



MIC2660

IttyBitty™ Charge Pump

Preliminary Information

General Description

The MIC2660 IttyBitty™ charge pump functions as a low-current, step-up converter where conventional inductor based, dc-to-dc converters are too complex and expensive. This device features a complete, self-contained charge pump in a tiny 5-lead SOT-23-5 package.

The MIC2660 is powered from a 3V to 5V nominal supply and produces nominally 5V to 9V as a function of the input voltage. The output is unregulated and follows a load-line type function.

The MIC2660 can be used with or without external components. When used with two noncritical external capacitors, a 3V input will produce 5V at 3.8mA. With no external components, a 3V input will produce 5V at 2.5mA.

The MIC2660 charge pump consists of an approximately 18MHz oscillator and a voltage tripler.

The MIC2660 is available in the SOT-23-5 package and is rated for -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ ambient temperature range.

Features

- 3V input produces approx. 5V unregulated output* 3.8mA with $1\mu\text{F}$ external output capacitor 2.5mA without external capacitor
- 5V input produces approx. 9V unregulated output* 4.5mA output without external capacitor
- CMOS-logic compatible enable
- ESD protected

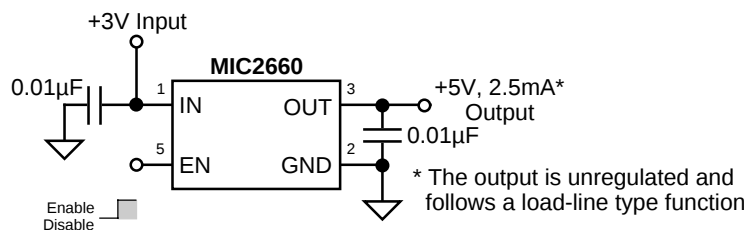
Applications

- Squib firing
- Refresh
- Burst/dump
- Low duty cycle load
- LCD bias generator
- Local 5V logic supply
- MOSFET driver
- Battery or solarcell boost

Ordering Information

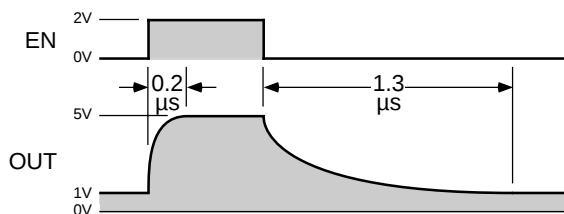
Part Number	Temperature Range	Package
MIC2660BM5	-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	SOT-23-5

Typical Application



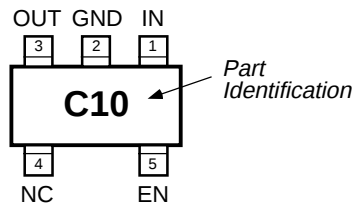
Low-Current Unregulated Step-Up Supply

Timing Diagram



Output vs. Enable Input

Pin Configuration



SOT-23-5 (M5)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	IN	Supply (Input): +3V to +5V supply.
2	GND	Ground: Power return.
3	OUT	Output: Charge pump output. Connect to load.
4	NC	Not internally connected.
5	EN	Enable (Input): CMOS compatible input. EN high ($V_{EN} = V_{IN}$) enables the charge pump. EN low ($V_{IN} = 0V$) disables the charge pump.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Input Voltage (V_{IN}) +5.5V
 Enable Voltage (V_{EN}) $V_{IN} + 1.3V$
 Ambient Temperature Range (T_A) $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$

Lead Temperature, Soldering 10sec. $300^{\circ}C$
 Package Thermal Resistance
 SOT-23-5 θ_{JA} $220^{\circ}C/W$
 SOT-23-5 θ_{JC} $130^{\circ}C/W$

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Condition (Note 1)	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage, Enabled	$V_{IN} = 3V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, C_{OUT} = 1000pF, R_L = 2k\Omega$	4.5	5		V
	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, C_{OUT} = 1000pF, R_L = 2k\Omega$	8.1	9		V
Output Voltage, Disabled	$V_{IN} = 3V, V_{EN} = GND, C_{OUT} = 1000pF, R_L = 2k\Omega$	.9	1.0	1.3	V
	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{EN} = GND, C_{OUT} = 1000pF, R_L = 2k\Omega$	2.9	3.0	3.3	V
Input Current	$V_{IN} = 3V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, R_L = 2k\Omega$		14.5	19.5	mA
	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, R_L = 2k\Omega$		28.5	38.5	mA
Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} = 3V, V_{EN} < 0.4V$	1.5		3	μA
	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{EN} < 0.4V$	3.5		5	μA
Output Current	$V_{IN} = 3V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = V_{OUT\ min}$	1.9	2.5		mA
	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}, V_{OUT} = V_{OUT\ min}$	3.4	4.5		mA
Enable Threshold	$V_{IN} = 3V$		1.5		V
	$V_{IN} = 5V$		2.5		V
Enable Current	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{EN} = V_{IN}$			10	μA
Turn-On Time	$V_{IN} = 3V$ Load = $2k\Omega, C_{OUT} = 1000pF$, Note 2		200		ns
Turn-Off Time	$V_{IN} = 3V$ Load = $2k\Omega, C_{OUT} = 1000pF$, Note 3		1.3		μs

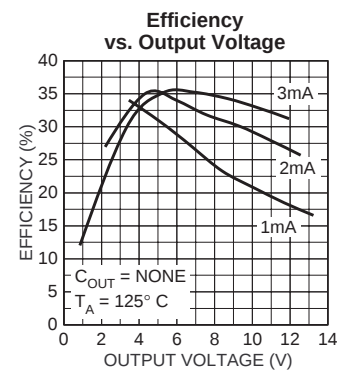
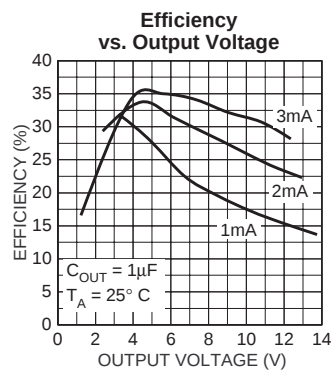
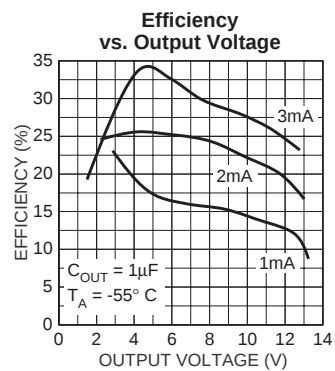
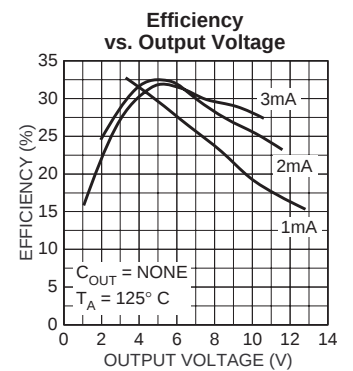
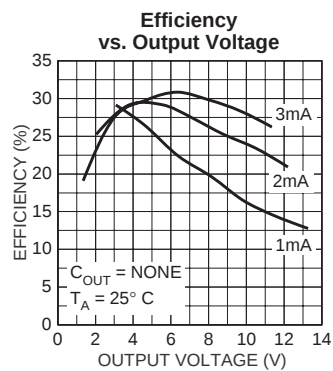
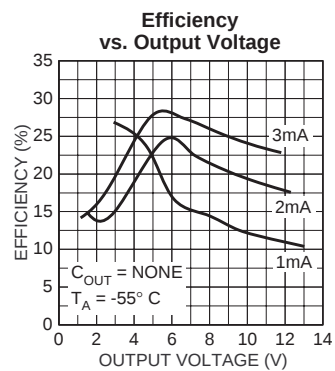
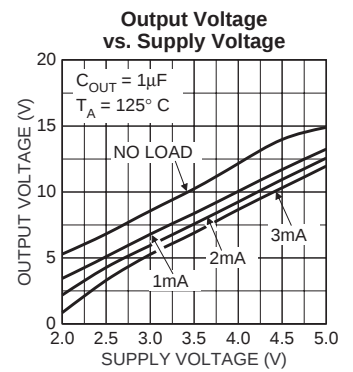
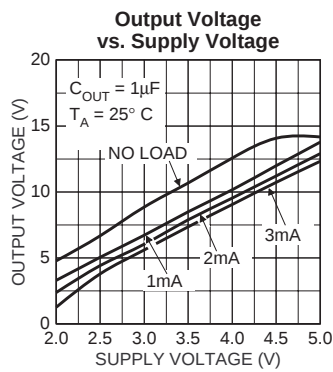
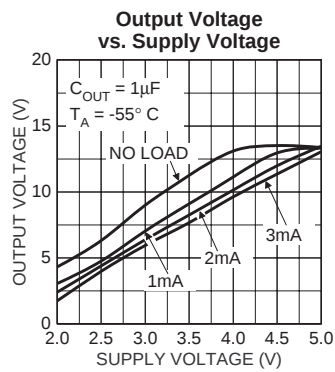
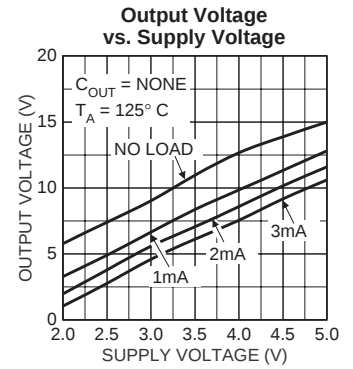
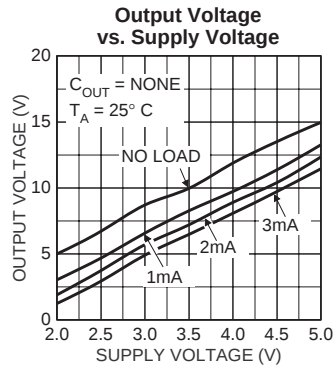
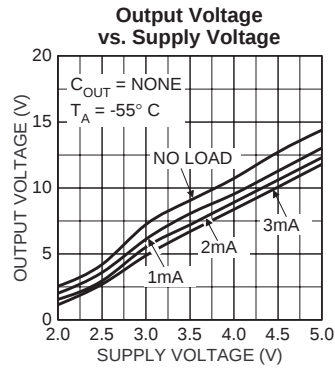
General Note: Devices are ESD protected, however handling precautions are recommended.

Note 1: Typical values at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. Minimum and maximum values at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C$.

Note 2: Turn-on time is the time between $V_{EN} = 0.5 \times V_{IN}$ and $V_{OUT} = 0.9 (V_{OUT\ max} - V_{OUT\ min})$ for a rising EN input.

Note 3: Turn-off time is the time between $V_{EN} = 0.5 \times V_{IN}$ and $V_{OUT} = V_{IN} - 1.9V$ for a falling EN input.

Typical Characteristics



Applications Information

Electromagnetic Interference

The 18MHz oscillator may cause interference to radio circuits. 0.01 μ F bypass capacitors should be mounted close to the IN and OUT terminals.

Low-Side MOSFET Charge-Pump Driver

A standard MOSFET requires approximately 15V to fully enhance the gate for minimum $R_{DS(on)}$. Substituting a logic-level MOSFET reduces the required gate voltage, allowing an MIC2660 to be used as an low-side FET driver.

A 3V powered MIC2660 will fully enhance a **logic-level** N-channel MOSFET low-side switch, with a 5k gate pull-down resistor, in less than 1ms after the enable pin rises above 1.5V. The 1nF MOSFET gate capacitance will be discharged to turn-off in less than 10ms after the enable pin goes below 1.5V.

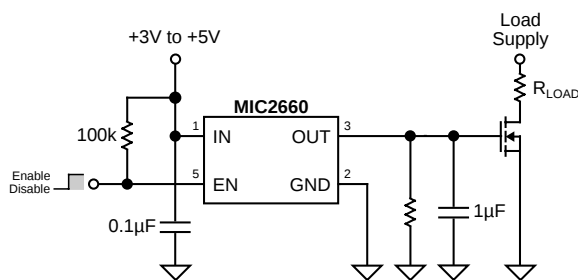


Figure 1. Charge-Pump Driver

An MIC2660 boosts a 5V input to 9V–12V to fully enhance an N-channel MOSFET, which may have its drain connected to a higher voltage, through a high-side load. A TTL high signal applied to CS enables the internal oscillator, which quickly develops 9V–12V at the gate of the MOSFET, clamped by a zener diode. A resistor from the gate to ground ensures that the FET will turn off quickly when the MIC2660 is turned off.

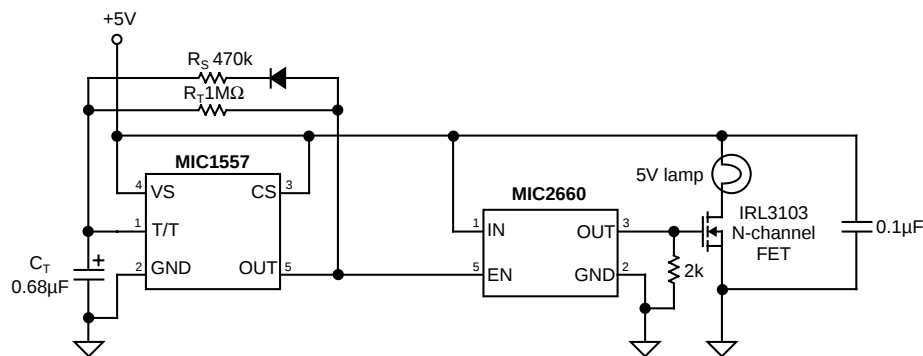


Figure 3. 5-Volt Lamp Flasher

Charge-Pump/Dump

A large capacitor can be charged to the **unloaded** tripled voltage output after a time based on the maximum current provided by the MIC2660. A 1000 μ F Capacitor can be charged from 2V to approximately 12V in less than 3 seconds by a 5V powered MIC2660. ($i = C dv/dt$).

Once charged, a maximum current of 3mA may be drawn continuously at the 12V level. A high value bleeder resistor (100k) is not needed to prevent spikes from exceeding the capacitor voltage rating, since the MIC2660's internal 15V ESD zener limits maximum output. A 68 Ω resistor in series with the output limits short-circuit current to 30mA.

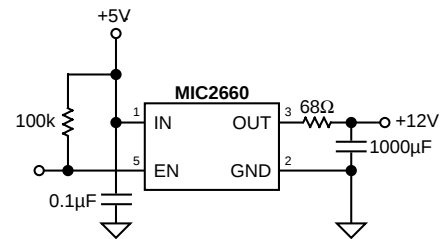


Figure 2. Charge-Pump/Dump

5-Volt Lamp Flasher

An IttyBitty MIC1557 oscillator provides a short pulse once per second, enabling the CS pin of an MIC2660, which charges the gate-to-drain capacitance of a logic-level N-channel MOSFET to approximately 9V, which turns on a lamp. When the CS pin is low, a 2k resistor discharges the gate capacitance, turning off the lamp. A resistor (R_S) in series with a diode determines the "on" time to approximately $R_S || R_T \times C_T$, while R_T and C_T set the "off" time to $1.1R_T \times C_T$.