	A0-A17	Input- Synchronous	Addresses: These inputs are registered and must meet the setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK. The burst counter generates internal addresses associated with A0 and A1, during burst cycle and wait cycle.
5L, 3G	93, 94	WEH WEL\	Input- Synchronous	Byte Write Enables: A byte write enable is LOW for a WRITE cycle and HIGH for a READ cycle. WEL\ controls DQ1-DQ8 and DQP1. WEH\ controls DQ9-DQ16 and DQP2. Data I/O are high impedance if either of these inputs are LOW, conditioned by BWE\ being LOW.
4M	87	BWE\	Input- Synchronous	Write Enable: This active LOW input gates byte write operations and must meet the setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK.
4H	88	GW/	Input- Synchronous	Global Write: This active LOW input allows a full 18-bit WRITE to occur independent of the BWE\ and WEn\ lines and must meet the setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK.
4K	89	CLK	Input- Synchronous	Clock: This signal registers the addresses, data, chip enables, write control and burst control inputs on its rising edge. All synchronous inputs must meet setup and hold times around the clock's rising edge.
4E	98	CE/	Input- Synchronous	Chip Enable: This active LOW input is used to enable the device and to gate ADSP\.
6B	92	CE2\	Input- Synchronous	Chip Enable: This active LOW input is used to enable the device.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS (continued)

BGA PINS	QFP PINS	SYMBOL	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
2B	97	CE2	Input- Synchronous	Chip enable: This active HIGH input is used to enable the device.
4F	86	OE\	Input- Synchronous	Output Enable: This active LOW asynchronous input enables the data output drivers.
4G	83	ADV\	Input- Synchronous	Address Advance: This active LOW input is used to control the internal burst counter. A HIGH on this pin generates wait cycle (no address advance).
4A	84	ADSP\	Input- Synchronous	Address Status Processor: This active LOW input, along with CE# being LOW, causes a new external address to be registered and a READ cycle is initiated using the new address.
4B	85	ADSC\	Input- Synchronous	Address Status Controller: This active LOW input causes device to be de-selected or selected along with new external address to be registered. A READ or WRITE cycle is initiated depending upon write control inputs.
3R	31	MODE	Input- Static	Mode: This input selects the burst sequence. A LOW on this pin selects LINEAR BURST. A NC or HIGH on this pin selects INTERLEAVED BURST.
π	64	ZZ	Input- Asynchronous	Snooze: This active HIGH input puts the device in low power consumption standby mode. For normal operation, this input has to be either LOW or NC (No Connect).
7P, 6N, 6L, 7K, 6H, 7G,6F, 7E, 1D, 2E, 2G, 1H,2K, 1L, 2M, 1N	58, 59, 62, 63, 68,69, 72, 73, 8, 9, 12,13, 18, 19, 22, 23	DQ1-DQ16	Input/ Output	Data Inputs/Outputs: Low Byte is DQ1-DQ8. HIgh Byte is DQ9-DQ16. Input data must meet setup and hold times around the rising edge of CLK.
6D, 2P	74, 24	DQP1,DQP2	Input/ Output	Parity Inputs/Outputs: DQP1 is parity bit for DQ1-DQ8 and DQP2 is parity bit for DQ9-DQ16.
4C, 2J, 4J, 6J, 4R	15, 41,65, 91	VCC	Supply	Power Supply: +3.3V -5% and +10% of CLK.
3D, 5D, 3E, 5E, 3F, 5F,5G, 3H, 5H, 3K, 5K, 3L,3M, 5M, 3N, 5N, 3P, 5P	17, 40, 67, 90	VSS	Ground	Ground: GND.
1A, 7A, 1F, 7F, 1J, 7J,1M, 7M, 1U, 7U	4, 11, 20, 27, 54,61, 70, 77	VCCQ	I/O Supply	Output Buffer Supply: +3.3V -5% and +10%
	5, 10, 21, 26, 55, 60, 71, 76	VSSQ	I/O Ground	Output Buffer Ground: GND
	1-3, 6, 7, 14, 16,25, 28- 30, 38, 39,42, 43, 51-53, 56,57, 66, 75, 78, 79,80, 95, 96	NC	-	No Connect: These signals are not internally connected.

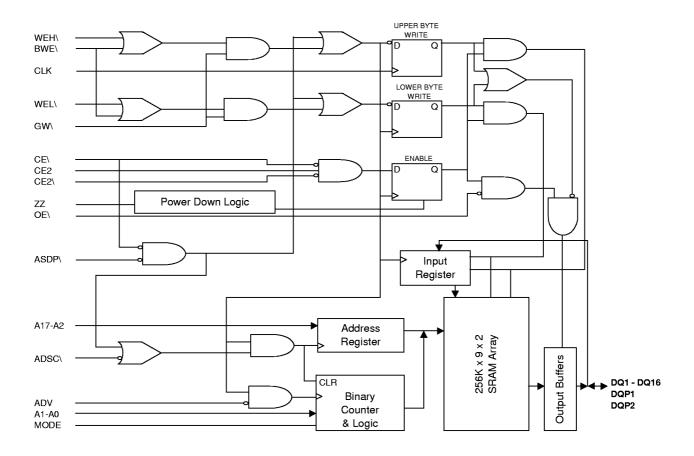
BURST ADDRESS TABLE (MODE=NC/VCC)

First Address (external)	Second Address (internal)	Third Address (internal)	Fourth Address (internal)		
AA00	AA01	AA10	AA11		
AA01	AA00	AA11	AA10		
AA10	AA11	AA00	AA01		
AA11	AA10	AA01	AA00		

BURST ADDRESS TABLE (MODE=GND)

	First Address	Second Address	Third Address	Fourth Address
ı	(external)	(internal)	(internal)	(internal)
	AA00	AA01	AA10	AA11
	AA01	AA10	AA11	AA00
	AA10	AA11	AA00	AA01
	AA11	AA00	AA01	AA10

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



NOTE: The Functional Block Diagram illustrates simplified device operation. See Truth Table, pin descriptions and timing diagrams for detailed information.

TRUTH TABLE

OPERATION	ADDRESS USED	CE\	CE2\	CE2	ADSP\	ADSC\	ADV\	WRITE	OE\	CLK	DQ
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	Н	Х	х	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	L-H	High-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	Х	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	L-H	High-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	Н	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	L-H	High-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	Х	L	Н	L	Х	х	Х	L-H	High-Z
Deselected Cycle, Power Down	None	L	Н	Х	Н	L	Х	Х	Х	L-H	High-Z
READ Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Х	L	L-H	Q
READ Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Х	Н	L-H	High-Z
WRITE Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	L	Н	Н	L	Х	L	Х	L-H	D
READ Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Н	L	L-H	Q
READ Cycle, Begin Burst	External	L	L	Н	Н	L	Х	Н	Н	L-H	High-Z
READ Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	Х	Х	Х	н	Н	L	Н	L	L-H	Q
READ Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	Х	Х	Х	н	Н	L	н	Н	L-H	High-Z
READ Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	Н	Х	Х	х	Н	L	Н	L	L-H	Q
READ Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	Н	Х	Х	×	Н	L	Н	Н	L-H	High-Z
WRITE Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н	L	L	Х	L-H	D
WRITE Cycle, Continue Burst	Next	н	Х	Х	х	Н	L	L	Х	L-H	D
READ Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	Х	Х	Х	н	Н	Н	Н	L	L-H	Q
READ Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	Х	Х	Х	н	Н	Н	Н	Ι	L-H	High-Z
READ Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	н	Х	Х	х	Н	Н	Н	٦	L-H	Q
READ Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	Н	Х	Х	х	Н	Н	Н	Ι	L-H	High-Z
WRITE Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н	Н	L	Х	L-H	Ь
WRITE Cycle, Suspend Burst	Current	Н	Х	Х	X	Н	Н	L	X	L-H	D

Note:

- 1. X means "don't care." H means logic HIGH. L means logic LOW. WRITE\= L means [BWE\+ WEL*WEH\]*GW\ equals LOW. WRITE\= H means [BWE\+ WEL*WEH\]*GW\ equals HIGH.
- 2. WEL\ enables write to DQ1-DQ8 and DQP1. WEH\ enables write to DQ9-DQ16 and DQP2.
- 3. All inputs except OE\ must meet setup and hold times around the rising edge (LOW to HIGH) of CLK.
- 4. Suspending burst generates wait cycle.
- 5. For a write operation following a read operation, OE\ must be HIGH before the input data required setup time plus High-Z time for OE\ and staying HIGH throughout the input data hold time.
- 6. This device contains circuitry that will ensure the outputs will be in High-Z during power-up.
- 7. ADSP\ LOW along with chip being selected always initiates an READ cycle at the L-H edge of CLK. A WRITE cycle can be performed by setting WRITE\ LOW for the CLK L-H edge of the subsequent wait cycle. Refer to WRITE timing diagram for clarification.

PARTIAL TRUTH TABLE FOR READ/WRITE

FUNCTION	GW∖	BWE\	WEH\	WEL\
READ	Н	Н	Χ	Χ
READ	Н	L	Н	Н
WRITE one byte	Н	L	L	Н
WRITE all bytes	Н	L	L	L
WRITE all bytes	Н	Х	Х	Х

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

V _{IN}	0.5V to VCC + 0.5 V
Storage Temperature (plastic)	
Short Circuit Output Current (per I/C)100mA
Voltage on VCC Supply Relative to V	SS0.5V to +4.6V
Junction Temperature	+125°C
Power Dissipation	1.4 W

*Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (-55°C \leq T_o \leq +125°C; VCC = 3.3V -5% AND +10% unless otherwise noted)

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input High (Logic 1) Voltage	Data Inputs (DQxx)	V_{IHD}	2.0	VCC+0.3	٧	1,2
Imput High (Logic 1) Voltage	All Other Inputs	V _{IH}	2	4.6	V	1,2
Input Low (Logic 0) Voltage		V _{II}	-0.3	8.0	V	1, 2
Input Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le VCC$	IL _I	-2	2	μΑ	14
Output Leakage Current	Output(s) disabled 0V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ VCC	ILo	-2	2	μΑ	
Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -4.0mA	V _{OH}	2.4		V	1
Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 8.0mA	V _{OL}		0.4	٧	1
Supply Voltage		VCC	3.135	3.6	V	1
I/O Supply Voltage		VCCQ	3.135	3.6	V	1

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYM	TYP	-7	-8	-9	-10	UNITS	NOTES
Power Supply Current: Operating	Device selected; all inputs $\leq V_{IL}$ or $\geq V_{IH}$; cycle time \geq ^t KC MIN; VCC = MAX; outputs open	l _{cc}	150	370	320	290	200	mA	3, 12, 13
CMOS Standby	Device deselected; VCC = MAX; all input \leq VSS +0.2 or \geq VCC -0.2; all inputs static; CLK frequency =0	I _{SB2}	5	10	10	10	10	mA	12,13
TTL Standby	Device deselected; all inputs $\leq V_{IL}$ or $> V_{IH}$; all inputs static; VCC = MAX; CLK frequency = 0	I _{SB3}	10	20	20	20	20	mA	12, 13
Clock Running	Device deselected; all inputs $<$ V_{IL} or $>$ V_{IH} ; all inputs static; VCC = MAX; CLK cycle time \geq t KC MIN	I _{SB4}	40	80	70	60	40	mA	12, 13

AS5SS256K18 256K x 18 SYNCHRONOUS BURST SRAM

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RECOMMENDED AC OPERATING CONDITIONS (Note 5) (-55°C \leq T_A \leq +125°C; VCC = 3.3V -5% and +10%)

-9 -10 -11 -8 SYMBOL MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN | MAX UNITS NOTES CLOCK Clock cycle time ^tKC 10 11 12 13 ns Clock HIGH time ^tKH 4 4.5 4.5 5 ns Clock LOW time ^tKL 4 4.5 4.5 5 ns **OUTPUT TIMES** Clock to output valid ¹KQ 8 8.5 10 11 ns Clock to output invalid ^tKQX 2 2 2 2 ns ¹KQLZ 0 4,6,7 Clock to output in Low-Z 0 0 0 ns Clock to output in High-Z ^tKQHZ 2 3.5 2 3.5 2 3.5 2 3.5 4,6,7 ns OE to output valid ¹OEQ 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 9 ns OELZ OE to output in Low-Z 0 0 4,6,7 0 0 ns OE to output in High-Z OEHZ 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 4,6,7 ns SETUP TIMES Address, Controls, and Data In ^tS 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.5 ns 10 HOLD TIMES Address, Controls, and Data In ^tH 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 10 ns

CAPACITANCE

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAXIMUM	UNITS	NOTES
Cı	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$; f = 1 MHz	5	pF	4
Co	VCC = 3.3V	8	pF	4

THERMAL CONSIDERATION

DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	SYM	TQFP TYP	UNITS	NOTES	
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Ambient	Still air, soldered on 4.25 x	Θ_{JA}	25	^o C/W		
Thermal Resistance - Junction to Case	1.125 inch 4 - layer PCB	Θ_{JC}	9	°C/W		

TYPICAL OUTPUT BUFFER CHARACTERISTICS

OUTPUT HIGH VOLTAGE	PULL-UP CURRENT		OUTPUT LOW VOLTAGE	PULL-DOWN CURRENT	
VOH (V)	IOH(mA) Min	IOH(mA) Max	VOL (V)	IOL(mA) Min	IOL(mA) Max
-0.5	-38	-105	-0.5	0	0
0	-38	-105	0	0	0
0.8	-38	-105	0.4	10	20
1.25	-26	-83	0.8	20	40
1.5	-20	-70	1.25	31	63
2.3	0	-30	1.6	40	80
2.7	0	-10	2.8	40	80
2.9	0	0	3.2	40	80
3.4	0	0	3.4	40	80

AC TEST CONDITIONS

Input pulse levels	0V to 3.0V
Input rise and fall times	1.5ns
Input timing reference levels	1.5V
Output reference levels	1.5V
Output load	See Figures 1 and 2

OUTPUT LOADS

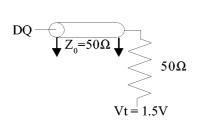


Fig. 1 OUTPUT LOAD EQUIVALENT

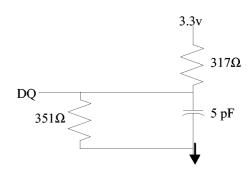


Fig. 2 OUTPUT LOAD EQUIVALENT

NOTES

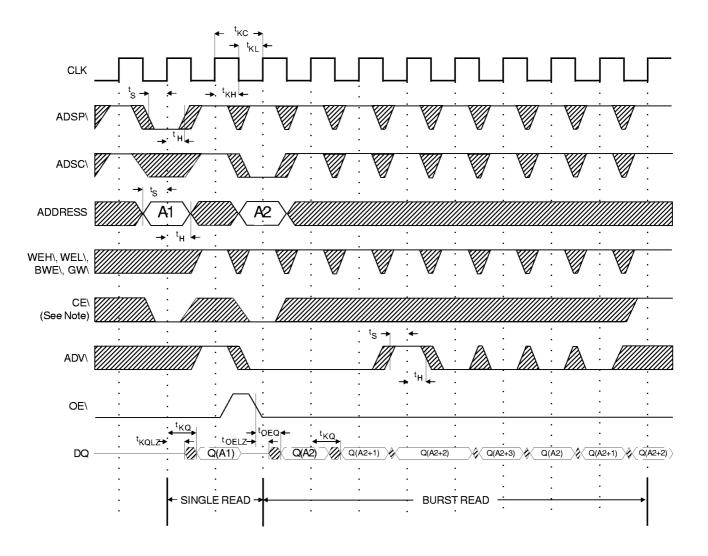
- 1. All voltages referenced to VSS (GND).
- 2. Overshoot: V IH \leq +6.0V for t \leq ^tKC /2. Undershoot: V IL \leq -2.0V for t \leq ^t KC /2
- 3. Icc is given with no output current. Icc increases with greater output loading and faster cycle times.
- 4. This parameter is sampled.
- 5. Test conditions as specified with the output loading as shown in Fig. 1 unless otherwise noted.
- 6. Output loading is specified with CL=5pF as in Fig. 2.
- 7. At any given temperature and voltage condition, ^tKQHZ is less than ^tCELZ and ^tOEHZ is less than ^tOELZ.
- 8. A READ cycle is defined by byte write enables all HIGH or ADSP\LOW along with chip enables being active for the required setup and hold times. A WRITE cycle is defined by at one byte or all byte WRITE per READ/WRITE TRUTH TABLE.

- 9. OE\ is a "don't care" when a byte write enable is sampled LOW.
- 10. This is a synchronous device. All synchronous inputs must meet specified setup and hold time, except for "don't care" as defined in the truth table.

11.

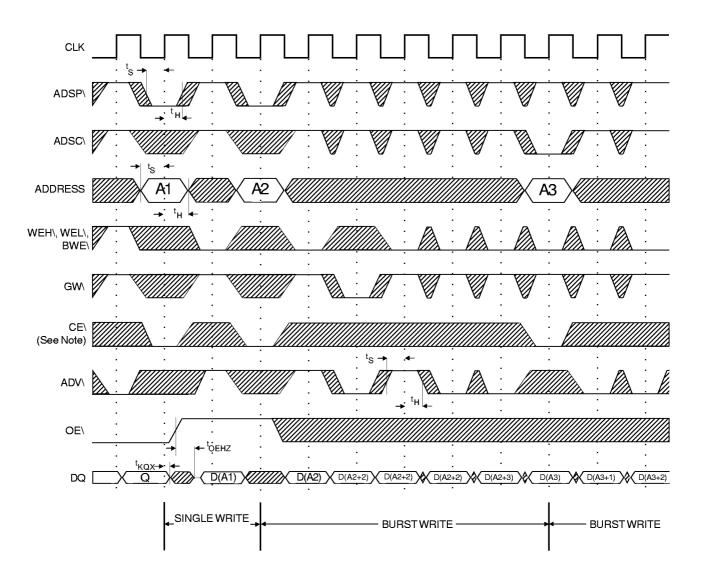
- 12. "Device Deselected" means the device is in POWER -DOWN mode as defined in the truth table. "Device Selected" means the device is active.
- 13. Typical values are measured at 3.3V, 25°C and 20ns cycle time.
- 14. MODE pin has an internal pull-up and ZZ pin has an internal pull-down. These two pins exhibit an input leakage current of+30 mA.
- 15. Capacitance derating applies to capacitance different from the load capacitance shown in Fig. 1.

READ TIMING



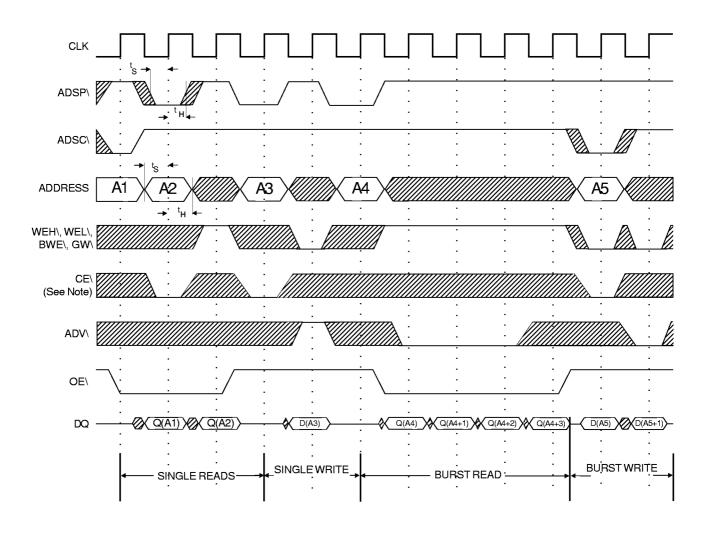
Note: CE\ active in this timing diagram means that all chip enables CE\, CE2, and CE2\^t are active.

WRITE TIMING



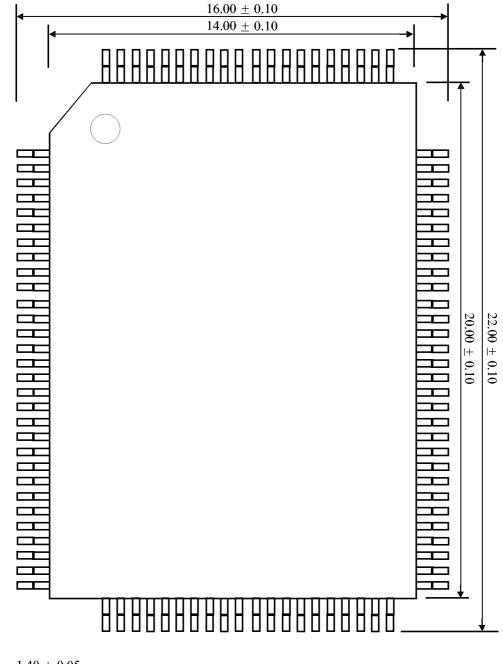
Note: CE\ active in this timing diagram means that all chip enables CE\, CE2, and CE2\ are active.

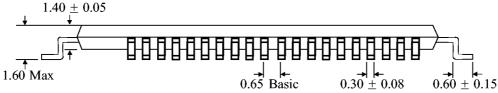
READ/WRITE TIMING



Note: CE\ active in this timing diagram means that all chip enables CE\, CE2, and CE2\ are active.

100 Pin TQFP Package Dimensions





Note: All dimensions in Millimeters.

ELECTRICAL TEST REQUIREMENTS

MIL-STD-883 TEST REQUIREMENTS	SUBGROUPS (per Method 5005, Table I)	
INTERIM ELECTRICAL (PRE-BURN-IN) TEST PARAMETERS (Method 5004)	2, 8 A , 10	
FINAL ELECTRICAL TEST PARAMETERS (Method 5004)	1*, 2, 3, 7*, 8, 9, 10, 11	
GROUP A TEST REQUIREMENTS (Method 5005)	1, 2, 3, 4**, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	
GROUP C AND D END-POINT ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS (Methods 5005)	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	

^{*} PDA applies to subgroups 1 and 7.

^{**} Subgroup 4 shall be measured only for initial qualification and after process or design changes, which may affect input or output capacitance.